BCNET Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2024

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## Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The financial statements and the information contained in the annual report are the responsibility of the management of BCNET. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting requirements of Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia.

The financial statements include, where appropriate, estimates based on the best judgment of management. Financial and operating data elsewhere in the annual report is consistent with that contained in the accompanying financial statements.

As part of its responsibilities, BCNET maintains systems of internal accounting and administrative controls of high quality, consistent with reasonable cost. Such systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is relevant, reliable and accurate, and that BCNET's assets are appropriately accounted for and adequately safeguarded.

The Board of BCNET carries out its responsibilities with regard to the financial statements mainly through its Finance and Audit Committee (the "Committee"). The Committee reviews the annual financial statements and other information contained in the annual report and recommends them to the Board for approval. The Committee meets periodically with management and external auditors. Following these meetings, the Committee meets privately with the auditors to ensure free and open discussion of any subject the Committee or the auditors wish to pursue. The Committee also recommends the engagement or re-appointment of the external auditors, reviews the audit approach and approves the fees of the external auditors for audit and nonaudit services.

The financial statements, audited by BDO Canada LLP, have been approved by the Board, on the recommendation of the Finance and Audit Committee.

Signed by:

(MBurns

**Board Chair** 

Chief Financial and Administrative Officer



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## Independent Auditor's Report

#### To the Members of BCNET

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of BCNET (the "Corporation") which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2024, and the statements of operations, net debt, changes in accumulated surplus and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the Corporation as at and for the year ended March 31, 2024 are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting requirements of Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia (the "Act").

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of BCNET in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared in order for the Corporation to meet the reporting requirements of the Act referred to above. Note 1(b) to the Financial Statements discloses the impact between such basis of accounting and Canadian public sector accounting standards. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements in accordance with the Act, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Corporation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Corporation's financial reporting process.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of BCNET's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Corporation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Vancouver, British Columbia July 3, 2024

# **BCNET Statement of Financial Position**

		As at March 31 2024	As at March 31 2023
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 2,590,606	\$ 4,691,825
Accounts receivable		343,217	293,639
		2,933,823	4,985,464
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,605,027	1,022,425
Deferred capital contributions	(Note 3)	5,350,886	6,488,062
Deferred operating grants	(Note 4)	2,398,198	1,065,426
Deferred revenues	(Note 5)	806,676	1,003,769
		10,160,787	9,579,682
NET DEBT		(7,226,964)	(4,594,218)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Prepaid expenses		3,230,527	535,019
Tangible capital assets	(Note 2)	8,680,581	8,687,020
		11,911,108	9,222,039
Accumulated surplus		\$ 4,684,144	\$ 4,627,821

## Approved by:

CEO & President

Unale Maff

\_\_\_\_\_ Finance & Audit Committee Chair

# BCNET Statement of Operations For the year ended March 31

		<b>Budget</b> (Note 7)	2024	2023
Revenues				
Operating revenue	(Note 9)	12,959,393	13,639,761	12,313,815
Operating grants	(Note 4)	1,807,440	1,490,883	2,083,282
Capital grants	(Note 3)	1,070,186	1,339,545	568,592
Pass through services		 8,723,491	 9,638,794	 8,674,665
		\$ 24,560,510	\$ 26,108,983	\$ 23,640,354
Expenses	(Note 8)			
Cybersecurity & Identit	y Management	1,519,075	1,720,083	1,708,200
General & Administrati	on	2,806,996	2,715,652	2,399,940
Network Services		6,657,631	6,530,882	5,875,130
Professional Developm	ent & Training	206,440	215,664	347,383
Procurement		697,007	666,937	549,566
Shared Services & Tech	nology	12,671,038	14,203,442	12,490,502
		\$ 24,558,187	\$ 26,052,660	\$ 23,370,721
Annual Surplus		\$ 2,323	\$ 56,323	\$ 269,633

# BCNET Statement of Net Debt For the year ended March 31

	Budget	2024	2023
Annual Surplus	\$ 2,323	\$ 56,323	\$ 269,633
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	(1,210,000) 2,374,791 1,164,791	(2,011,059) 2,017,498 6,439	(1,708,936) 1,668,302 (40,634)
Acquisition of prepaid expenses Use of prepaid expenses	- - 	(4,153,680) 1,458,172 (2,695,508)	(1,615,094) 1,589,161 (25,933)
Changes in net debt for the year Net debt, beginning of year	1,167,114 (4,594,218)	(2,632,746) (4,594,218)	203,066 (4,797,284)
Net debt, end of year	\$ (3,427,104)	\$ (7,226,964)	\$ (4,594,218)

# BCNET Statement of Changes in Accumulated Surplus For the year ended March 31

	<b>Capital</b> <b>Reserve</b> (Note 6)	Operating Reserve (Note 6)		Total
Balance, April 1, 2023	\$ 2,627,821	\$ 2,000,000	\$-	\$ 4,627,821
Annual Surplus Transfer to Capital Reserve	- 56,323	-	56,323 (56,323)	56,323 -
Balance March 31, 2024	\$ 2,684,144	\$ 2,000,000	\$-	\$ 4,684,144

# BCNET Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended March 31

Cash flows from operating activitiesAnnual Surplus\$ 56,323\$ 269,633Items not involving cash:2,017,4981,668,302Amortization of tangible capital assets2,017,4981,668,302Amortization of deferred capital contributions(1,339,545)(568,592)Change in non-cash operating working capital:(49,578)(32,782)Prepaid expense(2,695,508)(25,933)Accounts receivable(49,578)(32,782)Prepaid expense(2,695,508)(25,933)Accounts payable and accrued liabilities582,602(1,293,964)Deferred operating grants1,332,772(843,071)Deferred operating grants(197,093)95,806(292,529)(730,601)(2,011,059)Cash flows for capital activities(2,011,059)(1,708,936)Cash flows from financing activities202,3691,558,093Cash flows from financing activities202,3691,558,093Cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)(881,444)Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606\$ 4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606\$ 4,691,825Cash in bank1,062,572871,639Cash in bank1,528,0343,820,186S 2,590,606\$ 4,691,8255,573,269			2024	2023
Items not involving cash:2,017,4981,668,302Amortization of deferred capital contributions(1,339,545)(568,592)Change in non-cash operating working capital:(49,578)(32,782)Accounts receivable(49,578)(32,782)Prepaid expense(2,695,508)(25,933)Accounts payable and accrued liabilities582,602(1,293,964)Deferred operating grants1,332,772(843,071)Deferred revenue(197,093)95,806(292,529)(730,601)Cash flows for capital activities(2,011,059)Acquisition of tangible capital assets(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(2,011,059)Cash flows for capital activities202,369Capital contributions received202,3691,558,093202,369202,3691,558,093Decrease in cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606Cash in bank1,062,572Cash in bank1,528,034Cash equivalents3,820,186	Cash flows from operating activities			
Amortization of tangible capital assets2,017,4981,668,302Amortization of deferred capital contributions(1,339,545)(568,592)Change in non-cash operating working capital:(49,578)(32,782)Accounts receivable(2,695,508)(25,933)Accounts payable and accrued liabilities582,602(1,293,964)Deferred operating grants1,332,772(843,071)Deferred operating grants(197,093)95,806(292,529)(730,601)(1,708,936)Cash flows for capital activities(2,011,059)(1,708,936)Acquisition of tangible capital assets(2,011,059)(1,708,936)Cash flows from financing activities202,3691,558,093Cash flows from financing activities202,3691,558,093Decrease in cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)(881,444)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year4,691,8255,573,269Cash and cash equivalents, end of year5,2590,606\$ 4,691,825Cash in bank1,062,572871,639Cash equivalents1,528,0343,820,186	Annual Surplus	\$	56,323	\$ 269 <i>,</i> 633
Amortization of deferred capital contributions(1,339,545)(568,592)Change in non-cash operating working capital:(49,578)(32,782)Accounts receivable(49,578)(32,782)Prepaid expense(2,695,508)(25,933)Accounts payable and accrued liabilities582,602(1,293,964)Deferred operating grants1,332,772(843,071)Deferred revenue(197,093)95,806(292,529)(730,601)Cash flows for capital activitiesAcquisition of tangible capital assets(2,011,059)Cash flows from financing activities(2,011,059)Capital contributions received202,3691,558,093202,369Decrease in cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents, end of year5,573,269Cash and cash equivalents consist of:1,062,572Cash in bank1,062,572Cash equivalents1,528,034Acquivalents3,820,186	Items not involving cash:			
Change in non-cash operating working capital:(49,578)(32,782)Accounts receivable(49,578)(25,933)Accounts payable and accrued liabilities582,602(1,293,964)Deferred operating grants1,332,772(843,071)Deferred revenue(197,093)95,806(292,529)(730,601)Cash flows for capital activitiesAcquisition of tangible capital assets(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(2,011,059)(1,708,936)Cash flows from financing activities(2,011,059)(1,708,936)Cash flows from financing activities202,3691,558,093Cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)(881,444)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year4,691,8255,573,269Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606\$ 4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents consist of:202,303\$ 3,820,186Cash in bank1,062,572871,639Cash equivalents1,528,0343,820,186	Amortization of tangible capital assets	2,0	17,498	1,668,302
Accounts receivable (49,578) (32,782)   Prepaid expense (2,695,508) (25,933)   Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 582,602 (1,293,964)   Deferred operating grants 1,332,772 (843,071)   Deferred revenue (197,093) 95,806   (292,529) (730,601)   Cash flows for capital activities (2,011,059) (1,708,936)   Acquisition of tangible capital assets (2,011,059) (1,708,936)   Cash flows from financing activities (202,369) 1,558,093   Capital contributions received 202,369 1,558,093   Decrease in cash and cash equivalents (2,101,219) (881,444)   Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 4,691,825 5,573,269   Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 2,590,606 \$ 4,691,825   Cash in bank 1,062,572 871,639   Cash in bank 1,528,034 3,820,186	Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(1,33	39,545)	(568 <i>,</i> 592)
Prepaid expense   (2,695,508)   (25,933)     Accounts payable and accrued liabilities   582,602   (1,293,964)     Deferred operating grants   1,332,772   (843,071)     Deferred revenue   (197,093)   95,806     (292,529)   (730,601)     Cash flows for capital activities   (2,011,059)   (1,708,936)     Acquisition of tangible capital assets   (2,011,059)   (1,708,936)     Cash flows from financing activities   (2,011,059)   (1,708,936)     Capital contributions received   202,369   1,558,093     Decrease in cash and cash equivalents   (2,101,219)   (881,444)     Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year   4,691,825   5,573,269     Cash and cash equivalents, end of year   \$ 2,590,606   \$ 4,691,825     Cash and cash equivalents consist of:   202,303   \$ 3,820,186     Cash in bank   1,062,572   871,639     Cash in bank   1,528,034   3,820,186	Change in non-cash operating working capital:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities582,602(1,293,964)Deferred operating grants1,332,772(843,071)Deferred revenue(197,093)95,806(292,529)(730,601)Cash flows for capital activitiesAcquisition of tangible capital assets(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(2,011,059)Cash flows from financing activities202,369Capital contributions received202,369202,3691,558,093Decrease in cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606Cash in bank1,062,572Cash in bank1,062,572Cash in bank1,528,034Cash equivalents3,820,186	Accounts receivable	(4	49 <i>,</i> 578)	(32,782)
Deferred operating grants1,332,772(843,071)Deferred revenue(197,093)95,806(292,529)(730,601)Cash flows for capital activitiesAcquisition of tangible capital assets(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(2,011,059)(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(2,011,059)(1,708,936)Cash flows from financing activities202,369Capital contributions received202,369202,3691,558,093Decrease in cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606Cash in bank1,062,572Cash in bank1,528,034Cash equivalents3,820,186		(2,69	95,508)	(25,933)
Deferred revenue(197,093)95,806(292,529)(730,601)Cash flows for capital activities(2,011,059)Acquisition of tangible capital assets(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(2,011,059)(2,011,059)(1,708,936)Capital contributions received202,369202,3691,558,093Decrease in cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash in bank Cash equivalents1,062,572Cash equivalents1,062,572State (2,01,024)3,820,186		5	82,602	
Cash flows for capital activities(292,529)(730,601)Acquisition of tangible capital assets(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(2,011,059)Cash flows from financing activities(2,011,059)(1,708,936)Capital contributions received202,3691,558,093Decrease in cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)(881,444)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year4,691,8255,573,269Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606\$ 4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash in bank Cash equivalents1,062,572871,639Cash equivalents1,528,0343,820,186			•	
Cash flows for capital activities(2,011,059)(1,708,936)Acquisition of tangible capital assets(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(2,011,059)(1,708,936)Cash flows from financing activities202,3691,558,093Capital contributions received202,3691,558,093Decrease in cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)(881,444)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year4,691,8255,573,269Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606\$ 4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash in bank Cash equivalents1,062,572871,639Cash equivalents1,528,0343,820,186	Deferred revenue			
Acquisition of tangible capital assets(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(2,011,059)(1,708,936)(1,708,936)(1,708,936)Cash flows from financing activities Capital contributions received202,3691,558,093Decrease in cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)(881,444)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year4,691,8255,573,269Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606\$ 4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash in bank Cash equivalents1,062,572871,639Sash equivalents1,528,0343,820,186		(29	92,529)	(730,601)
Cash flows from financing activities Capital contributions received(2,011,059)(1,708,936)Cash flows from financing activities Capital contributions received202,3691,558,093Decrease in cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)(881,444)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year4,691,8255,573,269Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606\$ 4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash in bank Cash equivalents1,062,572871,639Cash equivalents1,528,0343,820,186	Cash flows for capital activities			
Cash flows from financing activitiesCapital contributions received202,3691,558,093202,3691,558,0931,558,093Decrease in cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)(881,444)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year4,691,8255,573,269Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606\$ 4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606\$ 4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash in bank Cash equivalents1,062,572871,639Shand cash equivalents1,528,0343,820,186	Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(2,02	11,059)	(1,708,936)
Capital contributions received202,3691,558,093202,3691,558,0931,558,093Decrease in cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)(881,444)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year4,691,8255,573,269Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606\$ 4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606\$ 4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash in bank Cash equivalents1,062,572871,639Sash equivalents1,528,0343,820,186		(2,02	11,059)	(1,708,936)
202,3691,558,093Decrease in cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)(881,444)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year4,691,8255,573,269Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606\$ 4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 1,062,572871,639Cash in bank1,062,572871,639Cash equivalents1,528,0343,820,186	Cash flows from financing activities			
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents(2,101,219)(881,444)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year4,691,8255,573,269Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$2,590,606\$Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$2,590,606\$Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash in bank Cash equivalents1,062,572871,639Start Cash equivalents1,528,0343,820,186	Capital contributions received	2	.02,369	1,558,093
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year4,691,8255,573,269Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$2,590,606\$Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash in bank Cash equivalents1,062,572871,639Cash equivalents1,528,0343,820,186		2	.02,369	1,558,093
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 2,590,606\$ 4,691,825Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash in bank Cash equivalents1,062,572871,639Cash equivalents1,528,0343,820,186	Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,10	01,219)	(881,444)
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:Cash in bank1,062,572Cash equivalents1,528,0343,820,186	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	4,6	91,825	5,573,269
Cash in bank 1,062,572 871,639   Cash equivalents 1,528,034 3,820,186	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,5	90,606	\$ 4,691,825
Cash in bank 1,062,572 871,639   Cash equivalents 1,528,034 3,820,186	Cash and cash equivalents consist of:			
Cash equivalents 1,528,034 3,820,186	-	1,0	62,572	871,639
		-	-	-
	·			\$ 

## 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Nature and Purpose of the Organization

BCNET's ("the Corporation") mission is to deliver exceptional value to our members by leveraging our advanced network, fostering collaboration, and building on our expertise.

The Corporation is incorporated under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act.

The Corporation is a tax-exempt body under Section 149 of the Income Tax Act.

b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia supplemented by Regulations 198/2011 issued by the Province of British Columbia Treasury Board.

The Budget Transparency and Accountability Act requires that the financial statements be prepared in accordance with the set of standards and guidelines that are comprised of generally accepted accounting principles for senior governments in Canada, being Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards ("PSAS"), except for modifications put forward by Treasury Board.

Regulation 198/2011 requires that restricted contributions received or receivable for acquiring or developing a depreciable tangible capital asset or contributions in the form of a depreciable tangible capital assets are to be deferred and recognized in revenue at the same rate that amortization of the related tangible capital asset is recorded.

The basis of accounting that the Corporation has adopted is different from PSAS with respect to the timing of revenue recognition for government transfers. If the Corporation had recorded government transfers under PSAS rather than the accounting policy described above and in note 1(f), capital contributions recognized as revenue and the annual surplus for the year ended March 31, 2024 would have decreased by \$1,137,176 (March 31, 2023- increased by \$989,501).

## 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Consequentially, as at March 31, 2024, deferred capital contributions used to purchase tangible capital assets would have decreased and the accumulated surplus would have increased by \$4,426,550 (March 31, 2023 - \$4,988,062). Under PSAS, the total cash flows from operating, financing, and capital transactions for the years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 would have been the same as reported in these financial statements.

## c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of the amounts held in the Corporation's bank accounts, balances held in the Province's Central Deposit Program (CDP), guaranteed investment certificates with original terms to maturity of less than 90 days, and mutual funds that are readily convertible to cash.

### d) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided annually on a straight-line basis. Tangible capital assets not yet in service are not amortized. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Fibre	10 - 20 years
Leasehold Improvements	Over the term of the lease
Facilities, office equipment, and computer hardware	3 – 10 years

The Corporation reviews its tangible capital assets for impairment. An impairment loss is recognized for tangible capital assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate a tangible capital asset no longer contributes to the Corporation's ability to provide services. The impairment loss is calculated based on the estimated remaining future service potential, as the difference between the carrying amount and the residual value. The amount of the write-down is recognized as an impairment loss on the Statement of Operations.

e) Leased Assets

Leases entered into that transfer substantially all the benefits and risks associated with ownership are recorded as the acquisition of a tangible capital asset. The asset is amortized in a manner consistent with tangible capital assets owned by the Corporation. All other leases are

## 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

accounted for as operating leases, and the lease payments are expensed as incurred.

f) Revenue Recognition

The Corporation adopted PSAS 3400 Revenue effective April 1, 2023, on a prospective basis. There are no changes to revenue recognition policies as a result of the adoption of this new accounting standard.

Externally restricted contributions are recorded as deferred revenue and then recognized as revenue when the restrictions specified by the contributors are satisfied.

- Contributions for specific purposes other than for the acquisition of tangible capital assets are recorded as deferred revenue and recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.
- Contributions restricted for capital purposes by external restrictions or the Restricted Contribution Regulation 198/2011 described in note 1(b) are recorded as deferred capital contributions and amortized on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset. Amortization commences once the asset is put into use.

Revenue from transactions with performance obligations, such as the provision of services including Network Services, Shared Technology Solutions, Core Services, the Conference and Cybersecurity Services, are recognized as performance obligations are satisfied by providing the promised goods or services to the payor, overtime.

Revenue from transactions with no performance obligations, including interest revenue are recognized when the Corporation has the authority to claim or retain an inflow of economic resources, and results from a past transaction or event that gives rise to an asset.

"Pass through services" are software services purchased by the Corporation on behalf of members, and directly rebilled to the members.

g) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial

## 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

### h) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are limited to fixed income instruments and are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued.

## 2. Tangible Capital Assets

Cost	2023	Additions	Disposal	2024
Leasehold improvements	\$ 736,013	-	-	\$ 736,013
Office equipment	505,886	37,030	(19,704)	523,212
Computer hardware	14,130,192	1,974,029	-	16,104,221
Fibre	14,000,508	-	-	14,000,508
Fibre Option	177,370	-	-	177,370
Total	\$ 29,549,969	2,011,059	(19,704)	\$ 31,541,324
Accumulated		Amortization		
Amortization	2023	Expense	Disposal	2024
Leasehold improvements	\$ 383,790	47,630	-	\$ 431,420
Office equipment	460,012	18,190	(19,704)	458,498
Computer hardware	8,844,895	1,486,793	-	10,331,688
Fibre	11,174,252	464,885	-	11,639,137
Fibre Option	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 20,862,949	2,017,498	(19,704)	\$ 22,860,743
Net Book Value	2023			2024
Leasehold improvements	\$ 352,223			\$ 304,593
Office equipment	45,874			. 64,714
Computer hardware	5,285,297			5,772,533
Fibre	2,826,256			2,361,371
Fibre Option	177,370			177,370
Total	\$ 8,687,020			\$ 8,680,581

## 2. Tangible Capital Assets (continued)

"Fibre" refers to certain fibre circuits connecting member organizations that have been purchased or acquired through Indefeasible Right of Use (IRU) and capital lease agreements.

The Corporation has entered into fibre agreements for periods of between ten and twenty years for the use of IRU Fibres to service its members. The Corporation is amortizing these costs over the term of the agreements.

In 2014, the Corporation transferred fibre valued at \$2.5 million to a third party in exchange for an IRU to access a portion of the fibre transferred; and a fibre option to access an additional 350 strand kilometres of fibre and the commitment to connect specified members to the additional fibre. The transaction was measured at the fair value of the fibre transferred which approximates the fair value of the assets received. The remaining option cost will be transferred to the fibre account and amortized once the fibre circuits are identified and in use.

### 3. Deferred Capital Contributions

	2023	Received	Amortized to Revenue	2024
Federal	\$ 1,367,163	202,369	\$ (281,902)	\$ 1,287,630
Provincial	4,871,751	-	(1,023,844)	3,847,907
Other	 249,148	-	(33,799)	215,349
Total	\$ 6,488,062	202,369	\$ (1,339,545)	\$ 5,350,886

The deferred capital contributions are restricted for the development and support of the Optical Regional Advanced Network.

### 4. Deferred Operating Grants

	2023	Received	Amortized to Revenue	2024
Federal	\$ -	\$ 332,360	\$ (303,794)	\$ 28,566
Provincial	1,065,426	1,966,295	(662,089)	2,369,632
Other	 -	525,000	(525,000)	-
Total	\$ 1,065,426	\$ 2,823,655	\$ (1,490,883)	\$ 2,398,198

The deferred provincial operating grants are restricted for the implementation of initiatives from the Ministry of Post-Secondary Education and Future Skills and for the expansion of the BCNET network.

### 5. Deferred Revenues

	2023	Received	1	Amortized to Revenue		2024
Service contracts	\$ 426,862	\$ 8,664,456	\$	(8,736,413)	\$	354,905
Conferences & member services	549,711	522,293		(642,628)		429,376
Software customization	27,196	262,000		(266,801)		22,395
Total	\$ 1,003,769	\$ 9,448,749	\$	(9,645,842)	Ş	806,676

### 6. Accumulated Surplus

- a) The BCNET Board has approved the creation of an Operating Reserve and a Capital Reserve. The target minimum Operating Reserve is to equal approximately two months of operating costs, estimated at \$2,000,000. The balance of any annual surpluses in excess of the \$2,000,000 will be allocated to the Capital Reserve.
- b) The Corporation's Capital Reserve includes amounts invested in tangible capital assets plus any additional funds available for future investments. The Corporation's tangible capital assets are funded either through grants received from CANARIE, the Ministry of Post-Secondary Education and Future Skills or internally from surpluses generated by the Corporation. The unamortized balance of those assets that are funded internally reflects the funds committed and their future amortization expense. The balance in the capital reserve is increased by the annual surplus and offset by the net unfunded investment in capital assets during the year.

	2024	2023
Tangible capital assets	\$ 8,680,581	\$ 8,687,020
Amounts financed by:		
Unamortized deferred capital grants	(4,426,550)	(4,988,062)
Invested in Tangible Capital Assets	\$ 4,254,031	\$ 3,698,958
Less: Expected future recoveries from members	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
Transfer to capital reserve	430,113	928,863
Balance in Capital Reserve	\$ 2,684,144	\$ 2,627,821

## 7. Budget

The budget for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 was approved by the BCNET Board of Directors at a meeting on April 24<sup>th</sup>, 2023.

## 8. Expenses by Object

	Budget	2024	2023
Cost of services	\$ 7,106,557	\$ 8,010,115	\$ 7,439,238
Staffing	5,460,938	5,515,652	4,799,211
Operating	1,004,458	1,034,344	982,646
Amortization	2,374,791	2,017,498	1,668,302
Pass through services	 8,611,443	9,475,051	8,481,324
Total	\$ 24,558,187	\$ 26,052,660	\$ 23,370,721

## 9. Operating Revenue

	Budget	2024	2023
Network Services (Non-PSI, Transit & Other)	\$ 5,149,880	\$ 4,959,754	\$ 4,831,929
Shared Technology Solutions	3,724,838	4,424,623	3,513,867
Core Services	2,613,000	2,490,000	2,613,000
Interest and Other	643,866	685,794	640,271
Conference	415,636	654,233	302,779
Cybersecurity Services	412,173	425,357	411,969
Total	\$ 12,959,393	\$ 13,639,761	\$ 12,313,815

### **10. Related Party Transactions**

During the year, the Corporation entered into the following transactions with its members:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Revenue from members	\$ 22,211,026	\$ 20,397,770
Purchases from members	459,694	718,419

As at March 31, the Corporation had balances due to and from members as follows:

#### **10. Related Party Transactions (con't)**

	2024	2023
Receivable from members	\$ 286,709	\$ 249,223
Payable to members	237,991	444,203

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange value established and agreed to by the related parties.

Transactions with the Provincial Government via operating or capital grant are disclosed in Notes 3 and 4.

#### **11. Commitments**

The Corporation has commitments for fibre contracts, software licensing and rent that extend to January 2038.

The annual payments due for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

2025	\$ 2,309,818
2026	2,033,897
2027	1,376,164
2028	508,297
2029	308,252
Thereafter	 924,865
Total	\$ 7,461,293

#### **12. Contractual Rights**

The Corporation has entered into contracts to provide services and to connect certain member institutions to the BCNET network (Note 10). In return, the Corporation has received commitments to receive the following revenues from those institutions:

2025	\$ 1,603,515
2026	1,187,635
2027	716,523
2028	346,039
2029	198,480
Thereafter	 552,540
Total	\$ 4,604,732

### 13. Pension Plan

The Corporation and its employees contribute to the Municipal Pension Plan (the "Plan"), a jointly trusteed pension plan. The board of trustees, representing plan members and employers, is responsible for administering the Plan, including investment of assets and administration of benefits. The Plan is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan. Basic pension benefits are based on a formula. As at December 31, 2022, the plan has about 240,000 active members and approximately 124,000 retired members.

Every three years, an actuarial valuation is performed to assess the financial position of the plan and adequacy of plan funding. The actuary determines an appropriate combined employer and member contribution rate to fund the plan. The actuary's calculated contribution rate is based on the entry-age normal cost method, which produces the long-term rate of member and employer contributions sufficient to provide benefits for average future entrants to the plan. This rate may be adjusted for the amortization of any actuarial funding surplus and will be adjusted for the amortization of any unfunded actuarial liability.

The most recently available valuation for the Plan as at December 31, 2021, indicated a \$3,761 million funding surplus for basic pension benefits on a going concern basis.

The Corporation paid \$338,681 (2023 - \$327,651) for employer contributions while employees contributed \$313,216 (2023 - \$303,016) to the plan in fiscal 2024.

The next valuation will be as at December 31, 2024.

Employers participating in the plan record their pension expense as the amount of employer contributions made during the fiscal year (defined contribution pension plan accounting). This is because the plan records accrued liabilities and accrued assets for the plan in aggregate, resulting in no consistent and reliable basis for allocating the obligation, assets and cost to individual employers participating in the plan.

#### 14. Financial Instrument Risk

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Corporation will incur a loss due to the failure by its debtors to meet their contractual obligations. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Corporation to significant concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Corporation limits its exposure to credit risk by placing its cash and cash equivalents with high quality investments. The Corporation's exposure to credit risk with respect to its accounts receivable is low as most receivables are from government sources and member organizations that are primarily government funded.

### Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Corporation is exposed to foreign exchange risk through its transactions with U.S. entities. The Corporation limits its exposure to foreign exchange risk by entering into forward derivative contracts on all significant purchases made in U.S. dollars and arranging to rebill most costs to members at equivalent exchange rates. As at March 31, 2023 and 2024, the Corporation did not hold any forward derivative contracts.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Corporation's risk is limited to the investments held in accordance with its investment Policy. All instruments have a maturity date of less than 90 days.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet its obligations as they fall due. The Corporation budgets for adequate levels of working capital to ensure all its obligations can be met when they fall due, and a sufficient operating reserve to manage any unexpected fluctuations.

#### **15. Segmented Information**

The Corporation provides a variety of services to its members. Distinguishable functional segments have been separately disclosed on the Statement of Operations. The segments and services provided are as follows:

#### **15. Segmented Information (continued)**

#### Cybersecurity & Identity Management

The Corporation supports its members to continuously improve the protection of information. Services include but are not limited to support service for federated identity services, and security vulnerability scanning and SIEM-as-a-Service.

### Network

The BCNET Advanced Network provides the Corporation's members with private, dedicated, ultra-high-speed, fibre optic infrastructure and third party managed leased circuit at speeds of up to 100 gigabits per second. The Advanced Network extends over 10,000 Kilometers and directly connects 151 locations at colleges, institutes, research universities, federal and provincial laboratory and research institutions in British Columbia. A hosted virtual router service helps reduce equipment, operating, and facility costs.

#### Professional Development & Training (PD&T)

The Corporation's professional development and training service portfolio helps to support our members to train their staff. The Corporation investigates member requirements and negotiate competitive pricing with third party organizations. The Corporation partners with prominent information Technology companies and Training Providers in the delivery of training.

#### Procurement

The Corporation provides a range of joint procurement agreements and services that offer best overall value, savings and efficiencies to its members following legislative and trade treaty requirements.

#### Shared Systems & Technology

The Corporation facilitates the development of collaborative and innovative technology solutions to support the delivery of education and research. The solutions offered to members include: AppsAnywhere, DATA-SAFE, Desire2Learn, Digital Signage, EduCloud Backup, EduCloud Server, Kaltura, LinkedIn Learning, MapleSoft, Moodle, IBM SPSS, PebblePad, TeamDynamix, TurnItIn and Video Conferencing. Additionally, the portfolio provides strategic consulting, expert services, and vendor management services in support of institutional Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) systems.