Preparing a Financial Statement

Form 4

Provincial Court Family Rules

Complete this form to provide financial information to the court and the other party.

Without financial information, it is impossible to decide a fair and proper amount for child support or spousal support. A party to a family law matter must give the other party full and true information to resolve the family law matter.

If a party does not give their complete, true, and up-to-date income information when needed, the court can:

- · order that the income information be provided
- · assume the party's income is a certain amount for support purposes and make an order based on it
- · require a party to give security
- require a party to pay the other party's expenses, an amount to the other party up to \$5,000, or a fine up to \$5,000
- · make any other order the court considers appropriate

A person must not use or disclose any information of any other parties contained in their financial statement except to the extent necessary to resolve a case under the Provincial Court Family Rules.

This form has five parts. You may not have to complete the form or all its parts. Which parts you must complete depends on which situation applies to you as set out in the chart below. **If none apply, you do not have to complete the form.**

Situation	Part 1	Part 2	Part 3	Part 4	Part 5
There is an application for spousal support	1	1	1		
I am being asked to pay or paying child support	1				
Parenting time is split or shared	1	1	1		
There is an application for special or extraordinary expenses for a child	1	1	1		
There is a child at or over 19 years old for whom support is being applied for	1	1	1		
A party has been acting as a parent to a child of the other party	1	1	1		
The paying parent earns more than \$150,000 per year	1	1	1		
I am making an application about my payment of arrears	1	1	1		
I am making an application for undue hardship	1	1	1	1	1
The other party is making an application for undue hardship	1	1	1	1	
I will be receiving child support and none of other situations above apply	You do not have to complete the form.		m.		

Note: Each Part needs to be completed only once regardless of the number of applicable situations for which it is required.

What you need to get started

Try to collect as much information as possible before you start.

You might need:

- copies of your tax returns for the last three years
- · copies of notice of assessment and reassessment for the last three years
- proof of income from all sources
- · records of expenses and debts
- · records of assets
- · income information about other adults living in your household

Step 1: Complete the Financial Statement form
This form is available online at www.gov.bc.ca/court-forms or at any Provincial Court Registry.
You can complete the form online and print it for filing. You can also complete it by hand. If you complete it by hand, be sure it's readable. Registry staff and staff at any <u>Justice Access Centre</u> or <u>Family Justice Centre</u> can help answer questions about the forms but they cannot help complete your forms or give advice about legal problems. If you need help filling in the forms and do not have a lawyer, ask the court registry staff or staff at the Justice Access Centre or Family Justice Centre to refer you to someone who can help.
Follow the instructions in the form.
To prepare the form for filing:
 collect the parts you completed, and any attachments as referenced in the form
 print or make copies of all documents: one set for you, one set for the Court, and one set for each other party
staple each package of documents together
• bring all copies to the court registry for filing or send by mail or by fax filing using the <u>Fax Filing Cover Page Form 52</u>
Step 2: Get the affidavit sworn/affirmed and signed with a commissioner for taking affidavits $ \Box $
The financial statement must be signed in front of a commissioner for taking affidavits. They will need to see a piece of your photo ID and they will ask you to promise that the information in the financial statement is true.
Lawyers and notaries are all commissioners for taking affidavits. The court registry also has staff who are commissioners for taking affidavits who can swear or affirm your affidavit for free.
Step 3: File your Financial Statement form at the Provincial Court Registry $\ oxdot$
You must file at the courthouse where the existing Application About a Family Law Matter or family law case is filed.

The registry clerk will review your package to make sure it is complete before filing it. You will be given a copy for your records.

Step 4: Serve the financial statement on each other party

Service is the act of giving or leaving documents with the required person. You must serve a copy of the financial statement on each other party. If you are filing your financial statement:

- with your Application About a Family Law Matter, it is served along with the application
- with your Reply to a Family Law Matter, the registry will give a copy to the other party. This counts as you serving it on them.
- · in any other circumstance, it must be served on the other party to their address for service

Unless the registry serves it, the court may need proof the documents were served. The person serving the document(s) must complete a Certificate of Service Form 7 so that you can prove service took place. You must attach a copy of the documents to the Certificate of Service. Remember to make a copy before the documents are served

Tips for Completing the Form:

Registry location and court file number -

Copy this information from the top right corner of the Notice to Resolve a Family Law Matter or other document filed with the court

Identifying information -

Your affidavit must include your name, address and occupation. If you have not given your home address for safety reasons as your address for service of court documents, you can include another address (usually the address you gave as your address for service of court documents) using "care of" or "c/o" in front of the address.

For example: I, John Doe, nurse, c/o 123 Main Street, Somewhere, B.C.

Complete disclosure -

Remember that you must give full and complete financial disclosure to the court. Look at the chart on the first page of the instructions to see which parts you need to complete.

Swearing or affirming the affidavit -

The financial statement is used as evidence by the court when they are deciding what order to make.

It must be signed only with a commissioner for taking affidavits. Do not sign the document until they tell you that you can. You will sign it in front of them. They will need to see a piece of your photo ID and they will ask you to promise that the information in the financial statement is true.

Lawyers and notaries are all commissioners for taking affidavits. The court registry also has staff who are commissioners for taking affidavits who can swear or affirm your affidavit for free.











Financial Statement

Form 4

Provincial Court Family Rules Rules 3, 25, 28 and 172

Registry Location:	
Court File Number:	

I,		of		
(full name of party)	(occupation)	(addr	ess of party, city, province)	
Swear or affirm that:				
1. The information set out in this financial s	statement is true, to the	best of my knowledg	је.	
2. I have made complete disclosure in this	financial statement of:			
Select all options that apply my income, including benefits and my expenses and debts, in Part 2 my assets, in Part 3 income of other person(s) in my ho undue hardship, in Part 5		Part 1		
Sworn or affirmed before me				
at,	, British Columbia			
On				
A Commissioner for taking Affidavits in British Columbia (print name or affix stamp of commissioner)		Signature		

Part 1 - Income

It can be hard to calculate the income used to decide the amount of child support or spousal support, especially if you are self-employed, your income isn't stable, or you have many sources of income.

The adjustments you can apply to calculate your income for support are different than adjustments you might be able to claim for taxes. This part of the form will collect information about your income and the adjustments that can be applied. If your income and adjustments are expected to be similar to what is set out in your most recent federal tax return, you can use those amounts for the income summary. If not, record what you expect the amounts on your federal tax return to be this year.

The <u>Federal Child Support Guidelines</u> describe the requirements for disclosure, calculating income, and proof of income that are required for child support applications.

It may be a good idea to get help from an accountant or lawyer to complete this form.

Tax returns and notices of assessment -

You will need to attach a copy of your last three years of income tax returns, and a copy of each notice of assessment or reassessment issued to you by the Canada Revenue Agency for the three most recent tax years.

If you don't have copies, you will need to get them from the Canada Revenue Agency. www.canada.ca/revenue-agency

Sources of income -

The court needs to know how much **monthly** income you have. This includes income from all sources, including pay, benefits you may receive, and cash.

Select all the sources of income you have and show the **monthly** amount you receive. Please use the gross amounts (before taxes and deductions). If you are not paid monthly for any of your income sources, you will need to calculate or estimate the amount you would receive if it was paid monthly.

Use "other" to indicate any additional sources of income that you have not already included in the list.

Proof of income -

For each of the sources of income you indicated, you will need to show the court proof of the amount you are earning.

Select each source of income that applies to you and attach the statement or proof of income as described.

- If you are an employee, your most recent pay stub or statement of earnings that shows your total earnings this year, or a letter from your employer that says how much you have made this year and what your salary is expected to be
- If you are collecting Employment Insurance (EI) benefits, Workers' Compensation or Income Assistance, a copy of your benefit statement and record of employment (EI only)
- If you have investment income, a copy of the interest and investment statement
- If you are collecting a pension, a copy of the pension income statement
- If you are self-employed, a copy for the three most recent taxation years of the financial statements and breakdown of salaries, wages, management fees or other payments or benefits paid to, or on behalf of, persons or corporations with whom you do not deal at arm's length
- If you are a partner in a partnership, confirmation of your income and draw from, and capital in, the partnership for its three most recent taxation years
- If you control a corporation, a copy, for the three most recent taxation years, of the financial statement of the corporation and its subsidiaries, and a breakdown of all salaries, wages, management fees or other payments or benefits paid to, or on behalf of, persons or corporations with whom the corporation and every related corporation does not deal at arm's length
- If you are a beneficiary under a trust, a copy of the trust settlement agreement and the three most recent financial statements of the trust
- If you have any other source of income, you will need to include it in the list and include proof of your annual earnings from that income source

Part 1 - Income

1.	I am a	ttaching a copy of each of the following documents to my financial statement:
	\square m	y tax return and related schedules for each of the three most recent taxation years; and
	☐ ar	ny notice of assessment and reassessment issued by the CRA for each of the three most recent taxation years.
2	All of a	my sources of income and amounts of income per month are as follows:
۷.		and complete all that apply. Please use gross amounts (before taxes or deductions)
	□ er	nployment income of \$ from
	□ er	nployment insurance benefits of \$
	□ w	orkers compensation benefit of \$
	☐ in	terest and investment income of \$
	□ ре	ension income of \$
	☐ go	overnment assistance income of \$ from
	□ se	elf-employment income of \$
		ust income of \$
	□ ot	her income of \$ from
	0.	(source)
3.	I am a	ttaching proof of income from all applicable sources, including my:
	Select	and attach all that apply.
	\square m	ost recent pay stub or statement of earnings, or a letter from my employer stating my salary and/or wages
		ost recent employment insurance benefit statement and record of employment
		ost recent workers compensation benefit statement
	_	ost recent interest and investment statement
		ost recent pension income statement ost recent government assistance statement
		ost recent government assistance statement elf-employment income for the three most recent taxation years, including:
		the financial statements of my business or professional practice, other than a partnership, and
		a statement showing a breakdown of all salaries, wages, management fees or other payments or benefits paid to, or on
		ehalf of, persons or corporations with whom I do not deal at arm's length
		onfirmation of income and draw from, and capital in, a partnership, for the three most recent taxation years
		propriete income for the three most recent taxation years, including:
		the financial statements of the corporation and its subsidiaries, and) a statement showing a breakdown of all salaries, wages, management fees or other payments or benefits paid to, or on
	-	chalf of, persons or corporations with whom the corporation, and every related corporation, does not deal at arms' length
		ust settlement agreement and the trust's three most recent financial statements
		her (specify):

Income summary -

You will need to use your most recent tax return or other evidence of your current income and adjustments to complete this section. If your income and adjustments are expected to be similar to what is set out in your most recent federal tax return, you can use the amount from the referenced parts of the tax return for the income summary. If not, record what you expect the amounts on your federal tax return to be this year. Put '0' in a field if it doesn't apply to you.

The amounts you put in this table will be subtracted from (deductions) or added to (additions) your income for the purposes of determining child suport, the portion owing for special or extraordinary expenses, or spousal support. Remember to record all of these as **yearly (annual)** amounts.

For help calculating your income, you can visit the Department of Justice website on child support which includes detailed information including the Federal Child Support Guidelines: Step-by-Step Worksheet 1. You can also talk with a child support officer, family justice counsellor or a lawyer.

- 1 Total annual income (line 15000 of tax return or expected amount for this year) before adjustments
- 2 Taxable child support received (line 12800 of tax return)
- 3 Spousal support received from the other parent (line 12800 of tax return)
- 4 Universal child care benefit (UCCB) lump-sum payment if included in income (line 11700 of tax return)
- 5 Split-pension amount if paid by the other party (line 11600 of tax return)
- 6 Employment expenses (line 21200 and 22900 of tax return)
- 7 Social assistance received for other members of your household (portion of line 14500 of tax return that applies to other members)
- 8 Excess portion of dividends from taxable Canadian Corporations (line 12000 of tax return minus total amount of dividends on T5)
- 9 Actual business investment losses (line 21699 of tax return)
- 10 Carrying charges (line 22100 of tax return)
- 11 Partnership or sole proprietorship income required to use for capital in the partnership/proprietorship
- 12. Add all your deductions and record the total amount in line 12 of the table
- 13 Capital gains and capital losses (line 19700 of Schedule 3 minus line 12700 of tax return if zero or less, indicate "0" in this line)
- 14 Non-arms length payments made from self employment income including wages to non-arm's length parties except for the portion that is necessary to earn self-employment income.
- 15 Capital cost allowance for property
- 16 Employee stock options with Canadian-controlled private corporation exercised
- 17. Add all your additions and record the total amount in line 17 of the table

To calculate your annual income for child support purposes you must do the following equation: **Total income before adjustments** (line 1 of the table)

- Total deductions from income (line 12 of the table)
- + Total additions to income (line 17 of the table)
- = Annual income for spousal support purposes (line 18 of the table)

If the application includes a request for an order about special or extraordinary expenses or spousal support, complete the rest of the table.

To calculate your annual income for special and extraordinary expenses you must do the following equation:

- Total income for child support purposes (line 18 of the table)
- + Any benefit paid to you for a child that special and extraordinary expenses are requested for, that is not already included in your income on line 18 [Federal Child Support Guidelines Schedule III s. 3.1] (line 19 of the table)
- + Amount received from the other party for spousal support (line 20 of the table)
- Amount paid to the other party for spousal support (line 21 of the table)
 Annual income for special and extraordinary expenses (line 22 of the table)

To calculate your annual income for spousal support purposes you must do the following equation:

Total income for child support purposes (line 18 of the table)

+ Total additions to income for spousal support (lines 23, 24 and 25 of the table)
Annual income for spousal support purposes (line 26 of the table)

4. Income Summary:

Use gross annual amounts (before taxes or deductions) except where the word "net" appears

Total	income before adjustments			
1	My total annual income (If your total income of your most recent federal income tax return sets out what you expect your income to be for this year, record that amount. Otherwise, record what you expect your total income for this year to be from all sources of income that apply to you.)	\$		
Adjus	stments to total income in accordance with Schedule III of the Child Support Guidelines			
Dedu	ctions (use annual amounts)			
2	Taxable child support received	\$		
3	Spousal support received	\$		
4	Universal child care benefit (UCCB) lump-sum payment	\$		
5	Split-pension amount	\$		
6	Employment expenses	\$		
7	Social assistance received for other members of your household	\$		
8	Excess portion of dividends from taxable Canadian corporations	\$		
9	Actual business investment losses	\$		
10	Carrying charges	\$		
11	Partnership or sole proprietorship income required to use for capital in the partnership/proprietorship	\$		
12	Total deductions from income (add lines 2 through 11)	\$		
Addit	ions (use annual amount)			
13	Offset of capital gains and capital losses (if zero or less, indicate "0" in this line)	\$		
14	Payments made from self-employment income including wages to non-arm's length parties except for the portion that is necessary to earn self-employment income	\$		
15	Capital cost allowance for property	\$		
16	Value of exercised employee stock options with Canadian-controlled private corporation	\$		
17	Total additions to income (add lines 13 through 16)	\$		
18	Annual income for child support purposes (line 1 minus line 12 plus line 17)	\$		
19	Add Any benefit paid to you for a child for whom special or extraordinary expenses are being requested, that is not included in the income on line 18	\$		
20	Add Spousal support received from other party (if any)	\$		
21	Subtract Spousal support paid to other party (if any)	\$		
22	Annual income for special or extraordinary expenses (line 18 plus lines 19 and 20 minus line 21)	\$		
Other	Other additions to income for spousal support (complete only if there is an application for spousal support)			
23	Total child support recieved	\$		
24	Social assistance received for other members of your household	\$		
25	Any government benefit received for a child that is not included in the income on line 18	\$		
26	Annual income for spousal support purposes (line 18 plus lines 23 through 25)	\$		

Part 2 - Personal expenses and debts

Support is intended to help with the living expenses of the child (child support) or spouse (spousal support). This includes things like housing, food, transportation, clothing, personal care items and basic activities and medical needs.

Accurately identifying your expenses and debts helps a judge understand whether there are any unusual circumstances they need to pay attention to when making orders related to child and spousal support. Expenses and debts are particularly important if a claim is being made for spousal support or for a child support order that is more, or less than the guideline table amount.

Expenses -

An expense is the amount of money you spend on something. The court needs to know how much you pay monthly and yearly for the expenses listed in the table.

You may not know the exact amount you pay for all of the things listed. That's okay. You can give the court an estimate. Just remember, it is important to be honest. You don't want to exaggerate your expenses and debts, or underestimate your income, because the court will ask you to explain how you are paying for everything. If you've been truthful, it will be easy to prove to the court what money is coming in and how it is being spent.

To complete the table, estimate your monthly and yearly spending for each expense category.

For housing, food and household supplies, and transportation, you will need to give a more detailed break down of the expenses and then add up each category, so you get a subtotal.

The subtotal can then be moved over to the monthly and yearly columns to calculate the total for all your expenses.



Part 2 – Personal expenses and debts Expenses

An expense is the amount of money you spend on something.

Estimate how much you pay in a month and a year for each of the expenses listed below. Note: You may be asked to provide the court with proof of an amount or a breakdown of how you came to the estimate.

Expenses			Monthly	Yearly
Housing	Monthly	Yearly	\$	\$
Rent/mortgage				
Property taxes and strata fees			1	
Utilities Include electricity, gas, water, waste, home phone, and internet				
Homeowner/renter's Insurance				
Home maintenance and repair				
Other				
Housing Subtotal:	\$	\$ ->		
Food & Household supplies	Monthly	Yearly	\$	\$
Groceries				
Eating out				
Household supplies such as cleaning supplies, lightbulbs, batteries, toilet paper and laundry detergent				
Other				
Food & Household supplies Subtotal:	\$	\$ ->		
Transportation	Monthly	Yearly	\$	\$
Car Insurance and car loan payments				
Fuel				
Maintenance and repairs			1	
Public Transit, taxis and parking				
Other			1	
Transportation Subtotal:	\$	\$ ->		
Clothing & Self-care Include clothing, hair dresser/barber and cosmetics			\$	\$
Health & Medical			Φ.	Φ.
Include regular dental care, orthodontics, medicine, eye glass	ses or contact le	enses	\$	\$
Children Include school activities, extracurricular activities, tuition/school fees, camps, babysitting, allowances and daycare			\$	\$
Miscellaneous/Other Include gifts & donations, alcohol, tobacco & cannabis, entertainment & recreation, cell phone, cable, subscription services, pet expenses and vacations			\$	\$
Premiums, Contributions and Debt Repayment Include life or term insurance premiums, RRSP or other contributions, debt repayment (for expenses not itemized above)			\$	\$
Other (specify):			\$	\$
		Total	\$	\$

Debts -



A debt is an amount of money you owe someone that you have a duty to pay. This may include things like a mortgage, car loan, student loan, credit card, line of credit or court judgment. It also includes a loan from a friend or family member that you are expected to pay back.

The amount you are paying **monthly** and **yearly** towards the debts should be included in the expenses section instead of here. In this table, you will need to indicate the balance owing (the amount that you still have to pay).

Note: You don't have to show proof of your expenses and debts now, but you should be prepared. The court may ask you to provide proof of the expenses or debts you have included in this form. This may include:

- proof of daily living expenses such as bill payments and bank statements
- mortgage statements, rental agreement or rent payment receipts
- credit card statements
- car payment or other loan statements
- proof of other debts such as a student loan or line of credit
- court orders requiring you to pay

Debts

A debt is an amount of money you owe someone that you have a duty to pay.

Identify any outstanding debts. Do NOT record the monthly payment for mortgage, car loans, credit card payments or other debts included in the expenses section above, just the total balance owing.

Name of creditor	Reason for borrowing	Balance owing
(name of bank, finance company, person, etc)	(for example, mortgage, car loan, school)	
		\$
		\$
		\$
		\$
		\$
		\$
		\$
		\$
		\$
	Total	\$

Part 3 - Assets

Information about assets helps to provide a full picture for the court of a family's financial circumstances. It is particularly important when an order for spousal support is requested.

Assets -

An asset is something of value that you own or that belongs to you. Assets include property and homes, cars, cash, investments and things like valuable jewelry.

The value of an asset (amount it is worth) can sometimes be hard to determine. You can ask a professional, including an accountant, lawyer, real estate agent or appraiser to help you determine the value. You can also check your area to see how much a similar asset is listed for sale for. Resale websites, realtor listings and consignment shops are a good place to start.

You need to list your assets in the categories listed in Part 3 of the form, including any assets that are not in British Columbia. If you own an asset with someone else, you still need to list it but you can include in the description how much you own. For example, if you own a house together with someone else, you can state that you have 50% ownership.

Remember to be honest. You don't want to exaggerate or underestimate the value of your assets and the court may ask you how you determined the value of the asset. Be prepared to explain it to the court.

Disposition of assets -

Indicate if you have sold or disposed of an asset(s) in the last two years. If you have, tell the court about the asset including a description and how much money you made from the sale or disposal.

Part 3 - Assets

Complete this part only if you are required to provide information about assets. See the chart in the instructions for this form to determine if this part applies to your situation.

An asset is something of value that you own or that belongs to you.

List all your assets in the table below, provide a brief description and how much the asset is currently worth (the value).

Asset	Description of asset	Current value of Asset
Real Estate	Street address	Market Value
Cars/Boats/Vehicles	Make, model, year	Market Value
Cash assets - including cash and bank accounts	Type of cash asset (for example cash, savings account, chequing account)	Current Balance
Investments - including TFSAs, RRSPs, stocks and bonds, pensions)	Type of investment	Current Balance
Loans and Credit (money owing to me)	Name of borrower	Amount owing
Other - including precious metals, art, jewelry or other items of high value	Brief description	Market Value
	Total	

Disposition of I	Assets
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I have sold or disposed of an asset(s) in the last two years	☐ yes	☐ no		
If ves, please describe the asset(s) you sold or disposed of a	and indicate	how much vou	umade from the sa	ale or disposa

You must fill out this part only if one party is making a claim for undue hardship.	
Sometimes the amount of child support determined under the <u>Federal Child Support Guidelines</u> , when combined with other circumstances, may create undue hardship for a person or their child.	
The court can make a child support order for an amount different from the <u>Federal Child Support Guidelines</u> . A party can ask if they believe paying or receiving the guideline table amount would make them suffer financially to an excessive amount because of specific circumstances. Either parent can claim undue hardship.	
To determine if a different amount should be paid, the court must look at each household's standard of living.	
When you are providing the annual income of the other person in your household (spouse, partner or other adult), you must include all sources of income just as you have in Part 1. This includes employment, benefits, investment and business income.	
Household expenses include those expenses you identified in Part 2. Indicate how much your spouse, partner or other adult in the household is contributing towards those expenses.	

Part 4 – Income of Other Persons in Household

Part 4 - Income of Other Persons in Household

towards the household expenses.

	omplete this part only if you or the other party has made a claim for un at apply to your circumstances. You may leave a section blank.	due hardship in a child support claim. Complete all sections
1.	☐ I live alone.	
2.	I am living with	They have an annual income of \$
3.	☐ I/we live with the following other adult(s):	
	Full name of adult	Annual income
4.	\square I/we have ${[\text{number of children}]}$ child(ren) who live(s) in the home.	
5.	My spouse/partner or other adult(s) residing in the home contributes	about \$ per

Part 5 - Undue Hardship

Sometimes the amount of child support determined under the <u>Federal Child Support Guidelines</u>, when combined with other circumstances, may create undue hardship for a person or their child.



The court can make a child support order for an amount different from the <u>Federal Child Support Guidelines</u>. A party can ask if they believe paying or receiving the guideline table amount would make them suffer financially to an excessive amount because of specific circumstances. Either parent can claim undue hardship.

A party may claim undue hardship if:

- they are in a lot of debt from supporting the family before separation
- it costs a lot to be able to spend time with the child(ren) (for example, travel costs)
- they have to make other support payments for an ill or disabled person
- they must make other support payments for a child from another relationship

Identify each reason why you are claiming undue hardship and provide the information requested.

Part 5 - Undue Hardship

mplete all sections that apply to your circumstances. You may leave			
I have an unusual or excessive amount of debt I incurred to sup	pport the family prior to separation or to ear	amily prior to separation or to earn a living as follows	
Name of creditor and reason for borrowing (name of bank, finance company, etc)	Balance owing	Annual debt repayment	
(name of bank, imance company, etc)		Тераушеш	
I have unusually high expenses to exercise parenting time or contact with the child(ren).			
Specify below what expenses you have			
oposity bolow what expended you have			
☐ I have a legal duty to support another person, such as a person	n who is ill or disabled or a former spouse.		
		Annual amoun	
☐ I have a legal duty to support another person, such as a person Full name of adult you support	n who is ill or disabled or a former spouse. Monthly amount paid for support	Annual amoun paid for suppo	
	Monthly amount		
Full name of adult you support	Monthly amount paid for support		
	Monthly amount paid for support		
Full name of adult you support	Monthly amount paid for support	paid for suppo	
Full name of adult you support I have a legal duty to support a dependant child from another re	Monthly amount paid for support	paid for suppo	
Full name of adult you support I have a legal duty to support a dependant child from another re	Monthly amount paid for support	paid for suppo	
Full name of adult you support I have a legal duty to support a dependant child from another re	Monthly amount paid for support	paid for suppo	
Full name of adult you support I have a legal duty to support a dependant child from another re	Monthly amount paid for support	paid for suppo	
Full name of adult you support I have a legal duty to support a dependant child from another re	Monthly amount paid for support	paid for suppo	
Full name of adult you support I have a legal duty to support a dependant child from another re	Monthly amount paid for support	paid for suppo	