The Rules Have Changed Schedule 5

January 2016

Introduction

The Ministry of Environment recently amended the Integrated Pest Management Regulation (IPMR) to further regulate the sale and use of pesticides. **The amendments will come into force on July 1, 2016.**

After July 1, 2016:

Schedule 5

- A new list of pesticides (Schedule 5) has been created to allow owners of private land to apply these pesticides without a licence or certificate.
- The sale of Schedule 5 pesticides requires a vendor licence.
- Schedule 5 pesticides must be displayed with restricted access in stores.
- Certified dispensers must interact with customers when selling Schedule 5 pesticides.
- All pesticides listed on Schedule 5 are Domestic class.
- Schedule 5 is a list of active ingredients, which can be found in the "guarantee" section of pesticide product labels.

The following active ingredients are listed on Schedule 5:

- Bacillus sphaericus, also referred to as Bs
- Bacillus subtilis
- Bacillus thuringiensis var. israelensis, also referred to as Bti
- Bacillus thuringiensis var. kurstaki, also referred to as Btk
- citric acid
- copper (oxychloride and tribasic only)
- FeHEDTA
- ferric sodium EDTA
- garlic
- lactic acid
- Phoma macrostoma
- pyriproxyfen
- Sclerotinia minor
- sodium chloride
- spinosad

For more information about the regulation and appropriate use of pesticides in British Columbia, please visit www.gov.bc.ca/PestManagement. Guidance documents for users and vendors of pesticides are available on this website.

Key Points:

- The new requirements will not come into force until July 1, 2016.
- A vendor licence is required to sell Schedule 5 pesticides.
- Schedule 5 pesticides must be displayed in a manner that restricts customer access.
- Certified dispensers must interact with customers prior to the purchase of a Schedule 5 pesticide.