

## Forest Management Land Base Definition

### **Forest management Land Base Indicator:**

Forest Management Land Base Indicator (FMLB) is an attribute field to indicate whether the polygon is forested or has been forested and is capable of producing a stand of trees. This allows the user to filter out polygons that are traditionally considered non-productive such as lakes, rock and alpine. Polygons that have harvest history are included in the FMLB as well as any polygon with a site index greater than or equal to 5

### **Logic for derivation of Forest Management Land Base:**

The polygon is considered FMLB = Y where:

the polygon has history indicating it has been harvested and has a site index value greater than or equal to 5

OR

Where the polygon has an inventory standard indication FIP based inventory and is NOT non-productive and has a site index value greater than or equal to 5

OR

is inventory Standard “V” or “T” and is not classified in the BC Land Classification Scheme Level 1 Unknown (U)

AND

is not classified in the BC Land Classification Scheme Level 3 Alpine (A) And has a site index value greater than or equal to 5

You can find more information at the following link:

Also, the more recent document (linked) includes a definition of FMLB

[http://www.for.gov.bc.ca/hts/vridata/standards/issues/MPB\\_impact\\_projection\\_2009\(backgrounder\).pdf](http://www.for.gov.bc.ca/hts/vridata/standards/issues/MPB_impact_projection_2009(backgrounder).pdf)