The ILRR is:
A spatially enabled integrated register of over 280 different types of Crown land interests and tenures, regulated uses, land and resource restrictions, and reservations (i.e. parks, mineral reserves).
In addition to the rights and interests, reference layers available in the ILRR include:
- Crown land parcels and private land parcels where available.
- Administrative boundaries including natural resource districts and provincial parks are available in the map viewer.
- Base map information including roads, water features, and map grids.

Why use the ILRR?
- Access comprehensive current land and resource information in minutes, instead of days or weeks.
- A real time acquirer takes interest information from a variety of natural resource sector Ministries and registers it in the ILRR (target within 30 minutes) allowing you to immediately view and status the interests against other requested and active interests.
- Determine the current ownership status of the land (Crown and private).
- Identify if further research may be necessary, and then use ILRR information to locate records in systems such as the British Columbia Geographic Warehouse (BCGW) for digital spatial data and resource information, GATOR for detailed Land Act and survey information, MyLTSA for information on private land.
- Identify potential land use conflicts.
- Supports:
  - land-use planning and treaty negotiations;
  - inter-agency referral processes;
  - applications for interests on land; and
  - emergency planning and response.
- Faster, more consistent decision making using common information.
- Reduced risk in decision making.
- Quickly generate queries, maps, reports, share reports with others, and get email notification if something changes on a specific interest.

ILRR Environment Interests Reference Information
The Ministry of Environment is responsible for encouraging and maintaining the effective protection, management, and conservation of B.C.’s water, land, air, and living resources. It administers the province’s parks and protected areas, and monitors and enforces compliance with environmental laws and regulations. It is also responsible for providing leadership to minimize the effects of climate change and ensuring that British Columbians and industry are prepared to adapt to the effects of a changing climate.
The ministry is responsible for establishing categories of species; identifying wildlife habitat features; and establishing water quality objectives for community watersheds.

Ministry of Forests, Lands, Natural Resource Operations & Rural Development is now responsible for these environmental interests: Designating ungulate winter ranges and associated objectives or general wildlife measures; designating wildlife habitat areas and associated objectives or general wildlife measures under the Identified Wildlife Management Strategy; designating fisheries sensitive watersheds and associated objectives; designating temperature sensitive streams and designating community watersheds.

British Columbia is home to many nationally and internationally significant natural and cultural values. Through the establishment of parks, ecological reserves, and protected areas as these natural environments are preserved for the use and enjoyment of the public. The legal framework for protecting these important areas includes:
- The Protected Areas of British Columbia Act
- The Park Act
- The Ecological Reserve Act
- The Environment and Land Use Act
- Environment Assessment Act
- Wildlife Act

Conservation lands often concurrently provide for a range of opportunities for public access, including day hiking, hunting and fishing, wildlife viewing, scientific research, education, and traditional activities of First Nations. A Wildlife Management Area is designated for the benefit of regionally to internationally significant fish and wildlife species or their habitats. Conservation and management of fish, wildlife and their habitats is the priority in a WMA but other compatible land uses may be accommodated. This may include limited or modified resource based activities.

British Columbia’s water resource is one of the Province’s most precious and significant assets. From a crucial supply of drinking water to energy to recreation to irrigation, B.C. water meets many needs for many people. Authority to divert and use surface water is obtained by a licence or approval in accordance with the statutory requirements of the Water Act and the Water Protection Act.

Contacts: ILRR Support
Toll Free (within BC): 1-866-952-6801
Within Victoria: 250-952-6801
E-Mail: NRSApplications@gov.bc.ca (to open a ticket)
NRSEnquiries@gov.bc.ca (to ask a question)

Contacts: Environment Interests Inquiries
For business questions regarding specific Ministry of Environment interests displayed in the ILRR contact:
- Ministry of Environment inquiries: http://www.gov.bc.ca/env/
- B.C. Parks inquiries: http://www.env.gov.bc.ca/bcparks/

For Business questions regarding specific Ministry of Forests, Lands, Natural Resource Operations & Rural Development displayed in the ILRR contact: http://www.gov.bc.ca/for/
**Environment Interests in the ILRR**

The following interests can be found in the ILRR. There are over 280 interest types in the ILRR and the list provided is just a sample of what is available.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Environment Interests</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Community Watersheds</td>
<td>Any natural watershed area on which a community holds a valid water licence issued under the <em>Water Act</em> by the Comptroller of Water Rights. There are currently 285 approved Community Watersheds in BC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conservation Lands</td>
<td>The primary purpose of conservation lands is to conserve and manage important habitat for the benefit of regionally or internationally significant fish and wildlife species. Conservation lands often concurrently provide for a range of opportunities for public access, including day hiking, hunting and fishing, wildlife viewing, scientific research and education, and traditional activities of First Nations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ecological Reserves</td>
<td>Ecological reserves maintain Crown land for ecological purposes only. They may include areas that are natural ecosystems, modified ecosystems, natural habitats for rare/endangered plants and animals, and unique/rare examples of natural phenomena suitable for scientific and educational purposes. They are considered to be the most highly protected areas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guide Outfitter Areas</td>
<td>Each guide outfitter is licenced to guide resident and non-resident hunters in an exclusive guide area with clearly defined and legally described boundaries. The guide areas vary considerably in size and availability of big game species.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine Protected Areas</td>
<td>A provincial protected area in any area of tidal water and seabed in conjunction with the associated natural and cultural features.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Old Growth Management Areas</td>
<td>Legally established defined areas of old growth forest that are identified during landscape unit planning or an operational planning process. Old growth is a forest that contains live and dead trees of various sizes, species, composition, and age class structure. The age and structure of old growth varies significantly by forest type and from one biogeoclimatic zone to another.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park Designation</td>
<td>A park is Crown land designated under the <em>Park Act</em> through one of three classifications. A Class A park is Crown land whose management and development is constrained by the <em>Park Act</em> to preserve or maintain the land’s recreational value. A Class B park is Crown land that may permit a broader range of activities/uses so long as they are not detrimental to the park’s recreational value. Managed by a local board, Class C parks have management requirements identical to Class A parks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protected Areas</td>
<td>Protected areas are Crown land which includes Class A Parks, Class B Parks, Class C Parks, Ecological Reserves, Conservancies or Recreation Areas that are defined by the <em>Protected Areas of British Columbia Act</em> or the <em>Parks Act</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature Sensitive Streams</td>
<td>A fish stream is considered as a temperature sensitive stream if either trees are required adjacent to the stream to manage the temperature of the designated portion for the protection of fish, or management of the temperature of the designated portion is not otherwise provided.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tralpine Areas</td>
<td>Tralpine Areas refer to an area for which registration is granted to one or more licensed trappers for the trapping of fur-bearing animals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungulate Winter Range</td>
<td>An area that contains habitat that is necessary to meet the winter habitat requirements of an ungulate species. Ungulates or hoofed mammals include the various species of wild bison, caribou, deer, elk, moose, and sheep.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Licence</td>
<td>A water licence may permit a holder to divert and use a specified quantity of water; store water; construct, maintain and operate the works necessary for the proper diversion, storage, carriage, distribution and use of the water or the power produced from it; alter or improve a stream or channel; and construct cross-stream fences, screens and fish or game guards for the purpose of conserving fish or wildlife.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wildlife Management Area</td>
<td>A WMA is an area of land designated for the benefit of regionally to internationally significant fish and wildlife species or their habitats. Conservation and management of fish, wildlife and their habitats is the priority in a WMA but other compatible land uses may be accommodated.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Survey Parcel Search function allows a user to quickly locate a Survey Parcel Type based on a private land Parcel Identifier (PID), a Crown Parcel ID Number (PIN), a Title Number (JUROL or BC Assessment Roll Number), or based on the legal description. The only difference between the Survey Parcel Search and the Legal Description Search within the Custom Status option is the Survey Parcel Search only allows the user to view the results of the search, where the Legal Description Search allows you to view the results AND select a survey parcel to be used as the AOI or location parameter in a Custom Status Query.

To avoid confusion and to help you identify where you are in the ILRR system, the Survey Parcel Search screens are labeled: Survey Parcel Search, whereas the same screens in a Custom Status are labeled: Custom Status.
The Query Interest Record function allows the user to quickly locate a specific interest, record, or group of records based on a known ILRR Interest Identifier or Agency Record Identifier.

Example workflow:
1a. Select the ILRR Interest Identifier option and enter the ILRR Interest Identifier (example 453513), or
1b. Select Agency Record Identifier and then from the options presented select Parks, Protected Areas, and Reserves (example Ruckle Park) or Water Tenures and Interests (example C062997) and enter the appropriate interest identifiers.

2. In the Report Results screen, use the selected interest to Create Status Report, or use the selected interest to Create Overlay Report.

Select the Interest and click Create Status Report to generate a Status Report for the Interest. There were 118 interests within 1000 meters of interest Licence# C062997 returned in the Status Report.

The Query Interest Record Summary screen shows all the selected and defined parameters and those which have been set to default.

If you wish to save this query (save the parameters), in the right navigation menu, click the Save Query link. You must click the Submit button before clicking the Save Query button.

If you wish to create an Overlay Report, in the right navigation menu, click the Create Overlay Report button.

Click the Submit button to generate your report. If you receive an error when submitting, your query may not be adhering to the Query Validation Criteria.

The Query Validation Criteria can be found at https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/data/geographic-data-services/land-use/integrated-land-resource-registry/custom-queries