

# Drug Coverage Decision for B.C. PharmaCare

#### **About PharmaCare**

B.C. PharmaCare is a government-funded drug plan. It helps British Columbians with the cost of eligible prescription drugs and specific medical supplies.

## **Details of Drug Reviewed**

Drug	sofosbuvir- velpatasvir	asunaprevir	daclatasvir	elbasvir- grazoprevir	ombitasvir- paritaprevir- ritonavir
Brand Name	Epclusa™	Sunvepra™	Daklinza™	Zepatier®	Technivie™
Dosage Form(s)	400 mg/100 mg tablet	100 mg capsule	30 mg and 60 mg tablets	50 mg/100 mg tablet	12.5 mg/75 mg/50 mg film- coated tablets
Manufacturer	Gilead	Bristol-Myers Squibb	Bristol-Myers Squibb	Merck	AbbVie
Drug Coverage	Limited Coverage Benefit. Access the criteria from Non-Benefit				
Decision	www.gov.bc.ca/pharmacarespecialauthority				
Submission Type	New Submission				
Use Reviewed	Chronic Hepatitis C (CHC)				
Common Drug	Yes, CDR recommended: to Reimburse with clinical criteria and/or conditions. Visit the CDR				
Review (CDR)	website for more details: www.cadth.ca/node/88649.				
Provincial	DBC now screens drug submissions under review by the CDR to determine whether or not a full				
Review	DBC review is necessary, based on past DBC reviews, recommendations, and existing PharmaCare coverage. If a full DBC review is determined to not be required, the Ministry's drug coverage decision will be based on the CDEC recommendation and an internal review only. As the Ministry already provides coverage for some chronic hepatitis C medications similar to drugs under review, no DBC review was required.				
Date	March 21, 2017				
Reason(s)	<ul> <li>Epclusa, Sunvepra, Daklinza, Zepatier and Technivie were reviewed by the CDR and received recommendations to be reimburse with criteria and conditions, including price reductions.</li> <li>Clinical data supports use of these medications for the treatment of CHC.</li> <li>BC participated in and co-led with Ontario the pan-Canadian Pharmaceutical Alliance (pCPA) negotiations with Gilead, Bristol-Myers Squibb, Merck and AbbVie to improve accessability to CHC treatments and ensure financial affordability and sustainability.</li> <li>pCPA negotiations concluded successfully with agreements reached with three drug manufacturers, Gilead, Bristol-Myers Squibb, and Merck.</li> <li>Effective March 21, 2017, PharmaCare covers treatment-naïve or treatment-experienced adults with chronic hepatitis C (CHC) genotype 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 who have liver fibrosis stage:         <ul> <li>F2 or greater (Metavir scale or equivalent) including decompensated cirrhosis, or</li> <li>lower than F2 AND meet one or more of the following criteria:</li> <li>Co-infection with HIV or hepatitis B virus</li> <li>Post-organ transplant (liver and/or non-liver organ transplant)</li> <li>Extra-hepatic manifestations</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				

	Chronic kidney disease stage 3, 4 or 5 as defined by National Kidney Foundation		
	Kidney Disease Outcomes Quality Initiative		
	<ul> <li>Co-existent liver disease with diagnosis evidence for fatty liver disease (e.g., non-</li> </ul>		
	alcoholic steatohepatitis)		
	<ul> <li>Diabetes for which patient is receiving anti-diabetic drugs</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Women who are planning to become pregnant within the next 12 months</li> </ul>		
	Coverage criteria for sofosbuvir (Sovaldi®) and ledipasvir-sofosbuvir (Harvoni®) is also		
	modified to reflect access for expanded patient population.		
	As an agreement was not reached with AbbVie, Technivie is not an eligible PharmaCare		
	benefit and effective March 23, 2017, PharmaCare will no longer approve new requests for		
	coverage of ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir and dasabuvir (Holkira® PAK). For patients		
	whose coverage of this drug was approved before March 23, 2017, PharmaCare will continue		
	coverage until their current Special Authority expires.		
Other	None		
Information			

## The Drug Review Process in B.C.

A manufacturer submits a request to the Ministry of Health (Ministry).

An independent group called the <u>Drug Benefit Council (DBC)</u> gives advice to the Ministry. The DBC looks at:

- whether the drug is safe and effective
- advice from a national group called the Common Drug Review (CDR)
- what the drug costs and whether it is a good value for the people of B.C.
- ethical considerations involved with covering or not covering the drug
- input from physicians, patients, caregivers, patient groups and drug submission sponsors

The Ministry makes PharmaCare coverage decisions by taking into account:

- the existing PharmaCare policies, programs and resources
- the evidence-informed advice of the DBC
- the drugs already covered by PharmaCare that are used to treat similar medical conditions
- the overall cost of covering the drug

Visit the <u>The Drug Review Process in B.C. - Overview</u> and <u>Ministry of Health - PharmaCare</u> for more information.

### This document is intended for information only.

It does not take the place of advice from a physician or other qualified health care provider.