Welcome

Thank you for attending!

Highway 97A Enderby - Splatsin Transportation Study Community Engagement October 2019

We want to hear from you

You can provide us feedback by:

- ✓ Completing a feedback form and leaving it with a member of the project team
- ✓ Filling out a feedback form online at: gov.bc.ca/highway97a-enderby-splastin-study
- Sending a completed feedback form to: 97AStudy@gov.bc.ca
- ✓ Mailing a completed feedback form to:
 Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure
 ATTN: Highway 97A Transportation Study
 447 Columbia Street, Kamloops BC, V2C 2T3

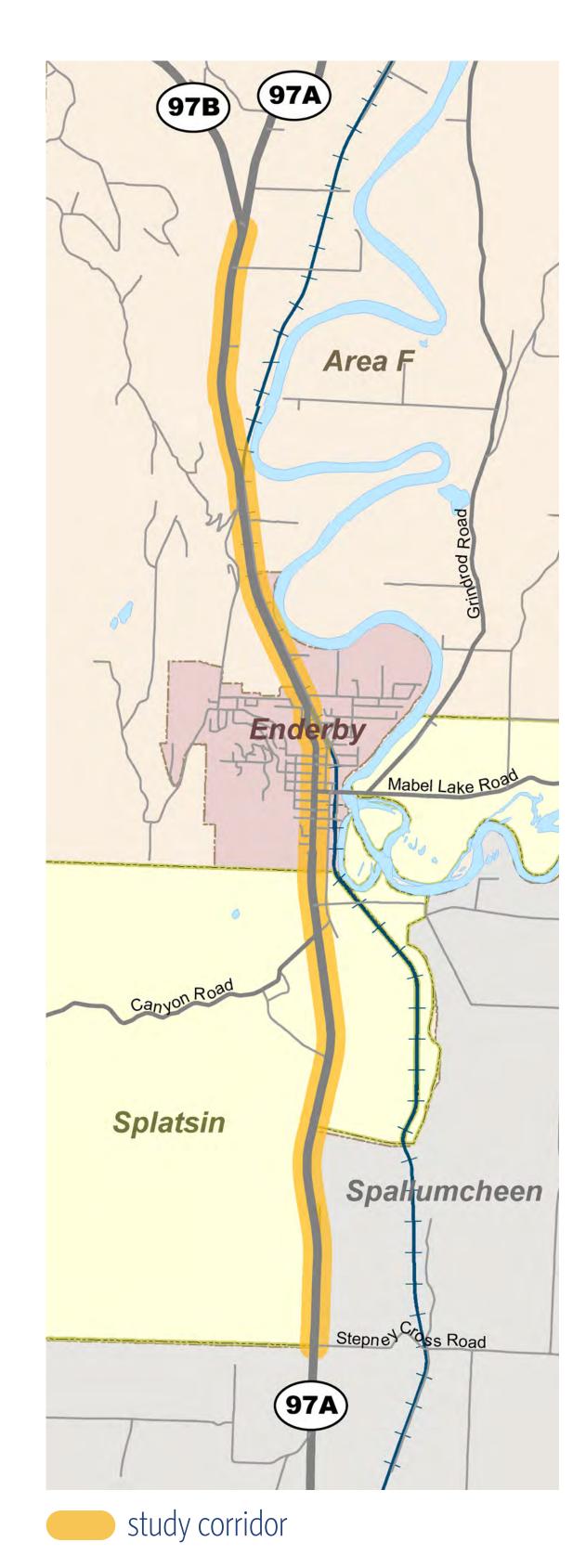
Please provide us with your feedback by November 15, 2019

How your feedback will be considered

Community feedback will be considered, along with engineering, environmental and financial information, and feedback from local government, First Nations, the Technical Advisory and Community Liaison Committees, in selecting a preferred solution.



1. Study Purpose and Background



Highway 97A is part of the national highway system that connects communities and markets in the north and central Okanagan.

Study Purpose

This study will update previous studies to inform short, medium and long-term traffic flow and safety solutions over a 25 year period. The study spans the Highway 97A corridor from the Highway 97A / 97B junction (north end) to Stepney Cross Road (south end).

The study is part of the Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure's (MoTI) planning process. Once this study is complete, recommendations will be brought forward for further funding for detailed design and construction.

Engagement To Date

- Public workshops in Enderby and Splatsin
- Technical Advisory Committee (TAC)
- Community Liaison Committee (CLC)
- Project web page
- Direct feedback

Guiding Principles

- 1. Safe
- 2. Efficient mobility
- 3. Multi-modal corridor
- 4. Economic Development
- 5. Local Connectivity



2. Mobility and Safety

Traffic Volumes

- Currently, traffic volumes are about 17,000 vehicles per day in the summer.
- By 2043 summer traffic volumes will increase to 25,000 vehicles per day. This is similar to current volumes on Highway 97 in Vernon or Highway 1 in Salmon Arm today.

Travel Time

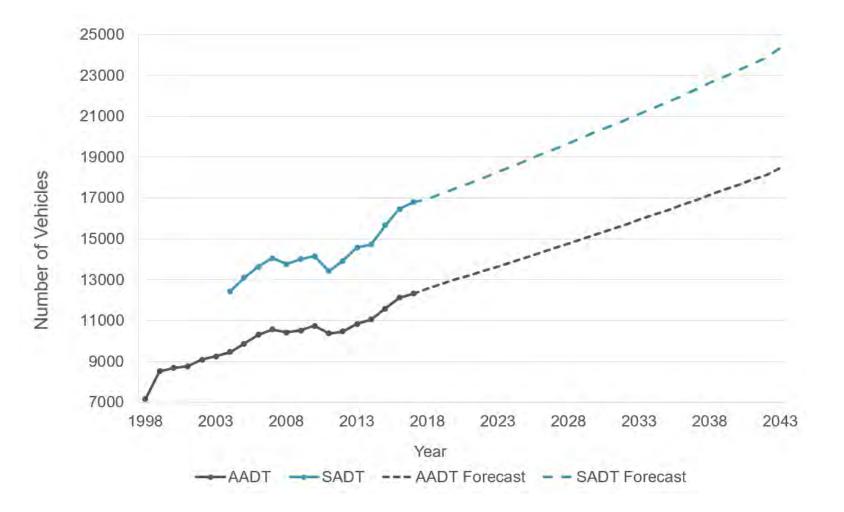
- It currently takes roughly 9 ½ minutes to travel through the study area.
- By 2043, it will take up to almost 1 extra minute to travel the same distance.

Highway Capacity

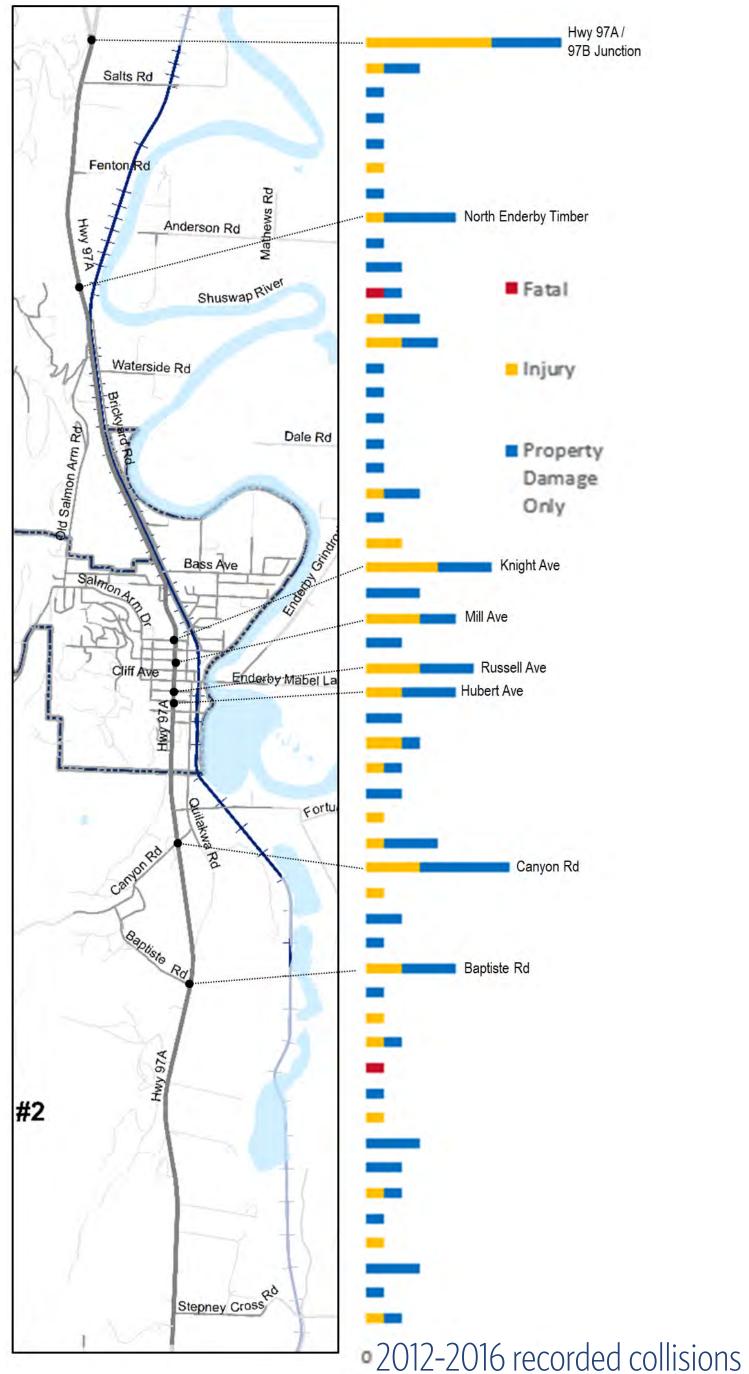
- While busy, the highway currently operates within capacity.
- By 2043 it will reach capacity, requiring a minimum of two lanes in each direction.

Safety

• The existing collision rates are moderately higher than the provincial average on similar highways.



Historical and forecasted Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) and Summer Average Daily Traffic (SADT) 1998 to 2043



What We Have Heard

- Poor speed compliance
- Queues & delays at intersections
- Poor sightlines
- Difficulties turning on/ off highway
- Congestion
- Wildlife frequently crossing highway

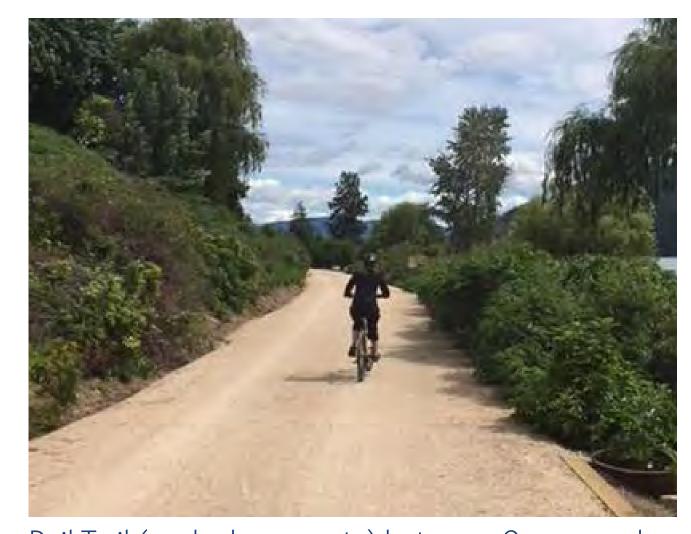


3. Walking and Cycling

The Ministry recognizes the importance of improved mobility for vehicles, but also for pedestrian and bicycle travel along and across the highway. The preferred option will include active transportation improvements along or parallel to the highway corridor through the central segment (Bass Avenue to Canyon Road).

Rail Trail

A multi-use pathway is being planned for the former CP Rail corridor. Any highway option that considers use of the former rail right of way will either incorporate a separated multi-use pathway in the design or will relocate the pathway to another location, where it could take a different form, depending on the routing. Some examples of multi-use pathway designs are shown below:



Rail Trail (packed aggregate) between Oyama and Vernon. Image: kelownahomes.ca



Pelmewash Parkway (paved multi-use path) in Lake Country. Image from: kelownadailycourier.ca



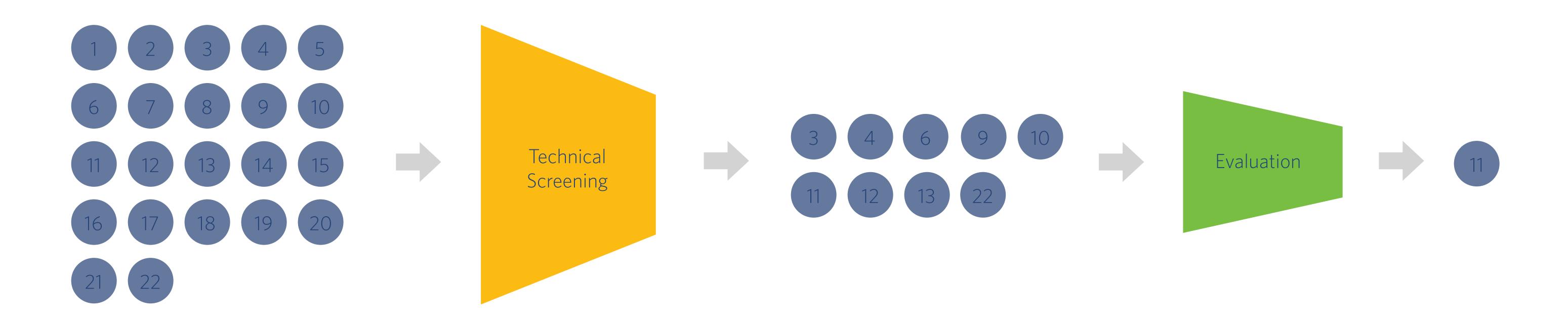
Separated bike lane on Banff Avenue in Banff. Image from: cbc.ca

What We Have Heard

- Walking and cycling are important forms of transportation for many residents
- It can be difficult to safely cross the highway at several locations, including Canyon Road
- Pedestrians crossings
 do not always align with
 pedestrian desire lines
- The Rail Trail is important to the community and provides key links to the region



4. Option Generation and Evaluation Process



Option Generation

A long list of options was compiled from a wide range of sources including:

- Historic options or ideas
- TAC & CLC
- Public workshops
- Project Team technical evaluation

Technical Screening

Each option was technically addressed.
Options were removed from further consideration in the study if they were deemed not feasible, out of scale with the identified future problems or unlikely to achieve the highway mobility or safety goals.

Short-List of Options & Evaluation

The short-list of options will be evaluated through a detailed Multiple Account Evaluation (MAE). Your feedback will help inform the MAE.

Preferred Option

The preferred option iwill be identified and further refined.

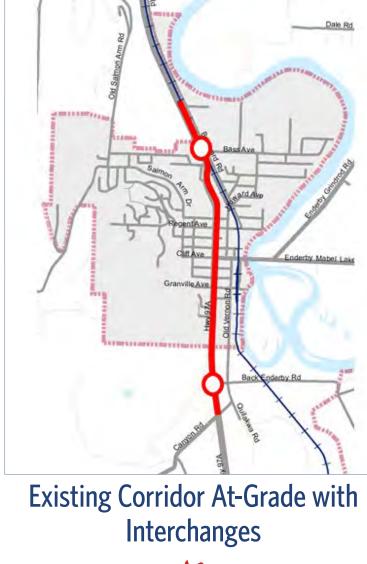


5. Option Overview - Central

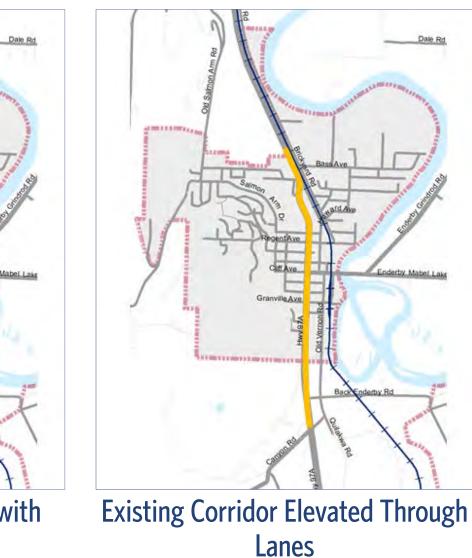
The next three boards show the long list of options generated and the outcome of the short-listing process. Advanced options will be further evaluated to determine which options are the best at resolving short, medium and long-term transportation needs (5, 10, 25-year period).

Central **Options**

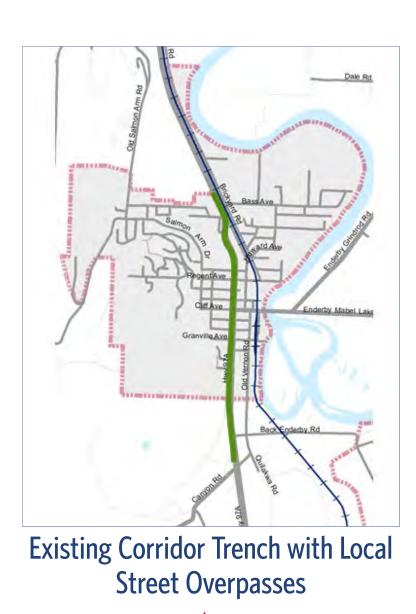
(between Bass Avenue and Canyon Road)



- Community severance effects
- Higher cost than other options with similar benefits



- Higher cost than other options with similar benefits



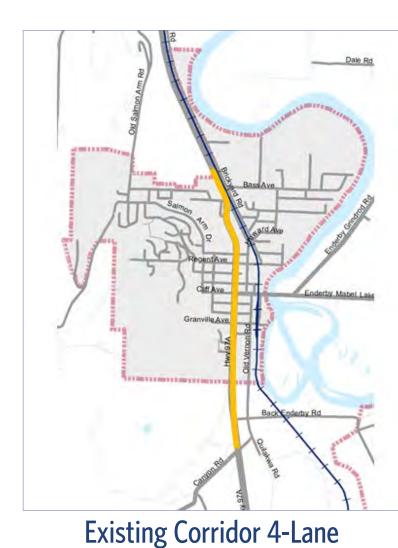
- Community severance effects
- Higher cost than other options with similar benefits



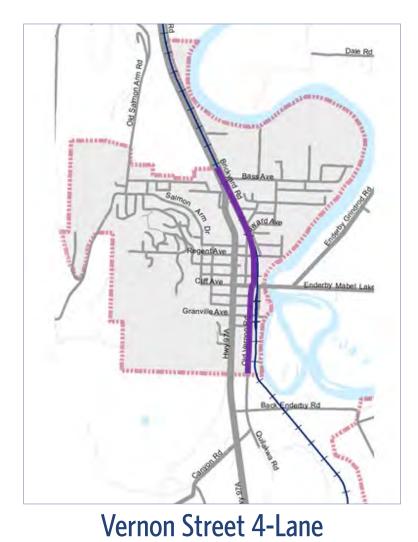
- **Existing Corridor Cut & Cover**
- Community impacts during construction
- Higher cost than other options with similar benefits



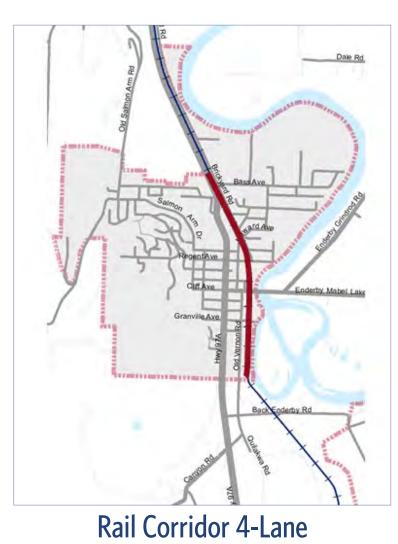
- Rail Corridor Cut & Cover Tunnel
- River proximity increases risk
- Higher cost than other options with similar benefits



- Property acquisition required - Higher cost than other options with similar benefits



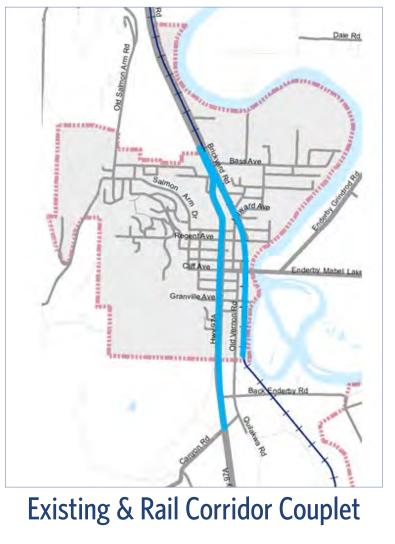
- Retained for detailed evaluation



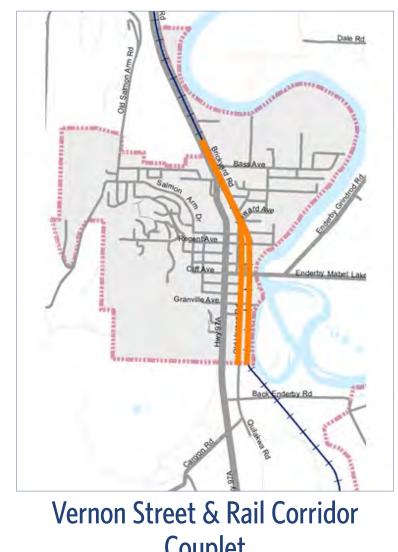
- Retained for detailed evaluation



Couplet - Retained for detailed evaluation



- Retained for detailed evaluation



Couplet

- Retained for detailed evaluation



Modified Couplet

- Retained for detailed evaluation



Modified Couplet

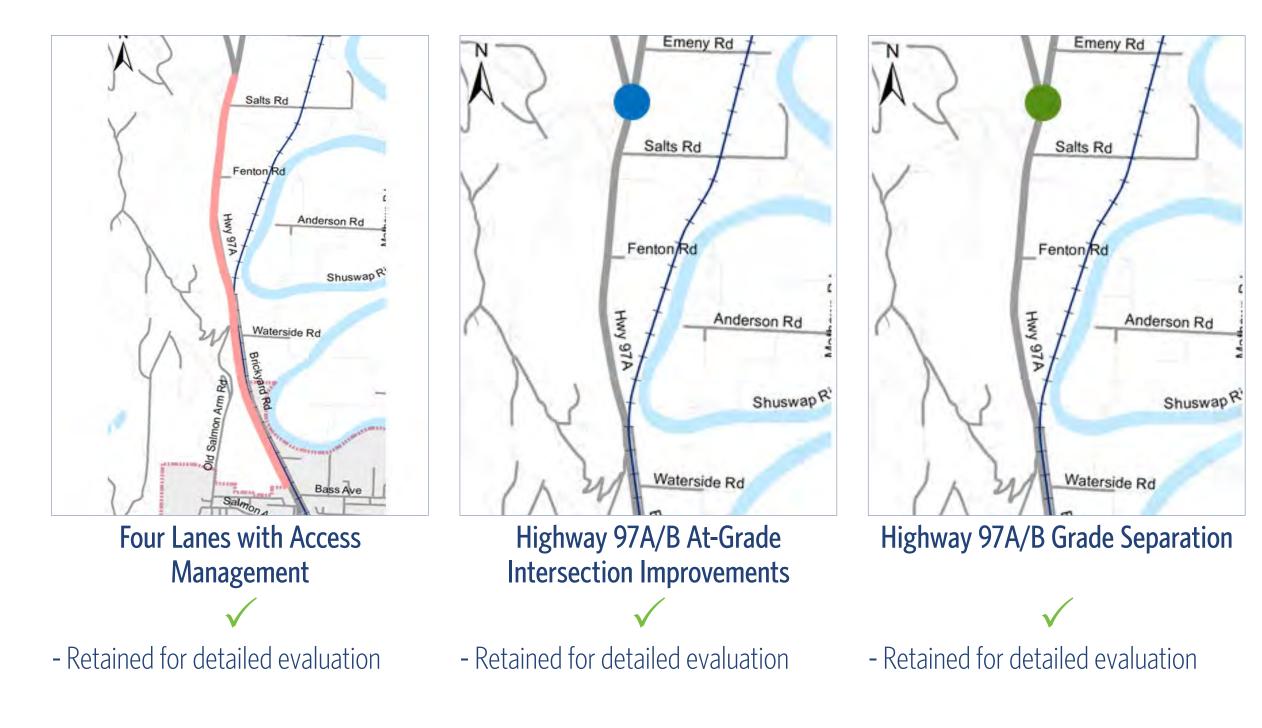
- Retained for detailed evaluation



6. Option Overview - North, South & Alternate Corridor

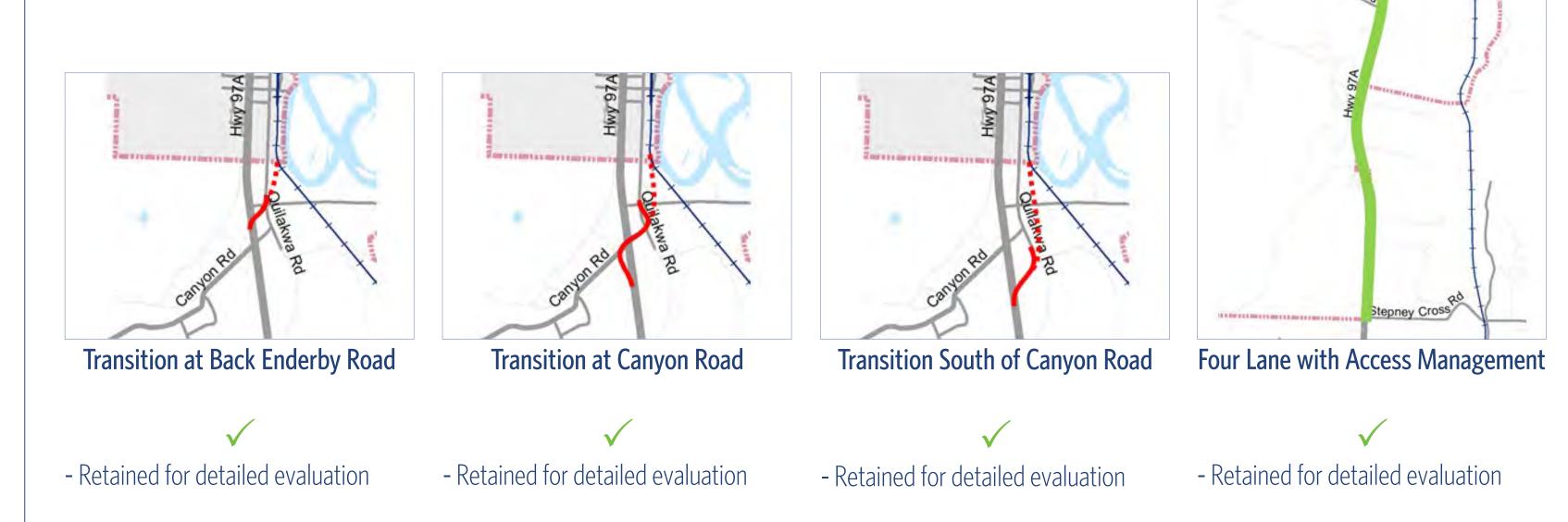
North Options

(Highway 97A/B Junction to Bass Avenue)



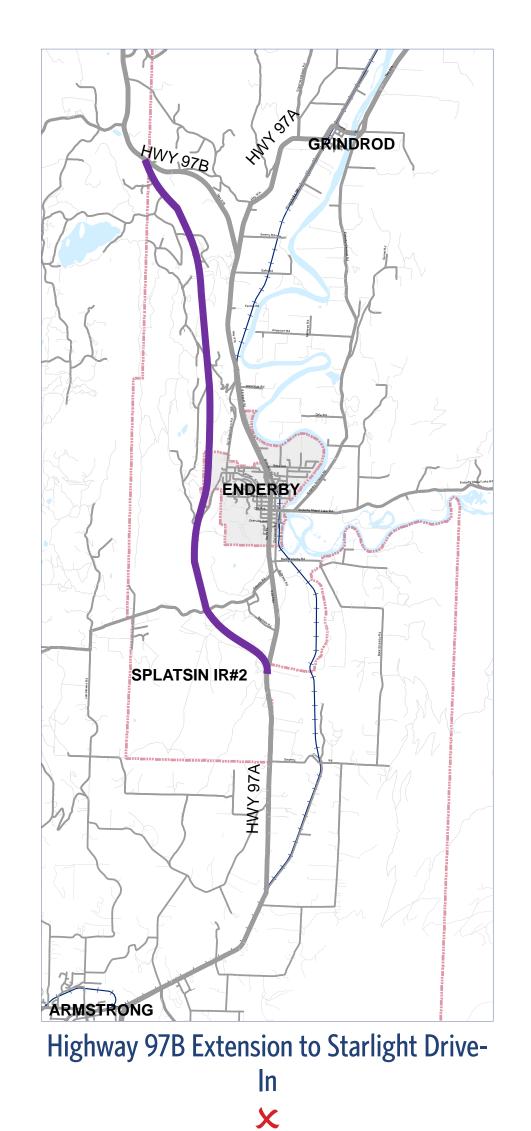
Transition & South

(South of Canyon Road to Stepney Cross Road)

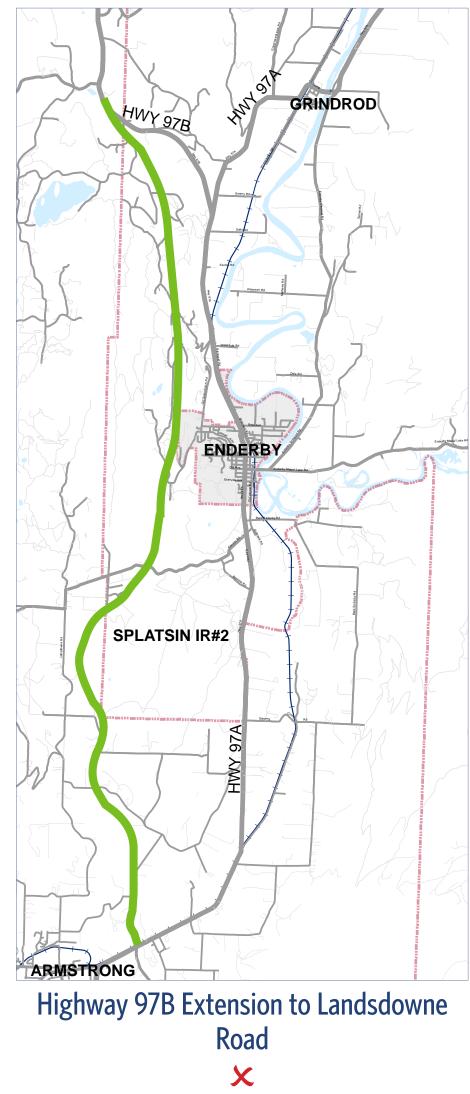


7. Option Overview - North, South & Alternate Corridor

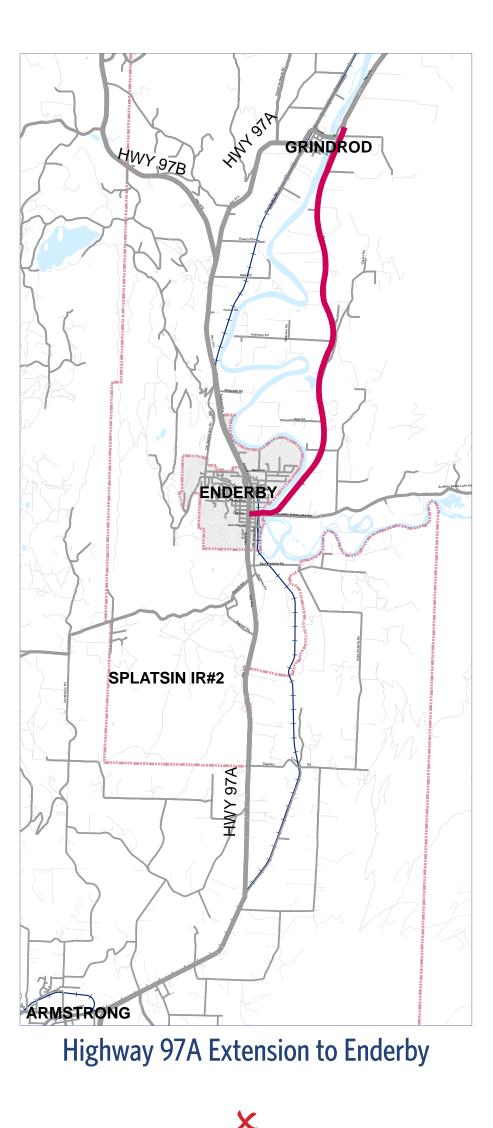
Alternate Corridor



- Roughly 3 minutes in highway travel time savings
- High cost, land acquisition and disruption
- Challenging terrain

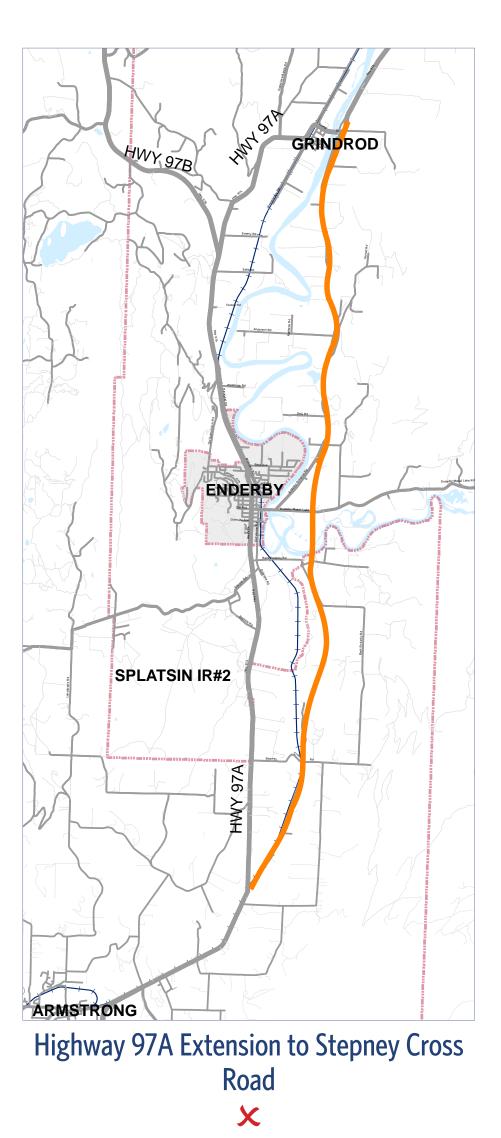


- Approximately 5 minutes in highway travel time savings
- High cost, land acquisition and disruption
- Challenging terrain



- High cost, land acquisition and community disruption both within and north of Enderby

- River proximity presents risks



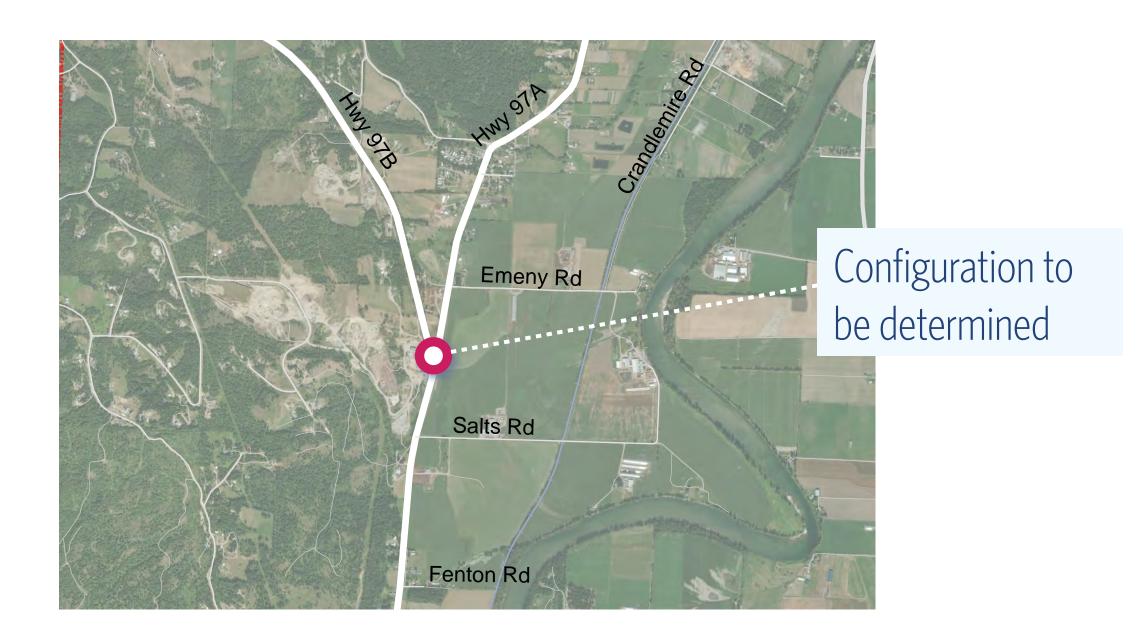
- High cost, land acquisition and community disruption for the residents along the route
- River proximity, archaeological and wildlife present risks.



8. Short-Listed Options: North

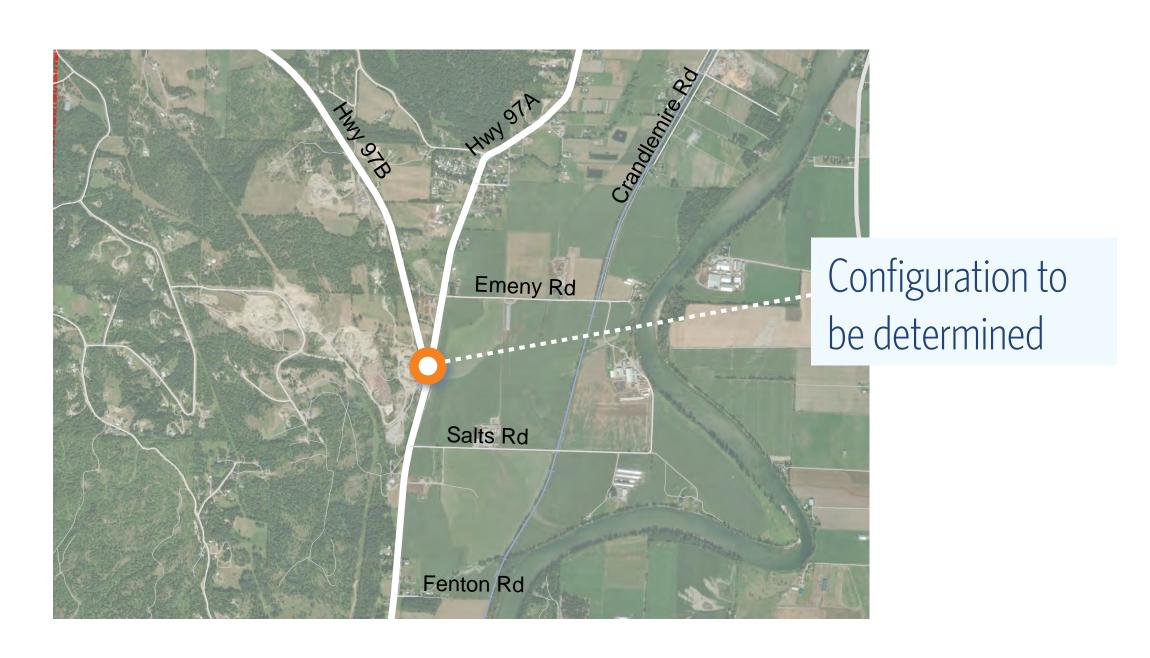
At-Grade Intersection Improvements

Addresses existing sight distance and merge length issues.



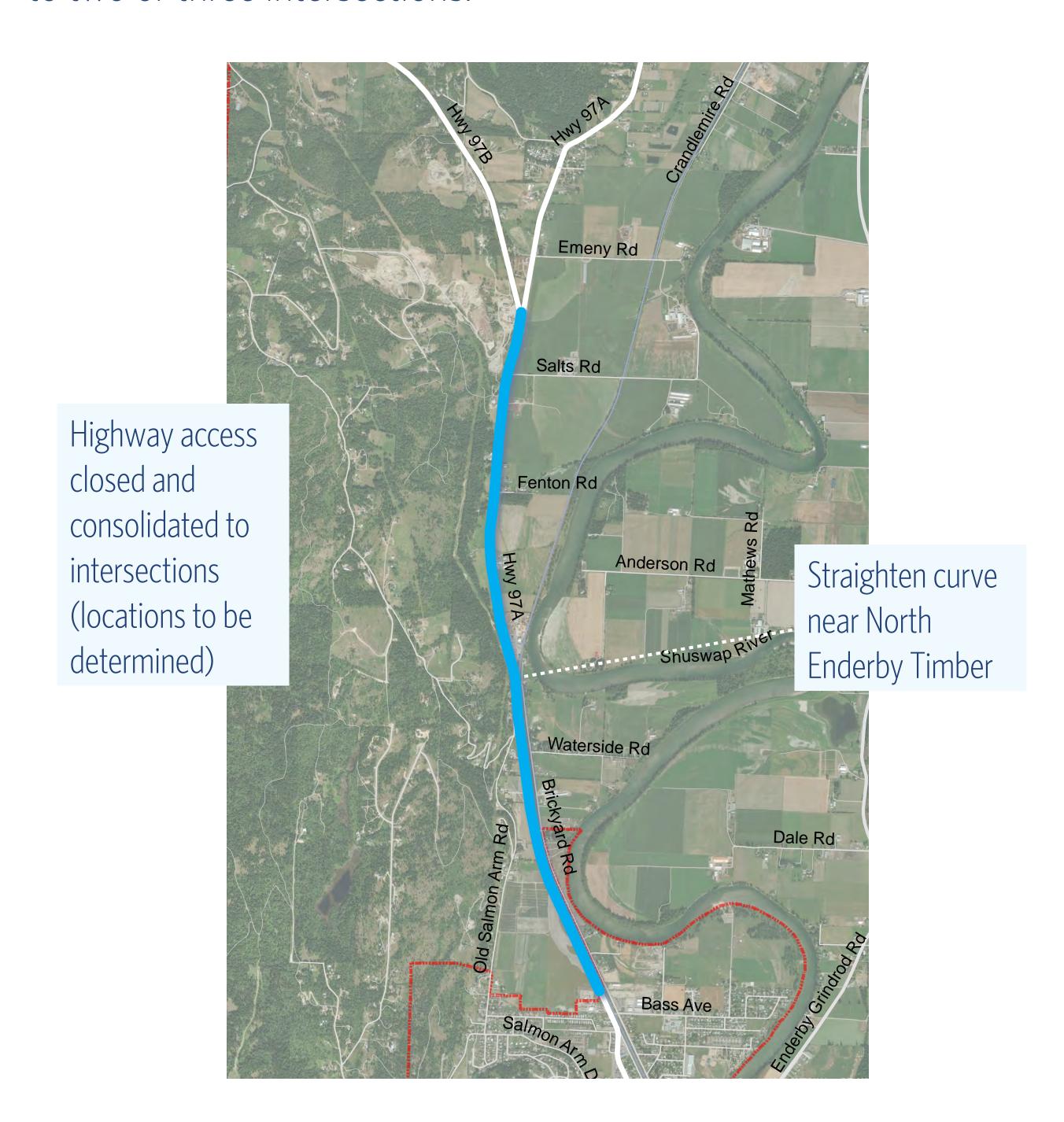
Grade Separation (Overpass)

Reduces turning conflicts by using an overpass.



Widen Highway to 4 Lanes

The highway would be widened in its existing location, and accesses would be consolidated using frontage and backage roads to two or three intersections.

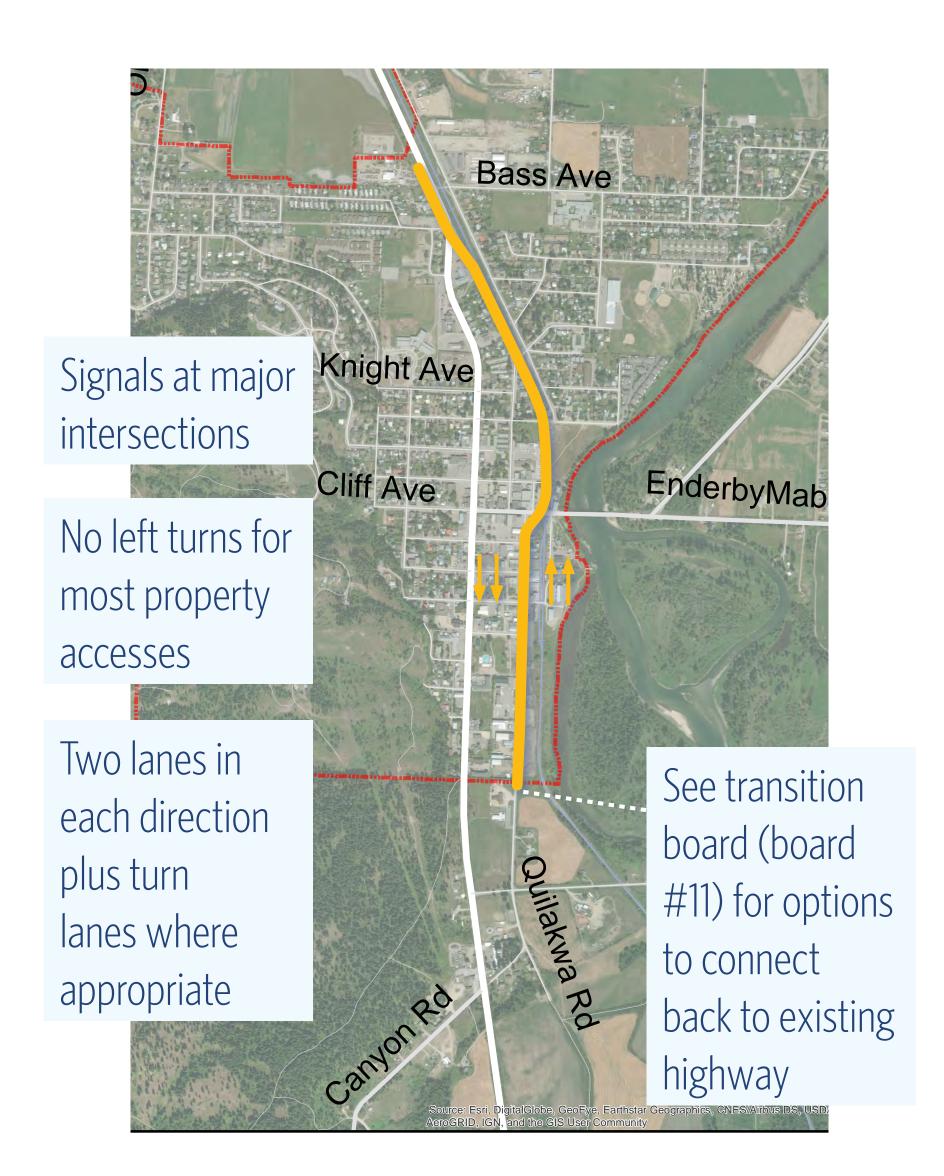




9. Short-Listed Options: Central

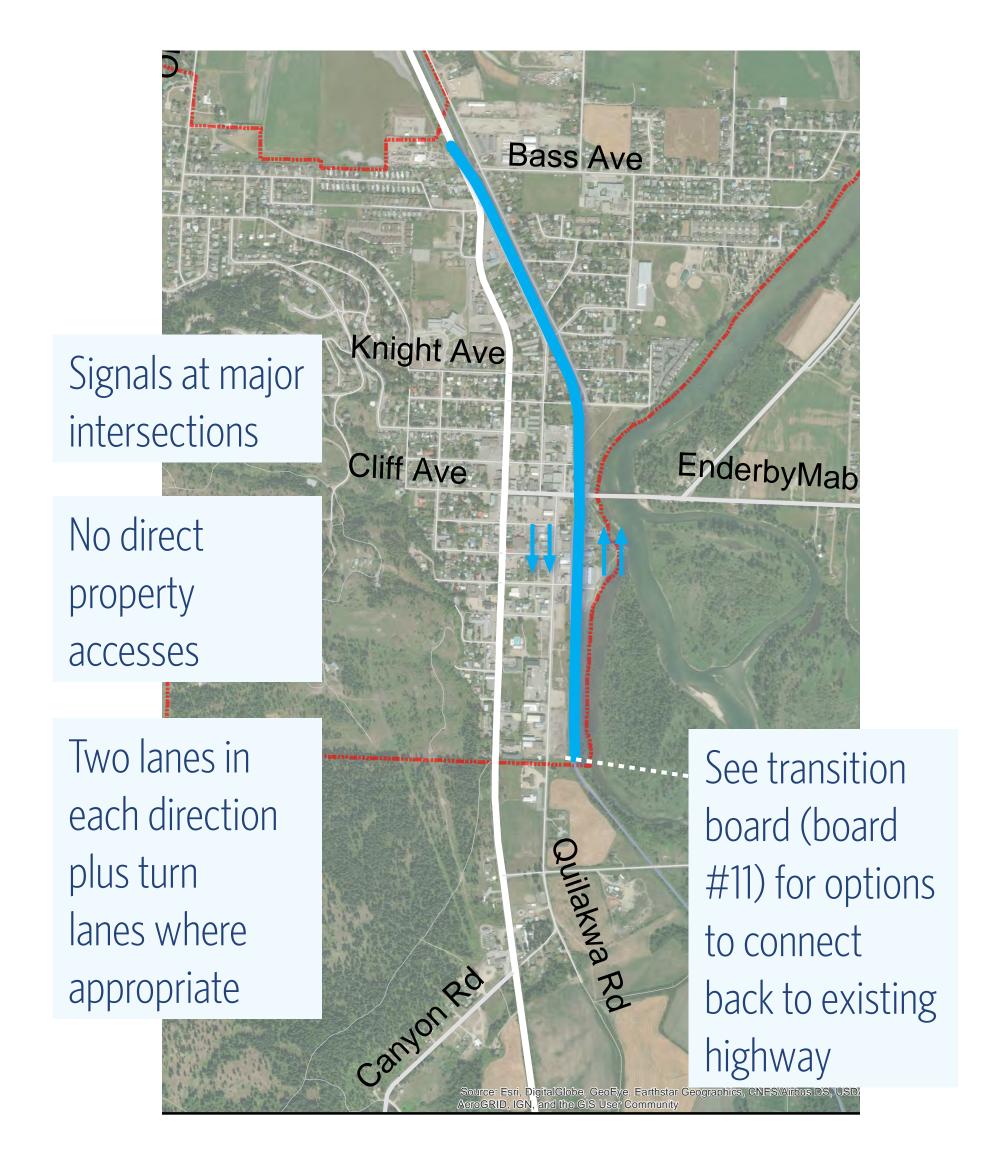
Vernon Street 4-Lane Highway

The highway would move to Vernon Street and the rail corridor north of Cliff Avenue. Some property acquisition may be required. Accesses will be defined through concept refinement. The existing highway would become a local street.



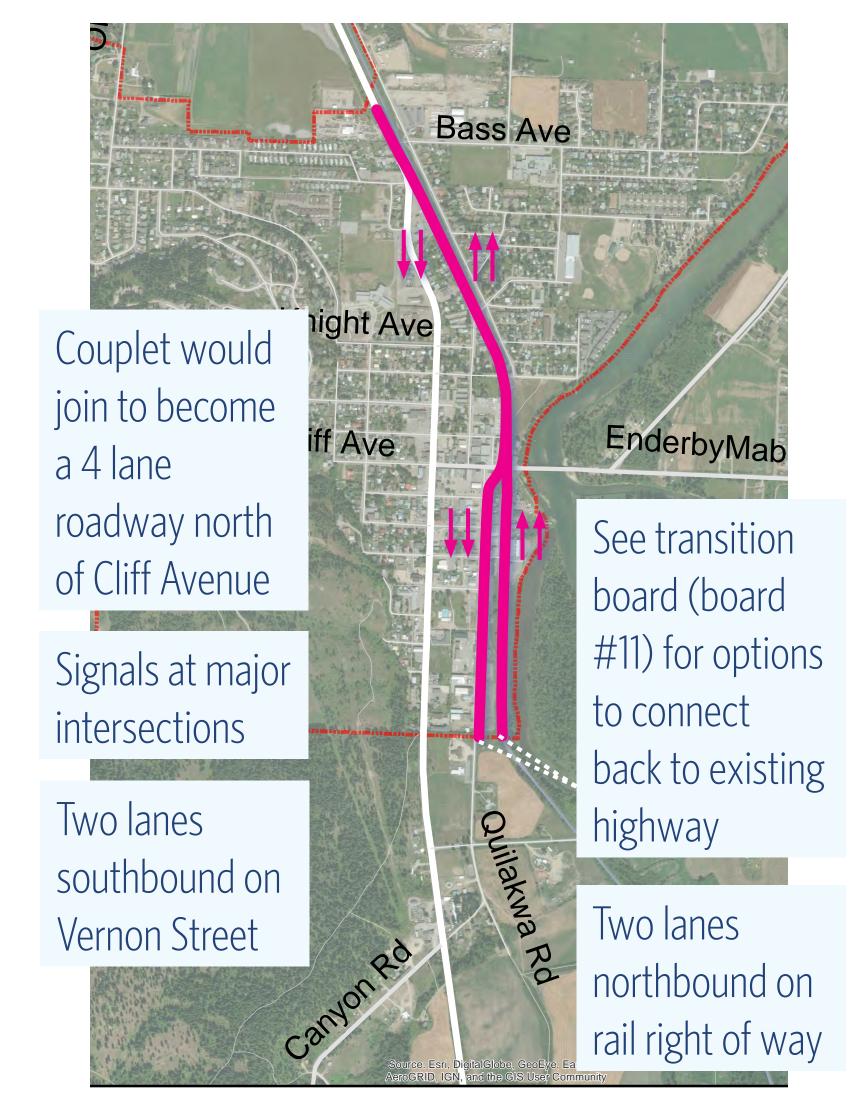
Rail Corridor 4-Lane Highway

The former rail right-of-way would be used for the highway and the existing highway would become a local street. This option would accommodate the Rail Trail either within the right of way or via another route. All property access would be via the local street network.



Vernon Street & Rail Corridor Couplet

The highway forms a couplet south of Cliff Avenue with two lanes northbound on the former rail right-of-way and two lanes southbound on Vernon Street. North of Cliff Avenue the highway would be a 4-lane roadway on the rail corridor. The existing highway would become a local street.

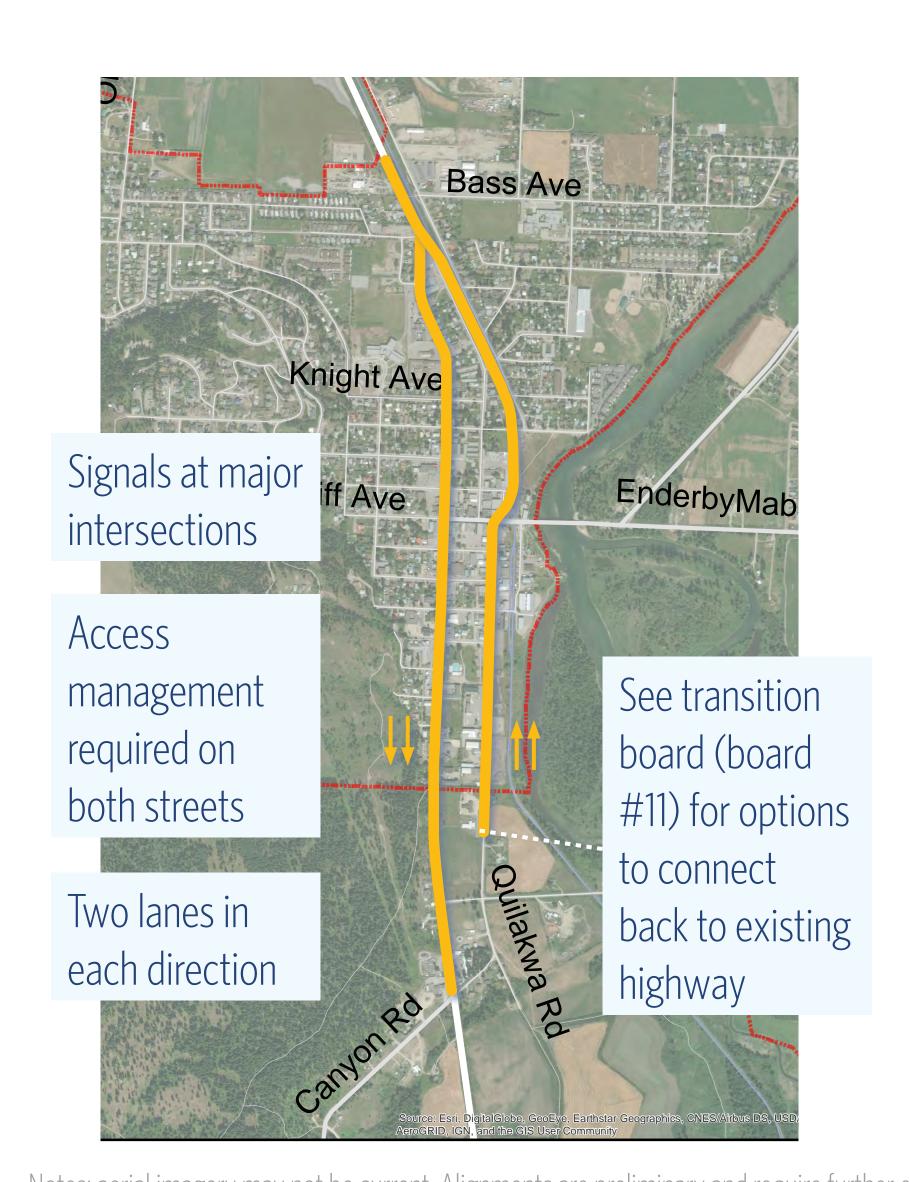




10. Short-Listed Options: Central (cont'd)

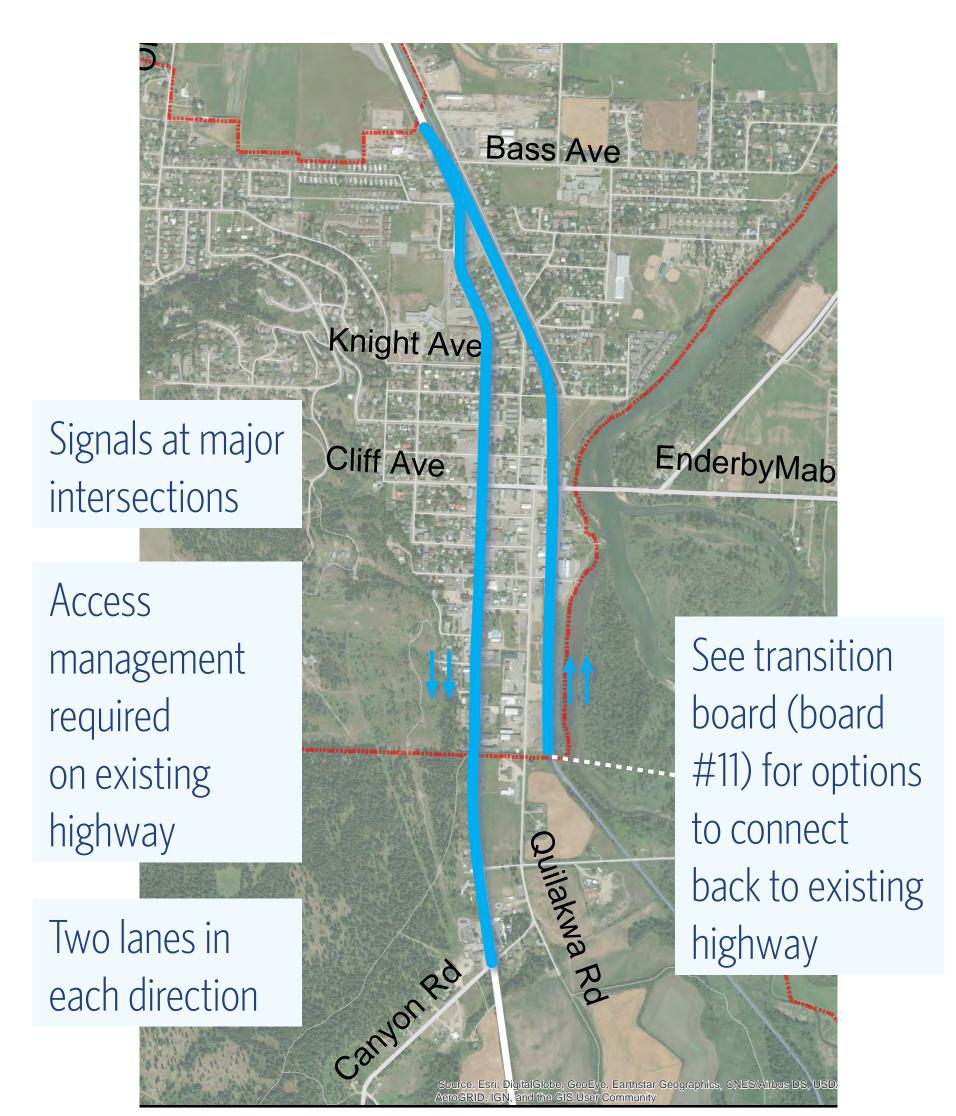
Existing Highway & Vernon Street Couplet

The highway forms a couplet by repurposing the existing highway corridor for southbound travel only (two travel lanes) and modifying Vernon Street to accommodate northbound travel (two travel lanes).



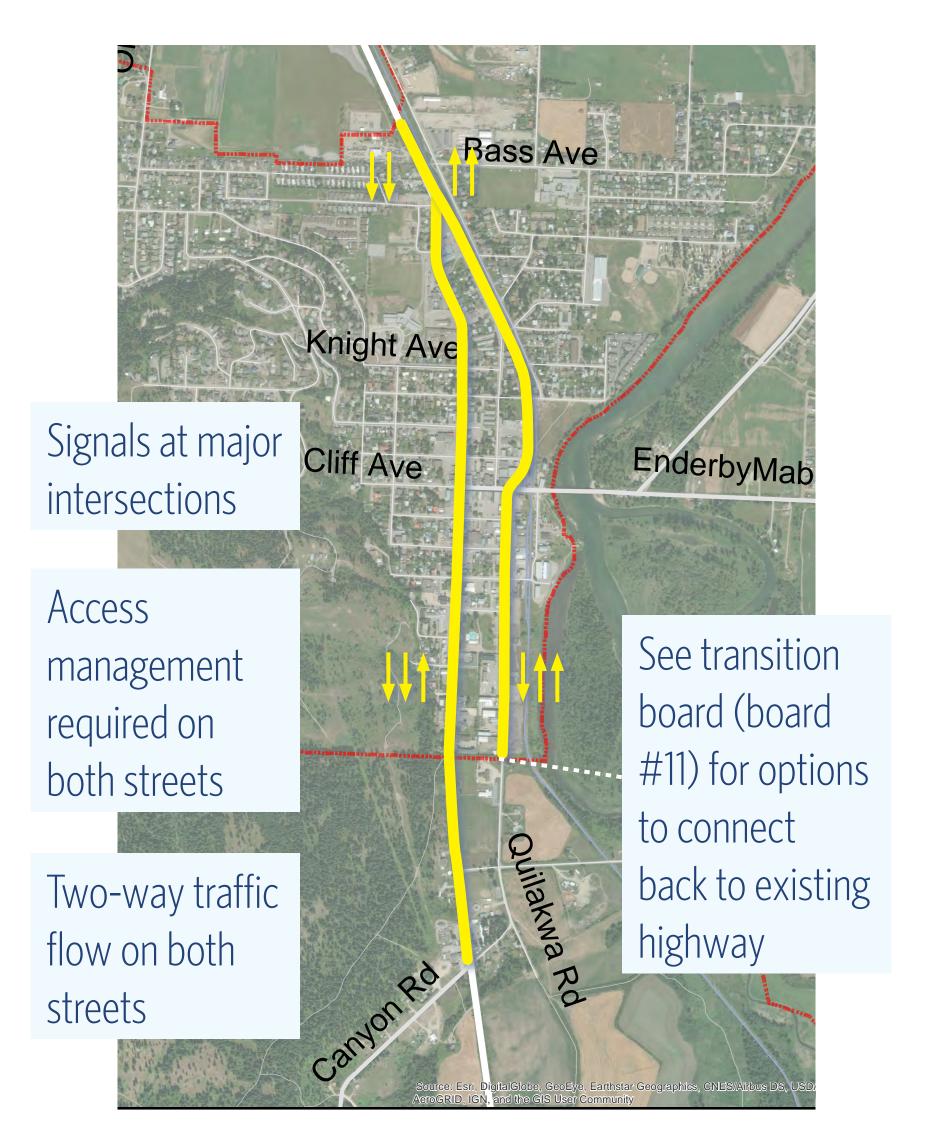
Existing Highway & Rail Corridor Couplet

The highway forms a couplet by re-purposing the existing highway corridor for southbound travel only (two travel lanes) and modifying the Rail Corridor to accommodate northbound travel (two travel lanes). This option would accommodate the Rail Trail either within the right of way or via another route.



Existing Highway & Vernon Street Modified Couplet

This option is similar to the couplet except it allows for two way travel on each street with a single lane in the opposite direction. The existing highway would accommodate two southbound lanes and one northbound lane. Vernon Street would have two northbound lanes and one southbound lane.



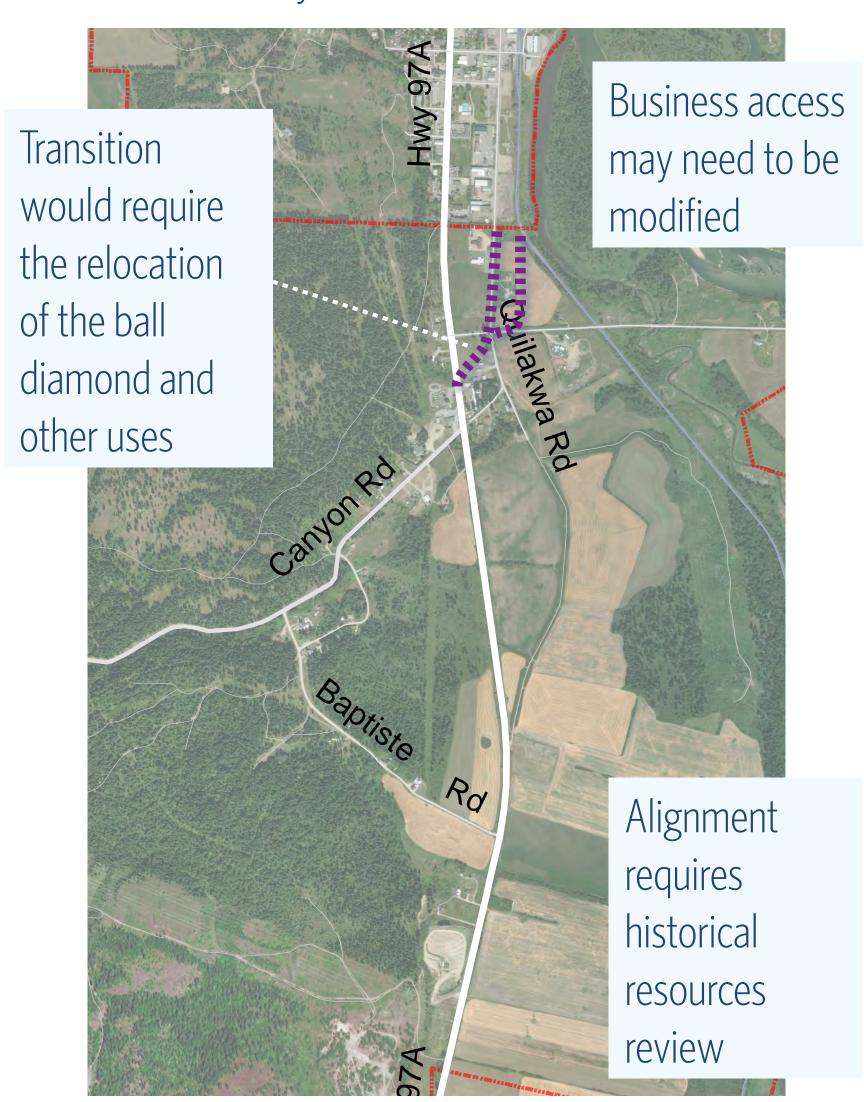


11. Short-Listed Options: Transitions

Any option that involves the use of Vernon Street and/or the Rail Corridor will involve a transition from the existing highway alingment.

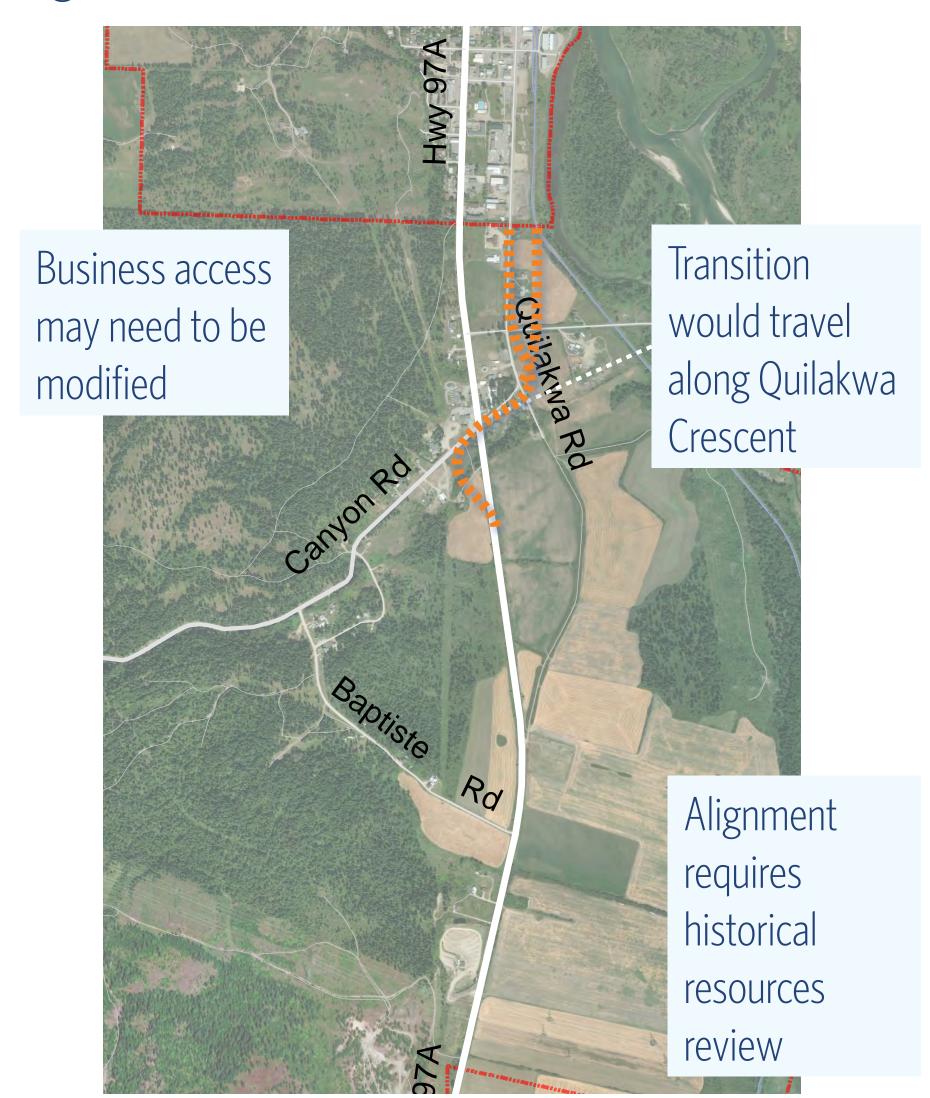
Back Enderby Road Transition

This transition occurs north of Canyon Road, passing through the existing ball diamond and other uses (which would be relocated), but avoids the future development site next to the community centre on the north side of Back Enderby Road.



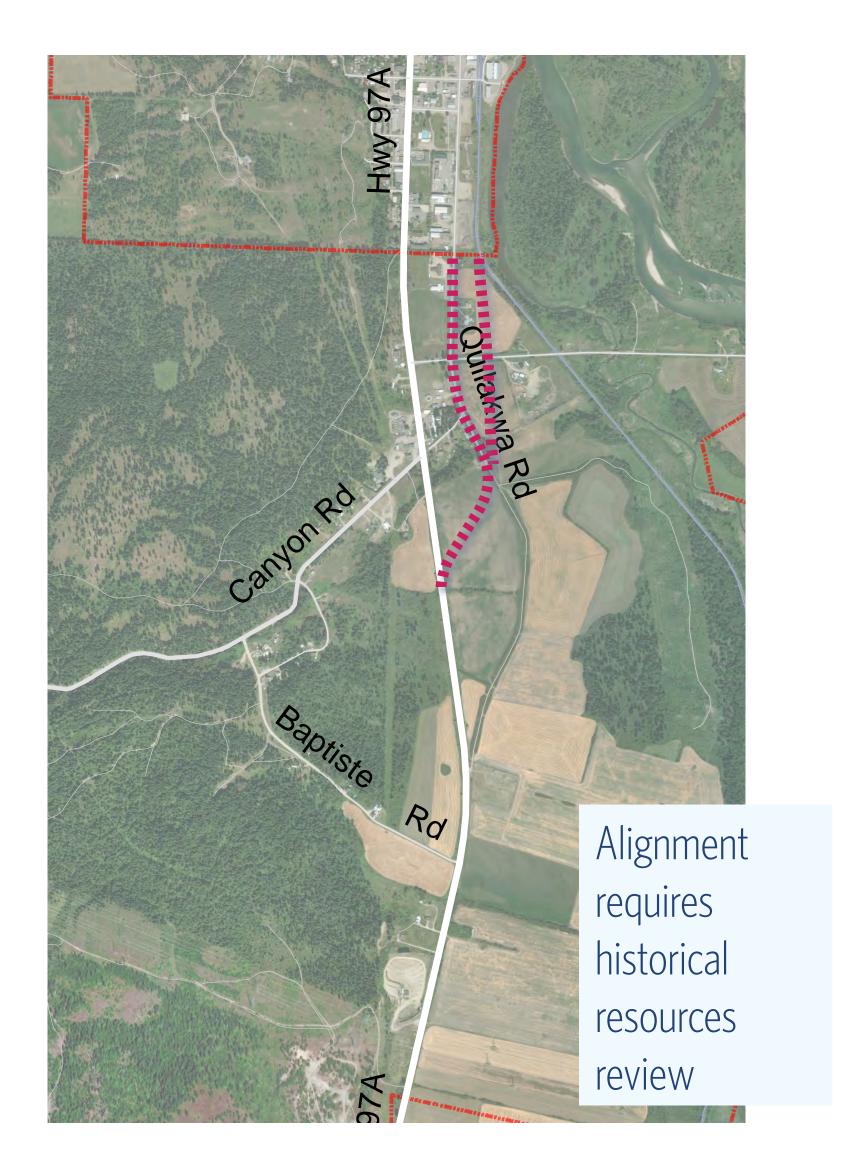
Canyon Road Transition

This option uses Quilakwa Crescent to transition between Quilakwa Road (Old Vernon Road) or the Rail Corridor and the highway. The transition requires land at either end of Quilakwa Crescent to create a proper alignment.



South of Canyon Road Transition

This transition uses connections to Quilakwa Road south of Canyon Road to transition from the existing highway to Old Vernon Road or the Rail Corridor.

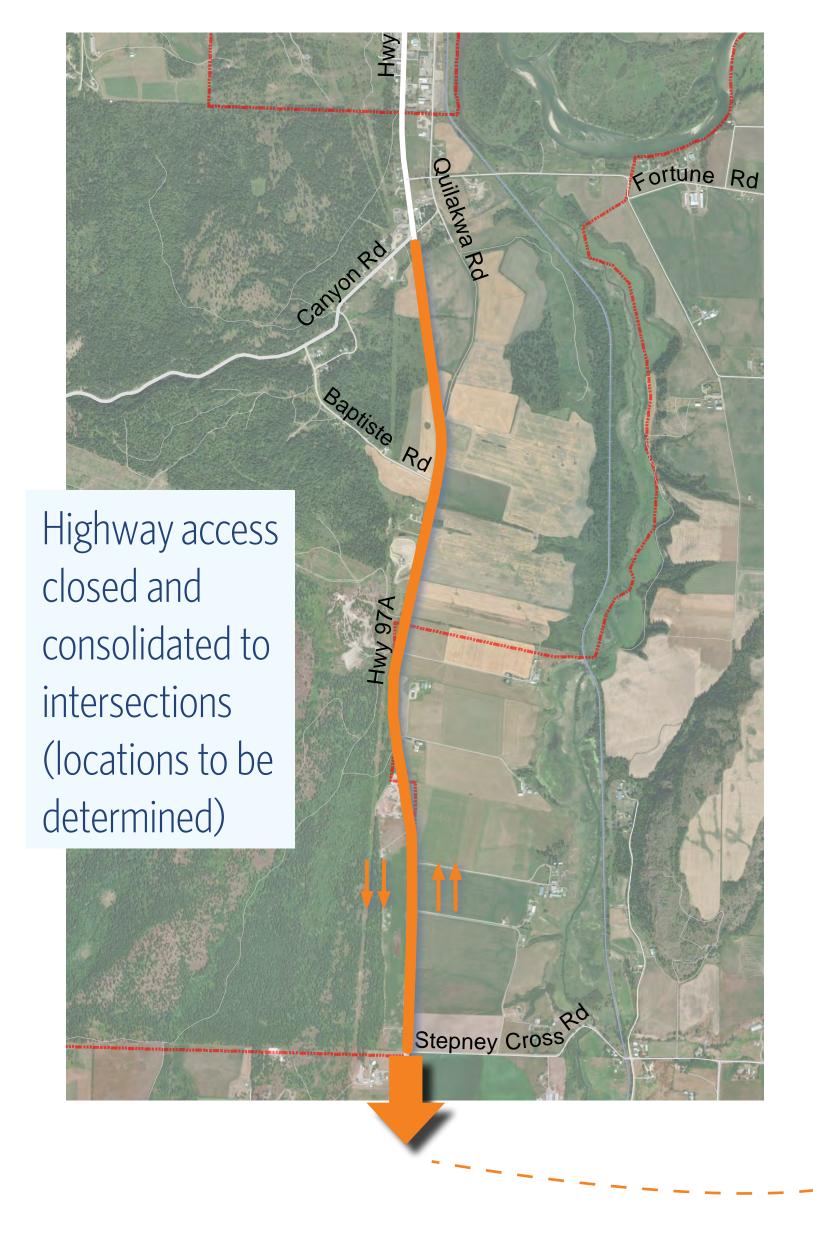




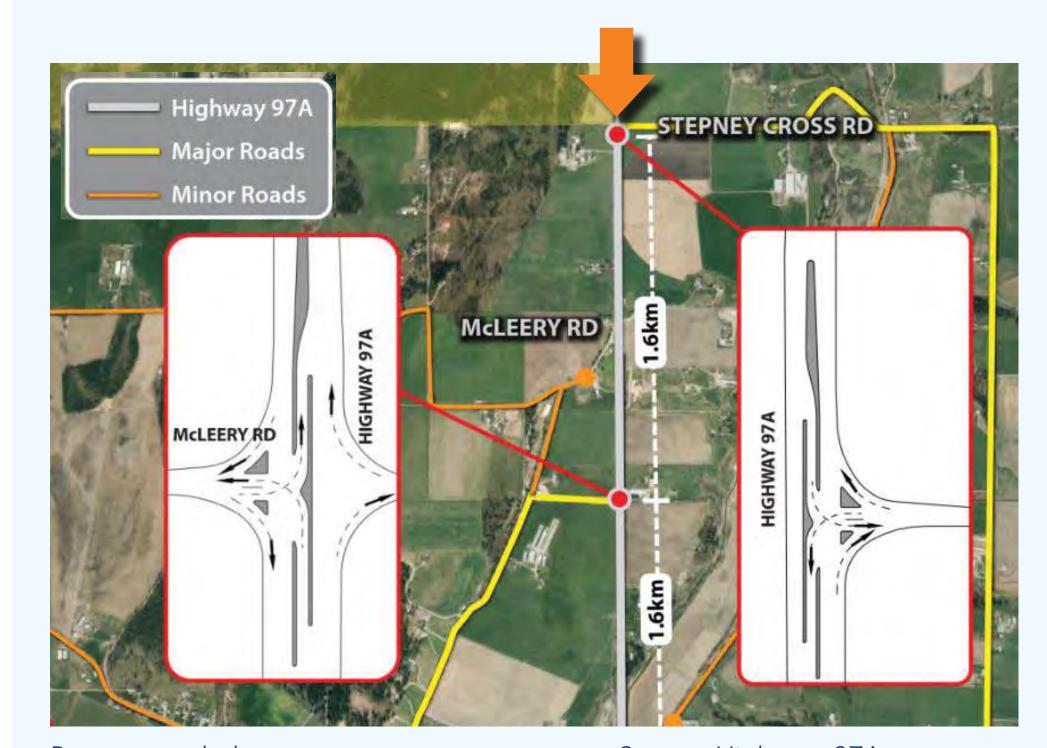
12. Short-Listed Options: South

Widen Highway to 4 Lanes

The highway would be widened in its existing location, and accesses would be consolidated using frontage and backage roads to two or three intersections.



The preferred option for this segment will be consistent with and connect to the recently completed **Highway 97A Landsdowne to Stepney Cross Road Planning & Preliminary Engineering Study** (MoTI).



Recommended access management strategy. Source: Highway 97A -Landsdowne Road to Stepney Cross Road Planning & Preliminary Engineering Study Final Report (May 2019)



13. Next Steps

What's Next?

The next steps in the study process are to review feedback and refine the options so that a detailed evaluation can occur. The detailed evaluation will identify the preferred solution. Based on the preferred solution, an implementation strategy will then be developed.



For more project information:



Project website: gov.bc.ca/highway97a-enderby-splastin-study



Email: 97AStudy@gov.bc.ca

Thank you for your time and for sharing your feedback with us!

