How Does Repayment of Hardship Assistance Work?

The ministry only collects a repayment when your El benefits are above a certain amount. This amount is called the Minimum Weekly Living Allowance (MWLA).

Example: For a single person the MWLA is \$215. This is calculated by dividing the monthly hardship rate (\$935) by the average number of weeks in a month (4.33).

For this person, El above \$215 per week will be deducted in order to repay hardship assistance.

Please plan ahead for the repayment deduction. If you have other debts to the federal government, these debts may also be deducted from your EI, even if this means the EI you receive is less than the MWLA.

Example:

You are a single person, without the Persons with Disabilities designation, who was laid off May 31.

You apply for El benefits May 31, and apply for assistance June 1.

Your El benefits claim is approved at \$300 weekly minus \$50 income tax (\$250 per week received). Your start date is June 7 because of the one week waiting period for El.

June Benefit Month

You are issued hardship assistance of \$935.

You receive EI benefits of \$750 (\$250 per week for three weeks) Any EI benefits you receive above the MWLA are repaid to the ministry.

In this case, your MWLA is $$645 ($215 \times 3 \text{ weeks})$. This means \$105 is deducted from your El to repay the ministry.

\$750 El received = \$645 MWLA you keep + \$105 money deducted to repay hardship.

July Benefit Month

Your eligibility for assistance in July depends on your income in June.

You received \$750 El after tax, so you may be eligible for \$185 of assistance (\$750 El + \$185 assistance = \$935 rate for single individual).

Contact the ministry for information about your personal circumstances. You may be asked to contact Service Canada.

For More Information

If you have questions about assistance and the AOB, please contact the Ministry of Social Development and Poverty Reduction by calling

1-866-866-0800

or by visiting

gov.bc.ca/sdpr

If you have any questions about El benefits and the deductions and processing of the Assignment of Benefits, contact Service Canada. You can call toll-free at 1-800-206-7218, or find information online at https://www.canada.ca/en/services/benefits/ei.html

Hardship assistance must be repaid to the ministry and will be deducted from your El benefits. Please plan ahead for this deduction.



Employment Insurance and Assignment of Benefits

Information for people awaiting Employment Insurance





7550007159 08/2018

Waiting for Employment Insurance

When you apply for Employment Insurance (EI) benefits from the federal government, it may take several weeks before you receive your first payment.

If you need help with rent, food or other basic needs during the wait, you may apply for hardship assistance from the Ministry of Social Development and Poverty Reduction ("the ministry").

If you are approved for EI, the hardship assistance you received while your claim was determined is repayable.

If eligible for assistance, you may choose to receive less assistance than the maximum amount of hardship assistance to reduce the amount you must repay.

Hardship assistance is provided one month at a time. This means your eligibility must be renewed every month.

For example, if you applied for hardship assistance in January and are eligible, you may receive the assistance in January.

If you still require hardship assistance for February, you can submit a Monthly Report at the end of January, and attach proof of any income you received in January, to be assessed for hardship assistance for February.

Hardship Assistance and Employment Insurance

El benefits issued by the federal government may be back-dated. This means there could be an overlap of El payments and hardship assistance from the ministry.

When you get hardship assistance, you are required to sign a form called the Assignment of Benefits (AOB).

The AOB form authorizes the federal government to deduct a repayment directly from your El for any weeks where you received both hardship assistance and El benefits.

What Happens When You Receive El Benefits

If the amount of EI benefits you receive is **more** than the maximum hardship assistance, you will no longer be eligible for assistance.

If the amount of EI benefits you receive is **less** than the maximum hardship assistance, you may be eligible for assistance from the ministry. This type of assistance does not have to be repaid.

A ministry worker will be able to determine your eligibility.

Note: Eligibility is based on your El benefit amount after taxes.

How is the Assistance Recovered?

The ministry works directly with the federal government to coordinate the repayment. Your repayment is automatically deducted from your El benefits.

The hardship assistance you receive will be deducted from your El benefits by Service Canada — the federal government department responsible for administering El benefits. For an explanation of how repayment works, please see the other side of this brochure.

If you have other debts to the federal government, these debts may also be deducted from your EI. The ministry does not have any authority over your EI benefits or federal government decisions. You will need to discuss this with Service Canada.

