



COAST MARKET PRICING SYSTEM

Update – 2017

December 15, 2017

Timber Pricing
Branch

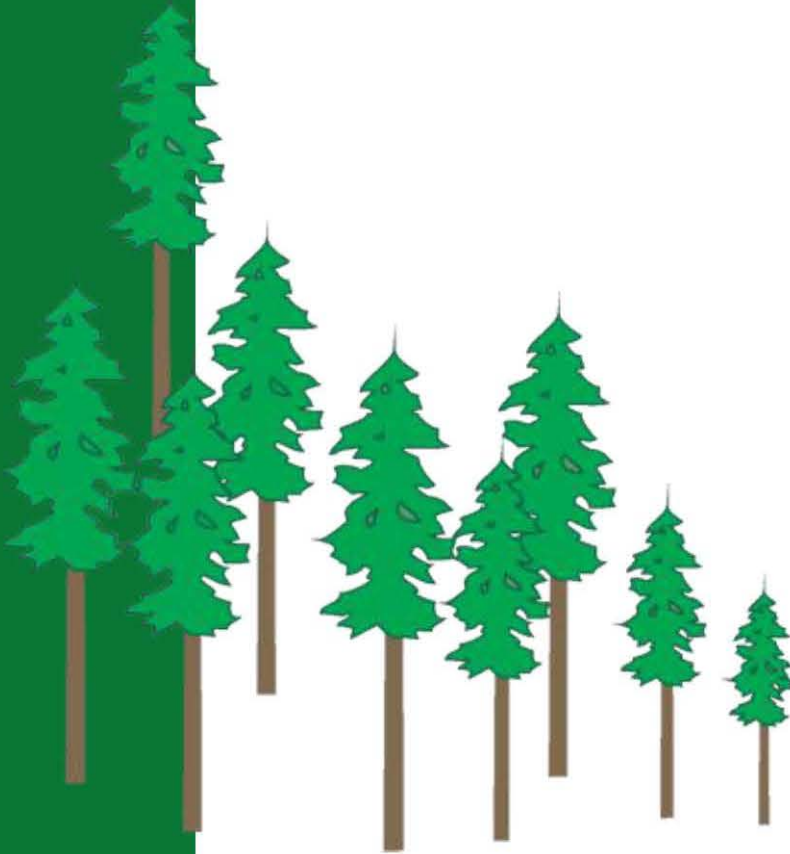


Table of Contents

1. Introduction 1

2. Auction Dataset..... 1

3. Benchmark and 4. Final Equations..... 1

5. Specified Operations 7

6. Tenure Obligation Adjustments 7

7. Summary..... 7

Appendix 1 8

 Final Estimated Winning Bid..... 9

 Final Number of Bidders 10

 Variables and Definitions 10

Appendix 2 14

 Specified Operations 15

Coast Market Pricing System – Update 2017

1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this paper is to provide an overview of the December 15, 2017 update to the Coast Market Pricing System (MPS).¹

2. AUCTION DATASET

The auction dataset used in the update contains winning bids and data from 648 sales over the 11 year period July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2017.

3. BENCHMARK EQUATIONS

With the new auction dataset, the 2016 equations were re-estimated using the new dataset. No other changes were made.

The results are the benchmark equations, on the following pages.

4. FINAL EQUATIONS

There were substantial changes in the 2017 Coast MPS Update. Besides the usual tweaks aimed at improving the accuracy of the model there were changes aimed at increasing the market sensitivity of the model. These included:

- Expanding the dataset to include a longer time span, particularly to include a full market cycle. This gives the market variables more scope to operate without relying on annual dummy variables.
- New lumber variables, allowing the regression to recognize more nuances of market signals, increasing overall market sensitivity.
- An explicit export share variable in place of the confusing and not very effective export adjusted log AMV's.
- An aggregate market demand for coastal logs variable as represented by total coastal harvest on all lands and tenures. Big swings in Coastal harvest are driven primarily by aggregate market demand factors so total coast harvest can represent macro demand conditions.
- Removal of the annual dummy variables which forces the regression to place more importance on the real market variables.

The overall impact of these changes is a big increase in sensitivity to live market variables as opposed to reliance on annual dummies which operate with long lags. The adjusted r-squared of the final model is only a fraction lower than the benchmark despite the removal of 10 annual dummy variables. This change will allow stumpage to stay much more current to market conditions WITHOUT requiring an MPS update to get new annual dummies in place. This is a big improvement to MPS.

¹ This paper is not intended to provide the basis for calculating stumpage rates nor should it be used as guidance for interpreting the legal policies and procedures for calculating stumpage rates, which are contained in the *Coast Appraisal Manual (CAM)*. The *Coast Appraisal Manual* contains the policies and procedures referred to in Section 105 of the *Forest Act*.

Coast Market Pricing System – Update 2017

EQUATIONS:

Winning Bid – 2016 and Benchmark

| | Final 2016 Equation | | 11 Year benchmark | |
|--|---------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Dependent Variable | Real Winning Bid | | Real Winning Bid | |
| Explanatory Variable | Coefficient | t-Statistic | Coefficient | t-Statistic |
| Constant | -22.12 | -4.51 | -24.78 | -7.57 |
| 3-Mo. Ave. Export Adjusted Log Selling Price | 0.624 | 8.43 | 0.7259 | 18.22 |
| Cedar and Cypress | 11.13 | 3.17 | 13.01 | 4.79 |
| Gambier Dist 400 | -6.16 | -3.16 | -5.980 | --4.15 |
| Cruise Grades | 4.45 | 2.79 | 4.935 | 4.46 |
| Conventional Slope | -0.250 | -6.55 | -0.2143 | -7.77 |
| Helicopter Logging | -28.90 | -10.59 | -31.50 | -17.01 |
| Volume per Hectare/1000 | 12.87 | 4.84 | 12.28 | 6.40 |
| Number of Bidders | 1.98 | 9.25 | 2.145 | 14.41 |
| Location | -0.0557 | -4.91 | -0.05578 | -6.40 |
| Second Growth Fir | 11.79 | 5.29 | 9.419 | 5.60 |
| Isolated | -5.60 | -4.58 | -4.847 | -5.36 |
| Lumpsum | -4.28 | -3.44 | -3.692 | -3.59 |
| Year Ended June 2008 | n/a | n/a | -4.408 | -2.797 |
| Year Ended June 2009 | n/a | n/a | -8.861 | -5.524 |
| Year Ended June 2010 | n/a | n/a | -7.657 | -4.825 |
| Year Ended June 2011 | n/a | n/a | -5.204 | -3.211 |
| Year Ended June 2012 | 0.40 | 0.29 | -4.587 | -3.02 |
| Year Ended June 2013 | 2.49 | 1.84 | -2.638 | -1.77 |
| Year Ended June 2014 | 5.24 | 3.13 | -0.965 | -0.619 |
| Year Ended June 2015 | 0.97 | 0.59 | -4.956 | -3.171 |
| Year Ended June 2016 | n/a | n/a | 5.034 | 3.286 |
| Year Ended June 2017 | n/a | n/a | 4.238 | 2.652 |
| Number of Observations | 298 | | 648 | |
| Adjusted R² | 0.735 | | 0.786 | |

Coast Market Pricing System – Update 2017

Number of Bidders – 2016 and Benchmark

| | Final 2016 Equation | | 11 Year benchmark | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Dependent Variable | Real Winning Bid | | Real Winning Bid | |
| Explanatory Variable | Coefficient | t-Statistic | Coefficient | t-Statistic |
| Constant | -1.86 | -2.75 | -2.350 | -4.46 |
| LN (Volume/1000) | 0.495 | 3.03 | 0.09147 | 16.54 |
| Predicted Bid | 0.128 | 12.15 | 0.5843 | 7.09 |
| District Average Number of Bidders | 0.314 | 2.77 | 0.3222 | 2.73 |
| Year Ended June 2008 | n/a | n/a | 0.1777 | 0.93 |
| Year Ended June 2009 | n/a | n/a | -0.9458 | -2.77 |
| Year Ended June 2010 | n/a | n/a | 0.7009 | 1.96 |
| Year Ended June 2011 | n/a | n/a | 1.612 | 4.86 |
| Year Ended June 2012 | -0.20 | -0.68 | 0.8940 | 2.57 |
| Year Ended June 2013 | -0.73 | -2.41 | 0.6177 | 1.86 |
| Year Ended June 2014 | -1.85 | -5.42 | 0.2587 | 0.81 |
| Year Ended June 2015 | -0.57 | -1.82 | -0.5957 | -1.73 |
| Year Ended June 2016 | n/a | n/a | 0.4449 | 1.29 |
| Year Ended June 2017 | n/a | n/a | -0.5434 | -1.62 |
| Number of Observations | 298 | | 648 | |
| Adjusted R² | 0.474 | | 0.433 | |

Note: LN means natural logarithm

Coast Market Pricing System – Update 2017

Winning Bid – Benchmark and 2017 Final

| Explanatory Variable | 11 Year benchmark | | 2017 Final | |
|--|-------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Coefficient | t-Statistic | Coefficient | t-Statistic |
| Constant | -24.78 | -7.57 | -56.03 | -12.14 |
| 3-Mo. Ave. Export Adjusted Log Selling Price | 0.7259 | 18.22 | n/a | n/a |
| 3-Mo. Ave. Domestic Log Selling Price | n/a | n/a | 0.6208 | 11.79 |
| Cedar Lumber | n/a | n/a | 0.04081 | 7.642 |
| Fir Lumber | n/a | n/a | 0.02708 | 3.246 |
| Hemlock Lumber | n/a | n/a | 0.01403 | 1.942 |
| Cedar and Cypress | 13.01 | 4.79 | n/a | n/a |
| Cypress | n/a | n/a | 36.27 | 4.404 |
| Gambier Dist 400 | -5.980 | -4.15 | -7.239 | -3.681 |
| Cruise Grades | 4.935 | 4.46 | 6.444 | 4.382 |
| Conventional Slope | -0.2143 | -7.77 | -0.2664 | -7.003 |
| Helicopter Logging | -31.50 | -17.01 | n/a | n/a |
| Heli Land Drop | n/a | n/a | -43.11 | -14.51 |
| Heli Water Drop | n/a | n/a | -34.50 | -8.177 |
| Volume per Hectare/1000 | 12.28 | 6.40 | 20.63 | 7.499 |
| Number of Bidders | 2.145 | 14.41 | 2.812 | 13.95 |
| Location | -0.05578 | -6.40 | -0.07669 | -6.345 |
| Second Growth Fir | 9.419 | 5.60 | 7.579 | 2.288 |
| Isolated | -4.847 | -5.36 | -7.744 | -6.247 |
| Lumpsum | -3.692 | -3.59 | -5.623 | -4.165 |
| Export Share * Non-Cedar-Cypress | n/a | n/a | 31.31 | 4.966 |
| Total Coast Harvest | n/a | n/a | 0.8928 | 3.000 |
| Year Ended June 2008 | -4.408 | -2.797 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2009 | -8.861 | -5.524 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2010 | -7.657 | -4.825 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2011 | -5.204 | -3.211 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2012 | -4.587 | -3.02 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2013 | -2.638 | -1.77 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2014 | -0.965 | -0.619 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2015 | -4.956 | -3.171 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2016 | 5.034 | 3.286 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2017 | 4.238 | 2.652 | n/a | n/a |
| Number of Observations | 648 | | 648 | |
| Adjusted R² | 0.786 | | 0.785 | |

Coast Market Pricing System – Update 2017

Number of Bidders – Benchmark and 2017 Final

| Explanatory Variable | 11 Year benchmark | | 2017 Final | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Coefficient | t-Statistic | Coefficient | t-Statistic |
| Constant | -2.350 | -4.46 | -1.901 | -3.861 |
| LN (Volume/1000) | 0.09147 | 16.54 | 0.2561 | 2.111 |
| Predicted Bid | 0.5843 | 7.09 | 0.554 | 14.83 |
| District Average Number of Bidders | 0.3222 | 2.73 | 0.7059 | 0.08456 |
| Year Ended June 2008 | 0.1777 | 0.93 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2009 | -0.9458 | -2.77 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2010 | 0.7009 | 1.96 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2011 | 1.612 | 4.86 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2012 | 0.8940 | 2.57 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2013 | 0.6177 | 1.86 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2014 | 0.2587 | 0.81 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2015 | -0.5957 | -1.73 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2016 | 0.4449 | 1.29 | n/a | n/a |
| Year Ended June 2017 | -0.5434 | -1.62 | n/a | n/a |
| Number of Observations | 648 | | 648 | |
| Adjusted R² | 0.433 | | 0.370 | |

Note: LN means natural logarithm

Coast Market Pricing System – Update 2017

4. SPECIFIED OPERATIONS

The auction dataset used to develop MPS is comprised of 648 auctions. There are some harvesting situations that are not represented in the auction dataset (for example, helicopter single standing stem selection) and therefore, a specified operation cost estimate is used in the calculation of stumpage rates. See Appendix 2 for definitions of each specified operation.

The specified operations are shown below.

| Specified Operations | March 2016 Update | December 2017 Update |
|--|---|---|
| Skyline Logging | Appraised as heli | Appraised as heli |
| Inland Water Log Transportation | \$5.62/m ³ | \$6.75/m ³ |
| Tree Crown Modification | \$35.39/tree (old growth) | \$35.05/tree (old growth) |
| | \$16.86/tree (2nd growth) | \$15.17/tree (2nd growth) |
| Clayoquot Sound Operating Costs | \$6.95/m ³ | \$7.13/m ³ |
| Helicopter Single Standing Stem Selection | \$37.78/m ³ | \$37.78/m ³ |
| De-stumping for Root Disease Control | \$1,114/ha | \$1,114/ha |
| Ecosystem Based Management | \$3.72/m ³ | \$4.13/m ³ |
| Haul Distance Above 100km | \$0.135/m ³ per km beyond 100km | \$0.135/m ³ per km beyond 100km |
| High Development Cost (only applies to BCTS upset rates) | See Section 4.4.9 of the Coast Appraisal Manual | See Section 4.4.9 of the Coast Appraisal Manual |

Coast Market Pricing System – Update 2017

5. TENURE OBLIGATION ADJUSTMENTS

As outlined in the Coast Tenure Obligations Adjustment paper (dated July 1, 2012), the adjustments are based on cost surveys.

The tenure obligation adjustments are shown below.

| Tenure Obligations | March 2016 Update | December 2017 Update |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Forest Planning & Administration Cost | \$10.54/m ³ | \$13.29/m ³ |
| Low Volume Cost | \$7.51/m ³ | \$7.51/m ³ |
| Road Development Cost | See Section 5.3 of CAM | See Section 5.3 of CAM |
| Road Management Cost | \$1.36/m ³ | \$1.90/m ³ |
| Road Use Charges | Approved actuals | Approved actuals |
| Basic Silviculture Cost | \$2.83-\$6.83 /m ³ | \$3.01-\$10.64 /m ³ |
| BCTS Infrastructure | \$0.13/m ³ | \$0.18/m ³ |
| Low Grade Adjustment | See Section 5.7 of CAM | See Section 5.7 of CAM |
| Return to Forest Management | 1/ (1-% low grade) | 1/ (1-% low grade) |

6. SUMMARY

The new final equation, specified operations and tenure obligation adjustments will be used to calculate stumpage rates on the Coast, starting December 15, 2017.

APPENDIX 1

Coast Market Pricing System – Update 2017

FINAL ESTIMATED WINNING BID

Dependent Variable: WB*148/CPI

Method: Least Squares

Date: 10/19/17 Time: 11:56

Sample: 1 914 IF IN_11_YEAR=1

Included observations: 648

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--|-------------|--------------------|-------------|--------|
| C | -56.02804 | 4.615821 | -12.13826 | 0.0000 |
| NB | 2.812062 | 0.201547 | 13.95238 | 0.0000 |
| ALP_DOM*148/CPI | 0.620820 | 0.052658 | 11.78967 | 0.0000 |
| CEDAR_LUMBER_AMV*CEDAR*148/CPI | 0.040808 | 0.005340 | 7.642234 | 0.0000 |
| FIR_LUMBER_AMV*FIR*148/CPI | 0.027080 | 0.008343 | 3.245966 | 0.0012 |
| HEMLOCK_LUMBER_AMV*HEMLOCK*148/ CPI | 0.014032 | 0.007226 | 1.941881 | 0.0526 |
| CYPRESS | 36.26700 | 8.234571 | 4.404237 | 0.0000 |
| SLOPE*(1-HELI) | -0.266355 | 0.038034 | -7.003142 | 0.0000 |
| HELI_LAND | -43.11316 | 2.971447 | -14.50915 | 0.0000 |
| HELI_WATER | -34.50390 | 4.219481 | -8.177287 | 0.0000 |
| VPH/1000 | 20.62512 | 2.750299 | 7.499228 | 0.0000 |
| LOCATION | -0.076688 | 0.012086 | -6.344979 | 0.0000 |
| (FIR)*SG | 7.578621 | 3.311934 | 2.288277 | 0.0225 |
| GAMB400_DUM | -7.239376 | 1.966462 | -3.681423 | 0.0003 |
| CRUISE_GRADES | 6.444171 | 1.470747 | 4.381563 | 0.0000 |
| ISOLATED | -7.744018 | 1.239696 | -6.246706 | 0.0000 |
| LUMPSUM | -5.622915 | 1.350102 | -4.164807 | 0.0000 |
| EXP_EXP_SHARE_12MR*(1-CEDAR- CYPRESS) | 31.30552 | 6.304359 | 4.965695 | 0.0000 |
| TOT_COAST_HARV_12MR | 0.592793 | 0.197624 | 2.999592 | 0.0028 |
| R-squared | 0.790966 | Mean dependent var | 40.33850 | |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.784984 | S.D. dependent var | 23.51814 | |

Coast Market Pricing System – Update 2017

FINAL NUMBER OF BIDDERS

Dependent Variable: NB
Method: Least Squares
Date: 10/19/17 Time: 11:58
Sample: 1 914 IF IN_11_YEAR=1
Included observations: 648

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|----------|
| C | -1.901167 | 0.492362 | -3.861320 | 0.0001 |
| WBF*148/CPI | 0.055409 | 0.003736 | 14.83245 | 0.0000 |
| DANB_648_11YR | 0.705928 | 0.084562 | 8.348077 | 0.0000 |
| LOG(VOL/1000) | 0.256098 | 0.121317 | 2.110991 | 0.0352 |
| LUMPSUM | 0.325194 | 0.191560 | 1.697611 | 0.0901 |
| R-squared | 0.373821 | Mean dependent var | | 4.262346 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.369925 | S.D. dependent var | | 2.363230 |

Coast Market Pricing System – Update 2017

VARIABLES AND DEFINITIONS

| | |
|--|---|
| PREDICTED BID | Used in the Number of Bidders equation: The estimated winning bid for the cutting authority from the corresponding winning bid equation, expressed in $\$/m^3$. |
| 3 MONTH AVERAGE LOG SELLING PRICE | Average coniferous log selling price estimate expressed in $\$/m^3$. This is based upon a consideration of log grades and species for the cutting authority area, and schedules of log market values collected and published by the Timber Pricing Branch. |
| 3 MONTH AVERAGE EXPORT ADJUSTED LOG SELLING PRICE | As above but the regular, domestic log prices have been adjusted to represent an average including export values. |
| CEDAR LUMBER | A composite of cedar lumber prices times the fraction of cedar (C\$/mfbm, net of duties). |
| FIR LUMBER | A composite of fir lumber prices times the fraction of fir. |
| HEMLOCK LUMBER | A composite of hemlock lumber prices times the fraction of hemlock (C\$/mfbm, net of duties). |
| CEDAR AND CYPRESS | The fraction of the coniferous cruise volume that is cedar and cypress (C\$/mfbm, net of duties). |
| CYPRESS | The fraction of the coniferous cruise volume that is cypress. |
| SECOND GROWTH FIR | The fraction of the coniferous cruise volume that is Douglas fir, if the appraisal is classified as second growth. Zero if the appraisal is classified as old growth. |
| VOLUME PER HECTARE | Cruised volume of coniferous timber per hectare. Expressed in m^3/ha and is rounded to 2 decimal places. |
| PIECE SIZE | The net coniferous cruised volume per 10 m log expressed in m^3 . PIECESIZE is expressed in m^3 and is rounded to 2 decimal places. |
| HELICOPTER LOGGING | The fraction of the total net cruise volume, including deciduous volume, of timber in a cutting authority area that must be helicopter yarded or yarded by skyline where logs are fully suspended more than 600 m in a straight line to the centre of the closest possible landing. This is calculated by dividing the total volume of timber that must be helicopter yarded or skyline yarded over 600 m by the total net cruise |

Coast Market Pricing System – Update 2017

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| | volume of the cutting authority area. HELI is in decimal form, rounded to 2 decimal places. |
| CRUISE GRADES | If cruise is used as a source for log grades for the appraisal for greater than 50 percent of the total net cruise volume, then CRUISE GRADES = 1, otherwise CRUISE GRADES = 0 |
| DISTANCE TO GAMBIER | POA distance is the average straight line distance, weighted by net cruise volume, between the geographic centre of each cutblock in the cutting authority area and Gambier Island. |
| GAMBDIST400 | Where DISTANCE TO GAMBIER is greater than or equal to 400, GAMBDIST400 = 1, otherwise GAMBDIST400 = 0. |
| DISTRICT AVERAGE NUMBER OF BIDDERS | The average number of bidders for the forest district the cutting authority area is located within is listed in Table 4-2 of the CAM. |
| VOLUME | That part of the total net cruise volume in the cutting authority area that is coniferous timber except that where the cutting authority is a timber licence or is issued under a licence with an AAC greater than 10 000 m ³ , then VOL = 29,900. VOL is expressed in m ³ , rounded to the nearest whole number. |
| CPIF | The BC Consumer Price Index approved by the director for use on the effective date of the appraisal, reappraisal or quarterly adjustment, divided by the base CPI of 109.3. |
| LOCATION | The net cruise volume weighted average straight line distance measured in kilometres between the geographic centre of each part of a cutting authority area and the nearest support centre that is closest to that part of the cutting authority area. |
| ISOLATED | Isolated =1, if all parts of the cutting authority area are accessible by air or water only and is not serviced by public ferry service. |
| LUMPSUM | If the cutting authority is a cruise based competitive timber sale with a stand as a whole rate then LUMPSUM = 1, otherwise LUMPSUM = 0. |

Coast Market Pricing System – Update 2017

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Export Share * Non-Cedar-Cypress | Export Share of non- cedar-cypress harvest (as published in monthly appraisal parameters) time the share of non-cedar-cypress. |
| Total Coast Harvest | Total Coast harvest (all lands and tenure types) in a recent 12 month period (million m3, as published in monthly appraisal parameters) |
| Year Ended June 2007 | If the timber sale was sold in the 12 months ended June 30, 2007 then 1, otherwise zero. |
| Year Ended June 2008 | etc. |

APPENDIX 2

Coast Market Pricing System – Update 2017

SPECIFIED OPERATIONS

If sufficient auction data is not available, the ministry will, for those identified situations, implement specified operations.

The specified operations will be used to adjust the MPS stumpage rate for the estimated incremental cost of the identified situation. The explicit assumption is that if a bidder was faced with a similar situation he or she would lower the bid by the extra cost incurred because of the identified situation.

The situations that may be eligible for specified operations adjustment will be determined according to the following principles:

- The expectation that a bid would be influenced by this situation;
- representation (number of samples, if any, in the auction data set);
- materiality of estimated cost differential (supported by verifiable financial data); and,
- statistical analysis (including the premise that other represented situations and variables in the MPS database and equations may serve as a proxy for the situation in question).

The ministry, after considering the above and any other relevant technical information, may or may not designate the situation as an identified situation eligible for a specified operation and, if eligible, specify the dollars per cubic metre adjustment.

The ultimate objective is to have a representative auction database and hence, few, if any, specified operations adjustments.

The following are identified as specified operations for the Coast MPS.

Cost estimates from the current *Coast Appraisal Manual* are used for a – f below.

a) Skyline Logging

For those areas within a cutblock that:

- are 600 metres or greater measured in a straight line horizontal distance from the centre of the closest possible landing or place where a landing may be located, and
- are yarded by skyline.

b) Inland Water Transportation

- Where logs must be towed on Great Central, Owikeno or Powell Lake or other authorized inland water location.

Coast Market Pricing System – Update 2017

c) Clayoquot Sound

- Recognizes the higher level of planning and engineering required by the scientific panel recommendations accepted by the government of British Columbia
- Applies to Hesquiat Peninsula, Esowista Peninsula and the islands, sea and all waters draining into the Pacific Ocean from the height of land between Escalante Point and Quisitis Point.

d) Helicopter Single Standing Stem Selection

- Where single standing trees are marked, limbed, undercut, wedged and then broken from the stump and removed using a helicopter.
- Applies where this method is the only harvest method permitted on an area due to terrain and environmental constraints.

e) Destumping For Root Disease Control

- Where tree stumps must be lifted from the ground for that part of the area where destumping for root disease control is required.

f) Tree Crown Modification

- To protect the standing trees adjacent a harvested area by trimming tree crowns to reduce sail area and decrease the potential for windthrow damage.

g) Ecosystem Based Management

- Applies where Section 93.4 of the *Land Act* requires a higher level of land use planning and/or different harvesting methods as described in the *Coast Appraisal Manual*.

h) Haul Distance Above 100km

- A specified operation cost estimate for permits with haul distances greater than 100km from the cutting authority area to the final log dump.

i) BCTS High Development Cost

- Allows an upset rate reduction for BCTS auction sales with development costs exceeding \$11.88/m³.