



Ministry of
Energy and Mines

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Renewable and Low Carbon Fuel Requirements Regulation

Clarification for “manufacture”

Information Bulletin RLCF-009

The *Greenhouse Gas Reduction (Renewable and Low Carbon Fuel Requirements) Act* and Renewable and Low Carbon Fuel Requirements Regulation (Regulation) define a fuel supplier as someone who either manufactures or imports fuel and then sells or uses it in British Columbia.

For some emerging transportation fuels there has been confusion regarding the ownership of credits from the supply of these low carbon fuels due to a lack of clarity as to what constitutes manufacturing. This note clarifies that the person considered by the Ministry of Energy and Mines to manufacture each of these fuels is as follows:

Electricity – The manufacturer is the person who sells the electricity for transportation use.

Natural Gas – In the case of Compressed Natural Gas, the manufacturer is the person who owns the natural gas when it is compressed for use in transportation. In the case of Liquefied Natural Gas, the manufacturer is the person who owns the natural gas when it is liquefied.

Propane – The manufacturer is the person who owns the propane when it is sold for transportation use.

Hydrogen – The manufacturer is the person who owns the hydrogen when it is purified, and compressed or liquefied to become suitable for use in transportation.

Need more information?

Please see the Renewable and Low Carbon Fuel website at <http://www.empr.gov.bc.ca/RET/RLCFRR/Pages/default.aspx> or email us at lcfr@gov.bc.ca

This information is for your convenience and guidance only, and does not replace or constitute a legal interpretation of the legislation. The *Greenhouse Gas Reduction (Renewable and Low Carbon Fuel Requirements) Act* and the Renewable and Low Carbon Fuel Requirements Regulation can be found on the internet at: <http://www.bclaws.ca>.