

# What is being discussed in the Nenqay Deni Accord?

The Accord is organized around eight key areas. The B.C. government and Tsilhqot'in are working together to further a shared vision of Tsilhqot'in communities achieving outcomes that are equal to outcomes for non-Aboriginal people.

The eight key areas and desired outcomes are:

## GOVERNANCE

- To effect the practical transition of the declared title area to the control and management of the Tsilhqot'in Nation, while respectfully engaging with the public and stakeholders to work to address their interests in the title area.
- To establish a process to identify lands in Tsilhqot'in territory for future control and management. This process to be carried out in accordance with the B.C. government's duty to consult with neighbouring First Nations and its obligations to engage with stakeholders.

## LANDS AND RESOURCES

- To establish a lands and resources management framework to support strategic planning for the Tsilhqot'in territory.
- To incorporate a collaborative approach to fish and wildlife management, including access management, annual allowable harvest levels, habitat management, wildlife research monitoring and enforcement.

## ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

- To identify opportunities to support economic development for Tsilhqot'in communities and promote a climate for economic and resource development.
- To work together to support a resource economy that is sustainable, benefits the Tsilhqot'in Nation and British Columbia, and is fair to the rights and interests of other stakeholders.

## HEALTHY COMMUNITIES

- To realize a standard of living for Tsilhqot'in communities that includes housing, infrastructure, roads and access to clean water on par with non-Aboriginal communities, and to provide Tsilhqot'in communities the ability to support their own well-being through economic self-sufficiency.

## TSILHQOT'IN CULTURE AND LANGUAGE

- To have Tsilhqot'in citizens fluent in and proud of their language and culture, and to create public awareness and appreciation of Tsilhqot'in culture and heritage.

## CHILDREN AND FAMILIES

- To have improved health indicators for Tsilhqot'in children and families and adequate support delivered and managed by Tsilhqot'in communities according to their values and laws.

## JUSTICE

- To reduce the number of Tsilhqot'in citizens within the justice system through innovative prevention strategies.

## EDUCATION AND TRAINING

- To have education programs developed and delivered by Tsilhqot'in communities with strong language and culture components, and ensure public schools provide a safe and welcoming environment with appropriate First Nations history and cultural components.
- To ensure Tsilhqot'in citizens have meaningful opportunities to access post-secondary education and training.

