

VERDICT AT CORONERS I NQUEST

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS AS A RESULT OF THE CORONER'S INQUEST PURSUANT TO SECTION 38 OF THE CORONERS ACT, [SBC 2007] C 15, INTO THE DEATH OF

	OIS			Armand	
Surname			GIVE	N NAMES	
An Inquest was held at	Coroners Court	, in the m	nunicipality ofBu	rnaby	
in the Province of British	Columbia, on the followin	ng dates February	20 – 23, 2017		
before: Margaret Janz	zen	, Presidin	g Coroner.		
into the death of	VAUGEOIS (Last Name)	Rene (First Name)	Armand (Middle Name)	88 🛛 🖾 Male	Female
The following findings we	re made:				
Date and Time of Death:	September 23, 2015		7:45 am		
Place of Death:	1525 Mackay Cresc (Location)	ent		assiz, British Colum nicipality/Province)	nbia
Medical Cause of Death:					
(1) Immediate Cause of L	Death: a) Hyperte	nsive and atheroscl	erotic cardiovascul	ar disease.	
	. .				
Antecedent Cause if any:	Due to or as b)	a consequence of			
Antecedent Cause if any:	b)]	a consequence of a consequence of			
Antecedent Cause if any: Giving rise to the immedia cause (a) above, <u>stating</u> <u>underlying cause last.</u>	b)]] Due to or as				
Giving rise to the immedia cause (a) above, <u>stating</u>	b) Due to or as ate c)				
Giving rise to the immedia cause (a) above, <u>stating</u> <u>underlying cause last.</u> (2) Other Significant Cond	b) Due to or as ate c)	a consequence of wound to abdomen	🛛 Natural 🛛 Suid	cide 🔲 Undetermin	ned
Giving rise to the immedia cause (a) above, <u>stating</u> <u>underlying cause last.</u> (2) Other Significant Cond Contributing to Death:	b) Due to or as ate c) ditions Incised w Accidenta	a consequence of wound to abdomen	⊠ Natural □ Suio February		ned 2017
Giving rise to the immedia cause (a) above, <u>stating</u> <u>underlying cause last.</u> (2) Other Significant Cond Contributing to Death: Classification of Death: The above verdict certified	b) Due to or as ate c) ditions Incised w Accidenta	a consequence of wound to abdomen			



VERDICT AT CORONERS I NQUEST

Findings and Recommendations as a Result of the Coroner's Inquest Pursuant to Section 38 of the Coroners Act, [sbc 2007] c 15, Into the Death of

VAUGEOIS	Rene Armand
SURNAME	Given Names
PARTIES INVOLVED IN THE INQUEST:	

Presiding Coroner:	Margaret Janzen
Inquest Counsel:	Mr. Bryant Mackey
Court Reporting/Recording Agency:	Verbatim Words West Ltd.
Participants/Counsel:	Mr. Makosz and Mr. McLeod for Attorney General of Canada, Mr. Riddell for Cheam Village Holdings, Mr. Howden-Duke for Fraser Health Authority

The Sheriff took charge of the jury and recorded 10 exhibits. 21 witnesses were duly sworn and testified.

PRESIDING CORONER'S COMMENTS:

The following is a brief summary of the circumstances of the death as set out in the evidence presented to the jury at the inquest. The following summary of the evidence as presented at the inquest is to assist the reader to more fully understand the Findings and Recommendations of the jury. This summary is not intended to be considered evidence nor is it intended in any way to replace the jury's Findings and Recommendations.

Rene Armand Vaugeois was an 88 year old male who lived in the independent living section of the Residences at Cheam Village in Agassiz. Mr. Vaugeois had been taken to hospital by RCMP on September 16, 2015, after displaying uncharacteristically aggressive behaviour in the dining room of the Cheam Village the previous evening which included striking a staff member. He was apprehended under the *Mental Health Act* and transferred to Chilliwack General Hospital. He was discharged home later the same day with a recommendation that he have further assessment and treatment in the community.

On September 23, 2015, a care aide was asked to attend to Mr. Vaugeois' suite because he had complained about his smoke alarm going off. When she attended she found him sitting on his bed holding a knife to his abdomen and not responding to her questions. She called 9-1-1 at 0612 hours. Another staff member also responded to the situation and they waited together in the hallway for the RCMP to arrive, checking on Mr. Vaugeois from time to time.

The RCMP attended and attempted to speak to Mr. Vaugeois but he did not respond. They entered his suite and shortly thereafter he began to cut his abdomen. The RCMP sprayed him with pepper spray and handcuffed him behind his back. BC Ambulance Service personnel attended and he was transferred to an ambulance by stretcher. Paramedics found he had a very elevated heart rate and administered midazolam. His heart rate slowed but then he went into cardiac arrest at 0745 hours and could not be resuscitated. An autopsy was conducted which showed that Mr. Vaugeois died from hypertensive and atherosclerotic coronary artery disease. An incised wound of the abdomen was considered to be contributory.

The Independent Investigations Office investigated the incident and determined that no criminal offence had been committed by the subject RCMP members who dealt with him on September 23, 2015. The subject officers did not make notes of their dealings with Mr. Vaugeois.



VERDICT AT CORONERS INQUEST

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS AS A RESULT OF THE CORONER'S INQUEST PURSUANT TO SECTION 38 OF THE CORONERS ACT, [SBC 2007] C 15, INTO THE DEATH OF

VAUGEOIS	Rene Armand
Surname	Given Names

Pursuant to Section 38 of the Coroners Act, the following recommendations are forwarded to the Chief Coroner of the Province of British Columbia for distribution to the appropriate agency:

JURY RECOMMENDATIONS:

To Cheam Village:

1. A system detailing all critical incidents should be implemented so all staff may review critical incident reports at the start of their shift.

Presiding Coroner Comment:

The jury heard evidence that the staff who responded to Mr. Vaugeois' suite on September 23, 2015, were not aware of the incident involving him on September 15/16, 2015.

2. Critical incident reports should be flagged to bring attention to incidents involving mental health issues.

Presiding Coroner Comment:

See number one above. This recommendation seeks to ensure employer notification to staff of critical incidents.

3. Critical incident reports should be dated, time stamped, and initialed when reviewed by staff.

Presiding Coroner Comment:

See number one above. This recommendation seeks to ensure staff compliance.

4. Debriefing of staff should be required after any critical incident whether on the Residential Care side of the facility or the Independent Living side.

Presiding Coroner Comment:

This recommendation is self-explanatory.

To Fraser Health Authority:

5. Patients who live alone and are arrested under Section 28 of the *Mental Health Act* should not be released from a facility until assessed by a mental health professional.



VERDICT AT CORONERS I NQUEST

Findings and Recommendations as a Result of the Coroner's Inquest Pursuant to Section 38 of the Coroners Act, [sbc 2007] c 15, Into the Death of

VAUGEOIS	Rene Armand
Surname	Given Names

Presiding Coroner Comment:

The jury heard evidence that Mr. Vaugeois lived alone. He was discharged from the Chilliwack Hospital on September 16, 2015, when he had been medically cleared even though he had not been seen by a mental health professional. The jury felt that a mental health professional would have been best suited to assess his mental health.

To RCMP:

6. Note-taking should be mandatory in respect of all incidents attended by RCMP officers.

Presiding Coroner Comment:

The jury heard evidence that note-taking was mandatory but the subject officers were advised not to make notes. This recommendation seeks to ensure transparency and accountability.

7. Mental health liaison units should be available for consultation by RCMP.

Presiding Coroner Comment:

The jury heard evidence that between 18 - 33% of the incidents that the RCMP attended involved mental health issues.