Financial Statements of

# POST-SECONDARY EMPLOYERS' ASSOCIATION

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon Year ended March 31, 2024



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Post-Secondary Employers' Association, and to the Minister of the Ministry of Finance, Province of British Columbia

# Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Post-Secondary Employers' Association (the "Association"), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2024
- the statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net financial assets for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association as at March 31, 2024, and its results of operations, its changes in net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

#### We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
  - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.



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- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

As required by the Societies Act (British Columbia), we report that, in our opinion, the accounting policies applied in preparing and presenting financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards have been applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding period.

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

Vancouver, Canada June 12, 2024

LPMG LLP

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,511,840	\$ 2,554,906
Other receivable	22,722	12,539
	2,534,562	2,567,445
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	827,716	479,646
Deferred revenue (note 3)	105,685	161,303
Deferred lease liability (note 4)	115,332	125,440
	1,048,733	766,389
Net financial assets	1,485,829	1,801,056
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (note 5)	301,876	234,824
Prepaid expenses	27,951	30,368
	329,827	265,192
Commitments (note 7)		
Accumulated surplus (note 6)	\$ 1,815,656	\$ 2,066,248

Approved on behalf of the Board:	
THOM	Director

Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2024	2023
	Budget	Actual	Actual
	(Note 11)		
Revenue:			
Operating and bargaining (note 3(a))	\$ 958,568	\$ 1,173,871	\$ 764,515
Human resources database grant	240,000	240,000	240,000
Annual assessments	639,284	639,284	639,284
Interest income	24,000	168,503	114,505
Other income	20,000	6,602	2,500
Bargaining fees and cost			
recoveries (note 3(b))	1,000,000	1,144,315	1,449,510
	2,881,852	3,372,575	3,210,314
Expenses (note 9):			
Collective bargaining	2,370,407	2,491,315	2,247,481
Operating	696,613	808,945	671,259
Human resources database	314,832	322,907	291,574
	3,381,852	3,623,167	3,210,314
Annual deficit	(500,000)	(250 502)	
Arinual delicit	(500,000)	(250,592)	-
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	2,066,248	2,066,248	2,066,248
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 1,566,248	\$ 1,815,656	\$ 2,066,248

Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2024	2023
	Budget	Actual	Actual
	(Note 11)		
Annual deficit	\$ (500,000)	(250,592)	\$ -
Tangible capital assets:			
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(85,000)	(117,587)	(26,695)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	46,600	50,535	46,825
	(38,400)	(67,052)	20,130
Other non-financial assets:			
Acquisition of prepaid expenses	-	(71,262)	(43,857)
Use of prepaid expenses including amortization	n		
of prepaid rent of \$2,417 (2023 - \$2,437)	-	73,679	51,040
	-	2,417	7,183
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets	(538,400)	(315,227)	27,313
Net financial assets, beginning of year	1,801,056	1,801,056	1,773,743
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 1,262,656	\$ 1,485,829	\$ 1,801,056

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

		2024		2023
Cash flows provided by (used in):				
Operating activities:				
Annual deficit	\$	(250,592)	\$	-
Items not affecting cash:				
Amortization of tangible capital assets		50,535		46,825
Amortization of prepaid rent included in prepaid expenses		2,417		2,437
		(197,640)		49,262
Changes in non-cash operating items:				
Accounts receivable		(10,184)		391,099
Prepaid expenses		-		4,746
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		348,071		78,786
Deferred revenue		(55,618)		(432,957)
Deferred lease liability		(10,108)		(5,488)
		74,521		85,448
Investing activities:				
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(117,587)		(26,695)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(43,066)		58,753
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,554,906		2,496,153
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,511,840	\$	2,554,906
Cook and sook assistations are assistant of				
Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of:  Cash	\$	103,127	\$	114,622
Casii Central Deposit Program	Φ	2,408,713	Φ	2,440,284
Central Deposit Flogram		2,400,713		۷, <del>44</del> 0,204
	\$	2,511,840	\$	2,554,906

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 1. Operations:

Post-Secondary Employers' Association (the "Association") is a government/member-funded not-for-profit organization registered under the Societies Act (British Columbia) and operating under the authority of the Public Sector Employers Act (British Columbia). The Association is exempt from income taxes under Section 149 of the Income Tax Act.

The members of the Association consist of 19 public sector employers in the post-secondary sector of British Columbia. The mandate of the Association is to provide services to its members. These services are grouped into the following key areas: to bargain, collectively, on behalf of its members and to bind its members to collective agreements; to maintain a human resource database for its members; and to advise on labour relations and human resource practices for its members.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies:

(a) Basis of accounting:

These financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards established by the Canadian Public Sector Accounting Board.

(b) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### (c) Revenue recognition:

Government transfers for operating purposes are recognized as revenues when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are initially recorded as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the statement of operations and accumulated surplus as the stipulations are met.

Revenue related to fees for service is recognized as revenue when the Association satisfies its performance obligation by providing the promised services to the payor. A performance obligation is an enforceable promise made by a public sector entity. Amounts received in advance of the service being provided is deferred.

Interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents is unrestricted and recognized as revenue when earned.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

#### (d) Financial instruments:

The Association's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. All of the Association's financial instruments are measured initially at fair value and subsequently at cost or amortized cost.

Unrealized gains and losses from changes in the fair value of financial instruments would be recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses until such time that the financial asset is derecognized due to disposal or impairment. At the time of derecognition, the related realized gains and losses are recognized in the statement of operations and accumulated surplus. The Association does not carry financial instruments at fair value and there are no unrealized gains or losses as at March 31, 2024 (2023 - nil). As a result, the Association does not have a statement of remeasurement gains and losses.

#### (e) Deferred lease liability:

Deferred lease liability includes amounts related to lease inducements and deferred rent liability for step-rent payments.

Lease inducements received and total rent payments are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the licence agreement for the office premises including the one five-year renewal (note 7(a)). The unamortized portion of lease inducements and deferred rent liability, being the difference between the straight-line rent expense and the actual rent payments paid, are reflected on the statement of financial position as deferred lease liability (note 4).

#### (f) Tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets are initially recorded at cost, which include amounts that are directly related to the acquisition, design, construction, development, improvement or betterment of the assets.

The cost, less residual value, of tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset	Rate
Leasehold improvements	Term of the licence agreement
Computer hardware	including renewals 3 years
Furniture and equipment	3 years
Website	5 years

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

#### (f) Tangible capital assets (continued):

When a tangible capital asset no longer contributes to the Association's ability to provide services, or when the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital asset are less than its net book value, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value. The net write-downs are accounted for as expenses in the statement of operations and accumulated surplus.

#### (g) Expenses:

Expenses are reported on an accrual basis. The cost of all goods consumed, and services received during the year is expensed. The Association reports its expenses by function and provides supplementary information about expenses by object (note 9).

#### (h) Pension benefits:

The Association and its employees participate in the Municipal Pension Plan. The Municipal Pension Plan is a multi-employer contributory defined benefit pension plan. Contributions to the plan are expensed as incurred.

#### (i) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the reporting date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. The actual outcome could differ from the estimates made in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### (j) Changes in accounting policy:

#### (i) Private Public Partnerships

On April 1, 2023, the Association adopted Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standard PS 3160, *Public Private Partnerships* ("PS 3160"). The new accounting standard addresses the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of infrastructure procured by public sector entities through certain types of public private partnership arrangements. Management has assessed that there is no impact of adopting PS 3160 on the financial statements of the Association.

#### (ii) Purchased intangibles

On April 1, 2023, the Association adopted Public Sector Guideline PSG-8, *Purchased Intangibles*, applied on a prospective basis ("PSG-8"). PSG-8 defines purchased intangibles as identifiable non-monetary economic resources without physical substance acquired through an arm's length exchange transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties who are under no compulsion to act. Intangibles acquired through a transfer, contribution, or inter-entity transaction, are not purchased intangibles. Management has assessed that there is no impact of adopting PSG-8 on the financial statements of the Association.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(j) Changes in accounting policy (continued):

#### (iii) Revenue

On April 1, 2023, the Association adopted Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standard PS 3400, *Revenue* ("PS 3400"). Under the new accounting standard, there are two categories of revenue – exchange and unilateral. If the transaction gives rise to one or more performance obligations, it is an exchange transaction. If no performance obligations are present, it is unilateral revenue. Management has assessed that there is no impact of adopting PS 3400 on the financial statements of the Association.

#### 3. Deferred revenue:

Deferred revenue is comprised of the following as at March 31:

	202	Amounts received or receivable	Amounts recognized as revenue	
Public Sector Employer's Council (a) Deferred Revenue - Other (b)	\$ 161,30	3 \$ 1,012,568 - 250,000	\$ 1,173,871 144,315	
	\$ 161,30	3 \$ 1,262,568	\$ 1,318,186	\$ 105,685

- (a) Deferred Public Sector Employers' Council ("PSEC") funding consisted of funds received from PSEC where stipulations were not met as at March 31, 2023. The deferred amounts were recognized as revenue during the year ended March 31, 2024.
- (b) Deferred Revenue Other relates to funds from Hub International Ltd. for benefit administration services that had not yet been provided as at March 31, 2024.

#### 4. Deferred lease liability:

The deferred lease liability is comprised of the following, as at March 31:

	2024	2023
Lease inducements Deferred rent liability for step-rent	\$ 91,812 23,520	\$ 101,920 23,520
	\$ 115,332	\$ 125,440

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 5. Tangible capital assets:

	Leasehold improvements	Computer hardware	Furniture and equipment	Website	2024 Total	2023 Total
Cost:						
Opening balance	\$ 274.024	\$ 90.537	\$ 130.434 \$	\$ 144.855 \$	639.850	614.553
Additions	Ψ 274,024	8.008	767	108.812	117.587	26.695
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	(1,398)
Closing balance	274,024	98,545	131,201	253,667	757,437	639,850
Accumulated amortization:						
Opening balance	87,959	54,774	128,932	133,361	405,026	359,599
Amortization	18,480	23,534	1,066	7,455	50,535	46,825
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	(1,398)
Closing balance	106,439	78,308	129,998	140,816	455,561	405,026
Net book value	\$ 167,585	\$ 20,237	\$ 1,203 \$	\$ 112,851 \$	301,876 \$	234,824

#### 6. Accumulated surplus:

	2024	2023
Invested in tangible capital assets Unappropriated	\$ 301,876 1,513,780	\$ 234,824 1,831,424
	\$ 1,815,656	\$ 2,066,248

#### 7. Commitments:

(a) The Association has a five-year licence agreement for its office premises, which was renewed for another five years on April 1, 2023. The licence agreement includes one additional five-year renewal term up to the expiry of the term of the original lease held by Health Employers' Association of British Columbia with the ultimate landlord. The term of the original lease is fifteen years with one five-year renewal term.

The minimum payments, including basic rent, operating costs and property tax, required under the licence agreement including renewal terms in each of next five fiscal years and thereafter are approximately as follows:

2025	\$ 119,058
2026	119,058
2027	119,058
2028	119,058
2029	123,762
Thereafter	495,048
	\$ 1,095,042

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 7. Commitments:

(b) The Association has an equipment lease agreement with Xerox. The lease term is for 66 months, expiring on December 22, 2028.

The minimum payments required under the lease in the next fiscal year are as follows:

2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	\$ 3,556 3,556 3,556 3,556 1,778
	\$ 16,002

#### 8. Pension plan:

The Association and its employees contribute to the Municipal Pension Plan (a jointly trusteed pension plan) (the "Plan"). The Board of Trustees, representing plan members and employers, is responsible for administering the plan, including investment of assets and administration of benefits. The Plan is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan. Basic pension benefits are based on a formula. As at December 31, 2022, the Plan has about 240,000 active members and approximately 124,000 retired members.

Every three years, an actuarial valuation is performed to assess the financial position of the plan and adequacy of plan funding. The actuary determines an appropriate combined employer and member contribution rate to fund the Plan. The most recent actuarial valuation for the Municipal Pension Plan as at December 31, 2021, indicated a \$3,761 million funding surplus for basic pension benefits on a going concern basis. The next valuation will be as at December 31, 2024, with results available in 2025.

Employers participating in the Plan record their pension expense as the amount of employer contributions made during the fiscal year (defined contribution pension plan accounting). This is because the Plan records accrued liabilities and accrued assets for the Plan in aggregate, resulting in no consistent and reliable basis for allocating the obligation, assets and cost to individual employers participating in the Plan.

During the year ended March 31, 2024, the Association paid \$144,884 (2023 - \$160,541) for employer contributions to the Plan for 14 (2023 - 15) active members in the Plan from the Association.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 9. Expenses by object:

	2024	2023
Amortization	\$ 50,535	\$ 46,825
Accounting, legal and other professional services	1,139,713	693,896
Conferences, membership and workshops	43,590	28,793
Meetings and travel	88,244	143,666
Office expenses and other	163,527	138,937
Salaries and benefits	2,137,558	2,158,197
	\$ 3,623,167	\$ 3,210,314

#### 10. Related party transactions:

The Association is related through common ownership to all Province of British Columbia ministries, agencies, crown corporations, school districts, health authorities, hospitals societies, universities, and colleges that are included in the provincial government reporting entity. Transactions with these entities, unless disclosed otherwise, are recorded at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

Government fundings are provided primarily by the Province of British Columbia (the "Province") and the Ministry of Post-Secondary Education and Future Skills. The Association is dependent on the fundings from these sources.

Payroll services are provided to the Association by the British Columbia Institute of Technology, one of the members of the Association, on a nil charge basis.

The Association has a licence agreement with the Health Employers Association of British Columbia, a commonly controlled entity, to lease office space (note 7(a)).

#### 11. Budget reporting:

The budget information reported in the statement of operations and accumulated surplus and statement of changes in net financial assets was approved by the Board of Directors on March 15, 2023.

#### 12. Disclosure of remuneration:

During the year ended March 31, 2024, the Association paid total remuneration of \$1,984,742 (2023 - \$2,022,610) to 12 (2023 - 13) employees and contractors for services, each of whom received total annual remuneration of \$75,000 or greater.

In addition, the Association paid remuneration in the amount of \$19,513 (2023 - \$18,905) to one member (2023 - one) on the Board of Directors in the capacity as the Chair of the Board. In accordance with the bylaws of the Association, no other members of the Board were paid a remuneration.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 13. Financial risks:

#### (a) Credit risk:

The Association has limited exposure to credit risk associated with its cash and cash equivalents, and accounts receivable. The Association is not exposed to significant credit risk as the receivables are primarily due from governments. Cash and cash equivalents is held with a Canadian chartered bank and the Province of British Columbia's Central Deposit Program. The Association's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of this balance in the financial statements. There have been no changes to the credit risk from the prior year.

#### (b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Association will not be able to meet its obligations as they fall due. The Association maintains adequate levels of working capital to ensure all its obligations can be met when they fall due. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are all due within one year. There have been no changes to the liquidity risk from the prior year.

(c) The Association is not subject to any significant interest rate or market risks related to its financial instruments. There have been no changes to these risks from the prior year.