## BC Coastal Windthrow Assessment Calibration FORM 1 – Side A

ADMINISTRATIVE											
Location	Opening ID	ening ID Blocl		k #		Examiner/Date		Segment/Portion			
		5									
COMPARISON OF	PREDICTI	ED WI	NDTH	IROW	TO TH	IRESH	OLD:	S:			
COMPARISON OF PREDICTED WINDTHROW TO THRESHOLDS: Complete the BCTS Coastal Windthrow Hazard & Likelihood Assessment (FORM 2) in a nearby 2-5 year-old cutblock on a boundary that has damage levels typical of what you have observed in imagery for the area, with a similar treatment hazard to boundaries of concern in your proposed cutblock(s).											
2. Transfer the results of this assessment into the table below for reference.											
Initial Evaluation (transfer from an Assessment Card – Form 2)											
	Very H	ligh	High	1	Moderate	е	Low	Very Lov	w None		
Topographic Hazard	opographic Hazard										
Stand Hazard											
Soil Hazard											
Overall Biophysical Haz	ard 🗆										
Treatment Hazard											
Windthrow Likelihood											
	<u>'</u>										
CALIBRATION – of windthrow likelihood classification											
3. Record observed damage on the calibration boundary assessed as per above (#1 and #2).											
Estimates of Actual Windthrow Damage – to help refine predictions											
Measured windthrow penetration into edge (where applicable)		ge (m)		Range		(min to	max)				
penetration (or a specified) zone: of t		age % otal /ha			10% Range (e.g. 30-40 m²/l						
Actual Damage Calibration Categories - to calibrate windthrow likelihood class (See next page)											
Basal Area (m²/ha) Damaged			High		M	Mod		_ow	Estimate		
In the First Tree Length from the edge			□>70%		□10-	<b>1</b> 10-70%		0%	%		
In the Second Tree Length			□>70%		<b>1</b> 0-70%		□<1	0%			
In the Third Tree Length			□>70%		<b>1</b> 10-70%		<b>□</b> <1	0%			
			□Ext	□Extensive		□Extensive		tensive			
<b>4.</b> Look up the expected level of damage for your initial Windthrow Likelihood Class on SIDE B of this Form, and compare with actual damage calibration categories.											

## BC Coastal Windthrow Assessment Calibration FORM 1 – Side B

DIAGNOSTIC QUESTION FOR CALIBRATION: Is the level of damage observed along the calibration boundary consistent with that expected for the estimated class of Windthrow Likelihood? (See table below)							
IF	Action						
Yes, damage is consistent with expected level	Use the topographic, soils and stand indicators as done here to indentify hazard classes for each of the Exposure, Soil, and Stand Hazard components - on similar edges in proposed cutblocks.						
☐ No, there is LESS damage	Consider which of the component hazards (Exposure, Soils, or Stand) might have been rated too highly in the initial evaluation. Adjust ratings accordingly for similar edges in proposed cutblocks.						
☐ No, there is MORE damage	Consider which of the component hazards (Exposure, Soils, or Stand) might have been rated too low in the initial evaluation. Adjust ratings accordingly for similar edges in proposed cutblocks.						
<b>5.</b> Use the adjusted interpretations and ratings for classifying Soils, Topography and Stand Hazards for proposed cutblocks.							
	then adjust the weighting factors (for this area) – see the numerical factors at the bottom of the						

EXPECTED DAMAGE – for the estimated class of windthrow likelihood						
Windthrow Likelihood Class	Expected Damage					
Very Low	Little or no damage along recent cutblock edges or in recent partial cut strata.					
Low	Less than 10% of the basal area is uprooted or snapped along recent cutblock edges. Less than 5% in recent partial cut strata.					
Moderate	Partial damage along recent cutblock edges. Between 10 and 70 percent of the basal area is in uprooted or snapped trees within the first tree length in from the edge. Between 5 and 30 percent of the basal area damaged within recent partial cut strata.					
High	Heavy damage along recent cutblock edges. More than 70% of the basal area within the first tree length damaged (less than 30% remains standing). Between 30 and 70% of the basal area is damaged within recent partial cut strata.					
Very High	Very severe damage along recent cutblock edges. More than 70% of the basal area damaged in both the first and second tree lengths into the edge (and damage may extend beyond the second tree length). More than 70% of basal area damaged in recent partial cut strata.					