



VERDICT AT CORONERS INQUEST

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS AS A RESULT OF THE CORONER'S INQUEST PURSUANT TO SECTION 38 OF THE CORONERS ACT, [SBC 2007] c 15, INTO THE DEATH OF

FACCHIN

SURNAME

Maurizio Angelo

GIVEN NAMES

An Inquest was held at Coroners Court, in the municipality of Burnaby

in the Province of British Columbia, on the following dates October 17, 18, 19 and 20, 2016

before: Isis van Loon, Presiding Coroner.

into the death of FACCHIN Maurizio Angelo 50 Male Female
(Last Name) (First Name) (Middle Name) (Age)

The following findings were made:

Date and Time of Death: June 4, 2014 at 15:47 pm

Place of Death: #102-6947 Walker Avenue Burnaby, BC
(Location) (Municipality/Province)

Medical Cause of Death:

(1) Immediate Cause of Death: a) Excited Delirium
Due to or as a consequence of

Antecedent Cause if any: b) Cocaine Toxicity
Due to or as a consequence of

Giving rise to the immediate cause (a) above, stating underlying cause last. c)

(2) Other Significant Conditions Contributing to Death: Cardiomegaly

Classification of Death: Accidental Homicide Natural Suicide Undetermined

The above verdict certified by the Jury on the 20th day of October AD, 2016

Isis van Loon
Presiding Coroner's Printed Name

Presiding Coroner's Signature



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Pursuant to Section 38 of the Coroners Act, the following recommendations are forwarded to the Chief Coroner of the Province of British Columbia for distribution to the appropriate agency:

JURY RECOMMENDATIONS:

To the Royal Canadian Mounted Police:

- 1) Ongoing officer training should include case studies on the early recognition and appropriate response(s) to persons with excited delirium
- 2) The RCMP is requested to review dispatcher training with the agency that provides dispatch services to optimize the information presented to police, particularly with respect to the early recognition of potential cases of excited delirium.
- 3) RCMP policy for the use of Conducted Energy Weapons (CEW) notes that when persons are acutely agitated or delirious those persons may be at a higher risk of death. Policy further recommends that whenever possible RCMP members anticipating the use by them of CEWs should request the assistance of emergency medical services. The RCMP is requested to ensure that all active members are aware of this policy, not only those trained in the use of CEW.