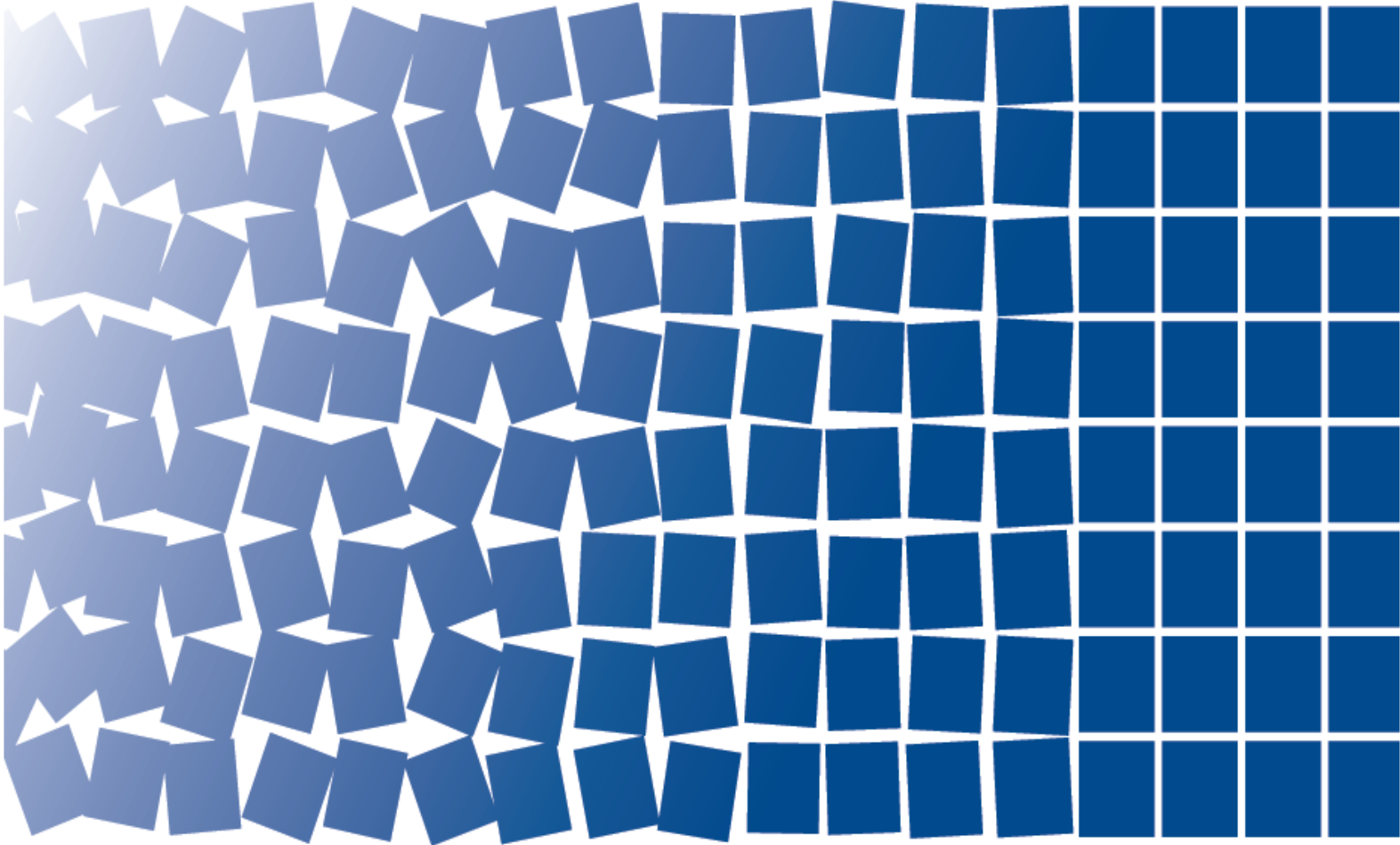


**TAXATION REVENUE
COLLECTIONS
OPERATIONAL RECORDS
CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM**



GOVERNMENT RECORDS SERVICE

**TAXATION REVENUE
COLLECTIONS
OPERATIONAL RECORDS
CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM**



GOVERNMENT RECORDS SERVICE

Library and Archives Canada Cataloguing in Publication Data
British Columbia. Corporate Records Management Branch.

Taxation revenue collections operational records
classification system

Loose-leaf for updating.

"This ORCS covers records created and received since
2002 with the creation of the Taxation Revenue
Collections Branch, with the exception of property tax
forfeiture and collection records, which date from
1918."-Executive summary.

ISBN 0-7726-5300-3

1. British Columbia. Taxation Revenue Collections Branch
- Public records - Handbooks, manuals, etc. 2. Tax
collection - British Columbia - Handbooks, manuals, etc.
3. Tax administration and procedure - British Columbia -
Handbooks, manuals, etc. 4. Classification - Public
records - Handbooks, manuals, etc. 5. Records retention
- British Columbia - Handbooks, manuals, etc. I. Title.

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C2005-960045-4

MAR 08 2004

Schedule No. 159490

RECORDS RETENTION AND DISPOSITION AUTHORITY

Accession No. see "How to Use ORCS" part 3.9.1

This is a recommendation to authorize an operational records classification and scheduling system.

Title: *Taxation Revenue Collections Operational Records Classification System*

Ministry of Provincial Revenue
Revenue Programs Division
Taxation Revenue Collections Branch

Description and Purpose:

The *Taxation Revenue Collections Operational Records Classification System (ORCS)* covers all operational records created, received, and maintained by Taxation Revenue Collections Branch.

These records document the collection of outstanding social service tax, hotel room tax, motor fuel tax, tobacco tax, horse racing tax, corporation capital tax, insurance premium tax, interational financial business tax refunds, property transfer tax, rural property tax, mineral tax, and oil and natural gas royalties and taxes.

Collections files closed prior to 2002 were administered by the branches responsible for administering other aspects of the legislation, and, except for one category, are covered by other *ORCS (Consumer Taxation ORCS, Income Taxation ORCS, Mineral, Oil and Gas Revenue ORCS, and Property Taxation ORCS)*.

Case files relating to rural land forfeited due to non-payment of property taxes, which for 2002 on are covered in the *ORCS* by secondaries 48520-20, -30, -40, and -50, were previously scheduled under ongoing records schedules 105079, 892118, 105022, and 892119 respectively.

For further descriptive information about these records, please refer to the attached executive summary.

Date range: 2002 ongoing

Physical format of records: see attached schedule

Annual accumulation: .32 cubic meters

Recommended retention and disposition: scheduled in accord with attached *ORCS*.

THE UNDERSIGNED ENDORSE THE RECOMMENDATIONS:

Steinburne 2004/02/03
Records Officer Date
Abell Mar 2/04
Executive Director/ADM Date
Chapman Mar 3/04
Deputy Minister/Corporate Executive Date

THE PUBLIC DOCUMENTS COMMITTEE CONCURS:

Sachithell 19 APR 2004
Chair, PDC Date

THE SELECT STANDING COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ACCOUNTS APPROVES THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE PUBLIC DOCUMENTS COMMITTEE:

Jan 31, 2005
Date

APPROVED BY RESOLUTION OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY:

Feb 21, 2005
Date

OTHER STATUTORY APPROVALS:

Signature _____ Date _____ Signature _____ Date _____
Title: _____ Title: _____

CONTACT: Blair Turner, Ministry Records Officer, 387-2887

RECORDS MANAGEMENT APPRAISAL:

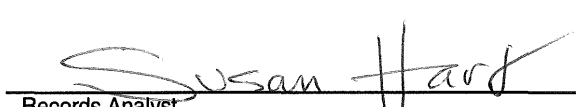
This appraisal documents the recommendation for active and semi-active retention periods.

These records are created and received under the authority of the *Social Service Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 431), the *Hotel Room Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 207), the *Motor Fuel Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 317), the *Tobacco Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 452), the *Horse Racing Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 199), the *Corporation Capital Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 73), the *Insurance Premium Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 232), the *International Financial Business (Tax Refund) Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 235), the *Logging Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 277), the *Property Transfer Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 378), the *Taxation (Rural Area) Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 448), the *Mineral Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 291), the *Petroleum and Natural Gas Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 361), and subsequent legislation governing the operational responsibilities and functions of the creating agency.

Functional duplicates are indicated under appropriate classification headings.

The retention and final disposition guidelines specified in the attached *Operational Records Classification System* meet the creating agency's information requirements, ensure fiscal and audit control, protect government's legal rights and liabilities, and provide for effective management of the agency's operational functions. Upon expiry of the active and semi-active retention periods, the records covered by this recommendation will no longer be of any primary value to government.

The retention and final disposition guidelines have been established in consultation with the Records Officer and staff and managers of all branches conducting operational functions in the creating agency.


Records Analyst

2003/11/27
Date

ARCHIVAL APPRAISAL:

This appraisal documents the recommendation for final disposition.

The final disposition recommendations protect records considered to have significant evidential and historical values. The specific reasons for retaining certain records are stated within the *ORCS*, as well as in the Executive Summary.

Record series or groups of records which will be retained in their entirety are indicated by "Full Retention."

Record series or groups of records which will be retained in part are indicated by "Selective Retention." Selective retention means that portions of the record series will be retained by means of recognized archival selection criteria. For the meaning of selective retention with respect to a specific record series, see the attached schedule.

The definitions of both selective and full retention provide that records will be preserved in the government archives, and that unnecessary duplicates, transitory materials, and ephemera may be discarded.


Archivist

2003/11/27
Date

The undersigned endorses the appraisal recommendations:


Director, Corporate Records Management Branch

2003-11-27
Date

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

A SA FD

TAXATION REVENUE COLLECTIONS

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (ORCS)

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This *Operational Records Classification System (ORCS)* establishes a classification system and retention and disposition schedule for the operational records created by the Taxation Revenue Collections Branch under the *Social Service Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 431), *Hotel Room Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 207), *Motor Fuel Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 317), *Tobacco Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 452), *Horse Racing Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 199), *Corporation Capital Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 73), *Insurance Premium Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 232), *International Financial Business (Tax Refund) Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 235), *Logging Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 277), *Property Transfer Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 378), *Taxation (Rural Area) Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 448), *Mineral Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 291), and *Petroleum and Natural Gas Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 361).

These records document the collection of outstanding social service tax, hotel room tax, motor fuel tax, tobacco tax, horse racing tax, corporation capital tax, insurance premium tax, international financial business tax refunds, property transfer tax, rural property tax, mineral tax, and oil and natural gas royalties and taxes.

The active and semi-active retention periods specified in the schedule meet all operational, administrative, legal, fiscal, and audit requirements. Corporate Records Management Branch has reviewed the final dispositions to ensure that records having enduring evidential and historical values are preserved.

This ORCS covers records created and received since 2002 with the creation of the Taxation Revenue Collections Branch, with the exception of property tax forfeiture and collection records, which date from 1918. Previous records relating to the functions documented in this ORCS have been appraised and scheduled under the *Consumer Taxation ORCS*, schedule 159625; *Income Taxation ORCS*, schedule 881260; *Mineral, Oil, and Gas Revenue ORCS*, schedule 159500; and ongoing records schedules 121715, 892118, and 105022 (which are replaced by this ORCS).

(continued on next page)

A = Active	CY = Calendar Year	SO = Superseded or Obsolete
SA = Semi-active	FY = Fiscal Year	DE = Destruction
FD = Final Disposition	NA = Not Applicable	SR = Selective Retention
PIB = Personal Information Bank	w = week m = month	FR = Full Retention
PUR = Public Use Records	y = year	FOI = Freedom of Information/Privacy
OPR = Office of Primary Responsibility		VR = Vital Records

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

A SA FD

The following summary describes the types of records covered by this ORCS and identifies their retention periods and final dispositions. In this summary, record types are linked to the ORCS by primary and secondary numbers. Please consult the ORCS manual for further information.

- | | | | | |
|----|---|----|----|----|
| 1) | <u>Policy and Procedures</u>
(secondary -00 throughout ORCS) | SO | 5y | FR |
|----|---|----|----|----|

FR = Throughout this ORCS, the government archives will fully retain policy and procedure files created by offices having primary responsibility for policy and procedures development and approval, unless otherwise noted under a secondary. These records have evidential value.

- | | | | | |
|----|---|----|-----|----|
| 2) | <u>Taxation Revenue Collections Manuals</u>
(secondaries 48000-03 and -04) | SO | nil | SR |
|----|---|----|-----|----|

These records document policies, procedures, and legal opinions that apply to the collection of taxes administered by the Ministry of Provincial Revenue.

SR = The government archives will selectively retain taxation revenue collections manuals because they document the policy, procedures, and legal opinions followed by government staff engaged in collecting a variety of outstanding taxes. Because minor updates to these manuals accumulate over time, they do not need to be fully retained.

- | | | | | |
|----|---|-------|-----|----|
| 3) | <u>Forfeiture Absolute Certificates, Files, and Tax Sale/Forfeiture Registers</u>
(secondary 48520-02) | CY+9y | nil | FR |
| | (secondary 48520-06) | SO | nil | FR |
| | (secondary 48520-20) | CY+4y | 5y | FR |

These records document BC rural property owned in fee-simple that forfeited to the Crown or was sold by the Crown for non-payment of property taxes.

The 10-year retention period allows sufficient time to complete the forfeiture cycle (i.e., three years for an outstanding account to forfeit, the one-year redemption period, and the two-year revestment period), and to respond to inquiries.

(continued on next page)

A = Active	CY = Calendar Year	SO = Superseded or Obsolete
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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

A SA FD

FR = The government archives will fully retain forfeiture absolute certificates, forfeiture absolute files, and tax sale and forfeiture registers because they provide legal proof that the forfeiture or tax sale took place. They also provide a complete history of BC rural property that was sold and/or forfeited for non-payment of taxes since 1918.

- | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|------------|----|
| 4) <u>Collection Files</u> | | | |
| (secondary 48100-20) | | SO+10y nil | DE |
| (secondary 48400-20) | | SO+5y 5y | DE |
| (secondaries 48520-70 and 48560-40) | | SO+1y 9y | DE |

These records document the collection of outstanding consumer taxes, property taxes, and mineral, oil, and gas taxes and royalties. (Income tax collection files are on the Revenue Income Taxation Branch [RITB] System and Property Transfer Tax [PTT] System, which are scheduled in the *Income Taxation ORCS* and the *Property Taxation ORCS* respectively.)

Collection files are retained for 10 years after the account is closed. The 10-year retention period ensures collection records are retained for the 10-year limitation period for enforcing a court-registered certificate under the *Limitation Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 266).

- | | | | |
|--|--|----------|----|
| 5) <u>Collection Write-Off Reports</u> | | SO+1y 6y | DE |
| (secondaries 48100-04 and 48200-06) | | | |

These records document uncollectable overdue taxes that were written-off under the authority of the *Financial Administration Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 138, s. 17) and the *Core Policy Manual* section 7, part 2.

The reports are retained for seven years after sign off, which is consistent with the retention period for write-offs under ARCS secondary 935-40.

(continued on next page)

A = Active	CY = Calendar Year	SO = Superseded or Obsolete
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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

A SA FD

6) Electronic Records

The following electronic databases are covered by this ORCS: Ministry of Provincial Revenue Information Warehouse (IW), Property Transfer Tax (PTT) System, Revenue Income Taxation Branch (RITB) System, Real Property Tax System (RP2K), and Taxpayer Administration, Compliance and Services (TACS). The Information System Overview section provides information about the electronic systems, inputs and outputs and routine back-ups. Notes under the relevant ORCS secondaries provide information about the classification and scheduling of the records. These records have no enduring value to government at the end of their scheduled retention period.

7) All Other Records

DE

All other records are destroyed at the end of their semi-active retention periods. The retention of these records varies depending on the nature of the records and the function performed, but does not exceed five years after they are superseded or obsolete. The information these records contain is summarized elsewhere, or reflects policies and procedures adequately documented in records covered by the -00 Policy and procedures secondaries. Significant issues are documented in records which will be retained under the provisions of this ORCS, as well as in briefing notes to the ministry executive (ARCS secondary 280-20) and Ministry of Provincial Revenue annual reports (ARCS secondary 442-20). These records have no enduring value to government at the end of their scheduled retention periods.

A = Active
SA = Semi-active
FD = Final Disposition
PIB = Personal Information Bank
PUR = Public Use Records
OPR = Office of Primary Responsibility

CY = Calendar Year
FY = Fiscal Year
NA = Not Applicable
w = week m = month
y = year

SO = Superseded or Obsolete
DE = Destruction
SR = Selective Retention
FR = Full Retention
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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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TAXATION REVENUE COLLECTIONS

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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	PTT	PROPERTY TRANSFER TAX SYSTEM
	RITB	REVENUE INCOME TAXATION BRANCH SYSTEM
	RP2K	REAL PROPERTY TAX SYSTEM
	TACS	TAXPAYER ADMINISTRATION, COMPLIANCE AND SERVICES

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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided *ORCS* has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing *ORCS*, contact your Records Officer.

HOW TO USE *ORCS*

For further information, call your Records Officer,
Blair Turner, 387-2887

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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 - 2.4 Records Retention and Disposition Schedule
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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided *ORCS* has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing *ORCS*, contact your Records Officer.

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This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided *ORCS* has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing *ORCS*, contact your Records Officer.

PART 1

THE OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (ORCS)

1.1 General Introduction

The purpose of this chapter of the *ORCS* Manual is to explain the nature, purpose, and usage of the *ORCS*. This chapter is a training tool which should be read by anybody attempting to classify, file, retrieve, or dispose of records covered by the *ORCS*. It is also a reference tool which can help users understand how to implement the *ORCS* and interpret specific parts of it.

This chapter is organized into three parts. Part One gives an overview of *ORCS* in general and an introduction to this *ORCS* in particular. Part Two explains how to read a primary, the basic building block of the *ORCS*. Part Three gives detailed background information on the records management system used by the BC Government, and procedures for using the *ORCS* as part of this system.

1.2 What is an ORCS?

ORCS is a combined records classification and scheduling system that facilitates the efficient and systematic organization, retrieval, storage, and destruction or permanent retention of the government's operational records.

A standard classification system such as *ORCS* is the cornerstone of an effective records management program. Each *ORCS* is tailored to fit the specific operational records relating to a function or program of government.

ORCS is also a records scheduling system. A records schedule is a timetable that governs the life span of a record from creation, through active use within an office and retention in off-site storage, to destruction or transfer to the government archives.

The records schedules incorporated into *ORCS* ensure that all operational records are retained for sufficient periods of time to meet the legal, operational, audit, fiscal or other requirements of government. A records schedule identifies those records that have enduring values and provides for their transfer to the government archives. Records schedules also provide for the timely destruction of routine operational records when they are no longer required to support the government's operational functions.

An integral part of the *ORCS* is the Information System Overview (ISO) Section, which ensures that electronic records are properly identified and scheduled. For further explanation of the ISO, see 3.11.

What are Operational Records?

Operational records relate to the operations and services provided by a ministry or agency in carrying out the functions for which it is responsible according to statute, mandate, or

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided *ORCS* has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing *ORCS*, contact your Records Officer.

policy. Operational records are distinct from administrative records and are unique to each government organization.

Operational records are created in a variety of media, including: textual records, photographs, sound recordings, motion picture films, video recordings, audio-visual materials, paintings, prints, maps, plans, blueprints, architectural drawings, and other sound, film, video, photographic, and cartographic materials. Records exist in a number of different physical formats, such as paper, microfilm, and electronic records.

Records documenting administrative functions that are common to all government offices are classified in the government-wide *Administrative Records Classification System* (*ARCS*). Administrative records document and support functions such as the management of finances, personnel, facilities, property, or information systems. They also document common management processes, including committees, agreements, contract management, public information services, information and privacy, records management, postal services, legal opinions and other similar functions. Although these records are considered administrative, they may have considerable operational importance. For example, a committee may make decisions which affect ministry or agency policy. The *ARCS* manual is available in hardcopy from your Records Officer, or online at <http://www.bcarchives.gov.bc.ca/ARCS/index.htm>

Some categories of records or data have special retention and disposition requirements and are handled by special records schedules. These schedules are standardized for all ministries and agencies, and cover both administrative and operational records. They can be used effectively to dispose of records not covered by *ARCS* and *ORCS*.

The following categories of special records schedules are provided in the *ARCS* manual:

Schedule No.	Schedule Title
112907	Commission of Inquiry Records
112910	Computer System Electronic Backup Records
102903	Electronic Mail
102906	Executive Records
102908	Record Copies of Published Maps
102905	Special Media Records (photographs, motion pictures etc.)
102902	Transitory Electronic Records
102901	Transitory Records
112913	Unsolicited Records
112914	Voice Mail Records
102904	Word Processing Records
112916	Year 2000 (Y2K) Project Documentation and Test Data Records

See the special schedules section of the *ARCS* manual for a description of these records and the records retention and disposition schedules covering them. For further guidance on applying these schedules, contact your Records Officer.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

The Purpose of ORCS

ORCS facilitates the efficient management of operational information by:

- providing a tool for executive control of recorded information;
- ensuring that needed information can be accessed quickly and accurately;
- ensuring that records are available to protect the fiscal, legal, operational, audit and other liabilities of government for required periods of time;
- providing for the timely destruction of routine operational records that are no longer required and ensuring that records of enduring value are retained by the government archives;
- providing a framework for the audit and review of operational functions;
- providing a legal basis on which the integrity, authenticity, and completeness of operational records may be established; and
- ensuring that electronic records are appropriately documented and scheduled, in relevant primaries and/or in the Information System Overview (ISO).

Responsibility for ORCS

The Corporate Records Management Branch (CRMB) is responsible for establishing standards for the development of ORCS for the operational records of public bodies covered by the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c.99).

Each ministry, government agency, and Crown corporation has a designated person responsible for implementing and coordinating records management procedures. This records officer, usually known as the Ministry Records Officer or Corporate Records Officer, should be contacted for further information whenever necessary. If you cannot determine who your records officer is, call CRMB at 387-1321.

The BC Archives is responsible for preserving and providing access to records of enduring value to the province. The BC Archives takes care of records that are no longer needed by their creating agencies and have been appraised by an archivist for full or selective retention. In scheduling terms, these records have become inactive and have final disposition designations of full or selective retention. Records in BC Archives custody can be accessed through the BC Archives Reference Room, located at 655 Belleville Street, Victoria, or through the BC Archives website at <http://www.bcarchives.gov.bc.ca>. Access is subject to provisions of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 165).

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

1.3 Introduction to the Taxation Revenue Collections ORCS

The operational records in this ORCS relate to the operations and services provided by your branch in carrying out the functions for which it is responsible according to statute, mandate, or policy. These records document the collection of outstanding social service tax, hotel room tax, motor fuel tax, tobacco tax, horse racing tax, corporation capital tax, insurance premium tax, international financial business tax refunds, property transfer tax, rural property tax, mineral tax, and oil and natural gas royalties and taxes.

This ORCS covers all operational records created or received by your branch since its creation in 2002, with the exception of property tax forfeiture and collection records, which date from 1918. It does not cover files closed before that date. To obtain approval for disposition of such records, contact your Records Officer.

ORCS are divided into two types of sections: one or more numbered sections covering broad groupings of primary subjects corresponding to major operational functions and program activities; and an Information System Overview Section, which identifies and describes electronic records. This ORCS includes the following sections:

Section Number	Primary Numbers	Section Title
----------------	-----------------	---------------

Section 1	48000-48999	Taxation Revenue Collections
-----------	-------------	------------------------------

Covers records relating to the collection of outstanding taxes under the *Social Service Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 431), *Hotel Room Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 207), *Motor Fuel Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 317), *Tobacco Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 452), *Horse Racing Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 199), *Corporation Capital Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 73), *Insurance Premium Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 232), *International Financial Business (Tax Refund) Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 235), *Logging Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 277), *Property Transfer Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 378), *Taxation (Rural Area) Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 448), *Mineral Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 291), and *Petroleum and Natural Gas Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 361).

ISO	IW	Ministry of Provincial Revenue Information Warehouse
-----	----	---

Covers the performance of the consumer taxation, property taxation, school taxation, and taxation revenue collection and appeal programs, as well as the identification of areas for periodic consumer taxation audits and inspections.

ISO	PTT	Property Transfer Tax System
-----	-----	------------------------------

Covers the payment, collection, remission, assessment, audit, refund, and appeals of property transfer tax, as well as first time home buyers who applied for and received the first time home buyers benefit.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided *ORCS* has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing *ORCS*, contact your Records Officer.

ISO	RITB	Revenue Income Taxation Branch System
		Covers the calculation and validation of the payment of corporation capital tax, insurance premium tax, fires services tax, logging tax, and mining tax (until 2001); and the verification of tax refunds available to financial institutions and their employees; and the certification of eligibility under the new small business tax holiday.
ISO	RP2K	Real Property Tax System
		Covers the BC rural property tax levy and rural property tax payments.
ISO	TACS	Taxpayer Administration, Compliance and Services
		Covers consumer taxpayer registrations, reporting, payments, inquiries, rulings, refunds, collections, audits, inspections, investigations, and appeals.

Within each section, primaries are presented in numerical order and grouped as follows:

- First, there is a section default primary, which provides general information relating to the whole section and to records repeated in other primaries throughout the section (“reserved secondaries” - see 2.6.1).
- The section default primary is followed by all the other primaries, arranged in alphabetical order.
- Groups of related primaries, called “primary blocks”, appear together, indicated by two-part titles and an initial “general” primary (for example, “Client Group Issues - General” and “Client Group Issues - Families”).

As well as the sections consisting of primaries and the ISO section, the *ORCS* has several other parts:

- Executive Summary (provides a high-level overview of the *ORCS*)
- Table of Contents
- How to Use *ORCS* (this section)
- Glossary of Terms (provides useful definitions of records management terminology used throughout the *ORCS*)
- Index (aids in classifying and finding records - see 3.6 for further discussion)

This *ORCS* was reviewed by Corporate Records Management Branch staff, your executive, the Public Documents Committee, and the Select Standing Committee on Public Accounts (commonly called the Public Accounts Committee). It was then approved by resolution of the Legislative Assembly. That resolution established this *ORCS* as the retention and disposition schedule for the operational records of the Taxation Revenue Collections Branch. This means that this *ORCS* is a legally binding document, i.e., it has statutory authority.

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

PART 2

HOW TO READ A PRIMARY

Although the structure of this *Operational Records Classification System* has been described earlier in this section, you will need to know more about its basic building block, the primary, in order to apply the ORCS schedule effectively.

The following is a sample primary in which each element is annotated with a number. The pages following the sample primary explain the elements, as listed below.

- 2.1 Primary Number and Title
- 2.2 Scope Note
- 2.3 Cross References
- 2.4 Records Retention and Disposition Schedule
 - 2.4.1 Active retention period column
 - 2.4.2 Semi-active retention period column
 - 2.4.3 Final disposition column
- 2.5 Office of Primary Responsibility (OPR)
- 2.6 Secondary Number and Title
 - 2.6.1 Reserved secondaries
 - 2.6.2 Secondaries -02 to -19 (subject secondaries)
 - 2.6.3 Case file secondaries (-20 and higher)
 - 2.6.4 Coded series
- 2.7 Key of Terms (Abbreviations in Footer)
 - 2.7.1 Terms used in the active and semi-active disposition columns
 - 2.7.2 Terms used in the final disposition column
 - 2.7.3 Other terms
- 2.8 Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Flags
- 2.9 Explanatory Notes
 - 2.9.1 Qualifiers
 - 2.9.2 Other notes
- 2.10 Physical Format Designations
- 2.11 Vital Records Flags

This draft records schedule has NOT been approved under the provisions of the Document Disposal Act (RSBC 1996, c. 99) and DOES NOT constitute authority for disposition. Corporate Records Management Branch reviews and approves all records retention and disposition recommendations before an ORCS is sent for legislative approval, as required in the Document Disposal Act. For information regarding this ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

2.1

23120 EXTRATERRESTRIAL REGISTRATION AND TRACKING

A SA FD

Records relating to the registration of extraterrestrial visitors to the province. An extraterrestrial is any sentient being originating from another planet, regardless of appearance or ancestry.

2.2

Extraterrestrials are registered and tracked to ensure they do not contravene federal and provincial legislation by attempting world domination, body-snatching, or other anti-democratic activities. Registrants must provide identifying information and report regularly to the ministry liaison assigned.

Record types include registration forms, reference materials, photographs, videotapes, correspondence, memoranda, and reports.

For a description of the Extraterrestrial Registration System (ERS), see Information System Overview (ISO) section. For records relating to diplomatic etiquette and protocol used in communication with representatives of foreign governments, see ARCS primary 415.

2.3

2.4

Unless otherwise specified below, the ministry OPR (Unidentified Flying Objects Branch) will retain these records for:

CY+1y 3y DE

Except where non-OPR retention periods are identified below, all other ministry offices will retain these records for:

SO nil DE

2.6

- 00 Policy and procedures - OPR - non-OPR
-01 General
-02 Complaints and inquiries
-03 Extraterrestrial reports and statistics

SO 5y FR
SO nil DE
CY+1y 3y FR

FR = The government archives will fully retain these records because they document and analyse extraterrestrial visitors to the province.

2.7

(continued on next page)

A = Active
SA = Semi-active
FD = Final Disposition
PIB = Personal Information Bank
PUR = Public Use Records
OPR = Office of Primary Responsibility

CY = Calendar Year
FY = Fiscal Year
NA = Not Applicable
w = week m = month
y = year

SO = Superseded or Obsolete
DE = Destruction
SR = Selective Retention
FR = Full Retention
FOI - Freedom of Information/Privacy
VR = Vital Records

This draft records schedule has NOT been approved under the provisions of the Document Disposal Act (RSBC 1996, c. 99) and DOES NOT constitute authority for disposition. Corporate Records Management Branch reviews and approves all records retention and disposition recommendations before an ORCS is sent for legislative approval, as required in the Document Disposal Act. For information regarding this ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

A SA FD

23120 EXTRATERRESTRIAL REGISTRATION AND TRACKING (continued)

-04 Visits by unidentified extraterrestrials
(includes reference materials relating to visits and visitors as yet unconfirmed and unidentified) SO NA NA

NA = Reclassify records to appropriate case file under secondary 23120-20 when visitor is identified.

2.8 — FOI: As extraterrestrials may present a threat to provincial security, access to these records is restricted under the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act (RSBC 1996, c. 165, s. 15(1)(b)).

P/B -20 Extraterrestrial registrant case files
(arrange by registration number)
(includes textual records and photographs) SO+3y 300y SR

2.9 — SO = when extraterrestrial visitor leaves the province
NOTE: The OPR will store extraterrestrial registrant case files under ongoing RCS accession number 99-9111.

303y = This ensures that the file can be reopened if the extraterrestrial returns later in its lifetime.

SR = The government archives will selectively retain these records because they document the effect of extraterrestrial visitors on the province. All files relating to green extraterrestrials will be retained. All other files will be boxed separately and destroyed.

VR -30 Extraterrestrial Registration System (ERS)
(electronic database) SO nil DE

2.10 — SO = when the function supported by the database is no longer performed by government
2.11

A = Active CY = Calendar Year SO = Superseded or Obsolete
SA = Semi-active FY = Fiscal Year DE = Destruction
FD = Final Disposition NA = Not Applicable SR = Selective Retention
PIB = Personal Information Bank w = week m = month FR = Full Retention
PUR = Public Use Records y = year FOI - Freedom of Information/Privacy
OPR = Office of Primary Responsibility VR = Vital Records
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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided *ORCS* has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing *ORCS*, contact your Records Officer.

2.1 Primary Number and Title

Each heading covering a functional or subject grouping of records is allocated a unique five-digit primary number and title within *ORCS*. This primary is used to classify all information related to the relevant subject or function, regardless of its physical format.

2.2 Scope Note

The scope note describes the functions, uses and content of the records that are to be classified within a primary records classification. A scope note indicates the operational function to which the records relate and outlines the activities and/or work processes leading to records creation. It will also give a general statement about the record types (memos, forms, reports, etc.) and media (photographs, video recordings, etc.) covered, in a paragraph beginning "Includes" or "Record types include". If this paragraph does not appear to be comprehensive, the information should appear in "includes" qualifiers under the relevant secondaries.

2.3 Cross References

Cross references link the primary to related primaries, both within the *ORCS* and in *ARCS*. This information can be used to help determine whether records should be classified in a different place, and to ensure that related records can be viewed together. If electronic records are included or referred to in the primary, a reference for the Information System Overview (ISO) section will be included.

2.4 Records Retention and Disposition Schedule

Every *ORCS* includes a record retention and disposition schedule that indicates how long records should be retained in active storage space, when they should be transferred to semi-active storage, when they should be disposed of, and what their final disposition will be.

Scheduling information for each record series is indicated in the three columns to the right of the classification system information. These columns are headed A (Active), SA (Semi-active), and FD (Final Disposition). They correspond with the active, semi-active, and inactive phases of the life cycle of the record. The abbreviations used in each column are explained in 2.7, "Key of Terms."

For further information regarding the scheduling system used in *ORCS*, see 3.7.

2.4.1 Active Retention Period Column

The active (A) column indicates the length of time a record should be retained in the active phase of its life cycle.

Active records are used frequently and therefore are retained and maintained in the office space and equipment of the user.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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Entries in the active column often use the designations of "CY" or "FY", with an additional time period indicated. The following are examples of how to apply and interpret the active retention period using "CY" and "FY".

CY+1y

Maintain all records created or received within the calendar year (1 January to 31 December) together until the end of the calendar year. Then retain them for an additional calendar year.

FY+1y

Maintain all records created or received within the fiscal year (1 April to 31 March) together until the end of the fiscal year. Then retain them for an additional fiscal year. When required by financial administration policy and procedures, place financial records relating to the prior fiscal year, but created or received after March 31, on the file for the prior fiscal year.

For information about Superseded or Obsolete (SO) and other terms and abbreviations used in the active retention period column, see 2.7.1. For file maintenance guidelines see 3.8.1.

In the sample primary, extraterrestrial reports and statistics (secondary -03) are active for the calendar year (CY) of their receipt or creation, plus one more year.

2.4.2 Semi-active Retention Period Column

The semi-active (SA) column indicates the length of time a record will be retained in the semi-active phase of its life cycle.

Semi-active records are those that are used only occasionally and therefore need not be maintained in the expensive office space and equipment of the ministry or agency responsible for them. Semi-active records still retain administrative, operational, fiscal, audit, or legal value for the ministry or agency which created the records. Storage of semi-active records in economical, off-site facilities until all values have lapsed results in significant savings.

In the sample primary, extraterrestrial reports and statistics (secondary -03) are semi-active for three years. This means they will be transferred to off-site storage until no longer needed, or in other words until the semi-active period is over. If required, these records may be retrieved from off-site storage during their semi-active phase.

For boxing and transfer instructions for semi-active records, see 3.9.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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2.4.3 **Final Disposition Column**

The final disposition (FD) column ensures that records with enduring value to the Province are preserved and those that have no enduring value are destroyed.

Records are eligible for final disposition when they become inactive, that is, when their active and semi-active retention periods have lapsed.

In the sample primary, extraterrestrial reports and statistics (secondary -03) are fully retained when they become inactive. This means they will enter the custody of the government archives and can only be accessed through the BC Archives Access Services (655 Belleville Street, phone 387-1952, website <http://www.bcarchives.gov.bc.ca>). Complaints and inquiries (secondary -02) will be destroyed under the primary default schedule.

2.5 **Office of Primary Responsibility (OPR)**

The retention and disposition requirements for records that are duplicated in central service or headquarters branches and field offices normally differ. In recognition of these differing requirements, every ORCS primary contains two statements regarding the levels of responsibility for records within an ministry or agency (known as the “unless and except statements”).

For each primary, ORCS distinguishes between the office having primary responsibility for a category of records (OPR) and all other offices which hold copies of the same records (non-OPRs). The OPR is the office that has been designated the holder of the official record for the ministry. The OPR maintains the official or master record in order to satisfy long-term operational, financial, legal, audit, and other requirements. All other offices holding duplicate copies are non-OPR offices and maintain their copies for a shorter retention period. All non-OPR retention periods and final dispositions are underscored.

In the sample primary, the Unidentified Flying Objects Branch is the OPR. All offices holding records covered by this primary are non-OPR.

For secondaries that have retention or disposition requirements different from the default retention and disposition values established for the primary, the OPR and/or non-OPR retention periods are listed in the columns to the right of the records classification.

Offices that have primary responsibility for the retention and disposition of records classified in each primary are responsible for retaining those records as the OPR. The Records Officer is responsible for tracking changes to OPRs as reorganizations occur, and for ensuring that OPRs and Corporate Records Management Branch are aware of these changes.

2.6 **Secondary Number and Title**

Secondary numbers and titles designate specific series or groupings of records relating to the function covered by the primary. Secondary titles describe specific types of records and secondary numbers link them to the records retention and disposition

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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schedule. The two-digit secondary number is added to the five-digit primary number to form a complete file number, for example, 23120-04.

All offices must use the same secondary number to refer to the same series or grouping of records. Standardization ensures continuity and consistency in retention and disposition of operational records.

Three types of secondaries exist within *ORCS*: reserved secondaries, subject secondaries, and case file secondaries.

2.6.1 Reserved Secondaries

Reserved secondaries are secondary numbers used to cover records series which are repeated in several primaries.

Secondaries -00 and -01 are reserved throughout all *ORCS* and in *ARCS*.

Secondary number -00 is always reserved for "Policy and procedures" records. These files are used for records concerning operational functions, policies, procedures, regulations, and records which set precedents, reflect management decisions and usage, or document general goals and acceptable procedures of the creating ministry or agency. They include correspondence and other records relating to draft and approved policies on a specific subject including actual policy statements, interpretations of policy, development and discussion of policy, and policy decisions.

Secondary number -01 is always reserved for "general" records that cannot be classified in the specified subject or case file secondaries. Within each primary, the standardized secondary -01 is reserved as a general file. Records which meet one or more of the following criteria may be filed in the general file:

- The document does not relate to any of the existing secondaries, but does fall within the primary.
- There is no existing classification number for the document. The general number is used TEMPORARILY, until the subject is significant enough to warrant creating a new primary or secondary number and title. If you need to use the general secondary in this way, contact your Records Officer and see 3.14, regarding amendment and update of *ORCS*.
- The document contains information of a general nature and does not reflect actions or decisions of the creating office.

Note when filing anything under secondary -01 that its retention period may be shorter than that of the related subject or case file secondary, and/or the related secondaries may be scheduled for selective or full retention for the government archives. If this is the case, it is imperative that the file be reclassified before disposition.

If a document relates to two or more secondaries, you should be more precise and file the original or a photocopy of the record in each specific file. It is not appropriate to file such documents under "General" because this will cause access and scheduling problems.

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2.6.2 Secondaries -02 to -19 (subject secondaries)

Within a primary, secondaries -02 to -19 represent files for specific subjects and other non-case file series, that is, records filed chronologically in one file folder (e.g., inquiries or reports). These are commonly referred to as subject files. In the sample primary, secondaries -03 (extraterrestrial reports and statistics) and -04 (visits by unidentified extraterrestrials) are subject secondaries.

While the files covered by most subject secondaries can be organized chronologically, some need to be broken down into files covering different aspects of the same subject, different types of report, or some other organization. In these cases, subject secondaries may be coded. For an explanation of coded series, see 2.6.4.

2.6.3 Case File Secondaries (-20 and higher)

Case file series consist of many different files relating to a common function or activity. Each case file contains records pertaining to a specific time-limited entity, such as a person, event, project, transaction, product, organization, etc. The component records within each file in a case file series are generally consistent; that is, a file may contain a variety of documents (such as forms, correspondence, reports, and photographs), but this variety will be consistent with other files in the same series (for example, the same form may appear in every file). Case file series are assigned secondary numbers -20 and higher (-30, -40, -50, etc.). In the sample primary, secondaries -20 (extraterrestrial registrant case files) and -30 (the Extraterrestrial Registration System) are case file secondaries.

2.6.4 Coded Series

Case file secondaries are usually subdivided through the use of codes. A code identifies the specific person, event, project, or other entity covered by the file. Codes can take the following forms: proper names; acronyms, or alphanumeric codes developed within government. Consult your Records Officer if you wish to develop an appendix for your own set of codes.

In special cases, subject files may also be coded to facilitate retrieval (e.g., studies on different aspects of one interprovincial agreement). Coded subject files usually consist of many different files, each dealing with a different aspect of the same subject.

In references to coded files, an oblique (/) separates the identifying code from the secondary number.

In the sample primary, secondary -20 is indicated to be a coded case file series with a qualifier "(arrange by registration number)". A reference to one of these files might read "23120-20/000326".

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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2.7 Key of Terms (Abbreviations in Footer)

The key at the bottom of each ORCS page indicates the abbreviations used. An explanation of how to read and interpret the records schedule and the possible abbreviations for each of the three columns follows below.

2.7.1 Terms Used in the Active and Semi-Active Retention Period Columns

The purposes of the Active (A) column and the Semi-Active (SA) column are explained in 2.4.1 and 2.4.2 respectively.

The following abbreviations are used, in combination with numbers, to indicate how long records will be kept in the office or offsite:

w = week

m = month

y = year

CY = Calendar Year (1 January to 31 December)

FY = Fiscal Year (1 April to 31 March)

SO = Superseded or Obsolete

"SO" identifies records that must be retained as long as they are useful and for which an active retention period cannot be predetermined because retention is dependent upon the occurrence of some event. This retention category is used in ORCS in the following different ways:

i) Routine Records

"SO" is commonly used to indicate the active retention period for routine records which are useful only for reference or informational purposes and which usually have no legal, fiscal, or audit values. In those cases, "SO" is not defined by a specific event or action. Rather, it is used to delegate to the creating offices the authority to decide when the records have no further value and are ready for storage or disposition.

The most common form of delegated disposition authority is:

<u>Active</u>	<u>Semi-Active</u>	<u>Final Disposition</u>
SO	nil	DE

This retention category is used throughout ORCS to streamline the disposition of records with short-term retention value, especially for non-OPR records. It delegates the entire responsibility for retention and disposition of the records to the ministry or agency responsible for them. Records with the above retention and disposition schedule may be

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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destroyed when no longer required for operational purposes. In the sample primary, non-OPR policy and procedures files (secondary -00) are routine records which are designated SO.

For information on destruction services, contact your Records Officer.

ii) **Specific Definition of SO**

"SO" is also used to identify the active retention period for records that must be retained until a case is closed or some other specified event occurs. In those cases, it is not possible to predetermine the length of time a file may be open and required for active use, and "SO" is defined in terms of some specific action, event, or the completion of a procedure.

In the sample primary, extraterrestrial registrant case files (secondary -20) are active for SO+3y, with SO defined as "when extraterrestrial visitor leaves the province". This means that the OPR will retain each file in active storage space for three years after the relevant visitor has left, after which the records will be transferred to off-site storage.

NA = Not Applicable

"NA" is used for records that, for some reason, are not covered by the secondary at the specified stage of their life. This is usually because the records are reclassified at the semi-active or inactive period, with some files moving to a different secondary from others, so they can be scheduled appropriately. The reasons for the "NA" designation may be stated in a "NA =" note, or in an "SO =" note or some other note under the secondary, as appropriate. In the sample primary, visits by unidentified extraterrestrials files (secondary -04) have a semi-active and final disposition of "NA" because files are reclassified to secondary -20 when the visitor is identified.

nil = no semi-active retention period

"Nil" is used in the semi-active column to identify records with no semi-active retention period.

Many types of government records remain active as long as they serve an operational function. When their usefulness for that function ceases, they have no semi-active retention period. If they have any residual operational, legal, fiscal, or other values, *ORCS* may specify in the final disposition column that they are to be transferred to the government archives. Otherwise, the final disposition of such records is usually physical destruction.

In the sample primary, the semi-active period for records in non-OPR offices is designated as nil. This means that as there is no semi-active period, the records are ready for destruction (as designated in the final disposition column) upon expiry of the active period.

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

2.7.2 Terms Used in the Final Disposition Column

The purpose of the final disposition column (FD) is explained in 2.4.3.

Some government records contain information or data that has long-term value to the agency responsible for them, the government generally, and/or to the public. These records are part of the documentary heritage of the Province of British Columbia and are transferred to the custody of BC Archives for archival preservation. The final disposition of operational records with enduring value can be full retention, selective retention, or destruction, as explained below.

FR = Full Retention

"FR" means that a government archivist has determined that all of the records covered by a secondary have enduring value. BC Archives, also known as the government archives, preserves records designated FR in their entirety. Under the terms of full retention, the archivist responsible may destroy unnecessary duplicates, publications, waste and scrap materials, ephemera (often published material of short-term value), and other items which are not an integral part of the record series. The reasons for full retention are explained in an "FR =" statement. In the sample primary, extraterrestrial reports and statistics (secondary -03) are FR "because they document and analyse extraterrestrial visitors to the province."

SR = Selective Retention

"SR" means that a government archivist has determined that a portion of these records have enduring value and should be retained. BC Archives, also known as the government archives, preserves a selection of the records designated SR, following explicit criteria. The reasons and criteria for selective retention are explained in an "SR =" statement. In the sample primary, extraterrestrial registrant case files (secondary -20) are SR "because they document extraterrestrial visitors to the province" and the selection criteria is to retain "all files relating to green extraterrestrials."

SR statements often include instructions requiring staff to box selected records separately from those to be destroyed. They may also require staff to help identify records to be retained under the selection criteria specified; this may involve consultation with the Records Officer and with an archivist from BC Archives. The instructions for extraterrestrial registrant case files require that after records to be retained are identified, they are to be boxed separately from records to be destroyed.

Do not destroy records scheduled for selective or full retention. For instructions on how to box and transfer archival records to off-site storage, see 3.9.

Most government records serve no further purpose to government or to the public once they become inactive. The final disposition of such records is:

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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DE = Destruction

The final disposition of inactive records that have no residual value or insufficient public value to justify their preservation is physical destruction. In some cases, especially in section default primaries, the destruction is justified with a "DE =" note.

Some government records are reclassified in a new primary and/or secondary at the end of their active or semi-active retention period or are alienated from government, either through sale, gift, or loan at the time of their final disposition. The final disposition of such records is:

NA = Not Applicable

See explanation of NA in 2.7.1.

2.7.3 Other Terms

The purpose of the other terms which appear in the key of terms is explained in other sections; see references below:

FOI =	Freedom of Information/Privacy	see 2.8
OPR =	Office of Primary Responsibility	see 2.5
PIB =	Personal Information Bank	see 2.8
PUR =	Public Use Record	see 2.8
VR =	Vital Record	see 2.11

2.8 Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Flags

All Personal Information Banks (PIB) and Public Use Records (PUR) must be flagged within BC Government records classification systems (see glossary for definitions). The flags are placed in the left-hand column, next to the relevant secondary. In the sample primary, the extraterrestrial registrant case files secondary (-20) is flagged as a PIB.

In certain instances, a more specific justification as to why the information contained in a record series is restricted, in whole or in part, from public disclosure is required for inclusion in the records classification system. In those cases, a special form of explanatory note ("FOI =") is used to explain the access restrictions for the secondary and to point to the section of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 165) that allows for the exemption. In the sample primary, the visits by unidentified extraterrestrials secondary (-04) has an FOI note which quotes section 15 (1)(b) of the Act to justify restricting access.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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For further information about FOI issues, see 3.10.

2.9 Explanatory Notes

Explanatory notes are used in the ORCS to provide information critical to understanding the records, to explain office procedures and practice, and to summarize provisions governing the creation, processing, accessing, and disposition of documents. They essentially function as scope and content notes for specific secondaries. The two types of explanatory notes are qualifiers and other notes.

2.9.1 Qualifiers

Qualifiers provide information that will help users know what to expect when they actually view the files covered by a secondary. They are provided directly under the relevant secondary title, indented and placed in curved brackets. They are presented below in the order in which they appear below a secondary:

- “Includes” qualifier: this lists types or forms of records covered by the secondary. If there is no includes qualifier, see the “Includes ...” sentence in the scope note for this information. In the sample primary, the visits by unidentified extraterrestrials secondary (-04) “includes reference materials relating to visits and visitors as yet unconfirmed and unidentified.”
- “Arrange” qualifier: this gives the method of arrangement. In the sample primary, the extraterrestrial registrant case files secondary (-20) instructs records creators to “arrange by registration number.”
- Physical format qualifiers: see 2.10 for an explanation of this qualifier.

2.9.2 Other Notes

Other notes provide information to assist with applying schedules to the records; they also assist with comprehending the nature of the records and providing access to them. They are presented below in the order in which they may appear below a secondary.

- OPR =** This note provides the name of the office of primary responsibility if it is different from the primary default OPR. See discussion of OPR in section 2.5.
- SO =** This note explains when a file designated SO should be closed. See discussion of SO in section 2.7.1.
- ##y =** This note gives reasons for active and/or semi-active retention periods which are longer than seven years. In the sample primary, there is a “303y =” note under secondary -20.
- NA =** This note explains why the usual active, semi-active, or final disposition designation does not apply, usually because records have been reclassified or transferred to another agency. See discussion of NA in section 2.7.1.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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SR/FR/DE = These notes explain why records are being selectively or fully retained, or (if not self-evident) why they are being destroyed. See discussion of these notes in section 2.7.2.

FOI: This note explains issues of confidentiality relating to the records. See discussion of the FOI note in section 2.8.

NOTE: This note provides any other useful information related to the scope of the secondary, such as history of the records, volume of the records, filing procedures, whether there is an ongoing accession number, or location of copies. In the sample primary, secondary -20 has a note specifying that when the files go offsite, they will be stored "under ongoing RCS accession number 99-9111." For discussion of ongoing accession numbers, see section 3.9.1(b).

2.10 Physical Format Designations

All government records, regardless of physical format, must be classified under either an ARCS or an ORCS secondary number. Different physical format versions are all part of a single record series if the information content remains the same, with only the physical format varying. For example, there may be a paper (or "hardcopy") version and a microfilm version of the same series.

When records are held in several different physical formats each version is identified and scheduled under the same ORCS secondary, unless the versions do not contain identical information or retention schedules vary. In those cases, the physical formats have separate secondaries, with the format identified in the secondary title rather than in a qualifier. The physical format designation is expressed as a qualifier under the secondary title. Retention periods are specified for each physical format designation, unless the primary's default retention periods apply. In the sample primary, the Extraterrestrial Registration System (secondary -30) is identified in a qualifier as an electronic database.

Some physical format designations used in ARCS and ORCS are: paper, microfiche, microfilm, computer output microfiche (COMfiche), computer output microfilm (COM), electronic database, electronic records, and optical disk.

A physical format designation is not used for the purpose of designating records in "special media" (sound recordings, audio-visual materials, maps, photographs, etc.). Information about special media is conveyed, instead, in an "(includes)" qualifier or in the paragraph of the scope note beginning "Includes" or "Record types include". All the records in a file are covered by the same retention schedule, regardless of media. Related information in an electronic database is subject to the same schedule; for example, in the sample primary, registration information in the ERS (secondary -30) concerning a specific extraterrestrial can be purged when the relevant extraterrestrial registrant case file (under secondary -20) becomes inactive.

NOTE: ORCS approved prior to 2000 may contain secondaries with physical format qualifiers with different retention schedules.

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2.11 Vital Records Flags

Vital records are those containing information essential to the functioning of government during and after a disaster, and essential for preserving the rights of citizens (see glossary for more detailed definition).

Corporate Records Management Branch recommends that the vital records (VR) of a ministry or agency be flagged within a records classification system. The flag is placed in the left-hand column, directly in front of the secondary that it qualifies. In the sample primary, the Extraterrestrial Registration System (secondary -30) is flagged as a vital record.

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PART 3

ORCS AND AN EFFECTIVE RECORDS MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

3.1 The Purpose of ORCS

ORCS is a standard classification system for operational records. It is a system for the identification and management of operational records regardless of physical format (paper files, microfilm, optical disk, etc.) or media (maps, photographs, videotapes, etc.). It helps you find the information you need, when you need it, at the least possible cost. ORCS also provides a framework to manage the retention and disposition of records. With ORCS you can identify and preserve the essential and dispose of the valueless in a timely fashion.

ORCS integrates three vital records management concepts into one comprehensive management plan for your operational records. ORCS is organized to serve as a retrieval aid, a records classification system, and a records retention and disposition schedule.

A records schedule is a timetable describing and governing the lifespan of a record from the date of its creation through the period of its active and semi-active use, to the date of its disposition, either by destruction, transfer to the custodianship of the government archives, or removal from the control of the Government of British Columbia.

The records schedules incorporated into ORCS identify records of permanent value; protect the operational, audit, legal, and fiscal values of all records; and permit the routine, cost-effective disposition of inactive records.

3.2 Records and Recorded Information

The *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c.99) establishes approval requirements for the retention and disposition of records and recorded information. An ORCS is approved under the provisions of the *Document Disposal Act* and describes types of operational records and specifies their retention periods.

The *Document Disposal Act* uses the term "record" as defined in the *Interpretation Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 238, s. 29). Record is defined broadly to include all recorded information regardless of physical format or media:

"Record" includes books, documents, maps, drawings, photographs, letters, vouchers, papers and any other thing on which information is recorded or stored by any means whether graphic, electronic, mechanical or otherwise.

This definition applies to all recorded information created, kept, used, or filed by the ministries, commissions, boards, and other institutions of the Executive Government of British Columbia to which the *Document Disposal Act* applies.

The *Document Disposal Act* establishes procedures for the approval of the records schedules and classification systems developed by Corporate Records Management

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Branch (CRMB), government ministries, and other government agencies. This *ORCS* was reviewed by CRMB staff, your executive, the Public Documents Committee, and the Select Standing Committee on Public Accounts (commonly called the Public Accounts Committee). It was then approved by resolution of the Legislative Assembly. That resolution established this *ORCS* as the retention and disposition schedule for the operational records of the Taxation Revenue Collections Branch. This means that this *ORCS* is a legally binding document.

3.3 An Effective Records Management System

An effective records management system has five essential elements to aid retrieval and maintenance:

- the classification and scheduling system
- the file list
- finding aids (indexes and cross-reference guides)
- filing and maintenance procedures
- boxing and transfer instructions

3.4 The Classification System

A standard classification system such as *ORCS* is the cornerstone of an effective records management system. The classification gives an indication of what records are created and used by the ministry or agency and how the records are placed within a records system. The sections, primaries, scope notes, and secondaries of *ORCS* not only indicate standard classification and filing categories, but also aid access and guide retrieval.

ORCS is organized to facilitate records classification, retrieval, retention, and disposition. It is a block numeric records classification system based upon the federal government's model for the development of classification systems.

ORCS is a classification system based upon function and subject. Each functional or subject grouping of records is assigned a unique five-digit number which is called a primary number and is the system's main building block. This number is used to classify all information related to a subject or function, regardless of physical format.

Primaries which form a logical group of related subjects or functions are assigned sequential numbers in what is called a primary block. Each block contains primary subjects subordinate to the major function of the block.

Primaries are arranged in alphabetical order by title, except for the first primary within a section or primary block. The first primary is the general or "section default" primary and contains records of a general nature relevant to the entire section or primary block. The numerical arrangement of the section or primary block is sufficient to permit expansion and amendment.

A primary may cover a variety of types of records or files, such as policy and procedures, general and routine files, subject files, and case files. Each type is designated by a secondary number. Secondary numbers describe and delineate specific types or series

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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of records. When a greater detail of files is required for any subject, the subordinate files may be coded.

A secondary may cover records created in various physical formats (such as paper, microfilm, microfiche, and optical disk) and media (such as maps, photographs, videotapes). Records in different physical formats may contain the same information but be scheduled differently (for example, the paper and microfilm versions of the same file). Records in different media often contain different information but are filed and scheduled together (for example, textual records and photographs concerning the same building).

A secondary may be flagged for special access and preservation considerations, as a Personal Information Bank (PIB), Public Use Record (PUR), or a Vital Record (VR); see explanations of these terms in 2.8 and 2.11.

For a detailed analysis of primaries and secondaries, see Part 2, "How to Read a Primary."

The classification system is the basis for other finding aids, such as file lists and indexes. *ORCS* describes all of the operational records which might exist in an office responsible for the functions covered by the *ORCS*. The file list documents those files that have actually been opened. See 3.5 and 3.6 for discussions of file lists and other finding aids.

3.4.1 Staff Responsibilities and Procedures

Corporate Records Management Branch (CRMB) recommends that each staff member be responsible for classifying documents which he or she creates. This includes recording the complete primary and secondary number on the top right hand corner of the document before it is printed, photocopied, filed, or distributed. Over time, your correspondents will begin to quote your file number on return mail and less incoming mail will require classification.

CRMB also recommends that the staff member responsible for opening, logging, and distributing incoming mail classify all incoming mail before it is distributed to the addressee. If that individual is unable to classify an individual item, he or she should refer it to the recipient for a primary and secondary number.

Each staff member is encouraged to organize working papers according to *ORCS*.

One individual within each filing area should have overall responsibility for the central filing system, ensuring that filing procedures, file lists, and finding aids are accurately maintained. He or she will liaise with the staff member responsible for procuring records equipment and supplies. This individual will also check classifications assigned by others and, in the event of amendments, will update the mail logs, file lists, etc.

3.4.2 Classifying Records

It is important to be consistent in assigning primary and secondary numbers, as filing and retrieval is dependent upon the classification number assigned to a document.

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Corporate Records Management Branch recommends that a memo deal with only one subject. Occasionally, it may be necessary to photocopy a document which deals with more than one subject, place it on two or more files and cross-reference it appropriately. If the document has more than one page, only photocopy the first page and cross-reference it to the location of the complete document.

Records are classified based upon how they will be referenced and retrieved. In order to select a classification number, first read and understand the document. The subject is not always obvious. When the document deals with more than one subject and you are having difficulty classifying it, think about where someone other than yourself would look first for the information.

When classifying the document, use the alphabetic subject index and/or the broad subject approach to find the appropriate secondary. Remember that the secondary relates to the subject and purpose of the document and not necessarily the sender or recipient.

a) Alphabetic Subject Index

To use the index, think of various subject terms which describe the record. Look under that term or synonyms in the index. Locate a number, and then refer to that primary block in the classification system to ensure that the number is the best possible one. Reading the primary scope notes will clarify whether or not a document should be classified in a given primary. Often the cross-references listed below the scope note will lead to a more appropriate primary. If the appropriate classification proves difficult to locate, you may want to contact your Records Officer and suggest an update to the index. For a discussion of the index, see 2.4.

b) Broad Subject Approach

When it is difficult to describe a document in subject terms, decide under which of the main primary headings the record is most likely to fall. Turn to the list of primaries for the most relevant *ORCS* section, pick one or more primaries which might be applicable and then browse through those primaries, reading scope notes and reviewing secondary numbers and titles. Choose the most appropriate primary and secondary and classify the document accordingly.

3.5 The File List

The file list is a listing of every file created by or currently in use within an office. An accurate file list is an essential tool, as it documents the creation and existence of government records. It assures the integrity and authenticity of records and may serve as legal evidence.

The file list is vital to *ORCS* and is a primary tool for the retrieval, control, and maintenance of records. The *Administrative Records Classification System (ARCS)* specifies that file lists will be maintained and classified under *ARCS* 423 "Records Management - File Control". *ARCS* 423-03 classifies current lists covering both operational and administrative files.

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The file list is also a ready retrieval guide. For the frequent user, it indicates which files have been opened and quickly directs the user to the proper primary and secondary. If a file does not appear on the current file list, a file may be opened under the appropriate primary and secondary. File lists should be regularly updated.

3.6 Other Finding Aids

A wide variety of finding aids may be created and used to facilitate retrieval and classification of operational records. These include subject and keyword indexes, automated retrieval systems, file tracking systems, and lists of case file codes and corresponding titles.

Offices may also develop indexes to meet special needs, including subject cross-reference indexes, automated keyword indexes, proper name indexes, geographic location indexes, etc. The indexes themselves are classified in ARCS 423-05. Please note that they are selectively retained by the government archives.

The index contains an alphabetical listing of primary and secondary subjects, frequently used terms, organizations, form titles or numbers, etc. This index is the main access point by which the user may quickly locate a subject and the appropriate primary. For commonly used subjects or forms, the index allows rapid access into the classification system in order to determine a primary number.

As a further aid in the retrieval and classification of administrative and operational records, Corporate Records Management Branch provides *ARCS Online* web site links to lists of standard codes compiled by various ministries and agencies of the British Columbia Government. For information about using coded series, see 2.6.4. For guidance in developing codes, see ARCS Appendix A.

3.7 The Scheduling System

An essential element of ORCS is the retention and disposition schedule. This schedule is based on the concept that records have a three-stage life cycle.

During the “active” stage, records are needed for frequent reference and updates. At this stage, therefore, records are maintained and stored in the offices of the ministry or agency responsible for the records.

During the “semi-active” stage, records are needed for occasional reference and/or for legal, fiscal, or audit purposes. At this stage records are transferred to the off-site storage facilities provided by Records Centre Services, Corporate Records Management Branch (see 3.9 for boxing and transfer instructions).

When records retrieval ceases, and records no longer have any operational, administrative, legal, fiscal, audit, or other primary values, the records become “inactive,” and are ready for final disposition. Based on archival appraisal decisions, the final disposition may be to destroy the records, or to fully or selectively retain them for the government archives.

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By retaining records for the retention periods specified in the records schedule, creating offices comply with statutory, regulatory, and policy requirements to maintain certain types of information and data. By disposing of records as specified in the records schedule, creating offices ensure that records of enduring value are preserved for the province, in accordance with Legislature-approved *ORCS*.

The three stages of the records schedule are expressed in three columns on the right-hand side of the primary page, beside the relevant classification information (primary numbers, titles, and notes). These columns are labelled "A" for active, "SA" for semi-active, and "FD" for final disposition. Appropriate numbers and abbreviations appear in these columns beside the relevant secondaries, indicating what should be done with the records during each stage of the schedule. Notes below the secondaries give any needed explanation and instructions about implementing the schedule.

For further information on the records retention and disposition schedule as it appears in a primary, refer to section 2.4.

3.8 Filing and Maintenance Procedures

Filing and maintenance procedures are essential to the use and maintenance of any record-keeping system. They are vital to records control. They establish rules for consistency of classification and control of location and access. They provide a set of regular operations for identifying records, incorporating them into the classification system, controlling their use, and disposing of them when no longer required.

The basic activities involved in filing and maintenance are:

- mail management
- sorting
- registration
- classification
- indexing and cross-reference
- location control
- filing
- charge-out
- distribution
- recall and search
- re-filing
- physical maintenance
- purging
- retention and disposition

Requirements for records retrieval, control, and maintenance vary from office to office, and filing and maintenance procedures should reflect these needs. There are a variety of methods and systems which can provide effective operations for these basic functions. Contact your Records Officer for advice.

Use of *ORCS* does not dictate a specific set of procedures for registration, indexing, location, charge-out, etc. Rather, *ORCS* is flexible so that it can fit into a wide variety of record-keeping environments.

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To effectively implement and maintain ORCS, offices should develop and document records management procedures. Filing and maintenance procedures are classified in ARCS 423-00. Your Records Officer can help to develop appropriate procedures for your office.

3.8.1 File Maintenance

An ORCS covers many types of operational records stored in various physical formats. The ministry or agency responsible for the records has special needs and requirements for its filing system. Each ministry or agency must establish standards for maintaining their files. The following system of file maintenance works well.

When incoming mail and other records have been classified, they are filed in folders labelled with the complete primary and secondary number and corresponding title.

Government has standardized the use of letter size file folders, paper and filing equipment wherever possible. The purpose of ending the use of legal size files is to reduce government costs by eliminating the necessity of having both legal and letter size papers for records and correspondence. Contact your Records Officer for further information about this important choice.

File folder labels are increasingly generated by records management databases, however it will sometimes be necessary to generate a label manually. Prepare the file folder label with the primary and secondary number on the left and the title on the right. It is not necessary to type the full title in all cases. Type the portions of the title which make the label meaningful. Common sense is used to prepare labels which are concise, yet distinguish files adequately.

The actual file sequence and physical location within the office will be dictated by access requirements and indicated on the file list.

Prepare documents for filing by checking that the primary and secondary number is indicated, paper clips are removed, and duplicate copies of no further value are discarded. Documents should be filed in chronological order with the oldest on the bottom.

In the case of flimsy paper, such as teletype documents and facsimile documents not produced on bond paper FAX machines, photocopy the information onto bond paper prior to filing and discard the flimsy copy. Flimsy paper facsimile documents rapidly deteriorate and the information they contain is lost when this procedure is not followed.

Monitor the files for bulk and when the paper thickness exceeds the scoring on the bottom of the folder, close the full folder and start a new one labelled volume 2, 3, 4, etc. Place a coloured paper as the top document in order to indicate that a file is closed. Indicate on that coloured sheet the date range and where future information will be filed. Related volumes are stored together while they are active, and older ones are placed in semi-active storage when their active retention period expires. If multi-volume sets are frequently opened under a single classification, this may indicate the need to create new, more specific classifications.

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Where possible, sheets should be fastened in the file folder. When this is not possible or for ease in culling files at the end of the year, Corporate Records Management Branch recommends attaching documents to a file back sheet. The file back should be labelled with the fiscal or calendar year and classification number. Use a closed file notice for each file back when the file is closed and mark on it the method and date of final disposition (e.g., "for DE on 1 April 1999"; "for SR on 1 January 2010"; "for FR on 1 April 2001").

Minimize misfiling in the following ways:

- keep file labels legible and simple
- maintain 3-4 inches of free space on each file shelf or drawer
- place papers in folders so they do not go beyond the scoring on the folder or cover the file label
- write the correct file number or heading on each document or underline it if it appears in the text

3.8.2 File Circulation

To avoid loss of files, especially when numerous staff refer to the same records, use circulation or "out" cards when removing a folder from the cabinet. Write the borrower's initials on the out card. Only remove papers for photocopying and return the papers to their original location in the file. Return files promptly after use.

When photocopies are made for use as working papers, mark them clearly as a "copy" with a stamp which uses a colour of ink other than black.

3.9 Boxing and Transfer Instructions

The records schedules contained in ORCS specify the active, semi-active, and inactive phases of the life cycle of the record and provide for the efficient and systematic transfer of semi-active and inactive records to the off-site storage facilities provided by Records Centre Services, Corporate Records Management Branch. Each office should document instructions and procedures for the regular boxing and transfer of records to off-site storage. (For further discussion of records scheduling, refer to 2.4 and 2.7.)

In some cases the records schedule will provide for the immediate destruction of records when they are no longer active. In this case, contact your Records Officer. The Records Officer can provide you with information about the availability of recycling and/or destruction services. Use appropriate forms and procedures as instructed by your Records Officer and **notify your Records Officer before any destruction of records occurs.**

To identify records suitable for boxing, review the files against the ORCS schedules annually and determine what operational records have become semi-active or inactive during the past year. If your office uses an automated database to track files, it may be possible to generate this list automatically. When the list is ready and records are boxed, contact your Records Officer to report that you have semi-active or inactive scheduled operational records which are ready for transfer. Your Records Officer will then request off-site storage and retrieval services from Records Centre Services.

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If accumulations of active records produce space problems in office areas before the annual review, contact your Records Officer.

3.9.1 Accession Numbers

Records Centre Services issues and tracks all accession numbers. An accession number is a number identifying a group of records to be transferred, and is used to label, transfer and store records. Each box within an accession is given a unique box number by adding sequential numbers, beginning with number one, to the accession number. The full number must appear on the label of each box.

For the purposes of illustration, we will use 91-0123 as an example of an accession number. No office should use it to prepare records for transfer!

Box Number: 91-0123-01

91-0123 = the accession number issued by Records Centre Services
-01 = the first consecutive box number in accession 91-0123

There are two types of accession numbers: one-time and ongoing.

a) One-time Accession Numbers

A one-time accession number is used by a single office for a one-time transfer of records to Records Centre Services. For further information about one-time accession numbers, contact your Records Officer.

b) Ongoing Accession Numbers (OANs)

Corporate Records Management Branch may establish ongoing accession numbers for categories of administrative or operational records which can be transferred to off-site storage or archival custody year after year. The purpose of an OAN is to group together the same type of records from the same office, and facilitate transfer of those records. The OAN for a category of records must only be used for future transfers of the same type of records.

The "NOTE" format indicated below is used in ORCS to annotate secondary numbers and titles to which an OAN applies.

NOTE: The OPR will store [SECONDARY TITLE] under
ongoing RCS accession number 91-0123.

If 91-0123 were a real OAN, the office to which it was issued would use it for a specific record series or category of records. Accession number 91-0123 is reserved for use by the same office for the same record series until box number 9999 is reached. Then, please ask your Records Officer to obtain a new OAN from Records Centre Services.

An ongoing accession number differs from a one-time number in that box numbers within an accession are always consecutive. For example, if box numbers 91-0123-1 to 91-0123-10 were transferred in July 1991 and ten more

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boxes were ready for transfer in October 1992, the box numbers used in October 1992 would begin with the next unused number (i.e., in October 1992 numbers 91-0123-11 to 91-0123-20 would be used).

The OAN uniquely identifies the transferring office and the category of records which may be transferred as part of the accession.

If several offices are responsible for transferring records of the same type to semi-active storage or archival custody, each office will be assigned its own OAN. Other special arrangements may be made in consultation with your Records Officer and Records Centre Services.

c) Ongoing Accession Numbers for Taxation Revenue Collections Branch

In this ORCS, ongoing accession numbers have been established for the following categories of OPR records. The accession numbers are based upon semi-active retention periods and final disposition recommendations. The Records Officer is responsible for maintaining and updating the list of ongoing accession numbers relating to this ORCS.

OAN	Primary and Secondary No.	Primary and/or Secondary Title	SA	FD
91-0304	48520-20	Forfeiture absolute files	5y	FR
91-0403	48520-30	Forfeiture paid accounts	6m	DE
91-0404	48520-50	Forfeiture revestment files	2y	DE
91-0405	48520-40	Forfeiture redemption files	2y	DE

For further information about ongoing accession numbers and lists of the numbers, contact your Records Officer.

3.9.2 Transfer of Records to Off-Site Storage

Records Centre Services manages off-site storage for all records having a scheduled semi-active retention period, and for all inactive records scheduled for selective or full retention. Contact your Records Officer if you have concerns about the following:

- if a records schedule does not provide for semi-active storage for a record series which, in your opinion, requires it
- if a records schedule does not provide for the archival retention of a record series which does, in your opinion, have evidential or historical value, or
- if you require off-site storage for active records.

a) Arranging Boxes

Organize records for transfer as follows: (These guidelines are based on the *ARS 517 "Authority to Apply Approved Schedule" Standards and Orientation Guide*).

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1. Do not put files covered by different retention and disposition schedules (ARCS - 100001 or ORCS) in the same box.
2. Box records scheduled for destruction (DE) separately from records scheduled for selective retention (SR) or full retention (FR).
3. Box SR records separately from FR records. Contact your Records Officer if your office does not generate a sufficient volume of records to allow for full separate boxes.
4. If records have no scheduled semi-active retention period and a scheduled final disposition of SR or FR (e.g., SO, nil, SR), box them separately from all other records. Arrange the files within the box by primary and secondary number. Contact your Records Officer if your office does not generate a sufficient volume of records to allow for full separate boxes.
5. Place records of the same or similar retention periods and date ranges in the same box.
6. Whenever possible, box records of the same type together (e.g., case file series or large subject file series should be boxed together).
7. If records have different semi-active retention periods, box first by retention period and then within retention period by primary and secondary numbers.

b) Box Numbering

Arrange and number boxes that have similar classifications, date ranges, retention periods and final dispositions consecutively according to the date range of the records (e.g., accounts payable, fiscal year 1994/95 in boxes 1 & 2; accounts payable, fiscal year 1995/96 in boxes 3 & 4; accounts payable, fiscal year 1996/97 in boxes 5 & 6).

c) Boxes With Varied Classifications, Retention Periods And Date Ranges

Please consult with your Records Officer when records within a box have varying classifications, retention periods and date ranges.

Records Centre Services provides off-site storage for all inactive records scheduled for selective or full retention. If a records schedule does not provide for the archival retention of a record series which does, in your opinion, have historical, archival, or other residual values, contact your Records Officer to propose that the schedule be amended.

3.10 Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy

The purpose of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 165) is to ensure that the public has the right to access government records and to protect personal information about an individual from unauthorized collection, use or disclosure by public bodies. That legislation affects the design, development, retention

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scheduling, and implementation stages of all operational and administrative records classification systems.

To determine whether your records are outside the scope of the legislation, whether your records contain personal or confidential material, and what procedures for information disclosure exist within your ministry or agency, contact your Director/Manager of Information and Privacy. If you have questions specific to file operations or procedures, contact your Records Officer. For information about FOI notes in the *ORCS*, see 2.8.

3.11 Electronic Records and the Information System Overview

Information that has been created, collected, maintained and/or retained by a government ministry or agency is classified and scheduled within *ORCS*, regardless of media or physical format. The additional technical information required for the scheduling of electronic records is documented using the standard format for the Information System Overview (ISO) and Information System Overview for an Subsystem (ISOS). See the ISO section of this *ORCS*.

The Information System Overview (ISO) serves three main purposes:

- to provide a high-level description of the function and information content of the system, in other words a map of the data managed by the system and the major stages through which it flows while being processed;
- to document the records-keeping context of the system by identifying how the system and related records are classified in the *ORCS*;
- it may be used to schedule the electronic system by indicating when its active life ends and what the final disposition will be.

Electronic records (that is, the records created and maintained on an electronic system) are scheduled as secondaries like all other forms of records, as well as being documented in the ISO. An electronic system may be scheduled in the Information System Overview Section, and also may be included under the primary covering the function or activity to which it relates; for example, the Extraterrestrial Registration System (ERS) appears as secondary -30 in the sample primary. A system related to functions covered by an entire section of the *ORCS* will appear in the section default primary, or if it relates to the entire *ORCS*, in the *ORCS* default primary. Information in the database relating to specific entities is covered by the schedules relating to the relevant case files; for example, the registration information in the ERS concerning a specific extraterrestrial can be purged when the relevant extraterrestrial registrant case file (under secondary -20) becomes inactive.

Electronic mail (or "e-mail") should be classified and filed under the secondaries covering the relevant functions and activities. For further information on e-mail, see special schedule 102903 in the *ARCS* manual.

3.12 Implementation of ORCS

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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Each ministry, government agency and Crown corporation has a designated officer responsible for implementing and coordinating records management procedures. This records officer, often called the Ministry Records Officer (or MRO) or Corporate Records Officer (CRO), should be contacted for further information whenever necessary. If you cannot determine who your Records Officer is, call Corporate Records Management Branch at 387-1321.

The Records Officer plans and coordinates the implementation of *ORCS*.

The eight requirements for implementation and maintenance of *ORCS* are:

1. Executive support.
2. A records management policy.
3. An implementation and training plan.
4. Designated responsibilities for implementation and maintenance of *ORCS*.
5. Designated offices of primary responsibility for types of operational records requiring multiple levels of retention.
6. Training in *ORCS* and general records management for support staff in a training program established by your Records Officer.
7. Established procedures for the storage and retrieval of semi-active records and disposition of inactive records.
8. Established maintenance, review, and update procedures under the administration of the Records Officer.

3.13 Advisory Services

Corporate Records Management Branch provides limited advisory services to assist records officers with the implementation and maintenance of *ORCS*. Your Records Officer is available to help you establish efficient filing procedures and effective records administration. Other services which may be provided by your Records Officer are as follows:

- project planning and coordination assistance
- file conversions
- a records management training program
- selection of filing equipment and supplies
- assistance with retrieval systems, indexes, file tracking, and active records control
- off-site storage and retrieval of semi-active records
- disposition of inactive records
- transfer of permanently valuable records to archival custody
- automation of records management functions

3.14 Amendment and Update of ORCS

Maintenance of *ORCS*, including the use of primaries and secondaries, is a joint responsibility of the records holder and the Records Officer.

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Effective maintenance depends upon:

- trained records staff
- documented policies and procedures
- coordination and review by the Records Officer
- designated responsibilities for:
 - records classification
 - maintenance of indexes and file lists
 - other record and file operations

Corporate Records Management Branch (CRMB) maintains the master edition of this *ORCS* and is responsible for administering the amendment and review process. The Records Officer is responsible for advising CRMB of proposed amendments. Amendments take effect upon the approval of the Legislative Assembly. Distribution of amendment pages and implementation of amendments is a responsibility of the ministry or agency.

Filing instructions and explanations of changes accompany the distributed amendments. After updating the *ORCS*, insert the instructions behind the Register of Amendments, located at the front of the *ORCS* manual. Date and sign the Register of Amendments.

Offices should refer proposals for new primaries and secondaries or other suggested changes to their Records Officer, who will in turn refer them to CRMB. Proposals will be jointly reviewed by CRMB staff and the Records Officer. While awaiting formal approval, "interim secondaries" may be established. These must be different from any existing secondary numbers and titles. Include records covered by interim secondaries in file lists, and highlight them on the Records Officer's copy of each file list. Once interim secondaries are approved, they will be included in future editions of the *ORCS*.

Changes in the status of primaries, secondaries, and scope notes will be highlighted on the far left of each relevant primary page, in two ways:

- || Double vertical bars indicate a proposed change at the primary or secondary level or to a scope or explanatory note. Proposed changes may be used for classification purposes, but require the approval of the Legislative Assembly before they may be used for records disposition actions.
- A bullet indicates a change at the primary or secondary level which has been approved by the Legislative Assembly.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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A SA FD

SECTION 1

TAXATION REVENUE COLLECTIONS

PRIMARY NUMBERS

48000 - 48999

Section 1 covers records relating to the collection of outstanding taxes under the *Social Service Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 431), *Hotel Room Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 207), *Motor Fuel Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 317), *Tobacco Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 452), *Horse Racing Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 199), *Corporation Capital Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 73), *Insurance Premium Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 232), *International Financial Business (Tax Refund) Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 235), *Logging Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 277), *Property Transfer Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 378), *Taxation (Rural Area) Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 448), *Mineral Tax Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 291), and *Petroleum and Natural Gas Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 361).

A =	Active	CY =	Calendar Year	SO =	Superseded or Obsolete
SA =	Semi-active	FY =	Fiscal Year	DE =	Destruction
FD =	Final Disposition	NA =	Not Applicable	SR =	Selective Retention
PIB =	Personal Information Bank	w =	week m = month	FR =	Full Retention
PUR =	Public Use Records	y =	year	FOI =	Freedom of Information/Privacy
OPR =	Office of Primary Responsibility			VR =	Vital Records

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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A SA FD

SECTION 1

48000 - TAXATION REVENUE COLLECTIONS - 48999

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48000 TAXATION REVENUE COLLECTIONS - GENERAL

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48200 INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS

48400 MINERAL, OIL, AND GAS REVENUE COLLECTIONS

48500 PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - GENERAL

48520 - FORFEITURE

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A SA FD

48000 TAXATION REVENUE COLLECTIONS - GENERAL

Records not shown elsewhere in the *Taxation Revenue Collections ORCS* which relate generally to the collection of outstanding taxes.

Pertinent reference information relating to the collection of outstanding taxes is provided in the intranet web site classified under secondary -02.

Record types include correspondence and web site.

NOTE: Only records that cannot be classified in a more specific primary or secondary may be classified under this primary.

Unless otherwise specified below, the ministry OPR (Taxation Revenue Collections Branch) will retain these records for:

CY+2y nil DE

Except where non-OPR retention periods are identified below, all other ministry offices will retain these records for:

SO nil DE

-00 Policy and procedures

- OPR

SO 5y FR

- non-OPR

SO nil DE

FR = Throughout this ORCS, the government archives will fully retain policy and procedure files created by offices having primary responsibility for policy and procedures development and approval, unless otherwise noted under a secondary. These records have evidential value.

-01 General

SO nil DE

-02 Taxation revenue collections intranet web site

SO = when the web site is altered, updated, redesigned or closed

DE = As the web site is updated, superseded/obsolete versions of documents on it may be destroyed in accordance with approved retention schedules. When the web site is closed, it can be destroyed after relevant schedules have elapsed and/or the documents have been classified elsewhere.

(continued on next page)

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A SA FD

48000 TAXATION REVENUE COLLECTIONS - GENERAL (continued)

NOTE: This web site provides information through the intranet to staff in the Taxation Revenue Collections Branch and other provincial government collections branches, as well as taxation revenue lawyers in the Ministry of Attorney General. The site provides access to relevant legislation, legal opinions, policies, procedures, form letters, telephone directories, contact lists, and staff information and news. Because this is a simple web site, an information system overview for a web site has not been developed.

NOTE: All documents presented on this web site are classified under appropriate secondaries within this *ORCS* or in *ARCS*.

-03	Taxation revenue collections legal opinion manual (electronic records)	SO	nil	SR
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SR = The government archives will selectively retain the taxation revenue collection legal opinion manual because it documents legal opinions relating to the collection of outstanding taxes.

Branch staff will print one complete copy of the manual in every year ending in zero, and box it with other records for transfer to the government archives.

Electronic versions of the manual may be destroyed after each update.

NOTE: This manual is accessed through the intranet web site classified under secondary -02. It contains legal opinions that apply to the collection of taxes administered by the Ministry of Provincial Revenue.

-04	Taxation revenue collections policy/procedures manual (electronic records)	SO	nil	SR
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(continued on next page)

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A SA FD

48000 TAXATION REVENUE COLLECTIONS - GENERAL (continued)

SR = The government archives will selectively retain the taxation revenue collections policy and procedures manual because it documents the policy and procedures followed by government staff engaged in collecting a variety of outstanding taxes. Because minor updates to this manual accumulate over time, it does not need to be fully retained.

Branch staff will print one complete copy of the manual when the *ORCS* is approved, and thereafter in every year ending in zero, and box it with other records for transfer to the government archives.

Electronic versions of the manual may be destroyed after each update.

NOTE: This manual is accessed through the intranet web site classified under secondary -02. It contains policies and procedures that apply to the collection of taxes administered by the Ministry of Provincial Revenue.

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A SA FD

48100 CONSUMER TAX COLLECTIONS

Records relating to the collection of outstanding taxes under the *Social Service Tax Act, Hotel Room Tax Act, Motor Fuel Tax Act, Tobacco Tax Act, and Horse Racing Tax Act.*

The collection of outstanding consumer taxes is supported by automated processes. Taxpayer Administration, Compliance and Services (TACS) initiates the collection process by generating a notice of assessment. Failure to respond to the notice may involve collection activity such as registering a statutory lien against the taxpayer's property, making demands to third parties (e.g., banks) that owe money to the taxpayer, seizing personal property, or collecting through the federal and provincial government's "set-off" programs. Set-off programs permit the province to obtain payments that are owed to the taxpayer from the provincial and federal governments (e.g., tax refunds or rebates) and apply (or set-off) the payments to the taxpayer's outstanding debt.

Record types include correspondence, land title liens, reports, forms, and other types of records as indicated under relevant secondaries.

For consumer tax collections closed prior to 2002, see the *Consumer Taxation ORCS*.

For the Ministry of Provincial Revenue Information Warehouse (IW) Information System Overview (ISO), see the ISO section.

For the Personal Property Registry (PPR) system, see the records of the Ministry of Finance.

For the TACS ISO, see the ISO section.

Unless otherwise specified below, the ministry OPR (Taxation Revenue Collections Branch) will retain these records for:

CY+2y nil DE

Except where non-OPR retention periods are identified below, all other ministry offices will retain these records for:

SO nil DE

-00 Policy and procedures

- OPR SO 5y FR
- non-OPR SO nil DE

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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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		<u>A</u>	<u>SA</u>	<u>FD</u>
48100	<u>CONSUMER TAX COLLECTIONS</u> (continued)			
-01	General			
-02	Consumer tax collection performance reports (electronic records)	FY+1y	nil	DE
	2y = The two-year retention period provides sufficient data for analysis.			
	DE = These reports may be destroyed because they are summarized in annual reports fully retained by the government archives under secondary 41000-05 in the <i>Consumer Taxation ORCS</i> .			
	NOTE: The performance reports are generated by the Ministry of Provincial Revenue Information Warehouse described in the ISO section.			
-03	Consumer tax collection search request forms (covers part two of the form [i.e., pink copy])	FY+6m	nil	DE
	18m = Office of the Auditor General auditors require these records to be retained for six months following the end of the fiscal year.			
	NOTE: These two-part forms are used to document taxpayer assets, banking information, etc., which may be useful in the recovery of overdue taxes. Part one of the form is given to collectors or court bailiffs, and part two (which is an exact copy) is retained by the branch.			
-04	Consumer tax collection write-off reports (arrange chronologically)	SO+1y	6y	DE
	SO = when signed off			
	7y = The seven-year retention period is consistent with the retention period for write-offs under <i>ARCS</i> secondary 935-40.			
	NOTE: The reports are printed and signed-off by staff members who have the authority to write-off these debts.			

(continued on next page)

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		<u>A</u>	<u>SA</u>	<u>FD</u>
48100	<u>CONSUMER TAX COLLECTIONS</u> (continued)			
	NOTE: Overdue taxes that are uncollectable are written-off pursuant to the <i>Financial Administration Act</i> (RSBC 1996, c. 138, s. 17) and the <i>Core Policy Manual</i> section 7, part 2.			
-05	Personal property lien confirmations (arrange chronologically)	SO	nil	DE
	SO = upon receipt			
	NOTE: Collection staff register liens directly to the Ministry of Finance's Personal Property Registry (PPR) system, and key the lien registration number, lien date, and lien amount to the taxpayer's account on TACS. The PPR system automatically generates the confirmations when a lien is registered. The confirmations are not required for operational purposes.			
-06	Set-off payment records (includes correspondence, screen prints, and reports) (arrange chronologically)	FY+4y	nil	DE
	5y = The five-year retention period provides sufficient time for set-off payments to be credited to the taxpayer's account, to respond to taxpayer's questions about the set-off payments, and to satisfy audit requirements.			
	NOTE: Set-offs relating to a specific taxpayer are documented on the taxpayer's account.			
	NOTE: This secondary covers federal and provincial set-off payments.			
-07	Set-off payment summary reports (electronic spreadsheets)	SO	nil	DE
	SO = when no longer required for analysis			
	NOTE: These records document federal and provincial set-offs.			

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			<u>A</u>	<u>SA</u>	<u>FD</u>
48100	<u>CONSUMER TAX COLLECTIONS</u> (continued)				
PIB	-20	Consumer tax collection files (electronic data and electronic images) (covers copies of court-registered certificates, writs of seizure and sale, third-party demand letters, and computer printouts from external databases [e.g., land title, motor vehicle and credit information]) (arrange by taxpayer identification number [TIN] on TACS)	SO+10y	nil	DE

SO = when paid or written-off

10y = The 10-year retention period is based on the 10 years for enforcing a court-registered certificate under the *Limitation Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 266).

NOTE: Scanned consumer tax collection records are classified with other scanned consumer tax records in the *Consumer Taxation ORCS* under secondary 41500-12.

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A SA FD

48200 INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS

Records relating to the collection of overdue taxes under the *Corporation Capital Tax Act, Insurance Premium Tax Act, Logging Tax Act, and Property Transfer Tax Act.*

The collection of these overdue taxes is supported by automated processes. The Revenue Income Taxation Branch (RITB) System and Property Transfer Tax (PTT) System initiate collection action on amounts that are outstanding for 60 days by automatically creating collection letters.

Failure to respond to the collection letters may result in collection activities such as registering a statutory lien against the taxpayer's property, demands to third parties (e.g., banks) that owe money to the taxpayer, seizing personal property, or collecting through the federal and provincial government's "set-off" programs. Set-off programs permit the province to obtain payments that are owed to the taxpayer from the provincial and federal governments (e.g., tax refunds or rebates) and apply (or set-off) the payments to the taxpayer's outstanding debt.

Overdue taxes that are uncollectable are written-off pursuant to the *Financial Administration Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 138, s. 17) and the *Core Policy Manual* section 7, part 2.

Record types include correspondence, land title liens, reports, forms, and other types of records as indicated under relevant secondaries.

For the Collection Council, see *ARCS* secondary 200-20.

For income tax collections closed prior to 2002, see the *Income Taxation ORCS*.

For legal opinions, see *ARCS* secondary 350-25.

For property transfer tax collections closed prior to 2002, see the *Income Taxation ORCS*.

For the PTT Information System Overview (ISO), see the ISO section.

For the RITB ISO, see the ISO section.

Unless otherwise specified below, the ministry OPR (Taxation Revenue Collections Branch) will retain these records for:

CY+2y nil DE

(continued on next page)

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			<u>A</u>	<u>SA</u>	<u>FD</u>
48200	<u>INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS</u> (continued)				
	Except where <u>non-OPR retention periods</u> are identified below, all other ministry offices will retain these records for:		<u>SO</u>	nil	<u>DE</u>
-00	Policy and procedures	- OPR	SO	5y	FR
		- <u>non-OPR</u>	<u>SO</u>	nil	<u>DE</u>
-01	General				
-02	Income tax collection financial reports (covers month-end reports [e.g., accounts receivable reports, financial activity reports and debit account detail reports] generated by PTT and RITB) (arrange by year, then by type of report)		FY+4y	nil	DE
	5y = The five-year retention provides sufficient data for analysis and reviewing trends, and satisfies audit requirements.				
-03	Income tax Collection Information System contacts (electronic records - CIS)		SO	nil	DE
	SO = when updated or obsolete				
	NOTE: These records are used to create third-party demand letters. They consist of demand letter templates and the names and addresses of banks and court bailiffs. Because the records are created on a simple database (currently Microsoft Access), an information system overview has not been created.				
	NOTE: Third-party demand letters that are created on CIS are classified under secondary -05.				
PIB	-04 Income Tax Collection Information System write-offs (electronic records - CIS)		SO+5y	nil	DE
	SO = upon generation and approval of the write-off form, which is classified under secondary -06				
	5y = The five-year retention provides sufficient data for analysis and reviewing trends.				

(continued on next page)

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A SA FD

48200 INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS (continued)

NOTE: CIS write-off records provide detailed write-off information (e.g., financial details and the reason for the write-off) that is not available on PTT or RITB because of their limitations. When the write-off form is approved, the corresponding electronic record is flagged as approved. Because the records are created on a simple database (currently Microsoft Access), an information system overview has not been created.

NOTE: Write-off forms are classified under secondary -06.

-05	Income tax collection records - scanned (includes copies of court-registered certificates, writs of seizure and sale, third-party demand letters, and computer printouts from external databases [e.g., land title, motor vehicle and credit information]) (arrange by computer system (e.g., RITB or PTT), then chronologically)	SO	3y	DE
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SO = when the imaged version has been verified for quality and backup has taken place

3y = The three-year semi-active retention period satisfies audit requirements. Unreadable images have been discovered during audits.

NOTE: The electronic images of these records are classified in the *Income Taxation ORCS* under secondaries 43300-02, 43540-02, and 43560-02, and in the *Property Taxation ORCS* under secondary 45800-05.

-06	Income tax collection write-off reports (includes write-off forms generated by the electronic data classified under secondary -04) (arrange chronologically)	SO+1y	6y	DE
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SO = when signed off

7y = The seven-year retention period is consistent with the retention period for write-offs under *ARCS* secondary 935-40.

(continued on next page)

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A SA FD

48200 INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS (continued)

NOTE: The reports are generated by CIS (for property transfer tax write-offs) and RITB (for all other write-offs). They are signed-off by staff members who have the authority to write-off these debts.

-07	Federal government set-off program reports (covers transmission reports listing taxpayer account numbers sent to the federal government, and payment reports received from the federal government documenting the payments sent to the province) (arrange chronologically)	FY+4y	nil	DE
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5y = The five-year retention satisfies audit requirements.

NOTE: These reports are summarized in management reports classified under *ARCS* primary 1180, and the information relating to a specific taxpayer's account is recorded on the account, which is classified in the *Income Taxation ORCS* under secondaries 43300-02, 43540-02, and 43560-02, and in the *Property Taxation ORCS* under secondary 45800-04.

NOTE: Payments obtained from the provincial government's set-off program are classified under secondary 45100-06.

-08	Personal property lien confirmations (arrange chronologically)	SO	nil	DE
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SO = upon receipt

NOTE: Collection staff register liens directly to the Ministry of Finance's Personal Property Registry (PPR) System, and record that information on the taxpayer's account on either PTT or RITB, whichever is appropriate. PPR automatically generates the confirmations when a lien is registered. The confirmations are not required for operational purposes.

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SA = Semi-active	FY = Fiscal Year	DE = Destruction
FD = Final Disposition	NA = Not Applicable	SR = Selective Retention
PIB = Personal Information Bank	w = week m = month	FR = Full Retention
PUR = Public Use Records	y = year	FOI = Freedom of Information/Privacy
OPR = Office of Primary Responsibility		VR = Vital Records

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

A SA FD

48400 MINERAL, OIL, AND GAS REVENUE COLLECTIONS

Records relating to the collection of outstanding mineral taxes and oil and gas royalties and taxes.

This primary does not cover first level collections prior to 2003. Until 2003, Mineral, Oil, and Gas Revenue Branch staff performed first level collections such as sending statements of account and letters requesting payment, arranging payment plans, and registering liens in the Personal Property Registry against debtors' assets. If taxes remained unpaid, the debt was transferred to ministry collections staff for further collections. Records documenting those escalated collections are covered by this primary.

Overdue taxes that are uncollectable are written-off pursuant to the *Financial Administration Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 138, s. 17) and the *Core Policy Manual* section 7, part 2.

Record types include correspondence, statements of account, receipts, and reports.

For first level collections records closed prior to 2003, see the *Mineral, Oil, and Gas Revenue ORCS*.

For mineral land tax forfeitures, see the *Mineral, Oil, and Gas Revenue ORCS*.

Unless otherwise specified below, the ministry OPR (Taxation Revenue Collections Branch) will retain these records for:

CY+2y nil DE

Except where non-OPR retention periods are identified below, all other ministry offices will retain these records for:

SO nil DE

-00	Policy and procedures	- OPR	SO	5y	FR
		- <u>non-OPR</u>	<u>SO</u>	<u>nil</u>	<u>DE</u>

-01 General

-20	Mineral, oil and gas revenue collection files (arrange by mine or oil and natural gas producer, whichever is appropriate)		SO+5y	5y	DE
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SO = when the debt has been paid or written-off

(continued on next page)

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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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A SA FD

48400 MINERAL, OIL, AND GAS REVENUE COLLECTIONS (continued)

10y = The 10-year retention period is based on the 10 years for enforcing a court-registered certificate under the *Limitation Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 266).

A = Active	CY = Calendar Year	SO = Superseded or Obsolete
SA = Semi-active	FY = Fiscal Year	DE = Destruction
FD = Final Disposition	NA = Not Applicable	SR = Selective Retention
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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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A SA FD

48500 PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - GENERAL

Records relating to the recovery of outstanding rural property taxes under the *Taxation (Rural Area) Act* not shown elsewhere in this primary block.

If taxes remain unpaid for more than 30 consecutive months, property owned in fee simple (i.e., Crown-granted) forfeits to the Crown. Property not subject to forfeiture (i.e., non-Crown granted property) may have collection enforcement activity applied.

Records types include correspondence, reports, and other types of records as indicated under relevant secondaries.

For property tax collection reports generated by the Information Warehouse (IW), see primary 45000 in the *Property Taxation ORCS*.

For the Real Property Tax System (RP2K) Information System Overview (ISO), see the ISO section.

Unless otherwise specified below, the ministry OPR (Taxation Revenue Collections Branch) will retain these records for:

CY+2y nil DE

Except where non-OPR retention periods are identified below, all other ministry offices will retain these records for:

SO nil DE

-00	Policy and procedures	- OPR	SO	5y	FR
		- <u>non-OPR</u>	<u>SO</u>	<u>nil</u>	<u>DE</u>
-01	General				
-02	Collection information retrieval data (electronic records - CIRS)		SO	nil	DE

SO = when replaced by next load from RP2K

NOTE: These records are duplicated on RP2K, but are downloaded to the Collection Information Retrieval System (CIRS) because CIRS can manipulate the data in more ways than RP2K.

NOTE: Because the records are created on a simple database (currently Microsoft Access), an information system overview has not been created.

(continued on next page)

A = Active	CY = Calendar Year	SO = Superseded or Obsolete
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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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		<u>A</u>	<u>SA</u>	<u>FD</u>
48500	<u>PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - GENERAL</u> (continued)			
-03	Collection information retrieval reports SO = when action is taken, and when no longer required for reference purposes NOTE: These reports are generated by CIRS.	SO	nil	DE
-04	Fee for service arrangements (includes correspondence, working papers and agreements) SO = upon resolution of the issue NOTE: These records document discussions, negotiations and, in some instances, agreements with Doukhobors and their representatives over the payment of fees for services in place of property taxes.	SO	2y	DE
PIB	-20 Bankruptcy files (includes correspondence, proof of claim, and assets and liabilities forms) (arrange first by year, then by taxpayer) SO = when the finalization and distribution of assets document is received from the trustee, and taxpayer's account has been adjusted DE = Bankruptcy files can be destroyed because bankruptcies are also documented in the records of the Government of Canada and in court records covered by the Ministry of Attorney General <i>Court Services ORCS</i> (schedule 100152), where they are selectively retained.	SO	2y	DE
	-30 Job Protection Commission (JPC) economic plans (includes copies of approved plans [i.e., signed by all stakeholders], as well as plans that were developed but not signed) (arrange by company)	SO	nil	DE

(continued on next page)

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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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A SA FD

48500 PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - GENERAL (continued)

NOTE: This is a reference collection of economic plans developed for BC companies by the Job Protection Commission. The plans outline the restructuring and assistance required (e.g., tax deferral) to enable a particular company to remain operational pending improved market conditions.

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|----|----|----|
| -35 | Property tax component of JPC economic plans (includes economic plans, payment schedules, and working notes) (arrange by company) | SO | 2y | DE |
|-----|---|----|----|----|

SO = upon expiry of the economic plan and payment of outstanding property taxes

NOTE: These records document the monitoring of the payment of deferred property taxes according to a payment schedule agreed to in the economic plan.

NOTE: Payment coupons are classified with the taxation batches in the *Property Taxation ORCS* under secondary 45700-06.

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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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A SA FD

48520 PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - FORFEITURE

Records relating to the forfeiture of rural property owned in fee simple (i.e., Crown-granted). If taxes remain unpaid for more than 30 consecutive months, the property forfeits to the Crown.

Most forfeiture activity is performed by appointed provincial collectors (i.e., designated government agents) under the direction of and in accordance with policies set by the branch. Government agents report their forfeiture activity to the branch on forfeiture checklist forms. They also enter payments they receive to the Government Agents Revenue Management System (GARMS), which interfaces with the Real Property Tax System (RP2K).

Branch staff monitor the outstanding accounts on RP2K, send government agents forfeiture management reports on a quarterly basis, and maintain files on property that has forfeited to the Crown.

Records types include correspondence, certificates, registers, and other types of records as indicated under relevant secondaries.

For the GARMS Information System Overview (ISO), see the Ministry of Management Services *Government Agent Services ORCS*.

For mineral land tax forfeitures, see the *Mineral, Oil, and Gas Revenue ORCS*.

For the RP2K ISO, see the ISO section.

Unless otherwise specified below, the ministry OPR (Property Tax Collection Section) will retain these records for:

CY+2y nil DE

Except where non-OPR retention periods are identified below, all other ministry offices will retain these records for:

SO nil DE

-00 Policy and procedures

- OPR

SO

5y

FR

- non-OPR

SO

nil

DE

-01 General

VR

-02 Forfeiture absolute certificates

CY+9y

nil

FR

(arrange chronologically, then by collection district)

10y = The 10-year retention period is consistent with the retention period for the forfeiture absolute files classified under secondary -20.

(continued on next page)

- | | | |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| A = Active | CY = Calendar Year | SO = Superseded or Obsolete |
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| PUR = Public Use Records | y = year | FOI = Freedom of Information/Privacy |
| OPR = Office of Primary Responsibility | | VR = Vital Records |

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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A SA FD

48520 PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - FORFEITURE (continued)

SO = when reviewed and action taken

NOTE: These reports document, by district, folios that are in forfeiture status, the various actions taken against the account, and the dollar amounts involved.

NOTE: The November forfeiture management report lists all of the properties that are subject to forfeiture on the December 1 deadline. It is classified under secondary -20 with the forfeiture absolute files because it is used to open and index the files.

-05	Land title office liens (covers applications for registration of a charge [form 17], lien documents, and lien cancellation documents) (arrange by collection district, then folio number)	SO+3m	nil	DE
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SO = upon payment of property tax and receipt of lien cancellation document

NOTE: This secondary covers liens that are registered at land title offices on Crown granted property that have large overdue balances. If the land forfeits to the Crown, the lien is not carried forward to the Crown's title to the property, but remains on the old title until the property tax is paid by the original owner (e.g., during the redemption or revestment periods). Liens registered on non-Crown granted mobile homes are classified under secondary 48560-20.

NOTE: This secondary will likely be closed in 2004 because future land title office liens will be classified with other collection records under secondaries -60, -65, and -70.

VR	-06	Tax sale and forfeiture registers (covers handwritten and typed entries summarizing properties offered for tax sale and subject to forfeiture) (arrange by name of collection district, then by legal description of property)	SO	nil	FR
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(continued on next page)

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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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A SA FD

48520 PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - FORFEITURE (continued)

FR = The government archives will fully retain tax sale and forfeiture registers because of their importance in resolving anomalies in land title and Surveyor General records, and because, together with the forfeiture absolute certificates classified under secondary -02, they provide legal proof that the forfeiture took place. In addition, they provide a complete history of BC rural property that was sold and/or forfeited for non-payment of taxes.

NOTE: The tax sale and forfeiture registers date from 1918 to 1969, and the forfeiture absolute certificates date from 1972 to the present. 1970 and 1971 were transitional years in which legislation was drafted to change the process from tax sale and forfeiture to just forfeiture.

VR	-20	Forfeiture absolute files (covers November forfeiture management reports, correspondence, forfeiture checklists received from government agents, title searches, statements of account, working notes, statements of forfeiture action, notices of forfeiture absolute, first page of legal documents (e.g., mortgages, court judgments and family maintenance orders) used to obtain addresses of registered charge holders, reports listing certified mail numbers used for mailing forfeiture absolute notices, and certified mail cards) (arrange by collection district, then folio number)	CY+4y	5y	FR
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10y = The 10-year retention period allows sufficient time to complete the forfeiture cycle (i.e., three years for an outstanding account to forfeit, the one-year redemption period, and the two-year revestment period), and to respond to inquiries.

FR = The government archives will fully retain forfeiture absolute files because they contain the evidence needed in the event of legal actions by former property owners or their estates, as well as providing a history of rural land forfeited to the Crown.

(continued on next page)

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A SA FD

48520 PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - FORFEITURE (continued)

NOTE: These records document the forfeiture of property on which taxes are unpaid. They document actions taken to contact and notify owners and charge holders, and obtain payment of the taxes prior to forfeiture. They also document the administrative process followed by the Crown leading to forfeiture. They identify the delinquent taxpayer, the property on which the taxes are due, the amount owing and the process by which resolution of the forfeiture action is sought.

NOTE: If the forfeiture is redeemed or revested, the file is removed and reclassified under secondaries -40 or -50. The redemption applications must be made within one year of the date of forfeiture, and revestment applications must be made within two years of the expiry of the redemption period.

NOTE: The OPR will store forfeiture absolute files under ongoing RCS accession number 91-0304.

NOTE: This secondary replaces approved ongoing records schedule 121715 which amended approved schedule 105079.

-30	Forfeiture paid account files (covers correspondence, forfeiture checklists received from government agents, title searches, statements of account, working notes, statements of forfeiture action, and may contain final notices of forfeiture, first page of legal documents (e.g., mortgages, court judgments and family maintenance orders) used to obtain addresses of registered charge holders, reports listing certified mail numbers used for mailing forfeiture absolute notices, and certified mail cards) (arrange by collection district, then folio number)	SO	1y	DE
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SO = upon the end of the calendar year in which taxes are paid

NOTE: The OPR will store forfeiture paid account files under ongoing RCS accession number 91-0403
(continued on next page)

A = Active	CY = Calendar Year	SO = Superseded or Obsolete
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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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A SA FD

48520 PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - FORFEITURE (continued)

NOTE: This secondary replaces approved ongoing records schedule 892118.

-40	Forfeiture redemption files (covers correspondence, forfeiture checklists received from government agents, title searches, statements of account, working notes, statements of forfeiture action, certificates of redemption, and may contain final notices of forfeiture, first page of legal documents (e.g., mortgages, court judgments and family maintenance orders) used to obtain addresses of registered charge holders, reports listing certified mail numbers used for mailing forfeiture absolute notices, and certified mail cards) (arrange by collection district, then folio number)	SO	2y	DE
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SO = upon the end of the calendar year in which taxes are paid

NOTE: These records document the redemption from forfeiture of property on which taxes were delinquent but have now been paid. Redemptions take place when the total amount owing is paid to the government during the first year after property is forfeited for nonpayment of taxes. The property is then reinstated to the owner(s) from whom it forfeited. Records documenting the payment of delinquent taxes resulting in redemption action are retained separately with the real property taxation batches classified in the *Property Taxation ORCS* under primary 45700.

NOTE: The OPR will store forfeiture redemption files under ongoing RCS accession number 91-0405.

NOTE: This secondary replaces approved ongoing records schedule 105022.

(continued on next page)

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		<u>A</u>	<u>SA</u>	<u>FD</u>
48520	<u>PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - FORFEITURE</u> (continued)			
PIB	-50 Forfeiture revestment files (covers correspondence, forfeiture checklists received from government agents, title searches, statements of account, working notes, statements of forfeiture action, copies of revestment orders, and may contain final notices of forfeiture, first page of legal documents (e.g., mortgages, court judgments and family maintenance orders) used to obtain addresses of registered charge holders, reports listing certified mail numbers used for mailing forfeiture absolute notices, and certified mail cards) (arrange by name of registered owner)	SO	2y	DE
	SO = upon the end of the calendar year in which taxes are paid			
	NOTE: These records document the payment of taxes during the second and third years after property has forfeited and the subsequent order that the property be reinstated to the owner(s) from whom it forfeited. Records documenting the payment of delinquent taxes resulting in the revestment are retained separately with the real property taxation batches classified in the <i>Property Taxation ORCS</i> under primary 45700.			
	NOTE: The OPR will store forfeiture revestment files under ongoing RCS accession number 91-0404.			
	NOTE: This secondary replaces approved ongoing records schedule 892119.			
	-60 Crown-granted collection files (covers correspondence, land title office lien confirmations, and reports received from credit information sources and the Province's Crown land office) (arrange by collection district, then folio number)	SO	NA	NA
	SO = upon the end of the calendar year in which taxes are paid, written-off, or account falls into forfeiture			

(continued on next page)

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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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A SA FD

48520 PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - FORFEITURE (continued)

NA = Paid files are reclassified under secondary -65, and files that are to be written-off or fall into forfeiture are reclassified under secondary -70.

-65	Crown-granted collection files - paid (covers correspondence, land title office lien confirmations, and reports received from credit information sources and the Province's Crown land office) (arrange by collection district, then folio number)	SO	1y	DE
-----	--	----	----	----

SO = upon the end of the calendar year in which taxes are paid

-70	Crown-granted collection files – written-off or in forfeiture (covers correspondence, land title office lien confirmations, reports received from credit information sources and the Province's Crown land office, and write-off documents) (arrange by collection district, then folio number)	SO+1y	9y	DE
-----	---	-------	----	----

SO = upon the end of the calendar year in which the forfeiture file is created or when the account is written-off

10y = The 10-year retention period allows sufficient time to complete the forfeiture cycle (i.e., three years for an outstanding account to forfeit, the one-year redemption period, and the two-year revestment period), and is consistent with the retention period for other collection files in this *ORCS*.

NOTE: The record series covered by secondaries -60, -65, and -70 were created in January 2004 when collection enforcement activity was initiated to recover outstanding rural property taxes on Crown-granted property before it falls into forfeiture. If the property forfeits to the Crown, the records in these files are not reclassified or copied to the forfeiture files.

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A SA FD

48560 PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - NON-CROWN GRANTED PROPERTY

Records relating to the recovery of outstanding rural property taxes on property not subject to forfeiture (i.e., non-Crown granted property). Non-Crown granted property includes Crown leases, manufactured homes in trailer parks, leased land, and non-aboriginal occupiers of reserve land.

Collection enforcement activity may involve placing liens on manufactured homes, seizing bank accounts, garnisheeing wages, and collecting through the federal and provincial government's "set-off" programs. Set-off programs permit the province to obtain payments that are owed to the taxpayer from the provincial and federal governments (e.g., tax refunds or rebates) and apply (or set-off) the payments to the taxpayer's outstanding debt.

Most collection enforcement is performed by appointed provincial collectors (i.e., designated government agents) under the direction of and in accordance with policies set by the branch. The government agents report their collection activity to the branch on history sheets. They also enter payments they receive to the Government Agents Revenue Management System (GARMS), which interfaces with the Real Property Tax System (RP2K).

Branch staff monitor the outstanding accounts on RP2K, send government agents overdue tax reports on a quarterly basis, and maintain files on collection action taken.

Records types include correspondence, reports, and other types of records as indicated under relevant secondaries.

For the GARMS Information System Overview (ISO), see the Ministry of Management Services *Government Agent Services ORCS*. For the RP2K ISO, see the ISO section.

Unless otherwise specified below, the ministry OPR (Taxation Revenue Collections Branch) will retain these records for:

CY+2y nil DE

Except where non-OPR retention periods are identified below, all other ministry offices will retain these records for:

SO nil DE

(continued on next page)

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			<u>A</u>	<u>SA</u>	<u>FD</u>
48560	<u>PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - NON-CROWN GRANTED</u> <u>PROPERTY</u> (continued)				
-00	Policy and procedures	- OPR - <u>non-OPR</u>	SO <u>SO</u>	5y <u>nil</u>	FR <u>DE</u>
-01	General				
-02	Collection enforcement reports (includes overdue tax reports)		SO	nil	DE
	SO = when reviewed and action taken				
	NOTE: These reports document, by district, folios that are in collection status, the various actions taken against the account, and the dollar amounts involved.				
-03	Federal government set-off program reports (paper and electronic records) (includes transmission reports listing taxpayer account numbers sent to the federal government, and payment reports received from the federal government documenting the payments sent to the province)		FY+4y	nil	DE
	5y = The five-year retention satisfies audit requirements.				
	NOTE: Payments obtained from the provincial government's set-off program are classified under secondary 48100-06.				
-20	Non-Crown granted collection files (covers correspondence, history sheets received from government agents, lien confirmations, lease cancellation requests, and reports received from credit information sources and the Province's Crown land office) (arrange by collection district, then folio number)		SO	NA	NA
	SO = upon the end of the calendar year in which taxes are paid or written-off				
	NA = Paid files are reclassified under secondary -30, and written-off files are reclassified under secondary -40.				

(continued on next page)

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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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		<u>A</u>	<u>SA</u>	<u>FD</u>
48560	<u>PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - NON-CROWN GRANTED PROPERTY</u> (continued)			
-30	Non-Crown granted paid collection files (covers correspondence, history sheets received from government agents, lien confirmations, lease cancellation requests, and reports received from credit information sources and the Province's Crown land office) (arrange by collection district, then folio number)	NA	2y	DE
	NA = reclassified from secondary -20			
-40	Non-Crown granted written-off collection files (covers correspondence, history sheets received from government agents, lien confirmations, lease cancellation requests, reports received from credit information sources and the Province's Crown land office, irrecoverable tax reports, write-off reports and approval forms) (arrange by collection district, then folio number)	SO+1y	9y	DE
	SO = when signed off			
	10y = The 10-year retention period is based on the 10 years for enforcing a court-registered certificate under the <i>Limitation Act</i> (RSBC 1996, c. 266).			
	NOTE: The write-off reports are generated by RP2K. The attached approval sheets are signed-off by staff members who have the authority to write-off these debts.			

A = Active	CY = Calendar Year	SO = Superseded or Obsolete
SA = Semi-active	FY = Fiscal Year	DE = Destruction
FD = Final Disposition	NA = Not Applicable	SR = Selective Retention
PIB = Personal Information Bank	w = week m = month	FR = Full Retention
PUR = Public Use Records	y = year	FOI = Freedom of Information/Privacy
OPR = Office of Primary Responsibility		VR = Vital Records

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

INFORMATION SYSTEM OVERVIEW SECTION

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Revenue Income Taxation Branch System	RITB
Real Property Tax System	RP2K
Taxpayer Administration, Compliance and Services	TACS

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

INFORMATION SYSTEM OVERVIEW

Name of Creating Agency

Ministry of Provincial Revenue

System Title

Ministry of Provincial Revenue Information Warehouse (IW)

Purpose

The purpose of the Information Warehouse is to measure the performance of the consumer taxation, property taxation, school taxation, and revenue taxation collection and appeal programs, as well as to identify areas for periodic consumer taxation audits and inspections.

Information Content

The Information Warehouse contains: real property folio numbers; names of registered property owners; flags indicating interested parties; property classifications; actual use of properties; property locations by collection district, regional district and, if applicable, First Nations band; social service, hotel room, motor fuel, tobacco and horse racing taxpayer registration and close of business; boat, aircraft, and manufactured home sales; assessments; refund claims and adjustments; proof of purchases and sales; compliance audits; inspections; investigations; voluntary compliance rates; accounts receivable; transactional data; transaction types; debit and credit adjustments; amounts outstanding; amounts refunded; amounts written-off and pending write-off; minimum write-offs; penalty dates; active and closed cases; accounts in forfeiture status; forfeiture fees; due dates; effective dates; penalty dates; home owner grant eligibility totals; accounts eligible for farm extension; hours spent on collection, audit, refund and enforcement activities; and appeals of consumer, corporation capital, insurance premium, logging, and property transfer tax, as well as the international financial business tax refund.

Inputs, Processes, and Outputs

Inputs

The consumer taxation inputs consist of snapshots of taxpayer data loaded from Taxpayer Administration, Compliance and Services (TACS); BC corporation income tax and goods and services tax (GST) data received by file transfer protocol (FTP) from the federal government; the BC manufacturers' directory; and liquor purchased data received by FTP from the Liquor Distribution Branch.

The property and school taxation inputs consist of snapshots of accounts receivable data loaded from the Real Property Tax System (RP2K) and System for Municipal Accounts Receivable Taxation for Schools (SMARTS).

Appeal inputs consist of snapshots loaded from TACS and income taxation and property transfer tax data loaded from an Oracle database.

Processes

The Information Warehouse replaces the TACS, RP2K, SMARTS, and income taxation and property transfer tax data with each new load, augments the income tax, GST, manufacturers' directory, and liquor purchased data, and generates reports.

Outputs

The Information Warehouse outputs consist of reports.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

Technical Maintenance

Electronic records are maintained on the system until their retention schedule is completed. (This usually parallels the schedule for related paper records.) The electronic records are then purged from the system. Any exceptions to this purge routine are noted under specific secondaries.

The electronic system is routinely backed up in accordance with ministry policy and with special schedule 112910 in the ARCS manual.

For retention and disposition schedules, see relevant primaries, which are listed in the classification section below.

Classification

Electronic System

The electronic system is not classified in the ORCS. The classifications for the electronic records it generates are listed below. The system schedule is provided under "System Scheduling and Disposition".

Electronic Records

ORCS Code	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
CTAX	41020-02	Consumer taxation IW data - income tax
CTAX	41020-02	Consumer taxation IW data - income tax
CTAX	41020-03	Consumer taxation IW data - liquor purchased
CTAX	41020-04	Consumer taxation IW data - manufacturer directory
CTAX	41020-05	Consumer taxation IW data - TACS
PTAX	45000-03	RPT Information Warehouse data

Inputs

ORCS Code	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
CTAX	41020-02	Consumer taxation IW data - income tax
CTAX	41020-03	Consumer taxation IW data - liquor purchased
CTAX	41020-04	Consumer taxation IW data - manufacturer directory
CTAX	41020-05	Consumer taxation IW data - TACS
PTAX	45300-05	Municipal school tax financial data
PTAX	45540-09	Property tax accounts receivable data
TRAO	47700-03	Income and property transfer tax appeal tracking data

Outputs

ORCS Code	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
CTAX	41000-05	Revenue divisional/branch annual statistical reports
CTAX	41020-06	Consumer taxation IW reports
CTAX	41020-07	Consumer taxation IW reports - ad hoc
CTAX	41020-08	Consumer taxation IW reports - productivity
PTAX	45000-04	RPT Information Warehouse performance reports
PTAX	45000-05	RPT Information Warehouse performance summaries
PTAX	45000-06	RPT Information Warehouse printouts
TRAO	47700-02	Appeal tracking reports
TRCO	48100-02	Consumer tax collection performance reports

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

NOTE: CTAX = *Consumer Taxation ORCS*, schedule 159625
PTAX = *Property Taxation ORCS*, schedule 160184
TRAO = *Taxation Revenue Appeals ORCS*, schedule 139190

Other Related Records

- For transitory electronic data processing (EDP) records, see schedule number 102902 in the ARCS manual.
- For computer system backup records, see schedule 112910 in the ARCS manual.
- For administrative records relating to the system, see ARCS section 6 and other relevant primaries.
- For RP2K, see the RP2K Information System Overview (ISO).
- For SMARTS, see the SMARTS ISO in the *Property Taxation ORCS*.
- For TACS, see the TACS ISO.

System Scheduling and Disposition

The system will be destroyed when all data has been migrated to a new system performing the same function, or when the function it supports is no longer performed by the provincial government, and when the approved retention schedules covering the information on it have elapsed, or the information has been preserved elsewhere.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

INFORMATION SYSTEM OVERVIEW

Name of Creating Agency

Ministry of Provincial Revenue
Property Taxation Branch

System Title

Property Transfer Tax (PTT) System

Purpose

The purpose of PTT is to track and document the payment, collection, remission, assessment, audit, refund, and appeals of property transfer tax, as well as track first time home buyers who applied for and received the first time home buyers benefit.

Information Content

PTT contains the following information: names of property transferees (i.e., purchasers), transferors (i.e., vendors), and first time home buyers; addresses, legal descriptions and fair market value of properties; financing details; purchase prices; tax amounts due and paid; account balances; collection, assessment, refund, and appeal information; and related comments.

Inputs, Processes, and Outputs

Inputs

PTT inputs consist of scanned tax returns and remission, audit, appeal and collection documents; data entered from tax returns, remission requests, assessment payments, audit investigations, collections and appeals; forfeiture information received electronically from the Real Property Tax System (RP2K); fair market value information received electronically from the BC Assessment Authority's Computer Assisted Property Assessment System (CAPAS); property identifications (PIDs) from the Automated Land Title Office System (ALTOS); and comments entered directly by staff.

Processes

PTT links electronic images to related taxpayers' accounts; verifies property information against ALTOS; extracts fair market value and related information from CAPAS; transmits updated property information to CAPAS; extracts capital gain and set-off data for the federal government; calculates tax amounts; assigns some status and follow-up codes to taxpayers' accounts; and generates notices of assessment, statements of account, collection letters, and reports.

Outputs

PTT outputs consist of updates for the federal government and BC Assessment Authority; notices of assessment, statements of account and collection letters (copies of which are not retained because they can be reconstructed by PTT); and reports.

Technical Maintenance

Electronic records are maintained on the system until their retention schedule is completed. (This usually parallels the schedule for related paper records.) The electronic records are then purged from the system. Any exceptions to this purge routine are noted under specific secondaries.

The electronic system is routinely backed up in accordance with ministry policy and with special schedule 112910 in the ARCS manual.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

For retention and disposition schedules, see relevant primaries, which are listed in the classification section below.

Classification

Electronic System

The electronic system is not classified in the ORCS. The classifications for the electronic records it generates are listed below. The system schedule is provided under "System Scheduling and Disposition".

Electronic Records

ORCS Code	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
PTAX	45800-02	First time home buyers data and images
PTAX	45800-05	Property transfer tax data and images
TRAO	47700-25	Appeals to the minister - electronic
TRAO	47700-35	Court appeals - electronic

Inputs

ORCS Code	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
ITAX	43100-20	Appeals to the minister files
ITAX	43200-05	Collection of overdue taxes - scanned
PTAX	45800-07	Property transfer tax remission files - scanned
PTAX	45800-09	PTT return batches from land title offices
PTAX	45800-10	PTT returns - assessment/audit scanned records
PTAX	45800-12	PTT returns - assessment payments
TRAO	47700-20	Appeals to the minister files - paper files
TRAO	47700-30	Court appeals - paper files
TRCO	48200-05	Income tax collection records - scanned

Outputs

ORCS Code	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
ITAX	43200-02	Collection financial reports
PTAX	45800-13	PTT system reports
TRCO	48200-02	Income tax collection financial reports

NOTE: ITAX = *Income Taxation ORCS*, schedule 881260
PTAX = *Property Taxation ORCS*, schedule 160184
TRAO = *Taxation Revenue Appeals ORCS*, schedule 139190

Other Related Records

- For transitory electronic data processing (EDP) records, see schedule number 102902 in the ARCS manual.
- For computer system backup records, see schedule 112910 in the ARCS manual.
- For administrative records relating to the system, see ARCS section 6 and other relevant primaries.
- For ALTOS, see the records of the Land Title Office.
- For CAPAS, see the records of the BC Assessment Authority.
- For RP2K, see the RP2K Information System Overview.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided *ORCS* has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing *ORCS*, contact your Records Officer.

System Scheduling and Disposition

The system will be destroyed when all data has been migrated to a new system performing the same function, or when the function it supports is no longer performed by the provincial government, and when the approved retention schedules covering the information on it have elapsed, or the information has been preserved elsewhere.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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INFORMATION SYSTEM OVERVIEW

Name of Creating Agency

Ministry of Provincial Revenue
Income Taxation Branch

System Title

Revenue Income Taxation Branch (RITB) System

Purpose

The purpose of RITB is to calculate and validate the payment of corporation capital tax, insurance premium tax, fire services tax, logging tax, and mining tax (until 2001); verify tax refunds available to financial institutions and their employees; and certify eligibility under the new small business tax holiday program.

Information Content

RITB contains the following information: account numbers, names of taxpayers/applicants, their addresses, status of taxpayer/applicant accounts, single business numbers, taxation year ends, payments, tax assessment information, amount of refunds, taxes owing, and corporate financial information.

Inputs, Processes, and Outputs

Inputs

RITB inputs consist of scanned correspondence, applications, cheques, direct deposit information, taxpayer's annual returns, tax schedules, installment remittance forms, financial statements, checklists of scanned documents, and collections, audit and appeal documents; and data entered from applications, phone calls, cheques, remittance coupons, tax returns, assessment payments, audit investigations, collections and appeals.

Processes

RITB validates the data that has been entered from the input documents; links the electronic images to the data; calculates tax amounts; assigns some status and follow-up codes to taxpayers' accounts; and generates notices of assessment, statements of account, collection letters, new small business tax holiday certificates of eligibility, and reports.

Outputs

RITB outputs consist of collection letters, notices of assessment, statements of account, and new small business tax holiday certificates of eligibility (copies of which are not retained because they can be reconstructed by RITB), and reports.

Technical Maintenance

Electronic records are maintained on the system until their retention schedule is completed. (This usually parallels the schedule for related paper records.) The electronic records are then purged from the system. Any exceptions to this purge routine are noted under specific secondaries.

The electronic system is routinely backed up in accordance with ministry policy and with special schedule 112910 in the ARCS manual.

For retention and disposition schedules, see relevant primaries, which are listed in the classification section below.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

Classification

Electronic System

The electronic system is not classified in the ORCS. The classifications for the electronic records it generates are listed below. The system schedule is provided under "System Scheduling and Disposition".

Electronic Records

Schedule No.	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
ITAX	43300-02	CCT and insurance premium tax data and images
ITAX	43300-03	10 year data and images with status codes attached
ITAX	43520-02	Financial business tax refund data and images
ITAX	43520-03	10 year data and images with status codes attached
ITAX	43540-02	New small business tax holiday data and images
ITAX	43540-03	10 year data and images with status codes attached
ITAX	43560-02	Logging and mining tax data and images
ITAX	43560-03	10 year data and images with status codes attached
TRAO	47700-25	Appeals to the minister - electronic
TRAO	47700-35	Court appeals - electronic

Inputs

Schedule No.	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
ITAX	43100-20	Appeals to the minister - pre-2002
ITAX	43200-05	Collection of overdue taxes - scanned
ITAX	43300-07	RITB taxpayer paper records - scanned
ITAX	43520-20	Financial business and employee registration files
ITAX	43520-30	Financial business and employee tax refund files
ITAX	43520-40	Financial business audit case files
ITAX	43540-04	New small business tax holiday records
ITAX	43560-04	Logging and mining tax records - low speed scanned
TRAO	47700-20	Appeals to the minister files - paper files
TRAO	47700-30	Court appeals - paper files
TRCO	48200-05	Income tax collection records - scanned

Outputs

Schedule No.	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
ITAX	43200-02	Collection financial reports
ITAX	43200-07	Collection write-off reports
ITAX	43300-04	CCT and insurance premium tax reports
ITAX	43540-05	New small business tax holiday reports
ITAX	43560-05	Logging and mining tax report
TRCO	48200-02	Income tax collection financial reports
TRCO	48200-06	Income tax collection write-off reports

NOTE: ITAX = *Income Taxation ORCS*, schedule 881260
TRAO = *Taxation Revenue Appeals ORCS*, schedule 139190

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

Other Related Records

- For transitory electronic data processing (EDP) records, see schedule number 102902 in the ARCS manual.
- For computer system backup records, see schedule 112910 in the ARCS manual.
- For administrative records relating to the system, see ARCS section 6 and other relevant primaries.
- For the *RITB Manual*, see secondary 43000-00 in the *Income Taxation ORCS*.

System Scheduling and Disposition

The system will be destroyed when all data has been migrated to a new system performing the same function, or when the function it supports is no longer performed by the provincial government, and when the approved retention schedules covering the information on it have elapsed, or the information has been preserved elsewhere.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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INFORMATION SYSTEM OVERVIEW

Name of Creating Agency

Ministry of Provincial Revenue
Property Taxation Branch

System Title

Real Property Tax System (RP2K)

Purpose

The purpose of RP2K is to calculate the BC rural property tax levy and track and collect rural property tax payments.

Information Content

RP2K contains taxpayers' names and addresses, home owner grant (HOG) eligibility, type of HOG given, gross taxes, penalty and interest charges, debits, credits, account balances, penalty extensions, account status codes, narrative legal description of properties, billing summaries, interest rates, minimum write-offs, automatic write-offs, forfeiture fees, and any action (collection, payment) on the account.

Inputs, Processes, and Outputs

Inputs

RP2K inputs consist of property addresses and payers, assessed values, and boundary extension data loaded from BC Assessment Authority's Computer Assisted Property Assessment System (CAPAS); tax return and payment data loaded from the Government Agents Revenue Management System (GARMS); parcel tax information loaded from the Parcel Tax Requisition System (PTRS); multiple taxpayer data loaded from the Multiple Tax Payment System (MTPS); tax rates, parcel tax requisition information, grants in place of taxes adjustments, taxation batches, collection information, tax remission requests, tax refund requests, and general tax correspondence.

Processes

RP2K calculates property taxes, updates names of payers and property addresses, creates the main and supplementary tax rolls, and generates tax notices, automatic letters, parcel tax listings, tax rolls and year-end property tax account details on storage media (e.g., computer output microfiche [COMfiche]), and reports. RP2K also feeds forfeiture information to the Property Transfer Tax (PTT) System and allowed home owner grants to the Home Owner Grant Verification System (HOGVS); and downloads collection information to the Collection Information Retrieval System (CIRS), requisition data to PTRS, folio and billing information to MTPS, tax rates to the property tax rate table, and accounts receivable data to the property taxation component of the ministry Information Warehouse.

Outputs

RP2K outputs consist of tax returns, notices of revised taxes, statements of account, and automatic letters (copies of which are not retained because they can be reconstructed by RP2K); parcel tax listings; tax rolls and year-end property tax account details on storage media (e.g., COMfiche); reports; loads to PTT, HOGVS, PTRS, MTPS, CIRS, and the Information Warehouse; folio and billing data sent to multiple taxpayers; and summary folio and tax data sent to real estate boards.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

Technical Maintenance

Electronic records are maintained on the system until their retention schedule is completed. (This usually parallels the schedule for related paper records.) The electronic records are then purged from the system. Any exceptions to this purge routine are noted under specific secondaries.

The electronic system is routinely backed up in accordance with ministry policy and with special schedule 112910 in the ARCS manual.

For retention and disposition schedules, see relevant primaries, which are listed in the classification section below.

Classification

Electronic System

The electronic system is not classified in the ORCS. The classifications for the electronic records it generates are listed below. The system schedule is provided under "System Scheduling and Disposition".

Electronic Records

ORCS Code	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
PTAX	45540-09	Property tax accounts receivable data
PTAX	45540-10	Property tax levy data
PTAX	45540-13	Property tax roll

Inputs

ORCS Code	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
PTAX	45000-20	Rural property taxation remission files
PTAX	45520-02	BC Hydro grants in place
PTAX	45520-03	Federal Crown corporation grants in place
PTAX	45520-04	Federal government grants in place
PTAX	45540-07	Parcel tax requisition data
PTAX	45540-12	Property tax rate working files
PTAX	45560-02	Apportionment of assessment and tax forms
PTAX	45560-03	Boundary extension data received from BCAA
PTAX	45560-05	Property tax refund requests
PTAX	45700-03	Multiple tax payment diskettes and data
PTAX	45700-06	Property taxation payment batches
PTAX	45700-07	Real property taxation taxpayer correspondence
PTAX	45700-20	Farm penalty-free extension files
TRCO	48500-20	Bankruptcy files
TRCO	48520-20	Forfeiture absolute files
TRCO	48520-30	Forfeiture paid account files
TRCO	48520-40	Forfeiture redemption files
TRCO	48520-50	Forfeiture revestment files
TRCO	48560-20	Non-Crown granted collection files

Outputs

ORCS Code	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
PTAX	45000-03	RPT Information Warehouse data
PTAX	45500-02	Levy daily reports
PTAX	45500-03	Property tax rate table

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

PTAX	45520-02	BC Hydro grants in place
PTAX	45520-03	Federal Crown corporation grants in place
PTAX	45520-04	Federal government grants in place
PTAX	45540-06	Parcel tax listings
PTAX	45540-07	Parcel tax requisition data
PTAX	45540-11	Property tax rate bible
PTAX	45540-13	Property tax roll
PTAX	45540-14	Property tax roll on storage media
PTAX	45540-15	Year-end tax account details on storage media
PTAX	45540-16	Year-end tax account reconciliation and balancing
PTAX	45560-04	Boundary extension files
PTAX	45560-06	Supplementary property tax billing and adjustments
PTAX	45560-08	Utility transfer debit (UTD) reports
PTAX	45700-02	Farm property tax penalty-free extension reports
PTAX	45700-03	Multiple tax payment diskettes and data
PTAX	45740-02	Home owner grant exception reports
TRCO	48500-02	Collection information retrieval data
TRCO	48520-04	Forfeiture management reports
TRCO	48560-02	Collection enforcement reports
TRCO	48560-40	Non-Crown granted written-off collection files

NOTE: PTAX = *Property Taxation ORCS*, schedule 160184

Other Related Records

- For transitory electronic data processing (EDP) records, see schedule number 102902 in the *ARCS* manual.
- For computer system backup records, see schedule 112910 in the *ARCS* manual.
- For administrative records relating to the system, see *ARCS* section 6 and other relevant primaries.
- For GARMS, see the GARMS Information System Overview (ISO) in the Ministry of Management Services *Government Agent Services ORCS*.
- For HOGVS, see the HOGVS ISO in the records of the home owner grant administrator. (The ISO was originally included in the approved *Local Government Services ORCS*).
- For the Information Warehouse (IW), see the IW ISO.
- For MTPS, see the MTPS ISO in the *Property Taxation ORCS*.
- For PTRS, see the PTRS ISO in the *Property Taxation ORCS*.
- For PTT, see the PTT ISO.

System Scheduling and Disposition

The system will be destroyed when all data has been migrated to a new system performing the same function, or when the function it supports is no longer performed by the provincial government, and when the approved retention schedules covering the information on it have elapsed, or the information has been preserved elsewhere.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

INFORMATION SYSTEM OVERVIEW

Name of Creating Agency

Ministry of Provincial Revenue
Consumer Taxation Branch

System Title

Taxpayer Administration, Compliance and Services (TACS)

Purpose

The purpose of TACS is to document consumer taxpayer registrations, reporting, payments, inquiries, rulings, refunds, collections, audits, inspections, investigations, and appeals.

Information Content

TACS contains: the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of registered and unregistered social service and hotel room taxpayers, tobacco and motor fuel tax collector permit holders, family farm truck emblem holders, International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA) taxpayers and member jurisdictions, tobacco and motor fuel tax exempt retailers; boat, aircraft, and manufactured home sales information; taxpayer registration and close of business information; taxpayer identification numbers (TINs); payments; assessments; taxes owing; refund claims and adjustments; proof of purchases and sales; collection action; appeals; compliance audits and inspections; and investigation results.

Inputs, Processes, and Outputs

Inputs

TACS inputs consist of scanned documents and data keyed to taxpayers' accounts (i.e., taxpayer identification numbers [TINs]), or to the Enforcement Decision Support (EDS) component of TACS. EDS is used for inquiries, responses, and rulings which cannot be linked to a TIN.

Processes

TACS links electronic images to the data; calculates tax amounts; monitors tax payments; updates names of taxpayers and their addresses; assigns status and follow-up codes to taxpayers' TINs; generates outgoing documents; and downloads taxpayer information (e.g., payment, refund, collection, appeal, audit and inspection data) to the Ministry of Provincial Revenue Information Warehouse (IW).

Outputs

TACS outputs consist of collection write-off reports, refund batch header reports, loads to the IW, as well as outgoing documents (e.g., suspension and collection letters, notices of assessment, statements of account, audit letters, certificates and permits), copies of which are retained in the Letters Manager component of TACS. (Letters Manager is used to create outgoing documents. The documents are linked to specific TINs and have the same retention period as related electronic images on TACS).

Technical Maintenance

Electronic records are maintained on the system until their retention schedule is completed. (This usually parallels the schedule for related paper records.) The electronic records are then purged from the system. Any exceptions to this purge routine are noted under specific secondaries.

The electronic system is routinely backed up in accordance with ministry policy and with special schedule 112910 in the ARCS manual.

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This records schedule is approved in accordance with the *Document Disposal Act* (RSBC 1996, c. 99). It constitutes authority for retention and disposition of the records described herein provided ORCS has been implemented according to standards approved by BC Archives. For assistance in implementing ORCS, contact your Records Officer.

For retention and disposition schedules, see relevant primaries, which are listed in the classification section below.

Classification

Electronic System

The electronic system is not classified in the ORCS. The classifications for the electronic records it generates are listed below. The system schedule is provided under "System Scheduling and Disposition".

Electronic Records

Schedule No.	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
CTAX	41040-40	EDS consumer tax inquiries
CTAX	41040-40	EDS consumer tax inquiries
CTAX	41100-20	Consumption tax collection files
CTAX	41200-02	Horse racing tax returns
CTAX	41300-02	Motor fuel tax collector returns
CTAX	41300-20	Motor fuel tax bulk agent files
CTAX	41300-30	Motor fuel tax registered collector files
CTAX	41300-40	Motor fuel tax unregistered collector files
CTAX	41320-20	Family farm truck emblem application files
CTAX	41340-03	IFTA tax returns
CTAX	41340-20	IFTA application files
CTAX	41340-30	IFTA member jurisdiction files
CTAX	41360-02	Denied FNR and TES applications
CTAX	41360-04	Tax exempt sales on reserves tax returns
CTAX	41360-40	Fuel and tobacco retailers on reserves case files
CTAX	41360-50	Other exempt sale retail dealer (ESRD) files
CTAX	41380-02	Denied TWS dealer permit applications
CTAX	41380-04	Tobacco wholesale dealer (TWS) tax returns
CTAX	41380-20	Tobacco wholesale dealer (TWS) case files
CTAX	41420-20	Boat, aircraft and manufactured home sales records
CTAX	41460-07	Social service and hotel room tax returns
CTAX	41460-20	Casual social service and hotel room taxpayers
CTAX	41460-30	Vendor and operator registration/close of business
CTAX	41600-20	Consumer tax refund claims
CTAX	41700-25	Consumer tax appeals to the minister - electronic
CTAX	41700-35	Consumer tax court appeals - electronic
CTAX	41820-20	Consumer tax audits and inspections
CTAX	41840-03	Consumer tax investigation summary reports
CTAX	41900-20	Taxpayer service information requests and rulings
TRAO	47700-25	Appeals to the minister - electronic
TRAO	47700-35	Court appeals - electronic
TRCO	48100-20	Consumer tax collection files

Inputs

Schedule No.	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
CTAX	41500-12	Scanned consumer tax records
CTAX	41500-13	Social Service and hotel room tax return batches
CTAX	41500-14	Tax exempt sales on reserves tax return batches
TRAO	47700-20	Appeals to the minister files - paper files
TRAO	47700-30	Court appeals - paper files

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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Outputs

Schedule No.	Secondary No.	Secondary Title
CTAX	41020-05	Consumer taxation IW data - TACS
CTAX	41100-04	Consumption tax collection write-off reports
CTAX	41600-02	Consumer tax refund batch header reports
TRCO	48100-04	Consumer tax collection write-off reports

NOTE: CTAX = *Consumer Taxation ORCS*, schedule 159625
TRAO = *Taxation Revenue Appeals ORCS*, schedule 139190

Other Related Records

- For transitory electronic data processing (EDP) records, see schedule number 102902 in the ARCS manual.
- For computer system backup records, see schedule 112910 in the ARCS manual.
- For administrative records relating to the system, see ARCS section 6 and other relevant primaries.
- For the Information Warehouse (IW), see the IW Information System Overview.

System Scheduling and Disposition

The system will be destroyed when all data has been migrated to a new system performing the same function, or when the function it supports is no longer performed by the provincial government, and when the approved retention schedules covering the information on it have elapsed, or the information has been preserved elsewhere.

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SUBJECT HEADINGS

PRIMARY NUMBERS

TAXATION REVENUE COLLECTIONS

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (ORCS)

INDEX

This index provides an alphabetical guide to *ORCS* subject headings and relevant primary number(s). It should enable the user to locate the primary number(s) in which documents relating to a specific subject or function may be classified. It should also aid the user in retrieving, by subject, documents which have been classified and filed.

Employees responsible for records classification should use this index as a means of access to the contents of *ORCS*. Once they have located what appear to be relevant index entries for a given subject, they should refer to the primary or primaries listed in order to determine which is the correct classification and also to determine the correct secondary. Often, the primary scope notes will clarify whether or not a document should be classified in a given primary. Primary scope notes should be read carefully as they delineate a primary's subject and content.

This index contains an alphabetical listing of:

- a) all keywords which appear in primary titles;
- b) all keywords which appear in secondary titles;
- c) keywords which appear in primary scope notes;
- d) common synonyms for indexed keywords; and
- e) common abbreviations.

Cross-references:

"See" references indicate that the subject heading sought is indexed under an alternate entry (a more appropriate keyword, a full or official name, etc.).

"See also" references are used when additional information can be found in another entry.

(continued on next page)

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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SUBJECT HEADINGS

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- A -

ANNUAL REPORTS (See REPORTS)

- B -

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- C -

CAPITAL TAX
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CERTIFICATES
- forfeiture absolute 48520

CIRS (See COLLECTION INFORMATION RETRIEVAL SYSTEM)

CIS (See COLLECTION INFORMATION SYSTEM)

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 - consumer tax 48100
 - corporation capital tax 48200
 - Crown-granted property 48520
 - enforcement reports 48560
 - fee simple property 48520
 - gas royalty/tax 48400
 - income tax 48200
 - Information Retrieval System 48500
 - Information System 48200
 - insurance premium tax 48200
 - logging tax 48200
 - manuals 48000
 - mineral tax 48400
 - non-Crown granted property collections 48560
 - oil royalty/tax 48400
 - property tax 48500-48560
 - property transfer tax 48200
 - scanned records, consumer taxation *Consumer Taxation ORCS*
 - scanned records, income taxation 48200

COMPUTER SYSTEMS (See SYSTEMS)

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 - consumer tax 48100
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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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SUBJECT HEADINGS

PRIMARY NUMBERS

- electronic data and images 48100
- manuals 48000
- search request forms 48100
- write-off reports 48100

- CORPORATION CAPITAL TAX COLLECTIONS 48200
- electronic data and images *Income Taxation ORCS*

- CROWN-GRANTED
- property tax collections 48520

- D -

DATA, ELECTRONIC (See ELECTRONIC DATA)

- DEFERMENT OF PROPERTY TAX *Property Taxation ORCS*
- Job Protection Commission economic plans for 48500

- DOUKHOBORS
- fee for service arrangements 48500

- E -

ELECTRONIC DATA

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- Collection Information System 48200
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- corporation capital tax collections *Income Taxation ORCS*
- gas royalty/tax collections *Mineral, Oil, and Gas Revenue ORCS*
- income tax collections *Income Taxation ORCS*
- insurance premium tax collections *Income Taxation ORCS*
- logging tax collections *Income Taxation ORCS*
- mineral tax collections *Mineral, Oil, and Gas Revenue ORCS*
- oil royalty/tax collections *Mineral, Oil, and Gas Revenue ORCS*
- property transfer tax collections *Property Taxation ORCS*

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- corporation capital tax collections *Income Taxation ORCS*
- income tax collections *Income Taxation ORCS*
- insurance premium tax collections *Income Taxation ORCS*
- logging tax collections *Income Taxation ORCS*
- property transfer tax collections *Property Taxation ORCS*

ENFORCEMENT REPORTS

- property tax collection 48560

- F -

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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SUBJECT HEADINGS

PRIMARY NUMBERS

FEE

- for service arrangements 48500
- simple property tax collections 48520

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- income tax 48200
- property tax 48560

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- management reports 48520
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- paid accounts 48520
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- H -

- I -

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INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS

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- Warehouse ISO section

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- J -

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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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PRIMARY NUMBERS

- K -

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48520

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48100

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48200

- property tax

48520 and 48560

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- electronic data and images

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Income Taxation ORCS

- M -

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- income tax collections

48000

- property tax collections

48000

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Mineral, Oil, and Gas Revenue ORCS

- tax collections

48400

- tax collections electronic data

Mineral, Oil, and Gas Revenue ORCS

- N -

NATURAL GAS ROYALTY/TAX (See GAS ROYALTY/TAX)

NON-CROWN GRANTED

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48560

- O -

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48000

- P -

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- forfeited property

48520

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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- income tax collection financial 48200
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- Income Taxation Branch System ISO section

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RP2K (See REAL PROPERTY TAX SYSTEM)

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- corporation capital tax 48200
- insurance premium tax 48200
- logging tax 48200
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- income tax, federal 48200
- income tax, provincial 48100
- property tax, federal 48560
- property tax, provincial 48100

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- Property Transfer Tax ISO section
- Real Property Tax ISO section
- Revenue Income Taxation Branch ISO section
- Taxpayer Administration, Compliance and Services ISO section

OPERATIONAL RECORDS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

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SUBJECT HEADINGS

PRIMARY NUMBERS

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- non-Crown granted property tax

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- X -

- Y -

- Z -