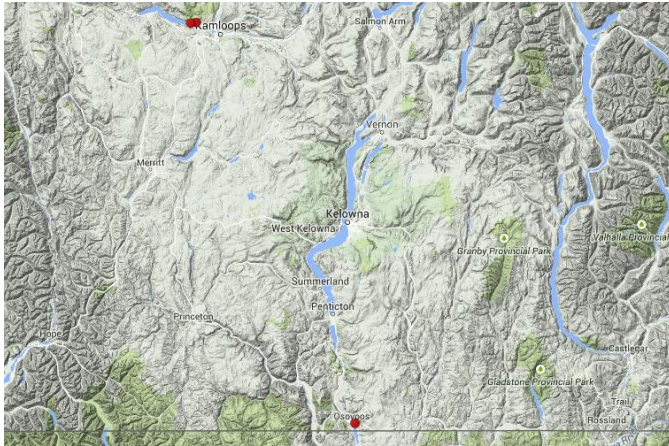


# Tall Beggarticks (*Bidens vulgata*)

## Asteraceae (Sunflower Family)

### RANGE

- Found in North America across most of the continental United States and southern Canada
- In British Columbia, found in the Lower Mainland, south Kootenays and Southern Interior
- In the Thompson Okanagan Region, known from Kamloops and historically from outside Osoyoos



**Figure 1** Thompson Okanagan Region distribution of *Bidens vulgata* (BC CDC 2014)

### HABITAT

- Wet meadows, ditches, streambanks and lakeshores at middle and lower elevations
- Thompson Okanagan Region populations occur at wet sites within the Interior Douglas Fir and Ponderosa Pine Biogeoclimatic Zones
- Associates include reed canarygrass (*Phalaris arundinacea*), sedges (*Carex* spp.), goldenrod (*Solidago* spp.), aster and rose (*Rosa* spp.)



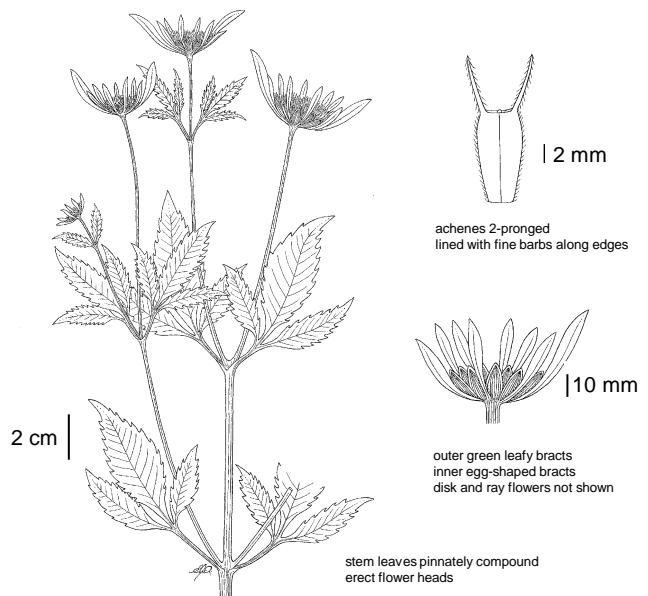
**Figure 2** *Bidens vulgata* (a) growing in a wetland fringe habitat and (b) close-up of pinnately compound leaf



**Figure 3** Tall, many-flowered plants with reddish stems and spreading branches

### LIFE HISTORY

- Annual herb that flowers between late summer to early fall
- Plants show some evidence of being able to grow in somewhat disturbed habitats
- Does not reproduce vegetatively, so population survival depends on seeds and seed bank
- Seed dispersal by mammals (barbed, two-prong seeds catch in fur, allowing long-distance dispersal) or by embedding in mud within the source population
- May be subject to large annual population fluctuations due to varying environmental conditions



**Figure 4** Illustration of *Bidens vulgata* (Douglas et al. 1999)

# *Bidens vulgata* (continued)

## DESCRIPTION

### General

- Annual herb growing from fibrous roots with erect, branched, reddish stems
- Up to and occasionally taller than 1.5 m

### Leaves

- Stem leaves pinnately compound, with 3 to 5 lanceolate and toothed leaflets, 5-15 cm long
- Basal leaves lacking at flowering time

### Flowers

- Flower heads composed of two types of flowers: (i) many tiny, yellow, tubular disk flowers in the centre of the head; and (ii) 1 to 5 short, yellow, ray flowers at the edge of the head
- Flower heads erect and subtended by two dissimilar series of bracts: (i) outer green leafy bracts, 8 to 12, hairy at least along the margins, 1 to 2 cm long; and (ii) inner egg-shaped bracts, 0.7 to 1.2 cm long

### Fruits

- Achenes, 2-pronged, olive-green to brown, lined with many fine barbs along their edges, 6 to 12 mm long



**Figure 5** Close-up of flower head showing leafy outer bracts, all disk flowers open and achene prongs pointing out between them

## IDENTIFICATION TIPS

- On plants with few to no ray flowers, *B. vulgata* is most similar to common beggarticks (*B. frondosa*), a shorter species with smaller, orange flower heads
- On plants with ray flowers present, nodding beggarticks (*B. cernua*) appears similar and occurs in same habitat, but is easily distinguished by its simple, undivided leaves and nodding heads
- Blue-listed Vancouver Island beggarticks (*B. amplissima*) is restricted to southern Vancouver Island and the Lower Mainland; it has ray flowers and nodding heads



**Figure 6** Cross section of a maturing flowering head showing the arrangement of the 2-pronged achenes and the position of the disk flowers atop the achenes

## GENERAL THREATS AND GUIDANCE

- **Avoid development in areas with known occurrences of *Bidens vulgata* through project relocation or redesign**
- Protect wetland habitats from disturbance and development, including excessive trampling from cattle
- Monitor the impact of invasive species, such as reed canarygrass, on available habitat
- Follow provincial methods for when and how to conduct plant species at risk surveys
- Follow provincial policy and guidance on how to avoid, minimize, restore and offset impacts to plant species at risk and their habitats
- Report any sightings to the B.C. Conservation Data Centre ([cdcddata@gov.bc.ca](mailto:cdcddata@gov.bc.ca)) and FLNR Ecosystems Section ([josie.symonds@gov.bc.ca](mailto:josie.symonds@gov.bc.ca))

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