Rationales for 2023 Survey Procedure Updates

Email taisa.brown@gov.bc.ca if you would like to:

- -join the surveyor distribution list
- -provide feedback on the survey procedures, field cards, manual, videos, etc.
- -learn about the silviculture surveyor accreditation program

A "What's New 2023" training series is posted on the BC Silviculture Surveys YouTube channel and the BC Silviculture Surveys website.

You can order paper field cards from www.dcv.gov.bc.ca (government clients) or dcvcustomerser@gov.bc.ca/ 1 800 282 7955 (other clients).

Example Labels

Inventory-

Old: Fdi40At30Sx10Bl10Cw10 -13/12-1.4/1.3-21/I-20-12,700(22) New: Fdi38At30Sx12Bl11Cw9-13/12-1.7/1.6-21/I-20-12,520(22)

Key Changes:

- o Record species composition to the nearest 1%
- o For single-layer SUs: Base species composition on tree counts by species (excluding germinants).
- o For multi-layer SUs: Base species composition on basal area sweeps by species for Layer 1 and tree counts by species (excluding germinants) for Layers 2, 3, and 4.
- o Include in-season partial growth in height measurements.
- For height and age measurements, select the tallest, living tree (excluding residuals) within the plot for the stratum's leading and secondary species.

Silviculture-

Old: FG-Fdi56Sx22Bl13Cw9-12-1.2-21/E-920(22) New: FG-Fdi56Sx22Bl13Cw9-12-1.5-920(22)

Key changes:

- o Include in-season partial growth in height measurements.
- o Measure height and age on a representative WS or FG tree of the stratum's leading species.
- o Site index and source is optional. It is not reported to RESULTS.

Survey Changes

Data Element	Old	New	Rationale
Inventory species	Mathematically average	For single layer SUs: Complete	-The G&Y program and others (e.g., carbon,
composition	and manually adjust ocular	tree counts by species at all plots.	wildlife, forest health) requested:
	estimates to determine		 Improved precision for the inventory
	species composition.	For multi-layer SUs:	species composition
		Complete tree counts by species	 Spatial and temporal distribution of
		at all plots for Layers 2, 3, and 4.	total stems and species
		Complete number "in" counts by	-The program areas were concerned about
		species at all plots for Layer 1	rounding (nearest 10%), the precision
		trees.	standard (20%), and the use of ocular
			estimates.
		For single layer SUs or for Layers	-The program areas and the OCF statistician
		2, 3, and 4 for multi-layer SUs:	recommended basing species composition on
		Determine inventory species	tree counts by species at each plot.
		composition based on tree	-Tree counts by species at each plot removes
		counts by species for plot-based	observer bias, makes sampling repeatable,
		sampling methods (vector and	and prevents the overestimation of minor
		grid).	species and underestimation of smaller trees.
			-Tree counts by species facilitates post-
		For multi-layer SUs:	processing of data to capture spatial
		Determine inventory species	distribution of total stems and species through
		composition based on number	measures of dispersion.
		"in" by species for plot-based	-Species composition for Layer 1 trees is based
		sampling methods (vector and	on basal area in the VRI, not volume.
		grid) for Layer 1.	-Species composition for Layer 2 trees is based
			on density in the VRI, not volume.
Inventory species	Roughly average species	Record inventory species	-Improve precision.
composition	composition to the nearest	composition to the nearest 1%.	-Capture minor species.
	10%.	Ex. Hw55Fdc37Cw8	
	Ex. Hw50Fdc40Cw10	Note: Capped at 10 species.	
Inventory tree	Record the total number of	Record the total number of live	-Program areas viewed germinants as
counts	live commercial coniferous	coniferous and broadleaf trees	inconsequential.

	and broadleaf trees within the plot. All trees, regardless of their height, are to be tallied, including germinants.	within the plot. All trees are to be tallied, except germinants. Germinant= ≤5cm natural Optional: Can track ≤5cm naturals in the new "Germinants" field.	-Difficult to identify species of germinantsPossibly low survivalEasier to understand how WS numbers could potentially improve if tallied separatelyCreate survey efficiencies.	
Inventory tree counts	No guidance.	Tree counts by species can be estimated if >50 trees (excluding germinants, all species combined) are in the 3.99m radius plot.	-Reduced impact if accuracy is lower above 10,000sphCreate survey efficiencies.	
Total conifers	Record the total number of live coniferous trees within the plot, including both acceptable and unacceptable quality trees.	Calculate with tree tallies by species.	-Create survey efficiencies.	
Total trees	Record the total number of live coniferous and broadleaf trees within the plot, including both acceptable and unacceptable quality trees.	Calculate with tree tallies by species.	-Create survey efficiencies.	
Inventory & Silviculture height	Measure height to the last completed year's growth during the active growing season.	Measure height to the top of the tree, including any partial growth.	•	
Inventory height/age	Select a dominant or co- dominant tree of the leading species or secondary species.	Select the tallest, living tree (excluding residuals) in the 3.99m radius plot for the leading and secondary species.	-More repeatablePrevents confusion when a leading or secondary species is not dominant/codominantPrevents the misconception that the inventory label is reflective of dominant/codominant trees.	
Silviculture heights/ages	Plot: Select an average well-spaced or free	Plot: Select a representative well-	-Align with common practiceAlign with RESULTS reporting display.	

	growing tree from within the plot. Measure and record the total height to the last completed year's growth. Reporting: Submit average of well spaced or free growing sample heights/ages. This value is meant to be representative of all preferred and acceptable WSTs or FGTs. It is not specific to a species.	spaced or free growing tree from within the 3.99m plot for the leading silviculture species. Measure and record the total height, including partial growth. Measure and record the age. Reporting: Submit average of well-spaced or free growing sample heights/ages of the leading silviculture species.	-If linked to a species, silviculture heights can be compared to FG minimum heights and used to project growth.
Silviculture site index	Record the site index of the leading species in the silviculture label.	Stop recording silviculture site index.	-Silviculture SI is not transferred to RESULTS. NOTE: SI is reported to RESULTS for the polygon component. It pulls the inventory SI. This will remain a mandatory reporting requirement.
Forest health	Regen Delay: BMP to report forest health damage.	Regen Delay: Mandatory to report forest health damage. • All plots, all trees. • Free Growing Damage Criteria do not apply. • Well-spaced seedlings can have reportable damage. • Tally all incidences of forest health factors (max 1/tree), except very minor damage (pg.90).	-Facilitate CBST monitoringIncrease awareness of survival factors and temporal distribution of damage agentsReflect actual stand conditions in RESULTS for G&Y and other program areas.

BMP: If survival is expected to be poor, do not declare regen delay met off planting.
BMP : Complete a forest cover submission if the attributes of the forest cover inventory significantly change.

^{*}BMP= best management practice

Reporting

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	Old	New	Rationale	
Objectives	Objective codes are	Objective codes are mandatory for drought or	-Meet data needs of CBST team and the	
	optional.	frost caused replants or fill plants.	Interior Silviculture Subcommittee Drought	
			Working Group	
		If applicable, use NG (frost) or ND (drought) for		
		the objective code.		