









Acknowledgments

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The objective of the B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study, Version 2, is to provide an informational benchmark from which B.C.'s agriculture sector can make informed decisions pertaining to on-farm biogas plants. Readers should be aware that on-farm biogas plants are highly site-specific. Individual technology suppliers may be different to the cost, specification, design and parameters identified in this study.

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Date & Version

Version 2 of the B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study was published in 2020. Updated versions of this Study will be published as new information pertaining to on-farm biogas plants in B.C. becomes available. If using this Study please be sure you have the most recent, updated version.

Author

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Glossary of Terms

- Agricultural Feedstock: feedstock for a biogas plant produced on-farm (e.g., manure or crop residues).
- Biogas: renewable methane-rich gas produced by biogas plants.
- Biogas Plant: built to produce biogas from feedstocks.
- Biogas Upgrading: removal of carbon dioxide and other contaminants from biogas to produce renewable natural gas.
- Biogas Yield: amount of biogas produced per unit of feedstock.
- CAPEX: Capital expenditures required to build an on-farm biogas plant.
- Co-digestion: mixing of different feedstock inside a digester tank.
- Digestate: material removed from a biogas plant once most useable dry matter has been converted to biogas.
- Digestate Management: increasing concentration of digestate nutrients to enable cheaper transportation.
- Digester Tank: vessel where feedstock is converted to biogas by microorganisms.
- Dry Matter: percentage of feedstock left after all moisture has been removed.
- Economic Feasibility: analysis of a project's costs and revenues to determine whether or not it is financially logical to complete.
- Feasibility Assessment: study that assesses the suitability of a biogas plant for your farm.
- Feedstock: organic material, such as manure and food waste, used in a biogas plant.
- Gigajoule (GJ): measurement of energy approximately equivalent to 277 kilowatt hours of electricity.
- Greenhouse Gas: a gas that contributes to the greenhouse effect by absorbing infrared radiation (e.g., carbon dioxide).
- Internal Rate of Return: measure of an investment's rate of return.
- Mixed Food Waste: non-agricultural feedstock.
- Non-Agricultural Feedstock: feedstock for a biogas plant produced off-farm (e.g., food processing and residential waste).
- Nutrient Recovery: extraction of nutrients from digestate into a more concentrated form.
- OPEX: Operating expenditures required to run an on-farm biogas plant.
- Pasteurization: heating of feedstock to kill bacteria.
- Renewable Natural Gas (RNG): renewable replacement for natural gas made from biogas.
- Sensitivity Analysis: assessment of how changes to costs and/or revenues impact economic feasibility.
- Tip Fee: price you are paid to accept, or have to pay to acquire, feedstock.
- Unlevered Internal Rate of Return: money the farm has before paying its financial obligations.

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Executive Summary

The basic concept of an on-farm biogas plant is simple; place organic material into a warmed, airtight tank and let naturally occurring microorganisms convert this material into biogas and digestate. Biogas can be upgraded to renewable natural gas and sold to a local gas utility. Digestate, which contains all of the nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium of the input organic material, can be land applied as fertilizer.

On-farm biogas plants come in a variety of shapes and sizes, from small and technologically simple, to large and technologically complex. Variability is because the availability of organic material and the type of biogas plant equipment required can vary greatly between farms. The B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study (Version 2) was created to provide B.C. farmers and government with economic feasibility estimations for building on-farm biogas plants across as wide a range of B.C. farms as possible.

In total, fourteen farms are assessed in the B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study (Version 2). These farms range from small to large dairy (100 - 2,500 cows), cattle (1,000 - 2,500 cattle) and poultry (2.5 - 5 million chickens) farms. Each of these farm are assessed assuming different amounts/type of available organic material (i.e., manure and mixed food waste), and with and without three key pieces of equipment; mixed food waste cleaning, renewable natural gas compression, and nutrient recovery equipment.

Farm Scenario #1 - 6 assess the required renewable natural gas sale price for different sized dairy farms co-digesting 51% dairy manure and 49% mixed food waste. Results for Farm Scenario #1 - 6 show that farms with \ge 150 dairy cows can be economically feasible in B.C. if they build a biogas plant without mixed food waste cleaning, renewable natural gas compression or nutrient recovery equipment.

If mixed food waste cleaning equipment is required, farms need ≥200 dairy cows to be economically feasible in B.C. If renewable natural gas compression or nutrient recovery equipment is required, or if mixed food waste + renewable natural gas compression, or mixed food waste cleaning + nutrient recovery equipment are required, farms need ≥300 dairy cows to be economically feasible in B.C. If renewable natural gas compression + nutrient recovery, or mixed food waste, renewable natural gas compression + nutrient recovery equipment are required, farms need ≥400 dairy cows to be economically feasible in B.C.

Farm Scenario #7 and 8 assess the required renewable natural gas sale price for different sized cattle feedlots co-digesting 51% cattle manure and 49% mixed food waste. Results for Farm Scenario #7 and 8 show that farms with \geq 1,000 cattle can be economically feasible in B.C. if they build a biogas plant without food waste cleaning, renewable natural gas compression or nutrient recovery equipment. If mixed food waste cleaning, renewable natural gas compression or nutrient recovery equipment are required, farms need \geq 2,500 cattle to be economically feasible in B.C.

Farm Scenario #9 - 13 assess the required renewable natural gas sale price for different sized dairy farms co-digesting 80% dairy manure and 20% poultry manure, or digesting 100% dairy manure. Results for Farm Scenario #9 - 13 show that farms with $\ge 2,000$ dairy cows co-digesting dairy and

poultry manure, or farms with ≥2,500 dairy cows digesting dairy manure can be economically feasible in B.C. if they build a biogas plant without mixed food waste cleaning, renewable natural gas compression or nutrient recovery equipment.

If renewable natural gas compression equipment is required, farms co-digesting dairy and poultry manure need \geq 2,000 dairy cows to be economically feasible in B.C. (farms with \leq 2,500 dairy cows digesting dairy manure cannot be economically feasible). If nutrient recovery equipment, or renewable natural gas compression + nutrient recovery equipment are required, farms with \leq 2,000 dairy cows co-digesting dairy and poultry manure or farms with \leq 2,500 dairy cows digesting dairy manure cannot be economically feasible in B.C.

Farm Scenario #14 – 18 assess the required renewable natural gas sale price for different sized dairy farms co-digesting 80% dairy manure and 20% poultry manure using modular, low-cost biogas plant technology. Results for Farm Scenario #14 – 18 show that farms with \geq 750 dairy cows can be economically feasible in B.C. if they build a biogas plant without nutrient recovery equipment. If nutrient recovery equipment is required, farms with \leq 750 dairy cows cannot be economically feasible in B.C.

Farm Scenario #19 and 20 assess the economic feasibility of chicken farms digesting 100% poultry manure. Unlike Farm Scenario #1 - 18, which assess required renewable natural gas sale price, Farm Scenario #19 and 20 assess the maximum affordable cost of digestate stripping equipment (this equipment is needed to remove nutrients from digestate prior to it being recirculated to dilute incoming poultry manure). This was done because the number of poultry manure biogas plants around the world is very small and the cost/performance of digestate stripping equipment for poultry manure biogas plants is relatively unknown. As such, it wasn't possible to estimate digestate stripping equipment costs for the B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study (Version 2) based on industry-wide experience.

Results from Farm Scenario #19 and 20 show that farms with 2.5 million chickens can spend up to \$1.24 million, and farms with 5 million chickens can spend up to \$4.8 million on digestate stripping equipment and still be economically feasible in B.C. However, as mentioned, the cost/performance of digestate stripping equipment for poultry manure biogas plants is relatively unknown. As such, further research with a key focus on digestate stripping equipment is required to better understand the economic feasibility of poultry manure biogas plants in B.C.



Introduction

1. Introduction

The B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study, Version 2 (herein referred to as the B.C. Benchmark Study), was created to provide B.C. farmers with updated, detailed information about the economic feasibility of building biogas plants on a variety of different farms. B.C. farmers can use information provided in the B.C. Benchmark Study to perform a preliminary feasibility assessments for building a biogas plant on their own farm, without first paying the cost of a feasibility study that may return a foreseeable negative verdict.

For B.C. Government, the B.C. Benchmark Study provides a better understanding of the economic feasibility of on-farm biogas plant technology. Furthermore, it provides important information pertaining to the costs, benefits, and necessary government support required to enable economically feasible biogas plants to be built on a variety of different B.C. farms.

The B.C. Benchmark Study is not intended to provide detailed information about on-farm biogas plant equipment, or the development steps required to take an on-farm biogas plant from idea to operation. For this and other information about on-farm biogas plants, please read the On-Farm Biogas Development Handbook for B.C. Farmers.





How To Use This Study

2. How To Use This Study

For those with limited biogas knowledge, it is suggested to start with Chapters 3 and 4. Chapter 3 provides a brief introduction to on-farm biogas plants, including how they work and the different technologies available. Chapter 4 provides basic information about on-farm biogas plant costs and revenues, and explains how biogas plants on similar size/type of farms can be different.

For those familiar with biogas, it is suggested to start with Chapters 5 and 6. Chapter 5 provides information on the different scenarios (i.e., farm size and type, feedstock availability, equipment choice, etc.) assessed in the B.C. Benchmark Study. Chapter 6 lists all of the assumptions used to assess on-farm biogas plant economic feasibility. Read these chapters to know which scenario is most similar to the farm or type of on-farm biogas plant you are interested in.

Chapter 7 presents the economic feasibility for building on-farm biogas plants for each scenario, while Chapter 8 summarises the economic feasibility of building on-farm biogas plants across all scenarios. Finally, Chapter 9 provides information on the greenhouse gas emission reductions that would result from building on-farm biogas plants.

It should be noted that while biogas can produce renewable heat, renewable electricity or Renewable Natural Gas (RNG), the B.C. Benchmark Study focuses solely on RNG. This is because RNG can be sold to B.C. utilities throughout B.C. Converting biogas into renewable heat is rarely profitable unless there is a large, year-round demand for the heat nearby. Converting biogas into renewable electricity is economically challenging because as of 2019, B.C. Hydro isn't purchasing renewable electricity. This looks unlikely to change soon.





Introduction To Biogas

3. Introduction To Biogas

The basic concept of an on-farm biogas plant is simple; place organic material into a warmed, airtight tank and let naturally occurring microorganisms convert this material (called 'feedstock') into biogas. Biogas contains methane (typically 60% - 65%), carbon dioxide (typically 30% - 40%), small amounts of water, hydrogen sulphide and other trace gases. Biogas is upgraded to Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) by removing carbon dioxide and water. RNG is sold to local utilities as a replacement for natural gas.

Digestate is the material removed from the digester tank after microorganisms have finished converting most of the feedstock into biogas. Digestate, which is typically 92% – 96% water, contains almost all of the nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium of the input feedstock. While digestate is a good fertilizer and can be land applied using the same equipment as used for liquid manure, finding farmland near to a biogas plant to spread digestate on can be challenging.

Feedstock suitable for on-farm biogas plants can be agricultural (i.e., those produced on a farm, such as manure, spoiled silage and crop residues) and non-agricultural (i.e., unwanted organic material produced by non-farm sources, including food and beverage processing, grocery stores, restaurants, hotels and homes). Throughout the B.C. Benchmark Study, non-agricultural feedstock is referred to as 'mixed food waste'.

There are two types of biogas plant. These are wet biogas plants and dry biogas plants. A biogas plant is defined as 'wet' when all feedstock mixed together is pumpable and can be stirred inside tanks. Wet biogas plants are sometime referred to as complete mix or continuous stirred biogas plants. A biogas plant is defined as 'dry' when all feedstock mixed together is too dry to pump, and therefore must be shovelled or augured. Throughout the B.C. Benchmark Study, the term 'biogas plant' refers to wet biogas plants unless otherwise stated.

Digester tanks can operate at one of three temperature ranges; psychrophilic (below 25°C), mesophilic ($35 - 40^{\circ}\text{C}$) or thermophilic (above 50°C). As temperature increases, biogas yield per tonne of feedstock typically increases. However, as temperature increases the microorganisms inside digester tanks typically become less stable, requiring greater supervision. Most on-farm biogas plants in Canada and elsewhere are mesophilic ($35 - 40^{\circ}\text{C}$). Throughout the B.C. Benchmark Study, biogas plants are mesophilic unless otherwise stated.

Biogas Plant Costs & Revenues

4. Biogas Plant Costs & Revenues

On-farm biogas plants consist of four key components (Figure 1). These are:

- 1. Feedstock;
- 2. Digester;
- 3. Biogas; and
- 4. Digestate.

On-farm biogas plants come in a variety of shapes and sizes, from small and technologically simple, to large and technologically complex. This variability is because feedstock availability and the type of biogas plant equipment required can vary greatly. For example:

- Feedstock: some biogas plants will require feedstock pre-treatment equipment (i.e., cleaning and pasteurization) and may receive a tip fee, others will not;
- Digester: some biogas plants will produce more biogas than others;
- Biogas: some biogas plants will require Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) compression and transportation equipment, others will not; and
- Digestate: some biogas plants will require nutrient recovery equipment, others will not.

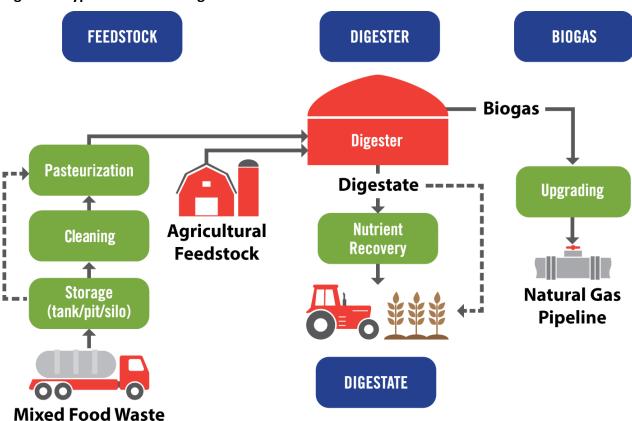


Figure 1: Typical On-Farm Biogas Plant

4.1 Feedstock Cost & Revenue Differences

Most mixed food waste must be heated (pasteurized) to kill bacteria. Pasteurization is typically carried out using insulated tanks that are filled, heated to temperature, and then emptied. For biogas plants that only digest agricultural feedstock (i.e., manure), pasteurization isn't required.

If mixed food waste contains contaminants (e.g., bits of plastic, metal, etc.), feedstock cleaning equipment, such as a de-packer, may be necessary to remove these contaminants. This equipment must be housed inside a building to protect it from the elements. For clean mixed food waste, a simple, low cost macerator or chopper pump to cut/mash the feedstock may be all that is required.

Once received, and if necessary cleaned of contaminants, feedstock is stored before being delivered into digester tanks. Dry agricultural feedstock, such as poultry and cattle manure, is stored in bins, bunkers, etc., and requires dry feeding equipment, such as a hopper with auger or belt feeder, to deliver this feedstock into digester tanks. Wet agricultural feedstock, such as dairy manure and mixed food waste, is stored in tanks. A pump is required to deliver this feedstock into digester tanks.

Some feedstock, typically mixed food waste, comes with a tip fee. This is the price paid for accepting the feedstock. Feedstock that is sought after because of its high biogas yield and low levels of contaminants typically comes with a low or no tip fee. Feedstock with low biogas yield and high levels of contaminants typically comes with a high tip fee.

Feedstock pre-treatment equipment and tip fees can significantly impact the economic feasibility of on-farm biogas plants. For example, an on-farm biogas plant that requires no feedstock pre-treatment equipment and receives a high tip fee for mixed food waste will have lower capital and operating costs and higher revenue than if it requires feedstock pre-treatment equipment and receives a low tip fee (Figure 2).

Figure 2: Feedstock Cost & Revenue Differences

4.2 Digester Revenue Differences

Different feedstocks have different biogas yields (Figure 3). Biogas yield is important as it is the sale of biogas, once upgraded to renewable natural gas, which makes on-farm biogas plants economically feasible. Manure has a relatively low biogas yield, which is why manure only biogas plants must be technologically simple and low cost to be economically feasible. Mixed food waste has a biogas yield several times greater than manure. Therefore, mixed food waste is often sought after as a feedstock for on-farm biogas plants.

Typical Biogas Yield of Various Feedstock Mixed Food Waste Corn Silage **Feedstock Type Grass Silage Poultry Manure Crop Residues** Hog Manure **Dairy Manure** 0 25 50 75 100 125 150 175 200 225 250 M3 Biogas Produced per Tonne of Feedstock

Figure 3: Feedstock Biogas Yield

4.3 Biogas Cost Differences

Once biogas is upgraded to RNG it can be injected into the natural gas grid. However, grid injection is only possible if the biogas plant is located near a gas pipeline. If a biogas plant is located far from a gas pipeline, if there are obstacles between the biogas plant and the gas pipeline that prevents pipeline extension (such as a major road, railway line or body of water), or if the gas pipeline is unable to accept RNG due to pressure constraints, size, etc., the RNG must be compressed. Once compressed, RNG can be transported elsewhere for injection into the natural gas grid, or for sale directly to an end user.

The ability to inject RNG into a gas pipeline can significantly impact the economic feasibility of onfarm biogas plants. For example, an on-farm biogas plant that can inject RNG directly into the local gas pipeline will have lower capital and operating costs than if it must compress and transport the RNG for injection into the gas grid elsewhere.

4.4 Digestate Cost Differences

With a typical dry matter of 4% - 8%, digestate is watery. Ideally, digestate is spread on farmland surrounding the biogas plant (typically within a few kilometers), as this is often the most cost effective way to deal with it. For farms with access to insufficient agricultural land this may not be possible. If digestate cannot be spread on farmland surrounding the biogas plant, nutrient recovery equipment is typically required.

Nutrient recovery equipment extracts some of the nutrients from digestate into a more concentrated form (dry matter typically >20%). The extracted nutrients can be transported off farm and out of the area much more cheaply than digestate, while the remaining, nutrient-depleted liquid digestate can be spread on farmland surrounding the biogas plant.

When choosing nutrient recovery equipment, it is important to determine the level of nutrient extraction required. There is little point extracting more nutrients than necessary, as these nutrients can be spread on farmland surrounding the biogas plant. Furthermore, the cost of nutrient recovery equipment typically increases with extraction performance (Figure 4). For example, nutrient recovery equipment capable of extracting <50% of phosphorus from digestate is typically less expensive than equipment capable of extracting >50%.

Nutrient recovery can significantly impact the economic feasibility of on-farm biogas plants. For example, an on-farm biogas plant that must extract nutrients from digestate for transportation elsewhere will have higher capital and operating costs than an on-farm biogas plant that can apply all digestate on surrounding farmland.

Recovery Cost & Performance

Figure 4: Nutrient Recovery Technology Cost & Performance

\$7.00 100% **Nutrient Extraction Performance** 'Tonne of Digestate 90% \$6.00 80% \$5.00 70% 60% \$4.00 50% \$3.00 40% **\$** \$2.00 30% 20% \$1.00 10% \$0.00 0% 2 7 1 3 5 6 8 9 12 4 10 11 **Nutrient Recovery Technologies** Cost

Note: Nutrient recovery technology #1 - #3 = centrifuges, #4 - #6 = membrane filtration, #7 = dryer, #8 - #10 = flocculation, and #11 and #12 = struvite crystallization. For more info about digestate nutrient recovery technology, see the B.C. Ministry of Agriculture's 2016 Evaluation of Nutrient Recovery Technologies for Dairy Manure and Digestate Study.



Farm Choice,
Scenarios &
Technology
Options

5. Farm Choice, Scenarios & Technology Options5.1 Farm Choice

The B.C. Benchmark Study was created to provide B.C. farmers and government with economic feasibility estimations for building on-farm biogas plants across as wide a range of B.C. farms as possible. Farm Choice for the B.C. Benchmark Study was made using the following process:

- 1. A list of B.C. farms deemed most likely to build an on-farm biogas plant, based on farm type, size and feedstock availability, was creates; and
- 2. An array of farms from this list were chosen to provide as broad a representative sample of farms across B.C.'s agricultural sector as possible.

This two-step process resulted in the following Farm Choices:

- 100 dairy cow farm;	- 500 dairy cow farm;	- 1,000 head cattle feedlot;
- 150 dairy cow farm;	- 750 dairy cow farm	- 2,500 head cattle feedlot;
- 200 dairy cow farm;	- 1,000 dairy cow farm;	-2,500,000 chicken farm; and
- 300 dairy cow farm;	- 2,000 dairy cow farm;	- 5,000,000 chicken farm.
- 400 dairy cow farm;	- 2,500 dairy cow farm;	

Note: Fifty dairy cow farms are considered too small to build economically feasible biogas plants. Cattle manure only biogas plants are not considered to be economically feasible because of the large volume of water required to make cattle manure pumpable.

While the above Farm Choices do not include pig farms, the B.C. Benchmark Study can be used to assess the economic feasibility of building biogas plants on pig farms. To assess the economic feasibility of building a biogas plant on a pig farm simply determine the amount of manure available and select the dairy farm choice (i.e., 100 cows, 200 cows, 300 cows, etc.) with the most similar amount of manure. This is possible because hog and dairy manure are very similar in both their composition (i.e., liquid) and biogas potential.

5.2 Farm Scenarios

Assessing the economic feasibility for building biogas plants on the Farm Choices above is limiting because farms of the same type (i.e., dairy) and size (i.e., 300 milk cows) may not have access to the same feedstock. For example, while two farms with 300 dairy cows will have roughly the same amount of dairy manure, they may have access to different amounts of other feedstock (Figure 5).

To provide B.C. farmers and government with economic feasibility estimations for building on-farm biogas plants across as wide a range of B.C. farms as possible, the Farm Choices were assessed under twenty different Farm Scenarios (Figure 6).

Figure 5: Feedstock Differences between Similar Farms

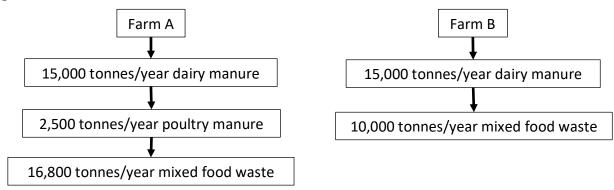


Figure 6: Farm Scenarios

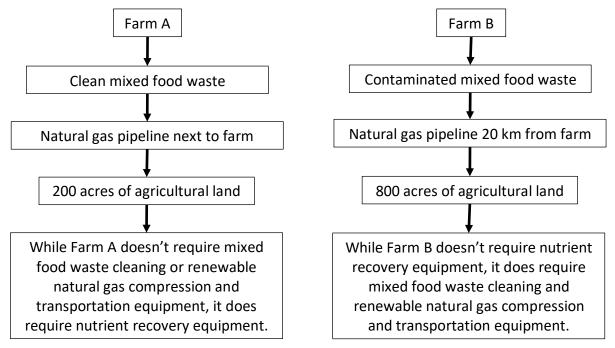
Farm Scenario Farm Choice		Feedstock	
#1	100 dairy cows		
#2	150 dairy cows		
#3	200 dairy cows	51% dairy manure + 49% mixed	
#4	300 dairy cows	food waste	
#5	400 dairy cows		
#6	500 dairy cows		
#7	1,000 cattle	51% cattle manure + 49% mixed	
#8	2,500 cattle	food waste	
#9	500 dairy cows		
#10	750 dairy cows	80% dairy manure + 20% poultry manure*	
#11	1,000 dairy cows		
#12	2,000 dairy cows		
#13	2,500 dairy cows 100% dairy manure		
#14	200 dairy cows		
#15	300 dairy cows		
#16	400 dairy cows	80% dairy manure + 20% poultry manure*	
#17	500 dairy cows		
#18	750 dairy cows		
#19	2,500,000 chickens	1000/	
#20	5,000,000 chickens	100% poultry manure	

^{*} Farm Scenarios #9 - 12 are different from #14 – 18 due to the technology scenario (see below).

5.3 Equipment Choice

Assessing the economic feasibility for building biogas plants under the Farm Scenarios is also limiting. This is because farms of the same type (i.e., dairy), size (i.e., 300 milk cows) and with access to the same feedstock (i.e., 51% dairy manure and 49% mixed food waste) may require different equipment. For example, while two farms with 300 dairy cows may have roughly the same feedstock (i.e., 15,000 tonnes/year of dairy manure and 14,400 tonnes/year of mixed food waste), they may or may not require mixed food waste cleaning, Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) compression and transportation, and nutrient recovery equipment (Figure 7).

Figure 7: Equipment Differences between Similar Farms



To provide B.C. farmers and government with economic feasibility estimations for building on-farm biogas plants across as wide a range of B.C. farms as possible, the Farm Scenarios were assessed with and without key pieces of equipment (Figure 8).

Figure 8: Equipment Options

Farm	Equipment Choice			
Scenario	Food Waste Cleaning	RNG Compression	Nutrient Recovery	
#1 - #8	Assessed with and without mixed food waste cleaning equipment	Assessed with and without RNG compression and transportation equipment	Assessed with and without nutrient	
#9 - #20	N/A	N/A	recovery equipment	

For example, Farm Scenario #1 (100 dairy cows co-digesting 49% mixed food waste) was assessed eight times based on the need for mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and transportation, and nutrient recovery equipment. Furthermore, and because biogas production and mixed food waste tip fees can impact economic feasibility, the eight different Equipment Choice options were also assessed under a range of biogas production levels and mixed food waste tip fees (Figure 9).

Figure 9: Farm Scenario #1 Equipment Options

Form	Equipment Choice Options				
Farm Scenario	Food Waste Cleaning	Renewable Natural Gas Compression	Nutrient Recovery	Tip Fee	Biogas Production
	√				
		✓			
щ1	114		✓	\$0 - \$50	. / 250/
#1	√	✓		tonne	+/- 25%
	√		✓		
		✓	✓		
	✓	✓	✓		

5.4 Technology Scenario

There may be situations where mixed food waste is unavailable, or where farmers don't want to co-digest mixed food waste with manure. In Europe, for example, there are a growing number of manure only biogas plants. To provide B.C. farmers and government with economic feasibility estimations for building on-farm biogas plants across as wide a range of B.C. farms as possible, the Farm Scenarios were also assessed under two different Technology Scenarios (Figure 10).

Figure 10: Technology Scenarios

Farm Scenario	Technology Scenario
#1 - #13	Traditional on-farm biogas technology
#14 - #20	Modular or poultry manure biogas technology

5.4.1 Modular Biogas Technology

Traditionally, on-farm biogas plants are specifically designed for the local situation. This results in a significant amount of engineering and construction costs, as each biogas plant is unique. Although modular biogas plants use the same components as traditional on-farm biogas plants, they are highly standardised. This keeps costs down. Furthermore, modular biogas plants are

constructed at the factory, and delivered for on-site assembly. This means little engineering is required, and assembly is quick and easy, without the need for advanced equipment, tools, or digester construction knowledge.

Prior to delivery, all that is required is a simple concrete slab. Once delivered, modular biogas plants are assembled following an easy step-by-step guide. Digester tanks typically consist of stainless steel plates. All mixing equipment, along with safety and monitoring devices are also delivered. Piping and cables are sourced locally to reduce costs. Because of their design and assembly, modular biogas plants are sometimes referred to as IKEA biogas plants.

While the assembly of modular biogas plants will vary by company and between sites, a typical assembly timeline (after a concrete slab is poured and cured) is as follows:

- Day 1: Equipment container is installed;
- Day 2 3: Digester tank installed;
- Day 4: Heat lines installed inside digester tank;
- Day 5 6: Digester tank roof installed;
- Day 7 8: Piping and cables installed;
- Day 9: Electrical connection; and
- Day 10: Construction complete.

The potential downside of modular biogas plants is that they are often designed for one specific size. For example, if a company builds modular biogas plants for 10,000 tonnes/year of feedstock, anyone with 12,000 tonnes/year of feedstock will require two biogas plants (at almost twice the price), even though they only require a slightly larger biogas plant. Because of this it is important to find the right supplier for the volume of feedstock available.

Figure 11: Examples of Two Modular Biogas Plants



Example of Biolectric modular biogas plant. Source www.biolectric.be/en



Example of a PlanET Biogas modular biogas plant.
Source www.planet-biogas.ca

Conventional biogas to RNG upgrading technology can be scaled down. However, small upgraders cost almost as much as larger upgraders (and much more per m^3 of biogas capacity). As with modular biogas plants, small-scale biogas to RNG upgraders are being development. Today, there are a handful of small-scale biogas to RNG upgraders in the range of $20-150~m^3/hour$ of biogas capacity, each at a different technology readiness level. Several of these biogas to RNG upgraders were identified by Record Biomap Network¹.

5.4.2 Poultry Manure Biogas Technology

The use of poultry manure in traditional on-farm biogas plants is challenging because of poultry manure's high nitrogen; high nitrogen inhibits the digestion process. To overcome the nitrogen issue, poultry manure is traditionally co-digested in biogas plants with low nitrogen feedstock, such as dairy manure. As such, poultry manure typically accounts for no more than 20% of an on-farm biogas plant's total feedstock.

Poultry manure only biogas plants have recently been developed and built. These plants solve the nitrogen issue by using nitrogen removal/stripping technology. This technology reduces nitrogen levels so that poultry manure can be used as the only feedstock. While poultry manure only biogas plants differ in design and set-up, their basic premise is somewhat similar (Figure 12).

Nitrogen may or may not be stripped from the poultry manure. The poultry manure is then fed into mixing tanks for dilution with water and/or recirculated digestate liquid. Dilution lowers both the dry matter and nitrogen content of poultry manure, making it pumpable and safe to digest.

The ratio of poultry manure, water and recirculated digestate liquid ultimately depends upon the poultry manure's dry matter and nitrogen content, and the recirculated digestate liquid's nitrogen levels. For example, higher dry matter poultry manure will require more water and/or recirculated digestate liquid to make it pumpable, while poultry manure that has had nitrogen stripped will require less water and/or recirculated digestate liquid to lower nitrogen levels.

After dilution, poultry manure is pumped into a traditional biogas plant. Following digestion, digestate is removed and separated into a solid and liquid fraction by use of a slope screen, centrifuge, belt press, etc. The solid fraction can be used as a fertilizer. The value of this fertilizer will depend upon if any further processing (e.g., drying, composting, etc.) is undertaken.

Nitrogen from the liquid fraction is removed with nitrogen removal/stripping technology. Once stripped of nitrogen, liquid digestate is recirculated to dilute incoming poultry manure. The byproduct of nitrogen removal/stripping, often an ammonium sulphate solution, but dependent upon removal/stripping technology used, may or may not have value as a fertilizer input.

Biogas from poultry manure biogas plants is high in hydrogen sulphide levels. These levels can be up to ten times higher than traditional on-farm biogas plants. Hydrogen sulphide is highly corrosive

¹ Research Coordination for a Low-Cost Biomethane Production at Small and Medium Scale Applications. Available at https://biomethane-map.eu/fileadmin/downloads/deliverables/D1.9_final_-_for_website.pdf

and must be removed from the biogas prior to upgrading. The cost of hydrogen sulphide removal can be expensive.

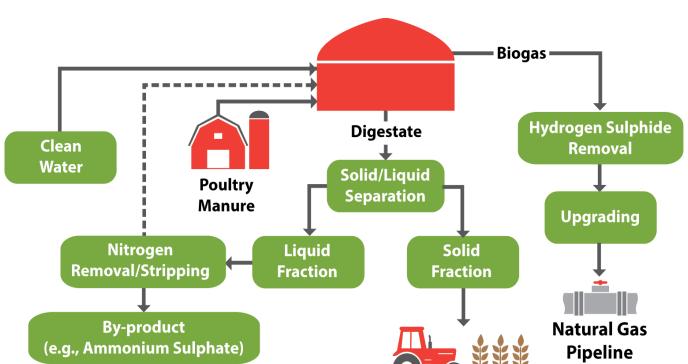


Figure 12: Example of Poultry Manure On-Farm Biogas Plant

Benchmark Assumptions

6. Benchmarking Assumptions

6.1 Feedstock Assumptions

Knowing the type and volume of feedstock is essential to determining the economic feasibility of any on-farm biogas plant. As a general rule of thumb, on-farm biogas plants in B.C. accept up to 49% mixed food waste (the other 51% being agricultural feedstock, such as manure). As such, it is important to accurately estimate the availability of agricultural feedstock, as this dictates the amount of mixed food waste to be accepted.

Dairy Manure

While a 100 dairy cow farm has 100 milk cows, the number of dry cows and heifers can vary greatly; some farms may have a high number of dry cows, others may raise their heifers on satellite farms or purchase them from elsewhere. The length of time cows spend in pasture also varies between farms. Cow numbers and the time these cows spend in pasture affect manure availability.

It is estimated that for every 100 dairy cows, there are 20 dry cows and 60 heifers (because calves produce so little manure, they aren't included in the manure calculations). It is also estimated that for each dairy cow, 50 tonnes/year (13,200 gallons/year) of liquid manure and wash water are produced. For example, a 100 dairy cow farm is estimated to produce 5,000 tonnes/year (1,300,000 gallons) of liquid manure. Finally, it is assumed that cows spend little time in pasture, meaning all of the manure is available for a biogas plant. One tonne of dairy manure is estimated to produce 14 m³ of biogas (9 m³ of methane). The B.C. Nutrient Management Calculator can be used to estimate manure and milking centre wash water (https://nmp.apps.nrs.gov.bc.ca/).

Hog Manure

Manure production at pig farms varies greatly depending upon animal type. For example, according to the B.C. Nutrient Management Calculator (https://nmp.apps.nrs.gov.bc.ca/) dry sows, boars, or gilts produce 5.8 tonnes/year (1,524 gallons/year) of liquid manure, finishers produce 4.4 tonnes/year (1,157 gallons/year) and growers produce 2.3 tonnes/year (607 gallons/year). As with dairy manure, one tonne of hog manure is estimated to produce 14 m³ of biogas (9 m³ of methane).

Poultry Manure

It is assumed that for every 100,000 chicken spaces on a farm, 1,200 tonnes/year of manure is produced. Poultry manure is assumed to be 60% dry matter. One tonne of poultry manure is estimated to produce 129 m³ of biogas (84 m³ of methane).

Beef Manure

In B.C. there are two types of cattle operations; cow-calf farms and feedlots. Cattle at cow-calf farms spend a large portion of the year (>5 months) pasture grazing. This means a large portion of manure at cow-calf farms cannot be used in biogas plants. Feedlot cattle are kept in pens, meaning all manure at feedlots can be used in biogas plants. For this reason, only cattle feedlots are considered in the B.C. Benchmark Study.

The amount of manure produced by a B.C. cattle feedlot varies depending upon how often the manure is removed from the pens, and the number of months that cattle are raised at the feedlot.

It is assumed that feedlots raise cattle year-round and collect manure weekly. Therefore, each cow at a feedlot is assumed to produce 7 tonnes/year of manure. One tonne of beef manure is estimated to produce 80 m³ of biogas (52 m³ of methane).

Mixed Food Waste

Mixed food waste is considered to be any food waste produced by non-farm sources, including food and beverage processing, grocery stores, restaurants, hotels and homes. Because mixed food waste produces much more biogas than manure, whenever mixed food waste is digested in an onfarm biogas plant, it is assumed to be at the maximum allowable amount or 49%. One tonne of mixed food waste is estimated to produce 190 m³ of biogas (124 m³ of methane).

6.2 Cost & Revenue Assumptions

The economic feasibility of an on-farm biogas plant depends upon capital costs, operating costs and revenues. The following assumptions, based upon industry experience and quotes from local businesses, were used in all economic feasibility assessments.

Capital Cost Assumptions

- Equipment for injecting Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) at the gas pipeline location is provided by the gas utility;
- Biogas plants are built on farms where land is available at no cost;
- Building for housing equipment, control system, boiler, etc. costs \$550/m³ (51/ft²);²
- Covered digestate storage costs \$70 105/m³ (\$0.26 \$0.40/gallon) depending upon size;
- Site preparation, including civil works and utility upgrades account for 2.5% of capital costs (this cost can vary greatly between locations and shouldn't be underestimated);
- Project development, including approvals, negotiations and other activities accounts for 2% of capital costs (this cost varies depending on project complexity and site-specific details);
- Engineering and project management accounts for 5% of capital costs; and
- Risk management to cover unforeseen costs and/or delays is 5% of total capital costs.

Operating Cost Assumptions

Feedstock is available year-round, removing the need for long-term feedstock storage;

- Poultry manure costs \$10/tonne delivered;
- Electricity required to power pumps, mixing, control panels, etc. is equal to 5% of biogas production;
- Natural gas required for heating tanks and pasteurization is equal to 10% and 5% of biogas production respectively;

² Estimating building size for on-farm biogas plants is difficult. However, this cost shouldn't be ignored as a structure will be needed to house pasteurization, food waste cleaning and nutrient recovery equipment.

- Transporting unwanted digestate nutrients off-farm costs \$30/tonne;
- Electricity costs \$0.10/kWh, natural gas costs \$7/GJ, and labour costs \$45/hour;
- Reinvestments in equipment (pumps, mixers, etc.) is equal to 2% of CAPEX; and
- Contingency to cover unforeseen operating costs is 10% of total operating costs.

Revenue & Other Assumptions

- Operational up-time is 97% (8,322 hours/year);
- Biogas contains 65% methane;
- Methane slip (methane lost during upgrading) is 2%;
- RNG contracts are for 20 years and include a 1%/year price increase (up to a maximum RNG sale price of \$30/GJ);
- Mixed food waste comes with a \$25/tonne tip fee for 20 years;
- Digestate fibre used for bedding saves \$200/milk cow/year or \$50/feedlot cow/year;
- Biogas plants are 100% debt financed;
- Inflation is 2%/year; and
- An unlevered, pre-tax Internal Rate of Return (IRR) of 12% is deemed an acceptable return on investment.



Economic Feasibility Assessment

7. Economic Feasibility Assessment

The following are economic feasibility assessments for the Farm Scenarios. Before reading this section, determine which Farm Scenario (#1 - #20) is most similar to your farm, or the type of onfarm biogas plant you are interested in. This choice should be based on the type (i.e., dairy manure, mixed food waste, etc.) and amount (i.e., tonnes/year) of available feedstock.

Once the Farm Scenario has been identified, determine which pieces of equipment are needed for your farm, or the type of on-farm biogas plant you are interested in. This should be based on the following:

- If mixed food waste contain contaminants (e.g., plastic, metal, etc.), food waste cleaning equipment will be required;
- If there isn't a gas pipeline near the biogas plant site, or if RNG cannot be injected into the gas pipeline, RNG compression and transportation equipment will be required; and
- If there isn't sufficient land surrounding the biogas plant site to apply all digestate nutrients, nutrient recovery equipment will be required.

If unsure which equipment will be needed, view all Equipment Choices under the chosen Farm Scenario. Doing so will provide a good understanding of how each piece of equipment impacts cost and biogas plant economic feasibility.

7.1

Farm Scenario #1: 100 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste

Farm Scenario #1 is a 100 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy manure and mixed food waste. Farm Scenario #1 assumes the use of traditional on-farm biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volumes and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #1 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	5,004	51%	1,615 GJ
Mixed food waste	4,808	49%	23,365 GJ
Total	9,812	100%	24,980 GJ

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #1:

- Option A: No additional equipment;
- Option B: Mixed food waste cleaning equipment;
- Option C: RNG compression equipment;
- Option D: Nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option E: Mixed food waste cleaning and RNG compression equipment;
- Option F: Mixed food waste cleaning and nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option G: RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment; and
- Option H: Mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #1 Options A – H, see Appendix A.

Farm Scenario #1 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$4.4 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$541,006/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$856,925/year. This biogas plant requires \$1.8 million funding (41% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$315,919/year; equal to 58% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (e.g., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*	<u>Revenue</u>						<u>Investment</u>		
Digester	\$1,658,475			RNG	i/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm	Investment =	\$2,616,166	
Upgrader	\$2,008,800			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$712,427		Fundi	ng Amount =	\$1,815,105	
Nutrient Recovery	\$186,842			Tip Fe	ee/Yr =	\$120,200		Funding	g % of CAPEX =	41%	
Other	\$577,154			Bedding Sa	avings/Yr* =	\$24,297					
<u>Total</u>	\$4,431,27 <u>2</u>	<u>\$541,006</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>tal =</u>	<u>\$856,925</u>		Inflation =		2%	
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Revenue (000s)	\$853	\$853	\$853	\$854	\$854	\$855	\$855	\$856	\$856	\$857	
OPEX (000s)	\$445	\$454	\$463	\$473	\$482	\$492	\$502	\$512	\$522	\$532	
Income (000s)	\$407	\$399	\$390	\$381	\$372	\$363	\$354	\$344	\$334	\$324	
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
Revenue (000s)	\$857	\$857	\$858	\$858	\$859	\$860	\$860	\$861	\$861	\$862	
OPEX (000s)	\$543	\$554	\$565	\$576	\$588	\$599	\$611	\$624	\$636	\$649	
Income (000s)	\$314	\$304	\$293	\$282	\$271	\$260	\$249	\$237	\$225	\$213	
Unlevered, Pre-	-Tax IRR =	12%]	Average	Operating In	ncome* =	\$315,919]	% of OPEX	58%	

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 41% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 41% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.2% and 8.2% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 41% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 41% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.8% and 9.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%						
	\$16													
	\$17							0.5%						
	\$18						1.1%	2.8%						
	\$19					1.5%	3.2%	4.8%						
	\$20				1.7%	3.5%	5.1%	6.6%						
G	\$21			1.7%	3.6%	5.2%	6.8%	8.2%						
RNG	\$22		1.5%	3.5%	5.2%	6.9%	8.4%	9.8%						
\$/dJ	\$23	1.1%	3.2%	5.1%	6.8%	8.4%	9.9%	11.3%						
\$	\$24	2.8%	4.8%	6.6%	8.2%	9.8%	11.3%	12.7%						
	\$25	4.3%	6.2%	8.0%	9.6%	11.2%	12.6%	14.1%						
	\$26	5.5%	7.4%	9.2%	10.8%	12.4%	13.9%	15.3%						
	\$27	6.6%	8.5%	10.2%	11.9%	13.5%	15.0%	16.5%						
	\$28	7.4%	9.3%	11.1%	12.8%	14.4%	16.0%	17.5%						
	\$29	7.9%	9.9%	11.7%	13.5%	15.1%	16.8%	18.3%						
	\$30	8.2%	10.2%	12.0%	13.8%	15.5%	17.1%	18.7%						

			Mixed	Food Wa	aste Tip I	Fee (\$/To	onne)		
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16								0.9%
	\$17							1.1%	2.9%
	\$18						1.2%	3.0%	4.6%
	\$19					1.4%	3.1%	4.7%	6.1%
	\$20				1.5%	3.2%	4.8%	6.2%	7.6%
G	\$21			1.7%	3.4%	4.9%	6.3%	7.7%	8.9%
RNG	\$22	0.0%	1.8%	3.5%	5.0%	6.4%	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%
\$/פו	\$23	2.0%	3.6%	5.1%	6.5%	7.8%	9.1%	10.3%	11.5%
\$	\$24	3.7%	5.2%	6.6%	7.9%	9.2%	10.4%	11.5%	12.7%
	\$25	5.3%	6.7%	8.0%	9.2%	10.4%	11.6%	12.7%	13.8%
	\$26	6.6%	7.9%	9.2%	10.4%	11.6%	12.7%	13.8%	14.9%
	\$27	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%	11.4%	12.6%	13.7%	14.8%	15.9%
	\$28	8.6%	9.9%	11.1%	12.3%	13.4%	14.6%	15.7%	16.7%
	\$29	9.2%	10.5%	11.7%	12.9%	14.1%	15.2%	16.3%	17.4%
	\$30	9.5%	10.8%	12.0%	13.2%	14.4%	15.5%	16.6%	17.7%

Farm Scenario #1 - Option B: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$5.3 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$622,847/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$856,925/year. This biogas plant requires \$3.2 million funding (61% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$234,077/year; equal to 38% of operating costs. Operating income may or may not be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (e.g., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				<u>Investment</u>		
Digester	\$2,385,600			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm	Investment =	\$2,047,340	
Upgrader	\$2,008,800			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$712,427		Fundi	ng Amount =	\$3,219,944	
Nutrient Recovery	\$186,842			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$120,200		Funding	g % of CAPEX =	61%	
Other	\$686,041			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$24,297					
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$5,267,283</u>	<u>\$622,847</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$856,925</u>		Inflation =		2%	
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Revenue (000s)	\$853	\$853	\$853	\$854	\$854	\$855	\$855	\$856	\$856	\$857	
OPEX (000s)	\$513	\$523	\$533	\$544	\$555	\$566	\$577	\$589	\$601	\$613	
Income (000s)	\$340	\$330	\$320	\$310	\$299	\$289	\$278	\$267	\$255	\$244	
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
Revenue (000s)	\$857	\$857	\$858	\$858	\$859	\$860	\$860	\$861	\$861	\$862	
OPEX (000s)	\$625	\$637	\$650	\$663	\$676	\$690	\$704	\$718	\$732	\$747	
Income (000s)	\$232	\$220	\$208	\$195	\$183	\$170	\$156	\$143	\$129	\$115	
Unlevered, Pre-	-Tax IRR =	12%]	Average	Operating In	ncome* =	\$234,077 % of OPEX			38%	

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 61% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 61% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.5% and 6.6% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 61% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 61% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.3% and 8.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%						
	\$16													
	\$17													
	\$18													
	\$19							1.6%						
	\$20						2.2%	4.5%						
9	\$21					2.4%	4.8%	6.9%						
RNG	\$22				2.4%	4.9%	7.1%	9.1%						
\$/GJ	\$23			2.2%	4.8%	7.1%	9.1%	11.0%						
\$	\$24		1.6%	4.5%	6.9%	9.1%	11.0%	12.9%						
	\$25	0.8%	3.9%	6.5%	8.8%	10.9%	12.8%	14.7%						
	\$26	2.8%	5.7%	8.2%	10.4%	12.5%	14.5%	16.3%						
	\$27	4.3%	7.2%	9.6%	11.9%	14.0%	15.9%	17.9%						
	\$28	5.5%	8.3%	10.8%	13.1%	15.2%	17.2%	19.2%						
	\$29	6.2%	9.1%	11.6%	14.0%	16.1%	18.2%	20.3%						
	\$30	6.6%	9.5%	12.0%	14.4%	16.6%	18.7%	20.8%						

			Mixed	Food Wa	aste Tip I	Fee (\$/To	nne)		
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16								
	\$17								
	\$18								1.2%
	\$19							1.4%	3.7%
	\$20						1.6%	3.9%	5.9%
ن	\$21					1.8%	4.0%	6.0%	7.8%
RNG	\$22				2.0%	4.2%	6.1%	7.9%	9.6%
\$/6	\$23			2.2%	4.3%	6.3%	8.0%	9.7%	11.3%
\$	\$24		2.3%	4.5%	6.4%	8.2%	9.8%	11.4%	12.9%
	\$25	2.5%	4.6%	6.5%	8.2%	9.9%	11.4%	12.9%	14.4%
	\$26	4.5%	6.4%	8.2%	9.9%	11.4%	12.9%	14.4%	15.8%
	\$27	6.1%	7.9%	9.6%	11.2%	12.8%	14.2%	15.7%	17.1%
	\$28	7.3%	9.1%	10.8%	12.4%	13.9%	15.4%	16.8%	18.2%
	\$29	8.1%	9.9%	11.6%	13.2%	14.8%	16.2%	17.7%	19.1%
	\$30	8.5%	10.3%	12.0%	13.6%	15.2%	16.7%	18.1%	19.5%

Farm Scenario #1 - Option C: RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$5.2 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$715,569/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$856,925/year. This biogas plant requires \$3.8 million of funding (73% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$141,355/year; equal to 20% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 27%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option C: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				<u>Investment</u>		
Digester	\$1,658,475			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm	Investment =	\$1,403,183	
Upgrader	\$2,649,383			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$712,427		Fundi	ng Amount =	\$3,764,598	
Nutrient Recovery	\$186,842			Tip Fee/Yr = \$120,200			Funding	g % of CAPEX =	73%		
Other	\$673,081			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$24,297					
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$5,167,782</u>	<u>\$715,569</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$856,925</u>		Inflation =		2%	
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Revenue (000s)	\$853	\$853	\$853	\$854	\$854	\$855	\$855	\$856	\$856	\$857	
OPEX (000s)	\$589	\$601	\$613	\$625	\$638	\$650	\$663	\$677	\$690	\$704	
Income (000s)	\$264	\$252	\$241	\$229	\$217	\$204	\$192	\$179	\$166	\$153	
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
Revenue (000s)	\$857	\$857	\$858	\$858	\$859	\$860	\$860	\$861	\$861	\$862	
OPEX (000s)	\$718	\$732	\$747	\$762	\$777	\$793	\$809	\$825	\$841	\$858	
Income (000s)	\$139	\$125	\$111	\$97	\$82	\$67	\$51	\$36	\$20	\$4	
Unlevered, Pre-	-Tax IRR =	12%]	Average	Operating Ir	ncome* =	\$141,355]	% of OPEX	20%	

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 73% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 73% funding, if RNG production is 5% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 7.4%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 73% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 73% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.0% and 5.4% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%						
	\$16													
	\$17													
	\$18													
	\$19		-											
	\$20		1											
G	\$21		-					3.1%						
\$/GJ RNG	\$22		-		-		3.4%	7.2%						
/ପ	\$23		-			3.4%	7.3%	10.5%						
\$	\$24		-		3.1%	7.2%	10.5%	13.4%						
	\$25			2.2%	6.7%	10.2%	13.3%	16.1%						
	\$26		0.0%	5.5%	9.5%	12.8%	15.8%	18.5%						
	\$27		3.1%	8.0%	11.8%	15.0%	18.0%	20.8%						
	\$28		5.3%	10.0%	13.7%	17.0%	20.0%	22.8%						
	\$29		6.8%	11.4%	15.1%	18.5%	21.6%	24.5%						
	\$30		7.4%	12.0%	15.8%	19.2%	22.4%	25.4%						

			Mixed	Food W	aste Tip	Fee (\$/T	onne)		
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16								
	\$17								
	\$18								
	\$19								
	\$20								0.4%
G	\$21							0.8%	4.8%
RNG	\$22						1.2%	5.0%	8.1%
\$/eJ	\$23					1.6%	5.3%	8.2%	10.9%
\$	\$24				1.9%	5.5%	8.4%	11.0%	13.3%
	\$25			2.2%	5.7%	8.6%	11.1%	13.4%	15.7%
	\$26		1.9%	5.5%	8.5%	11.1%	13.4%	15.7%	17.8%
	\$27	0.5%	4.8%	8.0%	10.8%	13.2%	15.5%	17.6%	19.7%
	\$28	3.1%	6.9%	10.0%	12.6%	15.0%	17.2%	19.4%	21.4%
	\$29	4.7%	8.4%	11.4%	14.0%	16.4%	18.6%	20.7%	22.8%
	\$30	5.4%	9.0%	12.0%	14.6%	17.0%	19.3%	21.5%	23.5%
	\$27 \$28 \$29	0.5% 3.1% 4.7%	4.8% 6.9% 8.4%	8.0% 10.0% 11.4%	10.8% 12.6% 14.0%	13.2% 15.0% 16.4%	15.5% 17.2% 18.6%	17.6% 19.4% 20.7%	19. ²

Farm Scenario #1 - Option D: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$5.5 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$747,771/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$856,925/year. This biogas plant requires \$4.3 million funding (78% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$109,153/year; equal to 15% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 22%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option D: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue			<u>Investme</u>			
Digester	\$1,889,475			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm	Investment =	\$1,182,983	
Upgrader	\$2,008,800			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$712,427		Fundi	ng Amount =	\$4,289,962	
Nutrient Recovery	\$861,842			Tip Fe	ee/Yr =	\$120,200		Funding	g % of CAPEX =	78%	
Other	\$712,828			Bedding Sa	nvings/Yr* =	\$24,297					
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$5,472,945</u>	<u>\$747,771</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$856,925</u>		Inflation =		2%	
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Revenue (000s)	\$853	\$853	\$853	\$854	\$854	\$855	\$855	\$856	\$856	\$857	
OPEX (000s)	\$616	\$628	\$640	\$653	\$666	\$680	\$693	\$707	\$721	\$736	
Income (000s)	\$237	\$225	\$213	\$201	\$188	\$175	\$162	\$149	\$135	\$121	
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
Revenue (000s)	\$857	\$857	\$858	\$858	\$859	\$860	\$860	\$861	\$861	\$862	
OPEX (000s)	\$750	\$765	\$781	\$796	\$812	\$828	\$845	\$862	\$879	\$897	
Income (000s)	\$107	\$92	\$77	\$62	\$47	\$31	\$15	-\$1	-\$18	-\$35	
Unlevered, Pre-	-Tax IRR =	12%]	Average	Operating Ir	ncome* =	\$109,153]	% of OPEX	15%	

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 78% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 78% funding, if RNG production is 5% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 5.3%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 78% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 78% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 7.9% and 1.1% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option D: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%						
	\$16													
	\$17													
	\$18													
	\$19													
	\$20													
G	\$21													
\$/GJ RNG	\$22							5.6%						
<u>ق</u>	\$23						5.8%	10.0%						
\$	\$24					5.6%	10.0%	13.7%						
	\$25				5.0%	9.7%	13.5%	16.9%						
	\$26			3.1%	8.7%	12.9%	16.5%	19.9%						
	\$27			6.7%	11.7%	15.7%	19.2%	22.6%						
	\$28		2.0%	9.3%	14.0%	18.0%	21.6%	25.0%						
	\$29		4.4%	11.1%	15.8%	19.9%	23.6%	27.1%						
	\$30		5.3%	12.0%	16.7%	20.9%	24.6%	28.2%						

	4		Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)									
	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50				
\$16												
\$17												
\$18												
\$19												
\$20												
\$21								1.9%				
\$22						-	2.3%	6.8%				
\$23						2.7%	7.1%	10.5%				
\$24					3.1%	7.3%	10.7%	13.6%				
\$25				3.5%	7.5%	10.8%	13.7%	16.4%				
\$26			3.1%	7.4%	10.8%	13.7%	16.4%	18.9%				
\$27		1.6%	6.7%	10.3%	13.4%	16.2%	18.8%	21.3%				
\$28		4.9%	9.3%	12.7%	15.7%	18.4%	20.9%	23.4%				
\$29		7.0%	11.1%	14.4%	17.4%	20.1%	22.6%	25.1%				
\$30	1.1%	7.9%	12.0%	15.3%	18.2%	20.9%	23.5%	26.0%				
\$ \$ \$ \$	117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129	117 118 119 120 121 122 123 125 126 127 128 129	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 1.6% 28 7.0%	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 3.1% 27 1.6% 6.7% 28 4.9% 9.3% 29 7.0% 11.1%	17	17	17	17				

Farm Scenario #1 - Option E: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.0 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$797,411/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$856,925/year. This biogas plant requires \$5.2 million funding (86% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$59,514/year; equal to 7% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 14%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option E: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				<u>Investment</u>		
Digester	\$2,385,600			RNG/GJ =		\$30.00		Farm	Investment =	\$835,994	
Upgrader	\$2,649,383			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$712,427		Fundi	ng Amount =	\$5,167,800	
Nutrient Recovery	\$186,842			Tip Fe	ee/Yr =	\$120,200		Funding	g % of CAPEX =	86%	
Other	\$781,968			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$24,297					
<u>Total</u>	<i>\$6,003,794</i>	<u>\$797,411</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>tal =</u>	<u>\$856,925</u>		Ir	nflation =	2%	
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Revenue (000s)	\$853	\$853	\$853	\$854	\$854	\$855	\$855	\$856	\$856	\$857	
OPEX (000s)	\$656	\$670	\$683	\$697	\$710	\$725	\$739	\$754	\$769	\$784	
Income (000s)	\$196	\$184	\$171	\$157	\$144	\$130	\$116	\$102	\$87	\$72	
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
Revenue (000s)	\$857	\$857	\$858	\$858	\$859	\$860	\$860	\$861	\$861	\$862	
OPEX (000s)	\$800	\$816	\$832	\$849	\$866	\$883	\$901	\$919	\$937	\$956	
Income (000s)	\$57	\$41	\$26	\$9	-\$7	-\$24	-\$41	-\$58	-\$76	-\$94	
Unlevered, Pre-		12%] !	Average	Operating In	ıcome* =	\$59,514		% of OPEX	7%	

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 86% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 86% funding, if RNG production is 5% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR is negative.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 86% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 86% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR is negative.

Option E: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount								
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%	
	\$16								
	\$17								
	\$18								
	\$19								
	\$20								
_G	\$21								
\$/GJ RNG	\$22								
<u>(G</u>	\$23							8.7%	
\$	\$24						8.7%	14.6%	
	\$25					8.1%	14.4%	19.4%	
	\$26				6.1%	13.5%	18.9%	23.6%	
	\$27				11.5%	17.7%	22.9%	27.5%	
	\$28			6.6%	15.4%	21.3%	26.4%	31.1%	
	\$29			10.4%	18.3%	24.1%	29.3%	34.2%	
	\$30			12.0%	19.7%	25.7%	31.0%	36.0%	

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)										
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50		
	\$16										
	\$17										
	\$18										
	\$19										
	\$20										
G	\$21										
RNG	\$22								0.5%		
\$/GJ	\$23							1.8%	9.5%		
\$	\$24	1					2.7%	9.8%	14.6%		
	\$25					3.4%	10.1%	14.8%	18.7%		
	\$26				2.7%	10.0%	14.7%	18.8%	22.4%		
	\$27				9.1%	14.4%	18.6%	22.3%	25.8%		
	\$28			6.6%	13.2%	17.9%	21.8%	25.4%	28.8%		
	\$29	-		10.4%	16.1%	20.5%	24.4%	28.0%	31.4%		
	\$30			12.0%	17.5%	21.9%	25.8%	29.5%	32.9%		

Farm Scenario #1 - Option F: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.3 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$829,613/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$856,925/year. This biogas plant requires \$5.8 million funding (91% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$27,311/year; equal to 3% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 9%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option F: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				<u>.</u>	
Digester	\$2,616,600			RNG/GJ =		\$30.00		Farm	Investment =	\$546,226
Upgrader	\$2,008,800			Avg RNG Sales/Yr =		\$712,427		Fundi	ng Amount =	\$5,762,731
Nutrient Recovery	\$861,842			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$120,200		Fundin	g % of CAPEX =	91%
Other	\$821,715			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$24,297				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$6,308,957</u>	<u>\$829,613</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$856,925</u>		Ir	nflation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$853	\$853	\$853	\$854	\$854	\$855	\$855	\$856	\$856	\$857
OPEX (000s)	\$683	\$697	\$710	\$725	\$739	\$754	\$769	\$784	\$800	\$816
Income (000s)	\$170	\$156	\$143	\$129	\$115	\$101	\$86	\$71	\$56	\$40
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$857	\$857	\$858	\$858	\$859	\$860	\$860	\$861	\$861	\$862
OPEX (000s)	\$832	\$849	\$866	\$883	\$901	\$919	\$937	\$956	\$975	\$995
Income (000s)	\$25	\$8	-\$8	-\$25	-\$42	-\$60	-\$77	-\$96	-\$114	-\$133
Unlevered, Pre-	-Tax IRR =	12%]	Average	Operating Ir	ncome* =	\$27,311		% of OPEX	3%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 91% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$25/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 91% funding, if RNG production is 5% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR is negative.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 91% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$25/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 91% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR is negative.

Option F: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount								
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%	
	\$16								
	\$17								
	\$18								
	\$19								
	\$20								
_G	\$21								
\$/GJ RNG	\$22								
<u>(G</u>	\$23							5.5%	
\$	\$24						5.5%	11.4%	
	\$25					4.9%	11.2%	16.2%	
	\$26				2.9%	10.3%	15.7%	20.4%	
	\$27				8.3%	14.5%	19.7%	24.3%	
	\$28			3.4%	12.2%	18.0%	23.2%	27.9%	
	\$29			7.2%	15.1%	20.9%	26.1%	31.0%	
	\$30			12.0%	16.5%	22.5%	27.8%	32.8%	

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)										
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50		
	\$16										
	\$17										
	\$18										
	\$19										
	\$20										
G	\$21										
RNG	\$22										
\$/GJ	\$23								6.2%		
\$	\$24	-						6.6%	11.4%		
	\$25					0.2%	6.9%	11.6%	15.5%		
	\$26					6.8%	11.5%	15.6%	19.2%		
	\$27				5.9%	11.2%	15.4%	19.1%	22.6%		
	\$28			3.4%	10.0%	14.7%	18.6%	22.2%	25.5%		
	\$29			7.2%	12.9%	17.3%	21.2%	24.8%	28.1%		
	\$30			12.0%	14.3%	18.7%	22.6%	26.3%	29.7%		

Farm Scenario #1 - Option G: RNG Compression & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.2 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$922,335/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$856,925/year. Because operating costs are greater than revenue, this biogas plant requires >100% funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. For this reason, an economic assessment was not completed.

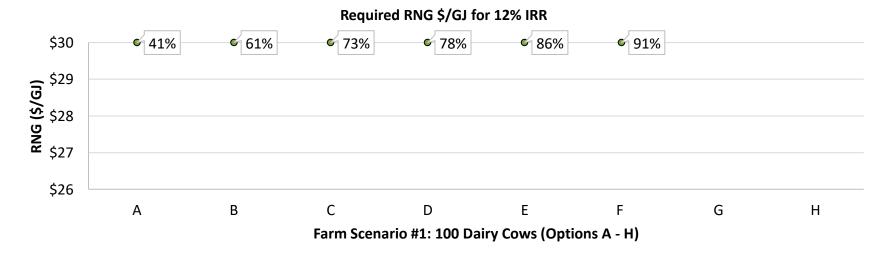
Farm Scenario #1 - Option H: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning, RNG Compression & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$7.0 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,004,177/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$856,925/year. Because operating costs are greater than revenue, this biogas plant requires >100% funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. For this reason, an economic assessment was not completed.

Farm Scenario #1: Summary

Figure 13 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #1 Options A – G for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is >\$30/GJ, percentage of required funding is shown. All Farm Scenario #1 Options A – H require funding. Funding increases from 41% (for Option A) to 91% (for Option F). Options G and H aren't shown because they require >100% funding. Figure 13 shows that even under the best circumstances (i.e., Option A - needing the least equipment), 100 dairy cow farms co-digesting dairy manure and mixed food waste cannot be economically feasible in B.C. without funding.

Figure 13: Farm Scenario #1 - Required RNG Sale Price for 100 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste



7.2

Farm Scenario #2: 150 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste

Farm Scenario #2 is a 150 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy manure and mixed food waste. Farm Scenario #2 assumes the use of traditional on-farm biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volume and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #2 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	7,506	51%	2,422
Mixed food waste	7,212	49%	35,047
Total	14,718	100%	37,470

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #2:

- Option A: No additional equipment;
- Option B: Mixed food waste cleaning equipment;
- Option C: RNG compression equipment;
- Option D: Nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option E: Mixed food waste cleaning and RNG compression equipment;
- Option F: Mixed food waste cleaning and nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option G: RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment; and
- Option H: Mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #2 Options A – H, see Appendix B.

Farm Scenario #2 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$4.8 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$620,136/year. At an RNG sale price of \$26.80/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,249,588/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$629,452/year; equal to 102% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$1,794,975			RNG	′GJ [†] =	\$26.80		Farm Investment =		\$4,814,048
Upgrader	\$2,111,800			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,032,843		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recovery	\$280,264			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$180,300		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$627,009			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$36,446				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$4,814,048</u>	<u>\$620,136</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	<u>\$1,249,588</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,165	\$1,175	\$1,185	\$1,196	\$1,206	\$1,217	\$1,227	\$1,238	\$1,249	\$1,260
OPEX (000s)	\$510	\$521	\$531	\$542	\$553	\$564	\$575	\$586	\$598	\$610
Income (000s)	\$654	\$654	\$654	\$654	\$654	\$653	\$653	\$652	\$651	\$650
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,271	\$1,283	\$1,287	\$1,288	\$1,289	\$1,289	\$1,290	\$1,291	\$1,292	\$1,293
OPEX (000s)	\$622	\$635	\$647	\$660	\$674	\$687	\$701	\$715	\$729	\$744
Income (000s)	\$649	\$648	\$640	\$627	\$615	\$602	\$589	\$576	\$563	\$549

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%

Average Operating Income* =	\$629,452

% of OPEX	102%
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^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$26.80/GJ to <\$25/GJ and <\$23/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 15% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.7% and 9.2% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$26.80/GJ to <\$25/GJ and <\$22/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$15/tonne or \$10/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.7% and 10.7% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount												
		-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%				
	\$16					0.6%	1.8%	3.0%	4.0%				
	\$17				0.9%	2.2%	3.4%	4.5%	5.5%				
	\$18			1.1%	2.4%	3.6%	4.8%	5.8%	6.9%				
	\$19		1.1%	2.5%	3.8%	5.0%	6.1%	7.2%	8.2%				
	\$20	0.9%	2.4%	3.8%	5.0%	6.2%	7.3%	8.4%	9.4%				
g	\$21	2.2%	3.6%	5.0%	6.2%	7.4%	8.5%	9.6%	10.6%				
RNG	\$22	3.4%	4.8%	6.1%	7.3%	8.5%	9.6%	10.7%	11.8%				
(5/¢	\$23	4.5%	5.8%	7.2%	8.4%	9.6%	10.7%	11.8%	12.9%				
\$	\$24	5.5%	6.9%	8.2%	9.4%	10.6%	11.8%	12.9%	14.0%				
	\$25	6.5%	7.9%	9.2%	10.4%	11.6%	12.8%	13.9%	15.1%				
	\$26	7.3%	8.7%	10.1%	11.3%	12.6%	13.8%	14.9%	16.1%				
	\$27	8.1%	9.5%	10.8%	12.1%	13.4%	14.6%	15.8%	17.0%				
	\$28	8.7%	10.1%	11.5%	12.8%	14.1%	15.4%	16.6%	17.8%				
	\$29	9.1%	10.5%	12.0%	13.3%	14.6%	15.9%	17.2%	18.4%				
	\$30	9.2%	10.7%	12.2%	13.6%	14.9%	16.2%	17.5%	18.8%				

			Mi	xed Food	l Waste 1	Tip Fee (\$	(Tonne			
		\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16					0.8%	2.2%	3.5%	4.7%	5.8%
	\$17				0.9%	2.3%	3.6%	4.8%	5.9%	7.0%
	\$18			1.0%	2.4%	3.7%	4.9%	6.0%	7.1%	8.1%
	\$19	-0.3%	1.2%	2.5%	3.8%	4.9%	6.1%	7.1%	8.2%	9.1%
	\$20	1.3%	2.6%	3.8%	5.0%	6.1%	7.2%	8.2%	9.2%	10.2%
G	\$21	2.7%	3.9%	5.1%	6.2%	7.3%	8.3%	9.3%	10.2%	11.2%
RNG	\$22	4.0%	5.2%	6.3%	7.3%	8.3%	9.3%	10.3%	11.2%	12.1%
\$/6J	\$23	5.3%	6.3%	7.4%	8.4%	9.4%	10.3%	11.3%	12.2%	13.1%
\$	\$24	6.4%	7.4%	8.5%	9.4%	10.4%	11.3%	12.2%	13.1%	14.0%
	\$25	7.5%	8.5%	9.5%	10.4%	11.3%	12.2%	13.1%	14.0%	14.9%
	\$26	8.5%	9.5%	10.4%	11.3%	12.2%	13.1%	14.0%	14.9%	15.7%
	\$27	9.3%	10.3%	11.2%	12.1%	13.0%	13.9%	14.8%	15.7%	16.5%
	\$28	10.0%	11.0%	11.9%	12.8%	13.7%	14.6%	15.5%	16.3%	17.2%
	\$29	10.5%	11.4%	12.4%	13.3%	14.2%	15.1%	16.0%	16.9%	17.7%
	\$30	10.7%	11.7%	12.6%	13.6%	14.5%	15.4%	16.2%	17.1%	18.0%

Farm Scenario #2 - Option B: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$5.7 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$701,978/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,285,387/year. This biogas plant requires \$1.0 million funding (17% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$583,409/year; equal to 83% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,522,100			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm In	vestment =	\$4,679,980
Upgrader	\$2,111,800			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,068,641		Funding	g Amount =	\$970,080
Nutrient Recovery	\$280,264			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$180,300		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	17%
Other	\$735,896			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$36,446				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$5,650,060</u>	<u>\$701,978</u>		<u>Tot</u>	al =	<u>\$1,285,387</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,279	\$1,280	\$1,280	\$1,281	\$1,281	\$1,282	\$1,283	\$1,283	\$1,284	\$1,285
OPEX (000s)	\$578	\$589	\$601	\$613	\$625	\$638	\$651	\$664	\$677	\$691
Income (000s)	\$701	\$690	\$679	\$668	\$656	\$644	\$632	\$620	\$607	\$594
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,286	\$1,286	\$1,287	\$1,288	\$1,289	\$1,289	\$1,290	\$1,291	\$1,292	\$1,293
OPEX (000s)	\$704	\$718	\$733	\$747	\$762	\$778	\$793	\$809	\$825	\$842
Income (000s)	\$581	\$568	\$554	\$540	\$526	\$512	\$497	\$482	\$467	\$451

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%		Average Operating Income* =	\$583,409	% of OPEX	83%
L		4			L	

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 17% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 17% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.5% and 9.0% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 17% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 17% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.0% and 10.0% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%					
	\$16						0.1%	1.4%					
	\$17					0.6%	2.0%	3.2%					
	\$18				0.9%	2.3%	3.6%	4.8%					
	\$19	-		1.1%	2.5%	3.9%	5.1%	6.3%					
	\$20		1.1%	2.6%	4.0%	5.3%	6.5%	7.7%					
G	\$21	0.9%	2.5%	4.0%	5.4%	6.6%	7.8%	9.0%					
RNG	\$22	2.3%	3.9%	5.3%	6.6%	7.9%	9.1%	10.2%					
\$/ G J	\$23	3.6%	5.1%	6.5%	7.8%	9.1%	10.3%	11.4%					
Ś	\$24	4.8%	6.3%	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%	11.4%	12.6%					
	\$25	5.9%	7.4%	8.8%	10.1%	11.3%	12.6%	13.7%					
	\$26	6.9%	8.3%	9.7%	11.1%	12.3%	13.6%	14.8%					
	\$27	7.7%	9.2%	10.6%	11.9%	13.3%	14.5%	15.8%					
	\$28	8.3%	9.8%	11.3%	12.7%	14.0%	15.3%	16.6%					
	\$29	8.8%	10.3%	11.8%	13.2%	14.6%	15.9%	17.3%					
	\$30	9.0%	10.5%	12.0%	13.5%	14.9%	16.2%	17.6%					

			Mixed I	Food Wa	ste Tip F	ee (\$/To	nne)		
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16						0.7%	2.2%	3.5%
	\$17					0.8%	2.3%	3.6%	4.9%
	\$18				1.0%	2.4%	3.7%	5.0%	6.1%
	\$19			1.1%	2.5%	3.8%	5.1%	6.2%	7.3%
	\$20	-0.3%	1.2%	2.6%	3.9%	5.1%	6.3%	7.4%	8.5%
G	\$21	1.3%	2.7%	4.0%	5.2%	6.4%	7.5%	8.5%	9.5%
RNG	\$22	2.8%	4.1%	5.3%	6.4%	7.5%	8.6%	9.6%	10.6%
\$/GJ	\$23	4.2%	5.4%	6.5%	7.6%	8.6%	9.6%	10.6%	11.6%
\$	\$24	5.5%	6.6%	7.7%	8.7%	9.7%	10.7%	11.6%	12.6%
	\$25	6.6%	7.7%	8.8%	9.8%	10.7%	11.7%	12.6%	13.5%
	\$26	7.7%	8.7%	9.7%	10.7%	11.7%	12.6%	13.5%	14.4%
	\$27	8.6%	9.6%	10.6%	11.6%	12.5%	13.4%	14.3%	15.2%
	\$28	9.3%	10.3%	11.3%	12.3%	13.2%	14.1%	15.0%	15.9%
	\$29	9.8%	10.8%	11.8%	12.8%	13.7%	14.7%	15.6%	16.5%
	\$30	10.0%	11.0%	12.0%	13.0%	14.0%	14.9%	15.8%	16.7%
	\$30	10.0%	11.0%	12.0%	13.0%	14.0%	14.9%	15.8%	16.7%

Farm Scenario #2 - Option C: RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$5.6 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$808,858/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,285,387/year. This biogas plant requires \$1.6 million funding (29% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$476,529/year; equal to 59% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option C: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u> </u>
Digester	\$1,794,975			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm In	vestment =	\$3,949,81
Upgrader	\$2,779,817			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,068,641		Funding	g Amount =	\$1,632,28
Nutrient Recovery	\$280,264			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$180,300		Funding '	% of CAPEX =	29%
Other	\$727,045			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$36,446				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$5,582,101</u>	<u>\$808,858</u>		<u>Tot</u>	al =	<u>\$1,285,387</u>		Infi	lation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,279	\$1,280	\$1,280	\$1,281	\$1,281	\$1,282	\$1,283	\$1,283	\$1,284	\$1,285
OPEX (000s)	\$666	\$679	\$693	\$707	\$721	\$735	\$750	\$765	\$780	\$796
Income (000s)	\$613	\$600	\$587	\$574	\$561	\$547	\$533	\$519	\$504	\$489
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,286	\$1,286	\$1,287	\$1,288	\$1,289	\$1,289	\$1,290	\$1,291	\$1,292	\$1,293
OPEX (000s)	\$812	\$828	\$844	\$861	\$879	\$896	\$914	\$932	\$951	\$970
Income (000s)	\$474	\$458	\$443	\$426	\$410	\$393	\$376	\$359	\$341	\$323

Average Operating Income* =

\$476,529

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

59%

% of OPEX

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 29% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 29% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.1% and 8.2% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 29% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 29% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.8% and 9.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%						
	\$16													
	\$17							0.6%						
	\$18						1.2%	2.8%						
	\$19					1.5%	3.3%	4.8%						
	\$20				1.7%	3.5%	5.1%	6.6%						
G	\$21			1.7%	3.6%	5.3%	6.8%	8.2%						
RNG	\$22		1.5%	3.5%	5.3%	6.9%	8.4%	9.8%						
\$/@	\$23	1.2%	3.3%	5.1%	6.8%	8.4%	9.9%	11.3%						
\$	\$24	2.8%	4.8%	6.6%	8.2%	9.8%	11.3%	12.7%						
	\$25	4.3%	6.2%	8.0%	9.6%	11.1%	12.6%	14.0%						
	\$26	5.6%	7.4%	9.2%	10.8%	12.4%	13.9%	15.3%						
	\$27	6.6%	8.5%	10.2%	11.9%	13.5%	15.0%	16.5%						
	\$28	7.4%	9.3%	11.1%	12.8%	14.4%	16.0%	17.5%						
	\$29	7.9%	9.9%	11.7%	13.4%	15.1%	16.7%	18.3%						
	\$30	8.2%	10.1%	12.0%	13.7%	15.4%	17.1%	18.7%						

			Mixed	Food Wa	aste Tip I	Fee (\$/To	onne)		
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16								1.0%
	\$17	-	-	-	-			1.1%	2.9%
	\$18	-					1.3%	3.0%	4.6%
	\$19	-				1.4%	3.1%	4.7%	6.1%
	\$20				1.6%	3.3%	4.8%	6.2%	7.6%
9	\$21	-		1.7%	3.4%	4.9%	6.3%	7.7%	8.9%
RNG	\$22	0.1%	1.9%	3.5%	5.0%	6.4%	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%
ſ9/\$	\$23	2.0%	3.6%	5.1%	6.5%	7.8%	9.1%	10.3%	11.4%
\$	\$24	3.7%	5.2%	6.6%	7.9%	9.1%	10.3%	11.5%	12.6%
	\$25	5.3%	6.7%	8.0%	9.2%	10.4%	11.6%	12.7%	13.8%
	\$26	6.6%	7.9%	9.2%	10.4%	11.5%	12.7%	13.8%	14.9%
	\$27	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%	11.4%	12.6%	13.7%	14.8%	15.8%
	\$28	8.6%	9.9%	11.1%	12.3%	13.4%	14.5%	15.6%	16.7%
	\$29	9.2%	10.5%	11.7%	12.9%	14.0%	15.2%	16.3%	17.3%
	\$30	9.5%	10.8%	12.0%	13.2%	14.3%	15.5%	16.6%	17.7%
	l .							<u>l</u>	

Farm Scenario #2 - Option D: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$5.9 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$852,649/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,285,387/year. This biogas plant requires \$2.2 million funding (38% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$432,738/year; equal to 51% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option D: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*							Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,025,975			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm In	vestment =	\$3,636,161
Upgrader	\$2,111,800			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,068,641		Funding	g Amount =	\$2,219,562
Nutrient Recovery	\$955,264			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$180,300		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	38%
Other	\$762,683			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$36,446				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$5,855,721</u>	<u>\$852,649</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$1,285,387</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,279	\$1,280	\$1,280	\$1,281	\$1,281	\$1,282	\$1,283	\$1,283	\$1,284	\$1,285
OPEX (000s)	\$702	\$716	\$730	\$745	\$760	\$775	\$790	\$806	\$822	\$839
Income (000s)	\$577	\$564	\$550	\$536	\$522	\$507	\$492	\$477	\$462	\$446
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,286	\$1,286	\$1,287	\$1,288	\$1,289	\$1,289	\$1,290	\$1,291	\$1,292	\$1,293
OPEX (000s)	\$856	\$873	\$890	\$908	\$926	\$945	\$963	\$983	\$1,002	\$1,022
Income (000s)	\$430	\$414	\$397	\$380	\$362	\$345	\$327	\$308	\$289	\$270

Average Operating Income* =

\$432,738

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

51%

% of OPEX

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 38% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 38% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.0% and 7.8% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 38% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 38% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.7% and 9.2% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option D: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

		CI	nange in	RNG Pro	duction	Amount		
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16							
	\$17							
	\$18							1.7%
	\$19					0.1%	2.2%	4.0%
	\$20				0.4%	2.5%	4.4%	6.0%
G	\$21			0.4%	2.6%	4.5%	6.3%	7.9%
\$/GJ RNG	\$22		0.1%	2.5%	4.5%	6.4%	8.0%	9.6%
<u>@</u>	\$23		2.2%	4.4%	6.3%	8.0%	9.7%	11.2%
Ś	\$24	1.7%	4.0%	6.0%	7.9%	9.6%	11.2%	12.8%
	\$25	3.4%	5.6%	7.6%	9.4%	11.1%	12.7%	14.3%
	\$26	4.9%	7.0%	8.9%	10.7%	12.4%	14.1%	15.6%
	\$27	6.0%	8.1%	10.1%	11.9%	13.6%	15.3%	16.9%
	\$28	6.9%	9.0%	11.0%	12.9%	14.7%	16.4%	18.0%
	\$29	7.5%	9.7%	11.7%	13.6%	15.4%	17.2%	18.9%
	\$30	7.8%	10.0%	12.0%	14.0%	15.8%	17.6%	19.3%

			Mixed	Food Wa	aste Tip I	Fee (\$/To	onne)		
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16								
	\$17								1.7%
	\$18							1.9%	3.7%
	\$19					0.0%	2.0%	3.9%	5.5%
	\$20				0.2%	2.2%	4.0%	5.6%	7.1%
G	\$21			0.4%	2.3%	4.1%	5.7%	7.2%	8.6%
RNG	\$22		0.5%	2.5%	4.2%	5.8%	7.3%	8.7%	10.1%
\$/6	\$23	0.7%	2.6%	4.4%	5.9%	7.4%	8.8%	10.1%	11.4%
\$	\$24	2.8%	4.5%	6.0%	7.5%	8.9%	10.2%	11.5%	12.7%
	\$25	4.6%	6.1%	7.6%	9.0%	10.3%	11.6%	12.8%	14.0%
	\$26	6.1%	7.5%	8.9%	10.3%	11.5%	12.8%	14.0%	15.2%
	\$27	7.3%	8.7%	10.1%	11.4%	12.6%	13.9%	15.1%	16.2%
	\$28	8.2%	9.7%	11.0%	12.3%	13.6%	14.8%	16.0%	17.2%
	\$29	8.9%	10.4%	11.7%	13.0%	14.3%	15.5%	16.7%	17.9%
	\$30	9.2%	10.7%	12.0%	13.3%	14.6%	15.9%	17.1%	18.2%
	•	•	•						

Farm Scenario #2 - Option E: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.4 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$890,700/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,285,387/year. This biogas plant requires \$3.0 million funding (47% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$394,687/year; equal to 44% of operating costs. Operating income may or may not be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (e.g., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option E: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,522,100			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm In	vestment =	\$3,379,035
Upgrader	\$2,779,817			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,068,641		Fundin	g Amount =	\$3,039,078
Nutrient Recovery	\$280,264			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$180,300		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	47%
Other	\$835,932			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$36,446				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$6,418,113</u>	<u>\$890,700</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	<u>\$1,285,387</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,279	\$1,280	\$1,280	\$1,281	\$1,281	\$1,282	\$1,283	\$1,283	\$1,284	\$1,285
OPEX (000s)	\$733	\$748	\$763	\$778	\$794	\$809	\$826	\$842	\$859	\$876
Income (000s)	\$546	\$532	\$517	\$503	\$488	\$473	\$457	\$441	\$425	\$409
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,286	\$1,286	\$1,287	\$1,288	\$1,289	\$1,289	\$1,290	\$1,291	\$1,292	\$1,293
OPEX (000s)	\$894	\$912	\$930	\$948	\$967	\$987	\$1,006	\$1,027	\$1,047	\$1,068
Income (000s)	\$392	\$375	\$357	\$339	\$321	\$303	\$284	\$264	\$245	\$225

Average Operating Income* =

\$394,687

% of OPEX

* Averaged over twenty years to account
for inflation

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

44%

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 47% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 47% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.7% and 7.3% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 47% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 47% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.5% and 8.9% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option E: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

Change in RNG Production Amount												
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%				
	\$16											
	\$17											
	\$18							0.3%				
	\$19						0.9%	3.0%				
	\$20					1.3%	3.5%	5.4%				
_O	\$21				1.4%	3.7%	5.7%	7.5%				
RNG	\$22			1.3%	3.7%	5.7%	7.6%	9.3%				
\$/GJ	\$23		0.9%	3.5%	5.7%	7.6%	9.4%	11.1%				
\$	\$24	0.3%	3.0%	5.4%	7.5%	9.3%	11.1%	12.8%				
	\$25	2.4%	4.9%	7.1%	9.1%	11.0%	12.7%	14.4%				
	\$26	4.0%	6.4%	8.6%	10.6%	12.4%	14.2%	15.9%				
	\$27	5.3%	7.7%	9.9%	11.9%	13.7%	15.5%	17.3%				
	\$28	6.3%	8.7%	10.9%	12.9%	14.9%	16.7%	18.5%				
	\$29	7.0%	9.4%	11.6%	13.7%	15.7%	17.6%	19.4%				
	\$30	7.3%	9.7%	12.0%	14.1%	16.1%	18.0%	19.9%				

			Mixed	Food Wa	aste Tip I	Fee (\$/To	onne)		
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16								
	\$17								0.3%
	\$18							0.5%	2.7%
	\$19						0.7%	2.9%	4.8%
	\$20					0.9%	3.0%	4.9%	6.6%
G	\$21				1.1%	3.2%	5.0%	6.7%	8.3%
RNG	\$22			1.3%	3.3%	5.1%	6.8%	8.4%	9.9%
\$/6J	\$23		1.4%	3.5%	5.3%	6.9%	8.5%	9.9%	11.3%
\$	\$24	1.6%	3.6%	5.4%	7.0%	8.6%	10.0%	11.4%	12.8%
	\$25	3.7%	5.5%	7.1%	8.6%	10.1%	11.5%	12.8%	14.1%
	\$26	5.4%	7.1%	8.6%	10.1%	11.5%	12.8%	14.1%	15.4%
	\$27	6.8%	8.4%	9.9%	11.3%	12.7%	14.0%	15.3%	16.5%
	\$28	7.8%	9.4%	10.9%	12.3%	13.7%	15.0%	16.3%	17.6%
	\$29	8.6%	10.1%	11.6%	13.1%	14.4%	15.8%	17.1%	18.3%
	\$30	8.9%	10.5%	12.0%	13.4%	14.8%	16.2%	17.5%	18.7%

Farm Scenario #2 - Option F: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.7 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$934,491/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,285,387/year. This biogas plant requires \$3.6 million funding (54% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$350,896/year; equal to 38% of operating costs. Operating income may or may not be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (e.g., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option F: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,753,100			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm In	vestment =	\$3,076,236
Upgrader	\$2,111,800			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,068,641		Fundin	g Amount =	\$3,615,498
Nutrient Recovery	\$955,264			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$180,300		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	54%
Other	\$871,570			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$36,446				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$6,691,733</u>	<u>\$934,491</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	<u>\$1,285,387</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,279	\$1,280	\$1,280	\$1,281	\$1,281	\$1,282	\$1,283	\$1,283	\$1,284	\$1,285
OPEX (000s)	\$769	\$785	\$800	\$816	\$833	\$849	\$866	\$884	\$901	\$919
Income (000s)	\$510	\$495	\$480	\$464	\$449	\$433	\$416	\$400	\$383	\$366
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,286	\$1,286	\$1,287	\$1,288	\$1,289	\$1,289	\$1,290	\$1,291	\$1,292	\$1,293
OPEX (000s)	\$938	\$956	\$976	\$995	\$1,015	\$1,035	\$1,056	\$1,077	\$1,099	\$1,121
Income (000s)	\$348	\$330	\$311	\$293	\$274	\$254	\$234	\$214	\$193	\$172

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%	Average Operating Income* = \$350,896	
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^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

38%

% of OPEX

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 54% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 54% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.4% and 6.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 54% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 54% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.3% and 8.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option F: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

		Ch	ange ir	RNG Pr	oduction	Amount	t	
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16							
	\$17							
	\$18							
	\$19							1.6%
	\$20						2.1%	4.4%
G	\$21					2.4%	4.8%	6.9%
\$/GJ RNG	\$22				2.4%	4.9%	7.0%	9.0%
<u>г</u>	\$23			2.1%	4.8%	7.0%	9.1%	11.0%
\$	\$24		1.6%	4.4%	6.9%	9.0%	11.0%	12.9%
	\$25	0.8%	3.9%	6.5%	8.8%	10.8%	12.8%	14.7%
	\$26	2.8%	5.7%	8.2%	10.4%	12.5%	14.4%	16.3%
	\$27	4.3%	7.1%	9.6%	11.8%	13.9%	15.9%	17.8%
	\$28	5.4%	8.3%	10.7%	13.0%	15.2%	17.2%	19.2%
	\$29	6.2%	9.1%	11.6%	13.9%	16.1%	18.2%	20.2%
	\$30	6.5%	9.4%	12.0%	14.3%	16.6%	18.7%	20.8%

			Mixed	Food Wa	aste Tip I	Fee (\$/To	onne)		
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16								
	\$17								
	\$18								1.1%
	\$19							1.3%	3.7%
	\$20						1.5%	3.8%	5.9%
G	\$21					1.7%	4.0%	6.0%	7.8%
RNG	\$22				1.9%	4.1%	6.1%	7.9%	9.6%
\$/dJ	\$23			2.1%	4.3%	6.2%	8.0%	9.7%	11.3%
\$	\$24		2.3%	4.4%	6.4%	8.1%	9.8%	11.3%	12.8%
	\$25	2.5%	4.6%	6.5%	8.2%	9.9%	11.4%	12.9%	14.3%
	\$26	4.5%	6.4%	8.2%	9.8%	11.4%	12.9%	14.3%	15.7%
	\$27	6.0%	7.9%	9.6%	11.2%	12.7%	14.2%	15.6%	17.0%
	\$28	7.2%	9.1%	10.7%	12.3%	13.9%	15.3%	16.8%	18.2%
	\$29	8.1%	9.9%	11.6%	13.2%	14.7%	16.2%	17.6%	19.0%
	\$30	8.5%	10.3%	12.0%	13.6%	15.1%	16.6%	18.1%	19.5%
					•	•			

Farm Scenario #2 - Option G: RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

12%

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.6 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,041,371/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,285,387/year. This biogas plant requires \$4.3 million funding (65% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$244,016/year; equal to 23% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 35%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option G: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,025,975			RNG/GJ =		\$30.00		Farm Investment =		\$2,334,679
Upgrader	\$2,779,817			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,068,641		Funding	g Amount =	\$4,289,095
Nutrient Recovery	\$955,264			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$180,300		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	65%
Other	\$862,718			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$36,446				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$6,623,774</u>	<u>\$1,041,371</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	<u>\$1,285,387</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,279	\$1,280	\$1,280	\$1,281	\$1,281	\$1,282	\$1,283	\$1,283	\$1,284	\$1,285
OPEX (000s)	\$857	\$874	\$892	\$910	\$928	\$946	\$965	\$985	\$1,004	\$1,024
Income (000s)	\$422	\$405	\$388	\$371	\$354	\$336	\$317	\$299	\$280	\$260
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,286	\$1,286	\$1,287	\$1,288	\$1,289	\$1,289	\$1,290	\$1,291	\$1,292	\$1,293
OPEX (000s)	\$1,045	\$1,066	\$1,087	\$1,109	\$1,131	\$1,154	\$1,177	\$1,200	\$1,224	\$1,249
Income (000s)	\$241	\$220	\$200	\$179	\$157	\$136	\$113	\$91	\$68	\$44

Average Operating Income* =

\$244,016

* Averaged over twenty years to account
for inflation

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

23%

% of OPEX

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 65% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 65% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 8.1% and 2.9% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 65% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 65% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.4% and 6.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option G: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

		Ch	ange ir	RNG Pro	oduction	Amount	;	
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16							
	\$17							
	\$18							
	\$19							
	\$20							0.0%
G	\$21						0.6%	4.4%
\$/GJ RNG	\$22					0.8%	4.7%	7.7%
(G)	\$23				0.6%	4.7%	7.9%	10.6%
\$	\$24			0.0%	4.4%	7.7%	10.6%	13.2%
	\$25			3.7%	7.3%	10.4%	13.1%	15.6%
	\$26		2.2%	6.4%	9.7%	12.6%	15.3%	17.8%
	\$27		4.6%	8.5%	11.7%	14.6%	17.3%	19.8%
	\$28	1.1%	6.4%	10.2%	13.4%	16.3%	19.1%	21.6%
	\$29	2.4%	7.6%	11.4%	14.7%	17.7%	20.4%	23.1%
	\$30	2.9%	8.1%	12.0%	15.3%	18.3%	21.2%	23.9%

		Mixed	Food W	aste Tip	Fee (\$/T	onne)		
	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
\$16								
\$17								
\$18								
\$19	-							
\$20	-							2.5%
\$21	-						2.8%	5.8%
\$22	-		-			3.0%	6.0%	8.5%
\$23	-				3.3%	6.2%	8.7%	10.9%
\$24			0.0%	3.5%	6.4%	8.8%	11.1%	13.1%
\$25	-	0.3%	3.7%	6.5%	8.9%	11.2%	13.2%	15.2%
\$26	-	3.5%	6.4%	8.9%	11.1%	13.2%	15.2%	17.1%
\$27	2.7%	5.9%	8.5%	10.9%	13.0%	15.0%	16.9%	18.8%
\$28	4.6%	7.6%	10.2%	12.5%	14.6%	16.6%	18.5%	20.3%
\$29	5.9%	8.9%	11.4%	13.7%	15.8%	17.8%	19.7%	21.6%
\$30	6.5%	9.4%	12.0%	14.2%	16.4%	18.4%	20.3%	22.2%
	\$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$21 \$22 \$23 \$24 \$25 \$26 \$27 \$28	\$16 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$21 \$22 \$23 \$24 \$25 \$26 \$27 2.7% \$28 4.6% \$29 5.9%	\$15 \$20 \$16 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$21 \$22 \$23 \$24 \$25 0.3% \$26 3.5% \$27 2.7% 5.9% \$28 4.6% 7.6% \$29 5.9% 8.9%	\$15 \$20 \$25 \$16 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$21 \$22 \$23 \$24 0.0% \$25 0.3% 3.7% \$26 3.5% 6.4% \$27 2.7% 5.9% 8.5% \$28 4.6% 7.6% 10.2% \$29 5.9% 8.9% 11.4%	\$15 \$20 \$25 \$30 \$16 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$21 \$22 \$23 \$24 0.0% 3.5% \$25 0.3% 3.7% 6.5% \$26 3.5% 6.4% 8.9% \$27 2.7% 5.9% 8.5% 10.9% \$28 4.6% 7.6% 10.2% 12.5% \$29 5.9% 8.9% 11.4% 13.7%	\$15 \$20 \$25 \$30 \$35 \$16 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$21 \$22 \$23 3.3% \$24 0.0% 3.5% 6.4% \$25 0.3% 3.7% 6.5% 8.9% \$26 3.5% 6.4% 8.9% 11.1% \$27 2.7% 5.9% 8.5% 10.9% 13.0% \$28 4.6% 7.6% 10.2% 12.5% 14.6% \$29 5.9% 8.9% 11.4% 13.7% 15.8%	\$16	\$15 \$20 \$25 \$30 \$35 \$40 \$45 \$16 -

Farm Scenario #2 - Option H: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning, RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$7.5 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,123,213/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,285,387/year. This biogas plant requires \$5.7 million funding (76% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$162,174/year; equal to 14% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 24%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option H: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>			<u>Investment</u>			
Digester	\$2,753,100			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm Investment =			
Upgrader	\$2,779,817			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,068,641		Fundin	g Amount =	\$5,697,967	
Nutrient Recovery	\$955,264			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$180,300		Funding '	% of CAPEX =	76%	
Other	\$971,605			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$36,446					
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$7,459,786</u>	<u>\$1,123,213</u>		<u>Total =</u>		<u>\$1,285,387</u>		Inflation =		2%	
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Revenue (000s)	\$1,279	\$1,280	\$1,280	\$1,281	\$1,281	\$1,282	\$1,283	\$1,283	\$1,284	\$1,285	
OPEX (000s)	\$925	\$943	\$962	\$981	\$1,001	\$1,021	\$1,041	\$1,062	\$1,083	\$1,105	
Income (000s)	\$354	\$336	\$318	\$300	\$281	\$261	\$242	\$221	\$201	\$180	
Vace	11	12	13	1.4	15	16	17	18	19	20	
Year	11			14							
Revenue (000s)	\$1,286	\$1,286	\$1,287	\$1,288	\$1,289	\$1,289	\$1,290	\$1,291	\$1,292	\$1,293	
OPEX (000s)	\$1,127	\$1,150	\$1,173	\$1,196	\$1,220	\$1,244	\$1,269	\$1,295	\$1,320	\$1,347	
Income (000s)	\$158	\$137	\$114	\$92	\$69	\$45	\$21	-\$4	-\$29	-\$54	
										_	

Average Operating Income* =

\$162,174

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

14%

% of OPEX

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 76% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 76% funding, if RNG production is 5% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 5.2%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 76% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 76% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 7.9% and 0.8% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option H: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

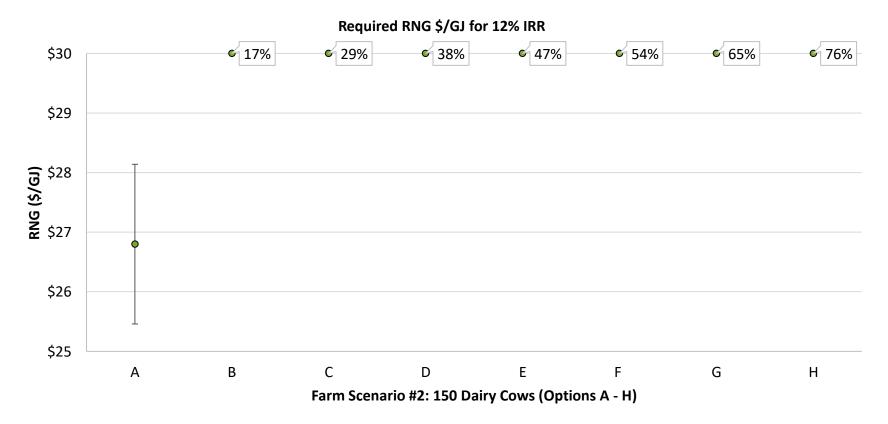
	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%						
	\$16													
	\$17													
	\$18													
	\$19		-											
	\$20		1											
G	\$21		-											
RNG	\$22		-					5.6%						
\$/e	\$23		-				5.8%	10.0%						
\$	\$24		-			5.6%	10.0%	13.7%						
	\$25				4.9%	9.7%	13.5%	17.0%						
	\$26		-	3.0%	8.7%	12.9%	16.6%	19.9%						
	\$27			6.7%	11.7%	15.7%	19.3%	22.7%						
	\$28		1.9%	9.3%	14.1%	18.1%	21.7%	25.1%						
	\$29		4.3%	11.1%	15.9%	20.0%	23.7%	27.2%						
	\$30		5.2%	12.0%	16.8%	20.9%	24.8%	28.4%						

\$1 16	5 \$20	\$25	4	-		Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
16		325	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50												
10																			
17																			
18																			
19																			
20																			
21							1.7%												
22						2.2%	6.8%												
23					2.6%	7.0%	10.5%												
24				3.0%	7.3%	10.7%	13.6%												
25			3.4%	7.5%	10.8%	13.8%	16.5%												
26		3.0%	7.4%	10.8%	13.7%	16.5%	19.0%												
27	- 1.4%	6.7%	10.4%	13.5%	16.3%	18.9%	21.4%												
28	4.8%	9.3%	12.7%	15.7%	18.5%	21.0%	23.5%												
29	6.9%	11.1%	14.5%	17.4%	20.2%	22.7%	25.2%												
30 0.8	% 7.9%	12.0%	15.3%	18.3%	21.0%	23.6%	26.1%												
	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 1.4% 28 4.8% 29 6.9%	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 1.4% 6.7% 28 4.8% 9.3% 29 6.9% 11.1%	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 3.4% 26 3.0% 7.4% 27 1.4% 6.7% 10.4% 28 4.8% 9.3% 12.7% 29 6.9% 11.1% 14.5%	18	18	18												

Farm Scenario #2: Summary

Figure 14 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #2 Options A – G for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is >\$30/GJ, percentage of required funding is also shown. Where required RNG sale price is <\$30/GJ, a bar representing +/- 5% is shown to account for price uncertainty. Only Farm Scenario #2 Option A doesn't require funding. This biogas plant requires \$25.46 - \$28.14/GJ. Farm Scenario #2 Options B – H require funding. Funding increases from 17% (for Option B) to 76% (for Option H). Figure 14 shows that only under the best circumstance (i.e., Option A - needing the least equipment) are 150 dairy cow farms co-digesting dairy manure and mixed food waste economically feasible in B.C. without funding.

Figure 14: Farm Scenario #2 - Required RNG Sale Price for 150 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste



7.3

Farm Scenario #3: 200 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste

Farm Scenario #3 is a 200 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy manure and mixed food waste. Farm Scenario #3 assumes the use of traditional on-farm biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volume and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #3 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	10,008	51%	3,229
Mixed food waste	ed food waste 9,616		46,730
Total	19,624	100%	49,959

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #3:

- Option A: No additional equipment;
- Option B: Mixed food waste cleaning equipment;
- Option C: RNG compression equipment;
- Option D: Nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option E: Mixed food waste cleaning and RNG compression equipment;
- Option F: Mixed food waste cleaning and nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option G: RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment; and
- Option H: Mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #3 Options A – H, see Appendix C.

Farm Scenario #3 - Option A: No Additional Equipment-

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$5.7 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$710,923/year. At an RNG sale price of \$22.66/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,474,199/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$763,276/year; equal to 107% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue			<u>Investment</u>				
Digester	\$2,207,625			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$22.66		Farm Investment				
Upgrader	\$2,399,600			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,185,205		Funding	g Amount =	\$0		
Nutrient Recovery	\$373,685			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$240,399		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%		
Other	\$745,891			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$48,595						
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$5,726,801</u>	<u>\$710,923</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	<u>\$1,474,199</u>	. <u>199</u>		ation =	2%		
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
Revenue (000s)	\$1,357	\$1,368	\$1,380	\$1,392	\$1,404	\$1,416	\$1,428	\$1,440	\$1,453	\$1,466		
OPEX (000s)	\$585	\$597	\$609	\$621	\$633	\$646	\$659	\$672	\$686	\$699		
Income (000s)	\$772	\$772	\$771	\$771	\$770	\$770	\$769	\$768	\$767	\$766		
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		
Revenue (000s)	\$1,478	\$1,491	\$1,504	\$1,517	\$1,531	\$1,544	\$1,558	\$1,571	\$1,585	\$1,599		
OPEX (000s)	\$713	\$728	\$742	\$757	\$772	\$788	\$803	\$819	\$836	\$853		
Income (000s)	\$765	\$764	\$762	\$760 \$759		\$757	\$754	\$752 \$749		\$747		

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

for inflation

\$763,276

Average Operating Income* =

[%] of OPEX 107%

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 80% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$22.66/GJ to <\$21/GJ and <\$19/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 15% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$22.66/GJ to >\$25/GJ and >\$26/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (4,808 instead of 9,616 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 2.7%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16								0.1%	1.5%	2.8%	4.0%	5.1%	6.2%	7.2%	8.1%
	\$17							0.1%	1.6%	2.9%	4.2%	5.4%	6.5%	7.5%	8.6%	9.5%
	\$18							1.5%	2.9%	4.3%	5.5%	6.7%	7.8%	8.8%	9.9%	10.9%
	\$19						1.3%	2.8%	4.2%	5.5%	6.7%	7.9%	9.0%	10.1%	11.1%	12.1%
	\$20					0.8%	2.5%	4.0%	5.4%	6.7%	7.9%	9.1%	10.2%	11.3%	12.4%	13.4%
G	\$21				0.2%	2.0%	3.6%	5.1%	6.5%	7.8%	9.0%	10.2%	11.4%	12.5%	13.5%	14.6%
\$/GJRNG	\$22				1.3%	3.1%	4.7%	6.2%	7.5%	8.8%	10.1%	11.3%	12.5%	13.6%	14.7%	15.8%
<u>_</u>	\$23			0.5%	2.4%	4.1%	5.7%	7.2%	8.6%	9.9%	11.1%	12.4%	13.5%	14.7%	15.8%	16.9%
\$	\$24			1.5%	3.4%	5.1%	6.7%	8.1%	9.5%	10.9%	12.1%	13.4%	14.6%	15.8%	16.9%	18.1%
	\$25		0.4%	2.5%	4.3%	6.0%	7.6%	9.1%	10.5%	11.8%	13.1%	14.4%	15.6%	16.8%	18.0%	19.2%
	\$26		1.2%	3.3%	5.1%	6.8%	8.4%	9.9%	11.3%	12.7%	14.1%	15.3%	16.6%	17.9%	19.1%	20.3%
	\$27		1.8%	3.9%	5.8%	7.5%	9.1%	10.7%	12.1%	13.5%	14.9%	16.2%	17.5%	18.8%	20.0%	21.3%
	\$28		2.3%	4.4%	6.3%	8.1%	9.7%	11.3%	12.8%	14.2%	15.6%	17.0%	18.3%	19.6%	20.9%	22.2%
	\$29	0.1%	2.5%	4.7%	6.6%	8.4%	10.1%	11.7%	13.2%	14.7%	16.2%	17.6%	18.9%	20.3%	21.6%	22.9%
	\$30	0.2%	2.7%	4.8%	6.8%	8.6%	10.3%	11.9%	13.5%	15.0%	16.4%	17.9%	19.3%	20.6%	22.0%	23.3%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 16% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$22.66/GJ to <\$21/GJ and <\$18/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$22.66/GJ to >\$25/GJ and >\$27/GJ respectively.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$0	\$ 5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50		
	\$16				1.1%	2.6%	4.0%	5.3%	6.5%	7.7%	8.8%	9.9%		
	\$17		-	1.2%	2.7%	4.1%	5.4%	6.6%	7.8%	8.9%	10.0%	11.0%		
	\$18		1.3%	2.8%	4.2%	5.5%	6.7%	7.8%	8.9%	10.0%	11.1%	12.1%		
	\$19	1.5%	2.9%	4.3%	5.5%	6.7%	7.9%	9.0%	10.1%	11.1%	12.2%	13.2%		
	\$20	3.0%	4.4%	5.6%	6.8%	8.0%	9.1%	10.1%	11.2%	12.2%	13.2%	14.2%		
₀	\$21	4.5%	5.7%	6.9%	8.0%	9.1%	10.2%	11.2%	12.3%	13.3%	14.2%	15.2%		
RNG	\$22	5.8%	7.0%	8.1%	9.2%	10.3%	11.3%	12.3%	13.3%	14.3%	15.2%	16.2%		
\$/6J	\$23	7.0%	8.2%	9.3%	10.3%	11.3%	12.4%	13.3%	14.3%	15.3%	16.2%	17.1%		
\$	\$24	8.2%	9.3%	10.4%	11.4%	12.4%	13.4%	14.4%	15.3%	16.2%	17.2%	18.1%		
	\$25	9.4%	10.4%	11.5%	12.5%	13.4%	14.4%	15.3%	16.3%	17.2%	18.1%	19.0%		
	\$26	10.4%	11.4%	12.4%	13.4%	14.4%	15.3%	16.3%	17.2%	18.1%	19.0%	19.9%		
	\$27	11.3%	12.3%	13.3%	14.3%	15.3%	16.2%	17.2%	18.1%	19.0%	19.9%	20.8%		
	\$28	12.1%	13.1%	14.1%	15.1%	16.0%	17.0%	17.9%	18.8%	19.8%	20.7%	21.6%		
	\$29	12.6%	13.6%	14.6%	15.6%	16.6%	17.6%	18.5%	19.4%	20.4%	21.3%	22.2%		
	\$30	12.9%	13.9%	14.9%	15.9%	16.9%	17.9%	18.8%	19.7%	20.7%	21.6%	22.5%		

Farm Scenario #3 - Option B: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.6 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$792,765/year. At an RNG sale price of \$26.50/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,656,824/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$864,059/year; equal to 109% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,934,750			RNG/	'GJ [†] =	\$26.50		Farm In	vestment =	\$6,562,813
Upgrader	\$2,399,600			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,367,830		Fundin	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recovery	\$373,685			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$240,399		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$854,778			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$48,595				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$6,562,813</u>	<u>\$792,765</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	<u>\$1,656,824</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,539	\$1,553	\$1,566	\$1,580	\$1,594	\$1,608	\$1,622	\$1,636	\$1,650	\$1,665
OPEX (000s)	\$653	\$666	\$679	\$692	\$706	\$720	\$735	\$750	\$765	\$780
Income (000s)	\$887	\$887	\$887	\$887	\$887	\$887	\$887	\$886	\$886	\$885
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,680	\$1,695	\$1,710	\$1,717	\$1,718	\$1,719	\$1,720	\$1,721	\$1,722	\$1,724
OPEX (000s)	\$795	\$811	\$828	\$844	\$861	\$878	\$896	\$914	\$932	\$951
Income (000s)	\$884	\$883	\$882	\$873	\$857	\$841	\$824	\$808	\$790	\$773

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR = 12%

% of OPEX	109%
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Average Operating Income* = \$864,059

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$26.50/GJ to \$24/GJ and \$22/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is only 5% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$26.50/GJ to \$28/GJ. Furthermore, if only 60% of estimated mixed food waste is available (5,770 instead of 9,616 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 40% lower. If RNG production is 40% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 0.8%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

					Ch	ange in RI	NG Produc	ction Amo	unt					
		-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16									0.1%	1.4%	2.5%	3.6%	4.6%
	\$17									1.7%	2.8%	3.9%	5.0%	6.0%
	\$18							0.5%	1.8%	3.0%	4.2%	5.3%	6.3%	7.3%
	\$19						0.4%	1.8%	3.1%	4.3%	5.4%	6.5%	7.5%	8.5%
	\$20					0.1%	1.7%	3.0%	4.3%	5.5%	6.6%	7.7%	8.7%	9.7%
ن	\$21					1.4%	2.8%	4.2%	5.4%	6.6%	7.8%	8.8%	9.9%	10.9%
RNG	\$22				0.9%	2.5%	3.9%	5.3%	6.5%	7.7%	8.8%	9.9%	11.0%	12.0%
\$/e	\$23			0.3%	2.0%	3.6%	5.0%	6.3%	7.5%	8.7%	9.9%	11.0%	12.1%	13.1%
\$	\$24			1.4%	3.0%	4.6%	6.0%	7.3%	8.5%	9.7%	10.9%	12.0%	13.1%	14.2%
	\$25		0.5%	2.4%	4.0%	5.5%	6.9%	8.2%	9.5%	10.7%	11.9%	13.0%	14.1%	15.2%
	\$26		1.4%	3.2%	4.8%	6.3%	7.7%	9.1%	10.3%	11.6%	12.8%	13.9%	15.1%	16.2%
	\$27		2.0%	3.8%	5.5%	7.0%	8.4%	9.8%	11.1%	12.4%	13.6%	14.8%	15.9%	17.1%
	\$28	0.4%	2.5%	4.3%	6.0%	7.5%	9.0%	10.4%	11.7%	13.0%	14.3%	15.5%	16.7%	17.9%
	\$29	0.6%	2.8%	4.6%	6.3%	7.9%	9.4%	10.8%	12.2%	13.5%	14.8%	16.1%	17.3%	18.5%
	\$30	0.8%	2.9%	4.8%	6.5%	8.1%	9.6%	11.0%	12.4%	13.7%	15.1%	16.3%	17.6%	18.8%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 15% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$26.50/GJ to <\$25/GJ and <\$22/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$15/tonne or \$5/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.9% and 10.0% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Foo	d Waste Tip	Fee (\$/Tor	ine)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16						0.1%	1.6%	2.8%	4.1%	5.2%	6.3%
	\$17					0.3%	1.7%	2.9%	4.1%	5.3%	6.4%	7.4%
	\$18				0.4%	1.8%	3.0%	4.2%	5.4%	6.4%	7.5%	8.5%
	\$19			0.5%	1.9%	3.1%	4.3%	5.4%	6.5%	7.5%	8.5%	9.5%
	\$20		0.6%	2.0%	3.2%	4.4%	5.5%	6.6%	7.6%	8.6%	9.5%	10.5%
ى ق	\$21	0.8%	2.1%	3.3%	4.5%	5.6%	6.6%	7.6%	8.6%	9.6%	10.5%	11.4%
RNG	\$22	2.2%	3.4%	4.6%	5.6%	6.7%	7.7%	8.7%	9.6%	10.6%	11.5%	12.3%
\$/פוו	\$23	3.5%	4.6%	5.7%	6.8%	7.8%	8.7%	9.7%	10.6%	11.5%	12.4%	13.3%
\$	\$24	4.7%	5.8%	6.8%	7.8%	8.8%	9.7%	10.7%	11.5%	12.4%	13.3%	14.1%
	\$25	5.9%	6.9%	7.9%	8.8%	9.8%	10.7%	11.6%	12.5%	13.3%	14.2%	15.0%
	\$26	6.9%	7.9%	8.8%	9.8%	10.7%	11.6%	12.5%	13.3%	14.2%	15.0%	15.8%
	\$27	7.7%	8.7%	9.6%	10.6%	11.5%	12.4%	13.2%	14.1%	14.9%	15.8%	16.6%
	\$28	8.4%	9.3%	10.3%	11.2%	12.1%	13.0%	13.9%	14.8%	15.6%	16.4%	17.3%
	\$29	8.8%	9.8%	10.8%	11.7%	12.6%	13.5%	14.4%	15.3%	16.1%	17.0%	17.8%
	\$30	9.0%	10.0%	11.0%	11.9%	12.8%	13.7%	14.6%	15.5%	16.4%	17.2%	18.0%

Farm Scenario #3 - Option C: RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.6 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$913,803/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,713,849/year. This biogas plant requires \$0.1 million funding (2% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$800,046/year; equal to 88% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option C: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,207,625			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm In	\$6,421,540	
Upgrader	\$3,095,052			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,424,855		Fundin	g Amount =	\$104,856
Nutrient Recovery	\$373,685			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$240,399		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	2%
Other	\$850,035			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$48,595				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$6,526,397</u>	<u>\$913,803</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	<u>\$1,713,849</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,705	\$1,706	\$1,707	\$1,708	\$1,709	\$1,709	\$1,710	\$1,711	\$1,712	\$1,713
OPEX (000s)	\$752	\$767	\$783	\$798	\$814	\$830	\$847	\$864	\$881	\$899
Income (000s)	\$953	\$939	\$924	\$909	\$894	\$879	\$863	\$847	\$831	\$814
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,714	\$1,715	\$1,716	\$1,717	\$1,718	\$1,719	\$1,720	\$1,721	\$1,722	\$1,724
OPEX (000s)	\$917	\$935	\$954	\$973	\$992	\$1,012	\$1,033	\$1,053	\$1,074	\$1,096
Income (000s)	\$797	\$780	\$762	\$744	\$726	\$707	\$688	\$668	\$648	\$628

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR = 12%	Average Operating Income* =	\$800,046		% of OPEX
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^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

88%

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 2% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 2% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.5% and 9.0% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 2% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 2% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.0% and 10.0% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%						
	\$16						0.5%	1.7%						
	\$17		-	-	-	1.0%	2.3%	3.4%						
	\$18				1.3%	2.6%	3.8%	5.0%						
	\$19			1.4%	2.8%	4.1%	5.3%	6.4%						
	\$20		1.4%	2.9%	4.2%	5.4%	6.6%	7.7%						
G	\$21	1.3%	2.8%	4.2%	5.5%	6.7%	7.9%	9.0%						
RNG	\$22	2.6%	4.1%	5.4%	6.7%	7.9%	9.1%	10.2%						
\$/GJ	\$23	3.8%	5.3%	6.6%	7.9%	9.1%	10.3%	11.4%						
\$	\$24	5.0%	6.4%	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%	11.4%	12.5%						
	\$25	6.0%	7.4%	8.8%	10.1%	11.3%	12.5%	13.6%						
	\$26	7.0%	8.4%	9.7%	11.0%	12.3%	13.5%	14.6%						
	\$27	7.7%	9.2%	10.6%	11.9%	13.1%	14.4%	15.6%						
	\$28	8.4%	9.8%	11.2%	12.6%	13.9%	15.2%	16.4%						
	\$29	8.8%	10.3%	11.7%	13.1%	14.5%	15.8%	17.0%						
	\$30	9.0%	10.5%	12.0%	13.4%	14.7%	16.0%	17.3%						

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50					
	\$16						1.1%	2.5%	3.8%					
	\$17					1.2%	2.6%	3.9%	5.1%					
	\$18				1.3%	2.7%	3.9%	5.1%	6.3%					
	\$19		0.0%	1.4%	2.8%	4.0%	5.2%	6.3%	7.4%					
	\$20	0.1%	1.6%	2.9%	4.1%	5.3%	6.4%	7.5%	8.5%					
G	\$21	1.7%	3.0%	4.2%	5.4%	6.5%	7.5%	8.6%	9.5%					
RNG	\$22	3.1%	4.3%	5.4%	6.5%	7.6%	8.6%	9.6%	10.5%					
\$/6J	\$23	4.4%	5.5%	6.6%	7.7%	8.7%	9.6%	10.6%	11.5%					
\$	\$24	5.6%	6.7%	7.7%	8.7%	9.7%	10.7%	11.6%	12.5%					
	\$25	6.7%	7.8%	8.8%	9.8%	10.7%	11.6%	12.5%	13.4%					
	\$26	7.8%	8.8%	9.7%	10.7%	11.6%	12.5%	13.4%	14.3%					
	\$27	8.6%	9.6%	10.6%	11.5%	12.4%	13.3%	14.2%	15.1%					
	\$28	9.3%	10.3%	11.2%	12.2%	13.1%	14.0%	14.9%	15.8%					
	\$29	9.8%	10.8%	11.7%	12.7%	13.6%	14.5%	15.4%	16.3%					
	\$30	10.0%	11.0%	12.0%	12.9%	13.8%	14.8%	15.7%	16.5%					

Farm Scenario #3 - Option D: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.8 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$969,184/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,713,849/year. This biogas plant requires \$0.8 million funding (11% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$744,665/year; equal to 77% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option D: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,438,625			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm In	\$6,007,167	
Upgrader	\$2,399,600			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,424,855		Fundin	g Amount =	\$761,308
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,048,685			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$240,399		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	11%
Other	\$881,565			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$48,595				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$6,768,475</u>	<u>\$969,184</u>		<u>Tot</u>	:al =	<u>\$1,713,849</u>		Infl	lation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,705	\$1,706	\$1,707	\$1,708	\$1,709	\$1,709	\$1,710	\$1,711	\$1,712	\$1,713
OPEX (000s)	\$798	\$814	\$830	\$847	\$864	\$881	\$898	\$916	\$935	\$953
Income (000s)	\$907	\$892	\$877	\$861	\$845	\$829	\$812	\$795	\$777	\$760
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,714	\$1,715	\$1,716	\$1,717	\$1,718	\$1,719	\$1,720	\$1,721	\$1,722	\$1,724
OPEX (000s)	\$972	\$992	\$1,012	\$1,032	\$1,053	\$1,074	\$1,095	\$1,117	\$1,139	\$1,162
Income (000s)	\$742	\$723	\$704	\$685	\$665	\$645	\$625	\$604	\$583	\$561

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%	Average Operating Income* =
		-

% of OPEX	77%
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\$744,665

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 11% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 11% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.5% and 8.8% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 11% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 11% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.0% and 9.9% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option D: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

		Cł	nange in	RNG Pro	duction .	Amount		
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16							0.8%
	\$17			-			1.4%	2.7%
	\$18				0.3%	1.8%	3.2%	4.4%
	\$19			0.4%	2.0%	3.4%	4.8%	6.0%
	\$20	-1.4%	0.4%	2.1%	3.6%	5.0%	6.2%	7.5%
G	\$21	0.3%	2.0%	3.6%	5.0%	6.4%	7.6%	8.8%
RNG	\$22	1.8%	3.4%	5.0%	6.4%	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%
\$/ G J	\$23	3.2%	4.8%	6.2%	7.6%	9.0%	10.2%	11.4%
\$	\$24	4.4%	6.0%	7.5%	8.8%	10.2%	11.4%	12.6%
	\$25	5.6%	7.2%	8.6%	10.0%	11.3%	12.6%	13.8%
	\$26	6.6%	8.2%	9.6%	11.0%	12.4%	13.7%	14.9%
	\$27	7.5%	9.0%	10.5%	11.9%	13.3%	14.6%	15.9%
	\$28	8.2%	9.8%	11.3%	12.7%	14.1%	15.5%	16.8%
	\$29	8.6%	10.3%	11.8%	13.3%	14.7%	16.1%	17.5%
	\$30	8.8%	10.5%	12.0%	13.6%	15.0%	16.4%	17.8%

			Mixed	Food Wa	ste Tip F	ee (\$/To	nne)		
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16							1.6%	3.1%
	\$17					0.2%	1.7%	3.2%	4.5%
	\$18				0.3%	1.9%	3.3%	4.6%	5.9%
	\$19			0.4%	2.0%	3.4%	4.7%	5.9%	7.1%
	\$20	-1.1%	0.6%	2.1%	3.5%	4.8%	6.0%	7.2%	8.3%
_o	\$21	0.7%	2.2%	3.6%	4.9%	6.1%	7.2%	8.4%	9.4%
RNG	\$22	2.3%	3.7%	5.0%	6.2%	7.3%	8.4%	9.5%	10.5%
\$/GJ	\$23	3.8%	5.1%	6.2%	7.4%	8.5%	9.5%	10.6%	11.6%
\$	\$24	5.1%	6.3%	7.5%	8.6%	9.6%	10.6%	11.6%	12.6%
	\$25	6.4%	7.5%	8.6%	9.7%	10.7%	11.7%	12.6%	13.6%
	\$26	7.5%	8.6%	9.6%	10.7%	11.7%	12.6%	13.6%	14.5%
	\$27	8.4%	9.5%	10.5%	11.5%	12.5%	13.5%	14.4%	15.4%
	\$28	9.2%	10.2%	11.3%	12.3%	13.3%	14.2%	15.2%	16.1%
	\$29	9.7%	10.8%	11.8%	12.8%	13.8%	14.8%	15.7%	16.7%
	\$30	9.9%	11.0%	12.0%	13.1%	14.1%	15.0%	16.0%	17.0%

Farm Scenario #3 - Option E: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$7.4 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$995,645/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,713,849/year. This biogas plant requires \$1.5 million funding (21% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$718,204/year; equal to 72% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option E: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>.</u>
Digester	\$2,934,750			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm Investment =		\$5,850,406
Upgrader	\$3,095,052			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,424,855		Funding	g Amount =	\$1,512,003
Nutrient Recovery	\$373,685			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$240,399		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	21%
Other	\$958,922			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$48,595				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$7,362,409</u>	<u>\$995,645</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$1,713,849</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,705	\$1,706	\$1,707	\$1,708	\$1,709	\$1,709	\$1,710	\$1,711	\$1,712	\$1,713
OPEX (000s)	\$820	\$836	\$853	\$870	\$887	\$905	\$923	\$941	\$960	\$979
Income (000s)	\$886	\$870	\$854	\$838	\$821	\$805	\$787	\$770	\$752	\$734
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,714	\$1,715	\$1,716	\$1,717	\$1,718	\$1,719	\$1,720	\$1,721	\$1,722	\$1,724
OPEX (000s)	\$999	\$1,019	\$1,039	\$1,060	\$1,081	\$1,103	\$1,125	\$1,148	\$1,171	\$1,194
Income (000s)	\$715	\$696	\$677	\$657	\$637	\$616	\$595	\$574	\$552	\$530

Average Operating Income* =

\$718,204

* Averaged over twenty years to account
for inflation

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

72%

% of OPEX

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 21% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 21% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.3% and 8.6% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 21% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 21% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.9% and 9.8% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option E: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%						
	\$16							0.2%						
	\$17						0.8%	2.2%						
	\$18					1.2%	2.7%	4.1%						
	\$19				1.5%	3.0%	4.4%	5.7%						
	\$20			1.6%	3.2%	4.6%	6.0%	7.2%						
G	\$21		1.5%	3.2%	4.7%	6.1%	7.4%	8.7%						
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	1.2%	3.0%	4.6%	6.1%	7.5%	8.8%	10.0%						
<u>@</u>	\$23	2.7%	4.4%	6.0%	7.4%	8.8%	10.1%	11.3%						
\$	\$24	4.1%	5.7%	7.2%	8.7%	10.0%	11.3%	12.6%						
	\$25	5.3%	6.9%	8.4%	9.8%	11.2%	12.5%	13.8%						
	\$26	6.4%	8.0%	9.5%	10.9%	12.3%	13.6%	14.9%						
	\$27	7.2%	8.9%	10.4%	11.9%	13.3%	14.6%	16.0%						
	\$28	7.9%	9.6%	11.2%	12.7%	14.1%	15.5%	16.9%						
	\$29	8.4%	10.1%	11.7%	13.2%	14.7%	16.2%	17.6%						
	\$30	8.6%	10.3%	12.0%	13.5%	15.0%	16.5%	17.9%						

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50					
	\$16			-8.6%	-5.2%	-2.7%	-0.7%	1.1%	2.6%					
	\$17			-4.9%	-2.5%	-0.5%	1.2%	2.7%	4.1%					
	\$18			-2.3%	-0.4%	1.3%	2.8%	4.2%	5.5%					
	\$19			-0.2%	1.5%	2.9%	4.3%	5.6%	6.8%					
	\$20		0.0%	1.6%	3.1%	4.4%	5.7%	6.9%	8.1%					
9	\$21	0.1%	1.7%	3.2%	4.5%	5.8%	7.0%	8.2%	9.3%					
RNG	\$22	1.8%	3.3%	4.6%	5.9%	7.1%	8.2%	9.3%	10.4%					
\$/GJ	\$23	3.4%	4.7%	6.0%	7.1%	8.3%	9.4%	10.4%	11.5%					
\$	\$24	4.8%	6.0%	7.2%	8.4%	9.4%	10.5%	11.5%	12.5%					
	\$25	6.1%	7.3%	8.4%	9.5%	10.6%	11.6%	12.6%	13.6%					
	\$26	7.3%	8.4%	9.5%	10.5%	11.6%	12.6%	13.6%	14.5%					
	\$27	8.2%	9.3%	10.4%	11.4%	12.5%	13.5%	14.4%	15.4%					
	\$28	9.0%	10.1%	11.2%	12.2%	13.2%	14.2%	15.2%	16.2%					
	\$29	9.5%	10.6%	11.7%	12.8%	13.8%	14.8%	15.8%	16.7%					
	\$30	9.8%	10.9%	12.0%	13.0%	14.1%	15.1%	16.1%	17.0%					
	\$27 \$28 \$29	8.2% 9.0% 9.5%	9.3% 10.1% 10.6%	10.4% 11.2% 11.7%	11.4% 12.2% 12.8%	12.5% 13.2% 13.8%	13.5% 14.2% 14.8%	14.4% 15.2% 15.8%	15.4% 16.2% 16.7%					

Farm Scenario #3 - Option F: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$7.6 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,051,026/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,713,849/year. This biogas plant requires \$2.2 million funding (28% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$662,823/year; equal to 63% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option F: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$3,165,750			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm Investment =		\$5,442,409
Upgrader	\$2,399,600			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,424,855		Funding	g Amount =	\$2,162,078
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,048,685			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$240,399		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	28%
Other	\$990,452			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$48,595				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$7,604,487</u>	\$1,051,02 <u>6</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$1,713,849</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,705	\$1,706	\$1,707	\$1,708	\$1,709	\$1,709	\$1,710	\$1,711	\$1,712	\$1,713
OPEX (000s)	\$865	\$882	\$900	\$918	\$936	\$955	\$974	\$994	\$1,014	\$1,034
Income (000s)	\$840	\$824	\$807	\$790	\$772	\$754	\$736	\$717	\$698	\$679
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,714	\$1,715	\$1,716	\$1,717	\$1,718	\$1,719	\$1,720	\$1,721	\$1,722	\$1,724
OPEX (000s)	\$1,055	\$1,076	\$1,097	\$1,119	\$1,142	\$1,164	\$1,188	\$1,211	\$1,236	\$1,260
Income (000s)	\$659	\$639	\$619	\$598	\$577	\$555	\$533	\$510	\$487	\$463

Average Operating Income* =

\$662,823

% of OPEX

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

63%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 28% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 28% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.3% and 8.4% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 28% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 28% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.9% and 9.6% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option F: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%						
	\$16													
	\$17							1.2%						
	\$18					0.0%	1.8%	3.3%						
	\$19				0.4%	2.1%	3.7%	5.2%						
	\$20			0.5%	2.3%	4.0%	5.5%	6.9%						
G	\$21		0.4%	2.3%	4.0%	5.6%	7.1%	8.4%						
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	0.0%	2.1%	4.0%	5.6%	7.1%	8.6%	9.9%						
<u>ق</u>	\$23	1.8%	3.7%	5.5%	7.1%	8.6%	10.0%	11.3%						
\$	\$24	3.3%	5.2%	6.9%	8.4%	9.9%	11.3%	12.7%						
	\$25	4.7%	6.5%	8.2%	9.7%	11.2%	12.6%	14.0%						
	\$26	5.9%	7.7%	9.3%	10.9%	12.4%	13.8%	15.2%						
	\$27	6.9%	8.7%	10.3%	11.9%	13.4%	14.9%	16.3%						
	\$28	7.6%	9.5%	11.2%	12.8%	14.3%	15.9%	17.3%						
	\$29	8.2%	10.0%	11.8%	13.4%	15.0%	16.6%	18.1%						
	\$30	8.4%	10.3%	12.0%	13.7%	15.4%	16.9%	18.5%						

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50					
	\$16								1.6%					
	\$17							1.8%	3.4%					
	\$18					0.1%	1.9%	3.5%	5.0%					
	\$19				0.3%	2.0%	3.6%	5.1%	6.4%					
	\$20			0.5%	2.2%	3.7%	5.2%	6.5%	7.8%					
G	\$21		0.6%	2.3%	3.8%	5.3%	6.6%	7.9%	9.1%					
RNG	\$22	0.8%	2.4%	4.0%	5.4%	6.7%	8.0%	9.2%	10.3%					
\$/6J	\$23	2.6%	4.1%	5.5%	6.8%	8.0%	9.2%	10.4%	11.5%					
\$	\$24	4.2%	5.6%	6.9%	8.1%	9.3%	10.5%	11.6%	12.7%					
	\$25	5.6%	6.9%	8.2%	9.4%	10.5%	11.6%	12.7%	13.8%					
	\$26	6.9%	8.1%	9.3%	10.5%	11.6%	12.7%	13.8%	14.8%					
	\$27	7.9%	9.2%	10.3%	11.5%	12.6%	13.7%	14.7%	15.7%					
	\$28	8.8%	10.0%	11.2%	12.3%	13.4%	14.5%	15.5%	16.6%					
	\$29	9.4%	10.6%	11.8%	12.9%	14.0%	15.1%	16.2%	17.2%					
	\$30	9.6%	10.9%	12.0%	13.2%	14.3%	15.4%	16.5%	17.5%					

Farm Scenario #3 - Option G: RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

12%

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$7.6 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,172,064/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,713,849/year. This biogas plant requires \$2.9 million funding (39% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$541,785/year; equal to 46% of operating costs. Operating income may or may not be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (e.g., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option G: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,438,625			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00	Farm Investment =		vestment =	\$4,619,910
Upgrader	\$3,095,052			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,424,855		Funding	g Amount =	\$2,948,161
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,048,685			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$240,399		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	39%
Other	\$985,709			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$48,595				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$7,568,070</u>	<u>\$1,172,064</u>		Total = \$1,713,849			Inflation =		2%	
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,705	\$1,706	\$1,707	\$1,708	\$1,709	\$1,709	\$1,710	\$1,711	\$1,712	\$1,713
OPEX (000s)	\$965	\$984	\$1,004	\$1,024	\$1,044	\$1,065	\$1,086	\$1,108	\$1,130	\$1,153
Income (000s)	\$740	\$722	\$703	\$684	\$664	\$644	\$624	\$603	\$582	\$560
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,714	\$1,715	\$1,716	\$1,717	\$1,718	\$1,719	\$1,720	\$1,721	\$1,722	\$1,724
OPEX (000s)	\$1,176	\$1,200	\$1,224	\$1,248	\$1,273	\$1,298	\$1,324	\$1,351	\$1,378	\$1,405
Income (000s)	\$538	\$515	\$492	\$469	\$445	\$421	\$396	\$370	\$344	\$318

Average Operating Income* =

\$541,785

% of OPEX

* Averaged over twenty years to account
for inflation

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

46%

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 39% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 39% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.8% and 7.4% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 39% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 39% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.5% and 9.0% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option G: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

		Ch	ange in	RNG Pro	oduction	Amount	t	
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16							
	\$17							
	\$18							0.7%
	\$19						1.3%	3.3%
	\$20					1.7%	3.7%	5.6%
9	\$21				1.8%	3.9%	5.8%	7.6%
\$/GJ RNG	\$22			1.7%	3.9%	5.9%	7.7%	9.4%
(GJ	\$23		1.3%	3.7%	5.8%	7.7%	9.5%	11.1%
\$	\$24	0.7%	3.3%	5.6%	7.6%	9.4%	11.1%	12.8%
	\$25	2.7%	5.1%	7.2%	9.2%	11.0%	12.7%	14.3%
	\$26	4.3%	6.6%	8.7%	10.6%	12.4%	14.1%	15.8%
	\$27	5.5%	7.8%	9.9%	11.8%	13.7%	15.4%	17.1%
	\$28	6.5%	8.8%	10.9%	12.9%	14.8%	16.5%	18.3%
	\$29	7.1%	9.5%	11.6%	13.6%	15.6%	17.4%	19.2%
	\$30	7.4%	9.8%	12.0%	14.0%	16.0%	17.8%	19.7%

			Mixed	Food Wa	aste Tip I	ee (\$/Tc	onne)		
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16								
	\$17								0.7%
	\$18							0.9%	3.0%
	\$19						1.1%	3.2%	5.0%
	\$20					1.3%	3.3%	5.1%	6.7%
RNG	\$21				1.5%	3.5%	5.2%	6.9%	8.4%
	\$22		-	1.7%	3.6%	5.3%	7.0%	8.5%	9.9%
ſ9/\$	\$23		1.8%	3.7%	5.5%	7.1%	8.5%	10.0%	11.3%
\$	\$24	2.0%	3.9%	5.6%	7.1%	8.6%	10.0%	11.4%	12.7%
	\$25	4.0%	5.7%	7.2%	8.7%	10.1%	11.5%	12.8%	14.0%
	\$26	5.6%	7.2%	8.7%	10.1%	11.5%	12.8%	14.0%	15.3%
	\$27	6.9%	8.4%	9.9%	11.3%	12.6%	13.9%	15.2%	16.4%
	\$28	7.9%	9.5%	10.9%	12.3%	13.6%	14.9%	16.2%	17.4%
	\$29	8.6%	10.2%	11.6%	13.0%	14.4%	15.7%	16.9%	18.1%
	\$30	9.0%	10.5%	12.0%	13.4%	14.7%	16.0%	17.3%	18.5%

Farm Scenario #3 - Option H: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning, RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$8.4 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,253,906/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,713,849/year. This biogas plant requires \$4.4 million funding (52% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$459,943/year; equal to 37% of operating costs. Operating income may or may not be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (e.g., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option H: Economic Assessment

•										
	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$3,165,750			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm In	vestment =	\$4,045,200
Upgrader	\$3,095,052			Avg RNG Sales/Yr =		\$1,424,855		Funding Amount =		\$4,358,882
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,048,685			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$240,399		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	52%
Other	\$1,094,596			Bedding Savings/Yr* = \$48,595		\$48,595				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$8,404,082</u>	<u>\$1,253,906</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$1,713,849</u>		Inflation =		2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,705	\$1,706	\$1,707	\$1,708	\$1,709	\$1,709	\$1,710	\$1,711	\$1,712	\$1,713
OPEX (000s)	\$1,032	\$1,053	\$1,074	\$1,095	\$1,117	\$1,140	\$1,162	\$1,186	\$1,209	\$1,233
Income (000s)	\$673	\$653	\$633	\$612	\$591	\$570	\$548	\$526	\$503	\$480
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,714	\$1,715	\$1,716	\$1,717	\$1,718	\$1,719	\$1,720	\$1,721	\$1,722	\$1,724
OPEX (000s)	\$1,258	\$1,283	\$1,309	\$1,335	\$1,362	\$1,389	\$1,417	\$1,445	\$1,474	\$1,504
Income (000s)	\$456	\$432	\$407	\$382	\$356	\$330	\$303	\$276	\$248	\$220

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%
* Averaged over twenty years to a	account

for inflation

Average Operating Income* = \$459,943

% of OPEX 37%

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 52% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 52% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.4% and 6.4% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 52% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 52% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.3% and 8.4% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option H: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

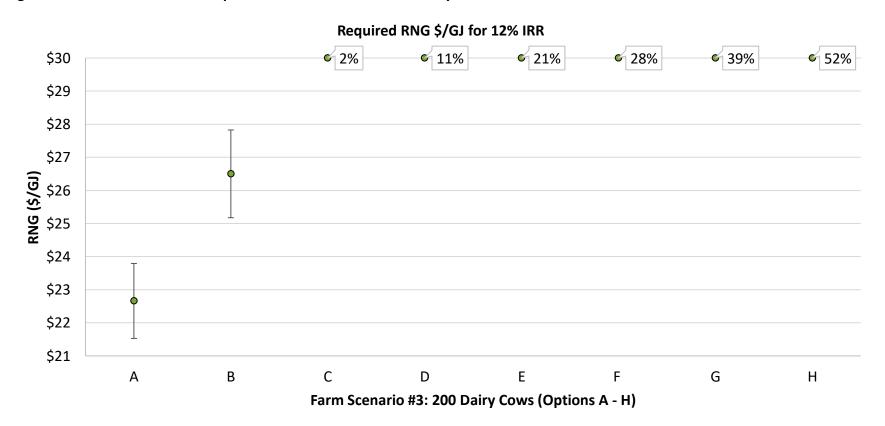
	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%						
	\$16													
	\$17													
	\$18													
	\$19							1.4%						
	\$20					-1.0%	1.9%	4.3%						
G	\$21					2.2%	4.6%	6.8%						
\$/GJ RNG	\$22				2.2%	4.7%	7.0%	9.0%						
<u>ق</u>	\$23		1.9%		4.6%	7.0%	9.1%	11.0%						
\$	\$24		1.4%	4.3%	6.8%	9.0%	11.0%	12.9%						
	\$25	0.5%	3.7%	6.4%	8.7%	10.8%	12.8%	14.7%						
	\$26	2.6%	5.6%	8.1%	10.4%	12.5%	14.5%	16.4%						
	\$27	4.1%	7.0%	9.5%	11.8%	14.0%	16.0%	17.9%						
	\$28	5.3%	8.2%	10.7%	13.1%	15.2%	17.3%	19.3%						
	\$29	6.1%	9.0%	11.6%	14.0%	16.2%	18.3%	20.3%						
	\$30	6.4%	9.4%	12.0%	14.4%	16.7%	18.8%	20.9%						

			Mixed	Food Wa	aste Tip I	Fee (\$/To	onne)		
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16								
	\$17								
	\$18								0.9%
	\$19							1.1%	3.5%
	\$20						1.3%	3.7%	5.7%
G	\$21					1.5%	3.8%	5.9%	7.7%
RNG	\$22				1.7%	4.0%	6.0%	7.8%	9.5%
\$/dJ	\$23			1.9%	4.1%	6.1%	7.9%	9.6%	11.2%
\$	\$24		2.1%	4.3%	6.3%	8.1%	9.7%	11.3%	12.9%
	\$25	2.3%	4.4%	6.4%	8.2%	9.8%	11.4%	12.9%	14.4%
	\$26	4.3%	6.3%	8.1%	9.8%	11.4%	12.9%	14.4%	15.8%
	\$27	5.9%	7.8%	9.5%	11.2%	12.8%	14.2%	15.7%	17.1%
	\$28	7.2%	9.0%	10.7%	12.4%	13.9%	15.4%	16.8%	18.3%
	\$29	8.0%	9.9%	11.6%	13.2%	14.8%	16.3%	17.7%	19.1%
	\$30	8.4%	10.3%	12.0%	13.6%	15.2%	16.7%	18.2%	19.6%
		-	_	_		_	_	_	-

Farm Scenario #3: Summary

Figure 15 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #3 Options A – G for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is >\$30/GJ, percentage of required funding is shown. Where required RNG sale price is <\$30/GJ, a bar representing +/- 5% is shown to account for price uncertainty. Only Farm Scenario #3 Options A and B don't require funding. These biogas plants require \$21.53 - \$23.79/GJ and \$25.18 - \$27.83/GJ respectively. Farm Scenario #3 Options C – H require funding. Funding increases from 2% (for Option C) to 52% (for Option H). Figure 15 shows that only under the best circumstances (i.e., Option A - needing the least equipment, or Option B – only needing mixed food waste cleaning equipment) are 200 dairy cow farms co-digesting dairy manure and mixed food waste economically feasible in B.C. without funding.

Figure 15: Farm Scenario #3 - Required RNG Sale Price for 200 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste



7.4

Farm Scenario #4: 300 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste

Farm Scenario #4 is a 300 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy manure and mixed food waste. Farm Scenario #4 assumes the use of traditional on-farm biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volume and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #4 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	15,012	51%	4,844
Mixed food waste	14,424	49%	70,095
Total	29,436	100%	74,939

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #4:

- Option A: No additional equipment;
- Option B: Mixed food waste cleaning equipment;
- Option C: RNG compression equipment;
- Option D: Nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option E: Mixed food waste cleaning and RNG compression equipment;
- Option F: Mixed food waste cleaning and nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option G: RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment; and
- Option H: Mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #4 Options A – H, see Appendix D.

Farm Scenario #4 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.6 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$872,933/year. At an RNG sale price of \$16.86/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,756,160/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$883,227/year; equal to 101% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue			<u>Investment</u>			
Digester	\$2,590,875			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$16.86		Farm In	\$6,645,002		
Upgrader	\$2,681,500			Avg RNG Sales/Yr =		\$1,322,669		Funding	g Amount =	\$0	
Nutrient Recovery	\$507,144			Tip Fee/Yr = \$36		\$360,599		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%	
Other	\$865,483			Bedding Savings/Yr = \$72,892							
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$6,645,002</u>	<u>\$872,933</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	<u>\$1,756,160</u>		Inflation =		2%	
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Revenue (000s)	\$1,622	\$1,635	\$1,648	\$1,662	\$1,676	\$1,689	\$1,703	\$1,718	\$1,732	\$1,746	
OPEX (000s)	\$719	\$733	\$748	\$763	\$778	\$793	\$809	\$825	\$842	\$859	
Income (000s)	\$903	\$902	\$901	\$899	\$898	\$896	\$894	\$892	\$890	\$888	
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
Revenue (000s)	\$1,761	\$1,776	\$1,790	\$1,806	\$1,821	\$1,836	\$1,852	\$1,867	\$1,883	\$1,899	
OPEX (000s)	\$876	\$893	\$911	\$930	\$948	\$967	\$986	\$1,006	\$1,026	\$1,047	
Income (000s)	\$885	\$882	\$879	\$876	\$873	\$869	\$865	\$861	\$857	\$853	

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%
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Average Operating Income* =	\$883,227

% of OPEX	101%
/	

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†]Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 75% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$16.86/GJ to <\$16/GJ. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$16.86/GJ to >\$18/GJ and >\$21/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (7,212 instead of 14,424 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

						Ch	ange in F	RNG Prod	uction A	mount						
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16				1.3%	3.0%	4.5%	5.9%	7.2%	8.5%	9.7%	10.8%	11.9%	13.0%	14.1%	15.1%
	\$17			0.9%	2.7%	4.3%	5.8%	7.2%	8.6%	9.8%	11.0%	12.2%	13.4%	14.5%	15.6%	16.6%
	\$18		0.1%	2.2%	3.9%	5.6%	7.1%	8.5%	9.8%	11.1%	12.4%	13.6%	14.7%	15.9%	17.0%	18.1%
	\$19		1.4%	3.4%	5.1%	6.7%	8.3%	9.7%	11.0%	12.4%	13.6%	14.9%	16.1%	17.3%	18.4%	19.6%
	\$20	0.4%	2.6%	4.5%	6.2%	7.9%	9.4%	10.8%	12.2%	13.6%	14.9%	16.1%	17.4%	18.6%	19.8%	21.0%
_O	\$21	1.5%	3.7%	5.6%	7.3%	8.9%	10.5%	11.9%	13.4%	14.7%	16.1%	17.4%	18.7%	19.9%	21.2%	22.4%
RNG	\$22	2.6%	4.7%	6.6%	8.3%	10.0%	11.5%	13.0%	14.5%	15.9%	17.3%	18.6%	19.9%	21.2%	22.5%	23.8%
\$/GJ	\$23	3.6%	5.7%	7.5%	9.3%	11.0%	12.6%	14.1%	15.6%	17.0%	18.4%	19.8%	21.2%	22.5%	23.8%	25.1%
\$	\$24	4.5%	6.6%	8.5%	10.3%	11.9%	13.6%	15.1%	16.6%	18.1%	19.6%	21.0%	22.4%	23.8%	25.1%	26.5%
	\$25	5.4%	7.5%	9.4%	11.2%	12.9%	14.5%	16.1%	17.7%	19.2%	20.7%	22.2%	23.6%	25.0%	26.5%	27.9%
	\$26	6.2%	8.3%	10.2%	12.0%	13.8%	15.5%	17.1%	18.7%	20.2%	21.8%	23.3%	24.8%	26.3%	27.7%	29.2%
	\$27	6.8%	8.9%	10.9%	12.8%	14.6%	16.3%	18.0%	19.6%	21.2%	22.8%	24.4%	25.9%	27.5%	29.0%	30.5%
	\$28	7.3%	9.5%	11.5%	13.4%	15.3%	17.0%	18.8%	20.5%	22.1%	23.8%	25.4%	27.0%	28.6%	30.1%	31.7%
	\$29	7.6%	9.9%	11.9%	13.9%	15.8%	17.6%	19.4%	21.1%	22.8%	24.5%	26.2%	27.9%	29.5%	31.1%	32.8%
	\$30	7.8%	10.0%	12.1%	14.1%	16.0%	17.9%	19.7%	21.5%	23.2%	25.0%	26.7%	28.3%	30.0%	31.7%	33.4%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 21% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$30/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$16.86/GJ to <\$16/GJ. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$16.86/GJ to >\$19/GJ and >\$21/GJ respectively.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Fo	ood Waste T	ip Fee (\$/To	nne)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16	3.3%	5.0%	6.6%	8.0%	9.5%	10.8%	12.2%	13.4%	14.7%	15.9%	17.1%
	\$17	5.1%	6.7%	8.1%	9.5%	10.9%	12.2%	13.5%	14.8%	16.0%	17.2%	18.4%
	\$18	6.8%	8.2%	9.6%	11.0%	12.3%	13.6%	14.8%	16.0%	17.2%	18.4%	19.6%
	\$19	8.3%	9.7%	11.0%	12.3%	13.6%	14.9%	16.1%	17.3%	18.5%	19.6%	20.8%
	\$20	9.8%	11.1%	12.4%	13.7%	14.9%	16.1%	17.3%	18.5%	19.7%	20.8%	22.0%
G	\$21	11.2%	12.5%	13.7%	15.0%	16.2%	17.4%	18.6%	19.7%	20.9%	22.0%	23.2%
RNG	\$22	12.5%	13.8%	15.0%	16.2%	17.4%	18.6%	19.8%	20.9%	22.0%	23.2%	24.3%
(\$/e	\$23	13.8%	15.1%	16.3%	17.5%	18.6%	19.8%	20.9%	22.1%	23.2%	24.3%	25.5%
\$	\$24	15.1%	16.3%	17.5%	18.7%	19.8%	21.0%	22.1%	23.2%	24.4%	25.5%	26.6%
	\$25	16.4%	17.6%	18.7%	19.9%	21.0%	22.2%	23.3%	24.4%	25.5%	26.6%	27.7%
	\$26	17.6%	18.7%	19.9%	21.0%	22.2%	23.3%	24.4%	25.5%	26.6%	27.7%	28.8%
	\$27	18.7%	19.8%	21.0%	22.1%	23.3%	24.4%	25.5%	26.6%	27.7%	28.8%	29.9%
	\$28	19.6%	20.8%	22.0%	23.1%	24.3%	25.4%	26.5%	27.6%	28.7%	29.9%	31.0%
	\$29	20.4%	21.6%	22.8%	23.9%	25.1%	26.2%	27.3%	28.5%	29.6%	30.7%	31.8%
	\$30	20.8%	22.0%	23.2%	24.4%	25.5%	26.7%	27.8%	28.9%	30.1%	31.2%	32.3%

Farm Scenario #4 - Option B: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$7.8 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$961,790/year. At an RNG sale price of \$19.92/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,996,038/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,034,248/year; equal to 108% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>			<u>Investment</u>		
Digester	\$3,580,500			RNG	′GJ [†] =	\$19.92	Farm Investment =			\$7,782,823
Upgrader	\$2,681,500			Avg RNG Sales/Yr =		\$1,562,546		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recovery	\$507,144			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$360,599		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,013,679			Bedding Savings/Yr* =		\$72,892				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$7,782,823</u>	<u>\$961,790</u>		<u>Total = \$1,996,038</u>		Infl	2%			
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,840	\$1,855	\$1,871	\$1,886	\$1,902	\$1,918	\$1,935	\$1,951	\$1,968	\$1,985
OPEX (000s)	\$792	\$808	\$824	\$840	\$857	\$874	\$892	\$909	\$928	\$946
Income (000s)	\$1,048	\$1,048	\$1,047	\$1,046	\$1,045	\$1,044	\$1,043	\$1,042	\$1,040	\$1,038
	T		I							
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,001	\$2,019	\$2,036	\$2,054	\$2,071	\$2,089	\$2,107	\$2,126	\$2,144	\$2,163
OPEX (000s)	\$965	\$984	\$1,004	\$1,024	\$1,045	\$1,066	\$1,087	\$1,109	\$1,131	\$1,153
Income (000s)	\$1,036	\$1,034	\$1,032	\$1,029	\$1,027	\$1,024	\$1,020	\$1,017	\$1,013	\$1,009

Average Operating Income* =	\$1,034,248

% of OPEX 108%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†]Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 78% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$19.92/GJ to <\$19/GJ and <\$17/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$19.92/GJ to >\$22/GJ and >\$24/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (7,212 instead of 14,424 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 6.0%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16						0.6%	2.1%	3.5%	4.7%	5.9%	7.0%	8.1%	9.2%	10.2%	11.1%
	\$17					0.4%	2.0%	3.5%	4.8%	6.1%	7.3%	8.4%	9.5%	10.5%	11.5%	12.5%
	\$18				0.0%	1.7%	3.3%	4.7%	6.1%	7.3%	8.5%	9.7%	10.8%	11.8%	12.9%	13.9%
	\$19		1		1.3%	3.0%	4.5%	5.9%	7.3%	8.5%	9.7%	10.9%	12.0%	13.1%	14.2%	15.2%
	\$20			0.6%	2.5%	4.1%	5.6%	7.0%	8.4%	9.7%	10.9%	12.1%	13.2%	14.3%	15.4%	16.5%
G	\$21			1.7%	3.6%	5.2%	6.7%	8.1%	9.5%	10.8%	12.0%	13.2%	14.4%	15.5%	16.7%	17.8%
RNG	\$22		0.8%	2.8%	4.6%	6.2%	7.7%	9.2%	10.5%	11.8%	13.1%	14.3%	15.5%	16.7%	17.9%	19.0%
\$/6	\$23		1.8%	3.8%	5.6%	7.2%	8.7%	10.2%	11.5%	12.9%	14.2%	15.4%	16.7%	17.9%	19.0%	20.2%
\$	\$24	0.6%	2.8%	4.7%	6.5%	8.1%	9.7%	11.1%	12.5%	13.9%	15.2%	16.5%	17.8%	19.0%	20.2%	21.4%
	\$25	1.6%	3.7%	5.6%	7.4%	9.0%	10.6%	12.1%	13.5%	14.9%	16.2%	17.5%	18.8%	20.1%	21.4%	22.6%
	\$26	2.3%	4.5%	6.4%	8.2%	9.8%	11.4%	12.9%	14.4%	15.8%	17.2%	18.6%	19.9%	21.2%	22.5%	23.8%
	\$27	2.9%	5.1%	7.1%	8.9%	10.6%	12.2%	13.7%	15.2%	16.7%	18.1%	19.5%	20.9%	22.2%	23.6%	24.9%
	\$28	3.4%	5.6%	7.6%	9.4%	11.1%	12.8%	14.4%	15.9%	17.4%	18.9%	20.3%	21.8%	23.2%	24.5%	25.9%
	\$29	3.7%	5.9%	7.9%	9.8%	11.6%	13.3%	14.9%	16.5%	18.0%	19.5%	21.0%	22.5%	23.9%	25.3%	26.8%
	\$30	3.8%	6.0%	8.1%	10.0%	11.8%	13.5%	15.1%	16.7%	18.3%	19.8%	21.4%	22.8%	24.3%	25.8%	27.2%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 18% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$19.92/GJ to \$18/GJ and <\$16/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$19.92/GJ to >\$22/GJ and >\$24/GJ respectively.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Fo	ood Waste T	ip Fee (\$/To	onne)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16		1.2%	2.8%	4.3%	5.7%	7.0%	8.3%	9.5%	10.7%	11.8%	13.0%
	\$17	1.3%	2.9%	4.4%	5.8%	7.1%	8.4%	9.6%	10.8%	11.9%	13.0%	14.1%
	\$18	3.1%	4.5%	5.9%	7.2%	8.5%	9.7%	10.8%	12.0%	13.1%	14.1%	15.2%
	\$19	4.6%	6.0%	7.3%	8.5%	9.7%	10.9%	12.0%	13.1%	14.2%	15.2%	16.3%
	\$20	6.1%	7.4%	8.6%	9.8%	10.9%	12.1%	13.2%	14.2%	15.3%	16.3%	17.4%
G	\$21	7.4%	8.7%	9.9%	11.0%	12.1%	13.2%	14.3%	15.3%	16.4%	17.4%	18.4%
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	8.7%	9.9%	11.1%	12.2%	13.3%	14.3%	15.4%	16.4%	17.4%	18.4%	19.4%
<u>@</u>	\$23	10.0%	11.1%	12.2%	13.3%	14.4%	15.4%	16.5%	17.5%	18.5%	19.5%	20.5%
\$	\$24	11.2%	12.3%	13.4%	14.4%	15.5%	16.5%	17.5%	18.5%	19.5%	20.5%	21.5%
	\$25	12.3%	13.4%	14.5%	15.5%	16.5%	17.5%	18.5%	19.5%	20.5%	21.5%	22.5%
	\$26	13.4%	14.5%	15.5%	16.5%	17.6%	18.6%	19.5%	20.5%	21.5%	22.5%	23.4%
	\$27	14.4%	15.4%	16.5%	17.5%	18.5%	19.5%	20.5%	21.5%	22.4%	23.4%	24.4%
	\$28	15.2%	16.3%	17.3%	18.3%	19.3%	20.3%	21.3%	22.3%	23.3%	24.3%	25.2%
	\$29	15.8%	16.9%	17.9%	19.0%	20.0%	21.0%	22.0%	23.0%	24.0%	25.0%	25.9%
	\$30	16.1%	17.2%	18.3%	19.3%	20.3%	21.4%	22.4%	23.4%	24.4%	25.3%	26.3%

Farm Scenario #4 - Option C: RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$7.7 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,209,617/year. At an RNG sale price of \$22.78/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,220,268/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,010,650/year; equal to 84% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option C: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,590,875			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$22.78		Farm In	vestment =	\$7,680,145
Upgrader	\$3,581,820			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,786,777		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recovery	\$507,144			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$360,599		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,000,306			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$72,892				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$7,680,145</u>	\$1,209,617		<u>Tot</u>	al =	\$2,220,268		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,043	\$2,061	\$2,078	\$2,096	\$2,114	\$2,133	\$2,151	\$2,169	\$2,188	\$2,207
OPEX (000s)	\$996	\$1,016	\$1,036	\$1,057	\$1,078	\$1,099	\$1,121	\$1,144	\$1,167	\$1,190
Income (000s)	\$1,048	\$1,045	\$1,043	\$1,040	\$1,037	\$1,033	\$1,030	\$1,026	\$1,022	\$1,017
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,226	\$2,246	\$2,266	\$2,285	\$2,305	\$2,326	\$2,346	\$2,367	\$2,388	\$2,409
OPEX (000s)	\$1,214	\$1,238	\$1,263	\$1,288	\$1,314	\$1,340	\$1,367	\$1,394	\$1,422	\$1,451
Income (000s)	\$1,013	\$1,008	\$1,003	\$997	\$992	\$986	\$979	\$973	\$966	\$958

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR = 12%

% of OPEX	84%
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Average Operating Income* = \$1,010,650

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 80% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$22.78/GJ to <\$21/GJ and \$19/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 15% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$22.78/GJ to >\$25/GJ and >\$27/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (7,212 instead of 14,424 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 0.5%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

						Chan	ge in RNO	G Produc	tion Am	ount						
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16										0.8%	2.4%	3.8%	5.0%	6.2%	7.4%
	\$17									1.0%	2.6%	4.1%	5.4%	6.7%	7.9%	9.0%
	\$18								1.0%	2.7%	4.2%	5.6%	7.0%	8.2%	9.4%	10.5%
	\$19							0.8%	2.6%	4.2%	5.7%	7.1%	8.4%	9.6%	10.8%	12.0%
	\$20						0.4%	2.4%	4.1%	5.6%	7.1%	8.5%	9.8%	11.0%	12.2%	13.4%
ى ق	\$21						1.9%	3.8%	5.4%	7.0%	8.4%	9.8%	11.1%	12.3%	13.6%	14.8%
RNG	\$22					1.2%	3.2%	5.0%	6.7%	8.2%	9.6%	11.0%	12.3%	13.6%	14.9%	16.1%
\$/GJ	\$23				0.3%	2.5%	4.5%	6.2%	7.9%	9.4%	10.8%	12.2%	13.6%	14.9%	16.1%	17.4%
\$	\$24				1.6%	3.8%	5.6%	7.4%	9.0%	10.5%	12.0%	13.4%	14.8%	16.1%	17.4%	18.6%
	\$25			0.4%	2.8%	4.9%	6.7%	8.5%	10.1%	11.6%	13.1%	14.5%	15.9%	17.3%	18.6%	19.9%
	\$26			1.4%	3.8%	5.8%	7.7%	9.4%	11.1%	12.6%	14.1%	15.6%	17.0%	18.4%	19.8%	21.1%
	\$27			2.2%	4.5%	6.6%	8.5%	10.3%	11.9%	13.5%	15.1%	16.6%	18.0%	19.5%	20.9%	22.2%
	\$28		0.0%	2.8%	5.1%	7.2%	9.2%	11.0%	12.7%	14.3%	15.9%	17.4%	18.9%	20.4%	21.9%	23.3%
	\$29		0.3%	3.1%	5.5%	7.7%	9.6%	11.5%	13.2%	14.9%	16.5%	18.1%	19.6%	21.2%	22.7%	24.1%
	\$30		0.5%	3.3%	5.7%	7.8%	9.8%	11.7%	13.5%	15.2%	16.8%	18.4%	20.0%	21.5%	23.1%	24.6%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 16% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$22.78/GJ to <\$21/GJ and <\$19/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$22.78/GJ to >\$25/GJ and >\$28/GJ respectively.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Fo	od Waste T	ip Fee (\$/To	nne)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16					0.6%	2.4%	4.0%	5.4%	6.8%	8.2%	9.4%
	\$17				0.8%	2.5%	4.1%	5.5%	6.9%	8.2%	9.5%	10.7%
	\$18			0.9%	2.6%	4.2%	5.6%	7.0%	8.3%	9.6%	10.8%	11.9%
	\$19		1.1%	2.8%	4.3%	5.7%	7.1%	8.4%	9.6%	10.8%	12.0%	13.1%
	\$20	1.2%	2.9%	4.4%	5.8%	7.2%	8.5%	9.7%	10.9%	12.1%	13.2%	14.3%
G	\$21	3.0%	4.5%	5.9%	7.3%	8.5%	9.8%	11.0%	12.1%	13.2%	14.3%	15.4%
RNG	\$22	4.6%	6.0%	7.3%	8.6%	9.8%	11.0%	12.2%	13.3%	14.4%	15.5%	16.5%
(b/\$	\$23	6.1%	7.4%	8.7%	9.9%	11.1%	12.2%	13.3%	14.4%	15.5%	16.6%	17.6%
\$	\$24	7.5%	8.8%	10.0%	11.1%	12.3%	13.4%	14.5%	15.5%	16.6%	17.6%	18.7%
	\$25	8.8%	10.0%	11.2%	12.3%	13.4%	14.5%	15.6%	16.6%	17.7%	18.7%	19.7%
	\$26	10.0%	11.2%	12.3%	13.4%	14.5%	15.6%	16.6%	17.7%	18.7%	19.7%	20.7%
	\$27	11.0%	12.2%	13.3%	14.4%	15.5%	16.6%	17.6%	18.7%	19.7%	20.7%	21.7%
	\$28	11.9%	13.0%	14.2%	15.3%	16.4%	17.4%	18.5%	19.5%	20.5%	21.6%	22.6%
	\$29	12.5%	13.7%	14.8%	15.9%	17.0%	18.1%	19.2%	20.2%	21.2%	22.3%	23.3%
	\$30	12.8%	14.0%	15.1%	16.2%	17.3%	18.4%	19.5%	20.5%	21.6%	22.6%	23.6%

Farm Scenario #4 - Option D: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$7.7 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,182,688/year. At an RNG sale price of \$22.50/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,198,372/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,015,684/year; equal to 86% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option D: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,821,875			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$22.50		Farm In	vestment =	\$7,686,675
Upgrader	\$2,681,500			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,764,881		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,182,144			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$360,599		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,001,156			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$72,892				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$7,686,675</u>	\$1,182,688		<u>Tot</u>	al =	<u>\$2,198,372</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,024	\$2,041	\$2,058	\$2,076	\$2,094	\$2,112	\$2,130	\$2,148	\$2,167	\$2,186
OPEX (000s)	\$974	\$993	\$1,013	\$1,033	\$1,054	\$1,075	\$1,096	\$1,118	\$1,141	\$1,163
Income (000s)	\$1,050	\$1,048	\$1,045	\$1,043	\$1,040	\$1,037	\$1,033	\$1,030	\$1,026	\$1,022
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,205	\$2,224	\$2,243	\$2,263	\$2,282	\$2,302	\$2,323	\$2,343	\$2,364	\$2,385
OPEX (000s)	\$1,187	\$1,210	\$1,235	\$1,259	\$1,285	\$1,310	\$1,336	\$1,363	\$1,390	\$1,418
Income (000s)	\$1,018	\$1,013	\$1,008	\$1,003	\$998	\$992	\$986	\$980	\$973	\$967

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

\$1,015,684

Average Operating Income* =

86%

% of OPEX

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

^{*}Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 80% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$22.50/GJ to <\$21/GJ and <\$19/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$22.50/GJ to \$25/GJ and >\$29/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (7,212 instead of 14,424 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 1.2%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option D: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16									-0.1%	1.5%	3.0%	4.3%	5.5%	6.7%	7.8%
	\$17								0.0%	1.7%	3.2%	4.6%	5.9%	7.1%	8.3%	9.4%
	\$18							-0.1%	1.7%	3.3%	4.8%	6.1%	7.4%	8.6%	9.8%	10.9%
	\$19						-0.4%	1.5%	3.2%	4.8%	6.2%	7.6%	8.8%	10.1%	11.2%	12.4%
	\$20						1.1%	3.0%	4.6%	6.1%	7.6%	8.9%	10.2%	11.4%	12.6%	13.8%
G	\$21					0.5%	2.5%	4.3%	5.9%	7.4%	8.8%	10.2%	11.5%	12.7%	13.9%	15.1%
RNG	\$22					1.9%	3.8%	5.5%	7.1%	8.6%	10.1%	11.4%	12.7%	14.0%	15.2%	16.4%
\$/6	\$23				1.0%	3.1%	5.0%	6.7%	8.3%	9.8%	11.2%	12.6%	13.9%	15.2%	16.5%	17.7%
\$	\$24				2.3%	4.3%	6.1%	7.8%	9.4%	10.9%	12.4%	13.8%	15.1%	16.4%	17.7%	19.0%
	\$25			1.1%	3.4%	5.4%	7.2%	8.9%	10.5%	12.0%	13.5%	14.9%	16.3%	17.6%	18.9%	20.2%
	\$26			2.1%	4.3%	6.3%	8.1%	9.8%	11.5%	13.0%	14.5%	15.9%	17.3%	18.7%	20.1%	21.4%
	\$27		0.2%	2.8%	5.1%	7.1%	8.9%	10.7%	12.3%	13.9%	15.4%	16.9%	18.4%	19.8%	21.2%	22.6%
	\$28		0.7%	3.4%	5.7%	7.7%	9.6%	11.4%	13.1%	14.7%	16.2%	17.8%	19.3%	20.7%	22.2%	23.6%
	\$29		1.1%	3.7%	6.1%	8.1%	10.1%	11.9%	13.6%	15.3%	16.9%	18.4%	20.0%	21.5%	23.0%	24.4%
	\$30		1.2%	3.9%	6.2%	8.3%	10.3%	12.1%	13.9%	15.5%	17.2%	18.8%	20.3%	21.9%	23.4%	24.9%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 16% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$22.50/GJ to <\$21/GJ and <\$18/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$22.50/GJ to >\$25/GJ and >\$27/GJ respectively.

Option D: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)												
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50	
	\$16					1.3%	3.0%	4.5%	5.9%	7.3%	8.6%	9.8%	
	\$17				1.4%	3.1%	4.6%	6.0%	7.4%	8.7%	9.9%	11.1%	
	\$18			1.6%	3.2%	4.7%	6.1%	7.5%	8.7%	10.0%	11.2%	12.3%	
	\$19		1.7%	3.3%	4.8%	6.2%	7.6%	8.8%	10.0%	11.2%	12.4%	13.5%	
	\$20	1.8%	3.4%	4.9%	6.3%	7.6%	8.9%	10.1%	11.3%	12.4%	13.5%	14.6%	
G	\$21	3.6%	5.0%	6.4%	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%	11.3%	12.5%	13.6%	14.7%	15.8%	
RNG	\$22	5.1%	6.5%	7.8%	9.0%	10.2%	11.4%	12.5%	13.7%	14.7%	15.8%	16.9%	
\$/eJ	\$23	6.6%	7.9%	9.1%	10.3%	11.5%	12.6%	13.7%	14.8%	15.9%	16.9%	17.9%	
\$	\$24	7.9%	9.2%	10.4%	11.5%	12.7%	13.8%	14.8%	15.9%	16.9%	18.0%	19.0%	
	\$25	9.2%	10.4%	11.6%	12.7%	13.8%	14.9%	15.9%	17.0%	18.0%	19.0%	20.0%	
	\$26	10.4%	11.6%	12.7%	13.8%	14.9%	15.9%	17.0%	18.0%	19.0%	20.1%	21.1%	
	\$27	11.4%	12.6%	13.7%	14.8%	15.9%	16.9%	18.0%	19.0%	20.0%	21.0%	22.0%	
	\$28	12.3%	13.4%	14.5%	15.6%	16.7%	17.8%	18.8%	19.8%	20.9%	21.9%	22.9%	
	\$29	12.9%	14.1%	15.2%	16.3%	17.4%	18.4%	19.5%	20.5%	21.6%	22.6%	23.6%	
	\$30	13.2%	14.4%	15.5%	16.6%	17.7%	18.8%	19.8%	20.9%	21.9%	22.9%	24.0%	

Farm Scenario #4 - Option E: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$8.8 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,298,475/year. At an RNG sale price of \$25.95/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,455,827/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,157,352/year; equal to 89% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option E: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$3,580,500			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$25.95		Farm In	vestment =	\$8,817,966
Upgrader	\$3,581,820			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,022,335		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recovery	\$507,144			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$360,599		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,148,502			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$72,892				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$8,817,966</u>	<u>\$1,298,475</u>		<u>Tot</u>	al =	<u>\$2,455,827</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,269	\$2,289	\$2,309	\$2,329	\$2,349	\$2,370	\$2,391	\$2,412	\$2,433	\$2,454
OPEX (000s)	\$1,069	\$1,090	\$1,112	\$1,134	\$1,157	\$1,180	\$1,204	\$1,228	\$1,252	\$1,277
Income (000s)	\$1,201	\$1,199	\$1,197	\$1,195	\$1,192	\$1,190	\$1,187	\$1,184	\$1,181	\$1,177
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,476	\$2,498	\$2,520	\$2,542	\$2,565	\$2,579	\$2,580	\$2,582	\$2,584	\$2,585
OPEX (000s)	\$1,303	\$1,329	\$1,356	\$1,383	\$1,410	\$1,438	\$1,467	\$1,497	\$1,527	\$1,557
Income (000s)	\$1,173	\$1,169	\$1,165	\$1,160	\$1,155	\$1,140	\$1,113	\$1,085	\$1,057	\$1,028

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

for inflation

\$1,157,352

Average Operating Income* =

89%

% of OPEX

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 82% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$25.95/GJ to <\$24/GJ and <\$22/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is only 5% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$25.95/GJ to >\$27/GJ. Furthermore, if only 60% of estimated mixed food waste is available (8,654 instead of 14,424 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 2.0%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option E: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

							Change	in RNG	Product	ion Amou	nt					
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16												0.3%	1.6%	2.9%	4.1%
	\$17											0.6%	2.1%	3.4%	4.6%	5.7%
	\$18										0.8%	2.3%	3.6%	4.9%	6.1%	7.2%
	\$19									0.8%	2.4%	3.8%	5.1%	6.3%	7.5%	8.6%
	\$20								0.6%	2.3%	3.8%	5.2%	6.5%	7.7%	8.8%	10.0%
G	\$21							0.3%	2.1%	3.6%	5.1%	6.5%	7.7%	9.0%	10.1%	11.2%
\$/GJRNG	\$22							1.6%	3.4%	4.9%	6.3%	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%	11.4%	12.5%
<u>@</u>	\$23						1.1%	2.9%	4.6%	6.1%	7.5%	8.8%	10.1%	11.4%	12.5%	13.7%
\$	\$24					0.3%	2.3%	4.1%	5.7%	7.2%	8.6%	10.0%	11.2%	12.5%	13.7%	14.9%
	\$25					1.5%	3.4%	5.2%	6.8%	8.3%	9.7%	11.0%	12.3%	13.6%	14.8%	16.0%
	\$26				0.2%	2.4%	4.4%	6.1%	7.7%	9.2%	10.6%	12.0%	13.3%	14.6%	15.9%	17.1%
	\$27				1.0%	3.2%	5.1%	6.9%	8.5%	10.0%	11.5%	12.9%	14.3%	15.6%	16.9%	18.1%
	\$28				1.5%	3.7%	5.7%	7.5%	9.1%	10.7%	12.2%	13.6%	15.0%	16.4%	17.7%	19.0%
	\$29				1.9%	4.1%	6.1%	7.9%	9.6%	11.2%	12.7%	14.2%	15.6%	17.0%	18.4%	19.7%
	\$30				2.0%	4.3%	6.3%	8.1%	9.8%	11.4%	13.0%	14.5%	15.9%	17.3%	18.7%	20.1%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 15% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$25.95/GJ to \$24/GJ and <\$22/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.4% and 9.2% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option E: Sensitivity Analysis – Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

				M	ixed Food W	aste Tip Fe	e (\$/Tonne	!)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16							0.5%	2.1%	3.5%	4.8%	6.1%
	\$17						0.6%	2.2%	3.6%	4.9%	6.1%	7.3%
	\$18					0.8%	2.3%	3.7%	5.0%	6.2%	7.4%	8.5%
	\$19				0.9%	2.4%	3.8%	5.1%	6.3%	7.5%	8.6%	9.7%
	\$20			1.0%	2.5%	3.9%	5.2%	6.4%	7.5%	8.6%	9.7%	10.8%
(7)	\$21		1.2%	2.6%	4.0%	5.3%	6.5%	7.6%	8.7%	9.8%	10.8%	11.8%
RNG	\$22	1.3%	2.7%	4.1%	5.3%	6.5%	7.7%	8.8%	9.8%	10.9%	11.9%	12.9%
\$/dJ	\$23	2.8%	4.2%	5.4%	6.6%	7.7%	8.8%	9.9%	10.9%	11.9%	12.9%	13.9%
\$	\$24	4.3%	5.5%	6.7%	7.8%	8.9%	10.0%	11.0%	12.0%	13.0%	13.9%	14.9%
	\$25	5.6%	6.8%	7.9%	9.0%	10.0%	11.0%	12.0%	13.0%	14.0%	14.9%	15.8%
	\$26	6.7%	7.8%	8.9%	10.0%	11.0%	12.0%	13.0%	14.0%	14.9%	15.8%	16.8%
	\$27	7.7%	8.8%	9.8%	10.9%	11.9%	12.9%	13.9%	14.8%	15.8%	16.7%	17.6%
	\$28	8.4%	9.5%	10.6%	11.6%	12.7%	13.6%	14.6%	15.6%	16.5%	17.4%	18.4%
	\$29	8.9%	10.0%	11.1%	12.2%	13.2%	14.2%	15.2%	16.1%	17.1%	18.0%	18.9%
	\$30	9.2%	10.3%	11.4%	12.4%	13.5%	14.5%	15.4%	16.4%	17.4%	18.3%	19.2%

Farm Scenario #4 - Option F: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$8.8 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,271,546/year. At an RNG sale price of \$25.62/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,435,964/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,164,419/year; equal to 92% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option F: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$3,811,500			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$25.62		Farm In	\$8,824,497	
Upgrader	\$2,681,500			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,002,473		Funding	Funding Amount =	
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,182,144			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$360,599		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,149,353			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$72,892				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$8,824,497</u>	<u>\$1,271,546</u>		<u>Tot</u>	al =	<u>\$2,435,964</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,246	\$2,265	\$2,285	\$2,305	\$2,325	\$2,345	\$2,366	\$2,386	\$2,407	\$2,429
OPEX (000s)	\$1,047	\$1,068	\$1,089	\$1,111	\$1,133	\$1,156	\$1,179	\$1,202	\$1,226	\$1,251
Income (000s)	\$1,199	\$1,198	\$1,196	\$1,194	\$1,192	\$1,190	\$1,187	\$1,184	\$1,181	\$1,178
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,450	\$2,472	\$2,494	\$2,516	\$2,538	\$2,561	\$2,580	\$2,582	\$2,584	\$2,585
OPEX (000s)	\$1,276	\$1,301	\$1,327	\$1,354	\$1,381	\$1,409	\$1,437	\$1,466	\$1,495	\$1,525
Income (000s)	\$1,174	\$1,170	\$1,166	\$1,162	\$1,157	\$1,152	\$1,143	\$1,116	\$1,089	\$1,061

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

for inflation

Average Operating Income* = \$1,164,419

[%] of OPEX 92%

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 82% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$25.62/GJ to <\$24/GJ and <\$22/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is only 5% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$25.62/GJ to >\$27/GJ. Furthermore, if only 60% of estimated mixed food waste is available (8,654 instead of 14,424 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 2.6%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option F: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

						Cha	nge in RN	G Produc	tion Amo	ount						
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16												0.9%	2.2%	3.4%	4.5%
	\$17											1.2%	2.6%	3.8%	5.0%	6.1%
	\$18										1.4%	2.8%	4.1%	5.3%	6.5%	7.6%
	\$19									1.4%	2.9%	4.3%	5.5%	6.7%	7.9%	9.0%
	\$20								1.2%	2.8%	4.3%	5.6%	6.9%	8.1%	9.2%	10.3%
U	\$21							0.9%	2.6%	4.1%	5.5%	6.9%	8.1%	9.3%	10.5%	11.6%
RNG	\$22						0.3%	2.2%	3.8%	5.3%	6.7%	8.1%	9.3%	10.5%	11.7%	12.8%
\$/6J	\$23						1.6%	3.4%	5.0%	6.5%	7.9%	9.2%	10.5%	11.7%	12.9%	14.0%
\$	\$24					0.9%	2.8%	4.5%	6.1%	7.6%	9.0%	10.3%	11.6%	12.8%	14.0%	15.2%
	\$25					2.0%	3.9%	5.6%	7.2%	8.6%	10.0%	11.4%	12.7%	13.9%	15.1%	16.3%
	\$26				0.9%	3.0%	4.8%	6.5%	8.1%	9.6%	11.0%	12.4%	13.7%	14.9%	16.2%	17.4%
	\$27			-0.9%	1.6%	3.7%	5.6%	7.3%	8.9%	10.4%	11.8%	13.2%	14.6%	15.9%	17.2%	18.4%
	\$28			-0.4%	2.1%	4.2%	6.1%	7.9%	9.5%	11.1%	12.5%	14.0%	15.4%	16.7%	18.0%	19.3%
	\$29			0.0%	2.5%	4.6%	6.5%	8.3%	10.0%	11.5%	13.1%	14.5%	15.9%	17.3%	18.7%	20.0%
	\$30			0.1%	2.6%	4.8%	6.7%	8.5%	10.2%	11.8%	13.3%	14.8%	16.2%	17.6%	19.0%	20.4%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 15% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$25.62/GJ to <\$24/GJ and <\$21/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.7% and 9.6% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option F: Sensitivity Analysis – Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

				М	ixed Food W	aste Tip Fe	e (\$/Tonne	!)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16							1.1%	2.6%	4.0%	5.3%	6.5%
	\$17						1.2%	2.7%	4.1%	5.3%	6.6%	7.7%
	\$18					1.3%	2.8%	4.2%	5.4%	6.6%	7.8%	8.9%
	\$19				1.5%	2.9%	4.3%	5.5%	6.7%	7.9%	9.0%	10.0%
	\$20		0.0%	1.6%	3.0%	4.3%	5.6%	6.8%	7.9%	9.0%	10.1%	11.1%
G	\$21	0.2%	1.7%	3.1%	4.4%	5.7%	6.9%	8.0%	9.1%	10.1%	11.2%	12.2%
RNG	\$22	1.8%	3.2%	4.5%	5.8%	6.9%	8.1%	9.1%	10.2%	11.2%	12.2%	13.2%
\$/6	\$23	3.3%	4.6%	5.8%	7.0%	8.1%	9.2%	10.3%	11.3%	12.3%	13.2%	14.2%
\$	\$24	4.7%	5.9%	7.1%	8.2%	9.3%	10.3%	11.3%	12.3%	13.3%	14.2%	15.2%
	\$25	6.0%	7.1%	8.3%	9.3%	10.4%	11.4%	12.4%	13.3%	14.3%	15.2%	16.1%
	\$26	7.1%	8.2%	9.3%	10.3%	11.4%	12.4%	13.3%	14.3%	15.2%	16.1%	17.1%
	\$27	8.0%	9.1%	10.2%	11.2%	12.2%	13.2%	14.2%	15.1%	16.1%	17.0%	17.9%
	\$28	8.8%	9.9%	10.9%	12.0%	13.0%	14.0%	14.9%	15.9%	16.8%	17.7%	18.6%
	\$29	9.3%	10.4%	11.5%	12.5%	13.5%	14.5%	15.5%	16.4%	17.4%	18.3%	19.2%
	\$30	9.6%	10.7%	11.7%	12.8%	13.8%	14.8%	15.8%	16.7%	17.7%	18.6%	19.5%

Farm Scenario #4 - Option G: RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$8.7 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,519,373/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,570,774/year. This biogas plant requires \$0.1 million funding (1% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,051,401/year; equal to 69% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option G: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,821,875			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm In	\$8,596,837	
Upgrader	\$3,581,820			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,137,282		Funding	\$124,982	
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,182,144			Tip Fee/Yr =		\$360,599		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	1%
Other	\$1,135,979			Bedding Savings/Yr* =		\$72,892				
<u>Total</u>	\$8,721,818	\$1,519,373		<u>Total =</u> \$2,5		<u>\$2,570,774</u>		Infl	2%	
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,558	\$2,559	\$2,560	\$2,562	\$2,563	\$2,564	\$2,565	\$2,567	\$2,568	\$2,570
OPEX (000s)	\$1,251	\$1,276	\$1,301	\$1,327	\$1,354	\$1,381	\$1,408	\$1,437	\$1,465	\$1,495
Income (000s)	\$1,307	\$1,283	\$1,259	\$1,234	\$1,209	\$1,183	\$1,157	\$1,130	\$1,103	\$1,075
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,571	\$2,572	\$2,574	\$2,575	\$2,577	\$2,579	\$2,580	\$2,582	\$2,584	\$2,585
OPEX (000s)	\$1,525	\$1,555	\$1,586	\$1,618	\$1,650	\$1,683	\$1,717	\$1,751	\$1,786	\$1,822
Income (000s)	\$1,046	\$1,017	\$988	\$958	\$927	\$895	\$863	\$831	\$797	\$763

	Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%		Average Operating Income* =	\$1,051,401		% of OPEX	69%
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^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 1% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 1% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.3% and 8.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 1% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 1% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 1% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.9% and 9.7% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option G: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

Change in RNG Production Amount												
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%				
	\$16											
	\$17						0.4%	1.9%				
	\$18					0.9%	2.4%	3.8%				
	\$19				1.2%	2.7%	4.2%	5.5%				
	\$20			1.2%	2.9%	4.4%	5.8%	7.1%				
G	\$21		1.2%	2.9%	4.5%	5.9%	7.3%	8.6%				
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	0.9%	2.7%	4.4%	5.9%	7.3%	8.7%	10.0%				
(G)	\$23	2.4%	4.2%	5.8%	7.3%	8.7%	10.0%	11.3%				
\$	\$24	3.8%	5.5%	7.1%	8.6%	10.0%	11.3%	12.6%				
	\$25	5.1%	6.8%	8.3%	9.8%	11.2%	12.5%	13.8%				
	\$26	6.2%	7.9%	9.4%	10.9%	12.3%	13.7%	15.0%				
	\$27	7.1%	8.8%	10.4%	11.9%	13.3%	14.7%	16.0%				
	\$28	7.8%	9.5%	11.1%	12.7%	14.2%	15.6%	17.0%				
	\$29	8.3%	10.1%	11.7%	13.3%	14.8%	16.3%	17.7%				
	\$30	8.5%	10.3%	12.0%	13.6%	15.1%	16.6%	18.0%				

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50					
	\$16							0.7%	2.3%					
	\$17						0.8%	2.4%	3.9%					
	\$18					1.0%	2.6%	4.0%	5.4%					
	\$19				1.1%	2.7%	4.1%	5.4%	6.7%					
	\$20			1.2%	2.8%	4.2%	5.5%	6.8%	8.0%					
_G	\$21		1.4%	2.9%	4.3%	5.6%	6.9%	8.1%	9.2%					
RNG	\$22	1.5%	3.0%	4.4%	5.7%	6.9%	8.1%	9.3%	10.4%					
\$/6J	\$23	3.1%	4.5%	5.8%	7.0%	8.2%	9.3%	10.4%	11.5%					
Ş	\$24	4.6%	5.9%	7.1%	8.3%	9.4%	10.5%	11.5%	12.6%					
	\$25	6.0%	7.2%	8.3%	9.4%	10.5%	11.6%	12.6%	13.6%					
	\$26	7.1%	8.3%	9.4%	10.5%	11.6%	12.6%	13.6%	14.6%					
	\$27	8.1%	9.3%	10.4%	11.4%	12.5%	13.5%	14.5%	15.5%					
	\$28	8.9%	10.0%	11.1%	12.2%	13.3%	14.3%	15.3%	16.3%					
	\$29	9.4%	10.6%	11.7%	12.8%	13.8%	14.9%	15.9%	16.8%					
	\$30	9.7%	10.9%	12.0%	13.0%	14.1%	15.1%	16.1%	17.1%					

\$962,543

Farm Scenario #4 - Option H: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning, RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$9.9 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,608,230/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,570,774/year. This biogas plant requires \$1.9 million funding (19% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$962,543/year; equal to 60% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option H: Economic Assessment

•										
	CAPEX	OPEX*		<u>Revenue</u>					Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$3,811,500			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm In	vestment =	\$7,942,351
Upgrader	\$3,581,820			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,137,282		Funding Amount =		\$1,917,288
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,182,144			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$360,599		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	19%
Other	\$1,284,176			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$72,892				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$9,859,640</u>	<u>\$1,608,230</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$2,570,774</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,558	\$2,559	\$2,560	\$2,562	\$2,563	\$2,564	\$2,565	\$2,567	\$2,568	\$2,570
OPEX (000s)	\$1,324	\$1,350	\$1,377	\$1,405	\$1,433	\$1,462	\$1,491	\$1,521	\$1,551	\$1,582
Income (000s)	\$1,234	\$1,209	\$1,183	\$1,157	\$1,130	\$1,103	\$1,075	\$1,046	\$1,017	\$988
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,571	\$2,572	\$2,574	\$2,575	\$2,577	\$2,579	\$2,580	\$2,582	\$2,584	\$2,585
OPEX (000s)	\$1,614	\$1,646	\$1,679	\$1,712	\$1,747	\$1,782	\$1,817	\$1,854	\$1,891	\$1,929
Income (000s)	\$957	\$927	\$895	\$863	\$830	<i>\$797</i>	\$763	\$728	\$693	\$657

Unlev	ered,	Pre-	Tax IRF	₹ =	1	2%		Average Operating Income* =
							_	

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

60%

% of OPEX

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 19% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 19% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.2% and 8.3% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 19% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 19% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.8% and 9.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option H: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

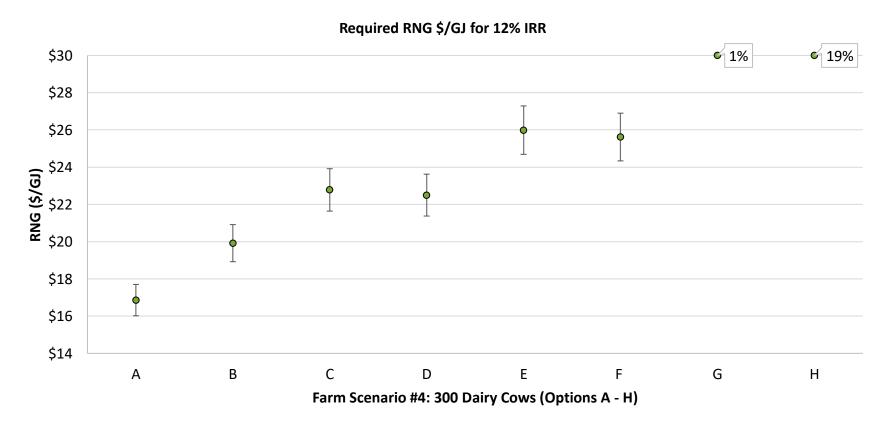
Change in RNG Production Amount											
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%			
	\$16										
	\$17							0.7%			
	\$18						1.3%	3.0%			
	\$19					1.7%	3.4%	4.9%			
	\$20				1.9%	3.6%	5.2%	6.7%			
G	\$21			1.9%	3.7%	5.4%	6.9%	8.3%			
RNG	\$22		1.7%	3.6%	5.4%	7.0%	8.4%	9.9%			
\$/eJ	\$23	1.3%	3.4%	5.2%	6.9%	8.4%	9.9%	11.3%			
\$	\$24	3.0%	4.9%	6.7%	8.3%	9.9%	11.3%	12.7%			
	\$25	4.4%	6.3%	8.0%	9.7%	11.2%	12.7%	14.1%			
	\$26	5.7%	7.5%	9.2%	10.9%	12.4%	13.9%	15.3%			
	\$27	6.7%	8.5%	10.3%	11.9%	13.5%	15.0%	16.5%			
	\$28	7.5%	9.4%	11.1%	12.8%	14.4%	16.0%	17.5%			
	\$29	8.0%	9.9%	11.8%	13.5%	15.1%	16.7%	18.3%			
	\$30	8.3%	10.2%	12.0%	13.8%	15.5%	17.1%	18.7%			

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)												
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50				
	\$16								1.2%				
	\$17							1.3%	3.0%				
	\$18	-					1.5%	3.2%	4.7%				
	\$19	-				1.6%	3.3%	4.8%	6.2%				
	\$20				1.8%	3.4%	4.9%	6.3%	7.7%				
9	\$21	-	0.1%	1.9%	3.5%	5.0%	6.4%	7.7%	9.0%				
RNG	\$22	0.3%	2.0%	3.6%	5.1%	6.5%	7.8%	9.1%	10.3%				
ſ9/\$	\$23	2.2%	3.8%	5.2%	6.6%	7.9%	9.1%	10.3%	11.5%				
\$	\$24	3.9%	5.3%	6.7%	8.0%	9.2%	10.4%	11.6%	12.7%				
	\$25	5.4%	6.8%	8.0%	9.3%	10.5%	11.6%	12.7%	13.8%				
	\$26	6.7%	8.0%	9.2%	10.4%	11.6%	12.7%	13.8%	14.9%				
	\$27	7.8%	9.1%	10.3%	11.5%	12.6%	13.7%	14.8%	15.9%				
	\$28	8.7%	9.9%	11.1%	12.3%	13.4%	14.6%	15.6%	16.7%				
	\$29	9.3%	10.5%	11.8%	12.9%	14.1%	15.2%	16.3%	17.4%				
	\$30	9.5%	10.8%	12.0%	13.2%	14.4%	15.5%	16.6%	17.7%				

Farm Scenario #4: Summary

Figure 16 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #4 Options A – G for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is >\$30/GJ, percentage of required funding is shown. Where required RNG sale price is <\$30/GJ, a bar representing +/- 5% is shown to account for price uncertainty. Farm Scenario #4 Options A – F don't require funding. These biogas plants require an RNG sale price from \$16.02 - \$27.29/GJ. Farm Scenario #4 Options G and H require funding. Funding is low at 1% (for Option G) to 19% (for Option H). Figure 16 shows that even with mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression or nutrient recovery equipment, 300 dairy cow farms co-digesting dairy manure and mixed food waste can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding.

Figure 16: Farm Scenario #4 - Required RNG Sale Price for 300 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste



7.5

Farm Scenario #5: 400 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste

Farm Scenario #5 is a 400 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy manure and mixed food waste. Farm Scenario #5 assumes the use of traditional on-farm biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volume and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #5 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	20,017	51%	6,459
Mixed food waste	19,232	49%	93,460
Total	39,249	100%	99,919

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #5:

- Option A: No additional equipment;
- Option B: Mixed food waste cleaning equipment;
- Option C: RNG compression equipment;
- Option D: Nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option E: Mixed food waste cleaning and RNG compression equipment;
- Option F: Mixed food waste cleaning and nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option G: RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment; and
- Option H: Mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #5 Options A – H, see Appendix E.

Farm Scenario #5 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$8.0 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,044,537/year. At an RNG sale price of \$14.58/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,102,846/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,058,309/year; equal to 101% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

•										
	<u>CAPEX</u>	OPEX*	<u>Revenue</u>						<u>Investmen</u>	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$3,163,125			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$14.58		Farm In	vestment =	\$7,971,006
Upgrader	\$3,093,500			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,524,857		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recovery	\$676,192			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$480,799		Funding	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,038,189			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$97,189				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$7,971,006</u>	\$1,044,537		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$2,102,846</u>		Inf	lation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,946	\$1,961	\$1,977	\$1,993	\$2,009	\$2,025	\$2,041	\$2,058	\$2,074	\$2,091
OPEX (000s)	\$860	\$877	\$895	\$912	\$931	\$949	\$968	\$988	\$1,007	\$1,028
Income (000s)	\$1,086	\$1,084	\$1,082	\$1,080	\$1,078	\$1,075	\$1,073	\$1,070	\$1,067	\$1,064
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,108	\$2,126	\$2,143	\$2,161	\$2,178	\$2,196	\$2,215	\$2,233	\$2,252	\$2,271
OPEX (000s)	\$1,048	\$1,069	\$1,090	\$1,112	\$1,134	\$1,157	\$1,180	\$1,204	\$1,228	\$1,253
Income (000s)	\$1,060	\$1,056	\$1,053	\$1,048	\$1,044	\$1,039	\$1,034	\$1,029	\$1,024	\$1,018
Unlevered, Pre-	Tax IRR =	12%]	Average	Operating I	ncome* =	\$1,058,309		% of OPEX	101%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 73% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$14.58/GJ to <\$14/GJ and <\$13/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$14.58/GJ to >\$16/GJ and >\$18/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (9,616 instead of 19,232 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$14.58/GJ to >\$26/GJ.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

						Cha	nge in RN	G Produc	tion Amo	ount						
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12					0.3%	1.8%	3.2%	4.5%	5.7%	6.8%	7.9%	8.9%	9.9%	10.8%	11.8%
	\$13				0.5%	2.1%	3.5%	4.9%	6.1%	7.3%	8.5%	9.5%	10.6%	11.6%	12.6%	13.6%
	\$14			0.3%	2.1%	3.6%	5.1%	6.4%	7.7%	8.9%	10.0%	11.1%	12.2%	13.3%	14.3%	15.3%
	\$15			1.8%	3.5%	5.1%	6.5%	7.9%	9.1%	10.3%	11.5%	12.7%	13.8%	14.9%	15.9%	17.0%
	\$16		1.4%	3.2%	4.9%	6.4%	7.9%	9.2%	10.5%	11.8%	13.0%	14.1%	15.3%	16.4%	17.5%	18.6%
	\$17	0.6%	2.7%	4.5%	6.1%	7.7%	9.1%	10.5%	11.8%	13.1%	14.4%	15.6%	16.8%	17.9%	19.1%	20.2%
	\$18	1.8%	3.9%	5.7%	7.3%	8.9%	10.3%	11.8%	13.1%	14.4%	15.7%	17.0%	18.2%	19.4%	20.6%	21.8%
_o	\$19	3.0%	5.0%	6.8%	8.5%	10.0%	11.5%	13.0%	14.4%	15.7%	17.0%	18.3%	19.6%	20.9%	22.1%	23.3%
RNG	\$20	4.1%	6.0%	7.9%	9.5%	11.1%	12.7%	14.1%	15.6%	17.0%	18.3%	19.7%	21.0%	22.3%	23.6%	24.9%
\$/9	\$21	5.1%	7.1%	8.9%	10.6%	12.2%	13.8%	15.3%	16.8%	18.2%	19.6%	21.0%	22.4%	23.7%	25.0%	26.4%
\$	\$22	6.0%	8.0%	9.9%	11.6%	13.3%	14.9%	16.4%	17.9%	19.4%	20.9%	22.3%	23.7%	25.1%	26.5%	27.9%
	\$23	7.0%	9.0%	10.8%	12.6%	14.3%	15.9%	17.5%	19.1%	20.6%	22.1%	23.6%	25.0%	26.5%	27.9%	29.4%
	\$24	7.9%	9.9%	11.8%	13.6%	15.3%	17.0%	18.6%	20.2%	21.8%	23.3%	24.9%	26.4%	27.9%	29.4%	30.9%
	\$25	8.7%	10.7%	12.7%	14.5%	16.3%	18.0%	19.7%	21.3%	22.9%	24.5%	26.1%	27.7%	29.2%	30.8%	32.3%
	\$26	9.5%	11.6%	13.5%	15.4%	17.2%	19.0%	20.7%	22.4%	24.1%	25.7%	27.4%	29.0%	30.6%	32.2%	33.8%
	\$27	10.1%	12.3%	14.3%	16.2%	18.1%	19.9%	21.7%	23.4%	25.2%	26.9%	28.6%	30.2%	31.9%	33.6%	35.2%
	\$28	10.7%	12.9%	14.9%	16.9%	18.8%	20.7%	22.6%	24.4%	26.2%	27.9%	29.7%	31.4%	33.2%	34.9%	36.6%
	\$29	11.1%	13.3%	15.4%	17.5%	19.4%	21.4%	23.3%	25.1%	27.0%	28.8%	30.6%	32.4%	34.2%	36.0%	37.8%
	\$30	11.3%	13.5%	15.7%	17.7%	19.8%	21.7%	23.7%	25.6%	27.5%	29.3%	31.2%	33.0%	34.9%	36.7%	38.5%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 23% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$40/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$14.58/GJ to <\$13/GJ and <\$12/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$14.58/GJ to >\$17/GJ and >\$19/GJ respectively.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50		
	\$12		0.1%	2.4%	4.3%	6.2%	7.9%	9.5%	11.0%	12.5%	13.9%	15.3%		
	\$13	0.3%	2.5%	4.5%	6.3%	8.0%	9.5%	11.1%	12.5%	14.0%	15.3%	16.7%		
	\$14	2.7%	4.6%	6.4%	8.1%	9.6%	11.1%	12.6%	14.0%	15.4%	16.8%	18.1%		
	\$15	4.7%	6.5%	8.1%	9.7%	11.2%	12.7%	14.1%	15.5%	16.8%	18.1%	19.4%		
	\$16	6.6%	8.2%	9.8%	11.3%	12.7%	14.1%	15.5%	16.9%	18.2%	19.5%	20.8%		
	\$17	8.3%	9.9%	11.4%	12.8%	14.2%	15.6%	16.9%	18.2%	19.5%	20.8%	22.1%		
	\$18	10.0%	11.4%	12.9%	14.3%	15.6%	17.0%	18.3%	19.6%	20.9%	22.1%	23.4%		
_G	\$19	11.5%	12.9%	14.3%	15.7%	17.0%	18.3%	19.6%	20.9%	22.2%	23.4%	24.7%		
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	13.0%	14.4%	15.7%	17.1%	18.4%	19.7%	20.9%	22.2%	23.5%	24.7%	26.0%		
<u></u> 6	\$21	14.5%	15.8%	17.1%	18.4%	19.7%	21.0%	22.3%	23.5%	24.8%	26.0%	27.2%		
\$	\$22	15.9%	17.2%	18.5%	19.8%	21.0%	22.3%	23.5%	24.8%	26.0%	27.3%	28.5%		
	\$23	17.2%	18.5%	19.8%	21.1%	22.3%	23.6%	24.8%	26.1%	27.3%	28.5%	29.7%		
	\$24	18.6%	19.8%	21.1%	22.4%	23.6%	24.9%	26.1%	27.3%	28.5%	29.8%	31.0%		
	\$25	19.9%	21.2%	22.4%	23.6%	24.9%	26.1%	27.3%	28.6%	29.8%	31.0%	32.2%		
	\$26	21.2%	22.4%	23.7%	24.9%	26.1%	27.4%	28.6%	29.8%	31.0%	32.2%	33.4%		
	\$27	22.4%	23.6%	24.9%	26.1%	27.3%	28.6%	29.8%	31.0%	32.2%	33.4%	34.6%		
	\$28	23.5%	24.7%	26.0%	27.2%	28.5%	29.7%	30.9%	32.1%	33.4%	34.6%	35.8%		
	\$29	24.4%	25.6%	26.9%	28.2%	29.4%	30.6%	31.9%	33.1%	34.3%	35.6%	36.8%		
	\$30	24.9%	26.1%	27.4%	28.7%	29.9%	31.2%	32.4%	33.7%	34.9%	36.1%	37.4%		

Farm Scenario #5 - Option B: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$9.1 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,133,394/year. At an RNG sale price of \$16.86/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,341,019/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,207,625/year; equal to 107% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*	<u>Revenue</u>						Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$4,152,750			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$16.86		Farm In	vestment =	\$9,108,827
Upgrader	\$3,093,500			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,763,031		Funding Amount =		\$0
Nutrient Recovery	\$676,192			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$480,799		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,186,386			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$97,189				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$9,108,827</u>	\$1,133,394		<u>Tot</u>	al =	<u>\$2,341,019</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,162	\$2,180	\$2,197	\$2,215	\$2,234	\$2,252	\$2,271	\$2,290	\$2,309	\$2,328
OPEX (000s)	\$933	\$952	\$971	\$990	\$1,010	\$1,030	\$1,051	\$1,072	\$1,093	\$1,115
Income (000s)	\$1,229	\$1,228	\$1,227	\$1,225	\$1,224	\$1,222	\$1,220	\$1,218	\$1,216	\$1,213
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,347	\$2,367	\$2,387	\$2,407	\$2,427	\$2,448	\$2,468	\$2,489	\$2,511	\$2,532
OPEX (000s)	\$1,137	\$1,160	\$1,183	\$1,207	\$1,231	\$1,256	\$1,281	\$1,306	\$1,332	\$1,359
Income (000s)	\$1,210	\$1,207	\$1,204	\$1,200	\$1,196	\$1,192	\$1,188	\$1,183	\$1,178	\$1,173

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%
* Assessed assessed assessed as	

Average Operating Income* = \$1,207,625

[%] of OPEX 107%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 75% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$16.86/GJ to <\$16/GJ and <\$15/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$16.86/GJ to >\$18/GJ and >\$21/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (9,616 instead of 19,232 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12								1.2%	2.4%	3.6%	4.7%	5.7%	6.7%	7.6%	8.5%
	\$13						0.2%	1.6%	2.9%	4.1%	5.3%	6.4%	7.4%	8.4%	9.3%	10.2%
	\$14					0.3%	1.8%	3.2%	4.5%	5.7%	6.8%	7.9%	9.0%	10.0%	10.9%	11.9%
	\$15				0.2%	1.8%	3.3%	4.7%	6.0%	7.2%	8.3%	9.4%	10.5%	11.5%	12.5%	13.5%
	\$16				1.6%	3.2%	4.7%	6.0%	7.3%	8.5%	9.7%	10.8%	11.9%	12.9%	14.0%	15.0%
	\$17			1.2%	2.9%	4.5%	6.0%	7.3%	8.6%	9.8%	11.0%	12.1%	13.3%	14.3%	15.4%	16.4%
	\$18		0.5%	2.4%	4.1%	5.7%	7.2%	8.5%	9.8%	11.1%	12.3%	13.5%	14.6%	15.7%	16.8%	17.9%
₀	\$19		1.7%	3.6%	5.3%	6.8%	8.3%	9.7%	11.0%	12.3%	13.5%	14.7%	15.9%	17.0%	18.2%	19.3%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	0.8%	2.8%	4.7%	6.4%	7.9%	9.4%	10.8%	12.1%	13.5%	14.7%	16.0%	17.2%	18.4%	19.5%	20.7%
<u>@</u>	\$21	1.8%	3.9%	5.7%	7.4%	9.0%	10.5%	11.9%	13.3%	14.6%	15.9%	17.2%	18.4%	19.6%	20.9%	22.1%
\$	\$22	2.8%	4.9%	6.7%	8.4%	10.0%	11.5%	12.9%	14.3%	15.7%	17.0%	18.4%	19.6%	20.9%	22.2%	23.4%
	\$23	3.8%	5.8%	7.6%	9.3%	10.9%	12.5%	14.0%	15.4%	16.8%	18.2%	19.5%	20.9%	22.2%	23.5%	24.7%
	\$24	4.7%	6.7%	8.5%	10.2%	11.9%	13.5%	15.0%	16.4%	17.9%	19.3%	20.7%	22.1%	23.4%	24.7%	26.1%
	\$25	5.5%	7.5%	9.4%	11.1%	12.8%	14.4%	16.0%	17.5%	18.9%	20.4%	21.8%	23.2%	24.6%	26.0%	27.4%
	\$26	6.3%	8.3%	10.2%	12.0%	13.7%	15.3%	16.9%	18.4%	20.0%	21.5%	22.9%	24.4%	25.8%	27.3%	28.7%
	\$27	6.9%	9.0%	10.9%	12.7%	14.4%	16.1%	17.8%	19.4%	20.9%	22.5%	24.0%	25.5%	27.0%	28.5%	29.9%
	\$28	7.4%	9.5%	11.5%	13.3%	15.1%	16.8%	18.5%	20.2%	21.8%	23.4%	25.0%	26.5%	28.1%	29.6%	31.1%
	\$29	7.7%	9.9%	11.9%	13.8%	15.6%	17.4%	19.1%	20.8%	22.5%	24.1%	25.8%	27.4%	29.0%	30.6%	32.1%
	\$30	7.9%	10.0%	12.1%	14.0%	15.9%	17.7%	19.4%	21.2%	22.9%	24.5%	26.2%	27.8%	29.5%	31.1%	32.7%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 21% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$16.86/GJ to <\$15/GJ and <\$13/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$16.86/GJ to >\$19/GJ and >\$21/GJ respectively.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)											
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$12				1.1%	3.0%	4.7%	6.3%	7.7%	9.2%	10.5%	11.8%
	\$13			1.3%	3.1%	4.8%	6.4%	7.8%	9.2%	10.6%	11.9%	13.2%
	\$14		1.4%	3.2%	4.9%	6.5%	7.9%	9.3%	10.7%	12.0%	13.2%	14.5%
	\$15	1.6%	3.4%	5.0%	6.6%	8.0%	9.4%	10.7%	12.0%	13.3%	14.5%	15.7%
	\$16	3.5%	5.1%	6.7%	8.1%	9.5%	10.8%	12.1%	13.3%	14.6%	15.8%	16.9%
	\$17	5.2%	6.8%	8.2%	9.5%	10.9%	12.1%	13.4%	14.6%	15.8%	17.0%	18.1%
	\$18	6.8%	8.3%	9.6%	10.9%	12.2%	13.5%	14.7%	15.9%	17.0%	18.2%	19.3%
_G	\$19	8.3%	9.7%	11.0%	12.3%	13.5%	14.7%	15.9%	17.1%	18.2%	19.4%	20.5%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	9.8%	11.1%	12.3%	13.6%	14.8%	16.0%	17.1%	18.3%	19.4%	20.5%	21.7%
<u></u> 6	\$21	11.1%	12.4%	13.6%	14.8%	16.0%	17.2%	18.3%	19.4%	20.6%	21.7%	22.8%
\$	\$22	12.5%	13.7%	14.9%	16.1%	17.2%	18.4%	19.5%	20.6%	21.7%	22.8%	23.9%
	\$23	13.7%	14.9%	16.1%	17.3%	18.4%	19.5%	20.6%	21.8%	22.9%	24.0%	25.0%
	\$24	15.0%	16.1%	17.3%	18.4%	19.6%	20.7%	21.8%	22.9%	24.0%	25.1%	26.2%
	\$25	16.2%	17.3%	18.5%	19.6%	20.7%	21.8%	22.9%	24.0%	25.1%	26.2%	27.3%
	\$26	17.3%	18.5%	19.6%	20.7%	21.8%	22.9%	24.0%	25.1%	26.2%	27.3%	28.3%
	\$27	18.4%	19.6%	20.7%	21.8%	22.9%	24.0%	25.1%	26.2%	27.2%	28.3%	29.4%
	\$28	19.4%	20.5%	21.6%	22.8%	23.9%	25.0%	26.1%	27.1%	28.2%	29.3%	30.4%
	\$29	20.1%	21.3%	22.4%	23.5%	24.7%	25.8%	26.9%	28.0%	29.1%	30.1%	31.2%
	\$30	20.5%	21.7%	22.8%	23.9%	25.1%	26.2%	27.3%	28.4%	29.5%	30.6%	31.7%

Farm Scenario #5 - Option C: RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$9.1 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,409,538/year. At an RNG sale price of \$19.35/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,601,824/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,192,287/year; equal to 85% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option C: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$3,163,125			$RNG/GJ^{\dagger} =$		\$19.35		Farm In	vestment =	\$9,069,234
Upgrader	\$4,048,689			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,023,836		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recovery	\$676,192			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$480,799		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,181,229			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$97,189				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$9,069,234</u>	\$1,409,538		<u>Tot</u>	al =	\$2,601,824		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,399	\$2,419	\$2,439	\$2,460	\$2,480	\$2,501	\$2,522	\$2,544	\$2,565	\$2,587
OPEX (000s)	\$1,160	\$1,183	\$1,207	\$1,231	\$1,256	\$1,281	\$1,307	\$1,333	\$1,359	\$1,387
Income (000s)	\$1,239	\$1,235	\$1,232	\$1,228	\$1,224	\$1,220	\$1,216	\$1,211	\$1,206	\$1,200
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,609	\$2,631	\$2,654	\$2,676	\$2,699	\$2,723	\$2,746	\$2,770	\$2,794	\$2,818
OPEX (000s)	\$1,414	\$1,443	\$1,471	\$1,501	\$1,531	\$1,562	\$1,593	\$1,625	\$1,657	\$1,690
Income (000s)	\$1,195	\$1,189	\$1,182	\$1,176	\$1,169	\$1,161	\$1,153	\$1,145	\$1,137	\$1,128

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

\$1,192,287

Average Operating Income* =

85%

% of OPEX

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 78% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$19.35/GJ to <\$18/GJ and <\$17/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$19.35/GJ to >\$21/GJ and >\$24/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (9,616 instead of 19,232 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 5.9%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12												0.7%	2.0%	3.2%	4.4%
	\$13										0.2%	1.6%	3.0%	4.2%	5.3%	6.4%
	\$14									0.7%	2.3%	3.6%	4.9%	6.1%	7.2%	8.3%
	\$15								1.1%	2.7%	4.1%	5.4%	6.7%	7.9%	9.0%	10.1%
	\$16							1.2%	2.9%	4.4%	5.8%	7.1%	8.3%	9.5%	10.6%	11.8%
	\$17						1.1%	2.9%	4.5%	5.9%	7.3%	8.6%	9.9%	11.1%	12.2%	13.3%
	\$18					0.7%	2.7%	4.4%	5.9%	7.4%	8.8%	10.1%	11.3%	12.6%	13.7%	14.9%
G	\$19				0.2%	2.3%	4.1%	5.8%	7.3%	8.8%	10.2%	11.5%	12.8%	14.0%	15.2%	16.4%
RNG	\$20				1.6%	3.6%	5.4%	7.1%	8.6%	10.1%	11.5%	12.8%	14.1%	15.4%	16.6%	17.8%
\$/@	\$21			0.7%	3.0%	4.9%	6.7%	8.3%	9.9%	11.3%	12.8%	14.1%	15.4%	16.7%	18.0%	19.3%
\$	\$22			2.0%	4.2%	6.1%	7.9%	9.5%	11.1%	12.6%	14.0%	15.4%	16.7%	18.1%	19.4%	20.7%
	\$23		0.8%	3.2%	5.3%	7.2%	9.0%	10.6%	12.2%	13.7%	15.2%	16.6%	18.0%	19.4%	20.7%	22.0%
	\$24		2.0%	4.4%	6.4%	8.3%	10.1%	11.8%	13.3%	14.9%	16.4%	17.8%	19.3%	20.7%	22.0%	23.4%
	\$25	0.5%	3.1%	5.4%	7.5%	9.4%	11.1%	12.8%	14.4%	16.0%	17.5%	19.0%	20.5%	21.9%	23.3%	24.8%
	\$26	1.4%	4.1%	6.3%	8.4%	10.3%	12.1%	13.8%	15.5%	17.1%	18.6%	20.2%	21.7%	23.2%	24.6%	26.1%
	\$27	2.2%	4.8%	7.1%	9.2%	11.1%	13.0%	14.7%	16.4%	18.1%	19.7%	21.2%	22.8%	24.3%	25.8%	27.3%
	\$28	2.7%	5.4%	7.7%	9.8%	11.8%	13.7%	15.5%	17.2%	18.9%	20.6%	22.2%	23.8%	25.4%	27.0%	28.5%
	\$29	3.0%	5.7%	8.1%	10.3%	12.3%	14.2%	16.1%	17.9%	19.6%	21.3%	23.0%	24.7%	26.3%	27.9%	29.5%
	\$30	3.2%	5.9%	8.3%	10.5%	12.5%	14.5%	16.4%	18.2%	20.0%	21.7%	23.4%	25.1%	26.8%	28.4%	30.1%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 18% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$19.35/GJ to <\$18/GJ and <\$15/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$19.35/GJ to >\$22/GJ and >\$24/GJ respectively.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)											
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$12							1.5%	3.4%	5.1%	6.7%	8.2%
	\$13						1.6%	3.5%	5.2%	6.8%	8.3%	9.7%
	\$14					1.8%	3.6%	5.3%	6.9%	8.4%	9.8%	11.1%
	\$15				1.9%	3.8%	5.4%	7.0%	8.5%	9.9%	11.2%	12.5%
	\$16		0.1%	2.1%	3.9%	5.5%	7.1%	8.5%	9.9%	11.3%	12.6%	13.8%
	\$17	0.3%	2.2%	4.0%	5.6%	7.2%	8.6%	10.0%	11.3%	12.6%	13.9%	15.1%
	\$18	2.4%	4.1%	5.8%	7.3%	8.7%	10.1%	11.4%	12.7%	14.0%	15.2%	16.4%
G	\$19	4.3%	5.9%	7.4%	8.8%	10.2%	11.5%	12.8%	14.0%	15.2%	16.4%	17.6%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	6.0%	7.5%	8.9%	10.2%	11.5%	12.8%	14.1%	15.3%	16.5%	17.7%	18.8%
<u>1</u> 9/	\$21	7.5%	9.0%	10.3%	11.6%	12.9%	14.1%	15.3%	16.5%	17.7%	18.9%	20.0%
\$	\$22	9.0%	10.4%	11.7%	12.9%	14.2%	15.4%	16.6%	17.7%	18.9%	20.0%	21.2%
	\$23	10.4%	11.7%	13.0%	14.2%	15.4%	16.6%	17.8%	18.9%	20.1%	21.2%	22.3%
	\$24	11.8%	13.1%	14.3%	15.5%	16.7%	17.8%	19.0%	20.1%	21.2%	22.4%	23.5%
	\$25	13.1%	14.3%	15.5%	16.7%	17.9%	19.0%	20.2%	21.3%	22.4%	23.5%	24.6%
	\$26	14.3%	15.5%	16.7%	17.9%	19.0%	20.2%	21.3%	22.4%	23.5%	24.6%	25.7%
	\$27	15.4%	16.6%	17.8%	19.0%	20.1%	21.2%	22.4%	23.5%	24.6%	25.7%	26.8%
	\$28	16.4%	17.6%	18.8%	19.9%	21.1%	22.2%	23.3%	24.5%	25.6%	26.7%	27.8%
	\$29	17.1%	18.3%	19.5%	20.7%	21.9%	23.0%	24.1%	25.3%	26.4%	27.5%	28.6%
	\$30	17.5%	18.7%	19.9%	21.1%	22.3%	23.4%	24.6%	25.7%	26.8%	27.9%	29.1%

Farm Scenario #5 - Option D: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$9.4 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,433,850/year. At an RNG sale price of \$19.99/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,668,236/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,234,386/year; equal to 86% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option D: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*	<u>Revenue</u>						Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$3,394,125			$RNG/GJ^{\dagger} =$		\$19.99		Farm In	vestment =	\$9,357,604
Upgrader	\$3,093,500			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,090,248		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,651,192			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$480,799		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,218,788			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$97,189				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$9,357,604</u>	<u>\$1,433,850</u>		<u>Tot</u>	al =	<u>\$2,668,236</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,459	\$2,480	\$2,501	\$2,522	\$2,543	\$2,564	\$2,586	\$2,608	\$2,630	\$2,653
OPEX (000s)	\$1,180	\$1,204	\$1,228	\$1,252	\$1,278	\$1,303	\$1,329	\$1,356	\$1,383	\$1,411
Income (000s)	\$1,279	\$1,276	\$1,273	\$1,269	\$1,265	\$1,261	\$1,257	\$1,252	\$1,248	\$1,242
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,676	\$2,698	\$2,722	\$2,745	\$2,769	\$2,793	\$2,817	\$2,841	\$2,866	\$2,891
OPEX (000s)	\$1,439	\$1,467	\$1,497	\$1,527	\$1,557	\$1,588	\$1,620	\$1,653	\$1,686	\$1,719
Income (000s)	\$1,237	\$1,231	\$1,225	\$1,218	\$1,211	\$1,204	\$1,197	\$1,189	\$1,180	\$1,172

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

\$1,234,386

Average Operating Income* =

86%

% of OPEX

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 78% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$19.99/GJ to <\$19/GJ and <\$17/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$19.99/GJ to >\$22/GJ and >\$24/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (9,616 instead of 19,232 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 5%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option D: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12													1.2%	2.4%	3.6%
	\$13											0.8%	2.1%	3.4%	4.6%	5.7%
	\$14										1.4%	2.8%	4.1%	5.3%	6.5%	7.5%
	\$15								0.2%	1.8%	3.3%	4.6%	5.9%	7.1%	8.2%	9.3%
	\$16							0.3%	2.0%	3.6%	5.0%	6.3%	7.5%	8.7%	9.9%	11.0%
	\$17						0.2%	2.0%	3.7%	5.2%	6.5%	7.8%	9.1%	10.3%	11.4%	12.5%
	\$18						1.8%	3.6%	5.2%	6.6%	8.0%	9.3%	10.5%	11.7%	12.9%	14.0%
G	\$19					1.4%	3.3%	5.0%	6.5%	8.0%	9.4%	10.7%	11.9%	13.2%	14.4%	15.5%
RNG	\$20				0.8%	2.8%	4.6%	6.3%	7.8%	9.3%	10.7%	12.0%	13.3%	14.5%	15.8%	16.9%
\$/@	\$21				2.1%	4.1%	5.9%	7.5%	9.1%	10.5%	11.9%	13.3%	14.6%	15.9%	17.1%	18.3%
\$	\$22			1.2%	3.4%	5.3%	7.1%	8.7%	10.3%	11.7%	13.2%	14.5%	15.9%	17.2%	18.5%	19.7%
	\$23		0.0%	2.4%	4.6%	6.5%	8.2%	9.9%	11.4%	12.9%	14.4%	15.8%	17.1%	18.5%	19.8%	21.1%
	\$24		1.2%	3.6%	5.7%	7.5%	9.3%	11.0%	12.5%	14.0%	15.5%	16.9%	18.3%	19.7%	21.1%	22.4%
	\$25		2.3%	4.6%	6.7%	8.6%	10.3%	12.0%	13.6%	15.1%	16.6%	18.1%	19.5%	21.0%	22.3%	23.7%
	\$26	0.6%	3.3%	5.5%	7.6%	9.5%	11.3%	13.0%	14.6%	16.2%	17.7%	19.2%	20.7%	22.2%	23.6%	25.0%
	\$27	1.3%	4.0%	6.3%	8.4%	10.3%	12.1%	13.9%	15.5%	17.2%	18.7%	20.3%	21.8%	23.3%	24.8%	26.2%
	\$28	1.8%	4.5%	6.9%	9.0%	11.0%	12.8%	14.6%	16.3%	18.0%	19.6%	21.2%	22.8%	24.3%	25.9%	27.4%
	\$29	2.2%	4.9%	7.3%	9.4%	11.4%	13.4%	15.2%	16.9%	18.7%	20.3%	22.0%	23.6%	25.2%	26.8%	28.3%
	\$30	2.3%	5.0%	7.4%	9.6%	11.7%	13.6%	15.5%	17.2%	19.0%	20.7%	22.4%	24.0%	25.7%	27.3%	28.9%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 18% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$19.99/GJ to <\$19/GJ and <\$16/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$19.99/GJ to >\$22/GJ and >\$24/GJ respectively.

Option D: Sensitivity Analysis – Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)											
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$12							0.6%	2.5%	4.3%	5.9%	7.4%
	\$13						0.8%	2.7%	4.4%	6.0%	7.5%	8.9%
	\$14					0.9%	2.8%	4.5%	6.1%	7.6%	9.0%	10.3%
	\$15				1.1%	3.0%	4.6%	6.2%	7.7%	9.1%	10.4%	11.7%
	\$16			1.3%	3.1%	4.8%	6.3%	7.8%	9.1%	10.5%	11.8%	13.0%
	\$17		1.4%	3.2%	4.9%	6.4%	7.8%	9.2%	10.5%	11.8%	13.1%	14.3%
	\$18	1.6%	3.4%	5.0%	6.5%	7.9%	9.3%	10.6%	11.9%	13.1%	14.3%	15.5%
ن	\$19	3.5%	5.1%	6.6%	8.0%	9.4%	10.7%	11.9%	13.2%	14.4%	15.6%	16.7%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	5.2%	6.7%	8.1%	9.5%	10.8%	12.0%	13.2%	14.4%	15.6%	16.8%	17.9%
<u>1</u> 9/	\$21	6.8%	8.2%	9.5%	10.8%	12.1%	13.3%	14.5%	15.7%	16.8%	17.9%	19.1%
\$	\$22	8.3%	9.6%	10.9%	12.1%	13.4%	14.5%	15.7%	16.9%	18.0%	19.1%	20.2%
	\$23	9.7%	11.0%	12.2%	13.4%	14.6%	15.8%	16.9%	18.0%	19.1%	20.2%	21.3%
	\$24	11.0%	12.3%	13.5%	14.6%	15.8%	16.9%	18.1%	19.2%	20.3%	21.4%	22.5%
	\$25	12.3%	13.5%	14.7%	15.8%	17.0%	18.1%	19.2%	20.3%	21.4%	22.5%	23.6%
	\$26	13.5%	14.7%	15.9%	17.0%	18.1%	19.2%	20.3%	21.4%	22.5%	23.6%	24.6%
	\$27	14.6%	15.8%	16.9%	18.0%	19.2%	20.3%	21.4%	22.5%	23.5%	24.6%	25.7%
	\$28	15.5%	16.7%	17.8%	19.0%	20.1%	21.2%	22.3%	23.4%	24.5%	25.6%	26.6%
	\$29	16.2%	17.4%	18.6%	19.7%	20.9%	22.0%	23.1%	24.2%	25.3%	26.4%	27.4%
	\$30	16.6%	17.8%	18.9%	20.1%	21.2%	22.4%	23.5%	24.6%	25.7%	26.8%	27.9%

Farm Scenario #5 - Option E: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$10.2 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,498,395/year. At an RNG sale price of \$21.70/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,847,070/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,348,674/year; equal to 90% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option E: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*		Revenue					Investmen	<u>ıt</u>
Digester	\$4,152,750			$RNG/GJ^{\dagger} =$		\$21.70		Farm In	vestment =	\$10,207,056
Upgrader	\$4,048,689			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,269,082		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recover	\$676,192			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$480,799		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,329,425			Bedding Sa	aving/Yr* =	\$97,189				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$10,207,056</u>	<u>\$1,498,395</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	\$2,847,070		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,622	\$2,644	\$2,666	\$2,689	\$2,712	\$2,735	\$2,759	\$2,782	\$2,806	\$2,831
OPEX (000s)	\$1,233	\$1,258	\$1,283	\$1,309	\$1,335	\$1,362	\$1,389	\$1,417	\$1,445	\$1,474
Income (000s)	\$1,388	\$1,386	\$1,383	\$1,380	\$1,377	\$1,373	\$1,370	\$1,366	\$1,361	\$1,357
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,855	\$2,880	\$2,905	\$2,930	\$2,956	\$2,981	\$3,007	\$3,034	\$3,060	\$3,087
OPEX (000s)	\$1,503	\$1,534	\$1,564	\$1,596	\$1,627	\$1,660	\$1,693	\$1,727	\$1,762	\$1,797
Income (000s)	\$1,351	\$1,346	\$1,341	\$1,334	\$1,328	\$1,321	\$1,314	\$1,307	\$1,299	\$1,291

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%

Average Operating Income* =	\$1,348,674

% of OPEX	90%
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^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†]Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 80% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$21.70/GJ to <\$20/GJ and <\$19/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$21.70/GJ to >\$24/GJ and >\$27/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (9,616 instead of 19,232 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 2.8%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option E: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount -50% -45% -40% -35% -30% -25% -20% -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% 20%															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12														0.3%	1.5%
	\$13													1.3%	2.5%	3.6%
	\$14											0.7%	2.0%	3.3%	4.4%	5.5%
	\$15										1.2%	2.6%	3.8%	5.0%	6.2%	7.2%
	\$16									1.5%	2.9%	4.2%	5.5%	6.7%	7.8%	8.9%
	\$17								1.5%	3.1%	4.5%	5.8%	7.0%	8.2%	9.3%	10.4%
	\$18							1.5%	3.1%	4.6%	5.9%	7.2%	8.5%	9.6%	10.8%	11.9%
g	\$19						1.2%	2.9%	4.5%	5.9%	7.3%	8.6%	9.8%	11.0%	12.2%	13.3%
RNG	\$20					0.7%	2.6%	4.2%	5.8%	7.2%	8.6%	9.9%	11.1%	12.3%	13.5%	14.6%
\$/@	\$21					2.0%	3.8%	5.5%	7.0%	8.5%	9.8%	11.1%	12.4%	13.6%	14.8%	16.0%
\$	\$22				1.3%	3.3%	5.0%	6.7%	8.2%	9.6%	11.0%	12.3%	13.6%	14.9%	16.1%	17.3%
	\$23			0.3%	2.5%	4.4%	6.2%	7.8%	9.3%	10.8%	12.2%	13.5%	14.8%	16.1%	17.3%	18.5%
	\$24			1.5%	3.6%	5.5%	7.2%	8.9%	10.4%	11.9%	13.3%	14.6%	16.0%	17.3%	18.5%	19.8%
	\$25		0.1%	2.5%	4.6%	6.5%	8.3%	9.9%	11.4%	12.9%	14.4%	15.7%	17.1%	18.4%	19.7%	21.0%
	\$26		1.1%	3.5%	5.5%	7.4%	9.2%	10.8%	12.4%	13.9%	15.4%	16.8%	18.2%	19.6%	20.9%	22.2%
	\$27		1.8%	4.2%	6.3%	8.2%	10.0%	11.6%	13.3%	14.8%	16.3%	17.8%	19.2%	20.6%	22.0%	23.4%
	\$28		2.3%	4.7%	6.8%	8.8%	10.6%	12.3%	14.0%	15.6%	17.1%	18.6%	20.1%	21.6%	23.0%	24.4%
	\$29		2.6%	5.1%	7.2%	9.2%	11.1%	12.8%	14.5%	16.2%	17.8%	19.3%	20.8%	22.3%	23.8%	25.3%
	\$30		2.8%	5.2%	7.4%	9.4%	11.3%	13.1%	14.8%	16.5%	18.1%	19.6%	21.2%	22.7%	24.2%	25.7%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 17% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$21.70/GJ to <\$20/GJ and <\$17/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$21.70/GJ to >\$24/GJ and >\$26/GJ respectively.

Option E: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Fo	ood Waste T	ip Fee (\$/To	nne)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$12								0.3%	2.2%	3.8%	5.3%
	\$13							0.5%	2.3%	3.9%	5.4%	6.8%
	\$14						0.7%	2.4%	4.0%	5.5%	6.9%	8.2%
	\$15					0.8%	2.6%	4.1%	5.6%	7.0%	8.3%	9.6%
	\$16				1.0%	2.7%	4.2%	5.7%	7.1%	8.4%	9.6%	10.8%
	\$17			1.1%	2.8%	4.4%	5.8%	7.2%	8.4%	9.7%	10.9%	12.1%
	\$18		1.3%	2.9%	4.5%	5.9%	7.2%	8.5%	9.8%	11.0%	12.1%	13.2%
_G	\$19	1.4%	3.1%	4.6%	6.0%	7.3%	8.6%	9.8%	11.0%	12.2%	13.3%	14.4%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	3.2%	4.7%	6.1%	7.4%	8.7%	9.9%	11.1%	12.2%	13.4%	14.4%	15.5%
<u></u> 6	\$21	4.8%	6.2%	7.5%	8.7%	10.0%	11.1%	12.3%	13.4%	14.5%	15.6%	16.6%
\$	\$22	6.3%	7.6%	8.8%	10.0%	11.2%	12.3%	13.5%	14.5%	15.6%	16.7%	17.7%
	\$23	7.6%	8.9%	10.1%	11.3%	12.4%	13.5%	14.6%	15.7%	16.7%	17.8%	18.8%
	\$24	9.0%	10.2%	11.3%	12.5%	13.6%	14.6%	15.7%	16.8%	17.8%	18.8%	19.8%
	\$25	10.2%	11.4%	12.5%	13.6%	14.7%	15.7%	16.8%	17.8%	18.9%	19.9%	20.9%
	\$26	11.4%	12.5%	13.6%	14.7%	15.8%	16.8%	17.8%	18.9%	19.9%	20.9%	21.9%
	\$27	12.4%	13.5%	14.6%	15.7%	16.7%	17.8%	18.8%	19.8%	20.8%	21.8%	22.8%
	\$28	13.2%	14.3%	15.4%	16.5%	17.6%	18.6%	19.7%	20.7%	21.7%	22.7%	23.7%
	\$29	13.9%	15.0%	16.1%	17.2%	18.2%	19.3%	20.3%	21.4%	22.4%	23.4%	24.4%
	\$30	14.2%	15.3%	16.4%	17.5%	18.6%	19.6%	20.7%	21.7%	22.8%	23.8%	24.8%

Farm Scenario #5 - Option F: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$10.5 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,522,708/year. At an RNG sale price of \$22.32/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,912,003/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,389,295/year; equal to 91% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option F: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>ıt</u>
Digester	\$4,383,750			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$22.32		Farm In	vestment =	\$10,495,426
Upgrader	\$3,093,500			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,334,015		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recover	\$1,651,192			Tip Fee/Yr =		\$480,799		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,366,984			Bedding Saving/Yr* =		\$97,189				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$10,495,426</u>	<u>\$1,522,708</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	<u>\$2,912,003</u>	. <u>2,003</u> Inflatio		ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,681	\$2,703	\$2,727	\$2,750	\$2,773	\$2,797	\$2,821	\$2,846	\$2,870	\$2,895
OPEX (000s)	\$1,253	\$1,278	\$1,304	\$1,330	\$1,357	\$1,384	\$1,412	\$1,440	\$1,469	\$1,498
Income (000s)	\$1,427	\$1,425	\$1,422	\$1,420	\$1,417	\$1,413	\$1,410	\$1,406	\$1,402	\$1,397
	ı	T	1		Τ			1		1
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,920	\$2,945	\$2,971	\$2,997	\$3,023	\$3,050	\$3,077	\$3,104	\$3,131	\$3,159
OPEX (000s)	\$1,528	\$1,558	\$1,590	\$1,621	\$1,654	\$1,687	\$1,721	\$1,755	\$1,790	\$1,826
Income (000s)	\$1,392	\$1,387	\$1,382	\$1,376	\$1,369	\$1,363	\$1,356	\$1,349	\$1,341	\$1,333

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%
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Average Operating Income* =	\$1,389,295

% of OPEX	91%
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^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 80% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$22.32/GJ to <\$21/GJ and <\$19/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$22.32/GJ to >\$24/GJ and >\$28/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (9,616 instead of 19,232 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 2.0%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option F: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

						С	hange in F	RNG Produ	uction Am	ount						
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12															0.7%
	\$13													0.5%	1.7%	2.9%
	\$14												1.3%	2.5%	3.7%	4.8%
	\$15										0.4%	1.8%	3.1%	4.3%	5.5%	6.6%
	\$16									0.7%	2.2%	3.5%	4.8%	6.0%	7.1%	8.2%
	\$17								0.8%	2.4%	3.8%	5.1%	6.3%	7.5%	8.6%	9.7%
	\$18							0.7%	2.4%	3.9%	5.3%	6.6%	7.8%	8.9%	10.1%	11.2%
G	\$19						0.4%	2.2%	3.8%	5.3%	6.6%	7.9%	9.1%	10.3%	11.5%	12.6%
RNG	\$20						1.8%	3.5%	5.1%	6.6%	7.9%	9.2%	10.4%	11.6%	12.8%	13.9%
\$/9	\$21					1.3%	3.1%	4.8%	6.3%	7.8%	9.1%	10.4%	11.7%	12.9%	14.1%	15.2%
\$	\$22				0.5%	2.5%	4.3%	6.0%	7.5%	8.9%	10.3%	11.6%	12.9%	14.1%	15.3%	16.5%
	\$23				1.7%	3.7%	5.5%	7.1%	8.6%	10.1%	11.5%	12.8%	14.1%	15.3%	16.5%	17.7%
	\$24			0.7%	2.9%	4.8%	6.6%	8.2%	9.7%	11.2%	12.6%	13.9%	15.2%	16.5%	17.7%	19.0%
	\$25			1.8%	3.9%	5.8%	7.6%	9.2%	10.7%	12.2%	13.6%	15.0%	16.3%	17.6%	18.9%	20.2%
	\$26		0.3%	2.7%	4.8%	6.7%	8.5%	10.1%	11.7%	13.2%	14.6%	16.0%	17.4%	18.7%	20.1%	21.4%
	\$27		1.0%	3.4%	5.6%	7.5%	9.3%	10.9%	12.5%	14.1%	15.5%	17.0%	18.4%	19.8%	21.1%	22.5%
	\$28		1.5%	4.0%	6.1%	8.1%	9.9%	11.6%	13.2%	14.8%	16.3%	17.8%	19.3%	20.7%	22.1%	23.5%
	\$29		1.9%	4.3%	6.5%	8.5%	10.3%	12.1%	13.8%	15.4%	16.9%	18.5%	20.0%	21.4%	22.9%	24.3%
	\$30		2.0%	4.5%	6.7%	8.7%	10.5%	12.3%	14.0%	15.6%	17.2%	18.8%	20.3%	21.8%	23.3%	24.7%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 17% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$22.32/GJ to <\$21/GJ and <\$18/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$22.32/GJ to >\$25/GJ and >\$27/GJ respectively.

Option F: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Fo	ood Waste T	ip Fee (\$/To	onne)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$12									1.4%	3.1%	4.6%
	\$13								1.6%	3.2%	4.7%	6.1%
	\$14							1.7%	3.3%	4.8%	6.2%	7.5%
	\$15					0.1%	1.8%	3.4%	4.9%	6.3%	7.6%	8.8%
	\$16				0.2%	2.0%	3.5%	5.0%	6.4%	7.7%	8.9%	10.1%
	\$17			0.4%	2.1%	3.7%	5.1%	6.5%	7.8%	9.0%	10.2%	11.3%
	\$18		0.5%	2.2%	3.8%	5.2%	6.6%	7.8%	9.1%	10.2%	11.4%	12.5%
ن	\$19	0.7%	2.4%	3.9%	5.3%	6.6%	7.9%	9.1%	10.3%	11.5%	12.6%	13.7%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	2.5%	4.0%	5.4%	6.7%	8.0%	9.2%	10.4%	11.5%	12.6%	13.7%	14.8%
<u>.</u>	\$21	4.1%	5.5%	6.8%	8.1%	9.3%	10.4%	11.6%	12.7%	13.8%	14.8%	15.9%
\$	\$22	5.6%	6.9%	8.1%	9.3%	10.5%	11.6%	12.7%	13.8%	14.9%	15.9%	16.9%
	\$23	7.0%	8.2%	9.4%	10.6%	11.7%	12.8%	13.9%	14.9%	15.9%	17.0%	18.0%
	\$24	8.3%	9.5%	10.6%	11.7%	12.8%	13.9%	15.0%	16.0%	17.0%	18.0%	19.0%
	\$25	9.5%	10.7%	11.8%	12.9%	13.9%	15.0%	16.0%	17.0%	18.0%	19.0%	20.0%
	\$26	10.7%	11.8%	12.9%	13.9%	15.0%	16.0%	17.0%	18.1%	19.0%	20.0%	21.0%
	\$27	11.6%	12.8%	13.8%	14.9%	15.9%	17.0%	18.0%	19.0%	20.0%	21.0%	21.9%
	\$28	12.5%	13.6%	14.7%	15.7%	16.8%	17.8%	18.8%	19.8%	20.8%	21.8%	22.8%
	\$29	13.1%	14.2%	15.3%	16.4%	17.4%	18.5%	19.5%	20.5%	21.5%	22.5%	23.5%
	\$30	13.4%	14.5%	15.6%	16.7%	17.7%	18.8%	19.8%	20.8%	21.8%	22.8%	23.8%

Farm Scenario #5 - Option G: RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

12%

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$10.5 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,798,852/year. At an RNG sale price of \$24.81/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$3,173,065/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,374,213/year; equal to 76% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option G: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>ıt</u>
Digester	\$3,394,125			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$24.81		Farm In	vestment =	\$10,455,833
Upgrader	\$4,048,689			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,595,076		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recover	\$1,651,192			Tip Fee/Yr =		\$480,799		Funding % of CAPEX		0%
Other	\$1,361,827			Bedding Saving/Yr* =		\$97,189				
<u>Total</u>	\$10,455,833	\$1,798,852		<u>Total =</u>		<u>\$3,173,065</u>		Inflation =		2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,918	\$2,943	\$2,968	\$2,994	\$3,020	\$3,046	\$3,073	\$3,100	\$3,127	\$3,154
OPEX (000s)	\$1,481	\$1,510	\$1,541	\$1,571	\$1,603	\$1,635	\$1,668	\$1,701	\$1,735	\$1,770
Income (000s)	\$1,437	\$1,433	\$1,428	\$1,423	\$1,417	\$1,412	\$1,405	\$1,399	\$1,392	\$1,385
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$3,182	\$3,210	\$3,238	\$3,267	\$3,296	\$3,325	\$3,355	\$3,385	\$3,415	\$3,445
OPEX (000s)	\$1,805	\$1,841	\$1,878	\$1,915	\$1,954	\$1,993	\$2,033	\$2,073	\$2,115	\$2,157
Income (000s)	\$1,377	\$1,369	\$1,361	\$1,352	\$1,342	\$1,332	\$1,322	\$1,311	\$1,300	\$1,288

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

\$1,374,213

% of OPEX

Average Operating Income* =

76%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 82% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$24.81/GJ to <\$23/GJ and <\$21/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$24.81/GJ to >\$28/GJ. Furthermore, if only 60% of estimated mixed food waste is available (11,539 instead of 19,232 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 2.3%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option G: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$14															0.3%
	\$15														1.2%	2.6%
	\$16									-			0.3%	1.8%	3.2%	4.5%
	\$17											0.7%	2.3%	3.7%	5.1%	6.3%
	\$18								-	-	0.9%	2.6%	4.1%	5.5%	6.8%	8.0%
	\$19									0.9%	2.6%	4.2%	5.7%	7.0%	8.3%	9.6%
G	\$20								0.7%	2.6%	4.2%	5.8%	7.2%	8.5%	9.8%	11.0%
\$/GJ RNG	\$21							0.3%	2.3%	4.1%	5.7%	7.2%	8.6%	9.9%	11.2%	12.4%
[<u>G</u>	\$22							1.8%	3.7%	5.5%	7.0%	8.5%	9.9%	11.3%	12.6%	13.8%
\$	\$23						1.2%	3.2%	5.1%	6.8%	8.3%	9.8%	11.2%	12.6%	13.9%	15.1%
	\$24					0.3%	2.6%	4.5%	6.3%	8.0%	9.6%	11.0%	12.4%	13.8%	15.1%	16.4%
	\$25					1.6%	3.8%	5.7%	7.5%	9.2%	10.7%	12.2%	13.6%	15.0%	16.4%	17.7%
	\$26				0.2%	2.7%	4.9%	6.8%	8.6%	10.2%	11.8%	13.3%	14.8%	16.2%	17.6%	18.9%
	\$27				1.1%	3.6%	5.7%	7.7%	9.5%	11.1%	12.7%	14.3%	15.8%	17.2%	18.6%	20.0%
	\$28				1.7%	4.2%	6.4%	8.4%	10.2%	11.9%	13.5%	15.1%	16.7%	18.2%	19.6%	21.1%
	\$29				2.1%	4.6%	6.8%	8.8%	10.7%	12.5%	14.1%	15.8%	17.3%	18.9%	20.4%	21.9%
	\$30				2.3%	4.8%	7.0%	9.1%	10.9%	12.7%	14.4%	16.1%	17.7%	19.2%	20.8%	22.3%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 15% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$24.81/GJ to <\$23/GJ and <\$21/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$24.81/GJ to >\$28/GJ. If mixed food waste tip fee is \$0/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.2%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option G: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Fo	ood Waste T	ip Fee (\$/To	nne)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$12											
	\$13										0.0%	1.9%
	\$14									0.2%	2.0%	3.7%
	\$15								0.4%	2.2%	3.8%	5.3%
	\$16							0.5%	2.3%	3.9%	5.4%	6.8%
	\$17						0.7%	2.4%	4.0%	5.5%	6.8%	8.1%
	\$18					0.8%	2.6%	4.1%	5.6%	6.9%	8.2%	9.5%
_G	\$19				1.0%	2.7%	4.2%	5.7%	7.0%	8.3%	9.5%	10.7%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20			1.1%	2.8%	4.3%	5.8%	7.1%	8.4%	9.6%	10.8%	11.9%
<u>_</u>	\$21		1.3%	2.9%	4.4%	5.8%	7.2%	8.4%	9.7%	10.8%	12.0%	13.1%
\$	\$22	1.4%	3.0%	4.5%	5.9%	7.3%	8.5%	9.7%	10.9%	12.0%	13.2%	14.2%
	\$23	3.2%	4.6%	6.0%	7.3%	8.6%	9.8%	11.0%	12.1%	13.2%	14.3%	15.4%
	\$24	4.7%	6.1%	7.4%	8.7%	9.9%	11.0%	12.2%	13.3%	14.3%	15.4%	16.4%
	\$25	6.2%	7.5%	8.7%	9.9%	11.1%	12.2%	13.3%	14.4%	15.4%	16.5%	17.5%
	\$26	7.5%	8.7%	9.9%	11.1%	12.2%	13.3%	14.4%	15.4%	16.5%	17.5%	18.5%
	\$27	8.5%	9.7%	10.9%	12.1%	13.2%	14.3%	15.4%	16.4%	17.4%	18.5%	19.5%
	\$28	9.4%	10.6%	11.8%	12.9%	14.0%	15.1%	16.2%	17.3%	18.3%	19.3%	20.3%
	\$29	10.0%	11.2%	12.4%	13.5%	14.7%	15.8%	16.8%	17.9%	19.0%	20.0%	21.0%
	\$30	10.2%	11.5%	12.7%	13.8%	15.0%	16.1%	17.2%	18.2%	19.3%	20.3%	21.3%

Farm Scenario #5 - Option H: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning, RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$11.6 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,887,709/year. At an RNG sale price of \$27.45/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$3,366,766/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,479,057/year; equal to 78% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option H: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>ıt</u>
Digester	\$4,383,750			RNG/	'GJ [†] =	\$27.45		Farm In	vestment =	\$11,593,654
Upgrader	\$4,048,689			Avg RNG	Avg RNG Sales/Yr = S			Funding Amount =		\$0
Nutrient Rec.	\$1,651,192			Tip Fe	Tip Fee/Yr =			Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,510,024			Bedding Sa	Bedding Savings/Yr* =					
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$11,593,654</u>	\$1,887,709				<u>\$3,366,766</u>		Inflation =		2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$3,168	\$3,196	\$3,224	\$3,252	\$3,281	\$3,310	\$3,339	\$3,368	\$3,398	\$3,426
OPEX (000s)	\$1,554	\$1,585	\$1,617	\$1,649	\$1,682	\$1,716	\$1,750	\$1,785	\$1,821	\$1,857
Income (000s)	\$1,614	\$1,611	\$1,607	\$1,603	\$1,599	\$1,594	\$1,589	\$1,583	\$1,578	\$1,569
	1							1		
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$3,428	\$3,430	\$3,432	\$3,434	\$3,436	\$3,438	\$3,440	\$3,443	\$3,445	\$3,447
OPEX (000s)	\$1,894	\$1,932	\$1,971	\$2,010 \$2,050		\$2,091	\$2,133	\$2,176	\$2,219	\$2,264
Income (000s)	\$1,534	\$1,498	\$1,461	\$1,424 \$1,386		\$1,347	\$1,307	\$1,267 \$1,226		\$1,183

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%
--------------------------	-----

\$1,479,057

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$27.45/GJ to <\$25/GJ and <\$23/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.0 and 6.4% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option H: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16														0.6%	2.0%
	\$17													1.1%	2.6%	3.8%
	\$18												1.5%	2.9%	4.3%	5.5%
	\$19										0.0%	1.7%	3.2%	4.6%	5.8%	7.1%
	\$20										1.7%	3.2%	4.7%	6.0%	7.3%	8.5%
G	\$21									1.5%	3.2%	4.7%	6.1%	7.4%	8.7%	9.9%
\$/GJ RNG	\$22								1.1%	2.9%	4.6%	6.0%	7.4%	8.7%	10.0%	11.2%
<u>@</u>	\$23							0.6%	2.6%	4.3%	5.8%	7.3%	8.7%	10.0%	11.3%	12.5%
\$	\$24							2.0%	3.8%	5.5%	7.1%	8.5%	9.9%	11.2%	12.5%	13.7%
	\$25						1.2%	3.2%	5.0%	6.7%	8.2%	9.7%	11.0%	12.4%	13.7%	14.9%
	\$26					0.0%	2.3%	4.3%	6.1%	7.7%	9.2%	10.7%	12.1%	13.4%	14.8%	16.0%
	\$27					0.9%	3.1%	5.1%	6.9%	8.6%	10.1%	11.6%	13.0%	14.4%	15.8%	17.1%
	\$28					1.5%	3.7%	5.7%	7.6%	9.3%	10.8%	12.4%	13.8%	15.2%	16.6%	18.0%
	\$29					1.8%	4.1%	6.2%	8.0%	9.7%	11.4%	12.9%	14.4%	15.9%	17.3%	18.7%
	\$30					2.0%	4.3%	6.4%	8.2%	10.0%	11.6%	13.2%	14.7%	16.2%	17.6%	19.0%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$27.45/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$23/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.9% and 7.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

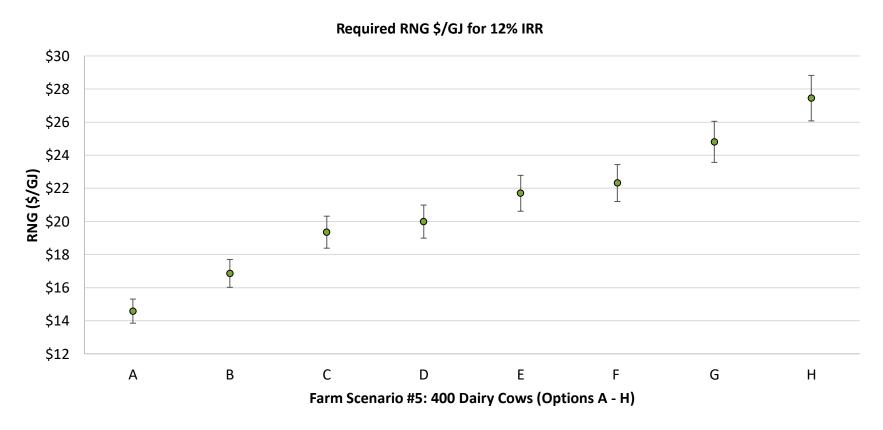
Option H: Sensitivity Analysis – Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50		
	\$16									1.3%	2.8%	4.2%		
	\$17								1.4%	2.9%	4.3%	5.6%		
	\$18							1.5%	3.0%	4.4%	5.7%	6.9%		
	\$19					0.0%	1.7%	3.1%	4.5%	5.8%	7.0%	8.2%		
	\$20				0.2%	1.8%	3.2%	4.6%	5.9%	7.1%	8.2%	9.4%		
G	\$21			0.3%	1.9%	3.4%	4.7%	6.0%	7.2%	8.3%	9.4%	10.5%		
RNG	\$22		0.5%	2.0%	3.5%	4.8%	6.0%	7.2%	8.4%	9.5%	10.5%	11.6%		
\$/eJ	\$23	0.6%	2.1%	3.6%	4.9%	6.1%	7.3%	8.4%	9.5%	10.6%	11.6%	12.6%		
\$	\$24	2.3%	3.7%	5.0%	6.2%	7.4%	8.5%	9.6%	10.7%	11.7%	12.7%	13.7%		
	\$25	3.8%	5.0%	6.3%	7.4%	8.6%	9.7%	10.7%	11.7%	12.7%	13.7%	14.7%		
	\$26	5.0%	6.2%	7.4%	8.5%	9.6%	10.7%	11.7%	12.7%	13.7%	14.7%	15.6%		
	\$27	6.0%	7.2%	8.4%	9.5%	10.6%	11.6%	12.6%	13.6%	14.6%	15.6%	16.5%		
	\$28	6.8%	8.0%	9.1%	10.2%	11.3%	12.4%	13.4%	14.4%	15.4%	16.3%	17.3%		
	\$29	7.3%	8.5%	9.7%	10.8%	11.9%	12.9%	14.0%	15.0%	15.9%	16.9%	17.9%		
	\$30	7.5%	8.8%	9.9%	11.0%	12.1%	13.2%	14.2%	15.2%	16.2%	17.2%	18.2%		

Farm Scenario #5: Summary

Figure 17 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #5 Options A – G for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is <\$30/GJ, a bar representing +/- 5% is shown to account for price uncertainty. Farm Scenario #5 Options A – H don't require funding. These biogas plants require an RNG sale price from as low as \$13.85/GJ to as high as \$28.82/GJ. Figure 17 shows that even with mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment, 400 dairy cow farms co-digesting dairy manure and mixed food waste are economically feasible in B.C. without funding.

Figure 17: Farm Scenario #5 - Required RNG Sale Price for 400 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste



7.6

Farm Scenario #6: 500 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste

Farm Scenario #6 is a 500 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy manure and mixed food waste. Farm Scenario #6 assumes the use of traditional on-farm biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volume and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #6 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	25,021	51%	8,074
Mixed food waste	24,040	49%	116,825
Total	49,061	100%	124,898

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #6:

- Option A: No additional equipment;
- Option B: Mixed food waste cleaning equipment;
- Option C: RNG compression equipment;
- Option D: Nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option E: Mixed food waste cleaning and RNG compression equipment;
- Option F: Mixed food waste cleaning and nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option G: RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment; and
- Option H: Mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #6 Options A – H, see Appendix F.

Farm Scenario #6 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$8.7 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,204,735/year. At an RNG sale price of \$12.48/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,353,753/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,149,018/year; equal to 95% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>			<u>Investment</u>				
Digester	\$3,278,625			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$12.48		Farm In	Farm Investment =			
Upgrader	\$3,536,400			Avg RNG	Avg RNG Sales/Yr =			Funding Amount =		\$0		
Nutrient Recovery	\$756,267			Tip Fee/Yr = \$6		\$600,998		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%		
Other	\$1,133,801			Bedding Savings/Yr* = \$		\$121,487						
<u>Total</u>	\$8,705,093	<u>\$1,204,735</u>		<u>Total = \$2</u>		\$2,353,753		Inflation =		2%		
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
Revenue (000s)	\$2,183	\$2,199	\$2,216	\$2,234	\$2,251	\$2,269	\$2,286	\$2,304	\$2,323	\$2,341		
OPEX (000s)	\$992	\$1,011	\$1,032	\$1,052	\$1,073	\$1,095	\$1,117	\$1,139	\$1,162	\$1,185		
Income (000s)	\$1,191	\$1,188	\$1,185	\$1,181	\$1,178	\$1,174	\$1,170	\$1,165	\$1,161	\$1,156		
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		
Revenue (000s)	\$2,360	\$2,378	\$2,397	\$2,417	\$2,436	\$2,456	\$2,476	\$2,496	\$2,516	\$2,537		
OPEX (000s)	\$1,209	\$1,233	\$1,258	\$1,283	\$1,308	\$1,335	\$1,361	\$1,389	\$1,416	\$1,445		
Income (000s)	\$1,151	\$1,145	\$1,140	\$1,134	\$1,128	\$1,121	\$1,114	\$1,107	\$1,100	\$1,092		

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

\$1,149,018

Average Operating Income* =

95%

% of OPEX

[†]Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 69% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 5% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$12.48/GJ to <\$12/GJ. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$12.48/GJ to >\$13/GJ and >\$15/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (12,020 instead of 24,040 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$12.48/GJ to >\$22/GJ.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12			0.6%	2.3%	3.8%	5.2%	6.5%	7.7%	8.9%	10.1%	11.2%	12.2%	13.2%	14.3%	15.2%
	\$13		0.4%	2.3%	3.9%	5.4%	6.8%	8.1%	9.4%	10.6%	11.8%	12.9%	14.0%	15.1%	16.1%	17.2%
	\$14		2.0%	3.8%	5.4%	6.9%	8.3%	9.7%	11.0%	12.2%	13.4%	14.6%	15.7%	16.8%	17.9%	19.0%
	\$15	1.4%	3.4%	5.2%	6.8%	8.3%	9.8%	11.2%	12.5%	13.8%	15.0%	16.2%	17.4%	18.6%	19.7%	20.9%
	\$16	2.8%	4.7%	6.5%	8.1%	9.7%	11.2%	12.6%	13.9%	15.2%	16.5%	17.8%	19.0%	20.3%	21.5%	22.6%
	\$17	4.0%	6.0%	7.7%	9.4%	11.0%	12.5%	13.9%	15.3%	16.7%	18.0%	19.3%	20.6%	21.9%	23.2%	24.4%
	\$18	5.2%	7.1%	8.9%	10.6%	12.2%	13.8%	15.2%	16.7%	18.1%	19.5%	20.9%	22.2%	23.5%	24.8%	26.2%
G	\$19	6.3%	8.2%	10.1%	11.8%	13.4%	15.0%	16.5%	18.0%	19.5%	20.9%	22.4%	23.8%	25.1%	26.5%	27.9%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	7.3%	9.3%	11.2%	12.9%	14.6%	16.2%	17.8%	19.3%	20.9%	22.4%	23.8%	25.3%	26.7%	28.2%	29.6%
<u>@</u>	\$21	8.3%	10.3%	12.2%	14.0%	15.7%	17.4%	19.0%	20.6%	22.2%	23.8%	25.3%	26.8%	28.3%	29.8%	31.3%
\$	\$22	9.3%	11.3%	13.2%	15.1%	16.8%	18.6%	20.3%	21.9%	23.5%	25.1%	26.7%	28.3%	29.9%	31.4%	33.0%
	\$23	10.2%	12.3%	14.3%	16.1%	17.9%	19.7%	21.5%	23.2%	24.8%	26.5%	28.2%	29.8%	31.4%	33.0%	34.7%
	\$24	11.2%	13.2%	15.2%	17.2%	19.0%	20.9%	22.6%	24.4%	26.2%	27.9%	29.6%	31.3%	33.0%	34.7%	36.3%
	\$25	12.0%	14.2%	16.2%	18.2%	20.1%	22.0%	23.8%	25.6%	27.4%	29.2%	31.0%	32.8%	34.5%	36.3%	38.0%
	\$26	12.9%	15.0%	17.1%	19.2%	21.1%	23.1%	25.0%	26.9%	28.7%	30.6%	32.4%	34.2%	36.0%	37.9%	39.7%
	\$27	13.6%	15.8%	18.0%	20.1%	22.1%	24.1%	26.1%	28.0%	30.0%	31.9%	33.8%	35.7%	37.6%	39.4%	41.3%
	\$28	14.2%	16.5%	18.7%	20.9%	23.0%	25.1%	27.1%	29.1%	31.1%	33.1%	35.1%	37.1%	39.0%	41.0%	42.9%
	\$29	14.7%	17.1%	19.3%	21.6%	23.7%	25.9%	28.0%	30.1%	32.1%	34.2%	36.2%	38.3%	40.3%	42.3%	44.3%
	\$30	14.9%	17.3%	19.6%	21.9%	24.1%	26.3%	28.4%	30.6%	32.7%	34.8%	36.9%	39.0%	41.1%	43.1%	45.2%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 26% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$30/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$12.48/GJ to <\$12/GJ. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$12.48/GJ to >\$15/GJ and >\$17/GJ respectively.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)														
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50			
	\$12	1.1%	3.5%	5.6%	7.6%	9.4%	11.2%	12.8%	14.4%	16.0%	17.6%	19.1%			
	\$13	3.7%	5.8%	7.7%	9.5%	11.2%	12.9%	14.5%	16.1%	17.6%	19.1%	20.6%			
	\$14	5.9%	7.8%	9.6%	11.3%	13.0%	14.6%	16.1%	17.7%	19.2%	20.7%	22.1%			
	\$15	7.9%	9.7%	11.4%	13.1%	14.7%	16.2%	17.7%	19.2%	20.7%	22.2%	23.6%			
	\$16	9.8%	11.5%	13.1%	14.7%	16.3%	17.8%	19.3%	20.8%	22.2%	23.7%	25.1%			
	\$17	11.6%	13.2%	14.8%	16.3%	17.9%	19.3%	20.8%	22.3%	23.7%	25.1%	26.6%			
	\$18	13.3%	14.9%	16.4%	17.9%	19.4%	20.9%	22.3%	23.7%	25.2%	26.6%	28.0%			
_G	\$19	14.9%	16.5%	18.0%	19.4%	20.9%	22.4%	23.8%	25.2%	26.6%	28.0%	29.4%			
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	16.5%	18.0%	19.5%	21.0%	22.4%	23.8%	25.2%	26.7%	28.1%	29.5%	30.9%			
<u></u> 6	\$21	18.1%	19.5%	21.0%	22.4%	23.9%	25.3%	26.7%	28.1%	29.5%	30.9%	32.3%			
\$	\$22	19.6%	21.0%	22.5%	23.9%	25.3%	26.7%	28.1%	29.5%	30.9%	32.3%	33.7%			
	\$23	21.1%	22.5%	23.9%	25.4%	26.8%	28.2%	29.6%	31.0%	32.3%	33.7%	35.1%			
	\$24	22.6%	24.0%	25.4%	26.8%	28.2%	29.6%	31.0%	32.4%	33.7%	35.1%	36.5%			
	\$25	24.0%	25.4%	26.8%	28.2%	29.6%	31.0%	32.4%	33.8%	35.2%	36.5%	37.9%			
	\$26	25.4%	26.8%	28.2%	29.6%	31.0%	32.4%	33.8%	35.2%	36.5%	37.9%	39.3%			
	\$27	26.8%	28.2%	29.6%	31.0%	32.4%	33.8%	35.2%	36.5%	37.9%	39.3%	40.7%			
	\$28	28.1%	29.5%	30.9%	32.3%	33.7%	35.1%	36.5%	37.9%	39.2%	40.6%	42.0%			
	\$29	29.2%	30.6%	32.0%	33.4%	34.8%	36.2%	37.6%	39.0%	40.4%	41.8%	43.2%			
	\$30	29.8%	31.2%	32.6%	34.1%	35.5%	36.9%	38.3%	39.7%	41.1%	42.5%	43.9%			

Farm Scenario #6 - Option B: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$9.8 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,293,593/year. At an RNG sale price of \$14.32/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,594,693/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,301,100/year; equal to 101% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue			<u>Investment</u>				
Digester	\$4,268,250			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$14.32		Farm In	Farm Investment =			
Upgrader	\$3,536,400			Avg RNG Sales/Yr = \$1,		\$1,872,208		Funding	g Amount =	\$0		
Nutrient Recovery	\$756,267			Tip Fee/Yr = \$		\$600,998		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%		
Other	\$1,281,997			• • •		\$121,487		-				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$9,842,914</u>	<u>\$1,293,593</u>		<u>Total = \$2</u>		<u>\$2,594,693</u>		Inflation =		2%		
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
Revenue (000s)	\$2,401	\$2,420	\$2,440	\$2,459	\$2,479	\$2,499	\$2,519	\$2,539	\$2,560	\$2,580		
OPEX (000s)	\$1,065	\$1,086	\$1,108	\$1,130	\$1,153	\$1,176	\$1,199	\$1,223	\$1,248	\$1,273		
Income (000s)	\$1,337	\$1,334	\$1,332	\$1,329	\$1,326	\$1,323	\$1,320	\$1,316	\$1,312	\$1,308		
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		
Revenue (000s)	\$2,601	\$2,623	\$2,644	\$2,666	\$2,688	\$2,710	\$2,732	\$2,755	\$2,778	\$2,801		
OPEX (000s)	\$1,298	\$1,324	\$1,350	\$1,377	\$1,405	\$1,433	\$1,462	\$1,491	\$1,521	\$1,551		
Income (000s)	\$1,303	\$1,299	\$1,294	\$1,288 \$1,283		\$1,277	\$1,271	1 \$1,264 \$1,257		\$1,250		

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%
* Averaged over twenty years to (account

for inflation

\$1,301,100

Average Operating Income* =

[%] of OPEX 101%

[†]Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 72% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$14.32/GJ to <\$13/GJ and <12/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$14.32/GJ to >\$15/GJ and >\$17/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (12,020 instead of 24,040 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$14.32/GJ to >\$26/GJ.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12					0.7%	2.2%	3.6%	4.8%	6.0%	7.1%	8.2%	9.2%	10.2%	11.2%	12.1%
	\$13				0.8%	2.4%	3.9%	5.2%	6.5%	7.6%	8.8%	9.9%	10.9%	11.9%	12.9%	13.9%
	\$14			0.7%	2.4%	4.0%	5.4%	6.7%	8.0%	9.2%	10.4%	11.5%	12.6%	13.6%	14.6%	15.6%
	\$15		0.3%	2.2%	3.9%	5.4%	6.8%	8.2%	9.5%	10.7%	11.9%	13.0%	14.1%	15.2%	16.3%	17.3%
	\$16		1.7%	3.6%	5.2%	6.7%	8.2%	9.5%	10.8%	12.1%	13.3%	14.5%	15.6%	16.8%	17.9%	19.0%
	\$17	1.0%	3.0%	4.8%	6.5%	8.0%	9.5%	10.8%	12.2%	13.5%	14.7%	15.9%	17.1%	18.3%	19.4%	20.6%
	\$18	2.2%	4.2%	6.0%	7.6%	9.2%	10.7%	12.1%	13.5%	14.8%	16.1%	17.3%	18.6%	19.8%	21.0%	22.2%
G	\$19	3.3%	5.3%	7.1%	8.8%	10.4%	11.9%	13.3%	14.7%	16.1%	17.4%	18.7%	20.0%	21.3%	22.5%	23.7%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	4.4%	6.4%	8.2%	9.9%	11.5%	13.0%	14.5%	15.9%	17.3%	18.7%	20.1%	21.4%	22.7%	24.0%	25.3%
<u></u> 6	\$21	5.4%	7.4%	9.2%	10.9%	12.6%	14.1%	15.6%	17.1%	18.6%	20.0%	21.4%	22.8%	24.1%	25.5%	26.8%
\$	\$22	6.4%	8.4%	10.2%	11.9%	13.6%	15.2%	16.8%	18.3%	19.8%	21.3%	22.7%	24.1%	25.5%	26.9%	28.3%
	\$23	7.3%	9.3%	11.2%	12.9%	14.6%	16.3%	17.9%	19.4%	21.0%	22.5%	24.0%	25.5%	26.9%	28.4%	29.8%
	\$24	8.2%	10.2%	12.1%	13.9%	15.6%	17.3%	19.0%	20.6%	22.2%	23.7%	25.3%	26.8%	28.3%	29.8%	31.3%
	\$25	9.0%	11.1%	13.0%	14.8%	16.6%	18.4%	20.1%	21.7%	23.3%	25.0%	26.6%	28.1%	29.7%	31.3%	32.8%
	\$26	9.8%	11.9%	13.9%	15.7%	17.6%	19.4%	21.1%	22.8%	24.5%	26.2%	27.8%	29.5%	31.1%	32.7%	34.3%
	\$27	10.5%	12.6%	14.6%	16.6%	18.4%	20.3%	22.1%	23.8%	25.6%	27.3%	29.0%	30.7%	32.4%	34.1%	35.8%
	\$28	11.0%	13.2%	15.3%	17.3%	19.2%	21.1%	23.0%	24.8%	26.6%	28.4%	30.2%	31.9%	33.7%	35.4%	37.2%
	\$29	11.4%	13.7%	15.8%	17.8%	19.8%	21.8%	23.7%	25.6%	27.5%	29.3%	31.1%	33.0%	34.8%	36.6%	38.4%
	\$30	11.6%	13.9%	16.0%	18.1%	20.2%	22.1%	24.1%	26.0%	27.9%	29.8%	31.7%	33.6%	35.4%	37.3%	39.1%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 23% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$40/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$14.32/GJ to <\$13/GJ and <\$12/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$14.32/GJ to >\$17/GJ and >\$19/GJ respectively.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis – Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Fo	ood Waste T	ip Fee (\$/To	onne)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$12		0.5%	2.7%	4.7%	6.5%	8.2%	9.8%	11.3%	12.8%	14.2%	15.6%
	\$13	0.7%	2.9%	4.8%	6.6%	8.3%	9.9%	11.4%	12.9%	14.3%	15.7%	17.1%
	\$14	3.0%	4.9%	6.7%	8.4%	10.0%	11.5%	12.9%	14.4%	15.8%	17.1%	18.5%
	\$15	5.1%	6.8%	8.5%	10.0%	11.5%	13.0%	14.4%	15.8%	17.2%	18.5%	19.8%
	\$16	6.9%	8.6%	10.1%	11.6%	13.1%	14.5%	15.9%	17.2%	18.6%	19.9%	21.2%
	\$17	8.7%	10.2%	11.7%	13.1%	14.5%	15.9%	17.3%	18.6%	19.9%	21.2%	22.5%
	\$18	10.3%	11.8%	13.2%	14.6%	16.0%	17.3%	18.7%	20.0%	21.3%	22.5%	23.8%
ن	\$19	11.8%	13.3%	14.7%	16.0%	17.4%	18.7%	20.0%	21.3%	22.6%	23.9%	25.1%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	13.3%	14.7%	16.1%	17.4%	18.7%	20.1%	21.3%	22.6%	23.9%	25.2%	26.4%
<u>1</u> 9	\$21	14.8%	16.1%	17.5%	18.8%	20.1%	21.4%	22.7%	23.9%	25.2%	26.4%	27.7%
\$	\$22	16.2%	17.5%	18.8%	20.1%	21.4%	22.7%	24.0%	25.2%	26.5%	27.7%	29.0%
	\$23	17.6%	18.9%	20.2%	21.5%	22.7%	24.0%	25.3%	26.5%	27.7%	29.0%	30.2%
	\$24	18.9%	20.2%	21.5%	22.8%	24.0%	25.3%	26.5%	27.8%	29.0%	30.2%	31.5%
	\$25	20.3%	21.5%	22.8%	24.1%	25.3%	26.6%	27.8%	29.0%	30.3%	31.5%	32.7%
	\$26	21.6%	22.8%	24.1%	25.3%	26.6%	27.8%	29.0%	30.3%	31.5%	32.7%	34.0%
	\$27	22.8%	24.0%	25.3%	26.5%	27.8%	29.0%	30.3%	31.5%	32.7%	34.0%	35.2%
	\$28	23.9%	25.2%	26.4%	27.7%	28.9%	30.2%	31.4%	32.7%	33.9%	35.1%	36.3%
	\$29	24.8%	26.1%	27.4%	28.6%	29.9%	31.1%	32.4%	33.6%	34.9%	36.1%	37.4%
	\$30	25.3%	26.6%	27.9%	29.2%	30.4%	31.7%	33.0%	34.2%	35.5%	36.7%	38.0%

Farm Scenario #6 - Option C: RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$10.0 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,612,084/year. At an RNG sale price of \$16.90/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,931,755/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,319,671/year; equal to 82% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option C: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmer	<u>ıt</u>
Digester	\$3,278,625			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$16.90		Farm In	vestment =	\$10,038,869
Upgrader	\$4,696,458			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,209,270		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recover	\$756,267			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$600,998		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,307,520			Bedding Sa	aving/Yr* =	\$121,487				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$10,038,869</u>	<u>\$1,612,084</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$2,931,755</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,708	\$2,730	\$2,752	\$2,775	\$2,797	\$2,820	\$2,844	\$2,867	\$2,891	\$2,915
OPEX (000s)	\$1,327	\$1,354	\$1,381	\$1,408	\$1,436	\$1,465	\$1,494	\$1,524	\$1,555	\$1,586
Income (000s)	\$1,381	\$1,376	\$1,371	\$1,366	\$1,361	\$1,355	\$1,349	\$1,343	\$1,336	\$1,329
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,940	\$2,964	\$2,989	\$3,014	\$3,040	\$3,065	\$3,091	\$3,118	\$3,144	\$3,171
OPEX (000s)	\$1,618	\$1,650	\$1,683	\$1,717	\$1,751	\$1,786	\$1,822	\$1,858	\$1,895	\$1,933
Income (000s)	\$1,322	\$1,314	\$1,306	\$1,298	\$1,289	\$1,279	\$1,270	\$1,260	\$1,249	\$1,238

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR = 12%

% of OPEX	82%
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Average Operating Income* = \$1,319,671

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 75% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$16.90/GJ to <\$16/GJ and <15/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$16.90/GJ to >\$18/GJ and >\$21/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (12,020 instead of 24,040 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.7%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

						Cha	ange in R	NG Prod	uction A	mount						
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12									0.4%	1.9%	3.3%	4.6%	5.8%	6.9%	7.9%
	\$13								1.1%	2.6%	4.1%	5.4%	6.6%	7.8%	8.9%	10.0%
	\$14							1.4%	3.1%	4.6%	5.9%	7.2%	8.5%	9.6%	10.8%	11.8%
	\$15						1.6%	3.3%	4.9%	6.3%	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%	11.4%	12.5%	13.6%
	\$16					1.4%	3.3%	5.0%	6.5%	7.9%	9.3%	10.6%	11.8%	13.1%	14.2%	15.4%
	\$17				1.1%	3.1%	4.9%	6.5%	8.0%	9.5%	10.8%	12.2%	13.4%	14.7%	15.9%	17.0%
	\$18			0.4%	2.6%	4.6%	6.3%	7.9%	9.5%	10.9%	12.3%	13.6%	14.9%	16.2%	17.5%	18.7%
_G	\$19			1.9%	4.1%	5.9%	7.7%	9.3%	10.8%	12.3%	13.7%	15.1%	16.4%	17.7%	19.0%	20.3%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20		0.9%	3.3%	5.4%	7.2%	9.0%	10.6%	12.2%	13.6%	15.1%	16.5%	17.9%	19.2%	20.5%	21.8%
<u>@</u>	\$21		2.3%	4.6%	6.6%	8.5%	10.2%	11.8%	13.4%	14.9%	16.4%	17.9%	19.3%	20.7%	22.0%	23.4%
\$	\$22	0.9%	3.5%	5.8%	7.8%	9.6%	11.4%	13.1%	14.7%	16.2%	17.7%	19.2%	20.7%	22.1%	23.5%	24.9%
	\$23	2.2%	4.7%	6.9%	8.9%	10.8%	12.5%	14.2%	15.9%	17.5%	19.0%	20.5%	22.0%	23.5%	25.0%	26.4%
	\$24	3.3%	5.8%	7.9%	10.0%	11.8%	13.6%	15.4%	17.0%	18.7%	20.3%	21.8%	23.4%	24.9%	26.4%	27.9%
	\$25	4.4%	6.8%	9.0%	11.0%	12.9%	14.7%	16.5%	18.2%	19.9%	21.5%	23.1%	24.7%	26.3%	27.8%	29.4%
	\$26	5.3%	7.7%	9.9%	11.9%	13.9%	15.7%	17.6%	19.3%	21.0%	22.7%	24.4%	26.0%	27.6%	29.3%	30.9%
	\$27	6.0%	8.4%	10.7%	12.8%	14.8%	16.7%	18.5%	20.3%	22.1%	23.9%	25.6%	27.3%	29.0%	30.6%	32.3%
	\$28	6.6%	9.1%	11.3%	13.5%	15.5%	17.5%	19.4%	21.3%	23.1%	24.9%	26.7%	28.5%	30.2%	31.9%	33.6%
	\$29	6.9%	9.5%	11.8%	14.0%	16.1%	18.1%	20.1%	22.0%	23.9%	25.8%	27.6%	29.4%	31.2%	33.0%	34.8%
	\$30	7.1%	9.7%	12.0%	14.3%	16.4%	18.5%	20.5%	22.4%	24.4%	26.3%	28.1%	30.0%	31.8%	33.7%	35.5%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 20% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$16.90/GJ to \$15/GJ and <\$13/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$16.90/GJ to \$\$19/GJ and \$\$21/GJ respectively.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Fo	ood Waste T	ip Fee (\$/To	nne)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$12					1.1%	3.3%	5.2%	7.0%	8.7%	10.3%	11.8%
	\$13				1.3%	3.5%	5.4%	7.1%	8.8%	10.4%	11.9%	13.3%
	\$14			1.5%	3.6%	5.5%	7.2%	8.9%	10.4%	11.9%	13.4%	14.8%
	\$15		1.7%	3.8%	5.6%	7.3%	9.0%	10.5%	12.0%	13.4%	14.8%	16.2%
	\$16	1.9%	3.9%	5.7%	7.4%	9.1%	10.6%	12.1%	13.5%	14.9%	16.3%	17.6%
	\$17	4.0%	5.9%	7.6%	9.2%	10.7%	12.2%	13.6%	15.0%	16.3%	17.7%	19.0%
	\$18	6.0%	7.7%	9.2%	10.8%	12.2%	13.6%	15.0%	16.4%	17.7%	19.0%	20.3%
_G	\$19	7.8%	9.3%	10.8%	12.3%	13.7%	15.1%	16.4%	17.8%	19.1%	20.4%	21.6%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	9.4%	10.9%	12.4%	13.8%	15.1%	16.5%	17.8%	19.1%	20.4%	21.7%	22.9%
<u></u> 6	\$21	11.0%	12.4%	13.8%	15.2%	16.5%	17.9%	19.2%	20.4%	21.7%	23.0%	24.2%
\$	\$22	12.5%	13.9%	15.3%	16.6%	17.9%	19.2%	20.5%	21.8%	23.0%	24.3%	25.5%
	\$23	14.0%	15.3%	16.6%	18.0%	19.3%	20.5%	21.8%	23.0%	24.3%	25.5%	26.8%
	\$24	15.4%	16.7%	18.0%	19.3%	20.6%	21.8%	23.1%	24.3%	25.6%	26.8%	28.0%
	\$25	16.8%	18.1%	19.3%	20.6%	21.9%	23.1%	24.4%	25.6%	26.8%	28.0%	29.3%
	\$26	18.1%	19.3%	20.6%	21.9%	23.1%	24.4%	25.6%	26.8%	28.1%	29.3%	30.5%
	\$27	19.3%	20.6%	21.8%	23.1%	24.3%	25.6%	26.8%	28.0%	29.3%	30.5%	31.7%
	\$28	20.4%	21.7%	22.9%	24.2%	25.4%	26.7%	27.9%	29.2%	30.4%	31.6%	32.8%
	\$29	21.2%	22.5%	23.8%	25.1%	26.4%	27.6%	28.9%	30.1%	31.3%	32.6%	33.8%
	\$30	21.7%	23.0%	24.3%	25.6%	26.9%	28.1%	29.4%	30.6%	31.9%	33.1%	34.4%

Farm Scenario #6 - Option D: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$10.4 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,715,422/year. At an RNG sale price of \$17.97/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$3,071,965/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,356,544/year; equal to 79% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option D: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>ıt</u>
Digester	\$3,509,625			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$17.97		Farm In	vestment =	\$10,350,385
Upgrader	\$3,536,400			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,349,480		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recover	\$1,956,267			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$600,998		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,348,093			Bedding Sa	aving/Yr* =	\$121,487				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$10,350,385</u>	<u>\$1,715,422</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	\$3,071,96 <u>5</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,835	\$2,858	\$2,882	\$2,906	\$2,930	\$2,954	\$2,979	\$3,004	\$3,029	\$3,054
OPEX (000s)	\$1,412	\$1,440	\$1,469	\$1,498	\$1,528	\$1,559	\$1,590	\$1,622	\$1,654	\$1,687
Income (000s)	\$1,423	\$1,418	\$1,413	\$1,407	\$1,401	\$1,395	\$1,389	\$1,382	\$1,375	\$1,367
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$3,080	\$3,106	\$3,133	\$3,159	\$3,186	\$3,213	\$3,241	\$3,269	\$3,297	\$3,325
OPEX (000s)	\$1,721	\$1,756	\$1,791	\$1,827	\$1,863	\$1,900	\$1,938	\$1,977	\$2,017	\$2,057
Income (000s)	\$1,359	\$1,351	\$1,342	\$1,333	\$1,323	\$1,313	\$1,302	\$1,291	\$1,280	\$1,268

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

\$1,356,544

% of OPEX

Average Operating Income* =

79%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 76% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$17.97/GJ to <\$17/GJ and <15/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$17.97/GJ to >\$19/GJ and >\$22/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (12,020 instead of 24,040 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 7.8%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option D: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

						Chai	nge in RN	G Produ	ction Am	ount						
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12											1.1%	2.5%	3.8%	5.0%	6.2%
	\$13									0.4%	2.0%	3.4%	4.7%	6.0%	7.1%	8.2%
	\$14								0.9%	2.5%	4.0%	5.4%	6.7%	7.9%	9.1%	10.2%
	\$15							1.1%	2.9%	4.4%	5.9%	7.2%	8.5%	9.7%	10.9%	12.0%
	\$16						1.1%	3.0%	4.6%	6.2%	7.6%	8.9%	10.2%	11.4%	12.6%	13.7%
	\$17					0.9%	2.9%	4.6%	6.2%	7.7%	9.2%	10.5%	11.8%	13.0%	14.2%	15.4%
	\$18				0.4%	2.5%	4.4%	6.2%	7.7%	9.2%	10.7%	12.0%	13.3%	14.6%	15.8%	17.0%
G	\$19				2.0%	4.0%	5.9%	7.6%	9.2%	10.7%	12.1%	13.5%	14.8%	16.1%	17.4%	18.6%
RNG	\$20			1.1%	3.4%	5.4%	7.2%	8.9%	10.5%	12.0%	13.5%	14.9%	16.2%	17.6%	18.9%	20.2%
\$/9	\$21		0.0%	2.5%	4.7%	6.7%	8.5%	10.2%	11.8%	13.3%	14.8%	16.2%	17.6%	19.0%	20.4%	21.7%
\$	\$22		1.4%	3.8%	6.0%	7.9%	9.7%	11.4%	13.0%	14.6%	16.1%	17.6%	19.0%	20.4%	21.8%	23.2%
	\$23		2.7%	5.0%	7.1%	9.1%	10.9%	12.6%	14.2%	15.8%	17.4%	18.9%	20.4%	21.8%	23.3%	24.7%
	\$24	1.1%	3.8%	6.2%	8.2%	10.2%	12.0%	13.7%	15.4%	17.0%	18.6%	20.2%	21.7%	23.2%	24.7%	26.1%
	\$25	2.3%	4.9%	7.2%	9.3%	11.3%	13.1%	14.9%	16.6%	18.2%	19.9%	21.4%	23.0%	24.6%	26.1%	27.6%
	\$26	3.3%	5.9%	8.2%	10.3%	12.2%	14.1%	15.9%	17.7%	19.4%	21.0%	22.7%	24.3%	25.9%	27.5%	29.0%
	\$27	4.0%	6.6%	9.0%	11.1%	13.1%	15.0%	16.9%	18.7%	20.4%	22.2%	23.8%	25.5%	27.2%	28.8%	30.4%
	\$28	4.6%	7.2%	9.6%	11.8%	13.9%	15.8%	17.7%	19.6%	21.4%	23.2%	24.9%	26.7%	28.4%	30.1%	31.7%
	\$29	5.0%	7.6%	10.1%	12.3%	14.4%	16.4%	18.4%	20.3%	22.2%	24.0%	25.8%	27.6%	29.4%	31.1%	32.9%
	\$30	5.1%	7.8%	10.3%	12.5%	14.7%	16.7%	18.7%	20.7%	22.6%	24.4%	26.3%	28.1%	29.9%	31.7%	33.5%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 20% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$17.97/GJ to <\$17/GJ and <\$14/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$17.97/GJ to >\$20/GJ and >\$22/GJ respectively.

Option D: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Fo	ood Waste T	ip Fee (\$/To	onne)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$12						1.1%	3.3%	5.2%	6.9%	8.5%	10.1%
	\$13					1.3%	3.4%	5.3%	7.0%	8.6%	10.2%	11.6%
	\$14				1.5%	3.6%	5.4%	7.1%	8.7%	10.3%	11.7%	13.1%
	\$15			1.7%	3.7%	5.5%	7.2%	8.8%	10.3%	11.8%	13.2%	14.6%
	\$16		1.9%	3.8%	5.6%	7.3%	8.9%	10.4%	11.9%	13.3%	14.6%	16.0%
	\$17	2.0%	4.0%	5.8%	7.4%	9.0%	10.5%	11.9%	13.3%	14.7%	16.0%	17.3%
	\$18	4.1%	5.9%	7.5%	9.1%	10.6%	12.0%	13.4%	14.8%	16.1%	17.4%	18.7%
ن	\$19	6.0%	7.6%	9.2%	10.7%	12.1%	13.5%	14.8%	16.1%	17.4%	18.7%	20.0%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	7.7%	9.3%	10.7%	12.1%	13.5%	14.9%	16.2%	17.5%	18.7%	20.0%	21.2%
<u>.</u>	\$21	9.3%	10.8%	12.2%	13.6%	14.9%	16.2%	17.5%	18.8%	20.0%	21.3%	22.5%
\$	\$22	10.9%	12.3%	13.7%	15.0%	16.3%	17.6%	18.8%	20.1%	21.3%	22.6%	23.8%
	\$23	12.4%	13.7%	15.0%	16.3%	17.6%	18.9%	20.1%	21.4%	22.6%	23.8%	25.0%
	\$24	13.8%	15.1%	16.4%	17.7%	18.9%	20.2%	21.4%	22.6%	23.8%	25.0%	26.2%
	\$25	15.2%	16.4%	17.7%	19.0%	20.2%	21.4%	22.7%	23.9%	25.1%	26.3%	27.5%
	\$26	16.4%	17.7%	19.0%	20.2%	21.5%	22.7%	23.9%	25.1%	26.3%	27.5%	28.7%
	\$27	17.6%	18.9%	20.2%	21.4%	22.6%	23.8%	25.1%	26.3%	27.5%	28.6%	29.8%
	\$28	18.7%	20.0%	21.2%	22.5%	23.7%	24.9%	26.1%	27.3%	28.5%	29.7%	30.9%
	\$29	19.5%	20.8%	22.1%	23.3%	24.6%	25.8%	27.0%	28.2%	29.5%	30.7%	31.9%
	\$30	20.0%	21.3%	22.5%	23.8%	25.0%	26.3%	27.5%	28.7%	30.0%	31.2%	32.4%

Farm Scenario #6 - Option E: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$11.2 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,700,942/year. At an RNG sale price of \$18.75/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$3,174,342/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,473,400/year; equal to 87% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option E: Economic Assessment

•										
	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investmen	<u>ıt</u>
Digester	\$4,268,250			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$18.75		Farm In	vestment =	\$11,176,691
Upgrader	\$4,696,458			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,451,857		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recover	\$756,267			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$600,998		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,455,716			Bedding Sa	aving/Yr* =	\$121,487				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$11,176,691</u>	<u>\$1,700,942</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$3,174,342</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,928	\$2,952	\$2,977	\$3,002	\$3,027	\$3,052	\$3,078	\$3,103	\$3,130	\$3,156
OPEX (000s)	\$1,400	\$1,428	\$1,457	\$1,486	\$1,516	\$1,546	\$1,577	\$1,608	\$1,640	\$1,673
Income (000s)	\$1,528	\$1,524	\$1,520	\$1,516	\$1,511	\$1,506	\$1,501	\$1,495	\$1,489	\$1,483
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$3,183	\$3,210	\$3,237	\$3,265	\$3,293	\$3,321	\$3,350	\$3,379	\$3,408	\$3,437
OPEX (000s)	\$1,707	\$1,741	\$1,776	\$1,811	\$1,847	\$1,884	\$1,922	\$1,960	\$2,000	\$2,040
Income (000s)	\$1,476	\$1,469	\$1,462	\$1,454	\$1,446	\$1,437	\$1,428	\$1,418	\$1,408	\$1,398

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%

Average Operating Income* =	\$1,473,400

% of OPEX 87%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 77% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$18.75/GJ to <\$17/GJ and <\$16/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$18.75/GJ to >\$20/GJ and >\$23/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (12,020 instead of 24,040 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 6.9%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option E: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12											0.6%	1.9%	3.1%	4.3%	5.4%
	\$13										1.4%	2.7%	4.0%	5.2%	6.3%	7.4%
	\$14								0.3%	1.9%	3.3%	4.7%	5.9%	7.0%	8.1%	9.2%
	\$15							0.6%	2.2%	3.7%	5.1%	6.4%	7.6%	8.8%	9.9%	10.9%
	\$16						0.6%	2.3%	3.9%	5.4%	6.7%	8.0%	9.2%	10.4%	11.5%	12.6%
	\$17					0.3%	2.2%	3.9%	5.5%	6.9%	8.2%	9.5%	10.7%	11.9%	13.1%	14.2%
	\$18					1.9%	3.7%	5.4%	6.9%	8.3%	9.7%	10.9%	12.2%	13.4%	14.6%	15.7%
_G	\$19				1.4%	3.3%	5.1%	6.7%	8.2%	9.7%	11.0%	12.3%	13.6%	14.8%	16.0%	17.2%
RNG	\$20			0.6%	2.7%	4.7%	6.4%	8.0%	9.5%	10.9%	12.3%	13.7%	14.9%	16.2%	17.4%	18.7%
\$/@	\$21			1.9%	4.0%	5.9%	7.6%	9.2%	10.7%	12.2%	13.6%	14.9%	16.3%	17.6%	18.8%	20.1%
\$	\$22		0.8%	3.1%	5.2%	7.0%	8.8%	10.4%	11.9%	13.4%	14.8%	16.2%	17.6%	18.9%	20.2%	21.5%
	\$23		2.0%	4.3%	6.3%	8.1%	9.9%	11.5%	13.1%	14.6%	16.0%	17.4%	18.8%	20.2%	21.6%	22.9%
	\$24	0.6%	3.1%	5.4%	7.4%	9.2%	10.9%	12.6%	14.2%	15.7%	17.2%	18.7%	20.1%	21.5%	22.9%	24.3%
	\$25	1.7%	4.2%	6.4%	8.4%	10.2%	12.0%	13.7%	15.3%	16.8%	18.4%	19.8%	21.3%	22.8%	24.2%	25.6%
	\$26	2.6%	5.1%	7.3%	9.3%	11.2%	12.9%	14.6%	16.3%	17.9%	19.5%	21.0%	22.5%	24.0%	25.5%	26.9%
	\$27	3.3%	5.8%	8.0%	10.1%	12.0%	13.8%	15.5%	17.2%	18.9%	20.5%	22.1%	23.7%	25.2%	26.7%	28.2%
	\$28	3.8%	6.4%	8.6%	10.7%	12.7%	14.5%	16.3%	18.1%	19.8%	21.4%	23.1%	24.7%	26.3%	27.9%	29.4%
	\$29	4.2%	6.7%	9.0%	11.2%	13.2%	15.1%	16.9%	18.7%	20.5%	22.2%	23.9%	25.6%	27.2%	28.8%	30.5%
	\$30	4.3%	6.9%	9.2%	11.4%	13.4%	15.4%	17.2%	19.1%	20.8%	22.6%	24.3%	26.0%	27.7%	29.4%	31.0%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 19% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$18.75/GJ to <\$17/GJ and <\$14/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$18.75/GJ to >\$21/GJ and >\$23/GJ respectively.

Option E: Sensitivity Analysis – Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Fo	ood Waste T	ip Fee (\$/To	nne)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$12						0.6%	2.6%	4.4%	6.1%	7.6%	9.1%
	\$13					0.8%	2.7%	4.5%	6.2%	7.7%	9.2%	10.6%
	\$14				0.9%	2.9%	4.7%	6.3%	7.8%	9.3%	10.7%	12.0%
	\$15			1.1%	3.0%	4.8%	6.4%	7.9%	9.3%	10.7%	12.1%	13.4%
	\$16		1.3%	3.2%	4.9%	6.5%	8.0%	9.4%	10.8%	12.1%	13.4%	14.7%
	\$17	1.4%	3.3%	5.0%	6.6%	8.1%	9.5%	10.9%	12.2%	13.5%	14.7%	16.0%
	\$18	3.4%	5.1%	6.7%	8.2%	9.6%	10.9%	12.3%	13.5%	14.8%	16.0%	17.2%
_G	\$19	5.2%	6.8%	8.3%	9.7%	11.0%	12.3%	13.6%	14.8%	16.1%	17.3%	18.4%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	6.9%	8.3%	9.7%	11.1%	12.4%	13.7%	14.9%	16.1%	17.3%	18.5%	19.7%
<u></u>	\$21	8.4%	9.8%	11.2%	12.4%	13.7%	14.9%	16.2%	17.4%	18.5%	19.7%	20.8%
\$	\$22	9.9%	11.2%	12.5%	13.8%	15.0%	16.2%	17.4%	18.6%	19.7%	20.9%	22.0%
	\$23	11.3%	12.6%	13.8%	15.1%	16.3%	17.4%	18.6%	19.8%	20.9%	22.1%	23.2%
	\$24	12.6%	13.9%	15.1%	16.3%	17.5%	18.7%	19.8%	21.0%	22.1%	23.2%	24.3%
	\$25	13.9%	15.2%	16.4%	17.5%	18.7%	19.8%	21.0%	22.1%	23.2%	24.4%	25.5%
	\$26	15.2%	16.4%	17.5%	18.7%	19.9%	21.0%	22.1%	23.3%	24.4%	25.5%	26.6%
	\$27	16.3%	17.5%	18.6%	19.8%	21.0%	22.1%	23.2%	24.3%	25.5%	26.6%	27.7%
	\$28	17.2%	18.4%	19.6%	20.8%	21.9%	23.1%	24.2%	25.3%	26.5%	27.6%	28.7%
	\$29	18.0%	19.2%	20.4%	21.6%	22.7%	23.9%	25.0%	26.2%	27.3%	28.4%	29.5%
	\$30	18.4%	19.6%	20.8%	22.0%	23.2%	24.3%	25.5%	26.6%	27.7%	28.9%	30.0%

Farm Scenario #6 - Option F: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$11.5 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,804,279/year. At an RNG sale price of \$19.84/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$3,315,981/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,511,702/year; equal to 84% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option F: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmer	<u>ıt</u>
Digester	\$4,499,250			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$19.84		Farm In	vestment =	\$11,488,207
Upgrader	\$3,536,400			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,593,496		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recover	\$1,956,267			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$600,998		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,496,290			Bedding Sa	aving/Yr* =	\$121,487				
<u>Total</u>	\$11,488,207	<u>\$1,804,279</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$3,315,981</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$3,057	\$3,082	\$3,108	\$3,134	\$3,161	\$3,187	\$3,214	\$3,241	\$3,269	\$3,297
OPEX (000s)	\$1,485	\$1,515	\$1,545	\$1,576	\$1,608	\$1,640	\$1,673	\$1,706	\$1,740	\$1,775
Income (000s)	\$1,571	\$1,567	\$1,563	\$1,558	\$1,553	\$1,547	\$1,542	\$1,535	\$1,529	\$1,522
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$3,325	\$3,353	\$3,382	\$3,411	\$3,441	\$3,471	\$3,501	\$3,531	\$3,562	\$3,593
OPEX (000s)	\$1,810	\$1,847	\$1,884	\$1,921	\$1,960	\$1,999	\$2,039	\$2,080	\$2,121	\$2,164
Income (000s)	\$1,515	\$1,507	\$1,499	\$1,490	\$1,481	\$1,472	\$1,462	\$1,451	\$1,441	\$1,429

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR = 12%

Average Operating Income* =	\$1,511,702

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 78% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$19.84/GJ to <\$18/GJ and <\$17/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$19.84/GJ to >\$21/GJ and >\$24/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (12,020 instead of 24,040 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 45% lower. If RNG production is 45% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 5.1%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option F: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

						Cha	nge in RN	IG Produc	tion Amo	ount						
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12													1.2%	2.5%	3.6%
	\$13											0.8%	2.2%	3.4%	4.6%	5.7%
	\$14										1.4%	2.9%	4.2%	5.4%	6.6%	7.7%
	\$15								0.2%	1.9%	3.3%	4.7%	6.0%	7.2%	8.3%	9.4%
	\$16							0.3%	2.1%	3.6%	5.1%	6.4%	7.7%	8.9%	10.0%	11.1%
	\$17						0.2%	2.1%	3.7%	5.2%	6.6%	8.0%	9.2%	10.4%	11.6%	12.7%
	\$18						1.9%	3.6%	5.2%	6.7%	8.1%	9.4%	10.7%	11.9%	13.1%	14.3%
G	\$19					1.4%	3.3%	5.1%	6.6%	8.1%	9.5%	10.8%	12.1%	13.4%	14.6%	15.7%
RNG	\$20				0.8%	2.9%	4.7%	6.4%	8.0%	9.4%	10.8%	12.2%	13.5%	14.8%	16.0%	17.2%
\$/6J	\$21				2.2%	4.2%	6.0%	7.7%	9.2%	10.7%	12.1%	13.5%	14.8%	16.1%	17.4%	18.6%
\$	\$22			1.2%	3.4%	5.4%	7.2%	8.9%	10.4%	11.9%	13.4%	14.8%	16.1%	17.4%	18.7%	20.0%
	\$23		0.0%	2.5%	4.6%	6.6%	8.3%	10.0%	11.6%	13.1%	14.6%	16.0%	17.4%	18.7%	20.1%	21.4%
	\$24		1.2%	3.6%	5.7%	7.7%	9.4%	11.1%	12.7%	14.3%	15.7%	17.2%	18.6%	20.0%	21.4%	22.7%
	\$25		2.4%	4.7%	6.8%	8.7%	10.5%	12.2%	13.8%	15.4%	16.9%	18.4%	19.8%	21.3%	22.7%	24.1%
	\$26	0.6%	3.3%	5.6%	7.7%	9.6%	11.5%	13.2%	14.8%	16.4%	18.0%	19.5%	21.0%	22.5%	23.9%	25.4%
	\$27	1.3%	4.0%	6.4%	8.5%	10.5%	12.3%	14.1%	15.8%	17.4%	19.0%	20.6%	22.1%	23.6%	25.1%	26.6%
	\$28	1.8%	4.6%	7.0%	9.1%	11.1%	13.0%	14.8%	16.6%	18.3%	19.9%	21.5%	23.1%	24.7%	26.3%	27.8%
	\$29	2.2%	5.0%	7.4%	9.6%	11.6%	13.6%	15.4%	17.2%	18.9%	20.6%	22.3%	24.0%	25.6%	27.2%	28.8%
	\$30	2.3%	5.1%	7.6%	9.8%	11.9%	13.8%	15.7%	17.5%	19.3%	21.0%	22.7%	24.4%	26.1%	27.7%	29.3%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 18% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$19.84/GJ to <\$18/GJ and <\$16/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$19.84/GJ to >\$22/GJ and >\$24/GJ respectively.

Option F: Sensitivity Analysis – Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Fo	ood Waste T	ip Fee (\$/To	onne)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$12							0.6%	2.6%	4.4%	6.0%	7.5%
	\$13						0.8%	2.7%	4.5%	6.1%	7.6%	9.0%
	\$14					0.9%	2.9%	4.6%	6.2%	7.7%	9.1%	10.5%
	\$15				1.1%	3.0%	4.7%	6.3%	7.8%	9.2%	10.6%	11.9%
	\$16			1.3%	3.1%	4.8%	6.4%	7.9%	9.3%	10.6%	11.9%	13.2%
	\$17		1.4%	3.3%	4.9%	6.5%	8.0%	9.4%	10.7%	12.0%	13.3%	14.5%
	\$18	1.6%	3.4%	5.1%	6.6%	8.0%	9.4%	10.8%	12.1%	13.3%	14.5%	15.7 %
_G	\$19	3.5%	5.2%	6.7%	8.1%	9.5%	10.8%	12.1%	13.4%	14.6%	15.8%	17.0%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	5.3%	6.8%	8.2%	9.6%	10.9%	12.2%	13.4%	14.6%	15.8%	17.0%	18.2%
<u></u> 6	\$21	6.9%	8.3%	9.7%	11.0%	12.3%	13.5%	14.7%	15.9%	17.1%	18.2%	19.4%
\$	\$22	8.4%	9.7%	11.0%	12.3%	13.5%	14.8%	15.9%	17.1%	18.3%	19.4%	20.5%
	\$23	9.8%	11.1%	12.4%	13.6%	14.8%	16.0%	17.2%	18.3%	19.4%	20.6%	21.7%
	\$24	11.2%	12.4%	13.7%	14.9%	16.0%	17.2%	18.3%	19.5%	20.6%	21.7%	22.8%
	\$25	12.5%	13.7%	14.9%	16.1%	17.2%	18.4%	19.5%	20.6%	21.7%	22.8%	23.9%
	\$26	13.7%	14.9%	16.1%	17.2%	18.4%	19.5%	20.6%	21.7%	22.8%	23.9%	25.0%
	\$27	14.8%	16.0%	17.2%	18.3%	19.5%	20.6%	21.7%	22.8%	23.9%	25.0%	26.1%
	\$28	15.8%	16.9%	18.1%	19.3%	20.4%	21.5%	22.7%	23.8%	24.9%	26.0%	27.1%
	\$29	16.5%	17.7%	18.9%	20.0%	21.2%	22.3%	23.4%	24.6%	25.7%	26.8%	27.9%
	\$30	16.8%	18.0%	19.2%	20.4%	21.6%	22.7%	23.9%	25.0%	26.1%	27.2%	28.3%

Farm Scenario #6 - Option G: RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

12%

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$11.7 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$2,122,771/year. At an RNG sale price of \$22.40/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$3,650,685/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,527,914/year; equal to 72% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option G: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmer	<u>ıt</u>
Digester	\$3,509,625			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$22.40		Farm In	vestment =	\$11,684,161
Upgrader	\$4,696,458			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,928,200		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recover	\$1,956,267			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$600,998		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,521,812			Bedding Sa	aving/Yr* =	\$121,487				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$11,684,161</u>	<u>\$2,122,771</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$3,650,685</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$3,361	\$3,389	\$3,418	\$3,447	\$3,477	\$3,507	\$3,537	\$3,567	\$3,598	\$3,629
OPEX (000s)	\$1,747	\$1,782	\$1,818	\$1,854	\$1,891	\$1,929	\$1,968	\$2,007	\$2,047	\$2,088
Income (000s)	\$1,613	\$1,607	\$1,600	\$1,593	\$1,585	\$1,578	\$1,569	\$1,560	\$1,551	\$1,541
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$3,661	\$3,693	\$3,725	\$3,757	\$3,790	\$3,823	\$3,857	\$3,891	\$3,925	\$3,960
OPEX (000s)	\$2,130	\$2,173	\$2,216	\$2,260	\$2,306	\$2,352	\$2,399	\$2,447	\$2,496	\$2,546
Income (000s)	\$1,531	\$1,520	\$1,509	\$1,497	\$1,485	\$1,472	\$1,458	\$1,444	\$1,430	\$1,415

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

\$1,527,914

% of OPEX

Average Operating Income* =

72%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 80% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$22.40/GJ to <\$21/GJ and <\$19/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$22.40/GJ to >\$24/GJ and >\$28/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 60% of estimated mixed food waste is available (14,424 instead of 24,040 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 5.6%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option G: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

							Change i	n RNG Pro	oduction A	Amount						
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12															
	\$13															1.0%
	\$14													0.5%	2.0%	3.4%
	\$15											-0.4%	1.3%	2.8%	4.2%	5.5%
	\$16										0.0%	1.8%	3.4%	4.9%	6.2%	7.5%
	\$17									0.3%	2.1%	3.8%	5.3%	6.7%	8.0%	9.2%
	\$18								0.3%	2.2%	4.0%	5.5%	7.0%	8.4%	9.7%	10.9%
_o	\$19							0.0%	2.1%	4.0%	5.6%	7.1%	8.6%	9.9%	11.2%	12.5%
RNG	\$20							1.8%	3.8%	5.5%	7.1%	8.7%	10.1%	11.4%	12.8%	14.0%
\$/6	\$21						1.3%	3.4%	5.3%	7.0%	8.6%	10.1%	11.5%	12.9%	14.2%	15.5%
\$	\$22					0.5%	2.8%	4.9%	6.7%	8.4%	9.9%	11.4%	12.9%	14.3%	15.6%	16.9%
	\$23					2.0%	4.2%	6.2%	8.0%	9.7%	11.2%	12.8%	14.2%	15.6%	17.0%	18.4%
	\$24				1.0%	3.4%	5.5%	7.5%	9.2%	10.9%	12.5%	14.0%	15.5%	16.9%	18.4%	19.7%
	\$25				2.3%	4.7%	6.7%	8.7%	10.4%	12.1%	13.7%	15.3%	16.8%	18.2%	19.7%	21.1%
	\$26			0.7%	3.4%	5.7%	7.8%	9.7%	11.5%	13.2%	14.8%	16.4%	18.0%	19.5%	21.0%	22.4%
	\$27			1.6%	4.3%	6.6%	8.7%	10.6%	12.5%	14.2%	15.9%	17.5%	19.1%	20.6%	22.2%	23.7%
	\$28			2.3%	5.0%	7.3%	9.4%	11.4%	13.3%	15.1%	16.8%	18.4%	20.1%	21.7%	23.3%	24.8%
	\$29			2.7%	5.4%	7.8%	9.9%	12.0%	13.9%	15.7%	17.5%	19.2%	20.9%	22.5%	24.1%	25.7%
	\$30			2.8%	5.6%	8.0%	10.2%	12.2%	14.2%	16.0%	17.8%	19.6%	21.3%	23.0%	24.6%	26.3%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 16% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$22.40/GJ to <\$21/GJ and <\$18/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$22.40/GJ to >\$25/GJ and >\$27/GJ respectively.

Option G: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Fo	ood Waste T	ip Fee (\$/To	nne)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$12										1.2%	3.1%
	\$13									1.3%	3.2%	5.0%
	\$14								1.5%	3.4%	5.1%	6.7%
	\$15							1.7%	3.5%	5.2%	6.8%	8.2%
	\$16						1.8%	3.7%	5.3%	6.9%	8.3%	9.7%
	\$17				0.0%	2.0%	3.8%	5.4%	7.0%	8.4%	9.8%	11.1%
	\$18			0.1%	2.1%	3.9%	5.5%	7.1%	8.5%	9.9%	11.2%	12.5%
_G	\$19		0.3%	2.3%	4.0%	5.6%	7.1%	8.6%	9.9%	11.2%	12.5%	13.8%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	0.5%	2.4%	4.2%	5.7%	7.2%	8.7%	10.0%	11.3%	12.6%	13.8%	15.0%
<u></u> 6	\$21	2.6%	4.3%	5.9%	7.3%	8.7%	10.1%	11.4%	12.6%	13.9%	15.1%	16.2%
\$	\$22	4.4%	6.0%	7.4%	8.8%	10.2%	11.4%	12.7%	13.9%	15.1%	16.3%	17.4%
	\$23	6.1%	7.5%	8.9%	10.2%	11.5%	12.8%	14.0%	15.2%	16.3%	17.5%	18.6%
	\$24	7.6%	9.0%	10.3%	11.6%	12.8%	14.0%	15.2%	16.4%	17.5%	18.7%	19.8%
	\$25	9.0%	10.4%	11.6%	12.9%	14.1%	15.3%	16.4%	17.6%	18.7%	19.8%	20.9%
	\$26	10.3%	11.6%	12.9%	14.1%	15.3%	16.4%	17.6%	18.7%	19.8%	20.9%	22.0%
	\$27	11.5%	12.7%	14.0%	15.2%	16.3%	17.5%	18.6%	19.8%	20.9%	22.0%	23.1%
	\$28	12.4%	13.7%	14.9%	16.1%	17.3%	18.4%	19.6%	20.7%	21.8%	22.9%	24.0%
	\$29	13.1%	14.4%	15.6%	16.8%	18.0%	19.2%	20.3%	21.5%	22.6%	23.7%	24.8%
	\$30	13.4%	14.7%	16.0%	17.2%	18.4%	19.6%	20.7%	21.9%	23.0%	24.1%	25.2%

Farm Scenario #6 - Option H: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning, RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$12.8 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$2,211,628/year. At an RNG sale price of \$24.28/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$3,897,036/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,685,407/year; equal to 76% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option H: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>ıt</u>
Digester	\$4,499,250			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$24.28		Farm In	vestment =	\$12,821,983
Upgrader	\$4,696,458			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$3,174,550		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recover	\$1,956,267			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$600,998		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,670,008			Bedding Sa	aving/Yr* =	\$121,487				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$12,821,983</u>	\$2,211,628		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	\$3,897,03 <u>6</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$3,584	\$3,615	\$3,646	\$3,678	\$3,710	\$3,742	\$3,774	\$3,807	\$3,841	\$3,874
OPEX (000s)	\$1,820	\$1,857	\$1,894	\$1,932	\$1,971	\$2,010	\$2,050	\$2,091	\$2,133	\$2,176
Income (000s)	\$1,764	\$1,758	\$1,752	\$1,746	\$1,739	\$1,732	\$1,724	\$1,716	\$1,708	\$1,698
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$3,908	\$3,942	\$3,977	\$4,012	\$4,047	\$4,083	\$4,120	\$4,156	\$4,193	\$4,230
OPEX (000s)	\$2,219	\$2,264	\$2,309	\$2,355	\$2,402	\$2,450	\$2,499	\$2,549	\$2,600	\$2,652
Income (000s)	\$1,689	\$1,679	\$1,668	\$1,657	\$1,645	\$1,633	\$1,620	\$1,607	\$1,593	\$1,578

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

for inflation

\$1,685,407

Average Operating Income* =

76%

% of OPEX

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 81% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$24.48/GJ to <\$23/GJ and <\$21/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$24.48/GJ to >\$27/GJ. Furthermore, if only 60% of estimated mixed food waste is available (14,424 instead of 24,040 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 3.1%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option H: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount 50% 45% 40% 35% 30% 35% 30% 15% 10% 5% 00% 5% 10% 15% 30%															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16												1.0%	2.6%	3.9%	5.2%
	\$17											1.4%	3.0%	4.4%	5.7%	7.0%
	\$18										1.6%	3.3%	4.7%	6.1%	7.4%	8.6%
	\$19									1.6%	3.3%	4.9%	6.3%	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%
	\$20								1.4%	3.3%	4.9%	6.4%	7.8%	9.2%	10.4%	11.7%
_G	\$21							1.0%	3.0%	4.7%	6.3%	7.8%	9.2%	10.6%	11.8%	13.1%
RNG	\$22						0.4%	2.6%	4.4%	6.1%	7.7%	9.2%	10.6%	11.9%	13.2%	14.5%
\$/6J	\$23			-	-		1.9%	3.9%	5.7%	7.4%	9.0%	10.4%	11.8%	13.2%	14.5%	15.8%
\$	\$24			-	-	1.0%	3.3%	5.2%	7.0%	8.6%	10.2%	11.7%	13.1%	14.5%	15.8%	17.1%
	\$25					2.4%	4.5%	6.4%	8.2%	9.8%	11.4%	12.8%	14.3%	15.7%	17.0%	18.4%
	\$26				1.0%	3.4%	5.5%	7.4%	9.2%	10.9%	12.4%	13.9%	15.4%	16.8%	18.2%	19.6%
	\$27				1.9%	4.3%	6.4%	8.3%	10.1%	11.8%	13.4%	14.9%	16.4%	17.9%	19.3%	20.7%
	\$28				2.5%	4.9%	7.1%	9.0%	10.8%	12.6%	14.2%	15.8%	17.3%	18.9%	20.3%	21.8%
	\$29			0.0%	2.9%	5.4%	7.5%	9.5%	11.4%	13.1%	14.8%	16.5%	18.0%	19.6%	21.1%	22.6%
	\$30			0.1%	3.1%	5.5%	7.7%	9.7%	11.6%	13.4%	15.1%	16.8%	18.4%	20.0%	21.5%	23.1%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 15% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$24.48/GJ to <\$23/GJ and <\$20/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$24.48/GJ to >\$27/GJ. If mixed food waste tip fee is \$0/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.9%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

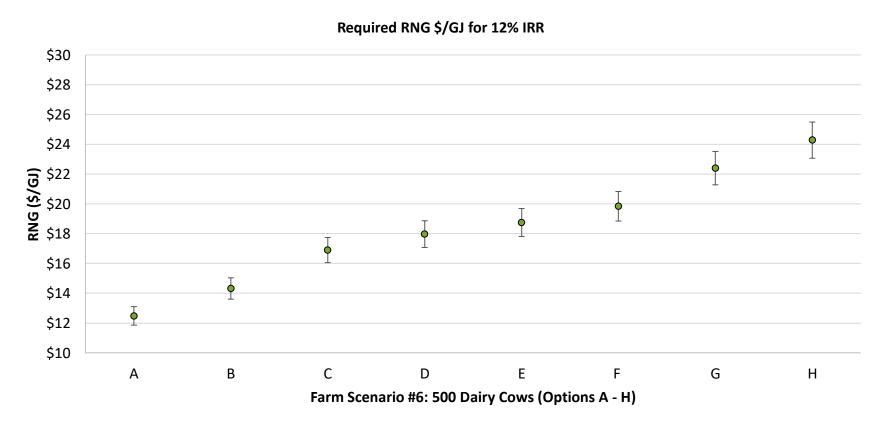
Option H: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)														
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50			
	\$16							1.3%	3.0%	4.6%	6.0%	7.4%			
	\$17						1.4%	3.1%	4.7%	6.1%	7.5%	8.8%			
	\$18					1.6%	3.3%	4.8%	6.2%	7.6%	8.9%	10.1%			
	\$19				1.7%	3.4%	4.9%	6.3%	7.7%	8.9%	10.2%	11.4%			
	\$20		0.1%	1.9%	3.5%	5.0%	6.4%	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%	11.4%	12.6%			
G	\$21	0.2%	2.0%	3.6%	5.1%	6.5%	7.8%	9.1%	10.3%	11.5%	12.6%	13.8%			
RNG	\$22	2.1%	3.7%	5.2%	6.6%	7.9%	9.2%	10.4%	11.5%	12.7%	13.8%	14.9%			
\$/eJ	\$23	3.8%	5.3%	6.7%	8.0%	9.2%	10.4%	11.6%	12.7%	13.9%	14.9%	16.0%			
\$	\$24	5.4%	6.8%	8.1%	9.3%	10.5%	11.7%	12.8%	13.9%	15.0%	16.1%	17.1%			
	\$25	6.8%	8.1%	9.4%	10.6%	11.7%	12.8%	14.0%	15.0%	16.1%	17.1%	18.2%			
	\$26	8.1%	9.3%	10.5%	11.7%	12.8%	13.9%	15.0%	16.1%	17.2%	18.2%	19.2%			
	\$27	9.2%	10.4%	11.6%	12.7%	13.8%	14.9%	16.0%	17.1%	18.1%	19.2%	20.2%			
	\$28	10.0%	11.2%	12.4%	13.6%	14.7%	15.8%	16.9%	17.9%	19.0%	20.0%	21.1%			
	\$29	10.6%	11.9%	13.1%	14.2%	15.3%	16.5%	17.5%	18.6%	19.7%	20.7%	21.7%			
	\$30	10.9%	12.2%	13.4%	14.5%	15.7%	16.8%	17.9%	19.0%	20.0%	21.1%	22.1%			

Farm Scenario #6: Summary

Figure 18 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #6 Options A – G for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is <\$30/GJ, a bar representing +/- 5% is shown to account for price uncertainty. Farm Scenario #6 Options A – H don't require funding. These biogas plants require an RNG sale price from as low as \$11.86/GJ to as high as \$25.49/GJ. Figure 18 shows that even with mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment, 500 dairy cow farms co-digesting dairy manure and mixed food waste are economically feasible in B.C. without funding.

Figure 18: Farm Scenario #6 - Required RNG Sale Price for 500 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste



7.7

Farm Scenario #7: 1,000 Feedlot Cattle + Mixed Food Waste

Farm Scenario #7 is a 1,000 feedlot cattle co-digesting cattle manure and mixed food waste. Farm Scenario #7 assumes the use of traditional on-farm biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volumes and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #7 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Cattle manure	7,000	51%	13,153 GJ
Mixed food waste	6,726	49%	32,684 GJ
Total	13,726	100%	45,837 GJ

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #7:

- Option A: No additional equipment;
- Option B: Mixed food waste cleaning equipment;
- Option C: RNG compression equipment;
- Option D: Nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option E: Mixed food waste cleaning and RNG compression equipment;
- Option F: Mixed food waste cleaning and nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option G: RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment; and
- Option H: Mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #7 Options A – H, see Appendix G.

Farm Scenario #7 - Option A: No Additional Equipment-

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$5.9 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$685,406/year. At an RNG sale price of \$25.90/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,464,117/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$778,711/year; equal to 114% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,151,975			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$25.90		Farm In	vestment =	\$5,857,59
Upgrader	\$2,399,600			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,235,233		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recovery	\$543,094			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$168,140		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$762,927			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$60,743				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$5,857,596</u>	<u>\$685,406</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	\$1,464,117		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,347	\$1,359	\$1,371	\$1,384	\$1,397	\$1,410	\$1,423	\$1,436	\$1,449	\$1,462
OPEX (000s)	\$564	\$575	\$587	\$599	\$611	\$623	\$635	\$648	\$661	\$674
Income (000s)	\$783	\$784	<i>\$785</i>	\$785	\$786	\$787	\$787	\$788	\$788	<i>\$788</i>
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,476	\$1,490	\$1,503	\$1,517	\$1,532	\$1,543	\$1,544	\$1,545	\$1,547	\$1,548
OPEX (000s)	\$688	\$701	\$716	\$730	\$744	\$759	\$774	\$790	\$806	\$822
Income (000s)	<i>\$788</i>	\$788	<i>\$788</i>	\$788	\$787	<i>\$783</i>	\$770	\$755	\$741	\$726

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

\$778,711

Average Operating Income* =

114%

% of OPEX

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 84% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$25.90/GJ to <\$24/GJ and <\$22/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.5% and 8.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16											0.6%	1.8%	2.9%	4.0%	5.0%
	\$17										0.8%	2.1%	3.3%	4.4%	5.4%	6.4%
	\$18									0.9%	2.2%	3.5%	4.6%	5.7%	6.7%	7.7%
	\$19								0.8%	2.2%	3.5%	4.7%	5.9%	7.0%	8.0%	9.0%
	\$20							0.6%	2.1%	3.5%	4.7%	5.9%	7.1%	8.1%	9.2%	10.2%
G	\$21						0.2%	1.8%	3.3%	4.6%	5.9%	7.1%	8.2%	9.3%	10.3%	11.4%
\$/GJ RNG	\$22						1.4%	2.9%	4.4%	5.7%	7.0%	8.1%	9.3%	10.4%	11.5%	12.5%
<u>@</u>	\$23					0.8%	2.5%	4.0%	5.4%	6.7%	8.0%	9.2%	10.3%	11.5%	12.5%	13.6%
\$	\$24				0.0%	1.8%	3.5%	5.0%	6.4%	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%	11.4%	12.5%	13.6%	14.7%
	\$25				1.0%	2.8%	4.4%	5.9%	7.3%	8.7%	9.9%	11.2%	12.3%	13.5%	14.6%	15.7%
	\$26				1.8%	3.6%	5.2%	6.8%	8.2%	9.5%	10.8%	12.1%	13.3%	14.4%	15.6%	16.7%
	\$27			0.4%	2.5%	4.3%	5.9%	7.4%	8.9%	10.3%	11.6%	12.9%	14.1%	15.3%	16.5%	17.6%
	\$28			0.9%	2.9%	4.8%	6.4%	8.0%	9.5%	10.9%	12.2%	13.5%	14.8%	16.0%	17.3%	18.5%
	\$29			1.1%	3.2%	5.1%	6.8%	8.4%	9.9%	11.3%	12.7%	14.0%	15.3%	16.6%	17.9%	19.1%
	\$30			1.3%	3.3%	5.2%	6.9%	8.5%	10.1%	11.5%	12.9%	14.3%	15.6%	16.9%	18.2%	19.4%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 11% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$25.90/GJ to <\$25/GJ and <\$23/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$25.90/GJ to >\$29/GJ. If mixed food waste tip fee is \$0/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.7%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50		
	\$16						0.6%	1.7%	2.7%	3.6%	4.6%	5.4%		
	\$17				0.0%	1.1%	2.1%	3.1%	4.0%	4.9%	5.8%	6.6%		
	\$18			0.4%	1.5%	2.5%	3.5%	4.4%	5.3%	6.1%	6.9%	7.7%		
	\$19		0.9%	1.9%	2.9%	3.9%	4.7%	5.6%	6.4%	7.2%	8.0%	8.8%		
	\$20	1.3%	2.4%	3.3%	4.2%	5.1%	5.9%	6.7%	7.5%	8.3%	9.1%	9.8%		
G	\$21	2.8%	3.7%	4.6%	5.4%	6.3%	7.1%	7.8%	8.6%	9.4%	10.1%	10.8%		
RNG	\$22	4.1%	4.9%	5.8%	6.6%	7.4%	8.1%	8.9%	9.6%	10.4%	11.1%	11.8%		
\$/GJ	\$23	5.3%	6.1%	6.9%	7.7%	8.4%	9.2%	9.9%	10.6%	11.3%	12.0%	12.7%		
\$	\$24	6.4%	7.2%	8.0%	8.7%	9.5%	10.2%	10.9%	11.6%	12.3%	13.0%	13.6%		
	\$25	7.5%	8.3%	9.0%	9.7%	10.5%	11.2%	11.9%	12.5%	13.2%	13.9%	14.5%		
	\$26	8.5%	9.2%	10.0%	10.7%	11.4%	12.1%	12.7%	13.4%	14.1%	14.7%	15.4%		
	\$27	9.3%	10.0%	10.8%	11.5%	12.2%	12.9%	13.5%	14.2%	14.9%	15.5%	16.2%		
	\$28	10.0%	10.7%	11.4%	12.2%	12.8%	13.5%	14.2%	14.9%	15.5%	16.2%	16.8%		
	\$29	10.5%	11.2%	11.9%	12.6%	13.3%	14.0%	14.7%	15.4%	16.1%	16.7%	17.4%		
	\$30	10.7%	11.4%	12.2%	12.9%	13.6%	14.3%	15.0%	15.6%	16.3%	17.0%	17.6%		

Farm Scenario #7 - Option B: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.7 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$767,247/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,536,172/year. This biogas plant requires \$0.6 million funding (9% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$768,924/year; equal to 100% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,879,100			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm In	vestment =	\$6,087,58
Upgrader	\$2,399,600			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,307,288		Funding	g Amount =	\$606,020
Nutrient Recovery	\$543,094			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$168,140		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	9%
Other	\$871,814			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$60,743				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$6,693,608</u>	<u>\$767,247</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$1,536,172</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,525	\$1,526	\$1,527	\$1,528	\$1,530	\$1,531	\$1,532	\$1,533	\$1,534	\$1,535
OPEX (000s)	\$632	\$644	\$657	\$670	\$684	\$697	\$711	\$725	\$740	\$755
Income (000s)	\$894	\$882	\$870	\$858	\$846	\$833	\$821	\$807	\$794	\$780
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,536	\$1,538	\$1,539	\$1,540	\$1,541	\$1,543	\$1,544	\$1,545	\$1,547	\$1,548
OPEX (000s)	\$770	\$785	\$801	\$817	\$833	\$850	\$867	\$884	\$902	\$920
Income (000s)	\$767	\$752	\$738	\$723	\$708	\$693	\$677	\$661	\$645	\$628

Average Operating Income* =

\$768,924

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

100%

% of OPEX

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 85% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 9% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 9% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.6% and 9.2% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 11% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 9% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$25/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 9% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.3% and 10.6% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

Change in RNG Production Amount												
	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%					
\$16					0.1%	1.3%	2.4%					
\$17				0.4%	1.7%	2.9%	3.9%					
\$18			0.7%	2.0%	3.2%	4.3%	5.4%					
\$19		0.8%	2.1%	3.4%	4.5%	5.7%	6.7%					
\$20	0.7%	2.1%	3.4%	4.7%	5.8%	6.9%	8.0%					
\$21	2.0%	3.4%	4.7%	5.9%	7.0%	8.1%	9.2%					
\$22	3.2%	4.5%	5.8%	7.0%	8.2%	9.3%	10.3%					
\$23	4.3%	5.7%	6.9%	8.1%	9.3%	10.4%	11.5%					
\$24	5.4%	6.7%	8.0%	9.2%	10.3%	11.5%	12.5%					
\$25	6.4%	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%	11.4%	12.5%	13.6%					
\$26	7.3%	8.6%	9.9%	11.1%	12.3%	13.5%	14.6%					
\$27	8.0%	9.4%	10.7%	11.9%	13.2%	14.3%	15.5%					
\$28	8.6%	10.0%	11.3%	12.6%	13.9%	15.1%	16.3%					
\$29	9.0%	10.4%	11.8%	13.1%	14.4%	15.7%	16.9%					
\$30	9.2%	10.6%	12.0%	13.4%	14.7%	15.9%	17.2%					
	\$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$21 \$22 \$23 \$24 \$25 \$26 \$27 \$28 \$29	-10% \$16 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 0.7% \$21 2.0% \$22 3.2% \$23 4.3% \$24 5.4% \$25 6.4% \$26 7.3% \$27 8.0% \$28 8.6% \$29 9.0%	-10% -5% \$16 \$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 0.7% \$21 2.0% \$22 3.2% \$23 4.3% \$24 5.4% \$25 6.4% 7.7% \$26 7.3% \$27 8.0% \$28 8.6% \$10.0% \$29 9.0% \$20	-10% -5% 0% \$16 \$17 \$18 0.7% 2.1% \$19 0.8% 2.1% \$20 0.7% 2.1% 3.4% \$21 2.0% 3.4% 4.7% \$22 3.2% 4.5% 5.8% \$23 4.3% 5.7% 6.9% \$24 5.4% 6.7% 8.0% \$25 6.4% 7.7% 9.0% \$26 7.3% 8.6% 9.9% \$27 8.0% 9.4% 10.7% \$28 8.6% 10.0% 11.3% \$29 9.0% 10.4% 11.8%	-10% -5% 0% 5% \$16 \$17 0.4% \$18 0.7% 2.0% \$19 0.8% 2.1% 3.4% \$20 0.7% 2.1% 3.4% 4.7% \$21 2.0% 3.4% 4.7% 5.9% \$22 3.2% 4.5% 5.8% 7.0% \$23 4.3% 5.7% 6.9% 8.1% \$24 5.4% 6.7% 8.0% 9.2% \$25 6.4% 7.7% 9.0% 10.2% \$26 7.3% 8.6% 9.9% 11.1% \$27 8.0% 9.4% 10.7% 11.9% \$28 8.6% 10.0% 11.3% 12.6% \$29 9.0% 10.4% 11.8% 13.1%	-10% -5% 0% 5% 10% \$16 0.1% \$17 0.4% 1.7% \$18 0.7% 2.0% 3.2% \$19 0.8% 2.1% 3.4% 4.5% \$20 0.7% 2.1% 3.4% 4.7% 5.8% \$21 2.0% 3.4% 4.7% 5.9% 7.0% \$22 3.2% 4.5% 5.8% 7.0% 8.2% \$23 4.3% 5.7% 6.9% 8.1% 9.3% \$24 5.4% 6.7% 8.0% 9.2% 10.3% \$25 6.4% 7.7% 9.0% 10.2% 11.4% \$26 7.3% 8.6% 9.9% 11.1% 12.3% \$27 8.0% 9.4% 10.7% 11.9% 13.2% \$28 8.6% 10.0% 11.3% 12.6% 13.9%	-10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% \$16 0.1% 1.3% \$17 0.4% 1.7% 2.9% \$18 0.7% 2.0% 3.2% 4.3% \$19 0.8% 2.1% 3.4% 4.5% 5.7% \$20 0.7% 2.1% 3.4% 4.7% 5.8% 6.9% \$21 2.0% 3.4% 4.7% 5.9% 7.0% 8.1% \$22 3.2% 4.5% 5.8% 7.0% 8.2% 9.3% \$23 4.3% 5.7% 6.9% 8.1% 9.3% 10.4% \$24 5.4% 6.7% 8.0% 9.2% 10.3% 11.5% \$25 6.4% 7.7% 9.0% 10.2% 11.4% 12.5% \$26 7.3% 8.6% 9.9% 11.1% 12.3% 13.5% \$27					

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50					
	\$16						0.8%	1.9%	2.8%					
	\$17				0.2%	1.3%	2.3%	3.2%	4.1%					
	\$18			0.7%	1.7%	2.7%	3.6%	4.5%	5.3%					
	\$19	0.1%	1.1%	2.1%	3.1%	4.0%	4.8%	5.7%	6.5%					
	\$20	1.5%	2.5%	3.4%	4.3%	5.2%	6.0%	6.8%	7.5%					
G	\$21	2.9%	3.8%	4.7%	5.5%	6.3%	7.1%	7.8%	8.6%					
RNG	\$22	4.2%	5.0%	5.8%	6.6%	7.4%	8.1%	8.9%	9.6%					
\$/6J	\$23	5.3%	6.1%	6.9%	7.7%	8.4%	9.1%	9.8%	10.5%					
\$	\$24	6.5%	7.2%	8.0%	8.7%	9.4%	10.1%	10.8%	11.5%					
	\$25	7.5%	8.3%	9.0%	9.7%	10.4%	11.1%	11.7%	12.4%					
	\$26	8.5%	9.2%	9.9%	10.6%	11.3%	11.9%	12.6%	13.2%					
	\$27	9.3%	10.0%	10.7%	11.4%	12.0%	12.7%	13.4%	14.0%					
	\$28	9.9%	10.6%	11.3%	12.0%	12.7%	13.4%	14.0%	14.7%					
	\$29	10.4%	11.1%	11.8%	12.5%	13.2%	13.8%	14.5%	15.2%					
	\$30	10.6%	11.3%	12.0%	12.7%	13.4%	14.1%	14.7%	15.4%					

Farm Scenario #7 - Option C: RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.6 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$883,613/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,536,172/year. This biogas plant requires \$1.4 million funding (21% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$652,559/year; equal to 74% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option C: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,151,975			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm In	vestment =	\$5,272,21
Upgrader	\$3,085,997			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,307,288		Funding	g Amount =	\$1,374,56
Nutrient Recovery	\$543,094			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$168,140		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	21%
Other	\$865,715			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$60,743				
<u>Total</u>	\$6,646,781	<u>\$883,613</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	\$1,536,172		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,525	\$1,526	\$1,527	\$1,528	\$1,530	\$1,531	\$1,532	\$1,533	\$1,534	\$1,535
OPEX (000s)	\$727	\$742	\$757	\$772	\$787	\$803	\$819	\$835	\$852	\$869
Income (000s)	\$798	\$785	\$771	\$757	\$742	\$728	\$713	\$697	\$682	\$666
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,536	\$1,538	\$1,539	\$1,540	\$1,541	\$1,543	\$1,544	\$1,545	\$1,547	\$1,548
OPEX (000s)	\$887	\$904	\$922	\$941	\$960	\$979	\$998	\$1,018	\$1,039	\$1,060
Income (000s)	\$650	\$633	\$616	\$599	\$582	\$564	\$546	\$527	\$508	\$489

Average Operating Income* =

\$652,559

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

74%

% of OPEX

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 85% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 21% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 21% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.4% and 8.7% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 11% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 21% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$25/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 21% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.2% and 10.4% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%						
	\$16							0.1%						
	\$17						0.8%	2.2%						
	\$18					1.2%	2.7%	4.0%						
	\$19				1.5%	3.0%	4.4%	5.7%						
	\$20			1.5%	3.1%	4.6%	6.0%	7.2%						
G	\$21		1.5%	3.1%	4.7%	6.1%	7.4%	8.7%						
RNG	\$22	1.2%	3.0%	4.6%	6.1%	7.5%	8.8%	10.1%						
\$/@	\$23	2.7%	4.4%	6.0%	7.4%	8.8%	10.1%	11.4%						
\$	\$24	4.0%	5.7%	7.2%	8.7%	10.1%	11.4%	12.7%						
	\$25	5.3%	6.9%	8.5%	9.9%	11.3%	12.6%	13.9%						
	\$26	6.4%	8.0%	9.5%	11.0%	12.4%	13.7%	15.0%						
	\$27	7.3%	8.9%	10.5%	11.9%	13.4%	14.7%	16.1%						
	\$28	8.0%	9.6%	11.2%	12.7%	14.2%	15.6%	17.0%						
	\$29	8.5%	10.2%	11.8%	13.3%	14.8%	16.3%	17.7%						
	\$30	8.7%	10.4%	12.0%	13.6%	15.1%	16.6%	18.1%						

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50					
	\$16								0.7%					
	\$17							1.2%	2.4%					
	\$18					0.5%	1.7%	2.9%	4.0%					
	\$19				1.0%	2.2%	3.3%	4.4%	5.4%					
	\$20		0.3%	1.5%	2.7%	3.8%	4.8%	5.8%	6.7%					
G	\$21	0.8%	2.0%	3.1%	4.2%	5.2%	6.2%	7.1%	8.0%					
RNG	\$22	2.5%	3.6%	4.6%	5.6%	6.5%	7.4%	8.3%	9.2%					
\$/6J	\$23	4.0%	5.0%	6.0%	6.9%	7.8%	8.6%	9.5%	10.3%					
\$	\$24	5.4%	6.3%	7.2%	8.1%	9.0%	9.8%	10.6%	11.4%					
	\$25	6.7%	7.6%	8.5%	9.3%	10.1%	10.9%	11.7%	12.5%					
	\$26	7.8%	8.7%	9.5%	10.3%	11.2%	11.9%	12.7%	13.5%					
	\$27	8.8%	9.6%	10.5%	11.3%	12.1%	12.8%	13.6%	14.4%					
	\$28	9.6%	10.4%	11.2%	12.0%	12.8%	13.6%	14.4%	15.1%					
	\$29	10.1%	11.0%	11.8%	12.6%	13.4%	14.2%	15.0%	15.7%					
	\$30	10.4%	11.2%	12.0%	12.9%	13.7%	14.5%	15.2%	16.0%					

Farm Scenario #7 - Option D: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.9 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$909,434/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,536,172/year. This biogas plant requires \$1.8 million funding (26% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$626,738/year; equal to 69% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option D: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				<u>!</u>	
Digester	\$2,382,975			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00	Farm Investm		vestment =	\$5,098,584
Upgrader	\$2,399,600			Avg RNG Sales/Yr =		\$1,307,288		Funding	g Amount =	\$1,800,686
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,218,094			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$168,140		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	26%
Other	\$898,600			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$60,743				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$6,899,269</u>	<u>\$909,434</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	\$1,536,172		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,525	\$1,526	\$1,527	\$1,528	\$1,530	\$1,531	\$1,532	\$1,533	\$1,534	\$1,535
OPEX (000s)	\$749	\$764	\$779	\$794	\$810	\$826	\$843	\$860	\$877	\$895
Income (000s)	\$777	\$763	\$749	\$734	\$719	\$704	\$689	\$673	\$657	\$641
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,536	\$1,538	\$1,539	\$1,540	\$1,541	\$1,543	\$1,544	\$1,545	\$1,547	\$1,548
OPEX (000s)	\$913	\$931	\$949	\$968	\$988	\$1,007	\$1,028	\$1,048	\$1,069	\$1,091
Income (000s)	\$624	\$607	\$589	\$572	\$554	\$535	\$516	\$497	\$478	\$458

Average Operating Income* =

\$626,738

* Averaged over twenty years to account
for inflation

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

69%

% of OPEX

RNG sales account for 85% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 26% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 26% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.3% and 8.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 11% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 26% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$25/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 26% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.2% and 10.3% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option D: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%						
	\$16													
	\$17						0.1%	1.7%						
	\$18					0.6%	2.2%	3.6%						
	\$19				0.9%	2.5%	4.0%	5.4%						
	\$20			1.0%	2.7%	4.2%	5.7%	7.0%						
G	\$21		0.9%	2.7%	4.3% 5.8%		7.2%	8.5%						
RNG	\$22	0.6%	2.5%	4.2%	5.8%	7.3%	8.7%	10.0%						
\$/6J	\$23	2.2%	4.0%	5.7%	7.2%	8.7%	10.0%	11.3%						
Ś	\$24	3.6%	5.4% 7.0%		8.5%	10.0%	11.3%	12.7%						
	\$25	5.0%	6.7%	8.3%	9.8%	11.2%	12.6%	13.9%						
	\$26	6.1%	7.8%	9.4%	10.9%	12.4%	13.8%	15.1%						
	\$27	7.0%	8.8%	10.4%	11.9%	13.4%	14.8%	16.2%						
	\$28	7.8%	9.5%	11.2%	12.8%	14.3%	15.7%	17.2%						
	\$29	8.3%	10.1%	11.8%	13.4%	14.9%	16.4%	17.9%						
	\$30	8.5%	10.3%	12.0%	13.7%	15.2%	16.8%	18.3%						

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50					
	\$16								0.0%					
	\$17			-	-			0.6%	1.9%					
	\$18	-	-	-	-		1.2%	2.4%	3.6%					
	\$19	-	-	-	0.4%	1.7%	2.9%	4.0%	5.1%					
	\$20		-	1.0%	2.2%	3.4%	4.4%	5.5%	6.5%					
G	\$21	0.2%	1.5%	2.7%	3.8%	4.9%	5.9%	6.8%	7.8%					
RNG	\$22	2.0%	3.2%	4.2%	5.3%	6.3%	7.2%	8.1%	9.0%					
\$/eJ	\$23	3.6%	4.7%	5.7%	6.6%	7.6%	8.5%	9.4%	10.2%					
\$	\$24	5.1%	6.1%	7.0%	7.9%	8.8%	9.7%	10.5%	11.4%					
	\$25	6.4%	7.4%	8.3%	9.2%	10.0%	10.9%	11.7%	12.5%					
	\$26	7.6%	8.5%	9.4%	10.3%	11.1%	11.9%	12.7%	13.5%					
	\$27	8.6%	9.5%	10.4%	11.2%	12.0%	12.9%	13.7%	14.4%					
	\$28	9.4%	10.3%	11.2%	12.0%	12.8%	13.7%	14.5%	15.2%					
	\$29	10.0%	10.9%	11.8%	12.6%	13.4%	14.2%	15.0%	15.8%					
	\$30	10.3%	11.2%	12.0%	12.9%	13.7%	14.5%	15.3%	16.1%					
	\$30	10.3%	11.2%	12.0%	12.9%	13.7%	14.5%	15.3%	16.1%					

Farm Scenario #7 - Option E: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$7.5 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$965,454/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,536,172/year. This biogas plant requires \$2.8 million funding (37% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$570,717/year; equal to 59% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option E: Economic Assessment

•	CAREV	ODEV*			D					L
	<u>CAPEX</u>	OPEX*			Revenue				Investment	-
Digester	\$2,879,100			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm Investment =		\$4,721,971
Upgrader	\$3,085,997			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,307,288		Funding	g Amount =	\$2,760,822
Nutrient Recovery	\$543,094			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$168,140		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	37%
Other	\$974,602			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$60,743				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$7,482,793</u>	<u>\$965,454</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	\$1,536,172		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,525	\$1,526	\$1,527	\$1,528	\$1,530	\$1,531	\$1,532	\$1,533	\$1,534	\$1,535
OPEX (000s)	\$795	\$811	\$827	\$843	\$860	\$877	\$895	\$913	\$931	\$950
Income (000s)	\$731	\$716	\$701	\$685	\$669	\$653	\$637	\$620	\$603	\$585
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,536	\$1,538	\$1,539	\$1,540	\$1,541	\$1,543	\$1,544	\$1,545	\$1,547	\$1,548
OPEX (000s)	\$969	\$988	\$1,008	\$1,028	\$1,049	\$1,070	\$1,091	\$1,113	\$1,135	\$1,158
Income (000s)	\$568	\$549	\$531	\$512	\$493	\$473	\$453	\$433	\$412	\$391

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR = 12% Average Operating Income* = \$570,717 % of OPE	K 59%
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^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 85% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 37% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 37% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.1% and 8.1% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 11% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 37% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$25/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 37% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.0% and 10.0% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option E: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%						
	\$16													
g	\$17							0.3%						
	\$18						0.9%	2.6%						
	\$19					1.3%	3.1%	4.6%						
	\$20				1.5%	3.3%	5.0%	6.5%						
	\$21			1.5%	3.4%	5.1%	6.7%	8.2%						
\$/GJ RNG	\$22		1.3%	3.3%	5.1%	6.8%	8.3%	9.7%						
<u>(G</u>	\$23	0.9%	3.1%	5.0%	6.7%	8.3%	9.8%	11.2%						
\$	\$24	2.6%	4.6%	6.5%	8.2%	9.7%	11.2%	12.7%						
	\$25	4.1%	6.1%	7.9%	9.5%	11.1%	12.6%	14.1%						
	\$26	5.4%	7.3%	9.1%	10.8%	12.4%	13.9%	15.4%						
	\$27	6.5%	8.4%	10.2%	11.9%	13.5%	15.0%	16.5%						
	\$28	7.3%	9.2%	11.1%	12.8%	14.4%	16.0%	17.6%						
	\$29	7.8%	9.8%	11.7%	13.5%	15.1%	16.8%	18.4%						
	\$30	8.1%	10.1%	12.0%	13.8%	15.5%	17.2%	18.8%						

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50					
	\$16													
	\$17								0.5%					
	\$18	-		-				1.1%	2.5%					
	\$19					0.3%	1.7%	3.0%	4.2%					
	\$20				0.9%	2.3%	3.5%	4.7%	5.8%					
G	\$21		0.1%	1.5%	2.8%	4.0%	5.2%	6.3%	7.3%					
RNG	\$22	0.7%	2.1%	3.3%	4.5%	5.6%	6.7%	7.7%	8.7%					
\$/eJ	\$23	2.6%	3.8%	5.0%	6.1%	7.1%	8.1%	9.1%	10.0%					
\$	\$24	4.3%	5.4%	6.5%	7.5%	8.5%	9.4%	10.4%	11.3%					
	\$25	5.8%	6.9%	7.9%	8.8%	9.8%	10.7%	11.6%	12.5%					
	\$26	7.1%	8.1%	9.1%	10.1%	11.0%	11.9%	12.7%	13.6%					
	\$27	8.2%	9.2%	10.2%	11.1%	12.0%	12.9%	13.8%	14.6%					
	\$28	9.1%	10.1%	11.1%	12.0%	12.9%	13.8%	14.6%	15.5%					
	\$29	9.8%	10.7%	11.7%	12.6%	13.5%	14.4%	15.3%	16.1%					
	\$30	10.0%	11.0%	12.0%	12.9%	13.8%	14.7%	15.6%	16.5%					
			•		•	•	•	•						

Farm Scenario #7 - Option F: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$7.7 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$991,275/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,536,172/year. This biogas plant requires \$3.2 million funding (41% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$544,897/year; equal to 55% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option F: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				<u>!</u>	
Digester	\$3,110,100			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$30.00	Farm Inve		vestment =	\$4,528,00
Upgrader	\$2,399,600			Avg RNG Sales/Yr =		\$1,307,288		Funding	g Amount =	\$3,207,274
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,218,094			Tip Fee/Yr =		\$168,140		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	41%
Other	\$1,007,487			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$60,743				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$7,735,281</u>	<u>\$991,275</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	<u>\$1,536,172</u>		Inflation =		2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,525	\$1,526	\$1,527	\$1,528	\$1,530	\$1,531	\$1,532	\$1,533	\$1,534	\$1,535
OPEX (000s)	\$816	\$832	\$849	\$866	\$883	\$901	\$919	\$937	\$956	\$975
Income (000s)	\$709	\$694	\$679	\$663	\$646	\$630	\$613	\$596	\$578	\$560
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,536	\$1,538	\$1,539	\$1,540	\$1,541	\$1,543	\$1,544	\$1,545	\$1,547	\$1,548
OPEX (000s)	\$995	\$1,015	\$1,035	\$1,056	\$1,077	\$1,098	\$1,120	\$1,143	\$1,165	\$1,189
Income (000s)	\$542	\$523	\$504	\$485	\$465	\$445	\$424	\$403	\$381	\$360

Average Operating Income* =

\$544,897

* Averaged over twenty years to account
for inflation

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

RNG sales account for 85% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 41% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 41% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.1% and 7.9% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 11% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 41% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$25/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 41% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.0% and 10.0% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option F: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%						
ŋ	\$16													
	\$17													
	\$18						0.2%	2.1%						
	\$19					0.6%	2.6%	4.3%						
	\$20				0.9% 2.9%		4.6%	6.2%						
	\$21			0.9%	3.0%	4.8%	6.5%	8.0%						
RNG	\$22		0.6%	2.9%	4.8%	6.5%	8.2%	9.7%						
\$/@I	\$23	0.2%	2.6%	4.6%	6.5%	8.2%	9.7%	11.3%						
\$	\$24	2.1%	4.3%	6.2%	8.0%	9.7%	11.3%	12.8%						
	\$25	3.8%	5.8%	7.7%	9.5%	11.1%	12.7%	14.2%						
	\$26	5.1%	7.2%	9.0%	10.8%	12.4%	14.0%	15.6%						
	\$27	6.2%	8.3%	10.1%	11.9%	13.6%	15.2%	16.8%						
	\$28	7.1%	9.1%	11.1%	12.9%	14.6%	16.3%	17.9%						
	\$29	7.7%	9.8%	11.7%	13.6%	15.3%	17.1%	18.7%						
	\$30	7.9%	10.1%	12.0%	13.9%	15.7%	17.5%	19.1%						

			Mixed	Food Wa	ste Tip F	ee (\$/To	nne)		
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16								
	\$17								
	\$18							0.4%	1.9%
	\$19						1.1%	2.5%	3.8%
	\$20				0.2%	1.7%	3.1%	4.4%	5.6%
G	\$21			0.9%	2.3%	3.6%	4.9%	6.0%	7.1%
RNG	\$22	0.0%	1.5%	2.9%	4.1%	5.3%	6.5%	7.5%	8.6%
\$/GJ	\$23	2.1%	3.4%	4.6%	5.8%	6.9%	8.0%	9.0%	10.0%
\$	\$24	3.9%	5.1%	6.2%	7.3%	8.4%	9.4%	10.3%	11.3%
	\$25	5.6%	6.7%	7.7%	8.7%	9.7%	10.7%	11.6%	12.6%
	\$26	6.9%	8.0%	9.0%	10.0%	11.0%	11.9%	12.8%	13.7%
	\$27	8.1%	9.1%	10.1%	11.1%	12.1%	13.0%	13.9%	14.8%
	\$28	9.0%	10.1%	11.1%	12.0%	13.0%	13.9%	14.8%	15.7%
	\$29	9.7%	10.7%	11.7%	12.7%	13.6%	14.6%	15.5%	16.4%
	\$30	10.0%	11.0%	12.0%	13.0%	14.0%	14.9%	15.8%	16.7%
	\$28 \$29	9.0% 9.7%	10.1% 10.7%	11.1% 11.7%	12.0% 12.7%	13.0% 13.6%	13.9% 14.6%	14.8% 15.5%	15.7% 16.4%

Farm Scenario #7 - Option G: RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

12%

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$7.7 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,107,641/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,536,172/year. This biogas plant requires \$4.0 million funding (51% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$428,531/year; equal to 39% of operating costs. Operating income may or may not be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (e.g., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option G: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*		Revenue				<u>Investment</u>		
Digester	\$2,382,975			RNG/GJ =		\$30.00	Farm Investment =		vestment =	\$3,731,56
Upgrader	\$3,085,997			Avg RNG Sales/Yr =		\$1,307,288		Funding Amount =		\$3,956,88
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,218,094			Tip Fee/Yr =		\$168,140		Funding % of CAPEX =		51%
Other	\$1,001,388			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$60,743				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$7,688,454</u>	<u>\$1,107,641</u>		<u>Tot</u>	al =	<u>\$1,536,172</u>		Inflation =		2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,525	\$1,526	\$1,527	\$1,528	\$1,530	\$1,531	\$1,532	\$1,533	\$1,534	\$1,535
OPEX (000s)	\$912	\$930	\$949	\$968	\$987	\$1,007	\$1,027	\$1,047	\$1,068	\$1,090
Income (000s)	\$614	\$596	\$579	\$561	\$543	\$524	\$505	\$486	\$466	\$446
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,536	\$1,538	\$1,539	\$1,540	\$1,541	\$1,543	\$1,544	\$1,545	\$1,547	\$1,548
OPEX (000s)	\$1,111	\$1,134	\$1,156	\$1,179	\$1,203	\$1,227	\$1,252	\$1,277	\$1,302	\$1,328
Income (000s)	\$425	\$404	\$383	\$361	\$338	\$316	\$292	\$269	\$245	\$220

Average Operating Income* =

\$428,531

* Averaged over twenty years to account
for inflation

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

39%

% of OPEX

RNG sales account for 85% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 51% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 51% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.4% and 6.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 11% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 51% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$25/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 51% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.7% and 9.3% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option G: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

Change in RNG Production Amount										
\$/GJ RNG		-10%	-5% 0%		5%	10%	15%	20%		
	\$16									
	\$17									
	\$18									
	\$19							1.6%		
	\$20						2.1%	4.5%		
	\$21					2.4%	4.8%	6.9%		
	\$22				2.4%	4.9%	7.0%	9.0%		
	\$23			2.1%	4.8%	7.0%	9.1%	11.0%		
	\$24		1.6%	4.5%	6.9%	9.0%	11.0%	12.9%		
	\$25	0.8%	3.9%	6.5%	8.8%	10.8%	12.8%	14.7%		
	\$26	2.8%	5.7%	8.2%	10.4%	12.5%	14.4%	16.3%		
	\$27	4.3%	7.1%	9.6%	11.8%	13.9%	15.9%	17.8%		
	\$28	5.4%	8.3%	10.7%	13.0%	15.2%	17.2%	19.2%		
	\$29	6.2%	9.1%	11.6%	13.9%	16.1%	18.2%	20.2%		
	\$30	6.5%	9.4%	12.0%	14.4%	16.6%	18.7%	20.8%		

Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)												
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50			
	\$16											
	\$17											
	\$18											
	\$19								0.9%			
	\$20							1.7%	3.4%			
\$/GJ RNG	\$21					0.6%	2.4%	4.1%	5.6%			
	\$22				1.4%	3.2%	4.7%	6.2%	7.6%			
	\$23		0.3%	2.1%	3.8%	5.3%	6.8%	8.1%	9.4%			
	\$24	1.1%	2.9%	4.5%	5.9%	7.3%	8.6%	9.8%	11.0%			
	\$25	3.5%	5.0%	6.5%	7.8%	9.1%	10.3%	11.5%	12.6%			
	\$26	5.4%	6.8%	8.2%	9.4%	10.7%	11.8%	13.0%	14.1%			
	\$27	6.9%	8.3%	9.6%	10.8%	12.0%	13.2%	14.3%	15.4%			
	\$28	8.1%	9.5%	10.7%	12.0%	13.2%	14.3%	15.4%	16.5%			
	\$29	9.0%	10.3%	11.6%	12.8%	14.0%	15.2%	16.3%	17.4%			
	\$30	9.3%	10.7%	12.0%	13.2%	14.4%	15.6%	16.7%	17.8%			
	-	•	•									

Farm Scenario #7 - Option H: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning, RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$8.5 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,189,482/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,536,172/year. This biogas plant requires \$5.4 million funding (63% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$346,689/year; equal to 29% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 47%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option H: Economic Assessment

	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				<u>t</u>	
\$3,110,100			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm In	vestment =	\$3,161,397
\$3,085,997			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,307,288		Funding	\$5,363,069	
\$1,218,094			Tip Fee/Yr =		\$168,140		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	63%
\$1,110,275			Bedding Savings/Yr* =		\$60,743				
<u>\$8,524,466</u>	\$1,189,482		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	<u>\$1,536,172</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
\$1,525	\$1,526	\$1,527	\$1,528	\$1,530	\$1,531	\$1,532	\$1,533	\$1,534	\$1,535
\$979	\$999	\$1,019	\$1,039	\$1,060	\$1,081	\$1,103	\$1,125	\$1,147	\$1,170
\$546	\$528	\$509	\$489	\$470	\$450	\$429	\$408	\$387	\$365
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
									\$1,548
\$1,194	\$1,217	\$1,242	\$1,267	\$1,292	\$1,318	\$1,344	\$1,371	\$1,398	\$1,426
\$343	\$320	\$297	\$274	\$249	\$225	\$200	\$174	\$148	\$122
	\$3,085,997 \$1,218,094 \$1,110,275 \$8,524,466 1 \$1,525 \$979 \$546 11 \$1,536 \$1,194	\$3,085,997 \$1,218,094 \$1,110,275 \$8,524,466 \$1,189,482 1 2 \$1,525 \$1,526 \$979 \$999 <i>\$546 \$528</i> 11 12 \$1,536 \$1,538 \$1,194 \$1,217	\$3,085,997 \$1,218,094 \$1,110,275 \$8,524,466 \$1,189,482 1 2 3 \$1,525 \$1,526 \$1,527 \$979 \$999 \$1,019 <i>\$546 \$528 \$509</i> 11 12 13 \$1,536 \$1,538 \$1,539 \$1,194 \$1,217 \$1,242	\$3,085,997 \$1,218,094 \$1,110,275 \$8,524,466 \$1,189,482 Tot 1 2 3 4 \$1,525 \$1,526 \$1,527 \$1,528 \$979 \$999 \$1,019 \$1,039 \$546 \$528 \$509 \$489 11 12 13 14 \$1,536 \$1,538 \$1,539 \$1,540 \$1,194 \$1,217 \$1,242 \$1,267	\$3,085,997 \$1,218,094 \$1,110,275 \$8,524,466 \$1,189,482 Total = Total = Total = 1 2 3 4 5 \$1,525 \$1,526 \$1,527 \$1,528 \$1,530 \$979 \$999 \$1,019 \$1,039 \$1,060 \$546 \$528 \$509 \$489 \$470 11 12 13 14 15 \$1,536 \$1,538 \$1,539 \$1,540 \$1,541 \$1,194 \$1,217 \$1,242 \$1,267 \$1,292	\$3,085,997 \$1,218,094 \$1,110,275 Bedding Savings/Yr* = \$1,307,288 \$1,110,275 Bedding Savings/Yr* = \$60,743 \$8,524,466 \$1,189,482 Total = \$1,536,172 1 2 3 4 5 6 \$1,525 \$1,526 \$1,527 \$1,528 \$1,530 \$1,531 \$979 \$999 \$1,019 \$1,039 \$1,060 \$1,081 \$546 \$528 \$509 \$489 \$470 \$450 11 12 13 14 15 16 \$1,536 \$1,538 \$1,539 \$1,540 \$1,541 \$1,543 \$1,194 \$1,217 \$1,242 \$1,267 \$1,292 \$1,318	\$3,085,997	\$3,085,997	\$3,085,997

Average Operating Income* =

\$346,689

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

29%

% of OPEX

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study, Version 2

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 63% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 63% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 8.7% and 4.8% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 63% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$25/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 63% funding, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$20/tonne or \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.4% and 8.6% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option H: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

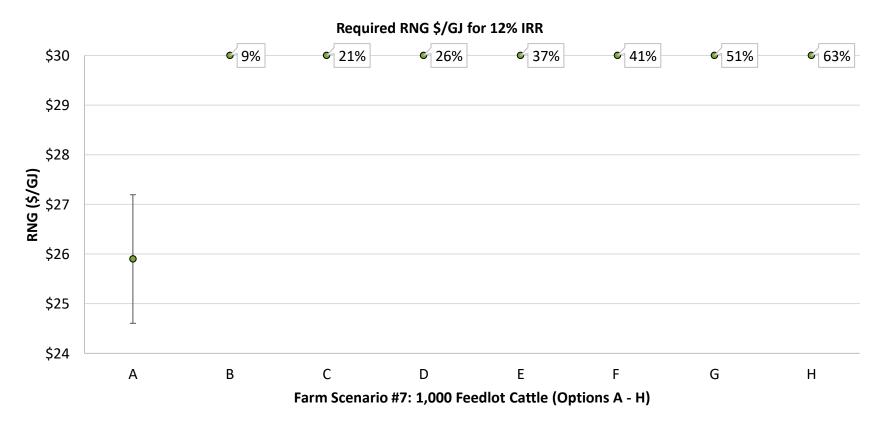
Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%					
	\$16												
	\$17												
	\$18												
	\$19												
	\$20							2.3%					
9	\$21						2.8%	5.6%					
RNG	\$22					2.9%	5.8%	8.3%					
(5/\$	\$23				2.8%	5.8%	8.4%	10.8%					
\$	\$24			2.3%	5.6%	8.3%	10.8%	13.1%					
	\$25		1.5%	5.1%	8.0%	10.6%	13.0%	15.2%					
	\$26		4.0%	7.2%	10.1%	12.6%	14.9%	17.2%					
	\$27	1.9%	5.8%	9.0%	11.8%	14.3%	16.7%	19.0%					
	\$28	3.4%	7.3%	10.5%	13.3%	15.8%	18.3%	20.6%					
	\$29	4.4%	8.3%	11.5%	14.3%	17.0%	19.5%	21.9%					
	\$30	4.8%	8.7%	12.0%	14.9%	17.6%	20.1%	22.6%					

			Mixed	Food Wa	aste Tip I	Fee (\$/To	nne)		
		\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16								
	\$17								
	\$18								
	\$19								
	\$20								0.7%
_O	\$21							1.7%	3.9%
RNG	\$22					0.3%	2.7%	4.7%	6.5%
\$/GJ	\$23				1.4%	3.5%	5.4%	7.2%	8.8%
\$	\$24			2.3%	4.3%	6.1%	7.8%	9.4%	10.8%
	\$25	1.0%	3.1%	5.1%	6.8%	8.4%	9.9%	11.4%	12.8%
	\$26	3.6%	5.5%	7.2%	8.8%	10.4%	11.8%	13.2%	14.5%
	\$27	5.6%	7.4%	9.0%	10.6%	12.0%	13.4%	14.8%	16.1%
	\$28	7.1%	8.8%	10.5%	12.0%	13.4%	14.8%	16.1%	17.4%
	\$29	8.2%	9.9%	11.5%	13.0%	14.5%	15.8%	17.2%	18.5%
	\$30	8.6%	10.4%	12.0%	13.5%	15.0%	16.4%	17.7%	19.0%

Farm Scenario #7: Summary

Figure 19 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #7 Options A – G for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is >\$30/GJ, percentage of required funding is shown. Where required RNG sale price is <\$30/GJ, a bar representing +/- 5% is shown to account for price uncertainty. Only Farm Scenario #7 Option A doesn't require funding. This biogas plant requires \$24.61 - \$27.20/GJ. Farm Scenario #7 Options B – H require funding. Funding increases from 9% (for Option B) to 63% (for Option H). Figure 19 shows that only under the best circumstance (i.e., Option A - needing the least equipment) are 1,000 cattle feedlots codigesting cattle manure and mixed food waste economically feasible in B.C. without funding.

Figure 19: Farm Scenario #7 - Required RNG Sale Price for 1,000 Feedlot Cattle + Mixed Food Waste



7.8

Farm Scenario #8: 2,500 Feedlot Cattle + Mixed Food Waste

Farm Scenario #8 is a 2,500 feedlot cattle co-digesting cattle manure and mixed food waste. Farm Scenario #8 assumes the use of traditional on-farm biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volumes and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #8 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Cattle manure	17,500	51%	32,883 GJ
Mixed food waste	16,814	49%	81,710 GJ
Total	34,314	100%	114,593 GJ

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #8:

- Option A: No additional equipment;
- Option B: Mixed food waste cleaning equipment;
- Option C: RNG compression equipment;
- Option D: Nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option E: Mixed food waste cleaning and RNG compression equipment;
- Option F: Mixed food waste cleaning and nutrient recovery equipment;
- Option G: RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment; and
- Option H: Mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #8 Options A – H, see Appendix H.

Farm Scenario #8 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$9.0 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,142,835/year. At an RNG sale price of \$14.74/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,340,562/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,197,727/year; equal to 105% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$3,210,375			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$14.74		Farm In	\$8,989,51	
Upgrader	\$3,536,400			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,768,353		Funding Amount =		\$0
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,071,896			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$420,350		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,170,846			Bedding Savings/Yr* =		\$151,859				
<u>Total</u>	\$8,989,517	<u>\$1,142,835</u>		<u>Total =</u>		<u>\$2,340,562</u>		Inflation =		2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,151	\$2,170	\$2,189	\$2,208	\$2,227	\$2,246	\$2,266	\$2,286	\$2,306	\$2,326
OPEX (000s)	\$941	\$960	\$979	\$998	\$1,018	\$1,039	\$1,059	\$1,081	\$1,102	\$1,124
Income (000s)	\$1,211	\$1,211	\$1,210	\$1,209	\$1,209	\$1,208	\$1,207	\$1,205	\$1,204	\$1,202
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,347	\$2,368	\$2,389	\$2,410	\$2,432	\$2,453	\$2,475	\$2,498	\$2,520	\$2,543
OPEX (000s)	\$1,147	\$1,170	\$1,193	\$1,217	\$1,241	\$1,266	\$1,291	\$1,317	\$1,344	\$1,370
Income (000s)	\$1,200	\$1,198	\$1,196	\$1,193	\$1,190	\$1,187	\$1,184	\$1,181	\$1,177	\$1,173

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

\$1,197,727

Average Operating Income* =

105%

% of OPEX

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 76% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$14.74/GJ to <\$14/GJ and <\$13/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$14.74/GJ to >\$16/GJ and >\$18/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (8,407 instead of 16,814 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$14.74/GJ to >\$22/GJ.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12						1.3%	2.7%	4.0%	5.2%	6.4%	7.5%	8.5%	9.5%	10.5%	11.5%
	\$13					1.5%	3.0%	4.4%	5.7%	6.9%	8.1%	9.2%	10.3%	11.3%	12.3%	13.3%
	\$14				1.5%	3.2%	4.6%	6.0%	7.3%	8.5%	9.7%	10.8%	11.9%	13.0%	14.0%	15.1%
	\$15			1.3%	3.0%	4.6%	6.1%	7.5%	8.8%	10.0%	11.2%	12.4%	13.5%	14.6%	15.7%	16.8%
	\$16	-	0.8%	2.7%	4.4%	6.0%	7.5%	8.9%	10.2%	11.5%	12.7%	13.9%	15.1%	16.2%	17.3%	18.4%
	\$17	0.0%	2.1%	4.0%	5.7%	7.3%	8.8%	10.2%	11.5%	12.8%	14.1%	15.3%	16.5%	17.7%	18.9%	20.0%
	\$18	1.3%	3.4%	5.2%	6.9%	8.5%	10.0%	11.5%	12.8%	14.2%	15.5%	16.8%	18.0%	19.2%	20.4%	21.6%
_O	\$19	2.5%	4.5%	6.4%	8.1%	9.7%	11.2%	12.7%	14.1%	15.5%	16.8%	18.1%	19.4%	20.7%	22.0%	23.2%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	3.6%	5.6%	7.5%	9.2%	10.8%	12.4%	13.9%	15.3%	16.8%	18.1%	19.5%	20.8%	22.2%	23.5%	24.8%
<u>@</u>	\$21	4.6%	6.7%	8.5%	10.3%	11.9%	13.5%	15.1%	16.5%	18.0%	19.4%	20.8%	22.2%	23.6%	25.0%	26.3%
\$	\$22	5.6%	7.7%	9.5%	11.3%	13.0%	14.6%	16.2%	17.7%	19.2%	20.7%	22.2%	23.6%	25.0%	26.4%	27.8%
	\$23	6.6%	8.6%	10.5%	12.3%	14.0%	15.7%	17.3%	18.9%	20.4%	22.0%	23.5%	25.0%	26.4%	27.9%	29.3%
	\$24	7.5%	9.5%	11.5%	13.3%	15.1%	16.8%	18.4%	20.0%	21.6%	23.2%	24.8%	26.3%	27.8%	29.3%	30.9%
	\$25	8.3%	10.4%	12.4%	14.3%	16.1%	17.8%	19.5%	21.2%	22.8%	24.4%	26.0%	27.6%	29.2%	30.8%	32.4%
	\$26	9.1%	11.3%	13.2%	15.2%	17.0%	18.8%	20.6%	22.3%	24.0%	25.6%	27.3%	29.0%	30.6%	32.2%	33.8%
	\$27	9.8%	12.0%	14.0%	16.0%	17.9%	19.7%	21.5%	23.3%	25.1%	26.8%	28.5%	30.2%	31.9%	33.6%	35.3%
	\$28	10.4%	12.6%	14.7%	16.7%	18.7%	20.6%	22.4%	24.3%	26.1%	27.9%	29.7%	31.4%	33.2%	34.9%	36.7%
	\$29	10.8%	13.0%	15.2%	17.3%	19.3%	21.2%	23.2%	25.1%	26.9%	28.8%	30.6%	32.5%	34.3%	36.1%	37.9%
	\$30	11.0%	13.2%	15.4%	17.5%	19.6%	21.6%	23.5%	25.5%	27.4%	29.3%	31.2%	33.1%	34.9%	36.8%	38.6%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 18% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$45/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$14.74/GJ to <\$14/GJ and <\$12/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$14.74/GJ to >\$16/GJ and >\$18/GJ respectively.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50		
	\$12	0.0%	1.7%	3.3%	4.8%	6.2%	7.5%	8.7%	9.9%	11.1%	12.2%	13.4%		
	\$13	2.4%	3.9%	5.4%	6.7%	8.0%	9.2%	10.4%	11.5%	12.7%	13.8%	14.8%		
	\$14	4.5%	5.9%	7.2%	8.5%	9.7%	10.8%	12.0%	13.1%	14.2%	15.2%	16.3%		
	\$15	6.4%	7.7%	8.9%	10.1%	11.3%	12.4%	13.5%	14.6%	15.6%	16.7%	17.7%		
	\$16	8.2%	9.4%	10.6%	11.7%	12.8%	13.9%	15.0%	16.0%	17.0%	18.1%	19.1%		
	\$17	9.8%	11.0%	12.1%	13.2%	14.3%	15.3%	16.4%	17.4%	18.4%	19.4%	20.4%		
	\$18	11.4%	12.5%	13.6%	14.7%	15.7%	16.8%	17.8%	18.8%	19.8%	20.8%	21.8%		
_G	\$19	12.9%	14.0%	15.1%	16.1%	17.1%	18.1%	19.1%	20.1%	21.1%	22.1%	23.1%		
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	14.4%	15.5%	16.5%	17.5%	18.5%	19.5%	20.5%	21.5%	22.5%	23.4%	24.4%		
ਹੁ	\$21	15.8%	16.9%	17.9%	18.9%	19.9%	20.8%	21.8%	22.8%	23.8%	24.7%	25.7%		
\$	\$22	17.2%	18.2%	19.2%	20.2%	21.2%	22.2%	23.1%	24.1%	25.1%	26.0%	27.0%		
	\$23	18.6%	19.6%	20.6%	21.5%	22.5%	23.5%	24.4%	25.4%	26.3%	27.3%	28.2%		
	\$24	19.9%	20.9%	21.9%	22.8%	23.8%	24.8%	25.7%	26.7%	27.6%	28.6%	29.5%		
	\$25	21.2%	22.2%	23.2%	24.1%	25.1%	26.0%	27.0%	27.9%	28.9%	29.8%	30.8%		
	\$26	22.5%	23.5%	24.5%	25.4%	26.4%	27.3%	28.3%	29.2%	30.1%	31.1%	32.0%		
	\$27	23.8%	24.7%	25.7%	26.6%	27.6%	28.5%	29.5%	30.4%	31.4%	32.3%	33.2%		
	\$28	24.9%	25.8%	26.8%	27.8%	28.7%	29.7%	30.6%	31.6%	32.5%	33.5%	34.4%		
	\$29	25.8%	26.8%	27.7%	28.7%	29.7%	30.6%	31.6%	32.6%	33.5%	34.5%	35.4%		
	\$30	26.3%	27.3%	28.3%	29.2%	30.2%	31.2%	32.2%	33.1%	34.1%	35.0%	36.0%		

Farm Scenario #8 - Option B: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$10.1 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,231,693/year. At an RNG sale price of \$16.76/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,582,617/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,350,924/year; equal to 110% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>ıt</u>
Digester	\$4,200,000			RNG/	'GJ [†] =	\$16.76		Farm In	vestment =	\$10,127,339
Upgrader	\$3,536,400			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,010,408		Funding Amount		\$0
Nutrient Rec.	\$1,071,896			Tip Fee/Yr =		\$420,350		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,319,042			Bedding Savings/Yr* =		\$151,859				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$10,127,339</u>	\$1,231,693		<u>Total =</u>		<u>\$2,582,617</u>		Inflation =		2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,371	\$2,392	\$2,413	\$2,434	\$2,456	\$2,478	\$2,499	\$2,522	\$2,544	\$2,567
OPEX (000s)	\$1,014	\$1,034	\$1,055	\$1,076	\$1,097	\$1,119	\$1,142	\$1,165	\$1,188	\$1,212
Income (000s)	\$1,357	\$1,358	\$1,358	\$1,358	\$1,358	\$1,358	\$1,358	\$1,357	\$1,356	\$1,355
	I	T	1		<u> </u>			T .		
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,590	\$2,613	\$2,637	\$2,660	\$2,684	\$2,709	\$2,733	\$2,758	\$2,783	\$2,809
OPEX (000s)	\$1,236	\$1,261	\$1,286	\$1,312	\$1,338	\$1,365	\$1,392	\$1,420	\$1,448	\$1,477
Income (000s)	\$1,354	\$1,352	\$1,351	\$1,349	\$1,347	\$1,344	\$1,341	\$1,338	\$1,335	\$1,332

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%
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Average Operating Income* =	\$1,350,924

% of OPEX 110%	ĺ	% of OPEX	110%
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^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 78% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$16.76/GJ to <\$16/GJ and <\$14/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$16.76/GJ to >\$18/GJ and >\$20/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (8,407 instead of 16,814 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$16.76/GJ to >\$25/GJ.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12								1.1%	2.4%	3.6%	4.7%	5.7%	6.7%	7.7%	8.6%
	\$13						0.1%	1.5%	2.9%	4.1%	5.3%	6.4%	7.4%	8.4%	9.4%	10.4%
	\$14					0.2%	1.8%	3.2%	4.5%	5.7%	6.9%	8.0%	9.0%	10.1%	11.1%	12.0%
	\$15				0.1%	1.8%	3.3%	4.7%	6.0%	7.2%	8.4%	9.5%	10.6%	11.6%	12.6%	13.6%
	\$16				1.5%	3.2%	4.7%	6.1%	7.4%	8.6%	9.8%	10.9%	12.0%	13.1%	14.2%	15.2%
	\$17			1.1%	2.9%	4.5%	6.0%	7.4%	8.7%	9.9%	11.1%	12.3%	13.4%	14.5%	15.6%	16.7%
	\$18		0.4%	2.4%	4.1%	5.7%	7.2%	8.6%	9.9%	11.2%	12.4%	13.6%	14.8%	15.9%	17.1%	18.2%
_O	\$19		1.7%	3.6%	5.3%	6.9%	8.4%	9.8%	11.1%	12.4%	13.7%	14.9%	16.1%	17.3%	18.5%	19.6%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	0.7%	2.8%	4.7%	6.4%	8.0%	9.5%	10.9%	12.3%	13.6%	14.9%	16.2%	17.4%	18.7%	19.9%	21.0%
<u>@</u>	\$21	1.8%	3.8%	5.7%	7.4%	9.0%	10.6%	12.0%	13.4%	14.8%	16.1%	17.4%	18.7%	20.0%	21.2%	22.4%
\$	\$22	2.8%	4.8%	6.7%	8.4%	10.1%	11.6%	13.1%	14.5%	15.9%	17.3%	18.7%	20.0%	21.3%	22.6%	23.8%
	\$23	3.8%	5.8%	7.7%	9.4%	11.1%	12.6%	14.2%	15.6%	17.1%	18.5%	19.9%	21.2%	22.6%	23.9%	25.2%
	\$24	4.7%	6.7%	8.6%	10.4%	12.0%	13.6%	15.2%	16.7%	18.2%	19.6%	21.0%	22.4%	23.8%	25.2%	26.6%
	\$25	5.5%	7.6%	9.5%	11.3%	13.0%	14.6%	16.2%	17.7%	19.3%	20.7%	22.2%	23.7%	25.1%	26.5%	27.9%
	\$26	6.3%	8.4%	10.3%	12.1%	13.9%	15.5%	17.2%	18.7%	20.3%	21.8%	23.3%	24.8%	26.3%	27.8%	29.2%
	\$27	6.9%	9.0%	11.0%	12.9%	14.7%	16.4%	18.0%	19.7%	21.3%	22.9%	24.4%	26.0%	27.5%	29.0%	30.5%
	\$28	7.4%	9.6%	11.6%	13.5%	15.3%	17.1%	18.8%	20.5%	22.2%	23.8%	25.4%	27.0%	28.6%	30.2%	31.8%
	\$29	7.8%	10.0%	12.0%	14.0%	15.9%	17.7%	19.5%	21.2%	22.9%	24.6%	26.3%	27.9%	29.6%	31.2%	32.8%
	\$30	7.9%	10.1%	12.2%	14.2%	16.1%	18.0%	19.8%	21.5%	23.3%	25.0%	26.7%	28.4%	30.1%	31.8%	33.4%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 16% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$16.76/GJ to <\$16/GJ and <\$14/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$16.76/GJ to >\$18/GJ and >\$20/GJ respectively.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50		
	\$12			0.4%	1.9%	3.4%	4.7%	5.9%	7.1%	8.2%	9.3%	10.4%		
	\$13		1.1%	2.5%	3.9%	5.2%	6.4%	7.5%	8.7%	9.7%	10.8%	11.8%		
	\$14	1.7%	3.1%	4.4%	5.7%	6.9%	8.0%	9.1%	10.1%	11.2%	12.2%	13.2%		
	\$15	3.7%	4.9%	6.1%	7.3%	8.4%	9.5%	10.5%	11.6%	12.5%	13.5%	14.5%		
	\$16	5.4%	6.6%	7.7%	8.8%	9.9%	10.9%	11.9%	12.9%	13.9%	14.8%	15.8%		
	\$17	7.1%	8.2%	9.3%	10.3%	11.3%	12.3%	13.3%	14.2%	15.2%	16.1%	17.0%		
	\$18	8.6%	9.7%	10.7%	11.7%	12.7%	13.6%	14.6%	15.5%	16.4%	17.4%	18.3%		
_G	\$19	10.1%	11.1%	12.1%	13.0%	14.0%	14.9%	15.9%	16.8%	17.7%	18.6%	19.5%		
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	11.4%	12.4%	13.4%	14.3%	15.3%	16.2%	17.1%	18.0%	18.9%	19.8%	20.7%		
<u></u>	\$21	12.8%	13.7%	14.7%	15.6%	16.5%	17.4%	18.3%	19.2%	20.1%	21.0%	21.9%		
\$	\$22	14.1%	15.0%	16.0%	16.9%	17.8%	18.7%	19.5%	20.4%	21.3%	22.2%	23.0%		
	\$23	15.4%	16.3%	17.2%	18.1%	19.0%	19.9%	20.7%	21.6%	22.5%	23.3%	24.2%		
	\$24	16.6%	17.5%	18.4%	19.3%	20.2%	21.0%	21.9%	22.8%	23.6%	24.5%	25.3%		
	\$25	17.8%	18.7%	19.6%	20.5%	21.3%	22.2%	23.1%	23.9%	24.8%	25.6%	26.5%		
	\$26	19.0%	19.9%	20.8%	21.6%	22.5%	23.3%	24.2%	25.1%	25.9%	26.7%	27.6%		
	\$27	20.1%	21.0%	21.8%	22.7%	23.6%	24.4%	25.3%	26.1%	27.0%	27.8%	28.7%		
	\$28	21.1%	22.0%	22.8%	23.7%	24.6%	25.4%	26.3%	27.1%	28.0%	28.8%	29.7%		
	\$29	21.9%	22.8%	23.6%	24.5%	25.4%	26.3%	27.1%	28.0%	28.8%	29.7%	30.6%		
	\$30	22.3%	23.2%	24.1%	25.0%	25.8%	26.7%	27.6%	28.5%	29.3%	30.2%	31.0%		

Farm Scenario #8 - Option C: RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$10.1 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,524,470/year. At an RNG sale price of \$19.11/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,863,868/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,339,397/year; equal to 88% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option C: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investmer	<u>nt</u>
Digester	\$3,210,375			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$19.11		Farm In	vestment =	\$10,124,805
Upgrader	\$4,523,821			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,291,659		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Rec.	\$1,071,896			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$420,350		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,318,712			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$151,859				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$10,124,805</u>	<u>\$1,524,470</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$2,863,868</u>		Inflation =		2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,627	\$2,650	\$2,674	\$2,697	\$2,722	\$2,746	\$2,771	\$2,796	\$2,821	\$2,846
OPEX (000s)	\$1,255	\$1,280	\$1,306	\$1,332	\$1,358	\$1,385	\$1,413	\$1,441	\$1,470	\$1,500
Income (000s)	\$1,372	\$1,370	\$1,368	\$1,366	\$1,363	\$1,361	\$1,357	\$1,354	\$1,351	\$1,347
	T	T	ı		ı	, ,				
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,872	\$2,898	\$2,924	\$2,951	\$2,978	\$3,005	\$3,033	\$3,061	\$3,089	\$3,117
OPEX (000s)	\$1,530	\$1,560	\$1,591	\$1,623	\$1,656	\$1,689	\$1,723	\$1,757	\$1,792	\$1,828
Income (000s)	\$1,342	\$1,338	\$1,333	\$1,328	\$1,322	\$1,316	\$1,310	\$1,304	\$1,297	\$1,289

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%
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Average Operating Income* =	\$1,339,397

% of OPEX	88%
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^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 80% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$19.11/GJ to <\$18/GJ and <\$16/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$19.11/GJ to >\$21/GJ and >\$23/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (8,407 instead of 16,814 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.8%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production

						Cha	nge in RN	G Produc	tion Am	ount						
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12												1.0%	2.3%	3.5%	4.7%
	\$13										0.5%	1.9%	3.2%	4.5%	5.6%	6.7%
	\$14									1.0%	2.5%	3.9%	5.2%	6.4%	7.5%	8.6%
	\$15					-			1.4%	2.9%	4.4%	5.7%	7.0%	8.2%	9.3%	10.4%
	\$16					-		1.5%	3.1%	4.7%	6.1%	7.4%	8.6%	9.8%	11.0%	12.1%
	\$17						1.4%	3.1%	4.8%	6.2%	7.6%	8.9%	10.2%	11.4%	12.6%	13.7%
	\$18					1.0%	2.9%	4.7%	6.2%	7.7%	9.1%	10.4%	11.7%	12.9%	14.1%	15.3%
_G	\$19				0.5%	2.5%	4.4%	6.1%	7.6%	9.1%	10.5%	11.8%	13.1%	14.4%	15.6%	16.8%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20				1.9%	3.9%	5.7%	7.4%	8.9%	10.4%	11.8%	13.2%	14.5%	15.8%	17.0%	18.3%
<u>6</u>	\$21			1.0%	3.2%	5.2%	7.0%	8.6%	10.2%	11.7%	13.1%	14.5%	15.8%	17.2%	18.4%	19.7%
Ş	\$22			2.3%	4.5%	6.4%	8.2%	9.8%	11.4%	12.9%	14.4%	15.8%	17.2%	18.5%	19.8%	21.1%
	\$23		1.1%	3.5%	5.6%	7.5%	9.3%	11.0%	12.6%	14.1%	15.6%	17.0%	18.4%	19.8%	21.2%	22.6%
	\$24		2.3%	4.7%	6.7%	8.6%	10.4%	12.1%	13.7%	15.3%	16.8%	18.3%	19.7%	21.1%	22.6%	23.9%
	\$25	0.8%	3.4%	5.7%	7.8%	9.7%	11.5%	13.2%	14.8%	16.4%	18.0%	19.5%	21.0%	22.4%	23.9%	25.3%
	\$26	1.7%	4.4%	6.6%	8.7%	10.6%	12.4%	14.2%	15.9%	17.5%	19.1%	20.6%	22.2%	23.7%	25.2%	26.7%
	\$27	2.5%	5.1%	7.4%	9.5%	11.5%	13.3%	15.1%	16.8%	18.5%	20.1%	21.7%	23.3%	24.9%	26.4%	28.0%
	\$28	3.0%	5.7%	8.0%	10.1%	12.2%	14.1%	15.9%	17.7%	19.4%	21.1%	22.7%	24.4%	26.0%	27.6%	29.2%
	\$29	3.4%	6.0%	8.4%	10.6%	12.7%	14.6%	16.5%	18.3%	20.1%	21.8%	23.6%	25.2%	26.9%	28.6%	30.2%
	\$30	3.5%	6.2%	8.6%	10.8%	12.9%	14.9%	16.8%	18.6%	20.5%	22.2%	24.0%	25.7%	27.4%	29.1%	30.8%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 15% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$19.11/GJ to <\$18/GJ and <\$16/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$19.11/GJ to >\$21/GJ and >\$22/GJ respectively.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis – Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Fo	ood Waste T	ip Fee (\$/To	nne)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$12							1.3%	2.8%	4.2%	5.5%	6.7%
	\$13					0.3%	1.9%	3.4%	4.7%	6.0%	7.2%	8.3%
	\$14				1.0%	2.5%	3.9%	5.2%	6.5%	7.6%	8.8%	9.8%
	\$15		0.1%	1.7%	3.1%	4.5%	5.7%	6.9%	8.1%	9.2%	10.3%	11.3%
	\$16	0.8%	2.3%	3.7%	5.0%	6.2%	7.4%	8.5%	9.6%	10.7%	11.7%	12.7%
	\$17	2.9%	4.2%	5.5%	6.7%	7.8%	8.9%	10.0%	11.1%	12.1%	13.1%	14.0%
	\$18	4.7%	6.0%	7.1%	8.3%	9.4%	10.4%	11.4%	12.4%	13.4%	14.4%	15.3%
G	\$19	6.4%	7.6%	8.7%	9.8%	10.8%	11.8%	12.8%	13.8%	14.7%	15.7%	16.6%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	8.0%	9.1%	10.2%	11.2%	12.2%	13.2%	14.1%	15.1%	16.0%	17.0%	17.9%
<u></u>	\$21	9.5%	10.6%	11.6%	12.6%	13.5%	14.5%	15.4%	16.4%	17.3%	18.2%	19.1%
\$	\$22	11.0%	12.0%	12.9%	13.9%	14.8%	15.8%	16.7%	17.6%	18.5%	19.4%	20.3%
	\$23	12.3%	13.3%	14.3%	15.2%	16.1%	17.0%	17.9%	18.8%	19.7%	20.6%	21.5%
	\$24	13.7%	14.6%	15.5%	16.5%	17.4%	18.3%	19.2%	20.0%	20.9%	21.8%	22.7%
	\$25	14.9%	15.9%	16.8%	17.7%	18.6%	19.5%	20.4%	21.2%	22.1%	23.0%	23.8%
	\$26	16.2%	17.1%	18.0%	18.9%	19.8%	20.6%	21.5%	22.4%	23.3%	24.1%	25.0%
	\$27	17.3%	18.2%	19.1%	20.0%	20.9%	21.7%	22.6%	23.5%	24.4%	25.2%	26.1%
	\$28	18.3%	19.2%	20.1%	21.0%	21.9%	22.7%	23.6%	24.5%	25.4%	26.2%	27.1%
	\$29	19.0%	20.0%	20.9%	21.8%	22.7%	23.6%	24.4%	25.3%	26.2%	27.1%	27.9%
	\$30	19.4%	20.4%	21.3%	22.2%	23.1%	24.0%	24.9%	25.8%	26.6%	27.5%	28.4%

Farm Scenario #8 - Option D: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$10.0 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,469,998/year. At an RNG sale price of \$18.58/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,800,419/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,330,421/year; equal to 91% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option D: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>ıt</u>
Digester	\$3,441,375			RNG/	'GJ [†] =	\$18.58		Farm In	vestment =	\$10,031,191
Upgrader	\$3,536,400			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,228,210		Funding	\$0	
Nutrient Rec.	\$1,746,896			Tip Fe	e/Yr =	\$420,350		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,306,520			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$151,859				
<u>Total</u>	\$10,031,19 <u>1</u>	<u>\$1,469,998</u>		<u>Total =</u> \$2,800,419		Infl	ation =	2%		
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,569	\$2,592	\$2,615	\$2,638	\$2,662	\$2,685	\$2,709	\$2,734	\$2,758	\$2,783
OPEX (000s)	\$1,210	\$1,234	\$1,259	\$1,284	\$1,310	\$1,336	\$1,363	\$1,390	\$1,418	\$1,446
Income (000s)	\$1,359	\$1,358	\$1,356	\$1,354	\$1,352	\$1,349	\$1,347	\$1,344	\$1,341	\$1,337
			1							
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,808	\$2,834	\$2,860	\$2,885	\$2,912	\$2,938	\$2,965	\$2,992	\$3,020	\$3,048
OPEX (000s)	\$1,475	\$1,504	\$1,535	\$1,565	\$1,597	\$1,629	\$1,661	\$1,694	\$1,728	\$1,763
Income (000s)	\$1,333	\$1,329	\$1,325	\$1,320	\$1,315	\$1,310	\$1,304	\$1,298	\$1,292	\$1,285

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%
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Average Operating Income* =	\$1,330,421

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^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 80% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$18.58/GJ to <\$17/GJ and <\$16/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$18.58/GJ to >\$20/GJ and >\$23/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (8,407 instead of 16,814 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.6%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option D: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12											0.8%	2.1%	3.4%	4.5%	5.6%
	\$13									0.1%	1.6%	3.0%	4.2%	5.4%	6.5%	7.6%
	\$14								0.6%	2.1%	3.5%	4.9%	6.1%	7.3%	8.4%	9.4%
	\$15							0.8%	2.4%	3.9%	5.3%	6.6%	7.8%	9.0%	10.1%	11.2%
	\$16						0.8%	2.5%	4.1%	5.6%	6.9%	8.2%	9.4%	10.6%	11.7%	12.8%
	\$17					0.6%	2.4%	4.1%	5.7%	7.1%	8.4%	9.7%	11.0%	12.2%	13.3%	14.4%
	\$18				0.1%	2.1%	3.9%	5.6%	7.1%	8.5%	9.9%	11.2%	12.4%	13.7%	14.8%	16.0%
_O	\$19				1.6%	3.5%	5.3%	6.9%	8.4%	9.9%	11.3%	12.6%	13.9%	15.1%	16.3%	17.5%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20			0.8%	3.0%	4.9%	6.6%	8.2%	9.7%	11.2%	12.6%	13.9%	15.2%	16.5%	17.8%	19.0%
<u>6</u>	\$21			2.1%	4.2%	6.1%	7.8%	9.4%	11.0%	12.4%	13.9%	15.2%	16.6%	17.9%	19.2%	20.4%
\$	\$22		1.0%	3.4%	5.4%	7.3%	9.0%	10.6%	12.2%	13.7%	15.1%	16.5%	17.9%	19.2%	20.6%	21.9%
	\$23		2.2%	4.5%	6.5%	8.4%	10.1%	11.7%	13.3%	14.8%	16.3%	17.8%	19.2%	20.6%	21.9%	23.3%
	\$24	0.8%	3.4%	5.6%	7.6%	9.4%	11.2%	12.8%	14.4%	16.0%	17.5%	19.0%	20.4%	21.9%	23.3%	24.7%
	\$25	1.9%	4.4%	6.6%	8.6%	10.5%	12.2%	13.9%	15.5%	17.1%	18.7%	20.2%	21.7%	23.2%	24.6%	26.1%
	\$26	2.8%	5.3%	7.5%	9.5%	11.4%	13.2%	14.9%	16.6%	18.2%	19.8%	21.4%	22.9%	24.4%	25.9%	27.4%
	\$27	3.5%	6.0%	8.2%	10.3%	12.2%	14.1%	15.8%	17.6%	19.2%	20.9%	22.5%	24.1%	25.6%	27.2%	28.7%
	\$28	4.0%	6.6%	8.9%	11.0%	12.9%	14.8%	16.6%	18.4%	20.1%	21.8%	23.5%	25.1%	26.8%	28.4%	30.0%
	\$29	4.4%	7.0%	9.3%	11.4%	13.4%	15.4%	17.3%	19.1%	20.8%	22.6%	24.3%	26.0%	27.7%	29.4%	31.0%
	\$30	4.5%	7.1%	9.5%	11.6%	13.7%	15.7%	17.6%	19.4%	21.2%	23.0%	24.7%	26.5%	28.2%	29.9%	31.6%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 15% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$18.58/GJ to <\$18/GJ and <\$15/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$18.58/GJ to >\$20/GJ and >\$22/GJ respectively.

Option D: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50		
	\$12						0.8%	2.4%	3.8%	5.1%	6.4%	7.6%		
	\$13					1.5%	3.0%	4.3%	5.6%	6.8%	8.0%	9.1%		
	\$14			0.5%	2.1%	3.5%	4.9%	6.1%	7.3%	8.5%	9.6%	10.6%		
	\$15		1.2%	2.7%	4.1%	5.4%	6.6%	7.8%	8.9%	10.0%	11.0%	12.1%		
	\$16	1.9%	3.3%	4.6%	5.9%	7.1%	8.2%	9.3%	10.4%	11.4%	12.4%	13.4%		
	\$17	3.8%	5.1%	6.4%	7.5%	8.6%	9.7%	10.8%	11.8%	12.8%	13.8%	14.8%		
	\$18	5.6%	6.8%	8.0%	9.1%	10.1%	11.2%	12.2%	13.2%	14.2%	15.1%	16.1%		
_G	\$19	7.3%	8.4%	9.5%	10.5%	11.6%	12.6%	13.6%	14.5%	15.5%	16.4%	17.3%		
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	8.8%	9.9%	10.9%	12.0%	12.9%	13.9%	14.9%	15.8%	16.8%	17.7%	18.6%		
<u></u> 6	\$21	10.3%	11.3%	12.3%	13.3%	14.3%	15.2%	16.2%	17.1%	18.0%	18.9%	19.8%		
\$	\$22	11.7%	12.7%	13.7%	14.6%	15.6%	16.5%	17.4%	18.3%	19.2%	20.1%	21.0%		
	\$23	13.1%	14.0%	15.0%	15.9%	16.8%	17.8%	18.7%	19.6%	20.5%	21.3%	22.2%		
	\$24	14.4%	15.3%	16.3%	17.2%	18.1%	19.0%	19.9%	20.8%	21.7%	22.5%	23.4%		
	\$25	15.7%	16.6%	17.5%	18.4%	19.3%	20.2%	21.1%	22.0%	22.8%	23.7%	24.6%		
	\$26	16.9%	17.8%	18.7%	19.6%	20.5%	21.4%	22.2%	23.1%	24.0%	24.9%	25.7%		
	\$27	18.0%	18.9%	19.8%	20.7%	21.6%	22.5%	23.4%	24.2%	25.1%	26.0%	26.8%		
	\$28	19.0%	19.9%	20.8%	21.7%	22.6%	23.5%	24.4%	25.2%	26.1%	27.0%	27.8%		
	\$29	19.8%	20.7%	21.6%	22.5%	23.4%	24.3%	25.2%	26.1%	27.0%	27.8%	28.7%		
	\$30	20.2%	21.1%	22.0%	22.9%	23.8%	24.7%	25.6%	26.5%	27.4%	28.3%	29.2%		

Farm Scenario #8 - Option E: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$11.3 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,613,328/year. At an RNG sale price of \$21.14/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$3,107,533/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,494,205/year; equal to 93% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option E: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue			Investmer	<u>nt</u>	
Digester	\$4,200,000			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$21.14		Farm In	\$11,262,626	
Upgrader	\$4,523,821			Avg RNG Sales/Yr =		\$2,535,324		Funding	\$0	
Nutrient Rec.	\$1,071,896			Tip Fee/Yr =		\$420,350		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,466,909			Bedding Savings/Yr* =		\$151,859				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$11,262,626</u>	<u>\$1,613,328</u>		<u>Total =</u>		<u>\$3,107,533</u>		Infl	2%	
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,848	\$2,874	\$2,899	\$2,925	\$2,952	\$2,979	\$3,006	\$3,033	\$3,060	\$3,088
OPEX (000s)	\$1,328	\$1,355	\$1,382	\$1,409	\$1,437	\$1,466	\$1,496	\$1,525	\$1,556	\$1,587
Income (000s)	\$1,520	\$1,519	\$1,518	\$1,516	\$1,514	\$1,512	\$1,510	\$1,507	\$1,505	\$1,501
			l			1 1		1 1		
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$3,116	\$3,145	\$3,174	\$3,203	\$3,232	\$3,262	\$3,292	\$3,323	\$3,354	\$3,385
OPEX (000s)	\$1,619	\$1,651	\$1,684	\$1,718	\$1,752	\$1,787	\$1,823	\$1,860	\$1,897	\$1,935
Income (000s)	\$1,498	\$1,494	\$1,490	\$1,485	\$1,480	\$1,475	\$1,469	\$1,463 \$1,457		\$1,450

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%

Average Operating Income* =	\$1,494,205

% of OPEX	93%
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^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 82% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$21.14/GJ to <\$20/GJ and <\$18/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$21.14/GJ to >\$23/GJ and >\$26/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (8,407 instead of 16,814 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 8.1%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option E: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12														0.9%	2.1%
	\$13												0.6%	1.9%	3.1%	4.2%
	\$14											1.3%	2.6%	3.9%	5.0%	6.1%
	\$15									0.3%	1.8%	3.2%	4.4%	5.6%	6.8%	7.9%
	\$16								0.5%	2.1%	3.5%	4.9%	6.1%	7.3%	8.4%	9.5%
	\$17							0.5%	2.2%	3.7%	5.1%	6.4%	7.6%	8.8%	10.0%	11.0%
	\$18						0.3%	2.1%	3.7%	5.2%	6.6%	7.9%	9.1%	10.3%	11.4%	12.5%
G	\$19						1.8%	3.5%	5.1%	6.6%	7.9%	9.2%	10.5%	11.7%	12.8%	14.0%
RNG	\$20					1.3%	3.2%	4.9%	6.4%	7.9%	9.2%	10.5%	11.8%	13.0%	14.2%	15.4%
\$/6J	\$21				0.6%	2.6%	4.4%	6.1%	7.6%	9.1%	10.5%	11.8%	13.1%	14.3%	15.5%	16.7%
\$	\$22				1.9%	3.9%	5.6%	7.3%	8.8%	10.3%	11.7%	13.0%	14.3%	15.6%	16.8%	18.1%
	\$23			0.9%	3.1%	5.0%	6.8%	8.4%	10.0%	11.4%	12.8%	14.2%	15.5%	16.8%	18.1%	19.4%
	\$24			2.1%	4.2%	6.1%	7.9%	9.5%	11.0%	12.5%	14.0%	15.4%	16.7%	18.1%	19.4%	20.7%
	\$25		0.8%	3.2%	5.2%	7.1%	8.9%	10.5%	12.1%	13.6%	15.1%	16.5%	17.9%	19.3%	20.6%	21.9%
	\$26		1.7%	4.1%	6.2%	8.0%	9.8%	11.5%	13.1%	14.6%	16.1%	17.6%	19.0%	20.4%	21.8%	23.2%
	\$27		2.4%	4.8%	6.9%	8.8%	10.6%	12.3%	14.0%	15.5%	17.1%	18.6%	20.1%	21.5%	22.9%	24.3%
	\$28	0.2%	3.0%	5.4%	7.5%	9.5%	11.3%	13.0%	14.7%	16.3%	17.9%	19.5%	21.0%	22.5%	24.0%	25.4%
	\$29	0.5%	3.3%	5.7%	7.9%	9.9%	11.8%	13.6%	15.3%	17.0%	18.6%	20.2%	21.7%	23.3%	24.8%	26.3%
	\$30	0.6%	3.4%	5.9%	8.1%	10.1%	12.0%	13.8%	15.6%	17.3%	18.9%	20.5%	22.1%	23.7%	25.3%	26.8%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$21.14/GJ to <\$20/GJ and <\$18/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$21.14/GJ to >\$23/GJ and >\$24/GJ respectively.

Option E: Sensitivity Analysis – Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50		
	\$12								0.1%	1.5%	2.9%	4.1%		
	\$13							0.7%	2.1%	3.4%	4.6%	5.8%		
	\$14						1.3%	2.6%	3.9%	5.1%	6.2%	7.3%		
	\$15				0.5%	1.9%	3.2%	4.4%	5.5%	6.6%	7.7%	8.7%		
	\$16			1.1%	2.4%	3.7%	4.9%	6.0%	7.0%	8.1%	9.1%	10.0%		
	\$17	0.3%	1.7%	3.0%	4.2%	5.3%	6.4%	7.5%	8.5%	9.4%	10.4%	11.3%		
	\$18	2.2%	3.5%	4.6%	5.8%	6.8%	7.9%	8.9%	9.8%	10.8%	11.7%	12.6%		
_G	\$19	3.9%	5.1%	6.2%	7.2%	8.2%	9.2%	10.2%	11.1%	12.0%	12.9%	13.8%		
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	5.5%	6.6%	7.6%	8.6%	9.6%	10.5%	11.5%	12.4%	13.2%	14.1%	15.0%		
<u></u> 6	\$21	7.0%	8.0%	9.0%	10.0%	10.9%	11.8%	12.7%	13.6%	14.4%	15.3%	16.1%		
\$	\$22	8.4%	9.4%	10.3%	11.2%	12.1%	13.0%	13.9%	14.7%	15.6%	16.4%	17.3%		
	\$23	9.7%	10.7%	11.6%	12.5%	13.3%	14.2%	15.1%	15.9%	16.7%	17.5%	18.4%		
	\$24	11.0%	11.9%	12.8%	13.7%	14.5%	15.4%	16.2%	17.0%	17.8%	18.7%	19.5%		
	\$25	12.3%	13.1%	14.0%	14.8%	15.7%	16.5%	17.3%	18.1%	18.9%	19.7%	20.5%		
	\$26	13.4%	14.2%	15.1%	15.9%	16.8%	17.6%	18.4%	19.2%	20.0%	20.8%	21.6%		
	\$27	14.4%	15.3%	16.1%	16.9%	17.8%	18.6%	19.4%	20.2%	21.0%	21.8%	22.6%		
	\$28	15.3%	16.2%	17.0%	17.8%	18.7%	19.5%	20.3%	21.1%	21.9%	22.7%	23.5%		
	\$29	16.0%	16.8%	17.7%	18.5%	19.4%	20.2%	21.0%	21.8%	22.6%	23.4%	24.2%		
	\$30	16.3%	17.2%	18.0%	18.9%	19.7%	20.5%	21.4%	22.2%	23.0%	23.8%	24.6%		

Farm Scenario #8 - Option F: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$11.2 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,558,856/year. At an RNG sale price of \$20.61/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$3,044,126/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,485,270/year; equal to 95% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option F: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue			<u>nt</u>		
Digester	\$4,431,000			RNG/	'GJ [†] =	\$20.61		Farm In	\$11,169,012	
Upgrader	\$3,536,400			Avg RNG Sales/Yr =		\$2,471,918		Funding	\$0	
Nutrient Rec.	\$1,746,896			Tip Fee/Yr =		\$420,350		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,454,716			Bedding Savings/Yr* =		\$151,859				
<u>Total</u>	\$11,169,012	<u>\$1,558,856</u>		<u>Total =</u>		<u>\$3,044,126</u>		Infl	2%	
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,790	\$2,815	\$2,841	\$2,866	\$2,892	\$2,918	\$2,944	\$2,971	\$2,998	\$3,025
OPEX (000s)	\$1,283	\$1,309	\$1,335	\$1,362	\$1,389	\$1,417	\$1,445	\$1,474	\$1,503	\$1,533
Income (000s)	\$1,507	\$1,507	\$1,506	\$1,504	\$1,503	\$1,501	\$1,499	\$1,497	\$1,495	\$1,492
	I	T	ı					1 1		
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$3,053	\$3,081	\$3,109	\$3,137	\$3,166	\$3,195	\$3,225	\$3,255	\$3,285	\$3,315
OPEX (000s)	\$1,564	\$1,595	\$1,627	\$1,660	\$1,693	\$1,727	\$1,761	\$1,797	\$1,833	\$1,869
Income (000s)	\$1,489	\$1,485	\$1,482	\$1,478	\$1,473	\$1,468	\$1,463	\$1,458 \$1,452		\$1,446

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%
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Average Operating Income* =	\$1,485,270

95%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 81% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$20.61/GJ to <\$19/GJ and <\$18/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$20.61/GJ to >\$22/GJ and >\$25/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (8,407 instead of 16,814 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 8.9%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option F: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

						Cha	nge in RN	G Produc	tion Amo	ount						
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$12													0.7%	1.9%	3.0%
	\$13											0.3%	1.6%	2.8%	4.0%	5.0%
	\$14										0.9%	2.3%	3.5%	4.7%	5.8%	6.9%
	\$15									1.3%	2.7%	4.0%	5.3%	6.4%	7.5%	8.6%
	\$16								1.5%	3.0%	4.4%	5.7%	6.9%	8.0%	9.1%	10.2%
	\$17							1.5%	3.1%	4.5%	5.9%	7.2%	8.4%	9.5%	10.7%	11.7%
	\$18						1.3%	3.0%	4.5%	6.0%	7.3%	8.6%	9.8%	11.0%	12.1%	13.2%
G	\$19					0.9%	2.7%	4.4%	5.9%	7.3%	8.7%	9.9%	11.2%	12.4%	13.5%	14.6%
RNG	\$20				0.3%	2.3%	4.0%	5.7%	7.2%	8.6%	9.9%	11.2%	12.5%	13.7%	14.9%	16.0%
\$/@	\$21				1.6%	3.5%	5.3%	6.9%	8.4%	9.8%	11.2%	12.5%	13.7%	15.0%	16.2%	17.4%
\$	\$22			0.7%	2.8%	4.7%	6.4%	8.0%	9.5%	11.0%	12.4%	13.7%	15.0%	16.2%	17.5%	18.7%
	\$23			1.9%	4.0%	5.8%	7.5%	9.1%	10.7%	12.1%	13.5%	14.9%	16.2%	17.5%	18.8%	20.0%
	\$24		0.7%	3.0%	5.0%	6.9%	8.6%	10.2%	11.7%	13.2%	14.6%	16.0%	17.4%	18.7%	20.0%	21.3%
	\$25		1.8%	4.0%	6.0%	7.9%	9.6%	11.2%	12.8%	14.3%	15.7%	17.1%	18.5%	19.9%	21.2%	22.6%
	\$26	0.1%	2.7%	4.9%	6.9%	8.8%	10.5%	12.2%	13.8%	15.3%	16.8%	18.2%	19.7%	21.1%	22.4%	23.8%
	\$27	0.8%	3.4%	5.6%	7.7%	9.6%	11.3%	13.0%	14.6%	16.2%	17.7%	19.2%	20.7%	22.2%	23.6%	25.0%
	\$28	1.3%	3.9%	6.2%	8.3%	10.2%	12.0%	13.7%	15.4%	17.0%	18.6%	20.1%	21.7%	23.1%	24.6%	26.1%
	\$29	1.6%	4.2%	6.6%	8.7%	10.6%	12.5%	14.3%	16.0%	17.6%	19.3%	20.8%	22.4%	24.0%	25.5%	27.0%
	\$30	1.7%	4.4%	6.7%	8.9%	10.8%	12.7%	14.5%	16.3%	17.9%	19.6%	21.2%	22.8%	24.4%	25.9%	27.5%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 14% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$20.61/GJ to <\$20/GJ and \$17/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$20.61/GJ to >\$22/GJ and >\$24/GJ respectively.

Option F: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)												
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$12								1.1%	2.5%	3.8%	5.0%
	\$13						0.3%	1.7%	3.0%	4.3%	5.4%	6.5%
	\$14					0.9%	2.3%	3.5%	4.7%	5.9%	7.0%	8.0%
	\$15			0.0%	1.5%	2.8%	4.0%	5.2%	6.3%	7.4%	8.4%	9.4%
	\$16		0.7%	2.0%	3.3%	4.5%	5.7%	6.8%	7.8%	8.8%	9.8%	10.7%
	\$17	1.3%	2.6%	3.8%	5.0%	6.1%	7.2%	8.2%	9.2%	10.2%	11.1%	12.0%
	\$18	3.1%	4.3%	5.4%	6.5%	7.6%	8.6%	9.6%	10.5%	11.4%	12.4%	13.3%
_G	\$19	4.8%	5.9%	7.0%	8.0%	9.0%	9.9%	10.9%	11.8%	12.7%	13.6%	14.5%
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	6.3%	7.4%	8.4%	9.3%	10.3%	11.2%	12.1%	13.0%	13.9%	14.8%	15.6%
<u></u> 6	\$21	7.8%	8.8%	9.7%	10.7%	11.6%	12.5%	13.4%	14.2%	15.1%	15.9%	16.8%
\$	\$22	9.1%	10.1%	11.0%	11.9%	12.8%	13.7%	14.6%	15.4%	16.2%	17.1%	17.9%
	\$23	10.4%	11.4%	12.3%	13.1%	14.0%	14.9%	15.7%	16.5%	17.4%	18.2%	19.0%
	\$24	11.7%	12.6%	13.5%	14.3%	15.2%	16.0%	16.9%	17.7%	18.5%	19.3%	20.1%
	\$25	12.9%	13.8%	14.6%	15.5%	16.3%	17.1%	18.0%	18.8%	19.6%	20.4%	21.2%
	\$26	14.0%	14.9%	15.7%	16.6%	17.4%	18.2%	19.0%	19.8%	20.6%	21.4%	22.2%
	\$27	15.1%	15.9%	16.8%	17.6%	18.4%	19.2%	20.0%	20.8%	21.6%	22.4%	23.2%
	\$28	16.0%	16.8%	17.7%	18.5%	19.3%	20.1%	20.9%	21.8%	22.6%	23.3%	24.1%
	\$29	16.6%	17.5%	18.4%	19.2%	20.0%	20.8%	21.7%	22.5%	23.3%	24.1%	24.9%
	\$30	17.0%	17.8%	18.7%	19.5%	20.4%	21.2%	22.0%	22.9%	23.7%	24.5%	25.3%

Farm Scenario #8 - Option G: RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$11.2 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,851,634/year. At an RNG sale price of \$22.98/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$3,328,946/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,477,312/year; equal to 80% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option G: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>			Investmen	<u>ent</u>		
Digester	\$3,441,375			$RNG/GJ^{\dagger} =$		\$22.98	Farm Inv		vestment =	\$11,166,478	
Upgrader	\$4,523,821			Avg RNG Sales/Yr =		\$2,756,737		Funding Amount =		\$0	
Nutrient Rec.	\$1,746,896			Tip Fee/Yr =		\$420,350		Funding % of CAPEX =		0%	
Other	\$1,454,386			Bedding Savings/Yr* =		\$151,859					
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$11,166,478</u>	<u>\$1,851,634</u>		<u>Total = \$3,328,946</u>		Inflation =		2%			
Year	1	2	3	4 5		6	7	8	9	10	
Revenue (000s)	\$3,049	\$3,077	\$3,105	\$3,133	\$3,161	\$3,190	\$3,219	\$3,248	\$3,278	\$3,308	
OPEX (000s)	\$1,524	\$1,555	\$1,586	\$1,617	\$1,650	\$1,683	\$1,716	\$1,751	\$1,786	\$1,821	
Income (000s)	\$1,525	\$1,522	\$1,519	\$1,515	\$1,511	\$1,507	\$1,503	\$1,498	\$1,492	\$1,487	
	T	T	ı					1			
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
Revenue (000s)	\$3,339	\$3,369	\$3,400	\$3,432	\$3,464	\$3,496	\$3,528	\$3,561	\$3,594	\$3,628	
OPEX (000s)	\$1,858	\$1,895	\$1,933	\$1,972	\$2,011	\$2,051	\$2,092	\$2,134	\$2,177	\$2,220	
Income (000s)	\$1,481	\$1,474	\$1,467	\$1,460	\$1,453	\$1,444	\$1,436	\$1,427	\$1,417	\$1,407	

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%
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Average Operating Income* =	\$1,477,312

% of OPEX 80%	% of OPEX	80%
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^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$22.98/GJ to <\$21/GJ and <\$20/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$22.98/GJ to >\$25/GJ. If RNG production is 20% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.7%. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (8,407 instead of 16,814 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 5.0%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option G: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$14													0.2%	1.6%	3.0%
	\$15												0.9%	2.4%	3.8%	5.0%
	\$16											1.4%	3.0%	4.4%	5.7%	6.9%
	\$17									0.0%	1.7%	3.3%	4.8%	6.1%	7.4%	8.6%
	\$18								0.0%	1.8%	3.5%	5.0%	6.4%	7.8%	9.0%	10.2%
	\$19								1.7%	3.5%	5.1%	6.6%	8.0%	9.3%	10.6%	11.8%
G	\$20							1.4%	3.3%	5.0%	6.6%	8.1%	9.4%	10.8%	12.0%	13.3%
\$/GJ RNG	\$21						0.9%	3.0%	4.8%	6.4%	8.0%	9.4%	10.8%	12.2%	13.5%	14.7%
	\$22					0.2%	2.4%	4.4%	6.1%	7.8%	9.3%	10.8%	12.2%	13.5%	14.8%	16.1%
\$	\$23					1.6%	3.8%	5.7%	7.4%	9.0%	10.6%	12.0%	13.5%	14.8%	16.2%	17.5%
	\$24				0.6%	3.0%	5.0%	6.9%	8.6%	10.2%	11.8%	13.3%	14.7%	16.1%	17.5%	18.8%
	\$25				1.9%	4.2%	6.2%	8.1%	9.8%	11.4%	13.0%	14.5%	15.9%	17.3%	18.7%	20.1%
	\$26			0.4%	3.0%	5.2%	7.2%	9.1%	10.8%	12.5%	14.1%	15.6%	17.1%	18.5%	20.0%	21.4%
	\$27			1.2%	3.8%	6.1%	8.1%	10.0%	11.7%	13.4%	15.0%	16.6%	18.1%	19.6%	21.1%	22.6%
	\$28			1.8%	4.4%	6.7%	8.8%	10.7%	12.5%	14.2%	15.9%	17.5%	19.1%	20.6%	22.2%	23.7%
	\$29			2.2%	4.9%	7.2%	9.3%	11.2%	13.1%	14.8%	16.6%	18.2%	19.8%	21.4%	23.0%	24.6%
	\$30			2.4%	5.0%	7.4%	9.5%	11.5%	13.3%	15.1%	16.9%	18.6%	20.2%	21.9%	23.4%	25.0%

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 13% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$22.98/GJ to <\$22/GJ and <\$20/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne or \$0/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$22.98/GJ to >\$25/GJ and >\$26/GJ respectively.

Option G: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

	Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)													
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50		
	\$12											0.4%		
	\$13										1.1%	2.5%		
	\$14								0.2%	1.7%	3.0%	4.3%		
	\$15							0.8%	2.2%	3.6%	4.8%	5.9%		
	\$16						1.4%	2.8%	4.1%	5.3%	6.4%	7.5%		
	\$17				0.6%	2.0%	3.3%	4.6%	5.7%	6.8%	7.9%	8.9%		
	\$18			1.2%	2.6%	3.8%	5.0%	6.2%	7.2%	8.3%	9.3%	10.3%		
ن	\$19	0.4%	1.8%	3.1%	4.3%	5.5%	6.6%	7.7%	8.7%	9.7%	10.6%	11.6%		
\$/GJ RNG	\$20	2.4%	3.6%	4.8%	5.9%	7.0%	8.1%	9.1%	10.0%	11.0%	11.9%	12.8%		
<u></u> 6	\$21	4.1%	5.3%	6.4%	7.4%	8.5%	9.4%	10.4%	11.3%	12.3%	13.2%	14.0%		
\$	\$22	5.7%	6.8%	7.8%	8.8%	9.8%	10.8%	11.7%	12.6%	13.5%	14.4%	15.2%		
	\$23	7.2%	8.2%	9.2%	10.2%	11.1%	12.0%	12.9%	13.8%	14.7%	15.6%	16.4%		
	\$24	8.6%	9.6%	10.5%	11.5%	12.4%	13.3%	14.1%	15.0%	15.9%	16.7%	17.5%		
	\$25	10.0%	10.9%	11.8%	12.7%	13.6%	14.5%	15.3%	16.2%	17.0%	17.8%	18.7%		
	\$26	11.2%	12.1%	13.0%	13.9%	14.7%	15.6%	16.4%	17.3%	18.1%	18.9%	19.7%		
	\$27	12.2%	13.1%	14.0%	14.9%	15.8%	16.6%	17.5%	18.3%	19.1%	19.9%	20.7%		
	\$28	13.1%	14.0%	14.9%	15.8%	16.7%	17.5%	18.4%	19.2%	20.0%	20.8%	21.7%		
	\$29	13.8%	14.7%	15.6%	16.5%	17.4%	18.2%	19.1%	19.9%	20.7%	21.6%	22.4%		
	\$30	14.1%	15.0%	15.9%	16.8%	17.7%	18.6%	19.4%	20.3%	21.1%	21.9%	22.8%		

Farm Scenario #8 - Option H: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning, RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$12.3 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,940,491/year. At an RNG sale price of \$25.04/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$3,574,202/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,633,710/year; equal to 84% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option H: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue			Investmer	<u>ent</u>	
Digester	\$4,431,000			$RNG/GJ^{\dagger} =$		\$25.04		Farm In	vestment =	\$12,304,300
Upgrader	\$4,523,821			Avg RNG Sales/Yr =		\$3,001,993	Funding Amount =		g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Rec.	\$1,746,896			Tip Fee/Yr =		\$420,350		Funding % of CAPEX =		0%
Other	\$1,602,582			Bedding Savings/Yr* =		\$151,859				
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$12,304,300</u>	<u>\$1,940,491</u>		<u>Total =</u>		<u>\$3,574,202</u>		Inflation =		2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$3,273	\$3,303	\$3,333	\$3,363	\$3,394	\$3,425	\$3,457	\$3,489	\$3,521	\$3,553
OPEX (000s)	\$1,597	\$1,629	\$1,662	\$1,695	\$1,729	\$1,764	\$1,799	\$1,835	\$1,871	\$1,909
Income (000s)	\$1,676	\$1,674	\$1,671	\$1,668	\$1,665	\$1,662	\$1,658	\$1,654	\$1,649	\$1,644
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$3,586	\$3,619	\$3,653	\$3,687	\$3,721	\$3,756	\$3,791	\$3,826	\$3,862	\$3,871
OPEX (000s)	\$1,947	\$1,986	\$2,026	\$2,066	\$2,108	\$2,150	\$2,193	\$2,237	\$2,281	\$2,327
Income (000s)	\$1,639	\$1,633	\$1,627	\$1,621	\$1,614	\$1,606	\$1,598	\$1,590	\$1,581	\$1,544

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%

Average Operating Income* =	\$1,633,710

% of OPEX	84%
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^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study, Version 2

RNG sales account for 84% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the availability of high biogas-potential mixed food waste), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$25.04/GJ to <\$23/GJ and <\$21/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$25.04/GJ to >\$28/GJ. If RNG production is 20% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 8.9%. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated mixed food waste is available (8,407 instead of 16,814 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 2.4%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option H: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

						Cha	nge in RN	IG Produc	tion Am	ount						
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16												0.5%	2.0%	3.3%	4.6%
	\$17											0.9%	2.4%	3.8%	5.1%	6.3%
	\$18										1.1%	2.7%	4.1%	5.5%	6.7%	7.9%
	\$19									1.1%	2.8%	4.3%	5.7%	7.0%	8.2%	9.4%
	\$20								0.9%	2.7%	4.3%	5.7%	7.1%	8.4%	9.7%	10.9%
G	\$21							0.5%	2.4%	4.1%	5.7%	7.1%	8.5%	9.8%	11.0%	12.2%
\$/GJ RNG	\$22							2.0%	3.8%	5.5%	7.0%	8.4%	9.8%	11.1%	12.3%	13.6%
<u>@</u>	\$23						1.4%	3.3%	5.1%	6.7%	8.2%	9.7%	11.0%	12.3%	13.6%	14.8%
\$	\$24					0.5%	2.7%	4.6%	6.3%	7.9%	9.4%	10.9%	12.2%	13.6%	14.8%	16.1%
	\$25					1.8%	3.9%	5.7%	7.4%	9.0%	10.6%	12.0%	13.4%	14.7%	16.1%	17.3%
	\$26				0.5%	2.8%	4.9%	6.7%	8.5%	10.1%	11.6%	13.1%	14.5%	15.9%	17.2%	18.5%
	\$27				1.3%	3.7%	5.7%	7.6%	9.3%	11.0%	12.5%	14.0%	15.5%	16.9%	18.3%	19.6%
	\$28				1.9%	4.3%	6.3%	8.2%	10.0%	11.7%	13.3%	14.8%	16.3%	17.8%	19.2%	20.6%
	\$29				2.3%	4.7%	6.8%	8.7%	10.5%	12.2%	13.9%	15.4%	17.0%	18.5%	19.9%	21.4%
	\$30				2.4%	4.8%	7.0%	8.9%	10.7%	12.5%	14.1%	15.7%	17.3%	18.8%	20.3%	21.8%

B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study, Version 2

Mixed food waste tip fee accounts for 12% of biogas plant revenue. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, food waste tip fee can have a significant impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if mixed food waste tip fee is \$35/tonne or \$50/tonne instead of \$25/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$25.04/GJ to <\$24/GJ and <\$22/GJ respectively. Alternately, if mixed food waste tip fee is only \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$25.04/GJ to >\$27/GJ. If mixed food waste tip fee is \$0/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.5%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

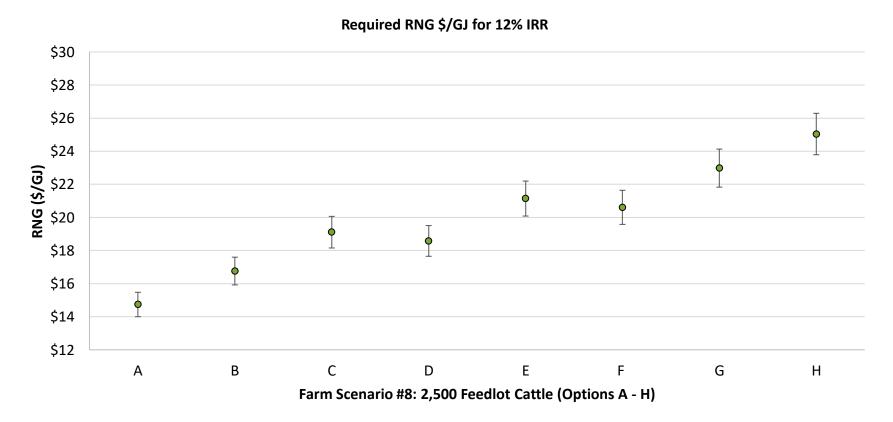
Option H: Sensitivity Analysis - Mixed Food Waste Tip Fee

					Mixed Fo	ood Waste T	ip Fee (\$/To	onne)				
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20	\$25	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50
	\$16							0.3%	1.7%	2.9%	4.0%	5.1%
	\$17						0.9%	2.2%	3.4%	4.5%	5.5%	6.6%
	\$18				0.1%	1.5%	2.7%	3.8%	4.9%	5.9%	6.9%	7.9%
	\$19			0.7%	2.0%	3.2%	4.3%	5.3%	6.3%	7.3%	8.3%	9.2%
	\$20		1.2%	2.5%	3.6%	4.7%	5.7%	6.7%	7.7%	8.6%	9.5%	10.4%
G	\$21	1.8%	3.0%	4.1%	5.1%	6.1%	7.1%	8.1%	9.0%	9.9%	10.7%	11.6%
RNG	\$22	3.4%	4.5%	5.5%	6.5%	7.5%	8.4%	9.3%	10.2%	11.1%	11.9%	12.7%
(\$/e	\$23	4.9%	5.9%	6.9%	7.9%	8.8%	9.7%	10.5%	11.4%	12.2%	13.0%	13.8%
\$	\$24	6.3%	7.3%	8.2%	9.1%	10.0%	10.9%	11.7%	12.5%	13.3%	14.1%	14.9%
	\$25	7.7%	8.6%	9.5%	10.3%	11.2%	12.0%	12.8%	13.6%	14.4%	15.2%	16.0%
	\$26	8.8%	9.7%	10.6%	11.4%	12.2%	13.1%	13.9%	14.7%	15.4%	16.2%	17.0%
	\$27	9.8%	10.7%	11.5%	12.4%	13.2%	14.0%	14.8%	15.6%	16.4%	17.1%	17.9%
	\$28	10.6%	11.5%	12.4%	13.2%	14.0%	14.8%	15.6%	16.4%	17.2%	18.0%	18.7%
	\$29	11.2%	12.1%	13.0%	13.8%	14.6%	15.4%	16.2%	17.0%	17.8%	18.6%	19.4%
	\$30	11.5%	12.4%	13.2%	14.1%	14.9%	15.7%	16.6%	17.3%	18.1%	18.9%	19.7%

Farm Scenario #8: Summary

Figure 20 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #8 Options A – G for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is <\$30/GJ, a bar representing +/- 5% is shown to account for price uncertainty. Farm Scenario #8 Options A – H don't require funding. These biogas plants require an RNG sale price from as low as \$14.00/GJ to as high as \$26.29/GJ. Figure 20 shows that even with mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment, 2,500 cattle feedlots co-digesting cattle manure and mixed food waste are economically feasible in B.C. without any funding.

Figure 20: Farm Scenario #8 - Required RNG Sale Price for 2,500 Feedlot Cattle + Mixed Food Waste



7.9

Farm Scenario #9: 500 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure

Farm Scenario #9 is a 500 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy and poultry manure. Farm Scenario #9 assumes the use of traditional on-farm biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volumes and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #9 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	25,021	80%	8,074 GJ
Poultry manure	6,236	20%	18,775 GJ
Total	31,257	100%	26,848 GJ

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #9:

- Option A: No additional equipment;
- Option B: RNG compression equipment;
- Option C: Nutrient recovery equipment; and
- Option D: RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #9 Options A – D, see Appendix I.

B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study, Version 2

Farm Scenario #9 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$5.3 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$617,297/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$887,211/year. This biogas plant requires \$3.0 million funding (57% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$269,913/year; equal to 44% of operating costs. Operating income may or may not be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (e.g., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

•										
	CAPEX	OPEX*		<u>Revenue</u>					Investment	<u>i</u>
Digester	\$2,325,750			RNG/GJ =		\$30.00		Farm Investment =		\$2,265,425
Upgrader	\$2,008,800			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$765,724		Fundi	ng Amount =	\$3,013,59
Nutrient Recovery	\$256,897			Bedding Sa	avings/Yr* =	\$121,487		Funding	g % of CAPEX =	57%
Other	\$687,569									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$5,279,016</u>	<u>\$617,297</u>		<u>To</u> :	<u>tal =</u>	<u>\$887,211</u>		In	nflation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$866	\$868	\$870	\$872	\$874	\$876	\$878	\$881	\$883	\$885
OPEX (000s)	\$508	\$518	\$529	\$539	\$550	\$561	\$572	\$584	\$595	\$607
Operate Income	\$358	\$349	\$341	\$333	\$324	\$315	\$306	\$297	\$288	\$278
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$888	\$890	\$893	\$895	\$898	\$900	\$903	\$906	\$909	\$911
OPEX (000s)	\$619	\$632	\$644	\$657	\$670	\$684	\$698	\$711	\$726	\$740
Operate Income	\$268	\$258	\$248	\$238	\$227	\$216	\$205	\$194	\$183	\$171
Unlevered, Pre-	Tax IRR =	12%	1	Δverage	Operating In	rcome* =	\$269,913]	% of OPEX	44%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 57% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 57% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.6% and 7.0% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Poultry manure accounts for 12% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 57% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 57% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne or \$20/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.8% and 7.3% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount										
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%			
	\$16										
	\$17										
	\$18										
	\$19						0.5%	2.7%			
	\$20					0.8%	3.1%	5.1%			
G	\$21				1.0%	3.3%	5.4%	7.3%			
\$/GJ RNG	\$22			0.8%	3.3%	5.5%	7.4%	9.2%			
<u>@</u>	\$23		0.5%	3.1%	5.4%	7.4%	9.3%	11.1%			
\$	\$24		2.7%	5.1%	7.3%	9.2%	11.1%	12.8%			
	\$25	2.0%	4.6%	6.9%	9.0%	10.9%	12.8%	14.5%			
	\$26	3.7%	6.2%	8.5%	10.5%	12.5%	14.3%	16.1%			
	\$27	5.0%	7.5%	9.8%	11.9%	13.8%	15.7%	17.5%			
	\$28	6.0%	8.6%	10.9%	13.0%	15.0%	16.9%	18.8%			
	\$29	6.7%	9.3%	11.6%	13.8%	15.9%	17.9%	19.8%			
	\$30	7.0%	9.6%	12.0%	14.2%	16.3%	18.3%	20.3%			

	Poultry Manure Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)										
	\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20						
\$16											
\$17											
\$18											
\$19	0.1%										
\$20	2.4%										
\$21	4.5%	1.7%									
\$22	6.3%	3.8%	0.8%								
\$23	8.0%	5.7%	3.1%								
\$24	9.6%	7.5%	5.1%	2.4%							
\$25	11.1%	9.1%	6.9%	4.5%	1.6%						
\$26	12.5%	10.5%	8.5%	6.2%	3.5%						
\$27	13.7%	11.8%	9.8%	7.6%	5.0%						
\$28	14.7%	12.9%	10.9%	8.7%	6.2%						
\$29	15.5%	13.6%	11.6%	9.4%	7.0%						
\$30	15.9%	14.0%	12.0%	9.8%	7.3%						
	\$17 \$18 \$19 \$20 \$21 \$22 \$23 \$24 \$25 \$26 \$27 \$28	\$16 \$17 \$18 \$19 0.1% \$20 2.4% \$21 4.5% \$21 4.5% \$22 6.3% \$23 8.0% \$24 9.6% \$25 11.1% \$26 12.5% \$27 13.7% \$28 14.7%	\$16 \$17 \$18 \$19 0.1% \$20 2.4% \$21 4.5% 1.7% \$22 6.3% 3.8% \$23 8.0% 5.7% \$24 9.6% 7.5% \$25 11.1% 9.1% \$26 12.5% 10.5% \$27 13.7% 11.8% \$28 14.7% 12.9% \$29 15.5% 13.6%	\$16	\$16						

Farm Scenario #9 - Option B: RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.0 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$750,903/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$887,211/year. This biogas plant requires \$4.7 million funding (78% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$136,308/year; equal to 18% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 22%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*		<u>Revenue</u>					Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,325,750			RNG/GJ =		\$30.00		Farm	Investment =	\$1,336,454
Upgrader	\$2,653,488			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$765,724		Fundi	ng Amount =	\$4,683,791
Nutrient Recovery	\$256,897			Bedding Sa	avings/Yr* =	\$121,487		Funding	g % of CAPEX =	78%
Other	\$784,111									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$6,020,246</u>	<u>\$750,903</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>tal =</u>	<u>\$887,211</u>		Ir	nflation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$866	\$868	\$870	\$872	\$874	\$876	\$878	\$881	\$883	\$885
OPEX (000s)	\$618	\$630	\$643	\$656	\$669	\$682	\$696	\$710	\$724	\$739
Operate Income	\$248	\$237	\$227	\$216	\$205	\$194	\$182	\$171	\$159	\$147
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$888	\$890	\$893	\$895	\$898	\$900	\$903	\$906	\$909	\$911
OPEX (000s)	\$753	\$769	\$784	\$800	\$816	\$832	\$849	\$865	\$883	\$900
Operate Income	\$134	\$122	\$109	\$96	\$82	\$68	\$54	\$40	\$26	\$11
Unlevered, Pre-	-Tax IRR =	12%]	Average	Operating In	icome* =	\$136,308]	% of OPEX	18%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 78% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 78% funding, if RNG production is 5% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 6.8%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Poultry manure accounts for 10% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 78% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 78% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 7.1%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount											
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%				
	\$16											
	\$17											
	\$18											
	\$19											
	\$20											
G	\$21							2.1%				
\$/GJ RNG	\$22						2.5%	6.7%				
<u>ق</u>	\$23					2.5%	6.8%	10.3%				
\$	\$24				2.1%	6.7%	10.3%	13.5%				
	\$25			1.1%	6.1%	10.0%	13.4%	16.4%				
	\$26			4.8%	9.2%	12.8%	16.1%	19.1%				
	\$27		2.1%	7.6%	11.7%	15.3%	18.5%	21.6%				
	\$28		4.5%	9.7%	13.8%	17.4%	20.7%	23.9%				
	\$29		6.1%	11.3%	15.4%	19.1%	22.5%	25.7%				
	\$30		6.8%	12.0%	16.2%	19.9%	23.4%	26.8%				

	Poultry Manure Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)										
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20					
	\$16										
	\$17										
	\$18										
	\$19										
	\$20										
_O	\$21										
\$/GJ RNG	\$22										
<u></u>	\$23	4.0%									
\$	\$24	7.4%	2.7%								
	\$25	10.3%	6.4%	1.1%							
	\$26	12.8%	9.2%	4.8%							
	\$27	15.0%	11.6%	7.6%	2.0%						
	\$28	16.9%	13.6%	9.7%	4.6%						
	\$29	18.4%	15.1%	11.3%	6.4%						
	\$30	19.2%	15.8%	12.0%	7.1%						

Farm Scenario #9 - Option C: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.3 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$996,893/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$887,211/year. Because operating costs are greater than revenue, this biogas plant requires >100% funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. For this reason, an economic assessment was not completed.

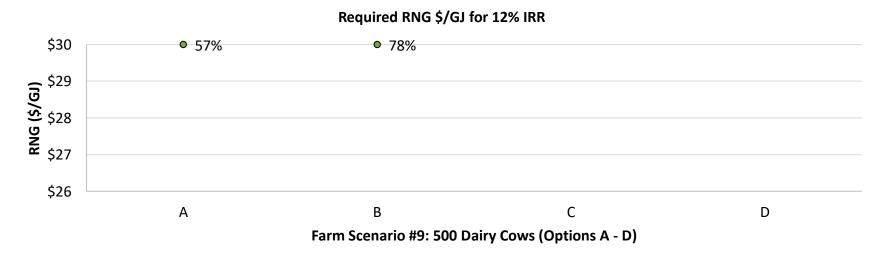
Farm Scenario #9 - Option D: RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$7.0 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,130,499/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$887,211/year. Because operating costs are greater than revenue, this biogas plant requires >100% funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. For this reason, an economic assessment was not completed.

Farm Scenario #9: Summary

Figure 21 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #9 Options A – D for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is >\$30/GJ, percentage of required funding is shown. All Farm Scenario #9 Options A – D require funding. Funding increases from 57% (for Option A) to 78% (for Option B). Options C and D aren't shown because they require >100% funding. Figure 21 shows that even under the best circumstances (i.e., Option A - needing the least equipment), 500 dairy cow farms co-digesting dairy and poultry manure cannot be economically feasible in B.C. without funding.

Figure 21: Farm Scenario #9 - Required RNG Sale Price for 500 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure



7.10

Farm Scenario #10: 750 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure

Farm Scenario #10 is a 750 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy and poultry manure. Farm Scenario #10 assumes the use of traditional on-farm biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volumes and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #10 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	37,531	80%	12,110 GJ
Poultry manure	9,354	20%	28,162 GJ
Total	46,885	100%	40,273 GJ

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #10:

- Option A: No additional equipment;
- Option B: RNG compression equipment;
- Option C: Nutrient recovery equipment; and
- Option D: RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #10 Options A – D, see Appendix J.

Farm Scenario #10 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.1 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$743,717/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,330,816/year. This biogas plant requires \$1.5 million funding (24% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$587,099/year; equal to 79% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (e.g., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,845,500			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm Ir	vestment =	\$4,662,430
Upgrader	\$2,111,800			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,148,586		Fundin	g Amount =	\$1,480,277
Nutrient Recovery	\$385,345			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$182,230		Funding	% of CAPEX =	24%
Other	\$800,061									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$6,142,706</u>	<u>\$743,717</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	<u>\$1,330,816</u>		Inf	lation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,299	\$1,302	\$1,305	\$1,308	\$1,311	\$1,314	\$1,318	\$1,321	\$1,324	\$1,328
OPEX (000s)	\$612	\$624	\$637	\$650	\$663	\$676	\$689	\$703	\$717	\$732
Operate Income	\$686	\$677	\$668	\$658	\$648	\$638	\$628	\$618	\$607	\$596
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,331	\$1,335	\$1,339	\$1,343	\$1,347	\$1,350	\$1,355	\$1,359	\$1,363	\$1,367
OPEX (000s)	\$746	\$761	\$776	\$792	\$808	\$824	\$840	\$857	\$874	\$892
Operate Income	\$585	\$574	\$562	\$551	\$539	\$527	\$514	\$501	\$488	\$475
		12%	1	Average			1	1		79%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 24% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 24% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.4% and 8.7% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Poultry manure accounts for 15% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 24% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 24% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne or \$20/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.5% and 9.0% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

		C	hange in	RNG Pro	duction	Amount		
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16							0.6%
	\$17						1.2%	2.5%
	\$18				0.1%	1.6%	3.0%	4.3%
	\$19			0.3%	1.9%	3.3%	4.6%	5.9%
	\$20		0.3%	1.9%	3.4%	4.8%	6.1%	7.4%
G	\$21	0.1%	1.9%	3.4%	4.9%	6.2%	7.5%	8.8%
RNG	\$22	1.6%	3.3%	4.8%	6.2%	7.6%	8.9%	10.1%
\$/6J	\$23	3.0%	4.6%	6.1%	7.5%	8.9%	10.1%	11.4%
\$	\$24	4.3%	5.9%	7.4%	8.8%	10.1%	11.4%	12.6%
	\$25	5.5%	7.0%	8.5%	9.9%	11.3%	12.6%	13.8%
	\$26	6.5%	8.1%	9.6%	11.0%	12.3%	13.7%	14.9%
	\$27	7.4%	9.0%	10.5%	11.9%	13.3%	14.7%	16.0%
	\$28	8.0%	9.7%	11.2%	12.7%	14.1%	15.5%	16.9%
	\$29	8.5%	10.2%	11.8%	13.3%	14.7%	16.2%	17.6%
	\$30	8.7%	10.4%	12.0%	13.6%	15.0%	16.5%	17.9%

	Poultry Manure Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)											
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20						
	\$16											
	\$17	1.4%										
	\$18	3.0%	0.9%									
	\$19	4.4%	2.5%	0.3%								
	\$20	5.7%	3.9%	1.9%								
9	\$21	6.9%	5.3%	3.4%	1.4%							
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	8.1%	6.5%	4.8%	2.9%	0.8%						
/eJ	\$23	9.2%	7.7%	6.1%	4.4%	2.4%						
\$	\$24	10.3%	8.9%	7.4%	5.7%	3.9%						
	\$25	11.4%	10.0%	8.5%	7.0%	5.3%						
	\$26	12.3%	11.0%	9.6%	8.1%	6.4%						
	\$27	13.2%	11.9%	10.5%	9.0%	7.4%						
	\$28	14.0%	12.6%	11.2%	9.7%	8.2%						
	\$29	14.5%	13.2%	11.8%	10.3%	8.7%						
	\$30	14.8%	13.4%	12.0%	10.5%	9.0%						

Farm Scenario #10 - Option B: RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$6.9 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$890,570/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,330,816/year. This biogas plant requires \$3.3 million funding (47% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$440,246/year; equal to 49% of operating costs. Operating income may or may not be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (e.g., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u> </u>
Digester	\$2,845,500			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm In	\$3,646,639	
Upgrader	\$2,785,974			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,148,586		Funding	g Amount =	\$3,271,199
Nutrient Recovery	\$385,345			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$182,230		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	47%
Other	\$901,019									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$6,917,838</u>	<u>\$890,570</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>ral =</u>	<u>\$1,330,816</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,299	\$1,302	\$1,305	\$1,308	\$1,311	\$1,314	\$1,318	\$1,321	\$1,324	\$1,328
OPEX (000s)	\$733	\$748	\$763	\$778	\$793	\$809	\$826	\$842	\$859	\$876
Operate Income	\$566	\$554	\$542	\$530	\$517	\$505	\$492	\$479	\$465	\$452
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,331	\$1,335	\$1,339	\$1,343	\$1,347	\$1,350	\$1,355	\$1,359	\$1,363	\$1,367
OPEX (000s)	\$894	\$911	\$930	\$948	\$967	\$987	\$1,006	\$1,026	\$1,047	\$1,068
Operate Income	\$438	\$424	\$409	\$394	\$379	\$364	\$348	\$332	\$316	\$299

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%	Average Operating Incom
* Averaged ever twenty vegre to	recount	

Average Operating Income* = \$440,246 % of OPEX 49%

Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 47% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 47% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.8% and 7.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible

Poultry manure accounts for 13% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 47% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 47% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne or \$20/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.0% and 7.8% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount											
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%				
	\$16											
	\$17											
	\$18							1.1%				
	\$19						1.6%	3.6%				
	\$20					2.0%	3.9%	5.7%				
G	\$21				2.1%	4.1%	6.0%	7.6%				
\$/GJ RNG	\$22			2.0%	4.1%	6.0%	7.8%	9.4%				
<u>ق</u>	\$23		1.6%	3.9%	6.0%	7.8%	9.5%	11.1%				
\$	\$24	1.1%	3.6%	5.7%	7.6%	9.4%	11.1%	12.8%				
	\$25	3.0%	5.3%	7.3%	9.2%	11.0%	12.7%	14.3%				
	\$26	4.5%	6.7%	8.7%	10.6%	12.4%	14.1%	15.8%				
	\$27	5.6%	7.9%	9.9%	11.9%	13.7%	15.4%	17.1%				
	\$28	6.6%	8.8%	10.9%	12.9%	14.8%	16.5%	18.3%				
	\$29	7.2%	9.5%	11.7%	13.7%	15.6%	17.4%	19.2%				
	\$30	7.5%	9.8%	12.0%	14.0%	16.0%	17.8%	19.7%				

	Poultry Manure Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)												
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20							
	\$16												
	\$17												
	\$18												
	\$19	1.3%											
	\$20	3.3%	0.5%										
9	\$21	5.1%	2.6%										
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	6.8%	4.5%	2.0%									
(GJ	\$23	8.3%	6.2%	3.9%	1.2%								
' \$	\$24	9.8%	7.8%	5.7%	3.3%	0.4%							
	\$25	11.2%	9.3%	7.3%	5.1%	2.6%							
	\$26	12.4%	10.6%	8.7%	6.7%	4.3%							
	\$27	13.6%	11.8%	9.9%	7.9%	5.7%							
	\$28	14.5%	12.8%	10.9%	8.9%	6.7%							
	\$29	15.3%	13.5%	11.7%	9.7%	7.4%							
	\$30	15.6%	13.9%	12.0%	10.0%	7.8%							
	\$30	15.6%	13.9%	12.0%	10.0%	7.8%							

Farm Scenario #10 - Option C: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$7.3 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,276,121/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,330,816/year. This biogas plant requires \$6.4 million funding (87% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$54,695/year; equal to 4% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 13%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option C: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$3,076,500			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm Investment =		\$961,773
Upgrader	\$2,111,800			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,148,586		Funding	g Amount =	\$6,366,325
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,185,345			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$182,230		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	87%
Other	\$954,453									
<u>Total</u>	<i>\$7,328,099</i>	<u>\$1,276,121</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	<u>\$1,330,816</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,299	\$1,302	\$1,305	\$1,308	\$1,311	\$1,314	\$1,318	\$1,321	\$1,324	\$1,328
OPEX (000s)	\$1,050	\$1,071	\$1,093	\$1,115	\$1,137	\$1,160	\$1,183	\$1,207	\$1,231	\$1,255
Operate Income	\$248	\$230	\$212	\$193	\$174	\$154	\$135	\$114	\$94	\$73
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,331	\$1,335	\$1,339	\$1,343	\$1,347	\$1,350	\$1,355	\$1,359	\$1,363	\$1,367
OPEX (000s)	\$1,280	\$1,306	\$1,332	\$1,359	\$1,386	\$1,414	\$1,442	\$1,471	\$1,500	\$1,530
Operate Income	<i>\$51</i>	\$29	\$7	-\$16	-\$39	-\$63	-\$87	-\$112	-\$137	-\$163

Average Operating Income* =

\$54,695

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

4%

% of OPEX

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 87% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 87% funding, if RNG production is 5% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR is negative.

Poultry manure accounts for 9% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 87% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 87% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR is negative.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount												
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%					
	\$16												
	\$17												
	\$18	I			-								
	\$19	I			-								
	\$20												
G	\$21												
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	I			-								
<u>@</u>	\$23	-						7.1%					
\$	\$24						7.1%	15.7%					
	\$25					6.0%	15.4%	22.1%					
	\$26				0.7%	14.2%	21.5%	27.8%					
	\$27				11.2%	20.0%	26.9%	33.1%					
	\$28				17.0%	25.0%	31.8%	38.1%					
	\$29			8.8%	21.2%	29.1%	36.0%	42.5%					
	\$30			12.0%	23.4%	31.4%	38.6%	45.3%					

	Poultry Manure Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)											
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20						
	\$16											
	\$17											
	\$18											
	\$19											
	\$20											
_o	\$21											
\$/GJ RNG	\$22											
<u></u>	\$23											
\$	\$24					-						
	\$25	7.4%				I						
	\$26	14.1%	2.0%									
	\$27	19.3%	10.9%									
	\$28	23.8%	16.4%									
	\$29	27.4%	20.3%	8.8%								
	\$30	29.5%	22.4%	12.0%								

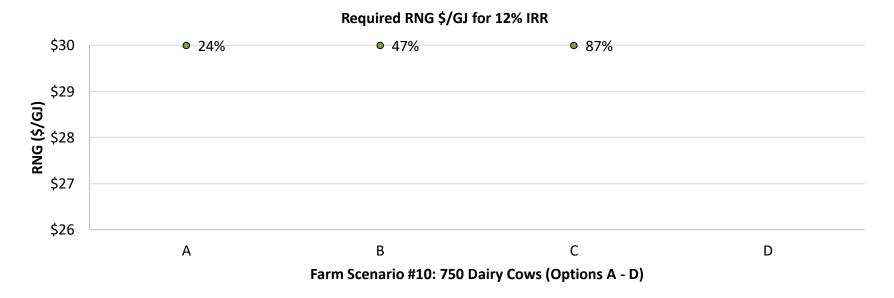
Farm Scenario #10 - Option D: RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$8.1 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,422,973/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,330,816/year. Because operating costs are greater than revenue, this biogas plant requires >100% funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. For this reason, an economic assessment was not completed.

Farm Scenario #10: Summary

Figure 22 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #10 Options A – D for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is >\$30/GJ, percentage of required funding is shown. All Farm Scenario #10 Options A – D require funding. Funding increases from 24% (for Option A) to 87% (for Option C). Option D isn't shown because it requires >100% funding. Figure 22 shows that even under the best circumstances (i.e., Option A - needing the least equipment), 500 dairy cow farms co-digesting dairy and poultry manure cannot be economically feasible in B.C. without funding.

Figure 22: Farm Scenario #10 - Required RNG Sale Price for 750 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure



7.11

Farm Scenario #11: 1,000 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure

Farm Scenario #11 is a 1,000 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy and poultry manure. Farm Scenario #11 assumes the use of traditional on-farm biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volumes and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #11 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	50,042	80%	16,147 GJ
Poultry manure	12,472	20%	37,549 GJ
Total	62,513	100%	53,697 GJ

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #11:

- Option A: No additional equipment;
- Option B: RNG compression equipment;
- Option C: Nutrient recovery equipment; and
- Option D: RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #11 Options A – D, see Appendix K.

Farm Scenario #11 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$8.5 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$905,257/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,774,421/year. This biogas plant requires \$1.7 million funding (20% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$869,165/year; equal to 96% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (e.g., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investment	<u>•</u>
Digester	\$4,289,250			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm Ir	vestment =	\$6,818,045
Upgrader	\$2,636,500			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,531,447		Fundin	g Amount =	\$1,679,310
Nutrient Recovery	\$464,861			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$242,974		Funding	% of CAPEX =	20%
Other	\$1,106,744									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$8,497,355</u>	<u>\$905,257</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$1,774,421</u>		Inf	lation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,731	\$1,735	\$1,740	\$1,744	\$1,748	\$1,752	\$1,757	\$1,761	\$1,766	\$1,770
OPEX (000s)	\$745	\$760	\$775	\$791	\$807	\$823	\$839	\$856	\$873	\$891
Operate Income	\$986	\$975	\$964	\$953	\$941	\$930	\$918	\$905	\$893	\$880
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,775	\$1,780	\$1,785	\$1,790	\$1,795	\$1,801	\$1,806	\$1,811	\$1,817	\$1,823
OPEX (000s)	\$908	\$926	\$945	\$964	\$983	\$1,003	\$1,023	\$1,043	\$1,064	\$1,086
Operate Income	\$867	\$854	\$840	\$826	\$812	\$798	\$783	\$768	\$753	\$737
Unlevered, Pre-	Tax IRR =	12%		Average	e Operating I	ncome* =	\$869,165]	% of OPEX	96%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 20% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 20% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.6% and 9.1% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Poultry manure accounts for 17% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 20% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 20% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne or \$20/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.7% and 9.3% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

		C	hange in	RNG Pro	duction	Amount		
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16						0.9%	2.0%
	\$17				0.0%	1.3%	2.5%	3.6%
	\$18			0.2%	1.6%	2.9%	4.0%	5.1%
	\$19		0.3%	1.7%	3.1%	4.3%	5.4%	6.5%
	\$20	0.2%	1.7%	3.1%	4.4%	5.6%	6.7%	7.8%
G	\$21	1.6%	3.1%	4.4%	5.7%	6.8%	8.0%	9.1%
RNG	\$22	2.9%	4.3%	5.6%	6.8%	8.0%	9.2%	10.3%
\$/6J	\$23	4.0%	5.4%	6.7%	8.0%	9.2%	10.3%	11.4%
\$	\$24	5.1%	6.5%	7.8%	9.1%	10.3%	11.4%	12.6%
	\$25	6.2%	7.6%	8.9%	10.1%	11.3%	12.5%	13.6%
	\$26	7.1%	8.5%	9.8%	11.1%	12.3%	13.5%	14.7%
	\$27	7.8%	9.3%	10.6%	11.9%	13.2%	14.4%	15.6%
	\$28	8.5%	9.9%	11.3%	12.6%	13.9%	15.2%	16.4%
	\$29	8.9%	10.4%	11.8%	13.2%	14.5%	15.8%	17.0%
	\$30	9.1%	10.6%	12.0%	13.4%	14.7%	16.1%	17.4%

Poultry Manure Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)												
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20						
	\$16	1.3%										
	\$17	2.7%	0.8%									
	\$18	4.0%	2.2%	0.2%								
	\$19	5.2%	3.6%	1.7%								
	\$20	6.3%	4.8%	3.1%	1.3%							
9	\$21	7.4%	6.0%	4.4%	2.7%	0.7%						
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	8.5%	7.1%	5.6%	4.0%	2.2%						
(GJ	\$23	9.5%	8.2%	6.7%	5.2%	3.6%						
' \$	\$24	10.5%	9.2%	7.8%	6.4%	4.8%						
	\$25	11.4%	10.2%	8.9%	7.5%	6.0%						
	\$26	12.3%	11.1%	9.8%	8.5%	7.0%						
	\$27	13.1%	11.9%	10.6%	9.3%	7.9%						
	\$28	13.8%	12.6%	11.3%	10.0%	8.6%						
	\$29	14.3%	13.1%	11.8%	10.5%	9.1%						
	\$30	14.5%	13.3%	12.0%	10.7%	9.3%						

Farm Scenario #11 - Option B: RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$9.3 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,065,356/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,774,421/year. This biogas plant requires \$3.6 million funding (39% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$709,065/year; equal to 67% of operating costs. Operating income is likely sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>			<u>Investment</u>		
Digester	\$4,289,250			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm Investment =		\$5,710,698
Upgrader	\$3,340,161			Avg RNG Sales/Yr = 5		\$1,531,447		Funding	g Amount =	\$3,595,693
Nutrient Recovery	\$464,861			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$242,974		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	39%
Other	\$1,212,117									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$9,306,389</u>	<u>\$1,065,356</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>ral =</u>	<u>\$1,774,421</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,731	\$1,735	\$1,740	\$1,744	\$1,748	\$1,752	\$1,757	\$1,761	\$1,766	\$1,770
OPEX (000s)	\$877	\$894	\$912	\$931	\$949	\$968	\$988	\$1,007	\$1,027	\$1,048
Operate Income	\$855	\$841	\$827	\$813	\$799	\$784	\$769	\$754	\$738	\$722
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,775	\$1,780	\$1,785	\$1,790	\$1,795	\$1,801	\$1,806	\$1,811	\$1,817	\$1,823
OPEX (000s)	\$1,069	\$1,090	\$1,112	\$1,134	\$1,157	\$1,180	\$1,204	\$1,228	\$1,252	\$1,278
Operate Income	\$706	\$690	\$673	\$656	\$638	\$620	\$602	\$584	\$565	\$545

Average Operating Income* =

\$709,065

* Averaged over twenty years to account	ŀ
for inflation	

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

67%

% of OPEX

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 39% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 39% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 5% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.2% and 8.3% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Poultry manure accounts for 14% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 39% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 39% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne or \$20/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.4% and 8.6% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

		Cl	hange in	RNG Pro	duction	Amount		
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16							
	\$17							1.3%
	\$18					0.2%	1.8%	3.3%
	\$19				0.5%	2.2%	3.7%	5.2%
	\$20			0.6%	2.4%	4.0%	5.5%	6.8%
G	\$21		0.5%	2.4%	4.0%	5.6%	7.0%	8.4%
RNG	\$22	0.2%	2.2%	4.0%	5.6%	7.1%	8.5%	9.9%
\$/פו	\$23	1.8%	3.7%	5.5%	7.0%	8.5%	9.9%	11.3%
\$	\$24	3.3%	5.2%	6.8%	8.4%	9.9%	11.3%	12.6%
	\$25	4.7%	6.5%	8.1%	9.7%	11.2%	12.6%	14.0%
	\$26	5.9%	7.6%	9.3%	10.9%	12.4%	13.8%	15.2%
	\$27	6.8%	8.6%	10.3%	11.9%	13.4%	14.9%	16.3%
	\$28	7.6%	9.4%	11.1%	12.7%	14.3%	15.8%	17.3%
	\$29	8.1%	10.0%	11.7%	13.4%	15.0%	16.5%	18.1%
	\$30	8.3%	10.2%	12.0%	13.7%	15.3%	16.9%	18.5%

	1	Poultry M	anure Tip	Fee (\$/To	onne)	
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20
	\$16					
	\$17	0.0%				
	\$18	1.8%				
	\$19	3.4%	1.2%			
	\$20	4.9%	2.9%	0.6%		
G	\$21	6.3%	4.5%	2.4%		
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	7.7%	5.9%	4.0%	1.8%	
/eJ	\$23	8.9%	7.3%	5.5%	3.4%	1.1%
\$	\$24	10.1%	8.5%	6.8%	5.0%	2.9%
	\$25	11.3%	9.8%	8.1%	6.4%	4.5%
	\$26	12.4%	10.9%	9.3%	7.6%	5.8%
	\$27	13.3%	11.8%	10.3%	8.6%	6.9%
	\$28	14.1%	12.7%	11.1%	9.5%	7.7%
	\$29	14.7%	13.3%	11.7%	10.1%	8.3%
	\$30	15.0%	13.5%	12.0%	10.4%	8.6%

Farm Scenario #11 - Option C: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$10.1 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,565,023/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,774,421/year. This biogas plant requires \$7.9 million funding (78% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$203,398/year; equal to 13% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 22%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option C: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$4,520,250			RNG/GJ =				Farm Investment =		\$2,232,519
Upgrader	\$2,636,500			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,531,447		Funding	g Amount =	\$7,910,128
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,664,861			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$242,974		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	78%
Other	\$1,321,036									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$10,142,647</u>	<u>\$1,565,023</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$1,774,421</u>		Infl	ation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,731	\$1,735	\$1,740	\$1,744	\$1,748	\$1,752	\$1,757	\$1,761	\$1,766	\$1,770
OPEX (000s)	\$1,288	\$1,314	\$1,340	\$1,367	\$1,394	\$1,422	\$1,451	\$1,480	\$1,509	\$1,540
Operate Income	\$443	\$421	\$399	\$377	\$354	\$330	\$306	\$281	\$256	\$231
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,775	\$1,780	\$1,785	\$1,790	\$1,795	\$1,801	\$1,806	\$1,811	\$1,817	\$1,823
OPEX (000s)	\$1,570	\$1,602	\$1,634	\$1,666	\$1,700	\$1,734	\$1,768	\$1,804	\$1,840	\$1,877
Operate Income	\$205	\$178	\$151	\$124	\$96	\$67	\$38	\$8	-\$23	-\$54

Average Operating Income* =

\$209,398

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

13%

% of OPEX

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 78% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 78% funding, if RNG production is 5% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 4.3%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Poultry manure accounts for 10% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 78% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 78% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 4.7%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount												
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%					
	\$16												
	\$17												
	\$18												
	\$19												
	\$20												
_O	\$21												
\$/GJ RNG	\$22							5.0%					
(G)	\$23		-				5.3%	9.9%					
\$	\$24		-			5.0%	9.9%	13.9%					
	\$25		-		4.3%	9.5%	13.7%	17.4%					
	\$26			2.2%	8.4%	13.0%	17.0%	20.7%					
	\$27			6.1%	11.7%	16.1%	20.0%	23.7%					
	\$28		0.4%	9.0%	14.3%	18.7%	22.7%	26.4%					
	\$29		3.2%	11.0%	16.3%	20.8%	24.9%	28.7%					
	\$30		4.3%	12.0%	17.3%	21.9%	26.1%	30.0%					

Poultry Manure Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)											
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20					
	\$16										
	\$17										
	\$18										
	\$19										
	\$20										
G	\$21										
\$/GJ RNG	\$22										
/eJ	\$23	1.2%									
\$	\$24	6.1%									
	\$25	9.9%	4.7%								
	\$26	13.0%	8.5%	2.2%							
	\$27	15.7%	11.5%	6.1%							
	\$28	18.1%	14.0%	9.0%	0.4%						
	\$29	19.9%	15.9%	11.0%	3.5%						
	\$30	20.9%	16.8%	12.0%	4.7%						

Farm Scenario #11 - Option D: RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$11.0 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,725,123/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,774,421/year. This biogas plant requires \$10.0 million funding (91% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$49,298/year; equal to 3% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 9%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option D: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester Upgrader Nutrient Recovery Other	\$4,520,250 \$3,340,161 \$1,664,861 \$1,426,409			RNG/GJ = \$30.00 Avg RNG Sales/Yr = \$1,531,447 Bedding Savings/Yr* = \$242,974		Avg RNG Sales/Yr = \$1,531,447 Funding Amount =		g Amount =	\$985,911 \$9,965,770 91%	
<u>Total</u>	\$10,951,681	<u>\$1,725,123</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$1,774,421</u>		Inf	lation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,731	\$1,735	\$1,740	\$1,744	\$1,748	\$1,752	\$1,757	\$1,761	\$1,766	\$1,770
OPEX (000s)	\$1,420	\$1,448	\$1,477	\$1,507	\$1,537	\$1,568	\$1,599	\$1,631	\$1,664	\$1,697
Operate Income	\$311	\$287	\$262	\$237	\$211	\$184	\$158	\$130	\$102	\$73
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,775	\$1,780	\$1,785	\$1,790	\$1,795	\$1,801	\$1,806	\$1,811	\$1,817	\$1,823
OPEX (000s)	\$1,731	\$1,766	\$1,801	\$1,837	\$1,874	\$1,911	\$1,949	\$1,988	\$2,028	\$2,069
Operate Income	\$44	\$15	-\$16	-\$47	-\$78	-\$111	-\$143	-\$177	-\$211	-\$246
Unlevered, Pre	-Tax IRR =	12%]	Average	e Operating I	ncome* =	\$49,298]	% of OPEX	3%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 91% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 91% funding, if RNG production is 5% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR is negative.

Poultry manure accounts for 9% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 91% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$27/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 87% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR is negative.

Option D: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

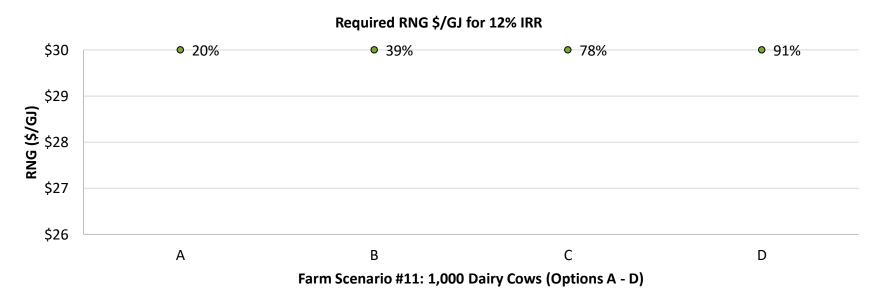
	Change in RNG Production Amount												
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%					
	\$16												
	\$17												
	\$18	-											
	\$19												
	\$20	-											
G	\$21												
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	1											
<u>@</u>	\$23							2.6%					
\$	\$24						2.6%	13.7%					
	\$25					1.0%	13.3%	21.8%					
	\$26					11.9%	21.1%	29.0%					
	\$27				8.7%	19.4%	27.9%	35.7%					
	\$28				16.2%	25.9%	34.3%	42.2%					
	\$29				21.8%	31.4%	40.0%	48.2%					
	\$30			12.0%	24.9%	34.7%	43.6%	52.2%					

	Poultry Manure Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)											
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20						
	\$16											
	\$17											
	\$18											
	\$19											
	\$20											
_o	\$21											
\$/GJ RNG	\$22											
<u>@</u>	\$23											
\$	\$24											
	\$25	2.8%										
	\$26	11.7%										
	\$27	18.4%	8.2%									
	\$28	24.2%	15.3%									
	\$29	29.1%	20.6%									
	\$30	32.1%	23.5%	12.0%								

Farm Scenario #11: Summary

Figure 23 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #11 Options A – D for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is >\$30/GJ, percentage of required funding is shown. All Farm Scenario #11 Options A – D require funding. Funding increases from 20% (for Option A) to 91% (for Option D). Figure 23 shows that even under the best circumstances (i.e., Option A - needing the least equipment), 1,000 dairy cow farms co-digesting dairy and poultry manure cannot be economically feasible in B.C. without funding.

Figure 23: Farm Scenario #11 - Required RNG Sale Price for 1,000 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure



7.12

Farm Scenario #12: 2,000 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure

Farm Scenario #12 is a 2,000 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy and poultry manure. Farm Scenario #12 assumes the use of traditional on-farm biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volumes and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #12 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	100,083	80%	32,295 GJ
Poultry manure	24,943	20%	75,099 GJ
Total	125,026	100%	107,394 GJ

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #12:

- Option A: No additional equipment;
- Option B: RNG compression equipment;
- Option C: Nutrient recovery equipment; and
- Option D: RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #12 Options A – D, see Appendix L.

Farm Scenario #12 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$10.5 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,380,347/year. At an RNG sale price of \$20.70/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,812,825/year. This biogas plant doesn't require funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,432,478/year; equal to 104% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (e.g., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>ıt</u>
Digester	\$5,223,750			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$20.70		Farm In	vestment =	\$10,519,185
Upgrader	\$3,093,500			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,326,877		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Rec.	\$831,856			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$485,947		Funding	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,370,079									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$10,519,185</u>	<u>\$1,380,347</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$2,812,825</u>		Inf	lation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,513	\$2,543	\$2,572	\$2,602	\$2,632	\$2,663	\$2,694	\$2,725	\$2,757	\$2,790
OPEX (000s)	\$1,136	\$1,159	\$1,182	\$1,206	\$1,230	\$1,254	\$1,280	\$1,305	\$1,331	\$1,358
Operate Income	\$1,377	\$1,384	\$1,390	\$1,396	\$1,402	\$1,408	\$1,414	\$1,420	\$1,426	\$1,432
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$2,822	\$2,855	\$2,889	\$2,923	\$2,957	\$2,992	\$3,028	\$3,063	\$3,100	\$3,136
OPEX (000s)	\$1,385	\$1,413	\$1,441	\$1,470	\$1,499	\$1,529	\$1,560	\$1,591	\$1,623	\$1,655
Operate Income	\$1,437	\$1,443	\$1,448	\$1,453	\$1,458	\$1,463	\$1,468	\$1,472	\$1,477	\$1,481
Unlevered, Pro	e-Tax IRR =	12%]	Average	Operating I	Income* =	\$1,432,478		% of OPEX	104%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 83% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$20.70/GJ to <\$19/GJ and <\$18/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$20.70/GJ to \$23/GJ and >\$25/GJ respectively. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated poultry manure is available (12,472 instead of 24,943 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 8.9%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production

							Change	in RNG P	roduction	Amount	1					
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16							0.3%	1.9%	3.3%	4.6%	5.8%	7.0%	8.1%	9.2%	10.2%
	\$17						0.2%	1.9%	3.4%	4.7%	6.0%	7.3%	8.4%	9.5%	10.6%	11.7%
	\$18						1.7%	3.3%	4.7%	6.1%	7.4%	8.6%	9.8%	10.9%	12.0%	13.1%
	\$19					1.3%	3.0%	4.6%	6.0%	7.4%	8.7%	9.9%	11.1%	12.3%	13.4%	14.5%
	\$20				0.7%	2.6%	4.3%	5.8%	7.3%	8.6%	9.9%	11.2%	12.4%	13.6%	14.7%	15.9%
_G	\$21				2.0%	3.8%	5.4%	7.0%	8.4%	9.8%	11.1%	12.4%	13.6%	14.9%	16.0%	17.2%
RNG	\$22			1.1%	3.1%	4.9%	6.5%	8.1%	9.5%	10.9%	12.3%	13.6%	14.9%	16.1%	17.3%	18.5%
\$/eJ	\$23		0.0%	2.2%	4.2%	6.0%	7.6%	9.2%	10.6%	12.0%	13.4%	14.7%	16.0%	17.3%	18.6%	19.8%
\$	\$24		1.1%	3.3%	5.2%	7.0%	8.6%	10.2%	11.7%	13.1%	14.5%	15.9%	17.2%	18.5%	19.8%	21.1%
	\$25		2.1%	4.3%	6.2%	7.9%	9.6%	11.2%	12.7%	14.2%	15.6%	17.0%	18.3%	19.7%	21.0%	22.3%
	\$26	0.6%	3.0%	5.1%	7.0%	8.8%	10.5%	12.1%	13.7%	15.2%	16.6%	18.0%	19.4%	20.8%	22.2%	23.5%
	\$27	1.2%	3.6%	5.8%	7.7%	9.6%	11.3%	12.9%	14.5%	16.1%	17.6%	19.0%	20.5%	21.9%	23.3%	24.7%
	\$28	1.7%	4.1%	6.3%	8.3%	10.2%	11.9%	13.6%	15.3%	16.8%	18.4%	19.9%	21.4%	22.9%	24.3%	25.8%
	\$29	2.0%	4.5%	6.7%	8.7%	10.6%	12.4%	14.1%	15.8%	17.4%	19.0%	20.6%	22.2%	23.7%	25.2%	26.7%
	\$30	2.1%	4.6%	6.8%	8.9%	10.8%	12.6%	14.4%	16.1%	17.8%	19.4%	21.0%	22.5%	24.1%	25.6%	27.2%

Poultry manure accounts for 22% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$20.70/GJ to <\$20/GJ and <\$19/GJ respectively. Alternately, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne or \$20/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$20.70/GJ to \$22/GJ and >\$23/GJ respectively.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - Poultry Manure Tip Fee

		Р	oultry Manure Tip Fee	(\$/Tonne)		
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20
	\$16	9.4%	7.7%	5.8%	3.7%	1.3%
	\$17	10.7%	9.0%	7.3%	5.3%	3.2%
	\$18	11.9%	10.3%	8.6%	6.8%	4.8%
	\$19	13.1%	11.6%	9.9%	8.2%	6.3%
	\$20	14.3%	12.8%	11.2%	9.5%	7.8%
G	\$21	15.4%	13.9%	12.4%	10.8%	9.1%
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	16.5%	15.1%	13.6%	12.0%	10.4%
<u> </u>	\$23	17.6%	16.2%	14.7%	13.2%	11.7%
\$	\$24	18.7%	17.3%	15.9%	14.4%	12.9%
	\$25	19.8%	18.4%	17.0%	15.5%	14.1%
	\$26	20.8%	19.4%	18.0%	16.6%	15.2%
	\$27	21.8%	20.4%	19.0%	17.6%	16.2%
	\$28	22.6%	21.3%	19.9%	18.5%	17.1%
	\$29	23.4%	22.0%	20.6%	19.2%	17.7%
	\$30	23.7%	22.4%	21.0%	19.5%	18.1%

Farm Scenario #12 - Option B: RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$11.6 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,688,901/year. At an RNG sale price of \$24.69/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$3,261,409/year. This biogas plant doesn't require funding for an unlevered, pretax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,572,508/year; equal to 93% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$5,223,750			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$24.69		Farm In	vestment =	\$11,636,291
Upgrader	\$4,065,108			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,775,461		Funding	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Rec.	\$831,856			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$485,947		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,515,577									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$11,636,291</u>	<i>\$1,688,901</i>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$3,261,409</u>		Inflation =		2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$2,921	\$2,954	\$2,988	\$3,022	\$3,056	\$3,091	\$3,126	\$3,162	\$3,199	\$3,235
OPEX (000s)	\$1,390	\$1,418	\$1,446	\$1,475	\$1,505	\$1,535	\$1,566	\$1,597	\$1,629	\$1,661
Operate Income	\$1,531	\$1,536	\$1,541	\$1,546	\$1,551	\$1,556	\$1,561	\$1,565	\$1,570	\$1,574
	T	1	1		Ī	T				
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$3,272	\$3,310	\$3,348	\$3,387	\$3,426	\$3,465	\$3,505	\$3,546	\$3 <i>,</i> 587	\$3,628
OPEX (000s)	\$1,695	\$1,729	\$1,763	\$1,798	\$1,834	\$1,871	\$1,908	\$1,947	\$1,986	\$2,025
Operate Income	\$1,578	\$1,581	\$1,585	\$1,588	\$1,591	\$1,594	\$1,597	\$1,599	\$1,601	\$1,603

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%

Average Operating Income* =	\$1,572,508

% of OPEX 93%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 85% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$24.69/GJ to <\$23/GJ and <\$21/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% lower than anticipated, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR increases from \$24.69/GJ to \$28/GJ. Furthermore, if only 50% of estimated poultry manure is available (12,472 instead of 24,943 tonnes/year), RNG production will be approximately 35% lower. If RNG production is 35% lower, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 3.4%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production

						Cha	nge in RN	G Produ	ction An	nount						
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16											0.2%	1.7%	3.0%	4.2%	5.3%
	\$17										0.5%	2.0%	3.3%	4.6%	5.8%	6.9%
	\$18									0.6%	2.2%	3.6%	4.9%	6.1%	7.3%	8.4%
	\$19								0.5%	2.2%	3.7%	5.0%	6.3%	7.6%	8.7%	9.9%
	\$20							0.2%	2.0%	3.6%	5.0%	6.4%	7.7%	8.9%	10.1%	11.2%
_G	\$21							1.7%	3.3%	4.9%	6.3%	7.7%	9.0%	10.2%	11.4%	12.6%
RNG	\$22						1.1%	3.0%	4.6%	6.1%	7.6%	8.9%	10.2%	11.5%	12.7%	13.8%
\$/6J	\$23					0.4%	2.4%	4.2%	5.8%	7.3%	8.7%	10.1%	11.4%	12.7%	13.9%	15.1%
\$	\$24					1.7%	3.6%	5.3%	6.9%	8.4%	9.9%	11.2%	12.6%	13.8%	15.1%	16.3%
	\$25				0.7%	2.8%	4.7%	6.4%	8.0%	9.5%	10.9%	12.3%	13.7%	15.0%	16.3%	17.5%
	\$26				1.6%	3.7%	5.6%	7.3%	8.9%	10.5%	11.9%	13.4%	14.7%	16.1%	17.4%	18.7%
	\$27			0.0%	2.4%	4.5%	6.4%	8.1%	9.8%	11.3%	12.8%	14.3%	15.7%	17.1%	18.4%	19.7%
	\$28			0.5%	2.9%	5.1%	7.0%	8.8%	10.5%	12.0%	13.6%	15.1%	16.5%	17.9%	19.3%	20.7%
	\$29			0.8%	3.3%	5.4%	7.4%	9.2%	10.9%	12.6%	14.1%	15.7%	17.2%	18.6%	20.1%	21.5%
	\$30			1.0%	3.4%	5.6%	7.6%	9.4%	11.2%	12.8%	14.4%	16.0%	17.5%	19.0%	20.4%	21.9%

Poultry manure accounts for 18% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$24.69/GJ to <\$24/GJ and <\$23/GJ respectively. Alternately, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne or \$20/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% increases from \$24.69/GJ to >\$26/GJ and >\$27/GJ respectively.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis -Poultry Manure Tip Fee

		Po	oultry Manure Tip Fee	(\$/Tonne)		
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20
	\$16	4.5%	2.5%	0.2%	-2.6%	-6.5%
	\$17	5.9%	4.1%	2.0%	-0.4%	-3.5%
	\$18	7.2%	5.5%	3.6%	1.4%	-1.2%
	\$19	8.5%	6.8%	5.0%	3.1%	0.8%
	\$20	9.6%	8.1%	6.4%	4.6%	2.5%
(J	\$21	10.8%	9.3%	7.7%	6.0%	4.1%
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	11.9%	10.4%	8.9%	7.3%	5.5%
<u></u> 5	\$23	13.0%	11.6%	10.1%	8.5%	6.9%
\$	\$24	14.0%	12.7%	11.2%	9.7%	8.1%
	\$25	15.1%	13.7%	12.3%	10.9%	9.4%
	\$26	16.0%	14.7%	13.4%	11.9%	10.5%
	\$27	16.9%	15.6%	14.3%	12.9%	11.4%
	\$28	17.7%	16.4%	15.1%	13.7%	12.2%
	\$29	18.4%	17.0%	15.7%	14.3%	12.8%
	\$30	18.7%	17.3%	16.0%	14.6%	13.1%

Farm Scenario #12 - Option C: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$12.2 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$2,442,873/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30.00/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$3,548,842/year. This biogas plant requires \$2.9 million funding (24% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,105,969/year; equal to 45% of operating costs. Operating income may or may not be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option	C:	Econom	ic	Assessment
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option C: Economi	ic Assessifieri									
	<u>CAPEX</u>	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				<u>Investmen</u>	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$5,454,750			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm Ir	vestment =	\$9,232,445
Upgrader	\$3,093,500			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$3,062,895		Fundin	g Amount =	\$2,932,033
Nutrient Recovery	\$2,031,856			Bedding Sa	aving/Yr* =	\$485,947		Funding	% of CAPEX =	24%
Other	\$1,584,371									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$12,164,477</u>	<u>\$2,442,873</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>ral =</u>	<u>\$3,548,842</u>		Inf	lation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$3,463	\$3,471	\$3,479	\$3,487	\$3,496	\$3,505	\$3,513	\$3,522	\$3,532	\$3,541
OPEX (000s)	\$2,011	\$2,051	\$2,092	\$2,134	\$2,177	\$2,220	\$2,265	\$2,310	\$2,356	\$2,403
Operate Income	\$1,452	\$1,420	\$1,387	\$1,353	\$1,319	\$1,284	\$1,249	\$1,213	\$1,176	\$1,138
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$3,550	\$3,560	\$3,570	\$3,580	\$3,591	\$3,601	\$3,612	\$3,623	\$3,634	\$3,646
OPEX (000s)	\$2,451	\$2,500	\$2,550	\$2,601	\$2,653	\$2,706	\$2,760	\$2,816	\$2,872	\$2,929
Operate Income	\$1,099	\$1,060	\$1,020	\$979	\$937	\$895	\$852	\$807	\$762	\$716
Unlevered, Pre	-Tax IRR =	12%]	Average	Operating	Income* =	\$1,105,969	1	% of OPEX	45%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 24% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 24% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.7% and 7.2% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Poultry manure accounts for 12% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 24% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 24% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne or \$20/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.9% and 7.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option C: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

Change in RNG Production Amount											
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%			
	\$16										
	\$17										
	\$18							0.2%			
	\$19						0.8%	3.0%			
	\$20					1.2%	3.4%	5.3%			
G	\$21				1.3%	3.6%	5.6%	7.4%			
RNG	\$22			1.2%	3.6%	5.7%	7.6%	9.3%			
\$/dJ	\$23		0.8%	3.4%	5.6%	7.6%	9.4%	11.1%			
\$	\$24	0.2%	3.0%	5.3%	7.4%	9.3%	11.1%	12.8%			
	\$25	2.3%	4.8%	7.1%	9.1%	11.0%	12.8%	14.5%			
	\$26	3.9%	6.4%	8.6%	10.6%	12.5%	14.3%	16.0%			
	\$27	5.2%	7.7%	9.8%	11.9%	13.8%	15.6%	17.4%			
	\$28	6.2%	8.7%	10.9%	13.0%	14.9%	16.8%	18.7%			
	\$29	6.9%	9.4%	11.7%	13.8%	15.8%	17.8%	19.6%			
	\$30	7.2%	9.7%	12.0%	14.2%	16.2%	18.2%	20.1%			

		Poultry Ma	anure Tip	Fee (\$/To	nne)	
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20
	\$16					
	\$17					
	\$18					
	\$19	0.4%				
	\$20	2.7%				
9	\$21	4.7%	2.0%			
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	6.5%	4.0%	1.2%		
(GJ	\$23	8.1%	5.9%	3.4%	0.4%	
' \$	\$24	9.7%	7.6%	5.3%	2.7%	
	\$25	11.1%	9.2%	7.1%	4.7%	1.9%
	\$26	12.5%	10.6%	8.6%	6.3%	3.8%
	\$27	13.7%	11.8%	9.8%	7.7%	5.3%
	\$28	14.7%	12.9%	10.9%	8.8%	6.4%
	\$29	15.5%	13.6%	11.7%	9.5%	7.2%
	\$30	15.9%	14.0%	12.0%	9.9%	7.5%

Farm Scenario #12 - Option D: RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$13.3 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$2,751,427/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30.00/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$3,548,842/year. This biogas plant requires \$6.2 million funding (47% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$797,415/year; equal to 29% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 53%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

	CAPEX	OPEX*		<u>Revenue</u>					<u>t</u>	
Digester	\$5,454,750			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00	Farm I		nvestment =	\$7,100,458
Upgrader	\$4,065,108			Avg RNG Sales/Yr =		\$3,062,895		Fundin	g Amount =	\$6,181,125
Nutrient Recovery	\$2,031,856			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$485,947		Funding	% of CAPEX =	47%
Other	\$1,729,869									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$13,281,583</u>	<u>\$2,751,427</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>ral =</u>	<i>\$3,548,842</i>		Inf	lation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$3,463	\$3,471	\$3,479	\$3,487	\$3,496	\$3,505	\$3,513	\$3,522	\$3,532	\$3,541
OPEX (000s)	\$2,265	\$2,310	\$2,356	\$2,403	\$2,451	\$2,501	\$2,551	\$2,602	\$2,654	\$2,707
Operate Income	\$1,198	\$1,161	\$1,123	\$1,084	\$1,044	\$1,004	\$963	\$921	\$878	\$834
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$3,550	\$3,560	\$3,570	\$3,580	\$3,591	\$3,601	\$3,612	\$3,623	\$3,634	\$3,646
OPEX (000s)	\$2,761	\$2,816	\$2,872	\$2,930	\$2,988	\$3,048	\$3,109	\$3,171	\$3,235	\$3,299
Operate Income	\$790	\$744	\$698	\$651	\$602	\$553	\$503	\$452	\$400	\$346
Unlevered, Pre	Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =			Average	Operating I	ncome* =	\$797,415]	% of OPEX	29%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 47% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 47% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 8.7% and 4.8% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Poultry manure accounts for 11% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 47% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 47% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne or \$20/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 8.9% and 5.1% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option D: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

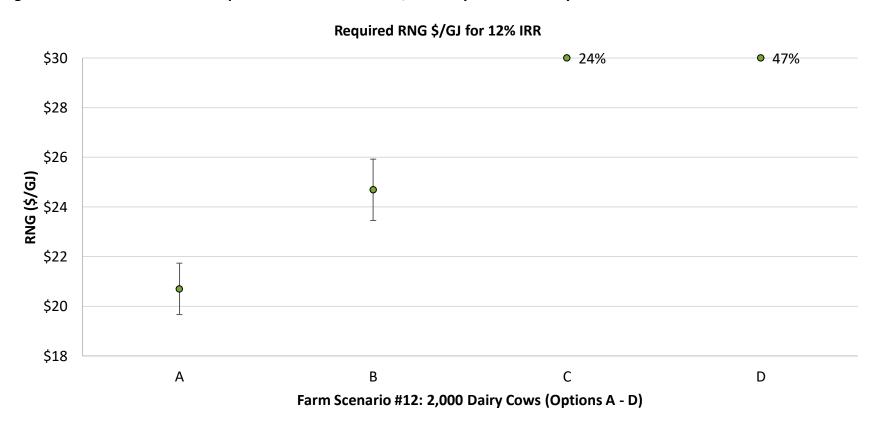
	Change in RNG Production Amount										
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%			
	\$16										
	\$17										
	\$18										
	\$19										
	\$20							2.3%			
G	\$21						2.7%	5.5%			
\$/GJ RNG	\$22					2.9%	5.8%	8.3%			
(GJ	\$23				2.7%	5.8%	8.4%	10.8%			
\$	\$24			2.3%	5.5%	8.3%	10.8%	13.1%			
	\$25		1.5%	5.0%	8.0%	10.6%	13.0%	15.3%			
	\$26		3.9%	7.2%	10.0%	12.6%	15.0%	17.3%			
	\$27	1.8%	5.8%	9.0%	11.8%	14.4%	16.8%	19.1%			
	\$28	3.4%	7.2%	10.4%	13.3%	15.9%	18.4%	20.8%			
	\$29	4.3%	8.2%	11.5%	14.4%	17.1%	19.7%	22.1%			
	\$30	4.8%	8.7%	12.0%	14.9%	17.7%	20.3%	22.8%			

		Poultry Ma	anure Tip	Fee (\$/To	nne)	
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20
	\$16					
	\$17					
	\$18					
	\$19					
	\$20					
_{(D}	\$21	1.3%				
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	4.1%	0.1%			
<u>(G</u>	\$23	6.6%	3.2%			
\$	\$24	8.8%	5.8%	2.3%		
	\$25	10.8%	8.1%	5.0%	1.2%	
	\$26	12.6%	10.1%	7.2%	3.8%	
	\$27	14.2%	11.7%	9.0%	5.8%	1.7%
	\$28	15.6%	13.1%	10.4%	7.4%	3.5%
	\$29	16.6%	14.2%	11.5%	8.4%	4.7%
	\$30	17.2%	14.7%	12.0%	8.9%	5.1%
	\$26 \$27 \$28 \$29	12.6% 14.2% 15.6% 16.6%	10.1% 11.7% 13.1% 14.2%	7.2% 9.0% 10.4% 11.5%	3.8% 5.8% 7.4% 8.4%	3.5% 4.7%

Farm Scenario #12: Summary

Figure 24 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #12 Options A – D for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is >\$30/GJ, percentage of required funding is shown. Where required RNG sale price is <\$30/GJ, a bar representing +/- 5% is shown to account for price uncertainty. Farm Scenario #12 Options A – B don't require funding. These biogas plant requires \$19.67 - \$25.92/GJ. Farm Scenario #12 Options C and D require funding. Funding increases from 24% (for Option C) to 47% (for Option D). Figure 24 shows that only under the best circumstances (i.e., Option A - needing the least equipment, or Option B – only needing RNG compression equipment) are 2,000 dairy cow farms co-digesting dairy and poultry manure economically feasible in B.C. without funding.

Figure 24: Farm Scenario #12 - Required RNG Sale Price for 2,000 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure



7.13

Farm Scenario #13: 2,500 Dairy Cows

Farm Scenario #13 is a 2,500 dairy cow farm digesting dairy manure. Farm Scenario #13 assumes the use of traditional on-farm biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volumes and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #13 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	125,104	100%	40,386 GJ
Total	125,026	100%	40,368 GJ

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #13:

- Option A: No additional equipment;
- Option B: RNG compression equipment;
- Option C: Nutrient recovery equipment; and
- Option D: RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #13 Options A – D, see Appendix M.

Farm Scenario #13 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$7.7 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$676,058/year. At an RNG sale price of \$26.92/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,723,033/year. This biogas plant doesn't require funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$1,046,975/year; equal to 155% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (e.g., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investment	<u>it</u>	
Digester	\$4,546,500			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$26.92		Farm Investment =		\$7,655,38	
Upgrader	\$2,111,800			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,115,598		Funding	Amount =	\$0	
Nutrient Recovery	\$0			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$607,434		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	0%	
Other	\$997,080										
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$7,655,380</u>	<u>\$676,058</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>ral =</u>	<u>\$1,723,033</u>		Infl	ation =	2%	
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Revenue (000s)	\$1,533	\$1,553	\$1,574	\$1,595	\$1,616	\$1,638	\$1,660	\$1,682	\$1,705	\$1,728	
OPEX (000s)	\$556	\$568	\$579	\$591	\$602	\$614	\$627	\$639	\$652	\$665	
Operate Income	\$977	\$986	\$995	\$1,004	\$1,014	\$1,023	\$1,033	\$1,043	\$1,053	\$1,062	
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
Revenue (000s)	\$1,751	\$1,773	\$1,785	\$1,798	\$1,811	\$1,824	\$1,838	\$1,851	\$1,865	\$1,880	
OPEX (000s)	\$678	\$692	\$706	\$720	\$734	\$749	\$764	\$779	\$795	\$811	
Operate Income	\$1,072	\$1,081	\$1,080	\$1,078	\$1,077	\$1,075	\$1,074	\$1,072	\$1,071	\$1,069	

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

\$1,046,975

Average Operating Income* =

155%

% of OPEX

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 65% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$26.92/GJ to <\$25/GJ and <\$23/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10%, 20% or 30% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.2%, 9.3% and 7.3% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

							Change	in RNG P	roduction	n Amount						
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16					0.5%	1.3%	2.0%	2.7%	3.4%	4.1%	4.7%	5.3%	5.9%	6.5%	7.1%
	\$17				0.4%	1.2%	2.0%	2.7%	3.5%	4.2%	4.8%	5.5%	6.1%	6.7%	7.3%	7.9%
	\$18			0.1%	1.0%	1.8%	2.6%	3.4%	4.2%	4.9%	5.6%	6.2%	6.9%	7.5%	8.1%	8.7%
	\$19			0.7%	1.6%	2.5%	3.3%	4.1%	4.8%	5.6%	6.3%	6.9%	7.6%	8.3%	8.9%	9.5%
	\$20		0.3%	1.3%	2.2%	3.1%	3.9%	4.7%	5.5%	6.2%	6.9%	7.6%	8.3%	9.0%	9.7%	10.3%
(7)	\$21		0.9%	1.8%	2.8%	3.7%	4.5%	5.3%	6.1%	6.9%	7.6%	8.3%	9.0%	9.7%	10.4%	11.1%
RNG	\$22	0.3%	1.4%	2.4%	3.3%	4.2%	5.1%	5.9%	6.7%	7.5%	8.3%	9.0%	9.7%	10.4%	11.1%	11.8%
\$/@	\$23	0.8%	1.9%	2.9%	3.9%	4.8%	5.7%	6.5%	7.3%	8.1%	8.9%	9.7%	10.4%	11.1%	11.8%	12.5%
\$	\$24	1.3%	2.4%	3.4%	4.4%	5.3%	6.2%	7.1%	7.9%	8.7%	9.5%	10.3%	11.1%	11.8%	12.5%	13.3%
	\$25	1.8%	2.9%	3.9%	4.9%	5.8%	6.8%	7.6%	8.5%	9.3%	10.1%	10.9%	11.7%	12.5%	13.2%	14.0%
	\$26	2.1%	3.3%	4.3%	5.3%	6.3%	7.2%	8.2%	9.0%	9.9%	10.7%	11.5%	12.3%	13.1%	13.9%	14.6%
	\$27	2.4%	3.6%	4.7%	5.7%	6.7%	7.7%	8.6%	9.5%	10.4%	11.2%	12.0%	12.9%	13.7%	14.5%	15.3%
	\$28	2.7%	3.8%	4.9%	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%	8.9%	9.9%	10.7%	11.6%	12.5%	13.3%	14.2%	15.0%	15.8%
	\$29	2.8%	4.0%	5.1%	6.2%	7.2%	8.2%	9.2%	10.1%	11.0%	11.9%	12.8%	13.7%	14.5%	15.4%	16.2%
	\$30	2.9%	4.1%	5.2%	6.3%	7.3%	8.3%	9.3%	10.2%	11.2%	12.1%	13.0%	13.8%	14.7%	15.5%	16.4%

Farm Scenario #13 - Option B: RNG Compression Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$8.4 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$823,005/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30.00/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,758,748/year. This biogas plant requires \$1.3 million funding (16% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$935,743/year; equal to 114% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*		<u>Revenue</u>					<u>t</u>	
Digester	\$4,546,500			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm Investment =		\$6,995,98
Upgrader	\$2,786,184			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,151,314		Funding	g Amount =	\$1,333,78
Nutrient Recovery	\$0			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$607,434		Funding 9	% of CAPEX =	16%
Other	\$1,098,069									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$8,430,754</u>	<u>\$823,005</u>		<u>Total = \$1,758,748</u>			Infl	ation =	2%	
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,651	\$1,661	\$1,672	\$1,682	\$1,693	\$1,703	\$1,714	\$1,726	\$1,737	\$1,749
OPEX (000s)	\$677	\$691	\$705	\$719	\$733	\$748	\$763	\$778	\$794	\$810
Operate Income	\$974	\$970	\$967	\$963	\$959	\$955	\$951	\$947	\$943	\$939
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,761	\$1,773	\$1,785	\$1,798	\$1,811	\$1,824	\$1,838	\$1,851	\$1,865	\$1,880
OPEX (000s)	\$826	\$842	\$859	\$876	\$894	\$912	\$930	\$949	\$968	\$987
Operate Income	\$935	\$931	\$926	\$922	\$917	\$912	\$908	\$903	\$898	\$893

Average Operating Income* =

\$935,743

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

114%

% of OPEX

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 65% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 16% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 16% funding, if RNG production is 10%, 20% or 30% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.0%, 7.9% and 5.6% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis – RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount															
		-50%	-45%	-40%	-35%	-30%	-25%	-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
	\$16								0.1%	1.0%	1.8%	2.6%	3.3%	4.0%	4.7%	5.4%
	\$17							0.1%	1.0%	1.9%	2.7%	3.5%	4.3%	5.0%	5.7%	6.4%
	\$18						0.0%	1.0%	1.9%	2.8%	3.6%	4.4%	5.2%	5.9%	6.6%	7.3%
	\$19						0.8%	1.8%	2.7%	3.6%	4.4%	5.2%	6.0%	6.8%	7.5%	8.2%
	\$20					0.5%	1.6%	2.6%	3.5%	4.4%	5.2%	6.1%	6.8%	7.6%	8.4%	9.1%
U	\$21				0.2%	1.3%	2.3%	3.3%	4.3%	5.2%	6.0%	6.8%	7.6%	8.4%	9.2%	9.9%
RNG	\$22				0.9%	2.0%	3.0%	4.0%	5.0%	5.9%	6.8%	7.6%	8.4%	9.2%	10.0%	10.8%
\$/6J	\$23			0.3%	1.5%	2.7%	3.7%	4.7%	5.7%	6.6%	7.5%	8.4%	9.2%	10.0%	10.8%	11.6%
\$	\$24			1.0%	2.2%	3.3%	4.4%	5.4%	6.4%	7.3%	8.2%	9.1%	9.9%	10.8%	11.6%	12.4%
	\$25		0.3%	1.6%	2.8%	3.9%	5.0%	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%	8.9%	9.8%	10.7%	11.5%	12.3%	13.2%
	\$26		0.8%	2.1%	3.3%	4.5%	5.6%	6.6%	7.6%	8.6%	9.5%	10.4%	11.3%	12.2%	13.1%	13.9%
	\$27		1.1%	2.5%	3.7%	4.9%	6.0%	7.1%	8.1%	9.1%	10.1%	11.0%	11.9%	12.8%	13.7%	14.6%
	\$28		1.4%	2.8%	4.1%	5.3%	6.4%	7.5%	8.5%	9.5%	10.5%	11.5%	12.4%	13.3%	14.2%	15.1%
	\$29	0.1%	1.6%	3.0%	4.3%	5.5%	6.6%	7.7%	8.8%	9.8%	10.9%	11.8%	12.8%	13.7%	14.7%	15.6%
	\$30	0.1%	1.7%	3.1%	4.4%	5.6%	6.7%	7.9%	8.9%	10.0%	11.0%	12.0%	13.0%	13.9%	14.9%	15.8%

Farm Scenario #13 - Option C: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$9.3 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,759,205/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,758,748/year. Because operating costs are greater than revenue, this biogas plant requires >100% funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. For this reason, an economic assessment was not completed.

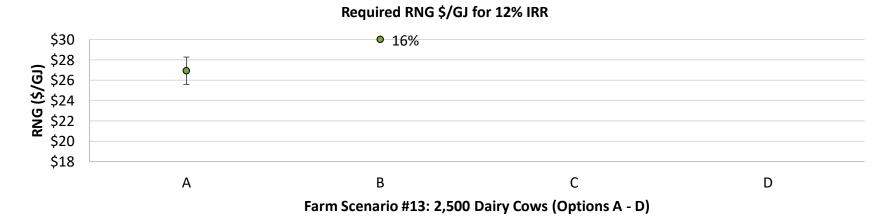
Farm Scenario #13 - Option D: RNG Compression and Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$10.1 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,906,152/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,758,748/year. Because operating costs are greater than revenue, this biogas plant requires >100% funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. For this reason, an economic assessment was not completed.

Farm Scenario #13: Summary

Figure 25 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #13 Options A – D for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is >\$30/GJ, percentage of required funding is shown. Where required RNG sale price is <\$30/GJ, a bar representing +/- 5% is shown to account for price uncertainty. Farm Scenario #13 Option A doesn't require funding. This biogas plant requires \$25.57 - \$28.27/GJ. Farm Scenario #13 Options B requires 16% funding. Option C and D aren't shown because they require >100% funding. Figure 25 shows that only under the best circumstance (i.e., Option A - needing the least equipment) are 2,500 dairy cow farms digesting dairy manure economically feasible in B.C. without funding.

Figure 25: Farm Scenario #13 - Required RNG Sale Price for 2,500 Dairy Cows



7.14

Farm Scenario #14: 200 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure

Farm Scenario #14 is a 200 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy manure and poultry manure. Farm Scenario #14 assumes the use of modular biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volume and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #14 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	10,008	80%	3,229
Poultry manure	2,494	20%	7,510
Total	12,503	100%	10,739

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #14:

- Option A: No additional equipment; and
- Option B: Nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #14 Options A and B, see Appendix N.

Farm Scenario #14 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$1.8 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$315,232/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$354,884/year. This biogas plant requires \$1.4 million funding (76% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$39,652/year; equal to 13% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 24%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*		<u>Revenue</u>					<u>Investmen</u>	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$545,475			RNG/GJ =		\$30.00		Farm Investment =		\$431,914
Upgrader	\$1,084,160			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$306,289		Fundi	ng Amount =	\$1,405,290
Nutrient Recovery	\$102,759			Bedding Sa	avings/Yr* =	\$48,595		Funding	g % of CAPEX =	76%
Other	\$104,810									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$1,837,204</u>	<u>\$315,232</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>tal =</u>	<u>\$354,884</u>		In	flation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$346	\$347	\$348	\$349	\$350	\$350	\$351	\$352	\$353	\$354
OPEX (000s)	\$259	\$265	\$270	\$275	\$281	\$286	\$292	\$298	\$304	\$310
Operate Income	\$87	\$82	\$78	\$73	\$69	\$64	\$59	\$54	\$49	\$44
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$355	\$356	\$357	\$358	\$359	\$360	\$361	\$362	\$363	\$365
OPEX (000s)	\$316	\$323	\$329	\$336	\$342	\$349	\$356	\$363	\$371	\$378
Operate Income	\$39	\$33	\$28	\$22	\$17	\$11	\$5	-\$1	-\$7	-\$13

Average Operating Income* =

\$39,652

% of OPEX

12%

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =

13%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 76% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 86% funding, if RNG production is 5% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 3.4%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Poultry manure accounts for 10% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 76% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 76% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 3.9%. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount										
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%			
	\$16										
	\$17										
	\$18										
	\$19										
	\$20										
_O	\$21							-4.4%			
\$/GJ RNG	\$22						-3.2%	4.6%			
(6)	\$23		-			-3.2%	4.9%	9.7%			
\$	\$24		-		-4.4%	4.6%	9.7%	13.9%			
	\$25		-		3.8%	9.3%	13.7%	17.6%			
	\$26		-	1.4%	8.2%	13.0%	17.2%	20.9%			
	\$27			5.7%	11.6%	16.2%	20.3%	24.0%			
	\$28			8.8%	14.4%	18.9%	23.0%	26.9%			
	\$29		2.1%	10.9%	16.4%	21.1%	25.3%	29.3%			
	\$30		3.4%	12.0%	17.5%	22.2%	26.6%	30.7%			

	Poultry Manure Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)									
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20				
	\$16									
	\$17									
	\$18									
	\$19									
	\$20									
G	\$21									
\$/GJ RNG	\$22									
/eJ	\$23	0.4%								
\$	\$24	5.8%	-2.5%							
	\$25	9.8%	4.2%							
	\$26	13.0%	8.3%	1.4%						
	\$27	15.9%	11.5%	5.7%						
	\$28	18.3%	14.1%	8.8%						
	\$29	20.2%	16.0%	10.9%	2.4%					
	\$30	21.2%	17.0%	12.0%	3.9%					

B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study, Version 2

Farm Scenario #14 - Option B: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$2.4 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$487,054/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$354,884/year. Because operating costs are greater than revenue, this biogas plant requires >100% funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. For this reason, an economic assessment was not completed.

7.15

Farm Scenario #15: 300 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure

Farm Scenario #15 is a 300 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy manure and poultry manure. Farm Scenario #15 assumes the use of modular biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volume and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #15 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	15,012	80%	4,844
Poultry manure	3,741	20%	11,265
Total	18,754	100%	16,109

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #15:

- Option A: No additional equipment; and
- Option B: Nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #15 Options A and B, see Appendix O.

Farm Scenario #15 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$2.6 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$390,937/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$532,326/year. This biogas plant requires \$1.3 million funding (53% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$141,389/year; equal to 36% of operating costs. Operating income may or may not be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 47%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*		<u>Revenue</u>					Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$1,018,500			RNG/GJ =		\$30.00		Farm Investment =		\$1,218,491
Upgrader	\$1,247,115			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$459,434		Fund	ing Amount =	\$1,347,657
Nutrient Recovery	\$154,138			Bedding Sa	avings/Yr* =	\$72,892		Fundin	g % of CAPEX =	53%
Other	\$146,395									
<u>Total</u>	<i>\$2,566,148</i>	<u>\$390,937</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>tal =</u>	<u>\$532,326</u>		li	nflation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$519	\$521	\$522	\$523	\$524	\$526	\$527	\$528	\$530	\$531
OPEX (000s)	\$322	\$328	\$335	\$341	\$348	\$355	\$362	\$370	\$377	\$385
Operate Income	\$198	\$192	\$187	\$182	\$176	\$170	\$165	\$159	\$153	\$147
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$533	\$534	\$536	\$537	\$539	\$540	\$542	\$543	\$545	\$547
OPEX (000s)	\$392	\$400	\$408	\$416	\$425	\$433	\$442	\$451	\$460	\$469
Operate Income	\$140	\$134	\$127	\$121	\$114	\$107	\$100	\$93	\$86	\$78
Unlevered, Pre-	Tax IRR =	12%		Avera	ge Operating I	Income* =	\$141,389] [% of OPEX	36%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 53% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 53% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.2% and 6.1% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Poultry manure accounts for 12% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 53% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 53% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne or \$20/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 9.4% and 6.5% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount											
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%				
	\$16											
	\$17											
	\$18						-7.7%	-3.0%				
	\$19					-6.4%	-2.1%	0.9%				
	\$20				-5.8%	-1.5%	1.5%	4.0%				
G	\$21			-5.8%	-1.4%	1.8%	4.3%	6.5%				
RNG	\$22		-6.4%	-1.5%	1.8%	4.4%	6.7%	8.8%				
\$/6J	\$23	-7.7%	-2.1%	1.5%	4.3%	6.7%	8.9%	10.9%				
\$	\$24	-3.0%	0.9%	4.0%	6.5%	8.8%	10.9%	12.9%				
	\$25	0.0%	3.4%	6.1%	8.5%	10.8%	12.8%	14.8%				
	\$26	2.2%	5.3%	7.9%	10.3%	12.5%	14.6%	16.5%				
	\$27	3.8%	6.8%	9.4%	11.8%	14.0%	16.1%	18.1%				
	\$28	5.0%	8.0%	10.7%	13.1%	15.3%	17.5%	19.6%				
	\$29	5.8%	8.8%	11.5%	14.0%	16.3%	18.6%	20.7%				
	\$30	6.1%	9.2%	12.0%	14.5%	16.9%	19.1%	21.3%				

	Poultry Manure Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)										
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20					
	\$16										
	\$17										
	\$18	-7.3%									
	\$19	-2.6%	-10.4%								
	\$20	0.6%	-4.0%								
G	\$21	3.2%	-0.4%	-5.8%							
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	5.4%	2.4%	-1.5%	-8.3%						
<u>(G</u>	\$23	7.4%	4.7%	1.5%	-2.9%						
Ś	\$24	9.2%	6.8%	4.0%	0.5%	-4.5%					
	\$25	10.9%	8.7%	6.1%	3.2%	-0.6%					
	\$26	12.5%	10.3%	7.9%	5.2%	1.9%					
	\$27	13.9%	11.7%	9.4%	6.8%	3.8%					
	\$28	15.1%	12.9%	10.7%	8.1%	5.1%					
	\$29	16.0%	13.8%	11.5%	9.0%	6.1%					
	\$30	16.4%	14.3%	12.0%	9.4%	6.5%					

B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study, Version 2

Farm Scenario #15 - Option B: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$3.2 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$487,054/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$598,738/year. Because operating costs are greater than revenue, this biogas plant requires >100% funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. For this reason, an economic assessment was not completed.

7.16

Farm Scenario #16: 400 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure

Farm Scenario #16 is a 400 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy manure and poultry manure. Farm Scenario #16 assumes the use of modular biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volume and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #16 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	15,012	80%	4,844
Poultry manure	3,741	20%	11,265
Total	18,754	100%	16,109

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #16:

- Option A: No additional equipment; and
- Option B: Nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #16 Options A and B, see Appendix P.

B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study, Version 2

Farm Scenario #16 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$2.9 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$456,352/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$709,768/year. This biogas plant requires \$0.8 million funding (28% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$253,416/year; equal to 56% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$1,018,500			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm Investment =		\$2,072,261
Upgrader	\$1,490,710			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$612,579		Fundi	ng Amount =	\$806,707
Nutrient Recovery	\$205,517			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$97,189		Funding	g % of CAPEX =	28%
Other	\$164,241									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$2,878,968</u>	<u>\$456,352</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>tal =</u>	<i>\$709,768</i>		Ir	nflation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$693	\$694	\$696	\$697	\$699	\$701	\$703	\$704	\$706	\$708
OPEX (000s)	\$376	\$383	\$391	\$399	\$407	\$415	\$423	\$431	\$440	\$449
Operate Income	\$317	\$311	\$305	\$299	\$293	\$286	\$280	\$273	\$266	\$259
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$710	\$712	\$714	\$716	\$718	\$720	\$722	\$725	\$727	\$729
OPEX (000s)	\$458	\$467	\$476	\$486	\$496	\$506	\$516	\$526	\$537	\$547
Operate Income	\$252	\$245	\$238	\$230	\$222	\$215	\$207	\$199	\$190	\$182
Unlevered, Pre-	Tax IRR =	12%		Averag	ge Operating	Income* =	\$253,416] [% of OPEX	56%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 28% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 28% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.0% and 7.9% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Poultry manure accounts for 13% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 28% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 28% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne or \$20/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.2% and 8.1% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount											
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%				
	\$16					-10.8%	-6.4%	-3.6%				
	\$17				-9.1%	-5.2%	-2.6%	-0.4%				
	\$18			-8.3%	-4.5%	-1.9%	0.3%	2.1%				
	\$19		-8.0%	-4.2%	-1.5%	0.7%	2.6%	4.3%				
	\$20	-8.3%	-4.2%	-1.4%	0.9%	2.9%	4.6%	6.2%				
G	\$21	-4.5%	-1.5%	0.9%	2.9%	4.8%	6.4%	8.0%				
RNG	\$22	-1.9%	0.7%	2.9%	4.8%	6.5%	8.1%	9.6%				
\$/6	\$23	0.3%	2.6%	4.6%	6.4%	8.1%	9.7%	11.2%				
\$	\$24	2.1%	4.3%	6.2%	8.0%	9.6%	11.2%	12.7%				
	\$25	3.7%	5.8%	7.7%	9.4%	11.1%	12.7%	14.2%				
	\$26	5.1%	7.1%	9.0%	10.7%	12.4%	14.0%	15.5%				
	\$27	6.2%	8.2%	10.1%	11.9%	13.6%	15.2%	16.8%				
	\$28	7.0%	9.1%	11.0%	12.8%	14.6%	16.3%	17.9%				
	\$29	7.6%	9.7%	11.7%	13.6%	15.3%	17.1%	18.7%				
	\$30	7.9%	10.0%	12.0%	13.9%	15.7%	17.5%	19.2%				

	Poultry Manure Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)										
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20					
	\$16	-5.1%	-12.6%								
	\$17	-2.1%	-6.5%								
	\$18	0.2%	-3.1%	-8.3%							
	\$19	2.2%	-0.5%	-4.2%	-10.8%						
	\$20	4.0%	1.6%	-1.4%	-5.5%						
_G	\$21	5.7%	3.5%	0.9%	-2.3%	-7.1%					
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	7.2%	5.1%	2.9%	0.2%	-3.4%					
<u>@</u>	\$23	8.6%	6.7%	4.6%	2.2%	-0.7%					
\$	\$24	9.9%	8.1%	6.2%	4.0%	1.5%					
	\$25	11.2%	9.5%	7.7%	5.7%	3.4%					
	\$26	12.4%	10.8%	9.0%	7.1%	5.0%					
	\$27	13.5%	11.8%	10.1%	8.2%	6.2%					
	\$28	14.4%	12.7%	11.0%	9.2%	7.2%					
	\$29	15.1%	13.4%	11.7%	9.9%	7.8%					
	\$30	15.4%	13.7%	12.0%	10.2%	8.1%					

B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study, Version 2

Farm Scenario #16 - Option B: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$3.5 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$700,131/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$709,768/year. Because operating costs are almost equal to revenue, this biogas plant requires 100% funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. For this reason, an economic assessment was not completed.

7.17

Farm Scenario #17: 500 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure

Farm Scenario #17 is a 500 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy manure and poultry manure. Farm Scenario #17 assumes the use of modular biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volume and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #17 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	25,021	80%	8,074
Poultry manure	6,236	20%	18,775
Total	31,257	100%	26,848

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #17:

- Option A: No additional equipment; and
- Option B: Nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #17 Options A and B, see Appendix Q.

B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study, Version 2

Farm Scenario #17 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$3.6 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$532,524/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$877,211/year. This biogas plant requires \$0.8 million funding (21% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$354,686/year; equal to 67% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$1,459,500			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm Investment =		\$2,853,145
Upgrader	\$1,694,650			Avg RNG Sales/Yr =		\$765,724		Fundi	ng Amount =	\$764,270
Nutrient Recovery	\$256,897			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$121,487		Fundin	g % of CAPEX =	21%
Other	\$206,368									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$3,617,415</u>	<u>\$532,524</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>tal =</u>	<u>\$887,211</u>		lı	nflation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$866	\$868	\$870	\$872	\$874	\$876	\$878	\$881	\$883	\$885
OPEX (000s)	\$438	\$447	\$456	\$465	\$474	\$484	\$494	\$504	\$514	\$524
Operate Income	\$427	\$421	\$414	\$407	\$399	\$392	\$385	\$377	\$369	\$361
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$888	\$890	\$893	\$895	\$898	\$900	\$903	\$906	\$909	\$911
OPEX (000s)	\$534	\$545	\$556	\$567	\$578	\$590	\$602	\$614	\$626	\$639
Operate Income	\$353	\$345	\$337	\$328	\$319	\$310	\$301	\$292	\$282	\$273
Unlevered, Pre-	Tax IRR =	12%		Averag	ge Operating	Income* =	\$354,686] [% of OPEX	67%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 21% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 21% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.2% and 8.4% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Poultry manure accounts for 14% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 21% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 21% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne or \$20/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 10.4% and 8.6% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount											
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%				
	\$16	-		-13.4%	-8.2%	-5.2%	-2.9%	-1.0%				
	\$17	-	-12.0%	-7.3%	-4.4%	-2.2%	-0.3%	1.3%				
	\$18	-11.7%	-6.9%	-4.0%	-1.7%	0.2%	1.9%	3.4%				
	\$19	-6.9%	-3.8%	-1.5%	0.5%	2.2%	3.8%	5.2%				
	\$20	-4.0%	-1.5%	0.6%	2.4%	4.0%	5.5%	6.9%				
G	\$21	-1.7%	0.5%	2.4%	4.1%	5.6%	7.1%	8.4%				
RNG	\$22	0.2%	2.2%	4.0%	5.6%	7.1%	8.5%	9.9%				
\$/9	\$23	1.9%	3.8%	5.5%	7.1%	8.5%	10.0%	11.3%				
\$	\$24	3.4%	5.2%	6.9%	8.4%	9.9%	11.3%	12.7%				
	\$25	4.7%	6.5%	8.2%	9.7%	11.2%	12.6%	14.0%				
	\$26	5.9%	7.7%	9.3%	10.9%	12.4%	13.8%	15.2%				
	\$27	6.9%	8.6%	10.3%	11.9%	13.4%	14.9%	16.3%				
	\$28	7.6%	9.4%	11.1%	12.8%	14.3%	15.8%	17.3%				
	\$29	8.1%	10.0%	11.7%	13.4%	15.0%	16.6%	18.1%				
	\$30	8.4%	10.2%	12.0%	13.7%	15.3%	16.9%	18.5%				

Poultry Manure Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)										
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20				
	\$16	-2.1%	-5.9%	-13.4%						
	\$17	0.0%	-3.0%	-7.3%						
	\$18	1.8%	-0.7%	-4.0%	-9.1%					
	\$19	3.5%	1.2%	-1.5%	-5.1%	-11.6%				
	\$20	5.0%	2.9%	0.6%	-2.3%	-6.4%				
G	\$21	6.4%	4.5%	2.4%	-0.1%	-3.2%				
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	7.7%	5.9%	4.0%	1.8%	-0.8%				
/eJ	\$23	8.9%	7.3%	5.5%	3.5%	1.2%				
\$	\$24	10.2%	8.6%	6.9%	5.0%	2.9%				
	\$25	11.3%	9.8%	8.2%	6.4%	4.5%				
	\$26	12.4%	10.9%	9.3%	7.6%	5.8%				
	\$27	13.3%	11.9%	10.3%	8.7%	6.9%				
	\$28	14.1%	12.7%	11.1%	9.5%	7.7%				
	\$29	14.8%	13.3%	11.7%	10.1%	8.3%				
	\$30	15.0%	13.6%	12.0%	10.4%	8.6%				

Farm Scenario #17 - Option B: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$4.4 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$830,990/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$877,211/year. This biogas plant requires \$3.7 million funding (82% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$56,220/year; equal to 7% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 18%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$1,575,000			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm Investment =		\$778,510
Upgrader	\$1,694,650			Avg RNG Sales/Yr =		\$765,724		Fundi	ng Amount =	\$3,650,718
Nutrient Recovery	\$906,897			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$121,487		Fundin	g % of CAPEX =	82%
Other	\$252,681									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$4,429,228</u>	<u>\$830,990</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>tal =</u>	<u>\$887,211</u>		lı	nflation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$866	\$868	\$870	\$872	\$874	\$876	\$878	\$881	\$883	\$885
OPEX (000s)	\$684	\$698	\$712	\$726	\$740	\$755	\$770	\$786	\$801	\$817
Operate Income	\$182	\$170	\$158	\$146	\$134	\$121	\$108	\$95	\$81	\$68
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$888	\$890	\$893	\$895	\$898	\$900	\$903	\$906	\$909	\$911
OPEX (000s)	\$834	\$850	\$867	\$885	\$903	\$921	\$939	\$958	\$977	\$996
Operate Income	\$54	\$40	\$25	\$10	-\$5	-\$20	-\$36	-\$52	-\$68	-\$85
Unlevered, Pre-	Tax IRR =	12%		Averag	ge Operating	Income* =	\$56,220] [% of OPEX	7%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 82% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 82% funding, if RNG production is 5% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR is negative

Poultry manure accounts for 9% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 82% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 82% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR is negative.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

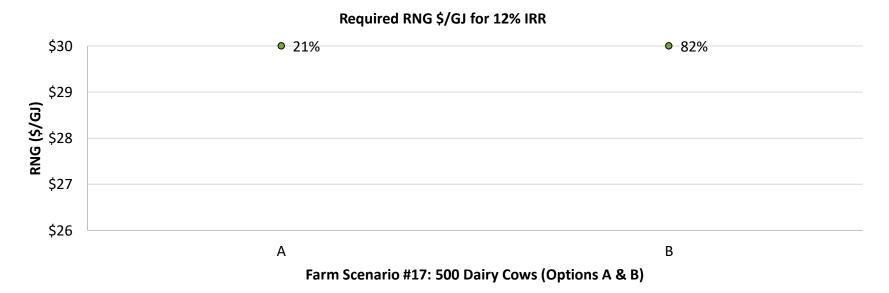
	Change in RNG Production Amount											
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%				
	\$16											
	\$17											
	\$18											
	\$19											
	\$20											
G	\$21											
\$/GJ RNG	\$22											
<u>@</u>	\$23						-3.8%	8.5%				
\$	\$24						8.5%	14.9%				
	\$25					7.8%	14.6%	20.1%				
	\$26				5.6%	13.7%	19.6%	24.8%				
	\$27				11.4%	18.3%	24.0%	29.2%				
	\$28			5.8%	15.8%	22.3%	28.0%	33.2%				
	\$29			10.2%	19.0%	25.5%	31.3%	36.8%				
	\$30			12.0%	20.7%	27.3%	33.3%	38.9%				

Poultry Manure Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)										
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20				
	\$16									
	\$17									
	\$18									
	\$19									
	\$20									
G	\$21									
\$/GJ RNG	\$22									
<u>@</u>	\$23									
\$	\$24	0.8%								
	\$25	8.6%								
	\$26	13.6%	5.8%							
	\$27	17.8%	11.2%							
	\$28	21.3%	15.3%	5.8%						
	\$29	24.2%	18.3%	10.2%						
	\$30	25.8%	19.9%	12.0%						

Farm Scenario #17: Summary

Figure 26 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #17 Options A and B for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is >\$30/GJ, percentage of required funding is shown. Both Farm Scenario #9 Options A and B require funding. Funding is 21% (for Option A) and 82% (for Option B). Figure 26 shows that even under the best circumstances (i.e., Option A - needing the least equipment), 500 dairy cow farms co-digesting dairy and poultry manure in modular biogas plants cannot be economically feasible in B.C. without funding.

Figure 26: Farm Scenario #17 - Required RNG Sale Price for 500 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure



7.18

Farm Scenario #18: 750 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure

Farm Scenario #18 is a 750 dairy cow farm co-digesting dairy manure and poultry manure. Farm Scenario #18 assumes the use of modular biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volume and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #18 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Dairy manure	37,531	80%	12,110
Poultry manure	9,354	20%	28,162
Total	46,885	100%	40,273

The following Equipment Choices were assessed for Farm Scenario #18:

- Option A: No additional equipment; and
- Option B: Nutrient recovery equipment.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #18 Options A and B, see Appendix R.

Farm Scenario #18 - Option A: No Additional Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$4.7 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$702,922/year. At an RNG sale price of \$27.70/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,310,794/year. This biogas plant doesn't requires funding for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$607,871/year; equal to 86% of operating costs. Operating income should be sufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.).

Option A: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*			Revenue				Investmen	<u>t</u>
Digester	\$2,004,975			RNG	/GJ [†] =	\$27.70	Farm Investment =		vestment =	\$4,662,53
Upgrader	\$2,006,225			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,128,564		Fundin	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Recovery	\$385,345			Bedding Sa	vings/Yr* =	\$182,230		Funding	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$265,991									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$4,662,536</u>	<u>\$702,922</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>:al =</u>	<u>\$1,310,794</u>		Inf	lation =	2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,211	\$1,224	\$1,238	\$1,252	\$1,266	\$1,280	\$1,295	\$1,309	\$1,324	\$1,328
OPEX (000s)	\$579	\$590	\$602	\$614	\$626	\$639	\$652	\$665	\$678	\$691
Operate Income	\$632	\$634	\$636	\$638	\$640	\$642	\$643	\$645	\$646	\$636
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,331	\$1,335	\$1,339	\$1,343	\$1,347	\$1,350	\$1,355	\$1,359	\$1,363	\$1,367
OPEX (000s)	\$705	\$719	\$734	\$748	\$763	\$779	\$794	\$810	\$826	\$843
Operate Income	\$626	\$616	\$605	\$594	\$583	\$572	\$560	\$548	\$536	\$524

Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR =	12%

Average Operating Income* =	\$607,871

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

[†] Base price (1%/year increase up to \$30/GJ max)

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$27.70/GJ to <\$25/GJ and <\$23/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.5% and 9.9% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Poultry manure accounts for 16% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$27.70/GJ to <\$27/GJ and <\$25/GJ respectively. Alternately, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne or \$20/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 11.6% and 10.1% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

	Change in RNG Production Amount										
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%			
	\$16	-9.2%	-6.2%	-3.9%	-2.1%	-0.5%	0.9%	2.2%			
	\$17	-5.8%	-3.6%	-1.7%	-0.1%	1.4%	2.7%	3.9%			
	\$18	-3.4%	-1.5%	0.2%	1.7%	3.1%	4.4%	5.5%			
	\$19	-1.5%	0.3%	1.9%	3.3%	4.6%	5.9%	7.0%			
	\$20	0.2%	1.9%	3.4%	4.8%	6.1%	7.3%	8.5%			
G	\$21	1.7%	3.3%	4.8%	6.1%	7.4%	8.6%	9.8%			
RNG	\$22	3.1%	4.6%	6.1%	7.4%	8.7%	9.9%	11.1%			
\$/6J	\$23	4.4%	5.9%	7.3%	8.6%	9.9%	11.1%	12.3%			
\$	\$24	5.5%	7.0%	8.5%	9.8%	11.1%	12.3%	13.5%			
	\$25	6.7%	8.2%	9.6%	10.9%	12.2%	13.5%	14.7%			
	\$26	7.7%	9.2%	10.6%	11.9%	13.3%	14.6%	15.8%			
	\$27	8.5%	10.0%	11.5%	12.9%	14.2%	15.6%	16.9%			
	\$28	9.2%	10.7%	12.2%	13.7%	15.1%	16.4%	17.8%			
	\$29	9.7%	11.2%	12.8%	14.3%	15.7%	17.1%	18.5%			
	\$30	9.9%	11.5%	13.0%	14.5%	16.0%	17.4%	18.8%			

16	\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	ćao
	1.4%		•	γIJ	\$20
	, .	-1.0%	-3.9%	-8.2%	
17	2.9%	0.8%	-1.7%	-4.9%	-10.0%
18	4.3%	2.4%	0.2%	-2.4%	-6.0%
19	5.6%	3.8%	1.9%	-0.4%	-3.3%
20	6.9%	5.2%	3.4%	1.3%	-1.1%
21	8.0%	6.5%	4.8%	2.9%	0.7%
322	9.2%	7.7%	6.1%	4.3%	2.4%
23	10.3%	8.8%	7.3%	5.6%	3.9%
24	11.3%	9.9%	8.5%	6.9%	5.2%
25	12.3%	11.0%	9.6%	8.1%	6.5%
26	13.3%	11.9%	10.6%	9.1%	7.6%
27	14.2%	12.8%	11.5%	10.1%	8.6%
28	14.9%	13.6%	12.2%	10.8%	9.3%
29	15.4%	14.1%	12.8%	11.4%	9.9%
30	15.7%	14.4%	13.0%	11.6%	10.1%
	19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	19 5.6% 20 6.9% 21 8.0% 22 9.2% 23 10.3% 24 11.3% 25 12.3% 26 13.3% 27 14.2% 28 14.9% 29 15.4%	19 5.6% 3.8% 20 6.9% 5.2% 21 8.0% 6.5% 22 9.2% 7.7% 23 10.3% 8.8% 24 11.3% 9.9% 25 12.3% 11.0% 26 13.3% 11.9% 27 14.2% 12.8% 28 14.9% 13.6% 29 15.4% 14.1%	19 5.6% 3.8% 1.9% 20 6.9% 5.2% 3.4% 21 8.0% 6.5% 4.8% 22 9.2% 7.7% 6.1% 23 10.3% 8.8% 7.3% 24 11.3% 9.9% 8.5% 25 12.3% 11.0% 9.6% 26 13.3% 11.9% 10.6% 27 14.2% 12.8% 11.5% 28 14.9% 13.6% 12.2% 29 15.4% 14.1% 12.8%	19 5.6% 3.8% 1.9% -0.4% 20 6.9% 5.2% 3.4% 1.3% 21 8.0% 6.5% 4.8% 2.9% 22 9.2% 7.7% 6.1% 4.3% 23 10.3% 8.8% 7.3% 5.6% 24 11.3% 9.9% 8.5% 6.9% 25 12.3% 11.0% 9.6% 8.1% 26 13.3% 11.9% 10.6% 9.1% 27 14.2% 12.8% 11.5% 10.1% 28 14.9% 13.6% 12.2% 10.8% 29 15.4% 14.1% 12.8% 11.4%

Farm Scenario #18 - Option B: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$5.7 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,110,043/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$1,330,816/year. This biogas plant requires \$3.6 million funding (63% of CAPEX) for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Average operating income for this biogas plant is \$220,773/year; equal to 20% of operating costs. Operating income is likely insufficient, depending upon debt term and interest rate, to cover both debt repayments and any unforeseen negative circumstances with the biogas plant (i.e., broken equipment, unexpected downtime, etc.). This is because farm investment (i.e., debt) is only 37%. Low investment means that even with an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, operating income can be too low.

Option B: Economic Assessment

	CAPEX	OPEX*		<u>Revenue</u>				<u>Investment</u>		
Digester	\$2,120,475			RNG	/GJ =	\$30.00		Farm I	nvestment =	\$2,114,568
Upgrader	\$2,006,225			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$1,148,586		Fundin	g Amount =	\$3,571,881
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,235,345			Bedding Savings/Yr* =		\$182,230		Funding	% of CAPEX =	63%
Other	\$324,404									
<u>Total</u>	<i>\$5,686,449</i>	<u>\$1,110,043</u>		<u>Total = </u>		<u>\$1,330,816</u>		Inflation =		2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$1,299	\$1,302	\$1,305	\$1,308	\$1,311	\$1,314	\$1,318	\$1,321	\$1,324	\$1,328
OPEX (000s)	\$914	\$932	\$951	\$970	\$989	\$1,009	\$1,029	\$1,050	\$1,071	\$1,092
Operate Income	\$385	\$370	\$354	\$338	\$322	\$305	\$289	\$271	\$254	\$236
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$1,331	\$1,335	\$1,339	\$1,343	\$1,347	\$1,350	\$1,355	\$1,359	\$1,363	\$1,367
OPEX (000s)	\$1,114	\$1,136	\$1,159	\$1,182	\$1,206	\$1,230	\$1,254	\$1,279	\$1,305	\$1,331
Operate Income	\$218	\$199	\$180	\$161 \$141		\$121	\$100	\$79	\$58	\$36
Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR = 12%		12%		Average Operating Income* =			\$220,773]	% of OPEX	20%

^{*} Averaged over twenty years to account for inflation

RNG sales account for 86% of biogas plant revenue. This shows the importance of RNG sales on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 63% funding, if RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 63% funding, if RNG production is 5% or 10% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 7.3% and 0.0% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Poultry manure accounts for 10% of biogas plant operating costs. Therefore, although less important than RNG sales, poultry manure tip fee can have an impact on biogas plant economic feasibility. For example, with 63% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is only \$5/tonne or \$0/tonne instead of \$10/tonne, the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$28/GJ and <\$26/GJ respectively. Alternately, with 63% funding, if poultry manure tip fee is \$15/tonne or \$20/tonne, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 7.6% and 0.3% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option B: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production & Poultry Manure Tip Fee

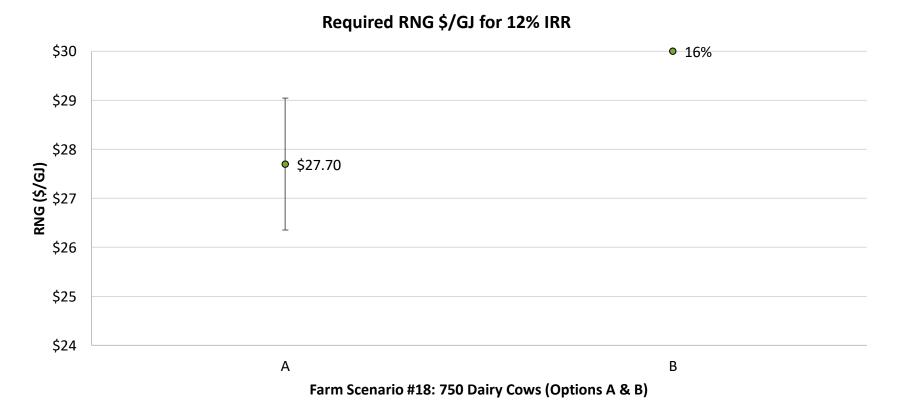
	Change in RNG Production Amount												
		-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%					
	\$16												
	\$17												
	\$18												
	\$19												
G	\$20							-3.0%					
	\$21						-2.0%	3.0%					
RNG	\$22					-1.7%	3.4%	7.1%					
\$/6	\$23				-2.0%	3.4%	7.2%	10.4%					
\$	\$24			-3.0%	3.0%	7.1%	10.4%	13.4%					
	\$25		-5.1%	2.1%	6.6%	10.2%	13.3%	16.2%					
	\$26		0.1%	5.4%	9.4%	12.8%	15.9%	18.8%					
	\$27	-7.3%	3.1%	7.9%	11.8%	15.1%	18.2%	21.1%					
	\$28	-2.7%	5.2%	9.9%	13.7%	17.1%	20.3%	23.2%					
	\$29	-0.7%	6.7%	11.4%	15.2%	18.7%	21.9%	25.0%					
	\$30	0.0%	7.3%	12.0%	16.0%	19.5%	22.8%	26.0%					

Poultry Manure Tip Fee (\$/Tonne)												
		\$0	\$5	\$10	\$15	\$20						
	\$16											
	\$17					-						
	\$18											
	\$19											
9	\$20											
	\$21	-5.1%										
\$/GJ RNG	\$22	0.8%	-9.7%									
[0]	\$23	4.7%	-0.9%									
\$	\$24	7.8%	3.5%	-3.0%								
	\$25	10.5%	6.8%	2.1%	-6.4%							
	\$26	12.8%	9.5%	5.4%	-0.3%							
	\$27	14.9%	11.7%	7.9%	3.0%							
	\$28	16.7%	13.5%	9.9%	5.4%	-3.5%						
	\$29	18.1%	14.9%	11.4%	6.9%	-0.7%						
	\$30	18.8%	15.6%	12.0%	7.6%	0.3%						

Farm Scenario #18: Summary

Figure 27 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #18 Options A and B for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Where required RNG sale price is >\$30/GJ, percentage of required funding is shown. Where required RNG sale price is <\$30/GJ, a bar representing +/- 5% is shown to account for price uncertainty. Farm Scenario #18 Option A doesn't require funding. This biogas plant requires \$26.32 - \$29.09/GJ. Farm Scenario #18 Options B requires 16% funding. Figure 27 shows that only under the best circumstance (i.e., Option A - needing the least equipment) are 750 dairy cow farms co-digesting dairy and poultry manure in modular biogas plants cannot be economically feasible in B.C. without funding.

Figure 27: Farm Scenario #18 - Required RNG Sale Price for 750 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure



7.19

Farm Scenario #19: 2.5 Million Chickens

Farm Scenario #19 is a 2,500,000 chicken farm digesting poultry manure. Farm Scenario #19 assumes the use of poultry manure biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volume and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #19 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)		
Poultry manure	30,000	100%	90,324		
Total	30,000	100%	90,324		

Note: Nitrogen removal/stripping technology is required for removing the nitrogen from poultry manure and/or cleaning liquid digestate so that it can be recirculated to dilute incoming poultry manure. However, the potential combination of different technologies to achieve nitrogen removal/stripping is very large. Furthermore, other nitrogen removal/stripping technologies are highly proprietary and their cost is currently unknown. As such, estimating the cost of nitrogen removal/stripping equipment is extremely difficult.

In the following assessment, the maximum affordable cost of nitrogen removal/stripping equipment is estimated. As such, the following assessment shows the maximum amount nitrogen removal/stripping equipment can cost if the biogas plant has an RNG sale price of \$30.00/GJ and receives an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #19 Option A see Appendix S.

Farm Scenario #19

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$9.9 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$1,341,249/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30.00/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$2,576,065/year. For this biogas plant to have an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, nutrient recovery equipment (solid/liquid separation and nitrogen removal/stripping) can cost up to \$1.24 million CAPEX and average \$376,239/year OPEX (or some combination herein). If the CAPEX or OPEX of the nutrient recovery equipment is higher than this, the unlevered, pre-tax IRR for this biogas plant will be < 12%.

Option A: Economic Assessment

Option A. Leonomic Assessment												
	CAPEX	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				Investmen	<u>t</u>		
Digester	\$4,851,000			RNG/GJ (ba	ase price) =	\$30.00		Farm Investment =		\$9,893,352		
Upgrader	\$2,676,350			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$2,576,065		Fundir	ng Amount =	\$0		
Nutrient Recovery	\$1,238,781	\$376,239						Funding	% of CAPEX =	0%		
Other	\$1,127,221		•									
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$9,893,352</u>	<u>\$1,341,249</u>		<u>Total = \$2,576,065</u> Inflatio		flation =	2%					
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
Revenue (000s)	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576		
OPEX (000s)	\$1,104	\$1,126	\$1,149	\$1,172	\$1,195	\$1,219	\$1,243	\$1,268	\$1,294	\$1,319		
Operate Income	\$1,472	\$1,450	\$1,427	\$1,404	\$1,381	\$1,357	\$1,333	\$1,308	\$1,283	\$1,257		
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		
Revenue (000s)	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576	\$2,576		
OPEX (000s)	\$1,346	\$1,373	\$1,400	\$1,428	\$1,457	\$1,486	\$1,516	\$1,546	\$1,577	\$1,608		
Operate Income	\$1,230	\$1,203	\$1,176	\$1,148	\$1,119	\$1,090	\$1,060	\$1,030	\$999	\$968		
Unlevered, Pre-Tax IRR = 12%		12%		Average	e Operating	Income* =	\$1,234,816]	% of OPEX	92%		

RNG sales account for 100% of biogas plant revenue. If RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 8.5% and 4.4% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-20%	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%				
	\$16					-10.2%	-6.6%	-4.1%	-2.1%	-0.4%				
	\$17				-9.4%	-5.9%	-3.5%	-1.5%	0.2%	1.8%				
	\$18			-9.1%	-5.6%	-3.1%	-1.0%	0.7%	2.3%	3.7%				
	\$19		-9.4%	-5.6%	-3.0%	-0.8%	1.0%	2.6%	4.1%	5.4%				
	\$20	-10.2%	-5.9%	-3.1%	-0.8%	1.1%	2.8%	4.3%	5.7%	7.0%				
G	\$21	-6.6%	-3.5%	-1.0%	1.0%	2.8%	4.4%	5.8%	7.2%	8.5%				
RNG	\$22	-4.1%	-1.5%	0.7%	2.6%	4.3%	5.8%	7.3%	8.6%	10.0%				
\$/GJ	\$23	-2.1%	0.2%	2.3%	4.1%	5.7%	7.2%	8.6%	10.0%	11.3%				
\$	\$24	-0.4%	1.8%	3.7%	5.4%	7.0%	8.5%	10.0%	11.3%	12.6%				
	\$25	1.1%	3.1%	5.0%	6.7%	8.3%	9.8%	11.2%	12.6%	13.9%				
	\$26	2.2%	4.3%	6.1%	7.8%	9.4%	10.9%	12.3%	13.7%	15.1%				
	\$27	3.1%	5.2%	7.0%	8.7%	10.4%	11.9%	13.4%	14.8%	16.2%				
	\$28	3.8%	5.9%	7.8%	9.5%	11.2%	12.7%	14.2%	15.7%	17.1%				
	\$29	4.3%	6.3%	8.3%	10.0%	11.7%	13.3%	14.9%	16.4%	17.9%				
	\$30	4.4%	6.6%	8.5%	10.3%	12.0%	13.6%	15.2%	16.8%	18.3%				

Note: Poultry manure only biogas plants are a relatively new and evolving technology. As such, CAPEX and OPEX is much less understood than for traditional on-farm biogas plants that digest manure and food waste. For this reason, estimated CAPEX and OPEX for poultry manure only biogas plants should be seen as ballpark only. Further detailed analysis is recommended to better understand the CAPEX, OPEX and economic feasibility of building poultry manure only biogas plants in B.C.

7.20

Farm Scenario #20: 5 Million Chickens

Farm Scenario #20 is a 5,000,000 chicken farm digesting poultry manure. Farm Scenario #20 assumes the use of poultry manure biogas plant technology. Estimated feedstock volume and Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) production for Farm Scenario #20 are as follows:

Feedstock	Tonnes/Year	Percentage	RNG Production (GJ/Year)
Poultry manure	60,000	100%	180,648
Total	60,000	100%	180,648

Note: Nitrogen removal/stripping technology is required for removing the nitrogen from poultry manure and/or cleaning liquid digestate so that it can be recirculated to dilute incoming poultry manure. However, the potential combination of different technologies to achieve nitrogen removal/stripping is very large. Furthermore, other nitrogen removal/stripping technologies are highly proprietary and their cost is currently unknown. As such, estimating the cost of nitrogen removal/stripping equipment is extremely difficult.

In the following assessment, the maximum affordable cost of nitrogen removal/stripping equipment is estimated. As such, the following assessment shows the maximum amount nitrogen removal/stripping equipment can cost if the biogas plant has an RNG sale price of \$30.00/GJ and receives an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%.

For full capital and operating costs for Farm Scenario #20 Option A see Appendix S.

Farm Scenario #20

This biogas plant is estimated to cost \$17.5 million to build. Operating costs are estimated to average \$3,007,073/year. At an RNG sale price of \$30.00/GJ, average revenue is estimated to be \$5,152,130/year. For this biogas plant to have an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%, nutrient recovery equipment (solid/liquid separation and nitrogen removal/stripping) can cost up to \$4.8 million CAPEX and average \$3 million/year OPEX (or some combination herein). If the CAPEX or OPEX of the nutrient recovery equipment is higher than this, the unlevered, pre-tax IRR for this biogas plant will be < 12%.

Option A: Economic Assessment

•					_					_
	<u>CAPEX</u>	OPEX*			<u>Revenue</u>				<u>Investmer</u>	
Digester	\$6,825,000			RNG/GJ (b	ase price) =	\$30.00		Farm Ir	\$17,537,343	
Upgrader	\$4,222,000			Avg RNG	Sales/Yr =	\$5,152,130		Fundin	g Amount =	\$0
Nutrient Rec.	\$4,836,055	\$1,468,793						Funding	% of CAPEX =	0%
Other	\$1,654,288		•							
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$17,537,343</u>	<i>\$3,007,073</i>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al =</u>	<u>\$5,152,130</u>		Inflation =		2%
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Revenue (000s)	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152
OPEX (000s)	\$2,475	\$2,525	\$2,575	\$2,627	\$2,679	\$2,733	\$2,788	\$2,843	\$2,900	\$2,958
Operate Income	\$2,677	\$2,627	\$2,577	\$2,525	\$2,473	\$2,419	\$2,365	\$2,309	\$2,252	\$2,194
Year	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Revenue (000s)	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152	\$5,152
OPEX (000s)	\$3,017	\$3,078	\$3,139	\$3,202	\$3,266	\$3,331	\$3,398	\$3,466	\$3,535	\$3,606
Operate Income	\$2,135	\$2,074	\$2,013	\$1,950	\$1,886	\$1,821	\$1,754	\$1,686	\$1,617	\$1,546
Unlevered, Pro	a Tay IDD -	12%		Avorage	Operating	Incomo* -	\$2,145,057	1	% of OPEX	71%

RNG sales account for 100% of biogas plant revenue. If RNG production is 10% or 20% higher than anticipated (due to the better than expected biogas production from the feedstock), the required RNG sale price for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12% falls from \$30/GJ to <\$26/GJ and <\$24/GJ respectively. Alternately, if RNG production is 10% or 20% lower than anticipated, even with an RNG sale price of \$30/GJ, unlevered, pre-tax IRR falls from 12% to 7.9% and 2.9% respectively. An unlevered, pre-tax IRR <12% isn't economically feasible.

Option A: Sensitivity Analysis - RNG Production

	Change in RNG Production Amount													
		-20%	-15%	-10% -5%		0%	5%	10%	15%	20%				
	\$16							-10.3%	-6.2%	-3.4%				
	\$17						-8.8%	-5.0%	-2.4%	-0.3%				
	\$18					-8.0%	-4.4%	-1.8%	0.3%	2.2%				
	\$19				-7.7%	-4.0%	-1.4%	0.8%	2.6%	4.3%				
	\$20			-8.0%	-4.0%	-1.3%	1.0%	2.9%	4.6%	6.2%				
G	\$21		-8.8%	-4.4%	-1.4%	1.0%	3.0%	4.8%	6.5%	8.0%				
RNG	\$22	-10.3%	-5.0%	-1.8%	0.8%	2.9%	4.8%	6.5%	8.1%	9.6%				
\$/eJ	\$23	-6.2%	-2.4%	0.3%	2.6%	4.6%	6.5%	8.1%	9.7%	11.2%				
\$	\$24	-3.4%	-0.3%	2.2%	4.3%	6.2%	8.0%	9.6%	11.2%	12.7%				
	\$25	-1.3%	1.5%	3.8%	5.8%	7.7%	9.4%	11.1%	12.7%	14.2%				
	\$26	0.3%	2.9%	5.1%	7.1%	9.0%	10.7%	12.4%	14.0%	15.5%				
	\$27	1.4%	4.0%	6.2%	8.2%	10.1%	11.9%	13.6%	15.2%	16.7%				
	\$28	2.2%	4.8%	7.1%	9.1%	11.0%	12.8%	14.6%	16.2%	17.8%				
	\$29	2.7%	5.3%	7.6%	9.7%	11.7%	13.5%	15.3%	17.0%	18.7%				
	\$30	2.9%	5.6%	7.9%	10.0%	12.0%	13.9%	15.7%	17.4%	19.1%				

Note: Poultry manure only biogas plants are a relatively new and evolving technology. As such, CAPEX and OPEX is much less understood than for traditional on-farm biogas plants that digest manure and food waste. For this reason, estimated CAPEX and OPEX for poultry manure only biogas plants should be seen as ballpark only. Further detailed analysis is recommended to better understand the CAPEX, OPEX and economic feasibility of building poultry manure only biogas plants in B.C.



Summary of Results

8. Summary of Results

8.1 Farm Scenario #1 – 6: Dairy Manure + Mixed Food Waste

Farm Scenario #1 - 6 assessed the required RNG sale price for different sized dairy farms codigesting dairy manure and mixed food waste, using traditional biogas plant technology. Results for Farm Scenario #1 - 6, Option A - H are first shown separately based on different equipment choices: mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and/or nutrient recovery equipment. Where required RNG sale price is $\frac{$30}{GJ}$, the percentage of required funding is shown. Where required RNG sale price is $\frac{$30}{GJ}$, a bar representing $\frac{+}{-}$ 5% is shown to account for price uncertainty.

Results for Farm Scenario #1 - 6, Option A - H are then shown collectively. To achieve this, and because many of the Farm Scenarios require an RNG sale price >\$30/GJ, calculations were carried out assuming no RNG sale price limit. While this is not the case in B.C., where maximum RNG sale price is \$30/GJ, this was necessary to show required RNG sale price for every Farm Scenario.

Summary of Results for Option A: No Additional Equipment

Figure 28 shows that without additional equipment, farms with ≥150 dairy cows can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is as low as \$11.86/GJ (500 dairy cow farms) to as high as \$28.14/GJ (150 dairy cow farms). Farms with 100 dairy cows require funding to be economically feasible.

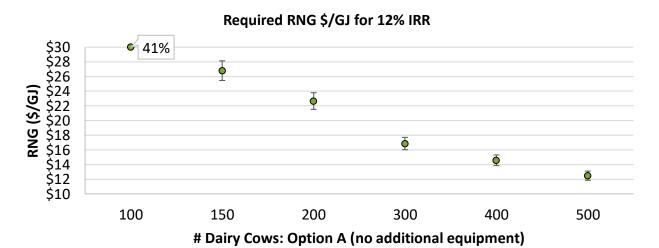
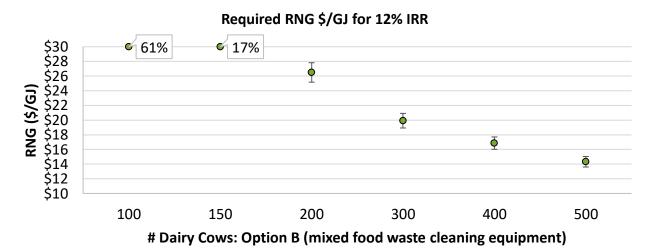


Figure 28: Farm Scenario #1 – 6: Required RNG Sale Price with No Additional Equipment

Summary of Results for Option B: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning Equipment

Figure 29 shows that with mixed food waste cleaning equipment, farms with ≥200 dairy cows can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is as low as \$13.60/GJ (500 dairy cow farms) to as high as \$27.83/GJ (200 dairy cow farms). Farms with ≤150 dairy cows require funding to be economically feasible.

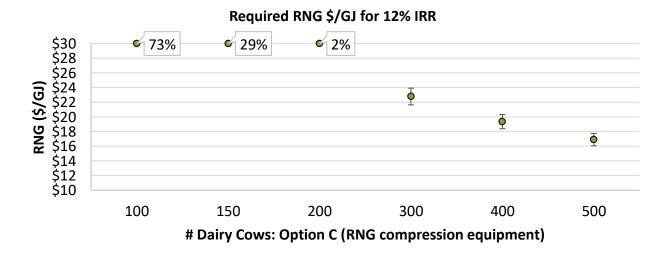
Figure 29: Farm Scenario #1 - 6: Required RNG Sale Price with Mixed Food Waste Cleaning Equipment



Summary of Results for Option C: RNG Compression Equipment

Figure 30 shows that with RNG compression equipment, farms with \geq 300 dairy cows can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is as low as \$16.06/GJ (500 dairy cow farms) to as high as \$23.92/GJ (300 dairy cow farms). Farms with \leq 200 dairy cows require funding to be economically feasible.

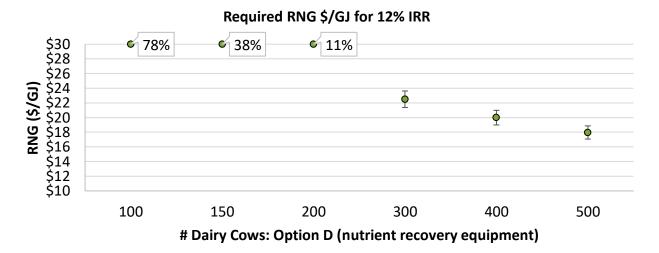
Figure 30: Farm Scenario #1 – 6: Required RNG Sale Price with RNG Compression Equipment



Summary of Results for Option D: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

Figure 31 shows that with nutrient recovery equipment, farms with \geq 300 dairy cows can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms as low as \$17.07/GJ (500 dairy cow farms) to as high as \$23.63/GJ (300 dairy cow farms). Farms with \leq 200 dairy cows require funding to be economically feasible.

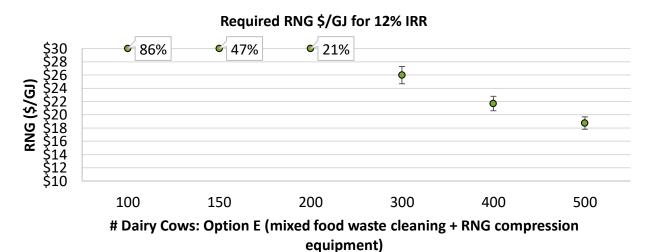
Figure 31: Farm Scenario #1 – 6: Required RNG Sale Price with Nutrient Recovery Equipment



Summary of Results for Option E: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & RNG Compression Equipment

Figure 32 shows that with mixed food waste and RNG compression equipment, farms with ≥300 dairy cows can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is as low as \$17.81/GJ (500 dairy cow farms) to as high as \$27.29/GJ (300 dairy cow farms). Farms with ≤200 dairy cows require funding to be economically feasible.

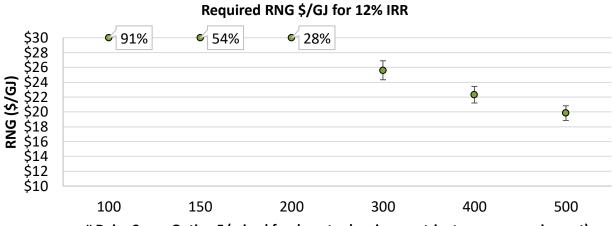
Figure 32: Farm Scenario #1 – 6: Required RNG Sale Price with Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & RNG Compression Equipment



Summary of Results for Option F: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

Figure 33 shows that with mixed food waste cleaning and nutrient recovery equipment, farms with ≥300 dairy cows can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is as low as \$18.85/GJ (500 dairy cow farms) to as high as \$26.90/GJ (300 dairy cow farms). Farms with ≤200 dairy cows require funding to be economically feasible.

Figure 33: Farm Scenario #1 – 6: Required RNG Sale Price with Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

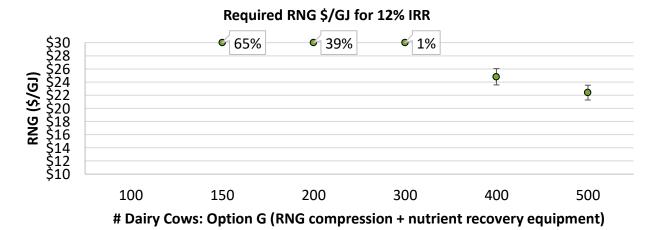


Dairy Cows: Option F (mixed food waste cleaning + nutrient recovery equipment)

Summary of Results for Option G: RNG Compression & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

Figure 34 shows that with RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment, farms with ≥400 dairy cows can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is as low as \$21.28/GJ (500 dairy cow farms) to as high as \$26.05/GJ (400 dairy cow farms). Farms with ≤300 dairy cows require funding to be economically feasible. Farms with 100 dairy cows aren't shown because they require >100% funding.

Figure 34: Farm Scenario #1 – 6: Required RNG Sale Price with RNG Compression & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

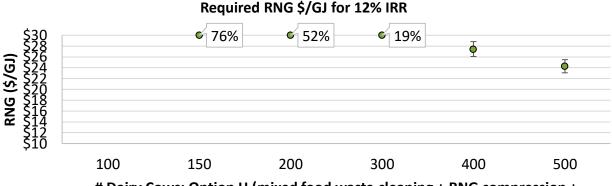


B.C. On-Farm Biogas Benchmark Study, Version 2

Summary of Results for Option H: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning, RNG Compression & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

Figure 35 shows that with mixed food waste, RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment, farms with \geq 400 dairy cows can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is as low as \$23.07/GJ (500 dairy cow farms) to as high as \$28.82/GJ (400 dairy cow farms). Farms with \leq 300 dairy cows require funding to be economically feasible. Farms with 100 dairy cows aren't shown because they require \geq 100% funding.

Figure 35: Farm Scenario #1 – 6: Required RNG Sale Price with Mixed Food Waste Cleaning, RNG Compression & Nutrient Recovery Equipment



Dairy Cows: Option H (mixed food waste cleaning + RNG compression + nutrient recovery equipment)

Summary of Results for Farm Scenario #1 – 6 Options A to H

Figure 36 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #1 - 6, Option A – H for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Because the required RNG sale price for many Farm Scenarios was >\$30/GJ (maximum RNG sale price payable in B.C.), Figure 36 was created without an RNG sale price limit for these Farm Scenarios. A logarithmic trend line was used as a line of best-fit.

Figure 36 shows that for all Farm Scenarios #1-6, the required RNG sale price decreases as dairy cow numbers increase. This is because biogas plants benefit from economies of scale (typically, the larger the biogas plant, the lower the cost per unit of biogas produced). The required RNG sale price for all Farm Scenarios #1-6 also increases as more equipment is required, with mixed food waste cleaning equipment having the smallest and nutrient recovery equipment having the largest impact. Finally, Figure 36 shows which Farm Scenario #1-6, Option A - H are currently economically feasible in B.C. Those below the dotted red line are economically feasible, while those above are not and therefore require funding to be economically feasible.

Required RNG \$/GJ for 12% IRR \$70 No equip Food waste equip \$65 RNG compression equip \$60 Nutrient recovery equip \$55 Food waste + RNG compression equip Food waste + nutrient recovery equip \$50 RNG compression + nutrient recovery equip \$45 RNG (\$/GJ) Food waste + RNG compression + nutrient recovery equip \$40 \$35 \$30 \$25 \$20 \$15 \$10 100 200 250 300 400 450 150 350 500 # Dairy Cows: Options A - H

Figure 36: Farm Scenario #1 – 6: Required Base RNG Sale Price†

Note: * Base price increases by 1%/year.

8.2 Farm Scenario #7 & 8: Cattle Manure + Mixed Food Waste

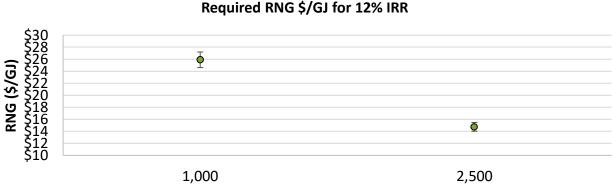
Farm Scenario #7 and 8 assessed the required RNG sale price for different sized cattle feedlots codigesting cattle manure and mixed food waste, using traditional biogas plant technology. Results for Farm Scenario #7 and 8, Option A – H are first shown separately based on different equipment choices: mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and/or nutrient recovery equipment. Where required RNG sale price is >\$30/GJ, the percentage of required funding is shown. Where required RNG sale price is <\$30/GJ, a bar representing +/- 5% is shown to account for price uncertainty.

Results for Farm Scenario #7 and 8, Option A – H are then shown collectively. To achieve this, and because many of the Farm Scenarios require an RNG sale price >\$30/GJ, calculations were carried out assuming no RNG sale price limit. While this is not the case in B.C., where maximum RNG sale price is \$30/GJ, this was necessary to show required RNG sale price for every Farm Scenario.

Summary of Results for Option A: No Additional Equipment

Figure 37 shows that without additional equipment, feedlots with ≥1,000 cattle can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is as low as \$14.00/GJ (2,500 cattle feedlots) to as high as \$27.20/GJ (1,000 cattle feedlots).

Figure 37: Farm Scenario #7 – 8: Required RNG Sale Price with No Additional Equipment

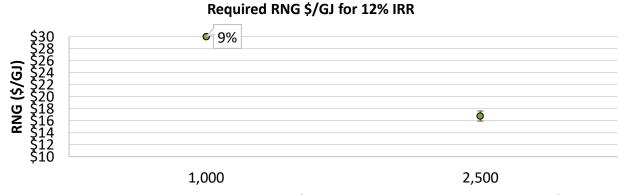


Feedlot Cattle: Option A (no additional equipment)

Summary of Results for Option B: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning Equipment

Figure 38 shows that with mixed food waste cleaning equipment, feedlots with ≥2,500 cattle can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is \$15.92 - \$17.60/GJ. Feedlots with 1,000 cattle 9% funding to be economically feasible.

Figure 38: Farm Scenario #7 – 8: Required RNG Sale Price with Mixed Food Waste Cleaning Equipment

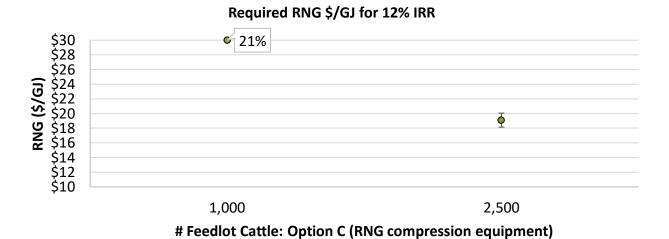


Feedlot Cattle: Option B (mixed food waste cleaning equipment)

Summary of Results for Option C: RNG Compression Equipment

Figure 39 shows that with RNG compression equipment, feedlots with ≥2,500 cattle can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is \$18.15 - \$20.07/GJ. Feedlots with 1,000 cattle 21% funding to be economically feasible.

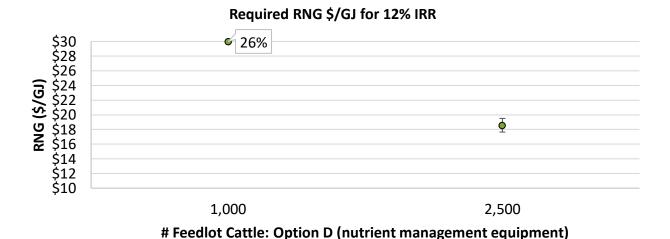
Figure 39: Farm Scenario #7 – 8: Required RNG Sale Price with RNG Compression Equipment



Summary of Results for Option D: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

Figure 40 shows that with nutrient recovery equipment, feedlots with ≥2,500 cattle can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is \$17.65 - \$19.51/GJ. Feedlots with 1,000 cattle require 26% funding to be economically feasible.

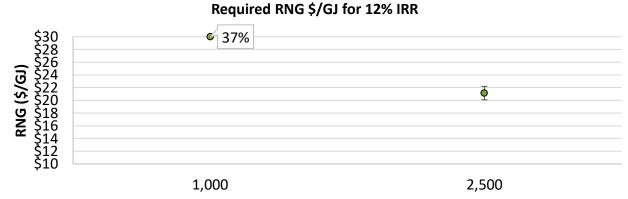
Figure 40: Farm Scenario #7 – 8: Required RNG Sale Price with Nutrient Recovery Equipment



Summary of Results for Option E: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & RNG Compression Equipment

Figure 41 shows that with mixed food waste cleaning and RNG compression equipment, feedlots with ≥2,500 cattle can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is \$20.08 - \$22.22/GJ. Feedlots with 1,000 cattle require 37% funding to be economically feasible.

Figure 41: Farm Scenario #7 – 8: Required RNG Sale Price with Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & RNG Compression Equipment

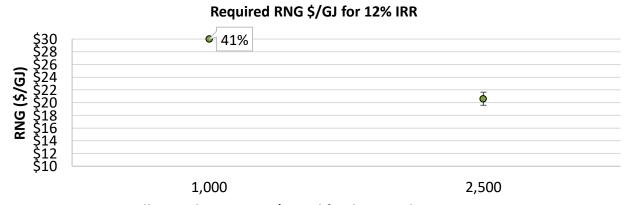


Feedlot Cattle: Option E (mixed food waste cleaning + RNG compression equipment)

Summary of Results for Option F: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

Figure 42 shows that with mixed food waste cleaning and nutrient recovery equipment, feedlots with ≥2,500 cattle can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is \$19.58 - \$21.64/GJ. Feedlots with 1,000 cattle require 41% funding to be economically feasible.

Figure 42: Farm Scenario #7 – 8: Required RNG Sale Price with Mixed Food Waste Cleaning & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

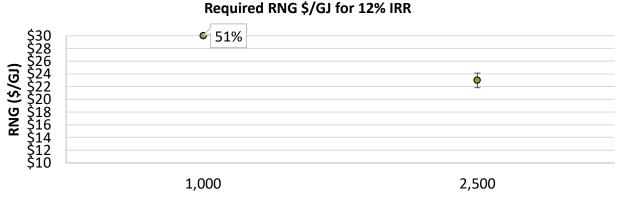


Feedlot Cattle: Option F (mixed food waste cleaning + nutrient recovery equipment)

Summary of Results for Option G: RNG Compression & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

Figure 43 shows that with RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment, feedlots with ≥2,500 cattle can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is \$21.83 - \$24.13/GJ. Feedlots with 1,000 cattle require 51% funding to be economically feasible.

Figure 43: Farm Scenario #7 – 8: Required RNG Sale Price with RNG Compression & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

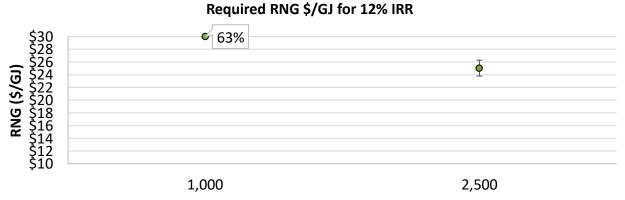


Feedlot Cattle: Option G (RNG compression + nutrient recovery equipment)

Summary of Results for Option H: Mixed Food Waste Cleaning, RNG Compression & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

Figure 44 shows that with mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment, feedlots with ≥2,500 cattle can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is \$23.79 - \$26.29/GJ. Feedlots with 1,000 cattle require 63% funding to be economically feasible.

Figure 44: Farm Scenario #7 – 8: Required RNG Sale Price with Mixed Food Waste Cleaning, RNG Compression & Nutrient Recovery Equipment



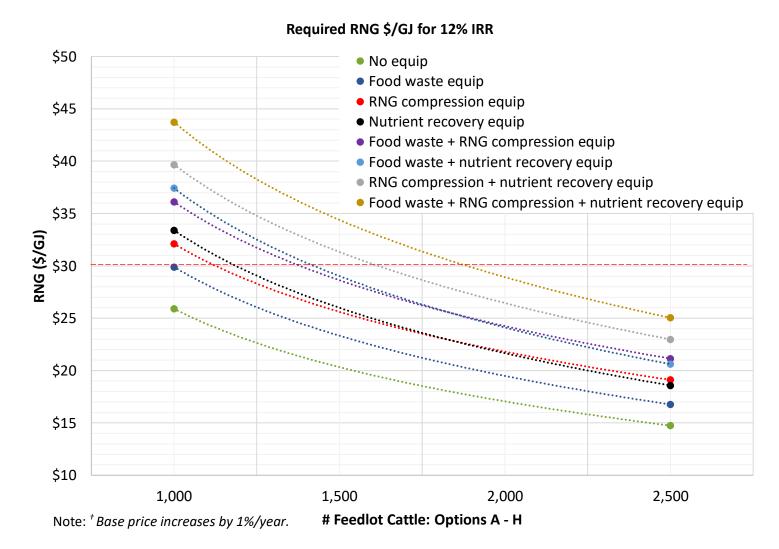
Feedlot Cattle: Option H (mixed food waste cleaning + RNG compression + nutrient recovery equipment)

Summary of Results for Farm Scenario #7 & 8 Options A to H

Figure 45 shows the required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #7 and 8, Option A – H for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Because the required RNG sale price for many Farm Scenarios was >\$30/GJ (maximum RNG sale price payable in B.C.), Figure 45 was created without an RNG sale price limit for these Farm Scenarios. A logarithmic trend line was used as a line of best-fit.

Figure 45 shows that for Farm Scenarios #8 and 9, the required RNG sale price decreases as feedlot cattle numbers increase. This is because biogas plants benefit from economies of scale (typically, the larger the biogas plant, the lower the cost per unit of biogas produced). The required RNG sale price for Farm Scenarios #8 and 9 also increases as more equipment is required, with mixed food waste cleaning equipment having the smallest and nutrient recovery equipment having the largest impact. Finally, Figure 45 shows which Farm Scenario #8 and 9 Options A — H are currently economically feasible in B.C. Those below the dotted red line are economically feasible, while those above are not and therefore require funding to be economically feasible.

Figure 45: Farm Scenario #7 - 8: Required Base RNG Sale Price†



8.3 Farm Scenario #9 – 13: Dairy Manure + Poultry Manure with Traditional Technology

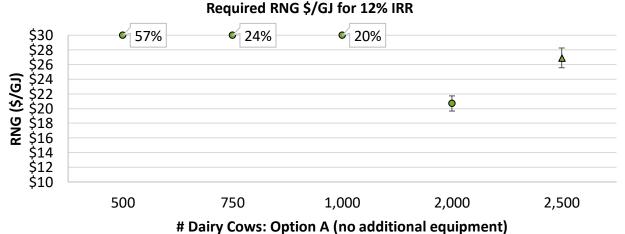
Farm Scenario #9 - 13 assessed the required RNG sale price for different sized dairy farms codigesting dairy manure and poultry manure, or digesting only dairy manure, using traditional biogas plant technology. Results for Farm Scenario #9 - 13, Option A - D are first shown separately based on different equipment choices; RNG compression and/or nutrient recovery equipment. Where required RNG sale price is >\$30/GJ, the percentage of required funding is shown. Where required RNG sale price is <\$30/GJ, a bar representing +/- 5% is shown to account for price uncertainty.

Results for Farm Scenario #9 - 13, Option A - D are then shown collectively. To achieve this, and because many of the Farm Scenarios require an RNG sale price >\$30/GJ, calculations were carried out assuming no RNG sale price limit. While this is not the case in B.C., where maximum RNG sale price is \$30/GJ, this was necessary to show required RNG sale price for every Farm Scenario.

Summary of Results for Option A: No Additional Equipment

Figure 46 shows that without additional equipment, farms with $\geq 2,000$ dairy cows can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is as low as \$19.65/GJ for 2,000 dairy cow farms co-digesting dairy and poultry manure, to as high as \$28.27/GJ for 2,500 dairy cow farms digesting dairy manure only. Farms with $\leq 1,000$ dairy cows require funding to be economically feasible.

Figure 46: Farm Scenario #9 – 13: Required RNG Sale Price with No Additional Equipment



Summary of Results for Option B: RNG Compression Equipment

Figure 47 shows that with RNG compression equipment, farms with \geq 2,000 dairy cows co-digesting dairy and poultry manure can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is \$23.46 - \$25.92/GJ. Farms with \leq 1,000 dairy cows co-digesting dairy and poultry manure, and farms with \leq 2,500 dairy cows digesting dairy manure only, require funding to be economically feasible.

Required RNG \$/GJ for 12% IRR \$30 **બ** 78% **47% 4** 39% **△** 16% \$28 \$26 \$24 \$22 \$20 \$18 \$16 ø RNG (\$/GJ) \$14 \$12 \$10 500 750 1,000 2,000 2,500 # Dairy Cows: Option B (RNG compression equipment)

Figure 47: Farm Scenario #9 – 13: Required RNG Sale Price with RNG Compression Equipment

Summary of Results for Option C: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

Figure 48 shows that with nutrient recovery equipment, farms with ≤2,000 dairy cows co-digesting dairy and poultry manure require funding to be economically feasible. Farms with 500 dairy cows co-digesting dairy and poultry manure, and farms with 2,500 dairy cows digesting dairy manure only aren't shown because they require >100% funding.

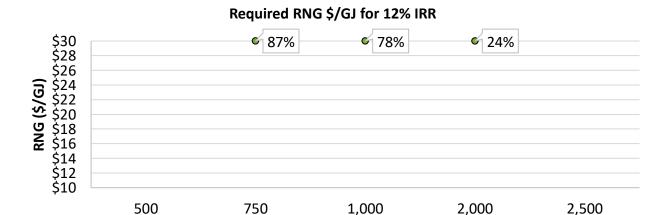


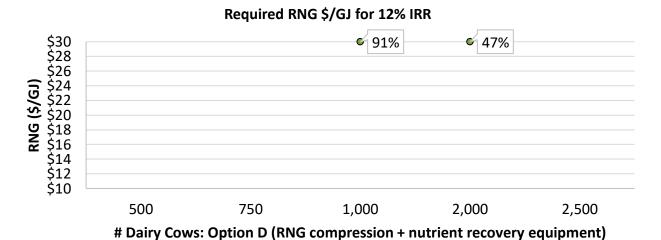
Figure 48: Farm Scenario #9 – 13: Required RNG Sale Price with Nutrient Recovery Equipment

Summary of Results for Option D: RNG Compression & Nutrient Recovery Equipment

Figure 49 shows that with RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment, farms with \leq 2,000 dairy cows co-digesting dairy and poultry manure require funding to be economically feasible. Farms with \leq 750 dairy cows co-digesting dairy and poultry manure, and farms with 2,500 dairy cows digesting manure only aren't shown because they require >100% funding.

Dairy Cows: Option C (nutrient recovery equipment)

Figure 49: Farm Scenario #9 – 13: Required RNG Sale Price with RNG Compression & Nutrient Recovery Equipment



Summary of Results for Farm Scenario #9 – 12 Options A to D

Figure 50 shows the required RNG $\$ /GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #9-12, Option A – D for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Because the required RNG sale price for many Farm Scenarios was >\$30/GJ (maximum RNG sale price payable in B.C.), Figure 50 was created without an RNG sale price limit for these Farm Scenarios. A logarithmic trend line was used as a line of best-fit.

Figure 50 shows that for all Farm Scenarios #9 - 12, the required RNG sale price decreases as dairy cow numbers increase. This is because biogas plants benefit from economies of scale (typically, the larger the biogas plant, the lower the cost per unit of biogas produced). The required RNG sale price for all Farm Scenarios #9 - 12 also increases as more equipment is required, with RNG compression equipment having the smallest and nutrient recovery equipment having the largest impacts. Finally, Figure 50 shows which Farm Scenario #9 - 12, Option A - D are currently economically feasible in B.C. Those below the dotted red line are economically feasible, while those above are not and therefore require funding to be economically feasible.

Required RNG \$/GJ for 12% IRR \$70 No equip RNG compression equip \$65 Nutrient recovery equip \$60 RNG compression + nutrient recovery equip \$55 \$50 RNG (\$/GJ) \$45 \$40 \$35 \$30 \$25 \$20 \$15 500 750 1,000 1,250 1,500 1,750 2,000 # Dairy Cows: Options A - D

Figure 50: Farm Scenario #9 – 12: Required Base RNG Sale Price†

Note: † Base price increases by 1%/year.

8.4 Farm Scenario #14 – 18: Dairy Manure + Poultry Manure with Modular Technology

Farm Scenario #14 - 18 assessed the required RNG sale price for different sized dairy farms codigesting dairy manure and poultry manure using modular biogas plant technology. Results for Farm Scenario #14 - 18, Option A and B are first shown separately based on different equipment choices: with and without nutrient recovery equipment. Where required RNG sale price is <\$30/GJ, the percentage of required funding is shown. Where required RNG sale price is <\$30/GJ, a bar representing +/- 5% is shown to account for price uncertainty.

Results for Farm Scenario #14 - 18, Option A and B are then shown collectively. To achieve this, and because many Farm Scenarios require an RNG sale price >\$30/GJ, calculations were carried out assuming no RNG sale price limit. While this is not the case in B.C., where maximum RNG sale price is \$30/GJ, this was necessary to show the required RNG sale price for every Farm Scenario.

Summary of Results for Option A: No Additional Equipment

Figure 51 shows that without additional equipment, farms with ≥750 dairy cows co-digesting dairy and poultry manure using modular technology can be economically feasible in B.C. without funding. The required RNG sale price for these farms is \$26.32 - \$29.09/GJ. Farms with ≤500 dairy cows co-digesting dairy and poultry manure using modular technology require funding to be economically feasible.

Required RNG \$/GJ for 12% IRR \$30 76% **53**% **4** 28% **બ** 21% \$28 \$26 \$24 \$22 \$20 \$18 \$16 \$14 \$12 \$10 200 300 400 500 750 # Dairy Cows: Option A (no additional equipment)

Figure 51: Farm Scenario #14 – 18: Required RNG Sale Price with No Additional Equipment

Summary of Results for Option B: Nutrient Recovery Equipment

\$14 \$12 \$10

200

Figure 52 shows that with nutrient recovery equipment, farms with ≤750 dairy cows co-digesting dairy and poultry manure using modular technology require funding to be economically feasible. Farms with ≤400 dairy cows aren't shown because they require >100% funding.



300

Figure 52: Farm Scenario #14 – 18: Required RNG Sale Price with Nutrient Recovery Equipment

Dairy Cows: Option B (nutrient recovery equipment)

400

500

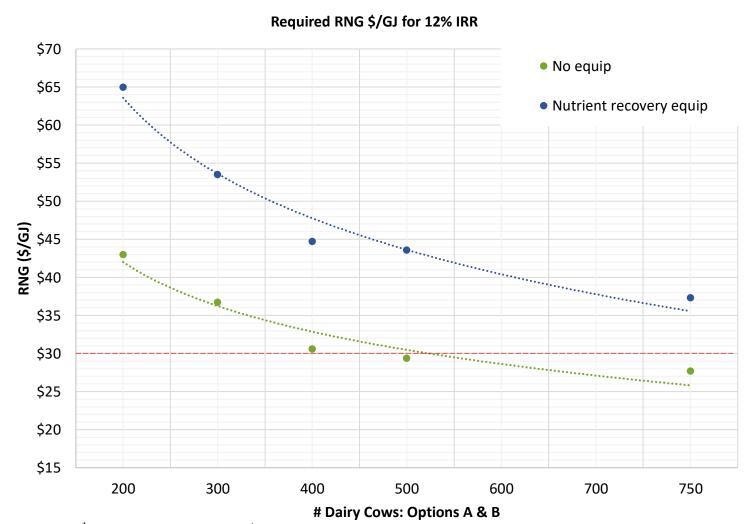
750

Summary of Results for Farm Scenario #14 – 18 Options A & B

Figure 53 shows required RNG \$/GJ sale price for Farm Scenario #14 – 18, Option A and B for an unlevered, pre-tax IRR of 12%. Because the required RNG sale price for many Farm Scenarios was >\$30/GJ (maximum RNG sale price payable in B.C.), Figure 53 was created without an RNG sale price limit for these Farm Scenarios. A logarithmic trend line was used as a line of best-fit.

Figure 53 shows that for all Farm Scenarios #14 - 18, the required RNG sale price decreases as dairy cow numbers increase. This is because biogas plants benefit from economies of scale (typically, the larger the biogas plant, the lower the cost per unit of biogas produced). The required RNG sale price for all Farm Scenarios #14 - 18 also increases when nutrient recovery equipment is required. Finally, Figure 53 shows which Farm Scenario #14 - 18, Option A and B are currently economically feasible in B.C. Those below the dotted red line are economically feasible, while those above are not and therefore require funding to be economically feasible.

Figure 53: Farm Scenario #14 - 18: Required Base RNG Sale Price†



Note: † Base price increases by 1%/year.



Greenhouse Gas Reductions

9. Greenhouse Gas Reductions

On-farm biogas plants capture methane from manure and mixed food waste that would otherwise go into the atmosphere. This methane, once upgraded to Renewable Natural Gas (RNG), displaces natural gas. Therefore, on-farm biogas plants reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Some methane escapes during biogas upgrading to RNG, natural gas is used to heat tanks, and digestate storage releases methane. Therefore, on-farm biogas plants produce greenhouse gas emissions.

To estimate greenhouse gas emission reductions from on-farm biogas plants in B.C., the B.C. Biogas & Composting Plant Greenhouse Gas Calculation Tool was used. To use this Tool a location for the biogas plant is required. Information on where mixed food waste used to go before being codigested in the biogas plant is also required. Finally, whether digestate fibre will be composted, and the number of years the biogas plant will operate are also required.

9.1 Farm Scenario #1 – 8: Greenhouse Gas Emission Reductions

For Farm Scenario #1 - 8, it was assumed that the biogas plants are located in the Fraser Valley. It was also assumed that 100% of mixed food waste co-digested used to be landfilled in the Vancouver landfill, and that this landfill captures 75% of the landfill gas it produces. Finally, it was assumed that no digestate fibre is composted, and that the biogas plants will operate for 20 years.³

Figure 54 shows average cost per tonne of carbon dioxide equivalent (CO_2e) reductions based on estimated CAPEX for the lowest (i.e., no additional equipment) and highest cost (i.e., mixed food waste cleaning, RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment) Farm Scenario #1 – 8 biogas plants. Not surprisingly, the larger the biogas plant for Farm Scenario #1 – 6 and #7 – 8 (i.e., the larger the volume of feedstock), the greater the greenhouse gas emission reductions and lower the cost per tonne.

Figure 54: Farm Scenario #1 – 8: Greenhouse Gas Emission Reductions

Farm Scenario	CAPEX (low)	CAPEX (high)	GJ/Year	Greenhouse Reductions (T/Year)	\$/Tonne CO₂e (low)	\$/Tonne CO₂e (high)
#1	\$4,431,272	\$7,045,467	24,980	2,784	\$79.58	\$126.53
#2	\$4,814,048	\$7,459,786	37,470	4,177	\$57.63	\$89.30
#3	\$5,726,801	\$8,404,082	49,959	5,569	\$51.42	\$75.45
#4	\$6,645,002	\$9,859,640	74,939	8,353	\$39.78	\$59.02
#5	\$7,971,006	\$11,593,654	99,919	11,137	\$35.79	\$52.05
#6	\$8,705,093	\$12,821,983	124,898	13,922	\$31.26	\$46.05
#7	\$5,857,596	\$8,524,466	45,837	3,859	\$75.90	\$110.45
#8	\$8,989,517	\$12,304,300	114,593	9,647	\$46.59	\$63.77

³ Choosing a different location for the biogas plant or landfill has minimal impact on estimated greenhouse gas emission reductions. If mixed food waste isn't going to a landfill, or if the landfill's gas capture system doesn't capture 75% of the landfill gas produced, estimated greenhouse gas emission reductions can be significantly different.

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9.2 Farm Scenario #9 – 13 Greenhouse Gas Emission Reductions

For Farm Scenario #9 - 13, it was assumed that the biogas plants are located in the Fraser Valley. It was also assumed that no digestate fibre is composted, and that the biogas plants will operate for 20 years.⁴

Figure 55 shows average cost per tonne of carbon dioxide equivalent (CO_2e) reductions based on estimated CAPEX for the lowest (i.e., no additional equipment) and highest cost (i.e., RNG compression and nutrient recovery equipment) Farm Scenario #9 - 13 biogas plants. Not surprisingly, for most Farm Scenarios #9 - 12, the larger the biogas plant (i.e., the larger the volume of feedstock), the greater the greenhouse gas emission reductions and lower the cost per tonne.

However, while greenhouse gas emission reductions are greater for Farm Scenario #11 (1,000 dairy cows) than Farm Scenario #10 (750 dairy cows), the cost per tonne of greenhouse gas emission reductions is slightly lower for Farm Scenario #10. This is because some biogas equipment is only built at certain sizes/for certain volumes. Therefore, when a piece of equipment is too small, the next size/volume up must be used, even if it is much larger (and therefore more expensive) than required. As such, while larger biogas plants will have greater greenhouse gas emission reductions, they aren't always guaranteed to provide the lowest cost greenhouse gas emission reductions.

Figure 55: Farm Scenario #9 – 13: Greenhouse Gas Emission Reductions

Farm Scenario	CAPEX (low)	CAPEX (high)	GJ/Year	Greenhouse Reductions (T/Year)	\$/Tonne CO₂e (low)	\$/Tonne CO₂e (high)
#9	\$5,279,016	\$7,033,175	26,848	2,198	\$120.09	\$159.99
#10	\$6,142,706	\$8,103,231	40,273	3,297	\$93.16	\$122.89
#11	\$8,497,355	\$10,951,681	53,697	4,397	\$96.63	\$124.54
#12	\$10,519,185	\$13,281,583	107,394	8,793	\$59.82	\$75.52
#13	\$7,655,380	\$10,076,046	40,368	7,956	\$48.11	\$63.32

9.3 Farm Scenario #14 – 18 Greenhouse Gas Emission Reductions

For Farm Scenario #14 - 18, it was assumed that the biogas plants are located in the Fraser Valley. It was also assumed that no digestate fibre is composted, and that the biogas plants will operate for 20 years.⁵

Figure 56 shows average cost per tonne of carbon dioxide equivalent (CO_2e) reductions based on estimated CAPEX for the lowest (i.e., no additional equipment) and highest cost (i.e., nutrient recovery equipment) Farm Scenario #14 - 18 biogas plants. Not surprisingly, for most Farm Scenarios, the larger the biogas plant (i.e., the larger the volume of feedstock), the greater the greenhouse gas emission reductions and lower the cost per tonne.

⁴ Ibid.

⁵ Ibid.

However, while greenhouse gas emission reductions are greater for Farm Scenario #17 (500 dairy cows) than Farm Scenario #16 (400 dairy cows), the cost per tonne of greenhouse gas emission reductions is slightly lower for Farm Scenario #16. This is because some biogas equipment is only built at certain sizes/for certain volumes. Therefore, when a piece of equipment is too small, the next size/volume up must be used, even if it is much larger (and therefore more expensive) than required. As such, while larger biogas plants will have greater greenhouse gas emission reductions, they aren't always guaranteed to provide the lowest cost greenhouse gas emission reductions.

Figure 56: Farm Scenario #14 – 18: Greenhouse Gas Emission Reductions

Farm Scenario	CAPEX (low)	CAPEX (high)	GJ/Year	Greenhouse Reductions (T/Year)	\$/Tonne CO₂e (low)	\$/Tonne CO₂e (high)
#14	\$1,837,204	\$2,436,916	10,739	879	\$104.51	\$138.62
#15	\$2,566,148	\$3,165,861	16,109	1,319	\$97.28	\$120.01
#16	\$2,878,968	\$3,478,681	21,479	1,759	\$81.84	\$98.88
#17	\$3,617,415	\$4,429,228	26,848	2,198	\$82.29	\$100.76
#18	\$4,662,536	\$5,686,449	40,273	3,297	\$70.71	\$86.24

9.4 Farm Scenario #19 & 20 Greenhouse Gas Emission Reductions

For Farm Scenario #19 and 20, it was assumed that the biogas plants are located in the Fraser Valley. It was also assumed that no digestate fibre is composted, and that the biogas plants will operate for 20 years.⁶

Figure 57 shows the cost per tonne of carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e) reductions based on estimated CAPEX for Farm Scenario 19 and 20 biogas plants. Not surprisingly, the larger the biogas plant (i.e., the larger the volume of feedstock), the greater the greenhouse gas emission reductions and lower the cost per tonne.

Figure 57: Farm Scenario #19 – 20: Greenhouse Gas Emission Reductions

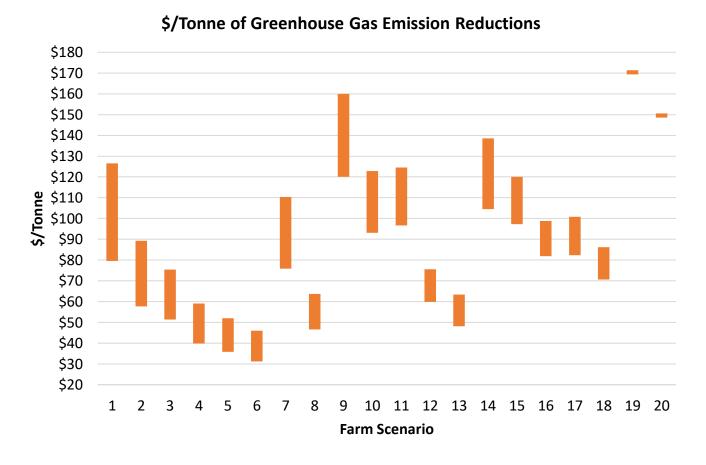
Farm Scenario	CAPEX	GJ/Year	Greenhouse Reductions (T/Year)	\$/Tonne CO₂e
#19	\$9,893,352	90,324	2,920	\$169.41
#20	\$17,351,333	180,648	5,840	\$148.56

⁶ Ibid.

9.5 Greenhouse Gas Emission Reduction Summary

Figure 58 shows the cost per tonne of carbon dioxide equivalent (CO_2e) reductions based on estimated CAPEX for all Farm Scenarios #1 - 20. Typically, the larger the biogas plant (i.e., the larger the volume of feedstock), the greater the greenhouse gas emission reductions and lower the cost per tonne.

Figure 58: Greenhouse Gas Emission Reductions Summary



Appendix A: Farm Scenario #1 - 100 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Off-Farm Feedstock Storage		\$180,000	\$180,000	\$180,000	\$180,000	\$180,000	\$180,000	\$180,000	\$180,000
Feedstock Pre-Treatment		\$0	\$500,000	\$0	\$0	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$0	\$500,000
Digester Tank		\$710,000	\$710,000	\$710,000	\$710,000	\$710,000	\$710,000	\$710,000	\$710,000
Pasteurization System		\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000
Heating and Hot Water Pipes		\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000
Control System		\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000
Buildings		\$137,500	\$330,000	\$137,500	\$357,500	\$330,000	\$550,000	\$357,500	\$550,000
Weigh Station		\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000
Misc.	5%	\$78,975	\$113,600	\$78,975	\$89,975	\$113,600	\$124,600	\$89,975	\$124,600
Subtotal		\$1,658,475	\$2,385,600	\$1,658,475	\$1,889,475	\$2,385,600	\$2,616,600	\$1,889,475	\$2,616,600
Biogas Upgrading									
Biogas Upgrader		\$1,460,000	\$1,460,000	\$1,460,000	\$1,460,000	\$1,460,000	\$1,460,000	\$1,460,000	\$1,460,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$43,800	\$43,800	\$43,800	\$43,800	\$43,800	\$43,800	\$43,800	\$43,800
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$640,583	\$0	\$640,583	\$0	\$640,583	\$640,583
Subtotal		\$2,008,800	\$2,008,800	\$2,649,383	\$2,008,800	\$2,649,383	\$2,008,800	\$2,649,383	\$2,649,383
Digestate Management									
Nutrient Recovery Equip		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$675,000	\$0	\$675,000	\$675,000	\$675,000
Additional Storage		\$186,842	\$186,842	\$186,842	\$186,842	\$186,842	\$186,842	\$186,842	\$186,842
Subtotal		\$186,842	\$186,842	\$186,842	\$861,842	\$186,842	\$861,842	\$861,842	\$861,842
Other Costs									
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$38,541	\$45,812	\$44,947	\$47,601	\$52,218	\$54,872	\$54,007	\$61,278
Site Prep + Civil Works	1.5%	\$57,812	\$68,719	\$67,421	\$71,402	\$78,327	\$82,309	\$81,011	\$91,917
Project Development	2%	\$77,082	\$91,625	\$89,894	\$95,202	\$104,437	\$109,745	\$108,014	\$122,557
Engineering & Project Mgt	5%	\$192,706	\$229,062	\$224,735	\$238,006	\$261,091	\$274,362	\$270,035	\$306,391
Risk Management	5%	\$211,013	\$250,823	\$246,085	\$260,616	\$285,895	\$300,427	\$295,688	\$335,498
Subtotal		\$577,154	\$686,041	\$673,081	\$712,828	\$781,968	\$821,715	\$808,755	\$917,642
Total Capital Costs		\$4,431,272	\$5,267,283	\$5,167,782	\$5,472,945	\$6,003,794	\$6,308,957	\$6,209,455	\$7,045,467

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Electrical Cost		\$34,697	\$34,697	\$34,697	\$34,697	\$34,697	\$34,697	\$34,697	\$34,697
Natural Gas Cost		\$26,229	\$26,229	\$26,229	\$26,229	\$26,229	\$26,229	\$26,229	\$26,229
Labour Cost		\$35,100	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$35,100	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$46,800
Service & Maintenance		\$40,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$75,000
Insurance + Legal + Acc		\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$33,170	\$47,712	\$33,170	\$37,790	\$47,712	\$52,332	\$37,790	\$52,332
Contingency	10%	\$21,419	\$27,544	\$21,419	\$21,881	\$27,544	\$28,006	\$21,881	\$28,006
Subtotal		\$235,614	\$302,981	\$235,614	\$240,696	\$302,981	\$308,063	\$240,696	\$308,063
Biogas Upgrading									
Electrical Cost		\$32,028	\$32,028	\$32,028	\$32,028	\$32,028	\$32,028	\$32,028	\$32,028
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$5,338	\$5,338	\$5,338	\$5,338	\$5,338	\$5,338	\$5,338	\$5,338
Consumables (e.g., oil)		\$10,676	\$10,676	\$10,676	\$10,676	\$10,676	\$10,676	\$10,675.93	\$10,676
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$29,200	\$29,200	\$42,012	\$29,200	\$42,012	\$29,200	\$42,012	\$42,012
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$117,815	\$0	\$117,815	\$0	\$117,815	\$117,815
Contingency	10%	\$19,064	\$19,064	\$32,127	\$19,064	\$32,127	\$19,064	\$32,127	\$32,127
Subtotal		\$209,706	\$209,706	\$353,395	\$209,706	\$353,395	\$209,706	\$353,395	\$353,395
Digestate Management									
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,520	\$0	\$17,520	\$17,520	\$17,520
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$33,750	\$0	\$33,750	\$33,750	\$33,750
Labour Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$46,800	\$0	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$38,534	\$0	\$38,534	\$38,534	\$38,534
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$13,500	\$0	\$13,500	\$13,500	\$13,500
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$15,010	\$0	\$15,010	\$15,010	\$15,010
Subtotal		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$165,114	\$0	\$165,114	\$165,114	\$165,114
Total Operating Costs		\$445,320	\$512,687	\$589,010	\$615,516	\$656,376	\$682,883	\$759,206	\$826,573

Appendix B: Farm Scenario #2 - 150 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Off-Farm Feedstock Storage		\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000
Feedstock Pre-Treatment		\$0	\$500,000	\$0	\$0	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$0	\$500,000
Digester Tank		\$810,000	\$810,000	\$810,000	\$810,000	\$810,000	\$810,000	\$810,000	\$810,000
Pasteurization System		\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000
Heating and Hot Water Pipes		\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000
Control System		\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000
Buildings		\$137,500	\$330,000	\$137,500	\$357,500	\$330,000	\$550,000	\$357,500	\$550,000
Weigh Station		\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000
Misc.	5%	\$85,475	\$120,100	\$85,475	\$96,475	\$120,100	\$131,100	\$96,475	\$131,100
Subtotal		\$1,794,975	\$2,522,100	\$1,794,975	\$2,025,975	\$2,522,100	\$2,753,100	\$2,025,975	\$2,753,100
Biogas Upgrading									
Biogas Upgrader		\$1,560,000	\$1,560,000	\$1,560,000	\$1,560,000	\$1,560,000	\$1,560,000	\$1,560,000	\$1,560,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$668,017	\$0	\$668,017	\$0	\$668,017	\$668,017
Subtotal		\$2,111,800	\$2,111,800	\$2,779,817	\$2,111,800	\$2,779,817	\$2,111,800	\$2,779,817	\$2,779,817
Digestate Management									
Nutrient Recovery Equip		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$675,000	\$0	\$675,000	\$675,000	\$675,000
Additional Storage		\$280,264	\$280,264	\$280,264	\$280,264	\$280,264	\$280,264	\$280,264	\$280,264
Subtotal		\$280,264	\$280,264	\$280,264	\$955,264	\$280,264	\$955,264	\$955,264	\$955,264
Other Costs									
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$41,870	\$49,142	\$48,551	\$50,930	\$55,822	\$58,202	\$57,611	\$64,882
Site Prep + Civil Works	1.5%	\$62,806	\$73,712	\$72,826	\$76,396	\$83,733	\$87,302	\$86,416	\$97,323
Project Development	2%	\$83,741	\$98,283	\$97,101	\$101,861	\$111,644	\$116,403	\$115,221	\$129,764
Engineering & Project Mgt	5%	\$209,352	\$245,708	\$242,753	\$254,652	\$279,109	\$291,008	\$288,053	\$324,409
Risk Management	5%	\$229,240	\$269,050	\$265,814	\$278,844	\$305,624	\$318,654	\$315,418	\$355,228
Subtotal		\$627,009	\$735,896	\$727,045	\$762,683	\$835,932	\$871,570	\$862,718	\$971,605
Total Capital Costs		\$4,814,048	\$5,650,060	\$5,582,101	\$5,855,721	\$6,418,113	\$6,691,733	\$6,623,774	\$7,459,786

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Electrical Cost		\$52,045	\$52,045	\$52,045	\$52,045	\$52,045	\$52,045	\$52,045	\$52,045
Natural Gas Cost		\$39,343	\$39,343	\$39,343	\$39,343	\$39,343	\$39,343	\$39,343	\$39,343
Labour Cost		\$35,100	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$35,100	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$46,800
Service & Maintenance		\$40,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$75,000
Insurance + Legal + Acc		\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$35,900	\$50,442	\$35,900	\$40,520	\$50,442	\$55,062	\$40,520	\$55,062
Contingency	10%	\$24,739	\$30,863	\$24,739	\$25,201	\$30,863	\$31,325	\$25,201	\$31,325
Subtotal		\$272,126	\$339,493	\$272,126	\$277,208	\$339,493	\$344,575	\$277,208	\$344,575
Biogas Upgrading									
Electrical Cost		\$48,042	\$48,042	\$48,042	\$48,042	\$48,042	\$48,042	\$48,042	\$48,042
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$8,007	\$8,007	\$8,007	\$8,007	\$8,007	\$8,007	\$8,007	\$8,007
Consumables (e.g., oil)		\$16,014	\$16,014	\$16,014	\$16,014	\$16,014	\$16,014	\$16,013.90	\$16,014
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$31,200	\$31,200	\$44,560	\$31,200	\$44,560	\$31,200	\$44,560	\$44,560
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$127,861	\$0	\$127,861	\$0	\$127,861	\$127,861
Contingency	10%	\$21,666	\$21,666	\$35,788	\$21,666	\$35,788	\$21,666	\$35,788	\$35,788
Subtotal		\$238,329	\$238,329	\$393,672	\$238,329	\$393,672	\$238,329	\$393,672	\$393,672
Digestate Management									
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,520	\$0	\$17,520	\$17,520	\$17,520
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$33,750	\$0	\$33,750	\$33,750	\$33,750
Labour Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$46,800	\$0	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$57,801	\$0	\$57,801	\$57,801	\$57,801
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$13,500	\$0	\$13,500	\$13,500	\$13,500
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$16,937	\$0	\$16,937	\$16,937	\$16,937
Subtotal		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$186,308	\$0	\$186,308	\$186,308	\$186,308
Total Operating Costs		\$510,455	\$577,822	\$665,799	\$701,845	\$733,165	\$769,212	\$857,188	\$924,555

Appendix C: Farm Scenario #3 - 200 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Off-Farm Feedstock Storage		\$225,000	\$225,000	\$225,000	\$225,000	\$225,000	\$225,000	\$225,000	\$225,000
Feedstock Pre-Treatment		\$0	\$500,000	\$0	\$0	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$0	\$500,000
Digester Tank		\$1,020,000	\$1,020,000	\$1,020,000	\$1,020,000	\$1,020,000	\$1,020,000	\$1,020,000	\$1,020,000
Pasteurization System		\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000
Heating and Hot Water Pipes		\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000
Control System		\$120,000	\$120,000	\$120,000	\$120,000	\$120,000	\$120,000	\$120,000	\$120,000
Buildings		\$137,500	\$330,000	\$137,500	\$357,500	\$330,000	\$550,000	\$357,500	\$550,000
Weigh Station		\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000
Misc.	5%	\$105,125	\$139,750	\$105,125	\$116,125	\$139,750	\$150,750	\$116,125	\$150,750
Subtotal		\$2,207,625	\$2,934,750	\$2,207,625	\$2,438,625	\$2,934,750	\$3,165,750	\$2,438,625	\$3,165,750
Biogas Upgrading									
Biogas Upgrader		\$1,820,000	\$1,820,000	\$1,820,000	\$1,820,000	\$1,820,000	\$1,820,000	\$1,820,000	\$1,820,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$54,600	\$54,600	\$54,600	\$54,600	\$54,600	\$54,600	\$54,600	\$54,600
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$695,452	\$0	\$695,452	\$0	\$695,452	\$695,452
Subtotal		\$2,399,600	\$2,399,600	\$3,095,052	\$2,399,600	\$3,095,052	\$2,399,600	\$3,095,052	\$3,095,052
Digestate Management									
Nutrient Recovery Equip		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$675,000	\$0	\$675,000	\$675,000	\$675,000
Additional Storage		\$373,685	\$373,685	\$373,685	\$373,685	\$373,685	\$373,685	\$373,685	\$373,685
Subtotal		\$373,685	\$373,685	\$373,685	\$1,048,685	\$373,685	\$1,048,685	\$1,048,685	\$1,048,685
Other Costs									
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$49,809	\$57,080	\$56,764	\$58,869	\$64,035	\$66,140	\$65,824	\$73,095
Site Prep + Civil Works	1.5%	\$74,714	\$85,621	\$85,145	\$88,304	\$96,052	\$99,211	\$98,735	\$109,642
Project Development	2%	\$99,618	\$114,161	\$113,527	\$117,738	\$128,070	\$132,281	\$131,647	\$146,190
Engineering & Project Mgt	5%	\$249,045	\$285,402	\$283,818	\$294,345	\$320,174	\$330,702	\$329,118	\$365,474
Risk Management	5%	\$272,705	\$312,515	\$310,781	\$322,308	\$350,591	\$362,118	\$360,384	\$400,194
Subtotal		\$745,891	\$854,778	\$850,035	\$881,565	\$958,922	\$990,452	\$985,709	\$1,094,596
Total Capital Costs		\$5,726,801	\$6,562,813	\$6,526,397	\$6,768,475	\$7,362,409	\$7,604,487	\$7,568,070	\$8,404,082

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Electrical Cost		\$69,394	\$69,394	\$69,394	\$69,394	\$69,394	\$69,394	\$69,394	\$69,394
Natural Gas Cost		\$52,457	\$52,457	\$52,457	\$52,457	\$52,457	\$52,457	\$52,457	\$52,457
Labour Cost		\$35,100	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$35,100	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$46,800
Service & Maintenance		\$40,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$75,000
Insurance + Legal + Acc		\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$44,153	\$58,695	\$44,153	\$48,773	\$58,695	\$63,315	\$48,773	\$63,315
Contingency	10%	\$28,610	\$34,735	\$28,610	\$29,072	\$34,735	\$35,197	\$29,072	\$35,197
Subtotal		\$314,714	\$382,080	\$314,714	\$319,796	\$382,080	\$387,162	\$319,796	\$387,162
Biogas Upgrading									
Electrical Cost		\$64,056	\$64,056	\$64,056	\$64,056	\$64,056	\$64,056	\$64,056	\$64,056
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$10,676	\$10,676	\$10,676	\$10,676	\$10,676	\$10,676	\$10,676	\$10,676
Consumables (e.g., oil)		\$21,352	\$21,352	\$21,352	\$21,352	\$21,352	\$21,352	\$21,351.86	\$21,352
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$36,400	\$36,400	\$50,309	\$36,400	\$50,309	\$36,400	\$50,309	\$50,309
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$137,907	\$0	\$137,907	\$0	\$137,907	\$137,907
Contingency	10%	\$24,588	\$24,588	\$39,770	\$24,588	\$39,770	\$24,588	\$39,770	\$39,770
Subtotal		\$270,472	\$270,472	\$437,469	\$270,472	\$437,469	\$270,472	\$437,469	\$437,469
Digestate Management									
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,520	\$0	\$17,520	\$17,520	\$17,520
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$33,750	\$0	\$33,750	\$33,750	\$33,750
Labour Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$46,800	\$0	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$77,067	\$0	\$77,067	\$77,067	\$77,067
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$13,500	\$0	\$13,500	\$13,500	\$13,500
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$18,864	\$0	\$18,864	\$18,864	\$18,864
Subtotal		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$207,501	\$0	\$207,501	\$207,501	\$207,501
Total Operating Costs		\$585,185	\$652,552	\$752,183	\$797,769	\$819,550	\$865,135	\$964,766	\$1,032,133

Appendix D: Farm Scenario #4 - 300 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Off-Farm Feedstock Storage		\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000
Feedstock Pre-Treatment		\$0	\$750,000	\$0	\$0	\$750,000	\$750,000	\$0	\$750,000
Digester Tank		\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000
Pasteurization System		\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000
Heating and Hot Water Pipes		\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000	\$210,000
Control System		\$120,000	\$120,000	\$120,000	\$120,000	\$120,000	\$120,000	\$120,000	\$120,000
Buildings		\$137,500	\$330,000	\$137,500	\$357,500	\$330,000	\$550,000	\$357,500	\$550,000
Weigh Station		\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000
Misc.	5%	\$123,375	\$170,500	\$123,375	\$134,375	\$170,500	\$181,500	\$134,375	\$181,500
Subtotal		\$2,590,875	\$3,580,500	\$2,590,875	\$2,821,875	\$3,580,500	\$3,811,500	\$2,821,875	\$3,811,500
Biogas Upgrading									
Biogas Upgrader		\$2,050,000	\$2,050,000	\$2,050,000	\$2,050,000	\$2,050,000	\$2,050,000	\$2,050,000	\$2,050,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$61,500	\$61,500	\$61,500	\$61,500	\$61,500	\$61,500	\$61,500	\$61,500
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$900,320	\$0	\$900,320	\$0	\$900,320	\$900,320
Subtotal		\$2,681,500	\$2,681,500	\$3,581,820	\$2,681,500	\$3,581,820	\$2,681,500	\$3,581,820	\$3,581,820
Digestate Management									
Nutrient Recovery Equip		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$675,000	\$0	\$675,000	\$675,000	\$675,000
Additional Storage		\$507,144	\$507,144	\$507,144	\$507,144	\$507,144	\$507,144	\$507,144	\$507,144
Subtotal		\$507,144	\$507,144	\$507,144	\$1,182,144	\$507,144	\$1,182,144	\$1,182,144	\$1,182,144
Other Costs									
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$57,795	\$67,691	\$66,798	\$66,855	\$76,695	\$76,751	\$75,858	\$85,755
Site Prep + Civil Works	1.5%	\$86,693	\$101,537	\$100,198	\$100,283	\$115,042	\$115,127	\$113,788	\$128,632
Project Development	2%	\$115,590	\$135,383	\$133,597	\$133,710	\$153,389	\$153,503	\$151,717	\$171,509
Engineering & Project Mgt	5%	\$288,976	\$338,457	\$333,992	\$334,276	\$383,473	\$383,757	\$379,292	\$428,773
Risk Management	5%	\$316,429	\$370,611	\$365,721	\$366,032	\$419,903	\$420,214	\$415,325	\$469,507
Subtotal		\$865,483	\$1,013,679	\$1,000,306	\$1,001,156	\$1,148,502	\$1,149,353	\$1,135,979	\$1,284,176
Total Capital Costs		\$6,645,002	\$7,782,823	\$7,680,145	\$7,686,675	\$8,817,966	\$8,824,497	\$8,721,818	\$9,859,640

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Electrical Cost		\$104,090	\$104,090	\$104,090	\$104,090	\$104,090	\$104,090	\$104,090	\$104,090
Natural Gas Cost		\$78,686	\$78,686	\$78,686	\$78,686	\$78,686	\$78,686	\$78,686	\$78,686
Labour Cost		\$35,100	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$35,100	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$46,800
Service & Maintenance		\$40,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$75,000
Insurance + Legal + Acc		\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$51,818	\$71,610	\$51,818	\$56,438	\$71,610	\$76,230	\$56,438	\$76,230
Contingency	10%	\$35,469	\$42,119	\$35,469	\$35,931	\$42,119	\$42,581	\$35,931	\$42,581
Subtotal		\$390,163	\$463,305	\$390,163	\$395,245	\$463,305	\$468,387	\$395,245	\$468,387
Biogas Upgrading									
Electrical Cost		\$96,083	\$96,083	\$96,083	\$96,083	\$96,083	\$96,083	\$96,083	\$96,083
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$16,014	\$16,014	\$16,014	\$16,014	\$16,014	\$16,014	\$16,014	\$16,014
Consumables (e.g., oil)		\$32,028	\$32,028	\$32,028	\$32,028	\$32,028	\$32,028	\$32,027.79	\$32,028
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$41,000	\$41,000	\$59,006	\$41,000	\$59,006	\$41,000	\$59,006	\$59,006
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$233,936	\$0	\$233,936	\$0	\$233,936	\$233,936
Contingency	10%	\$29,853	\$29,853	\$55,047	\$29,853	\$55,047	\$29,853	\$55,047	\$55,047
Subtotal		\$328,378	\$328,378	\$605,514	\$328,378	\$605,514	\$328,378	\$605,514	\$605,514
Digestate Management									
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,520	\$0	\$17,520	\$17,520	\$17,520
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$33,750	\$0	\$33,750	\$33,750	\$33,750
Labour Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$46,800	\$0	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$115,601	\$0	\$115,601	\$115,601	\$115,601
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$13,500	\$0	\$13,500	\$13,500	\$13,500
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,717	\$0	\$22,717	\$22,717	\$22,717
Subtotal		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$249,888	\$0	\$249,888	\$249,888	\$249,888
Total Operating Costs		\$718,541	\$791,683	\$995,678	\$973,511	\$1,068,819	\$1,046,653	\$1,250,648	\$1,323,790

Appendix E: Farm Scenario #5 - 400 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Off-Farm Feedstock Storage		\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000
Feedstock Pre-Treatment		\$0	\$750,000	\$0	\$0	\$750,000	\$750,000	\$0	\$750,000
Digester Tank		\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000
Pasteurization System		\$375,000	\$375,000	\$375,000	\$375,000	\$375,000	\$375,000	\$375,000	\$375,000
Heating and Hot Water Pipes		\$280,000	\$280,000	\$280,000	\$280,000	\$280,000	\$280,000	\$280,000	\$280,000
Control System		\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000
Buildings		\$137,500	\$330,000	\$137,500	\$357,500	\$330,000	\$550,000	\$357,500	\$550,000
Weigh Station		\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000
Misc.	5%	\$150,625	\$197,750	\$150,625	\$161,625	\$197,750	\$208,750	\$161,625	\$208,750
Subtotal		\$3,163,125	\$4,152,750	\$3,163,125	\$3,394,125	\$4,152,750	\$4,383,750	\$3,394,125	\$4,383,750
Biogas Upgrading									
Biogas Upgrader		\$2,450,000	\$2,450,000	\$2,450,000	\$2,450,000	\$2,450,000	\$2,450,000	\$2,450,000	\$2,450,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$73,500	\$73,500	\$73,500	\$73,500	\$73,500	\$73,500	\$73,500	\$73,500
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$955,189	\$0	\$955,189	\$0	\$955,189	\$955,189
Subtotal		\$3,093,500	\$3,093,500	\$4,048,689	\$3,093,500	\$4,048,689	\$3,093,500	\$4,048,689	\$4,048,689
Digestate Management									
Nutrient Recovery Equip		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$975,000	\$0	\$975,000	\$975,000	\$975,000
Additional Storage		\$676,192	\$676,192	\$676,192	\$676,192	\$676,192	\$676,192	\$676,192	\$676,192
Subtotal		\$676,192	\$676,192	\$676,192	\$1,651,192	\$676,192	\$1,651,192	\$1,651,192	\$1,651,192
Other Costs									
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$69,328	\$79,224	\$78,880	\$81,388	\$88,776	\$91,284	\$90,940	\$100,836
Site Prep + Civil Works	1.5%	\$103,992	\$118,837	\$118,320	\$122,082	\$133,164	\$136,927	\$136,410	\$151,254
Project Development	2%	\$138,656	\$158,449	\$157,760	\$162,776	\$177,553	\$182,569	\$181,880	\$201,673
Engineering & Project Mgt	5%	\$346,641	\$396,122	\$394,400	\$406,941	\$443,882	\$456,422	\$454,700	\$504,182
Risk Management	5%	\$379,572	\$433,754	\$431,868	\$445,600	\$486,050	\$499,782	\$497,897	\$552,079
Subtotal		\$1,038,189	\$1,186,386	\$1,181,229	\$1,218,788	\$1,329,425	\$1,366,984	\$1,361,827	\$1,510,024
Total Capital Costs		\$7,971,006	\$9,108,827	\$9,069,234	\$9,357,604	\$10,207,056	\$10,495,426	\$10,455,833	\$11,593,654

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Electrical Cost		\$138,787	\$138,787	\$138,787	\$138,787	\$138,787	\$138,787	\$138,787	\$138,787
Natural Gas Cost		\$104,915	\$104,915	\$104,915	\$104,915	\$104,915	\$104,915	\$104,915	\$104,915
Labour Cost		\$35,100	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$35,100	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$46,800
Service & Maintenance		\$40,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$75,000
Insurance + Legal + Acc		\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$63,263	\$83,055	\$63,263	\$67,883	\$83,055	\$87,675	\$67,883	\$87,675
Contingency	10%	\$42,706	\$49,356	\$42,706	\$43,168	\$49,356	\$49,818	\$43,168	\$49,818
Subtotal		\$469,771	\$542,912	\$469,771	\$474,853	\$542,912	\$547,994	\$474,853	\$547,994
Biogas Upgrading									
Electrical Cost		\$128,111	\$128,111	\$128,111	\$128,111	\$128,111	\$128,111	\$128,111	\$128,111
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$21,352	\$21,352	\$21,352	\$21,352	\$21,352	\$21,352	\$21,352	\$21,352
Consumables (e.g., oil)		\$42,704	\$42,704	\$42,704	\$42,704	\$42,704	\$42,704	\$42,703.72	\$42,704
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$49,000	\$49,000	\$68,104	\$49,000	\$68,104	\$49,000	\$68,104	\$68,104
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$254,028	\$0	\$254,028	\$0	\$254,028	\$254,028
Contingency	10%	\$35,457	\$35,457	\$62,770	\$35,457	\$62,770	\$35,457	\$62,770	\$62,770
Subtotal		\$390,023	\$390,023	\$690,468	\$390,023	\$690,468	\$390,023	\$690,468	\$690,468
Digestate Management									
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,520	\$0	\$17,520	\$17,520	\$17,520
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$48,750	\$0	\$48,750	\$48,750	\$48,750
Labour Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$46,800	\$0	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$154,135	\$0	\$154,135	\$154,135	\$154,135
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$19,500	\$0	\$19,500	\$19,500	\$19,500
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$28,670	\$0	\$28,670	\$28,670	\$28,670
Subtotal		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$315,375	\$0	\$315,375	\$315,375	\$315,375
Total Operating Costs		\$859,794	\$932,936	\$1,160,239	\$1,180,252	\$1,233,381	\$1,253,393	\$1,480,697	\$1,553,838

Appendix F: Farm Scenario #6 - 500 Dairy Cows + Mixed Food Waste <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Off-Farm Feedstock Storage		\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000
Feedstock Pre-Treatment		\$0	\$750,000	\$0	\$0	\$750,000	\$750,000	\$0	\$750,000
Digester Tank		\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000
Pasteurization System		\$375,000	\$375,000	\$375,000	\$375,000	\$375,000	\$375,000	\$375,000	\$375,000
Heating and Hot Water Pipes		\$350,000	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$350,000
Control System		\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000
Buildings		\$137,500	\$330,000	\$137,500	\$357,500	\$330,000	\$550,000	\$357,500	\$550,000
Weigh Station		\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000
Misc.	5%	\$156,125	\$203,250	\$156,125	\$167,125	\$203,250	\$214,250	\$167,125	\$214,250
Subtotal		\$3,278,625	\$4,268,250	\$3,278,625	\$3,509,625	\$4,268,250	\$4,499,250	\$3,509,625	\$4,499,250
Biogas Upgrading									
Biogas Upgrader		\$2,880,000	\$2,880,000	\$2,880,000	\$2,880,000	\$2,880,000	\$2,880,000	\$2,880,000	\$2,880,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$86,400	\$86,400	\$86,400	\$86,400	\$86,400	\$86,400	\$86,400	\$86,400
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$1,160,058	\$0	\$1,160,058	\$0	\$1,160,058	\$1,160,058
Subtotal		\$3,536,400	\$3,536,400	\$4,696,458	\$3,536,400	\$4,696,458	\$3,536,400	\$4,696,458	\$4,696,458
Digestate Management									
Nutrient Recovery Equip		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,200,000	\$0	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
Additional Storage		\$756,267	\$756,267	\$756,267	\$756,267	\$756,267	\$756,267	\$756,267	\$756,267
Subtotal		\$756,267	\$756,267	\$756,267	\$1,956,267	\$756,267	\$1,956,267	\$1,956,267	\$1,956,267
Other Costs									
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$75,713	\$85,609	\$87,313	\$90,023	\$97,210	\$99,919	\$101,623	\$111,520
Site Prep + Civil Works	1.5%	\$113,569	\$128,414	\$130,970	\$135,034	\$145,815	\$149,879	\$152,435	\$167,280
Project Development	2%	\$151,426	\$171,218	\$174,627	\$180,046	\$194,419	\$199,838	\$203,247	\$223,039
Engineering & Project Mgt	5%	\$378,565	\$428,046	\$436,567	\$450,115	\$486,049	\$499,596	\$508,117	\$557,599
Risk Management	5%	\$414,528	\$468,710	\$478,041	\$492,875	\$532,223	\$547,057	\$556,389	\$610,571
Subtotal		\$1,133,801	\$1,281,997	\$1,307,520	\$1,348,093	\$1,455,716	\$1,496,290	\$1,521,812	\$1,670,008
Total Capital Costs		\$8,705,093	\$9,842,914	\$10,038,869	\$10,350,385	\$11,176,691	\$11,488,207	\$11,684,161	\$12,821,983

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Electrical Cost		\$173,484	\$173,484	\$173,484	\$173,484	\$173,484	\$173,484	\$173,484	\$173,484
Natural Gas Cost		\$131,143	\$131,143	\$131,143	\$131,143	\$131,143	\$131,143	\$131,143	\$131,143
Labour Cost		\$35,100	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$35,100	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$46,800
Service & Maintenance		\$40,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$75,000
Insurance + Legal + Acc		\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$65,573	\$85,365	\$65,573	\$70,193	\$85,365	\$89,985	\$70,193	\$89,985
Contingency	10%	\$49,030	\$55,679	\$49,030	\$49,492	\$55,679	\$56,141	\$49,492	\$56,141
Subtotal		\$539,330	\$612,471	\$539,330	\$544,412	\$612,471	\$617,553	\$544,412	\$617,553
Biogas Upgrading									
Electrical Cost		\$160,139	\$160,139	\$160,139	\$160,139	\$160,139	\$160,139	\$160,139	\$160,139
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$26,690	\$26,690	\$26,690	\$26,690	\$26,690	\$26,690	\$26,690	\$26,690
Consumables (e.g., oil)		\$53,380	\$53,380	\$53,380	\$53,380	\$53,380	\$53,380	\$53,379.65	\$53,380
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$57,600	\$57,600	\$80,801	\$57,600	\$80,801	\$57,600	\$80,801	\$80,801
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$281,620	\$0	\$281,620	\$0	\$281,620	\$281,620
Contingency	10%	\$41,121	\$41,121	\$71,603	\$41,121	\$71,603	\$41,121	\$71,603	\$71,603
Subtotal		\$452,329	\$452,329	\$787,632	\$452,329	\$787,632	\$452,329	\$787,632	\$787,632
Digestate Management									
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$30,660	\$0	\$30,660	\$30,660	\$30,660
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$60,000	\$0	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000
Labour Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$70,200	\$0	\$70,200	\$70,200	\$70,200
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$192,669	\$0	\$192,669	\$192,669	\$192,669
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$24,000	\$0	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$37,753	\$0	\$37,753	\$37,753	\$37,753
Subtotal		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$415,282	\$0	\$415,282	\$415,282	\$415,282
Total Operating Costs		\$991,659	\$1,064,801	\$1,326,962	\$1,412,023	\$1,400,104	\$1,485,164	\$1,747,326	\$1,820,467

Appendix G: Farm Scenario #7 – 1,000 Feedlot Cattle + Mixed Food Waste <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Off-Farm Feedstock Storage		\$180,000	\$180,000	\$180,000	\$180,000	\$180,000	\$180,000	\$180,000	\$180,000
Feedstock Pre-Treatment		\$0	\$500,000	\$0	\$0	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$0	\$500,000
Dry Feeder		\$370,000	\$370,000	\$370,000	\$370,000	\$370,000	\$370,000	\$370,000	\$370,000
Digester Tank		\$810,000	\$810,000	\$810,000	\$810,000	\$810,000	\$810,000	\$810,000	\$810,000
Pasteurization System		\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000	\$272,000
Heating and Hot Water Pipes		\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$140,000
Control System		\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000
Buildings		\$137,500	\$330,000	\$137,500	\$357,500	\$330,000	\$550,000	\$357,500	\$550,000
Weigh Station		\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000
Misc.	5%	\$102,475	\$137,100	\$102,475	\$113,475	\$137,100	\$148,100	\$113,475	\$148,100
Subtotal		\$2,151,975	\$2,879,100	\$2,151,975	\$2,382,975	\$2,879,100	\$3,110,100	\$2,382,975	\$3,110,100
Biogas Upgrading									
Biogas Upgrader		\$1,820,000	\$1,820,000	\$1,820,000	\$1,820,000	\$1,820,000	\$1,820,000	\$1,820,000	\$1,820,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$54,600	\$54,600	\$54,600	\$54,600	\$54,600	\$54,600	\$54,600	\$54,600
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$686,397	\$0	\$686,397	\$0	\$686,397	\$686,397
Subtotal		\$2,399,600	\$2,399,600	\$3,085,997	\$2,399,600	\$3,085,997	\$2,399,600	\$3,085,997	\$3,085,997
Digestate Management									
Nutrient Recovery Equip		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$675,000	\$0	\$675,000	\$675,000	\$675,000
Additional Storage		\$543,094	\$543,094	\$543,094	\$543,094	\$543,094	\$543,094	\$543,094	\$543,094
Subtotal		\$543,094	\$543,094	\$543,094	\$1,218,094	\$543,094	\$1,218,094	\$1,218,094	\$1,218,094
Other Costs									
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$50,947	\$58,218	\$57,811	\$60,007	\$65,082	\$67,278	\$66,871	\$74,142
Site Prep + Civil Works	1.5%	\$76,420	\$87,327	\$86,716	\$90,010	\$97,623	\$100,917	\$100,306	\$111,213
Project Development	2%	\$101,893	\$116,436	\$115,621	\$120,013	\$130,164	\$134,556	\$133,741	\$148,284
Engineering & Project Mgt	5%	\$254,733	\$291,090	\$289,053	\$300,033	\$325,410	\$336,390	\$334,353	\$370,710
Risk Management	5%	\$278,933	\$318,743	\$316,513	\$328,537	\$356,323	\$368,347	\$366,117	\$405,927
Subtotal		\$762,927	\$871,814	\$865,715	\$898,600	\$974,602	\$1,007,487	\$1,001,388	\$1,110,275
Total Capital Casts		¢E 9E7 F0¢	\$6,602,600	\$6 6A6 794	¢6 900 360	\$7,482,793	\$7.72F.304	\$7.699.4F4	\$0 E24 4CC
Total Capital Costs		\$5,857,596	\$6,693,608	\$6,646,781	\$6,899,269	\$1,48Z,193	\$7,735,281	\$7,688,454	\$8,524,466

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Electrical Cost		\$63,668	\$63,668	\$63,668	\$63,668	\$63,668	\$63,668	\$63,668	\$63,668
Natural Gas Cost		\$48,129	\$48,129	\$48,129	\$48,129	\$48,129	\$48,129	\$48,129	\$48,129
Labour Cost		\$35,100	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$35,100	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$46,800
Service & Maintenance		\$40,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$75,000
Insurance + Legal + Acc		\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$43,040	\$57,582	\$43,040	\$47,660	\$57,582	\$62,202	\$47,660	\$62,202
Contingency	10%	\$27,494	\$33,618	\$27,494	\$27,956	\$33,618	\$34,080	\$27,956	\$34,080
Subtotal		\$302,430	\$369,797	\$302,430	\$307,512	\$369,797	\$374,879	\$307,512	\$374,879
Biogas Upgrading									
Electrical Cost		\$58,770	\$58,770	\$58,770	\$58,770	\$58,770	\$58,770	\$58,770	\$58,770
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$9,795	\$9,795	\$9,795	\$9,795	\$9,795	\$9,795	\$9,795	\$9,795
Consumables (e.g., oil)		\$19,590	\$19,590	\$19,590	\$19,590	\$19,590	\$19,590	\$19,590.09	\$19,590
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$36,400	\$36,400	\$50,128	\$36,400	\$50,128	\$36,400	\$50,128	\$50,128
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$134,591	\$0	\$134,591	\$0	\$134,591	\$134,591
Contingency	10%	\$23,796	\$23,796	\$38,627	\$23,796	\$38,627	\$23,796	\$38,627	\$38,627
Subtotal		\$261,751	\$261,751	\$424,902	\$261,751	\$424,902	\$261,751	\$424,902	\$424,902
Digestate Management									
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,520	\$0	\$17,520	\$17,520	\$17,520
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$33,750	\$0	\$33,750	\$33,750	\$33,750
Labour Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$46,800	\$0	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$51,451	\$0	\$51,451	\$51,451	\$51,451
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$13,500	\$0	\$13,500	\$13,500	\$13,500
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$16,302	\$0	\$16,302	\$16,302	\$16,302
Subtotal		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$179,323	\$0	\$179,323	\$179,323	\$179,323
Total Operating Costs		\$564,181	\$631,548	\$727,332	\$748,586	\$794,699	\$815,953	\$911,737	\$979,104

Appendix H: Farm Scenario #8 – 2,500 Feedlot Cattle + Mixed Food Waste <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Off-Farm Feedstock Storage		\$270,000	\$270,000	\$270,000	\$270,000	\$270,000	\$270,000	\$270,000	\$270,000
Feedstock Pre-Treatment		\$0	\$750,000	\$0	\$0	\$750,000	\$750,000	\$0	\$750,000
Dry Feeder		\$460,000	\$460,000	\$460,000	\$460,000	\$460,000	\$460,000	\$460,000	\$460,000
Digester Tank		\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000
Pasteurization System		\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000	\$330,000
Heating and Hot Water Pipes		\$280,000	\$280,000	\$280,000	\$280,000	\$280,000	\$280,000	\$280,000	\$280,000
Control System		\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000
Buildings		\$137,500	\$330,000	\$137,500	\$357,500	\$330,000	\$550,000	\$357,500	\$550,000
Weigh Station		\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000
Misc.	5%	\$152,875	\$200,000	\$152,875	\$163,875	\$200,000	\$211,000	\$163,875	\$211,000
Subtotal		\$3,210,375	\$4,200,000	\$3,210,375	\$3,441,375	\$4,200,000	\$4,431,000	\$3,441,375	\$4,431,000
Biogas Upgrading									
Biogas Upgrader		\$2,880,000	\$2,880,000	\$2,880,000	\$2,880,000	\$2,880,000	\$2,880,000	\$2,880,000	\$2,880,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$86,400	\$86,400	\$86,400	\$86,400	\$86,400	\$86,400	\$86,400	\$86,400
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$987,421	\$0	\$987,421	\$0	\$987,421	\$987,421
Subtotal		\$3,536,400	\$3,536,400	\$4,523,821	\$3,536,400	\$4,523,821	\$3,536,400	\$4,523,821	\$4,523,821
Digestate Management									
Nutrient Recovery Equip		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$675,000	\$0	\$675,000	\$675,000	\$675,000
Additional Storage		\$1,071,896	\$1,071,896	\$1,071,896	\$1,071,896	\$1,071,896	\$1,071,896	\$1,071,896	\$1,071,896
Subtotal		\$1,071,896	\$1,071,896	\$1,071,896	\$1,746,896	\$1,071,896	\$1,746,896	\$1,746,896	\$1,746,896
Other Costs									
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$78,187	\$88,083	\$88,061	\$87,247	\$97,957	\$97,143	\$97,121	\$107,017
Site Prep + Civil Works	1.5%	\$117,280	\$132,124	\$132,091	\$130,870	\$146,936	\$145,714	\$145,681	\$160,526
Project Development	2%	\$156,373	\$176,166	\$176,122	\$174,493	\$195,914	\$194,286	\$194,242	\$214,034
Engineering & Project Mgt	5%	\$390,934	\$440,415	\$440,305	\$436,234	\$489,786	\$485,715	\$485,605	\$535,086
Risk Management	5%	\$428,072	\$482,254	\$482,134	\$477,676	\$536,316	\$531,858	\$531,737	\$585,919
Subtotal		\$1,170,846	\$1,319,042	\$1,318,712	\$1,306,520	\$1,466,909	\$1,454,716	\$1,454,386	\$1,602,582
Total Capital Costs		\$8,989,517	\$10,127,339	\$10,124,805	\$10,031,191	\$11,262,626	\$11,169,012	\$11,166,478	\$12,304,300

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D	Option E	Option F	Option G	Option H
Digester									
Electrical Cost		\$159,170	\$159,170	\$159,170	\$159,170	\$159,170	\$159,170	\$159,170	\$159,170
Natural Gas Cost		\$120,323	\$120,323	\$120,323	\$120,323	\$120,323	\$120,323	\$120,323	\$120,323
Labour Cost		\$35,100	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$35,100	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$35,100	\$46,800
Service & Maintenance		\$40,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$40,000	\$75,000
Insurance + Legal + Acc		\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$64,208	\$84,000	\$64,208	\$68,828	\$84,000	\$88,620	\$68,828	\$88,620
Contingency	10%	\$46,380	\$53,029	\$46,380	\$46,842	\$53,029	\$53,491	\$46,842	\$53,491
Subtotal		\$510,179	\$583,321	\$510,179	\$515,261	\$583,321	\$588,403	\$515,261	\$588,403
Biogas Upgrading									
Electrical Cost		\$146,926	\$146,926	\$146,926	\$146,926	\$146,926	\$146,926	\$146,926	\$146,926
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$24,488	\$24,488	\$24,488	\$24,488	\$24,488	\$24,488	\$24,488	\$24,488
Consumables (e.g., oil)		\$48,975	\$48,975	\$48,975	\$48,975	\$48,975	\$48,975	\$48,975.23	\$48,975
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$57,600	\$57,600	\$77,348	\$57,600	\$77,348	\$57,600	\$77,348	\$77,348
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000
Compression & Transport		\$0	\$0	\$265,831	\$0	\$265,831	\$0	\$265,831	\$265,831
Contingency	10%	\$39,139	\$39,139	\$67,697	\$39,139	\$67,697	\$39,139	\$67,697	\$67,697
Subtotal		\$430,527	\$430,527	\$744,665	\$430,527	\$744,665	\$430,527	\$744,665	\$744,665
Digestate Management									
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,520	\$0	\$17,520	\$17,520	\$17,520
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$33,750	\$0	\$33,750	\$33,750	\$33,750
Labour Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$46,800	\$0	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$128,628	\$0	\$128,628	\$128,628	\$128,628
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$13,500	\$0	\$13,500	\$13,500	\$13,500
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$24,020	\$0	\$24,020	\$24,020	\$24,020
Subtotal		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$264,217	\$0	\$264,217	\$264,217	\$264,217
Total Operating Costs		\$940,707	\$1,013,849	\$1,254,844	\$1,210,006	\$1,327,986	\$1,283,148	\$1,524,143	\$1,597,285

Appendix I: Farm Scenario #9 – 500 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
Digester					
Dry Feeder		\$415,000	\$415,000	\$415,000	\$415,000
Digester Tank		\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000	\$1,360,000
Heating and Hot Water Pipes		\$280,000	\$280,000	\$280,000	\$280,000
Control System		\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000
Buildings		\$0	\$0	\$220,000	\$220,000
Misc.	5%	\$110,750	\$110,750	\$121,750	\$121,750
Subtotal		\$2,325,750	\$2,325,750	\$2,556,750	\$2,556,750
Biogas Upgrading					
Biogas Upgrader		\$1,460,000	\$1,460,000	\$1,460,000	\$1,460,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$43,800	\$43,800	\$43,800	\$43,800
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000
Compression & Transportation		\$0	\$644,688	\$0	\$644,688
Subtotal		\$2,008,800	\$2,653,488	\$2,008,800	\$2,653,488
Digestate Management					
Nutrient Recovery Equipment		\$0	\$0	\$650,000	\$650,000
Additional Covered Storage		\$256,897	\$256,897	\$256,897	\$256,897
Subtotal		\$256,897	\$256,897	\$906,897	\$906,897
Other Costs					
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$45,914	\$52,361	\$54,724	\$61,171
Site Preparation + Civil Works	1.5%	\$68,872	\$78,542	\$82,087	\$91,757
Project Development	2%	\$91,829	\$104,723	\$109,449	\$122,343
Engineering & Project Mgt	5%	\$229,572	\$261,807	\$273,622	\$305,857
Risk Management	5%	\$251,382	\$286,678	\$299,616	\$334,913
Subtotal		\$687,569	\$784,111	\$819,499	\$916,041
Total Capital Costs		\$5,279,016	\$6,020,246	\$6,291,946	\$7,033,175

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
Digester					
Poultry Manure (\$/tonne)		\$62,358	\$62,358	\$62,358	\$62,358
Electrical Cost		\$37,292	\$37,292	\$37,292	\$37,292
Natural Gas Cost		\$18,794	\$18,794	\$18,794	\$18,794
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$40,000	\$40,000	\$75,000	\$75,000
Insurance + Legal + Accounting		\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$46,515	\$46,515	\$51,135	\$51,135
Contingency	10%	\$21,100	\$21,100	\$25,062	\$25,062
Subtotal		\$294,459	\$294,459	\$338,041	\$338,041
Biogas Upgrading					
Electrical Cost		\$34,424	\$34,424	\$34,424	\$34,424
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$5,737	\$5,737	\$5,737	\$5,737
Consumables (oil, filters, etc.)		\$11,475	\$11,475	\$11,475	\$11,475
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$29,200	\$42,094	\$29,200	\$42,094
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000
Compression & Transportation		\$0	\$87,084	\$0	\$87,084
Contingency	10%	\$19,424	\$29,421	\$19,424	\$29,421
Subtotal		\$213,659	\$323,634	\$213,659	\$323,634
Digestate Management					
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$0	\$17,520	\$17,520
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$0	\$32,500	\$32,500
Labour Cost		\$0	\$0	\$46,800	\$46,800
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$0	\$134,613	\$134,613
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$0	\$13,000	\$13,000
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$0	\$24,443	\$24,443
Subtotal		\$0	\$0	\$268,876	\$268,876
Total Operating Costs		\$508,119	\$618,094	\$820,577	\$930,552

Appendix J: Farm Scenario #10 – 750 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure

<u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
Digester					
Dry Feeder		\$460,000	\$460,000	\$460,000	\$460,000
Digester Tank		\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000
Heating and Hot Water Pipes		\$350,000	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$350,000
Control System		\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000
Buildings		\$0	\$0	\$220,000	\$220,000
Misc.	5%	\$135,500	\$135,500	\$146,500	\$146,500
Subtotal		\$2,845,500	\$2,845,500	\$3,076,500	\$3,076,500
Biogas Upgrading					
Biogas Upgrader		\$1,560,000	\$1,560,000	\$1,560,000	\$1,560,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000
Compression & Transportation		\$0	\$674,174	\$0	\$674,174
Subtotal		\$2,111,800	\$2,785,974	\$2,111,800	\$2,785,974
Digestate Management					
Nutrient Recovery Equipment		\$0	\$0	\$800,000	\$800,000
Additional Covered Storage		\$385,345	\$385,345	\$385,345	\$385,345
Subtotal		\$385,345	\$385,345	\$1,185,345	\$1,185,345
Other Costs					
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$53,426	\$60,168	\$63,736	\$70,478
Site Preparation + Civil Works	1.5%	\$80,140	\$90,252	\$95,605	\$105,717
Project Development	2%	\$106,853	\$120,336	\$127,473	\$140,956
Engineering & Project Mgt	5%	\$267,132	\$300,841	\$318,682	\$352,391
Risk Management	5%	\$292,510	\$329,421	\$348,957	\$385,868
Subtotal		\$800,061	\$901,019	\$954,453	\$1,055,411
Total Capital Costs		\$6,142,706	\$6,917,838	\$7,328,099	\$8,103,231

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
Digester			_		-
Poultry Manure (\$/tonne)		\$93,537	\$93,537	\$93,537	\$93,537
Electrical Cost		\$55,939	\$55,939	\$55,939	\$55,939
Natural Gas Cost		\$28,191	\$28,191	\$28,191	\$28,191
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$40,000	\$40,000	\$75,000	\$75,000
Insurance + Legal + Accounting		\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$56,910	\$56,910	\$61,530	\$61,530
Contingency	10%	\$24,944	\$24,944	\$28,906	\$28,906
Subtotal		\$367,920	\$367,920	\$411,502	\$411,502
Biogas Upgrading					
Electrical Cost		\$51,636	\$51,636	\$51,636	\$51,636
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$8,606	\$8,606	\$8,606	\$8,606
Consumables (oil, filters, etc.)		\$17,212	\$17,212	\$17,212	\$17,212
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$31,200	\$44,683	\$31,200	\$44,683
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000
Compression & Transportation		\$0	\$96,407	\$0	\$96,407
Contingency	10%	\$22,205	\$33,194	\$22,205	\$33,194
Subtotal		\$244,259	\$365,138	\$244,259	\$365,138
Digestate Management					
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$0	\$30,660	\$30,660
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$0	\$40,000	\$40,000
Labour Cost		\$0	\$0	\$70,200	\$70,200
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$0	\$201,920	\$201,920
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$0	\$16,000	\$16,000
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$0	\$35,878	\$35,878
Subtotal		\$0	\$0	\$394,658	\$394,658
Total Operating Costs		\$612,179	\$733,059	\$1,050,419	\$1,171,298

Appendix K: Farm Scenario #11 – 1,000 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
Digester					
Dry Feeder		\$525,000	\$525,000	\$525,000	\$525,000
Digester Tank		\$2,900,000	\$2,900,000	\$2,900,000	\$2,900,000
Heating and Hot Water Pipes		\$420,000	\$420,000	\$420,000	\$420,000
Control System		\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000
Buildings		\$0	\$0	\$220,000	\$220,000
Misc.	5%	\$204,250	\$204,250	\$215,250	\$215,250
Subtotal		\$4,289,250	\$4,289,250	\$4,520,250	\$4,520,250
Biogas Upgrading					
Biogas Upgrader		\$2,050,000	\$2,050,000	\$2,050,000	\$2,050,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$61,500	\$61,500	\$61,500	\$61,500
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000
Compression & Transportation		\$0	\$703,661	\$0	\$703,661
Subtotal		\$2,636,500	\$3,340,161	\$2,636,500	\$3,340,161
Digestate Management					
Nutrient Recovery Equipment		\$0	\$0	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
Additional Covered Storage		\$464,861	\$464,861	\$464,861	\$464,861
Subtotal		\$464,861	\$464,861	\$1,664,861	\$1,664,861
Other Costs					
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$73,906	\$80,943	\$88,216	\$95,253
Site Preparation + Civil Works	1.5%	\$110,859	\$121,414	\$132,324	\$142,879
Project Development	2%	\$147,812	\$161,885	\$176,432	\$190,505
Engineering & Project Mgt	5%	\$369,531	\$404,714	\$441,081	\$476,264
Risk Management	5%	\$404,636	\$443,161	\$482,983	\$521,509
Subtotal		\$1,106,744	\$1,212,117	\$1,321,036	\$1,426,409
Total Capital Costs		\$8,497,355	\$9,306,389	\$10,142,647	\$10,951,681

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
Digester					
Poultry Manure (\$/tonne)		\$124,716	\$124,716	\$124,716	\$124,716
Electrical Cost		\$74,585	\$74,585	\$74,585	\$74,585
Natural Gas Cost		\$37,588	\$37,588	\$37,588	\$37,588
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$40,000	\$40,000	\$75,000	\$75,000
Insurance + Legal + Accounting		\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$85,785	\$85,785	\$90,405	\$90,405
Contingency	10%	\$30,636	\$30,636	\$34,598	\$34,598
Subtotal		\$461,709	\$461,709	\$505,291	\$505,291
Biogas Upgrading					
Electrical Cost		\$68,848	\$68,848	\$68,848	\$68,848
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$11,475	\$11,475	\$11,475	\$11,475
Consumables (oil, filters, etc.)		\$22,949	\$22,949	\$22,949	\$22,949
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$41,000	\$55,073	\$41,000	\$55,073
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000
Compression & Transportation		\$0	\$105,730	\$0	\$105,730
Contingency	10%	\$25,767	\$37,747	\$25,767	\$37,747
Subtotal		\$283,438	\$415,222	\$283,438	\$415,222
Digestate Management					
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$0	\$30,660	\$30,660
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$0	\$60,000	\$60,000
Labour Cost		\$0	\$0	\$70,200	\$70,200
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$0	\$269,226	\$269,226
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$0	\$24,000	\$24,000
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$0	\$45,409	\$45,409
Subtotal		\$0	\$0	\$499,495	\$499,495
Total Operating Costs		\$745,148	\$876,931	\$1,288,225	\$1,420,008

Appendix L: Farm Scenario #12 – 2,000 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
Digester					
Dry Feeder		\$645,000	\$645,000	\$645,000	\$645,000
Digester Tank		\$3,450,000	\$3,450,000	\$3,450,000	\$3,450,000
Heating and Hot Water Pipes		\$570,000	\$570,000	\$570,000	\$570,000
Control System		\$310,000	\$310,000	\$310,000	\$310,000
Buildings		\$0	\$0	\$220,000	\$220,000
Misc.	5%	\$248,750	\$248,750	\$259,750	\$259,750
Subtotal		\$5,223,750	\$5,223,750	\$5,454,750	\$5,454,750
Biogas Upgrading					
Biogas Upgrader		\$2,450,000	\$2,450,000	\$2,450,000	\$2,450,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$73,500	\$73,500	\$73,500	\$73,500
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$170,000
Compression & Transportation		\$0	\$972,072	\$0	\$972,072
Subtotal		\$3,093,500	\$4,065,572	\$3,093,500	\$4,065,572
Digestate Management					
Nutrient Recovery Equipment		\$0	\$0	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
Additional Covered Storage		\$831,856	\$831,856	\$831,856	\$831,856
Subtotal		\$831,856	\$831,856	\$2,031,856	\$2,031,856
Other Costs					
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$91,491	\$101,207	\$105,801	\$115,517
Site Preparation + Civil Works	1.5%	\$137,237	\$151,811	\$158,702	\$173,276
Project Development	2%	\$182,982	\$202,414	\$211,602	\$231,034
Engineering & Project Mgt	5%	\$457,455	\$506,036	\$529,005	\$577 <i>,</i> 586
Risk Management	5%	\$500,914	\$554,109	\$579,261	\$632,456
Subtotal		\$1,370,079	\$1,515,577	\$1,584,371	\$1,729,869
Total Capital Costs		\$10,519,185	\$11,636,291	\$12,164,477	\$13,281,583

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
Digester		-	-	_	_
Poultry Manure (\$/tonne)		\$249,432	\$249,432	\$249,432	\$249,432
Electrical Cost		\$149,170	\$149,170	\$149,170	\$149,170
Natural Gas Cost		\$75,175	\$75,175	\$75,175	\$75 <i>,</i> 175
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$40,000	\$40,000	\$75,000	\$75,000
Insurance + Legal + Accounting		\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$104,475	\$104,475	\$109,095	\$109,095
Contingency	10%	\$43,722	\$43,722	\$47,684	\$47,684
Subtotal		\$730,374	\$730,374	\$773,956	\$773,956
Biogas Upgrading					
Electrical Cost		\$137,695	\$137,695	\$137,695	\$137,695
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$22,949	\$22,949	\$22,949	\$22,949
Consumables (oil, filters, etc.)		\$45,898	\$45,898	\$45,898	\$45,898
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$49,000	\$68,432	\$49,000	\$68,432
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000
Compression & Transportation		\$0	\$211,460	\$0	\$211,460
Contingency	10%	\$36,894	\$59,983	\$36,894	\$59,983
Subtotal		\$405,837	\$659,818	\$405,837	\$659,818
Digestate Management					
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$0	\$39,420	\$39,420
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$0	\$60,000	\$60,000
Labour Cost		\$0	\$0	\$93,600	\$93,600
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$0	\$538,452	\$538,452
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$0	\$24,000	\$24,000
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$0	\$75,547	\$75,547
Subtotal		\$0	\$0	\$831,020	\$831,020
Total Operating Costs		\$1,136,211	\$1,390,192	\$2,010,813	\$2,264,794

Appendix M: Farm Scenario #13 – 2,500 Dairy Cows <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
Digester					
Digester Tank		\$3,450,000	\$3,450,000	\$3,450,000	\$3,450,000
Heating and Hot Water Pipes		\$570,000	\$570,000	\$570,000	\$570,000
Control System		\$310,000	\$310,000	\$310,000	\$310,000
Buildings		\$0	\$0	\$220,000	\$220,000
Misc.	5%	\$216,500	\$216,500	\$227,500	\$227,500
Subtotal		\$4,546,500	\$4,546,500	\$4,777,500	\$4,777,500
Biogas Upgrading					
Biogas Upgrader		\$1,560,000	\$1,560,000	\$1,560,000	\$1,560,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800	\$46,800
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000	\$105,000
Compression & Transportation		\$0	\$674,384	\$0	\$674,384
Subtotal		\$2,111,800	\$2,786,184	\$2,111,800	\$2,786,184
Digestate Management					
Nutrient Recovery Equipment		\$0	\$0	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
Subtotal		\$0	\$0	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
Other Costs					
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$66,583	\$73,327	\$80,893	\$87,637
Site Preparation + Civil Works	1.5%	\$99,875	\$109,990	\$121,340	\$131,455
Project Development	2%	\$133,166	\$146,654	\$161,786	\$175,274
Engineering & Project Mgt	5%	\$332,915	\$366,634	\$404,465	\$438,184
Risk Management	5%	\$364,542	\$401,464	\$442,889	\$479,812
Subtotal		\$997,080	\$1,098,069	\$1,211,373	\$1,312,362
Total Capital Costs		\$7,655,380	\$8,430,754	\$9,300,673	\$10,076,046

		Option A	Option B	Option C	Option D
Digester					
Electrical Cost		\$56,072	\$56,072	\$56,072	\$56,072
Natural Gas Cost		\$28,258	\$28,258	\$28,258	\$28,258
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$40,000	\$40,000	\$75,000	\$75,000
Insurance + Legal + Accounting		\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$90,930	\$90,930	\$95,550	\$95,550
Contingency	10%	\$28,365.93	\$28,366	\$32,328	\$32,328
Subtotal		\$312,025	\$312,025	\$355,607	\$355,607
Biogas Upgrading					
Electrical Cost		\$51,758	\$51,758	\$51,758	\$51,758
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$8,626	\$8,626	\$8,626	\$8,626
Consumables (oil, filters, etc.)		\$17,253	\$17,253	\$17,253	\$17,253
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$31,200	\$44,688	\$31,200	\$44,688
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$90,000
Compression & Transportation		\$0	\$96,473	\$0	\$96,473
Contingency	10%	\$22,224	\$33,220	\$22,224	\$33,220
Subtotal		\$244,461	\$365,418	\$244,461	\$365,418
Digestate Management					
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$0	\$39,420	\$39,420
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$0	\$60,000	\$60,000
Labour Cost		\$0	\$0	\$93,600	\$93,600
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$0	\$553,883	\$553,883
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$0	\$24,000	\$24,000
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$0	\$77,090	\$77,090
Subtotal		\$0	\$0	\$847,994	\$847,994
Total Operating Costs		\$556,486	\$677,443	\$1,448,062	\$1,569,019

Appendix N: Farm Scenario #14 – 200 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B
Digester			
Modular Digester		\$519,500	\$519,500
Building		\$0	\$110,000
Misc.	5%	\$25,975	\$31,475
Subtotal		\$545,475	\$660,975
Biogas Upgrading			
Biogas Upgrader		\$572,000	\$572,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$17,160	\$17,160
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$95,000	\$95,000
Subtotal		\$1,084,160	\$1,084,160
Digestate Management			
Nutrient Recovery Equipment		\$0	\$450,000
Additional Covered Storage		\$102,759	\$102,759
Subtotal		\$102,759	\$552,759
Other Costs			
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$17,324	\$22,979
Risk Management	5%	\$87,486	\$116,044
Subtotal		\$104,810	\$139,023
Total Capital Costs		\$1,837,204	\$2,436,916

		Option A	Option B
Digester			
Poultry Manure (\$/tonne)		\$24,943	\$24,943
Electrical Cost		\$14,917	\$14,917
Natural Gas Cost		\$7,518	\$7,518
Labour Cost		\$11,700	\$11,700
Service & Maintenance		\$20,000	\$20,000
Insurance + Legal + Accounting		\$20,000	\$20,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$10,910	\$13,220
Contingency	10%	\$8,504	\$8,735
Subtotal		\$118,492	\$121,033
Biogas Upgrading			
Electrical Cost		\$13,770	\$13,770
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$2,295	\$2,295
Consumables (oil, filters, etc.)		\$4,590	\$4,590
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$11,440	\$11,440
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$50,000	\$50,000
Contingency	10%	\$10,549	\$10,549
Subtotal		\$116,044	\$116,044
Digestate Management			
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$17,520
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$22,500
Labour Cost		\$0	\$23,400
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$53,845
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$9,000
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$12,627
Subtotal		\$0	\$138,892
Total Operating Costs		\$234,535	\$375,968

Appendix O: Farm Scenario #15 – 300 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B
Digester			
Modular Digester		\$970,000	\$970,000
Building		\$0	\$110,000
Misc.	5%	\$48,500	\$54,000
Subtotal		\$1,018,500	\$1,134,000
Biogas Upgrading			
Biogas Upgrader		\$720,500	\$720,500
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$21,615	\$21,615
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$105,000	\$105,000
Subtotal		\$1,247,115	\$1,247,115
Digestate Management			
Nutrient Recovery Equipment		\$0	\$450,000
Additional Covered Storage		\$154,138	\$154,138
Subtotal		\$154,138	\$604,138
Other Costs			
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$24,198	\$29,853
Risk Management	5%	\$122,198	\$150,755
Subtotal		\$146,395	\$180,608
Total Capital Costs		\$2,566,148	\$3,165,861

		Option A	Option B
Digester			
Poultry Manure (\$/tonne)		\$37,415	\$37,415
Electrical Cost		\$22,375	\$22,375
Natural Gas Cost		\$11,276	\$11,276
Labour Cost		\$11,700	\$11,700
Service & Maintenance		\$20,000	\$20,000
Insurance + Legal + Accounting		\$20,000	\$20,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$20,370	\$22,680
Contingency	10%	\$10,572	\$10,803
Subtotal		\$153,709	\$156,250
Biogas Upgrading			
Electrical Cost		\$20,654	\$20,654
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$3,442	\$3,442
Consumables (oil, filters, etc.)		\$6,885	\$6,885
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$14,410	\$14,410
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$50,000	\$50,000
Contingency	10%	\$11,879	\$11,879
Subtotal		\$130,671	\$130,671
Digestate Management			
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$17,520
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$22,500
Labour Cost		\$0	\$23,400
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$80,768
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$9,000
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$15,319
Subtotal		\$0	\$168,507
Total Operating Costs		\$284,379	\$455,427

Appendix P: Farm Scenario #16 – 400 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B
Digester			
Modular Digester		\$970,000	\$970,000
Building		\$0	\$110,000
Misc.	5%	\$48,500	\$54,000
Subtotal		\$1,018,500	\$1,134,000
Biogas Upgrading			
Biogas Upgrader		\$957,000	\$957,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$28,710	\$28,710
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$105,000	\$105,000
Subtotal		\$1,490,710	\$1,490,710
Digestate Management			
Nutrient Recovery Equipment		\$0	\$450,000
Additional Covered Storage		\$205,517	\$205,517
Subtotal		\$205,517	\$655,517
Other Costs			
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$27,147	\$32,802
Risk Management	5%	\$137,094	\$165,651
Subtotal		\$164,241	\$198,454
Total Capital Costs		\$2,878,968	\$3,478,681

		Option A	Option B
Digester			
Poultry Manure (\$/tonne)		\$49,886	\$49,886
Electrical Cost		\$29,834	\$29,834
Natural Gas Cost		\$15,035	\$15,035
Labour Cost		\$11,700	\$11,700
Service & Maintenance		\$20,000	\$20,000
Insurance + Legal + Accounting		\$20,000	\$20,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$20,370	\$22,680
Contingency	10%	\$11,694	\$11,925
Subtotal		\$178,519	\$181,060
Biogas Upgrading			
Electrical Cost		\$27,539	\$27,539
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$4,590	\$4,590
Consumables (oil, filters, etc.)		\$9,180	\$9,180
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$19,140	\$19,140
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$50,000	\$50,000
Contingency	10%	\$13,385	\$13,385
Subtotal		\$147,233	\$147,233
Digestate Management			
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$17,520
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$22,500
Labour Cost		\$0	\$23,400
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$107,690
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$9,000
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$18,011
Subtotal		\$0	\$198,122
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Total Operating Costs		\$325,753	\$526,415

Appendix Q: Farm Scenario #17 – 500 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B
Digester			
Modular Digester		\$1,390,000	\$1,390,000
Building		\$0	\$110,000
Misc.	5%	\$69,500	\$75,000
Subtotal		\$1,459,500	\$1,575,000
Biogas Upgrading			
Biogas Upgrader		\$1,155,000	\$1,155,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$34,650	\$34,650
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$105,000	\$105,000
Subtotal		\$1,694,650	\$1,694,650
Digestate Management			
Nutrient Recovery Equipment		\$0	\$650,000
Additional Covered Storage		\$256,897	\$256,897
Subtotal		\$256,897	\$906,897
Other Costs			
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$34,110	\$41,765
Risk Management	5%	\$172,258	\$210,916
Subtotal		\$206,368	\$252,681
Total Capital Costs		\$3,617,415	\$4,429,228

		Option A	Option B
Digester			
Poultry Manure (\$/tonne)		\$62,358	\$62,358
Electrical Cost		\$37,292	\$37,292
Natural Gas Cost		\$18,794	\$18,794
Labour Cost		\$11,700	\$11,700
Service & Maintenance		\$20,000	\$20,000
Insurance + Legal + Accounting		\$20,000	\$20,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$29,190	\$31,500
Contingency	10%	\$13,698	\$13,929
Subtotal		\$213,032	\$215,573
Biogas Upgrading			
Electrical Cost		\$34,424	\$34,424
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$5,737	\$5,737
Consumables (oil, filters, etc.)		\$11,475	\$11,475
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$23,100	\$23,100
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$50,000	\$50,000
Contingency	10%	\$14,814	\$14,814
Subtotal		\$162,949	\$162,949
Digestate Management			
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$17,520
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$32,500
Labour Cost		\$0	\$23,400
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$134,613
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$13,000
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$22,103
Subtotal		\$0	\$243,136
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Total Operating Costs		\$375,981	\$621,659

Appendix R: Farm Scenario #18 – 750 Dairy Cows + Poultry Manure <u>Capital Costs</u>

		Option A	Option B
Digester			
Modular Digester		\$1,909,500	\$1,909,500
Building		\$0	\$110,000
Misc.	5%	\$95,475	\$100,975
Subtotal		\$2,004,975	\$2,120,475
Biogas Upgrading			
Biogas Upgrader		\$1,457,500	\$1,457,500
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$43,725	\$43,725
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$105,000	\$105,000
Subtotal		\$2,006,225	\$2,006,225
Digestate Management			
Nutrient Recovery Equipment		\$0	\$850,000
Additional Covered Storage		\$385,345	\$385,345
Subtotal		\$385,345	\$1,235,345
Other Costs			
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$43,965	\$53,620
Risk Management	5%	\$222,026	\$270,783
Subtotal		\$265,991	\$324,404
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Total Capital Costs		\$4,662,536	\$5,686,449

		Option A	Option B
Digester			
Poultry Manure (\$/tonne)		\$93,537	\$93,537
Electrical Cost		\$55,939	\$55,939
Natural Gas Cost		\$28,191	\$28,191
Labour Cost		\$11,700	\$11,700
Service & Maintenance		\$20,000	\$20,000
Insurance + Legal + Accounting		\$20,000	\$20,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$40,100	\$42,410
Contingency	10%	\$17,593	\$17,824
Subtotal		\$287,059	\$289,600
Biogas Upgrading			
Electrical Cost		\$51,636	\$51,636
Media Cost (\$/kg)		\$8,606	\$8,606
Consumables (oil, filters, etc.)		\$17,212	\$17,212
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$29,150	\$29,150
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$50,000	\$50,000
Contingency	10%	\$18,000	\$18,000
Subtotal		\$198,004	\$198,004
Digestate Management			
Electrical Cost		\$0	\$17,520
Service & Maint (% of CAPEX)	5%	\$0	\$42,500
Labour Cost		\$0	\$23,400
Transportation (\$/tonne)		\$0	\$201,920
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$0	\$17,000
Contingency	10%	\$0	\$30,234
Subtotal		\$0	\$332,574
Total Operating Costs		\$485,063	\$820,177

Appendix S: Farm Scenario #19 (2.5 Million Chickens) and #20 (5 Million Chickens)

<u>Capital Costs</u>

		#19	#20
Digester			
Dry Feeder		\$730,000	\$1,350,000
Digester Tanks		\$3,450,000	\$4,600,000
Heating and Hot Water Pipes		\$280,000	\$350,000
Control System		\$160,000	\$200,000
Misc.	5%	\$231,000	\$325,000
Subtotal		\$4,851,000	\$6,825,000
Biogas Upgrading			
Biogas Upgrader		\$2,045,000	\$3,400,000
Spare Parts (% of cost)	3%	\$61,350	\$102,000
Installation Costs		\$400,000	\$400,000
Flare		\$170,000	\$320,000
Subtotal		\$2,676,350	\$4,222,000
Digestate Management			
Nutrient Recovery Equipment		\$1,238,781	\$4,836,055
Subtotal		\$1,239,446	\$4,836,055
Other Costs			
Hydro Service Upgrades	1%	\$75,274	\$110,470
Site Preparation + Civil Works	1.5%	\$112,910	\$165,705
Project Development	2%	\$150,547	\$220,940
Engineering & Project Mgt	5%	\$376,368	\$552,350
Risk Management	5%	\$412,122	\$604,823
Subtotal		\$1,127,221	\$1,654,288
Total Capital Costs		\$9,893,352	\$17,537,343

		Option A	Option B
Digester			
Electrical Cost		\$125,460	\$250,920
Natural Gas Cost		\$63,227	\$126,454
Labour Cost		\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$40,000	\$40,000
Insurance + Legal + Accounting		\$45,000	\$45,000
Reinvestments (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$97,020	\$136,500
Contingency	10%	\$39,411	\$62,227
Subtotal		\$433,517	\$684,501
Biogas Upgrading			
Electrical Cost	\$0.10	\$115,809	\$231,618
Media Cost (\$/kg)	\$5.00	\$19,302	\$38,603
Consumables (oil, filters, etc.)		\$38,603	\$77,206
Reinvestment (% of CAPEX)	2%	\$40,900	\$68,000
Labour Cost	\$45	\$23,400	\$23,400
Service & Maintenance		\$90,000	\$90,000
Contingency	10%	\$32,801	\$52,883
Subtotal		\$360,815	\$581,710
Digestate Management			
Nutrient Recovery		\$309,695	\$1,209,014
Subtotal		\$309,861	\$1,209,014
Total Operating Costs		\$1,104,194	\$2,475,225