

BCTS CHK-004

Completed by hand, in Word as a protected form or by Hand Held digital application for entry into Cengea Forest - Resources.

Section A	Business Area:	Field Team:	ORCS/ARCS File(s):	Date of Pre-Work: Click here to enter a date.
	Contract #:	Geographic Location:	Project Name:	Pre-Work Type:
07	Contractor:		On-site Supervisor:	

Section A:

Business Area, Field Team, File are mandatory. Contract # is free text mandatory in Word but will be from Cengea Forest - Resources maintenance table in hand held version. Enter date in Word using date picker field. In the Hand Held, Contractor will come from Cengea Forest - Resources registrant table. Geographic location will be from planning module in Cengea Forest - Resources table, Project Name and on-site supervisor will be free text.

Pre-Work type is a drop-down field in Word and includes "Initial" and "Progress". Progress pre-work refers to any pre-work subsequent to initial pre-work (i.e. after shut-down, subsequent phases, delayed start, significant changes).

	Pre-Work Scope & Detail		
Section B	Project Risk Ranking EMS:	Contract Type Tree Planting Mechanical Site Preparation Stand Tending Herbicide Treatment Manual Brushing Prescribed Burning Silviculture Project Implementation Contract Other (specify): Blocks / Areas Applicable to Pre-work	Pre-work Method Field Office Telephone Applicable Legislation FRPA FPC Other (Specify):

Section B:

Project Risk Ranking will be determined from Risk Assessment and will have the required inspections indicated. Note the risk ranking for some contracts may be Low and have No Inspections as per required comments from Area Forester / Woodlands Supervisor. This could apply to EMS or Safety depending on type of contract, i.e. Spatial data entry etc. Refer to Business Area EMS risk ranking for further guidance. Indicate Tests and Drills as per EMS protocols. Contract Type and Inspection Method are check boxes with the exception of Other in the Contract Type which will have free text in word.

Note: Use Consulting Services checklists (CHK 001, CHK 005) for silviculture survey contracts. Use Silviculture checklists (CHK 004, CHK 008) for silviculture project implementation contracts.

Indicate the blocks or areas that are applicable to this pre-work (free text).

Check applicable legislation for blocks / areas in the pre-work. Other could refer to the Fort St. John Pilot Project, Stillwater Pilot project, etc.

C		Yes: Inspector's opinion requirement is being met. Comments optional – Section E
on	Requirement	No: Inspector's opinion of non-conformance requiring Corrective Actions – Section D or,
cti	ID # & Status	Incident requiring Incident Root Cause Investigation Issue(s) – Section D.
S		ND: Not discussed. NA: Not applicable. Note: Refer to Guidance Document for requirement detail

For the purposes of a pre-work a Yes means that the requirement was discussed and that in the Inspector's opinion the requirement is being met or likely will be met barring unforeseen circumstances. A No means that the requirement was discussed and that in the Inspector's opinion the requirement is not being met or likely will not be met (Actual or potential non-conformance or Issue).

A pre-work will be for the purpose of sharing information and detailing expectations on the activities that will be conducted in accordance with one of the following types of requirements:

- Conformance with the Project Plan.
- Conformance with EMS / SFM requirements (e.g. EMS training completed and documented, pre-work(s) completed and documented, eERP completed, implemented and on-site, EFPs followed and onsite, etc.) and SFMP requirements.
- Licence, permit and/or contract conditions.



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Compliance with legislation (e.g. Forest and Range Practices Act, Wildfire Act, Forest Act, Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act, etc.).

Safety requirements

Note:

- If a practice is not restricted by any of these requirements, BCTS will not indicate a non-conformance nor require a corrective action.
- All findings at the time of inspection are considered opinions of the inspector.
- The inspector is expected to be an average competent person who has been trained in the completion of inspections.
- Nothing in this guidance will authorize a person to carry out activities that are not in compliance with legislation.

Definitions:

FRPA

Forest Practice: means a prescribed activity that is carried out by (a) the government; (b) a holder of an agreement under the Forest Act, or (c) a person in a prescribed category of persons on private land, subject to a tree farm licence, a community forest agreement or woodlot licence, or on Crown forest land;

Official: means an employee in the (a) ministry of the minister responsible for the administration of this Act, which employee is designated by name or title to be an official by that minister for the purpose of that provision, (b) ministry of the minister responsible for the Wildfire Act, which employee is designated by name or title to be an official by that minister for the purpose of that provision, or (c) Oil and Gas Commission who is designated by name or title to be an official by the minister responsible for the Oil and Gas Commission Act for the purpose of that provision;

Wildlife: means (a) vertebrates that are mammals, birds, reptiles, or amphibians and are prescribed as wildlife under the Wildlife Act, (b) fish from or in the non-tidal waters of British Columbia, including (i) vertebrates of the order Petromyzoniformes (lampreys) or class Osteichthyes (bony fishes), or (ii) invertebrates of the subphylum Crustacea (crustaceans) or phylum Mullusca (mollusks), and (c) invertebrates or plants listed by the Minister of Water, Land and Air Protection as endangered, threatened, or vulnerable species, and included the eggs and juvenile stages of these vertebrates, invertebrates and plants.

FPPR

Agreement holder: means a holder of an agreement under the Forest Act, other than a woodlot licence. For the purpose of these inspections, this includes BCTS.

Authorized person: means a person who is an agreement holder or a person who is described in paragraph (a), (a.1) or (c) in the definition of "authorized in respect of a road"

Authorized in respect of a road: means (a) a district manager, timber sales manager or other government employee or agent who is authorized by the minister to construct, maintain or deactivate a forest service road, (a.1) a person who (i) is the holder of a road use permit for a forest service road, and (ii) receives an other from the minister under section 79 (4), (b) an agreement holder who is authorized to construct, maintain or deactivate a road under a road permit, cutting permit or an agreement that does not provide for cutting permits, and (c) a person, other that a woodlot licence holder, who is authorized to construct, maintain or deactivate a road under a special use permit or within a Provincial forest under an Act other than (i) the Transportation Act, Land Act, Local Government Act, or Pipeline Act, or (ii) the Coal Act, Mineral Tenure Act, Mines Act, or Mining Right or Way Act, if the road is located within the boundaries of a claim, lease, permit or other authorization granted or issued under the applicable Act;

Harvest: in relation to timber, means to fell or remove timber, other than under a silviculture treatment, including to (a) yard, deck or load timber, (b) process timber on site, (c) pile or dispose of logging debris, (d) construct excavated or bladed trails or other logging trails, (e) rehabilitate an area referred to in section 35, and (f) carry out sanitation treatments associated with operations referred to in paragraphs (a) to (e);

Minor Tenure: means (a) a free use permit, (b) a Christmas tree permit, (c) an occupant licence to cut, or (d) a forestry licence to cut that is not a major licence and limits (i) the area from which timber may be harvested to 1 ha or less, and (ii) the volume of timber to be harvested to 2 000 m³ or less;

Primary Forest Activity: means one or more of the following: (a) timber harvesting; (b) silviculture treatments; (c) road construction, maintenance and deactivation;

Resource Feature: means a resource feature identified under the Government Actions Regulation'

Silviculture Treatment: includes (a) site preparation for the purpose of reforestation, (b) planting trees, (c) brushing, including grazing for the purposes of brushing, (d) juvenile spacing, (e) fertilization, (f) pruning, (g) sanitation treatments associated with a silviculture treatment, and (h) pest management treatments, other than sanitation treatments;

Temporary Access Structure: means an access structure that (a) is in a cutblock, and (b) does not conform to the criteria described in paragraph (a) or (b) of the definition of "permanent access structure" and does not include a pit or quarry;

Wildfire Act/Regulation

Industrial Activity: includes (a) land clearing, and (b) other activities included in this definition by regulation, but does not include activities excluded from this definition by regulation;

Resource Management Open Fire: means an open fire that (a) burns unpiled slash over an area of any size, or (b) is not a category 1, 2 or 3 open fire and is lit, fuelled or used for silviculture treatment, forest health management, wildlife habitat enhancement, fire hazard abatement, ecological restoration or range improvement



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FPC, Timber Harvesting and Silviculture Practices Regulation

Silviculture Treatment: means a treatment carried out individually or as part of a regime of treatments to create the described post harvest stand structure, site conditions or free growing conditions

The following pages outline some of the information the contract administrator should share with the contractor:

	ID#	01: Contract Safety Requirements	Status Y N ND NA	ID#	04: Legislative - Area and General Requirements	Status Y N ND NA
	0101	SAFE Company status ensured?		0401	Damage to the environment discussed	
	0103	First Aid Assessment discussed?		0404	Landslide or Gully Process with Adverse Effects discussed	
	0104	Evidence of adequate supervision?		0405	Fan Destabilization resulting from activities discussed	
	0109	Adequate Safety ERP?		0412	General Wildlife Measures discussed	
	0111	Communication – signage, man check, etc. discussed?		0413	Resource Features discussed	
	0112	Discuss Road safety protocols		0414	Wildlife Habitat Features discussed	
	0113	SWP and PPE requirements discussed?		0415	Burn plan in place	
	0114	Known Hazards Identified?		0416	Smoke Venting index discussed	
	0115	Hazard Reporting discussed?		0417	FSP Results, Strategies & Measures discussed	
	0116	No MEWP created?		0418	FPC Requirements discussed	
	0117	Continual Improvement discussed?		0420	Other Legislative Requirements (Federal & BC) discussed	
	0118	NOP confirmation received and recorded		0421	First Nations Requirements discussed	
Section C	0120	Manual Falling Addressed		ID#	05: Legislative – Stream and Riparian Requirements	Status Y N ND NA
Sec	ID#	02: Multiple Employer Workplace (applied to Prime Contractor)	Status Y N ND NA	0502	RMA Retention on Temperature Sensitive Streams discussed	
	0202	PC Agreement Signed?		0503	Stream Crossings installed to protect channels and mitigate disturbance discussed	
	0203	PC obligations understood?		0504	Fish Passage maintained and Fish Habitat discussed	
	0204	Is PC qualified?		0506	Drinking Water Quality & Licensed Water works discussed	
	0211	Designated safety coordinator?		0507	Restrictions (herbicide, MSP, brushing/spacing) in RRZ discussed	
	0212	PC's safety program adequate?		0508	Use of livestock is appropriate (i.e.: no corral, or CWS)	
	0213	WSBC coverage confirmed?		0509	Use of fertilizers in appropriate areas	
	0214	PC reviewed safety programs?		ID#	07: Legislative – Integrated Pest Management	Status Y N ND NA
	0215	Known hazards identified?		0701	General prohibitions and restrictions as per IPMP discussed	
				0702	License/certificate for use of pesticides discussed	
				0703	Use of pesticides in accordance with a pesticide use notice discussed	



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	ID#	08: Environmental Emergency Response Requirements	Status Y N ND NA	ID#	10: General Contractual Conditions	Status Y N ND NA
	0801	Environmental Emergency Response Plan discussed		1001	Work Progress Plan discussed	
	0802	Awareness of roles, responsibilities, and procedures discussed		1002	Fire Protection requirements discussed	
	0803	Incident Reporting discussed		1003	Site Clean-Up requirements discussed	
	0804	Test and Drills discussed		1004	Camping and Parking requirements discussed	
	0805	Emergency response equipment discussed		1005	Employment Standards Act Requirements	
	0806	24 hour contact # provided to local Fire Centre		1006	Industrial Camp Standards Requirements	
	0807	Appropriate Fire Danger Class discussed		ID#	11: Specific Contractual Conditions (Schedules & Appendices)	Status Y N ND NA
S	0808	Fire Hazard Assessments and Abatement discussed		1101	Schedule Conditions discussed	
Section C	ID#	09: EMS – Documents, Records & General Requirements	Status Y N ND NA	1102	Appendix Requirements discussed	
	0901	Pre-work meetings discussed		1103	Stakeholder Notification discussed	
	0902	Self Inspections discussed		ID#	80: Sustainable Forest Management Certification	Status Y N ND NA
	0903	Project Plan documents to be on-site discussed		8001	SFM Certification Requirements discussed	
	0904	Training current – records completed, updated and available		ID#	90: Business Area Specific Requirements	Status Y N ND NA
	0905	Industrial Waste discussed		9001		
	0906	BCTS Fuel Handling (EFP 06) requirements discussed		9002		
	0907	Other Environmental Field Procedures discussed		9003		
				9004		
				9005		

ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	01: Contract – Safety Requirements	
0101	SAFE Company	SAFE Companies status?	Does the contractor's sub contractors meet BCTS expectations for SAFE Company registration / certification as per the contract (see FS 1315). Contractor should already be confirmed as meeting these expectations prior to award. Inspector can check by viewing list on BCFSC website at: http://www.bcforestsafe.org/safe_companies/whos_safe.html This requirement is N/A if company or contract is exempted from SAFE Co. requirements. In General: For contracts advertised after April 1 2007 requirements were that all parties working on or bidding on the contract were to be registered with BCFSC and pursuing S.AF.E. Company certification. All contracts remain under the requirements applicable at the time of advertisement or award hence specific documents must be referenced to verify expectations. For contracts advertised after Dec 31 2008, requirements changed to expectation for certification as follows: All parties bidding on or working under the contract including subcontractors are to be S.A.F.E certified. Some exemptions and provisions for new firms as well as alternate certification may apply staff should be familiar with document expectations and other applicable policy matters before making final determination as to performance.	
0103	First Aid	First Aid Assessment discussed?	Discussion of requirement for contractor to complete a first aid assessment for the workplace, and their responsibility to meet first aid requirements for all workers on the site. If worksite is to be MEWP assessment must consider total of all workers. See WSB OSH Regulation part 3.14 and Schedule 3 – Minimum levels of First aid. http://www2.worksafebc.com/publications/OHSRegulation/Part3.asp#SectionNumber:3.14	
0104	Supervision	Evidence of adequate supervision?	Onsite supervisor or alternate has been identified and there are provisions for orientation, safety meetings, pre-works, monitoring and records. Contractor understands importance of supervisor and supervisor role to promote safety culture.	
0109	Safety ERP	Adequate Safety ERP?	Does contractor have adequate Safety Emergency Response Plan in place? Safety ERP (sERP) must include provisions to contact the first aid attendant, and must address plans for emergency evacuation of an injured worker including arrangements to contact the air service provider if air transportation is the primary method of evacuating an injured worker. sERP may be a combined document with EMS requirements but must address the needs of safety to receive affirmative observation under 1209. See http://www2.worksafebc.com/publications/OHSRegulation/Part3.asp#SectionNumber:3.17 for regulatory requirements.	
0111	Communication	Communication - signage, man	Communication provisions are in place including man-check, signage, and hazard awareness provisions. Contractor can use BCTS Active Worksite signs if they choose to identify the worksite and supervisor. Worksite signs are recommended to identify	



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		check, etc. discussed?	the Prime Contractor in MEWP situations.	
0112	Road Safety	Discuss Road safety protocols	Discuss existing road use safety protocols such as radio procedures and hazard notifications etc. that will be expected of contractor as outlined in Access Assessment checklist 23-1. If applicable, discuss the need for contractor to contact other parties to provide notice of use and or participate in the development of protocols.	
0113	SWP & PPE	SWP and PPE requirements discussed?	Does the contractor have Safe Work Procedures and Personnel Protective Equipment requirements in place?	
0114	Hazard ID	Known hazards identified?	Have known safety hazards been reviewed? See checklist 19-1, information to bidders, road assessment plan (23-1), and any new hazards since advertisement. Has the Access Assessment (23-1) form been completed by BCTS and discussed with the contractor? Does the contractor understand their responsibilities ensure safe access for their workers to the worksite, and to inform BCTS of any hazards beyond their control?	
0115	Reporting Hazards	Hazard reporting discussed?	Discussion of BCTS safety reporting requirements. Contractor must report any incidents which are considered reportable to WSBC, as well as any incidents, close calls, or hazards which they believe BCTS may be responsible for. (Yes indicates that no reports have been received by BCTS during pre-work discussion and contractor is aware of the expectation for any future situations)	
0116	MEWP	No MEWP created?	Yes indicates that Contractor has no current intention of sub contracting, creating a Multi-Employer WorkPlace. This in turn makes section 13 N/A. No indicates that contractor or BCTS intend on creating a MEWP relative to this contract due to proximity or interface with other employers hence section 13 applies. If a MEWP will be created then a Prime Contractor agreement is required.	
0117	Continual Improvement	Continual improvement discussed?	Does contractor understand BCTS expectations for improving safety performance? BCTS continual improvement is driven by contractor's diligence in maintaining and addressing matters on their corrective action log as well as driven by communication between BCTS and contractor and their respective responses to safety concerns raised by each other as per observations 1205 and 1207. (see ch 19, p 114 of BCTS safety manual). Demonstration of continual improvement is also required by the BC Forest Safety Council and verified through audit protocol.	
0118	NOP	NOP confirmation received and recorded	Requirements for submitting a Notice of Project (NOP) It is the responsibility of the Owner of the work (BCTS) to ensure the NOP is submitted, however the actual submission can be delegated to the contractor. A Notice of Project is required for any forestry operation where work is expected to last more than 5 working days, and does Not apply to; timber cruising, forestry road or cutblock layout, or surveying. The NOP must be submitted not more than 30 days and not fewer than 24 hrs before the start of work. Current version of schedule 1313 delegates this to contractor unless specifically instructed otherwise in writing by BCTS. For workplaces where NOP applies, ensure the contractor is advised that work must not commence until the contractor has provided a valid WorkSafeBC NOP confirmation form (which includes the confirmation number) to BCTS. BCTS inspector must record NOP number in the General Pre-Work Comments section of the pre-work report. If in doubt that the NOP confirmation form is valid, contact WSBC directly. For more information see: http://www2.worksafebc.com/publications/OHSRegulation/Part26.asp#SectionNumber:26.4	
0120	Falling Addressed	Manual Falling Addressed	in doubt that the NOP confirmation form is valid, contact WSBC directly. For more information see:	



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ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	02: Multiple Employer Workplace (applied to Prime Contractor)	
0202	Signed Agreement	PC Agreement Signed?	Is a written prime contractor agreement in place (FS1354) for any multi-employer scenarios – whether created by the contractor hiring a subcontractor, or by BCTS adding a contractor to the worksite.	
0203	Prime Designated	PC obligations understood?	Has a prime contractor been established if BCTS intends to create a multi-employer workplace or, if the principal contractor intends on subcontracting? Principal contractor must understand the requirements and responsibilities of acting as Prime as stated in the FS 1313 and companion PC agreement 1354, also expectations under WCB Regulations.	
0204	PC Qualified	Is PC qualified?	Has BCTS assessed the qualification of Prime Contractor – consider experience, adequate resources, and adequate safety program? Does Prime meet SAFE Company expectations of contract? Has the Contractor designated a safety rep / coordinator, and are they qualified? Does the coordinator have contact information	
0211	Safety Coordinator	Designated Safety Coordinator?	Has the Contractor designated a safety rep / coordinator, and are they qualified? Does the coordinator have contact information for supervisors for all other employers on the site? Does the Prime Contractor's safety program address safety co-ordination and a system or process to ensure compliance within	
0212	Safety Program	PC's safety program is adequate?		
0213	WSBC Coverage	WSBC Coverage confirmed?	Has the Prime Contractor confirmed the good standing of other employers with WSBC? Prime Contractor is responsible to ensure all employees on the worksite have WSBC coverage. PC should have a system in place to ensure this occurs (i.e. should have WSBC clearance letters for other employers on site).	
0214	Safety Programs	PC reviewed safety programs?	Has the Prime Contractor reviewed the safety programs of other employers on the site? The Prime Contractor should be able to verify that other contractors on site have an adequate safety program, and are following that program.	
0215	Known Hazards	Known hazards identified?	Has the assigned Prime Contractor's pre-work see 1214 providing safety coordinator be informed of all known hazards on the site? This will norma be addressed via principal contractor's pre-work see 1214 providing safety coordinator in attendance. This observation intende to ensure the party responsible for onsite coordination will be or is cognizant of identified hazards and intended mitigation approaches to be deployed by contractor. See checklist 19-1, information to bidders, road assessment / plan, and any new hazards since advertisement.	
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	04: Legislative – Area and General Requirements	
0401	Damage to the Environment	Damage to the Environment discussed	FRPA S 46 Protection of the environment 1) A person must not carry out a forest practice, a range practice or another activity that results in damage to the environment, unless in doing so a) the person j) is acting in accordance with a plan authorization or permit under this Act, ii) is not required to hold a plan or permit because of an exemption under this Act and is acting in accordance with this Act, the regulations and the standards or iii) repealed iv) is acting in accordance with another enactment, and b) the person does not know and cannot reasonably be expected to know that, because of weather conditions or site factors, the carrying out of the forest practice, range practice or other activity may result, directly or indirectly, in damage specified by regulation. 2) A person, other than a person described in subsection (1), must not engage in any activity on Crown land that results in damage to the environment, unless in doing so a) the person i) is acting in accordance with a plan, authorization or permit under this act, ii) is not required to hold a plan or permit because of an exemption under this Act and is acting in accordance with this Act, the regulations and the standards, or iii) is acting in accordance with another enactment, and b) the person does not know and cannot reasonable be expected to know that, because of weather conditions or site factors, engaging in the activity may result, directly or indirectly, in damage specified by regulation. 3) A person who contravenes subsection (1) or (1.1) must a) take appropriate action to prevent any further damage, b) promptly notify the district manager of the damage, and c) take any remedial measures that the minister required under section 74 4) A person who discontinues a forest practice, a range practice or another activity referred to in subsection (1) or an activity referred to in subsection (1) may resume that practice or activity only if and when a) it can be resumed without contravening subsection (1) or (1.1), as the case may be, and b	



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			b) (b) a gully process on the Coast;		
			c) (c) a fan destabilization on the Coast; d) (d) soil disturbance;		
			e) (e) the deposit into a stream, wetland or lake of		
			i) a petroleum product,		
			ii) a fluid used to service industrial equipment, or		
			iii) any other similar harmful substance;		
			f) a debris torrent that enters a fish stream;		
			g) changes to soil. Operational Services Contract (FS 1000)		
			Article 8.02 Protection of the Environment		
			If the Contractor encounters circumstances such as weather conditions or site factors where the Contractor knows or should reasonably know that proceeding with the Work may, directly or indirectly, cause Environmental Damage, the Contractor shall:		
			a) immediately suspend such Work;		
			b) immediately advise the Province of the suspension and circumstances;		
			c) not proceed with such Work until the Province so instructs; andd) upon the Province's instruction to proceed with such Work, do so in accordance with the Province's instructions.		
			FPPR		
			S 37 Landslides		
0404	Landslide and	Landslide or Gully Process with	An authorized person who carried out a primary forest activity must ensure that the primary forest activity does not cause a landslide that has a material adverse effect in relation to one or more of the subjects listed in section 149 (1) of the Act.		
0404	Gully Processes	Adverse Effects	S 38 Gully processes		
		discussed	An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity on the Coast must ensure that the primary forest activity does not cause a gully process that has a material adverse effect in relation to one or more of the subjects lists in section 149 (1) of the Act.		
			FPPR		
	Fan	Fan Destabilization	S 54 Fan destabilization		
0405	Destabilization	resulting from activities	An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity on the Coast must ensure that the primary forest activity does not		
	Prevented	discussed	cause fan destabilization that has a material adverse effect in relation to one or more of the subjects listed in section 149 (1) of		
			the Act.		
	Wildlife	General Wildlife	FPPR S 40 Congred wildlife measures		
0412	Measures	Measures	S 69 General wildlife measures An authorized person who carries out primary forest activities on an area must comply with each general wildlife measure that		
		discussed	applies to the area.		
			FPPR		
0413	Unique Resource	Resource Features	S 70 Resource features and wildlife habitat features		
	Features	discussed	An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity must ensure that the primary forest activity does not damage or		
			render ineffective a (1) resource feature FPPR		
			S 70 Resource features and wildlife habitat features		
			2) An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity must ensure that the primary forest activity does not damage		
			or render ineffective a wildlife habitat feature.		
			Wildlife Act		
			S 7. Damage to land set aside for wildlife		
		Wildlife Habitat	A person commits an offence if the person alters, destroys or damages wildlife habitat, or		
0414	Wildlife Habitat	Features:(SAR,	b) deposits on land or water a substance or manufactured product or by product in a manner that is harmful to		
	Features	Nests, Licks, FSZ, MSZ) discussed	c) wildlife, or		
		.vioz, aisoussou	d) wildlife habitat		
			2) in a wildlife management area, except as permitted under section 4 (4) or by the regulations or a permit.		
			S 34. Birds, nests and eggs A person commits an offence if the person, except as provided by regulation, possesses, takes, injures, molests or destroys		
			a) a bird or its egg,		
			b) the nest of an eagle, peregrine falcon, gyrfalcon, osprey, heron or burrowing owl, or		
			c) the nest of a bird not referred to in paragraph (b) when the nest is occupied by a bird or its egg.		
			Wildfire Regulation		
			S 23 Resource Management Open Fire		
			 The circumstances in which a person is described in section 5 (1) or 6 (1) of the Act may light, fuel or use a resource management open fire in or within 1 km of forest land or grass land are as follows: 		
0415	Burn Plan	Burn plan in place	a) the person is not prohibited from doing so under another enactment;		
		- I am piaco	b) to do so is safe and likely to continue to be safe;		
			c) the person submits a burn plan to an official and receives the official's approval to it in writing'		
			d) the person obtains a burn registration number for the fire		
			i) by		



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			 A) calling the telephone number made known by the government for that purpose, or B) contacting an official by other means 	
			ii) by providing the information referred to in section 24;	
			e) the person takes all necessary precautions to ensure the fire is contained in the burn area.	
			2) A person who lights, fuels or uses a resource management open fire on a burn area must ensure that the fire is extinguished by the date specified by the official or person who issued the burn registration number.	
			3) Without limiting subsection (1) or (2), a person who lights, fuels or uses a resource management open fire must	
			a) do so in accordance with the applicable approved burn plan, and	
			b) ensure that the fire does not escape.4) If a resource management open fire spreads beyond the burn area or otherwise becomes out of control, the person who	
			fuelled or used the fire	
			a) immediately must carry out fire control and extinguish the fire if practicable, and	
			b) as soon as practicable must report the fire as described in section 2 of the Act.	
			5) A person whom subsection (4) applied may discontinue carrying out fire control if relieved from doing so by an official. S 24 Burn registration number	
			The following is the information to be provided under section 22 (1) (c) (ii) and 23 (1) (d) (ii):	
			a) the name, address, and telephone or facsimile number, or other means of immediate contract, of the person who	
			proposes to light, fuel or use the open fire; b) the wherehoute of the pared of land that centains the proposed burn area including legal description of the pared of	
			 b) the whereabouts of the parcel of land that contains the proposed burn area, including legal description of the parcel if available; 	
			c) the category of the proposed open fire	
			d) other information relating to the proposed open fire that the official or the person answering the telephone number	
			requires. 2) A person answering the burn registration telephone number or an official who receives an application from a person in	
			accordance with subsection (1) may	
			 a) assign a burn registration number to the person unless the proposed open fire has been prohibited or restricted under section 10 of the Act, and 	
			b) specify a date on or before which the open fire must be extinguished.	
			3) A person who has been assigned a burn registration number must provide it to an official immediately on request.	
			Ensure an FS 117B form has been completed.	
			Further information is available at the following site: http://bcwildfire.ca/Prevention/PrescribedFire/createplan.htm	
			Smoke Venting index checked for air quality/burning in prescribed manner Open Burning Smoke Control Regulation	
			Schedule B, S 8 Favourable weather for smoke dispersion	
			1) Unless otherwise specified for smoke management purposes in a Ministry of Forests burning permit or in a burn plan	
			approved by the Ministry of Forests, open burning of debris must not be initiated unless the ventilation index is forecast as a) "good" for the day the open burning is to be started, and	
			b) "good" or "fair" on the second day the debris is anticipated to release smoke.	
0416	Venting Index	Smoke Venting index discussed	2) If the ventilation index required by subsection (1) is not publicly available, a person who proposes to open burn debris must	
		lildex discussed	conduct a test burn, lasting no longer than 60 minutes, of sufficient debris on the site to evaluate the weather conditions so as to ensure that smoke from any subsequent open burning, initiated on the same day as the test burn, will not negatively	
			impact on a nearby population.	
			3) Open burning of debris must not be initiated if the local air flow will cause the smoke to negatively impact on a nearby	
			population. 4) Unless otherwise exempted for smoke management purposes by a Ministry of Forests burning permit or in a burn plan	
			approved by the Ministry of Forests, open burning of debris must not be initiated if atmospheric mixing at the site where the	
			debris is to be burned is insufficient to provide rapid dispersion of the smoke.	
			FRPA S 47 Investive Plants	
			S 47 Invasive Plants A person carrying out a forest practice or a range practice must carry out measures that are	
			a) specified in the applicable operational plan, or	
			b) authorized by the minister	
			to prevent the introduction or spread of prescribed species of invasive plants. S 48 Natural range barriers	
	500 5	FSP Results.	A person carrying out	
0417	FSP Results, Strategies and	Strategies and	c) a forest practice, or	
0717	Measures	Measures discussed	d) a range practice	
		นเอบนออซน	that directly or indirectly removes or renders ineffective a natural range barrier must carry out measures that are e) specified in an operational plan for the area, or	
			f) authorized by the minister	
			to mitigate the removal or the ineffectiveness of the natural range barrier.	
			FPPR	
			S 5 Objectives set by government for soils The objective set by government for soils is without unduly reducing the supply of timber from British Columbia's forests to	
			The objective set by government for soils is, without unduly reducing the supply of timber from British Columbia's forests, to conserve the productivity and the hydrologic function of soils.	
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			S 7 Objectives set by government for wildlife
			(1) The objective set by government for wildlife is, without unduly reducing the supply of timber from British Columbia's forests, to conserve sufficient wildlife habitat in terms of amount of area, distribution of areas and attributes of those areas, for
			(a) the survival of species at risk,
			(b) the survival of regionally important wildlife, and
			(c) the winter survival of specified ungulate species.
			(2) A person required to prepare a forest stewardship plan must specify a result or strategy in respect of the objective stated under subsection (1) only if the minister responsible for the Wildlife Act gives notice to the person of the applicable
			(a) species referred to in subsection (1), and
			(b) indicators of the amount, distribution and attributes of wildlife habitat described in subsection (1).
			(3) If satisfied that the objective set out in subsection (1) is addressed, in whole or in part, by an objective in relation to a wildlife habitat area or an ungulate winter range, a general wildlife measure, or a wildlife habitat feature, the minister responsible for the Wildlife Act must exempt a person from the obligation to specify a result or strategy in relation to the objective set out in
			subsection (1) to the extent that the objective is already addressed. (4) On or after December 31, 2004, a notice described in subsection (2) must be given at least 4 months before the forest
			stewardship plan is submitted for approval.
			S 8 Objectives set by government for water, fish, wildlife and biodiversity within riparian areas
			The objective set by government for water, fish, wildlife and biodiversity within riparian areas is, without unduly reducing the supply of timber from British Columbia's forests, to conserve, at the landscape level, the water quality, fish habitat, wildlife habitat and biodiversity associated with those riparian areas.
			S 8.1 Objectives set by government for fish habitat in fisheries sensitive watersheds
			(1) In this section, "fisheries sensitive watershed" means an area identified in Schedule 2 of this regulation
			(a) with significant downstream fisheries values continued under section 180 (f) of the Act and significant watershed sensitivity continued under section 180 (g) of the Act, and
			(b) for which there is no fisheries sensitive watershed objective
			(2) Until December 31, 2005 the objective set by government for fish habitat in fisheries sensitive watersheds is to prevent to the
			extent described in subsection (3) the cumulative hydrological effects of primary forest activities in the fisheries sensitive watershed from resulting in a material adverse impact on the habitat of the fish species for which the fisheries sensitive watershed was established.
			(3) The objective set by government under subsection (2) applies only to the extent that it does not unduly reduce the supply of timber from British Columbia's forests.
			(4) If satisfied that the objective set out in subsection (2) is not required to provide special management, the minister responsible for the Wildlife Act must exempt a person from the requirement to specify a result or strategy in relation to the objective.
			(5) If satisfied that the objective set out in subsection (2) is addressed, in whole or in part, by an enactment, the minister responsible for the Wildlife Act must exempt a person from the requirement to specify a result or strategy in relation to the objective set out in subsection (2) to the extent that the objective is already addressed.
			C. I. 2 Objectives get by any amment for water in community watershade
			S 8.2 Objectives set by government for water in community watersheds
			(1) In this section, "community watershed" means a community watershed
			(a) that is continued under section 180 (e) of the Act, and (b) for which a water quality objective has not been
			(i) continued under section 181 of the Act, or
			(ii) established under the Government Actions Regulation.
			(2) The objective set by government for water being diverted for human consumption through a licensed waterworks in a community watershed is to prevent to the extent described in subsection (3) the cumulative hydrological effects of primary forest activities within the community watershed from resulting in
			(a) a material adverse impact on the quantity of water or the timing of the flow of the water from the waterworks, or
	FSP Results, Strategies &	FSP Results, Strategies &	(b) the water from the waterworks having a material adverse impact of human health that cannot be addressed by water treatment required under
0417	Measures	Measures	(i) an enactment, or
	discussed (continued)	discussed (continued)	(ii) the licence pertaining to the waterworks.
	(continued)	(continued)	(3) The objective set by government under subsection (2) applied only to the extent that it does not unduly reduce the supply of timber from British Columbia's forests.
			(4) If satisfied that the objective set out in subsection (2) is not required to provide special management the minister responsible for the Wildlife Act must exempt a person from the requirement to specify a result or strategy in relation to the objective.
			(5) If satisfied that the objective set out in subsection (2) is addressed, in whole or in part, by an enactment, the minister responsible for the Wildlife Act must exempt a person from the requirement to specify a result or strategy in relation to the
			objective set out in subsection (2) to the extent that the objective is already addressed
			S 9 Objectives set by government for wildlife and biodiversity – landscape level
			The objective set by government for wildlife and biodiversity at the landscape level is, without unduly reducing the supply of timber from British Columbia's forests and to the extent practicable, to design areas on which timber harvesting is to be carried
			out that resemble, both spatially and temporally, the patterns of natural disturbance that occur within the landscape.
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			T					
			S 9.1 Objectives set by government for wildlife and biodiversity – stand level The objective set by government for wildlife and biodiversity at the stand level is, without unduly reducing the supply of time from British Columbia's forests, to retain wildlife trees.					
			S 9.2 Objectives set by government for visual quality (1) In this section:					
			"scenic area" means an area of la	nd established as a scenic area under the Fo inued as a scenic area under section 180 (c)	rest Practices Code of British Columbia Act on or			
			"visual quality class" means a vis	ual sensitivity class established on or before	October 24, 2002, particulars of which are			
			III -	Resource Data Warehouse maintained by the ent in relation to visual quality for a scenic are				
			(a) was established on or before (. ,	a, tiat			
			(b) for which there is no visual qua					
			Is to ensure that the altered forest	•				
			II = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	n either the preservation or retention category				
				n either the retention or partial retention categ n either the partial retention or modification ca	-			
				either the partial retention or modification car				
			II = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	n either the modification or maximum modifica				
			S 10 Objectives set by government for cultural heritage resources The objective set by government for cultural heritage resources is to conserve, or, if necessary, protect cultural heritage resources that are (a) the focus of a traditional use by an aboriginal people that is of continuing importance to that people, and (b) not regulated under the Heritage Conservation Act					
			S 17 Invasive plants					
			For the purpose of section 17 [inv	asive plants] of the Act, a person who prepare				
measures in the plan to prevent the introduction or spread of species of plants that ar Regulation, in the introduction or spread is likely to be the result of the person's forest								
			S 18 Natural range barriers	spread is likely to be the result of the person's	s totest practices.			
			For the purpose of section 48 [nat		prepares a forest stewardship plan must specify			
				removing or rendering ineffective natural range the Forest Practices Code of RC Act with a S	ge barriers. ilviculture Prescription – ensure the plan in being			
0.44.0	FPC	FPC Requirements	followed and appropriate regulation		inviculture Prescription – ensure the plantin being			
0418	Requirements	discussed		regs/archive/fpc/fpcaregs/fpcaregs.htm				
			Ensure the appropriate box is tick		also of Fodoral and DC logiclative requirements			
			that may be applicable to the project		oles of Federal and BC legislative requirements			
					Occupational Health & Safety			
			Federal	BC	Regulation			
			Fisheries Act	Wildlife Act & Regulations	Waste Management Acct			
			Species at Risk Act Migratory Birds Act	Fish Protection Act Water Act	Special waste Regulation Contaminated Sites Regulation			
			Canadian Wildlife Act	BC Fire Code	WHMIS			
	Other Legislative	Other Legislative Requirements	Canadian Environmental	Environmental Management Act, Spill	Integrated Pest Management Act &			
0420	Requirements	(Federal & BC)	Protection Act	Reporting, Hazardous Waste &	Regulations			
		discussed	Canada Water Act	Contaminated Sites Regulations Cultural Heritage Act	Pesticide Control Act			
			Navigable Water Act	Heritage Conservation Act	Pest Control Products Act			
			Transportation of Dangerous	Workers Compensation Act	Applicable GAR Orders			
			Goods Act & Regulations	·				
			National Fire Code	Employment Standards Act	Applicable HLP Orders			
					Applicable LRMP commitments ed contract documents, schedules or appendices,			
0421	First Nations Requirements	First Nations Requirements followed	TSO significant environmental aspects lists, and/or forest planning documents. Discussion / implementation of any project specific outcomes from First Nations consultation and / or referral packages.					
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	05: Legislative – Stream and Riparian Requirements					
0502	Temperature	RMA Retention on	FPPR					
0002	Sensitive	Temperature	S 53 Temperature sensitive stre	S 53 Temperature sensitive streams				



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	Streams	Sensitive Streams followed	An authorized person who fells, modifies or removes trees in a riparian management area adjacent to a temperature sensitive stream, or a stream that is a direct tributary to a temperature sensitive stream, must retain either or both of the following in an amount sufficient to prevent the temperature of the temperature sensitive stream from increasing to an extent that would have a	
			material adverse impact on fish: (a) streamside trees whose crowns provide shade to the stream; (b) understory vegetation that provides shade to the stream.	
0503	Stream Crossings	Stream Crossings installed to protect channels and mitigate disturbance discussed	S 55 Stream crossings 1) An authorized person who builds a stream crossing as part of a road, a temporary access structure or permanent access structure must locate, build and use the crossing in a manner that a) protects the stream channel and stream bank immediately above and below the stream crossing, and b) mitigates disturbance to the stream channel and stream bank at the crossing. 2) An authorized person who builds a stream crossing as part of a temporary access structure must remove the crossing when it is no longer required by the person.	
0504	Fish Passage & Habitat	Fish Passage and Fish Habitat protection discussed	 FPPR S 56 Fish passage 1) An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity must ensure that the primary forest activity does not have a material adverse effect on fish passage in a fish stream. 2) An authorized person who maintains a fish stream crossing built after June 15, 1995, must ensure that the crossing does not have a material adverse effect on fish passage. 3) Despite subsections (1) and (2), an authorized person may temporarily allow a material adverse effect on fish passage to construct, maintain or deactivate a road, including a stream crossing, if(a) fish are not migrating or spawning, and(b) the source of the material adverse effect is removed immediately on completion of the construction, maintenance or deactivation. S 57 Protection of fish and fish habitat An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity must conduct the primary forest activity at a time and in a manner that is unlikely to harm fish or destroy, damage or harmfully alter fish habitat. Note: The approved forest stewardship plan (FSP) may specify results and strategies that go beyond the Practice Requirements set out in the Forest Planning and Practices Regulation (FPPR). Refer to the applicable site plan as to how the intended results and strategies apply to the site. 	
0506	Water Quality Protected	Drinking Water Quality & Licensed Waterworks discussed	FPPR S 59 Protecting water quality An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity must ensure that the primary forest activity does not cause material that is harmful to human health to be deposited in, or transported to, water that is diverted for human consumption by licensed waterworks. S 60 Licensed waterworks 1) An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity must ensure that the primary forest activity does not damage licensed waterworks.	
0507	Protection of RRZ	Restrictions (herbicide, MSP, brushing/spacing) in RRZ discussed	FPPR S 5 1 1) An agreement holder must not cut, modify or remove trees in a riparian reserve zone, except for the following purposes: a) felling or modifying a tree that is a safety hazard, if there is no other practicable option for addressing the safety hazard; b) topping or pruning a tree that is not wind firm; c) constructing a stream crossing d) & (e) N/A f) carrying out a sanitation treatment; g) felling or modifying a tree that has been windthrown or has been damaged by fire, insects, disease or other causes, if the felling or modifying will not have a material adverse impact on the riparian reserve zone; h) (h) & (i) N/A 2) An agreement holder who fells, tops, prunes, or modified a tree under subsection (1) may remove the tree only if the removal will not have a material adverse effect on the riparian reserve zone. 3) An agreement holder must not carry out the following silviculture treatments in a riparian reserve zone: a) grazing or broadcast herbicide applications for the purpose of brushing; b) mechanized site preparation or broadcast burning for the purpose of site preparation; c) spacing or thinning	
0508	Livestock use is appropriate	Use of livestock is appropriate (i.e.: no corral, or CWS)	FPPR S 42 Use of livestock If a person required to establish a free growing stand uses livestock for site preparation or brush control, the person must ensure that all necessary measures are taken to a) control the location and movement of the livestock to minimize conflict with wildlife that could prey on the livestock, b) prevent the transmission of disease from the livestock to wildlife, and c) maintain the health of the livestock. S 58 Use of livestock in riparian areas An agreement holder who uses livestock for site preparation or brush control for the purpose of carrying out a silviculture treatment must not	



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			a) construct a livestock corral i) in a riparian management area, ii) on an area that drains directly into a fish stream or a fish-bearing wetland or lake, or iii) on an area within a community watershed that drains directly into a potable water source, or b) use the livestock in a riparian management area that is located within a community watershed. FPPR
0509	Use of fertilizers	Use of fertilizers in appropriate areas discussed	S 63 1) an authorized person who applied fertilizer within a community watershed for the purpose of carrying out a silviculture treatment must not apply fertilizer a) close than a 100 m radius upslope of a licensed waterworks, or b) within 10 m of a perennial stream that is observable from an aircraft used to apply the fertilizer, 2) If the application of the fertilizer results in c) nitrate nitrogen levels in the stream exceeding 10 parts per million if measured immediately below the area where the fertilizer is applied, or d) chlorophyll levels in the stream exceeding i) two micrograms per litre in a lake into which the streams drains, or ii) 50 milligrams per square meter in the stream. (2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the use of fertilizer is restricted to spot application.
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	07: Legislative – Integrated Pest Management
0701	General IPMA Prohibitions	General prohibitions and restrictions as per IPMP discussed	IPMA S 3 1) Without limiting any other provision of the Act, a person must not a) use a pesticide that causes or is likely to cause, or use, handle, release, transport, store, dispose of or sell a pesticide in a manner that causes or is likely to cause, an unreasonable adverse effect, b) use, handle, release, transport, store, dispose of or sell a pesticide other than in accordance with this Act and the regulations, or c) subject to paragraph (b) and subsection (2), use, handle, transport, store or dispose of a pesticide in a manner that does not accord with the manner specified on the label of the pesticide container or in the manufacturer's instructions that accompany the pesticide. 2) Without limiting any other provisions of the Act or the regulations, a person must not use a) a pesticide registered under the Pest Control Products Act (Canada), unless the pesticide is used for a purpose for which the pesticide was registered under that Act, b) a pesticide not registered under the Pest Control Products Act (Canada), unless the pesticide is used in a manner and for a purpose expressly allowed under that Act, or c) a fertilizer containing a pesticide, unless the pesticide-fertilizer mixture is used in a manner and for a purpose expressly followed under the Fertilizers Act (Canada).
0702	License for use	License/certificate for use of pesticides discussed	IPMA S 4 1) Except as provided in the regulations, a person must not a) sell or offer to sell a pesticide, b) use a pesticide for a prescribed use, c) provide or offer to provide any service respecting pesticides, or d) purchase, directly or indirectly, a pesticide for the purpose of selling the pesticide or providing a service to any other person, 2) Unless the person e) hold the licence that is, under the regulations, required for the purpose, and f) complies with the terms and conditions in or attached to that licence.
0703	Pesticide use notice	Use of pesticides in accordance with a pesticide use notice discussed	IPMA S 7 1) A person must not use or authorize the use of a prescribed pesticide or class of pesticides, or use a pesticide for a prescribed use, unless a) a pest management plan has been prepared that complies with the regulations and is applicable to the pesticide at the place specified in the pesticide use notice, b) a pesticide use notice under subsection (2) has been provided, c) a confirmation under subsection (3) has been received, and d) the person who uses the pesticide acts, in relation to all matters related to that pesticide use, strictly in accordance with the information provided in the pesticide use notice.
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	08: Environmental Emergency Response Requirements
0801	Environmental ERP	Environmental Emergency Response Plan	Review environmental ERP (eERP) to ensure BCTS clients are aware of their emergency response roles and responsibilities as it applies to the specific project and activity. Key areas include: Maintain completed eERP onsite



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		discussed	Markor traini	ng comprehension and awareness			
		u	'n	ng, comprehension and awareness gency response equipment (spill kits, fire response equipme	ent (hand tools, sunnression system)		
			Periodic tests		(and tools, suppression system)		
		A	y Torrodo tosts drid driiis				
		Awareness of roles,	The EMS Manual re	efers to the EOPs and EFPs to define roles and responsibili	ties for implementation, maintenance and		
0802	Roles and Responsibilities	responsibilities and	reporting on the per	formance of the EMS. EFP-02 clearly defines a Contract S			
	responsibilities	procedures discussed	document a pre-wor	document a pre-work.			
		uiscusscu					
			In the event of an in and Incident Report	cident – did BCTS clients follow the procedures outlined in	the environmental Emergency Response Plan		
0803	Incident/Event	Incident Reporting	EMS incident report	ing roles and responsibilities are outlined in the Incident re			
0003	procedures	discussed		se requirements are linked to terms and conditions found in			
			Reportable EMS Incidents include: Emergency Response Events (Fires, Spills, Erosion), Potential Non-compliance and Significant Non-conformance.				
				guide and importance of documentation and evaluation/fee	dback into the system		
			Definitions: Test – a compreher	sive testing of the environmental emergency response pro-	cedures to ensure that they are adequate to		
			address				
			the eERP.	This includes full, hands on scenario testing of equipment,	communications, and procedures as outlined in		
		Tests and Drills		ce exercise to ensure that onsite personnel have adequate gency preparedness and response procedures. This involves			
0804	Tests and Drills	discussed	and training, and ma		es a demonstration of workers level of knowledge		
				of eERP procedures, ree interviews,			
			'. ' '	ee interviews, ient testing,			
				of onsite ER equipment.			
			Tests are to be documented on the "CHK-010 Test-Drill Report Form", maintained on site and results forwarded to BCTS representative. Results of drills may be documented on the CHK-010 and maintained on site				
			Emergency Respon	se Equipment includes:			
			J Spill kits J Fire Hand too	Is for all industrial activities			
	Emergency Response	Emergency) Fire Suppression system for high risk activities				
0805		Response Equipment	References: S 5 Sufficient fire fighting hand tools for an industrial activity				
discussed J S6.3 High Risk activities must keep at the activity site				sk activities must keep at the activity site a adequate Fire S			
				landling (EFP 06) describes requirements for spill kits and to histry of Forests "Interpretative Bulletin for the Application o			
			Also refer to Ministry of Forests "Interpretative Bulletin for the Application of Wildfire Regulation Application for the Forest Industry" at the following website; http://bcwildfire.ca/Prevention/Industry/				
			Wildfire Regulation	n o provide contact details			
				ach year, a person who, under the Forest Act, is the holder	of		
	24 hour contact	24 hour contact # provided to local Fire Centre	e) a major licence,				
0806			f) a timber sale licence that is not a major licence, g) a community forest agreement, or				
			h) a woodlot licence				
				cial with a 24 hour a day contact telephone number if the p and before November 1 of that year.	erson proposes to carry out an industrial activity		
				hat Contractors notify Fire Centre where industrial activities	s are being conducted.		
				TRICTIONS ON HIGH RISK ACTIVITIES			
			Danger Class	Restriction	Duration		
		Appropriate Fire Danger Class discussed	III moderate	After 3 consecutive days of DGR III or greater, maintain a fire watcher after work for a minimum of one	Until after the fire danger class falls below DGR III		
	Danger Rating			hour			
			IV high	Maintain a fire watcher after work for a minimum of 2 hours	Until after the fire danger class falls below DGR III		
0807				After 3 consecutive days of DGR IV, cease activity	Until after the fire danger class falls to DGR		
				between 1 p.m. PDT (Pacific Daylight Saving Time) and sunset each day	III for 2 consecutive days, or falls below DGR III		
			V extreme	Cease activity between 1 p.m. PDT (Pacific Daylight	Until after the fire danger class falls below		
				Saving Time) and sunset each day and maintain a fire	DGR IV for 2 or more consecutive days		
				watcher after work for a minimum of 2 hours After 3 consecutive days of DGR V, cease activity all	Until after the danger class falls below DGR		
				day	V for 3 or more consecutive days, or falls		



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			below DGR IV
			Wildfire Regulation S 6 High risk activities 1) In this section, "fire season", in relation to an area, means the period a) beginning on i) the third day after the area is snow free, or
			 ii) in areas where snow cover is often absent, the third consecutive day that the temperature at noon is at least 12 degrees, and b) ending on whichever occurs first i) the first day after October 1 on which each of the following is present: A) the daily fine fuel moisture code value is 75 or less; B) the daily duff moisture code value is 6 or less; C) the drought code value is 15 or less, or
			 ii) noon of the first day on which the area becomes snow covered. 2) A person who carries out a high risk activity on or within 300 m of forest land or grass land during a fire season must determine the Fire Danger Class for the location of the activity a) by reference to representative weather data for the area, b) by reference to i) the Danger Region from Schedule 1, ii) the applicable numerical rating under the Buildup Index, and iii) the applicable numerical rating under the Fire Weather Index, and c) by cross-referencing the Buildup Index with the Fire Weather Index, for the applicable Danger Region, under Schedule
			 2. 3) If there is a risk of a fire starting or spreading, a person carrying out a high risk activity on or within 300 m of forest land or grass land must a) do so in accordance with the applicable restriction and duration set out in Schedule 3 for the Fire Danger Class, and b) keep at the activity site i) fire fighting hand tools, in a combination and type to properly equip each person who works at the site with a minimum of one fire fighting hand tool, and
			 ii) an adequate fire suppression system. 4) A person who, in accordance with subsection (3) (a) and Schedule 3, is required to maintain a fire watcher, must ensure that the fire watcher(a) can reasonably see the site of the high risk activity during the time the fire watcher is required, (b) has at least one fire fighting hand tool, (c) actively watches and patrols for sparks and fires on the site of the high risk activity, (d) immediately carries out fire control and extinguishes the fire, if practicable, and(e) has the means on site to report the fire. High Risk Activities (Wildfire Regulation) include:
			 a) mechanical brushing; b) disk trenching; c) preparation or use of explosives; d) using fire- or spark-producing tools, including cutting tools; e) using or preparing fireworks or pyrotechnics; f) grinding, including rail grinding; g) mechanical land clearing; h) clearing and maintaining rights of way, including grass mowing; i) any of the following activities carried out in a cutblock excluding a road, landing, roadside work area or log sort area in the cutblock:
			 i) operating a power saw; ii) mechanical tree felling, woody debris piling or tree processing, including de-limbing; iii) yelding; iv) portable wood chipping, milling, processing or manufacturing; v) skidding logs or log forwarding unless it is improbable that the skidding or forwarding will result in the equipment contacting rock; vi) yarding logs using cable systems
0808 Ass	e Hazard essment and stement	Fire Hazard Assessments and Abatement discussed	Wildfire Regulation S 11 Hazard assessment 1) For the purposes of section 7 of the Act, a) each of the following is a prescribed activity under subsections (1) and (2) of that section: i) operating a waste disposal site; ii) operating a dry land sort; iii) operating a camp associated with an industrial activity, and b) each of the following is a prescribed circumstance under subsection (1) of that section: i) an industrial activity or an activity prescribed under paragraph (a) of subsection (1) creates or increases a fire hazard or is likely to do so; ii) an official notifies a person carrying out an industrial activity or an activity prescribed under paragraph (a) of
			subsection (1) that a fire hazard exists at the site of the activity or operation. 2) The prescribed intervals, at which persons described in section 7 (1) of the Act must conduct fire hazard assessments, are



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			 a) 3 month intervals during the period in which the persons are carrying on the industrial activity or the prescribed activity in an area inside, or within 2 km of, the boundaries of i) a local government under paragraphs (d) to (f) of the definition of "local government" in section 1 of the Act, or ii) a fire protection district in a regional district, and b) the shorter interval between the most recent 3 month interval and the date on which the activity ceases for an expected period of 3 months or more. 3) The prescribed intervals, at which persons described in section 7 (1) of the Act must conduct fire hazard assessments, are a) 6 month intervals during the period during which the persons, in any area other than the area described in subsection (2), are carrying on the industrial activity or the prescribed activity, and b) the shorter interval between the most recent 6 month interval and the date on which the activity ceases for an expected period of 6 months or more. 4) A person required to conduct a fire hazard assessment under section 7 (1) of the Act must a) ensure that the fire hazard assessment includes an assessment of the fuel hazard and its associated risk of a fire starting or spreading, and b) provide a copy of the fire hazard assessment when requested to do so by an official. Wildfire Regulation S 12 Hazard abatement 1) The following periods are prescribed as the periods in which persons described in section 7 (2) of the Act must abate fire hazards of which the persons are aware: a) for an area described in section 11 (2) (a) of this regulation, each of the 6 month periods beginning on the dates on which the persons are required under section 7 (1) of the Act to conduct fire hazard assessments: b) for an area other than an area described in section 1 (2) (a) of this regulation, each of the 12 month periods beginning on the dates on which the persons are required under section 7 (2) of the Act must reduce the fuel hazard on the site o	
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	09: EMS – Documents, Records & General Requirements	
0901	Pre-work	Pre-work meetings discussed	EFP-02 clearly defines a LPC Supervisor's responsibility to conduct and document a pre-work	
0902	Self Inspections	Self Inspections discussed	The EMS manual describes requirements of the LPC to monitor themselves by: Monitoring their activities for conformance with the requirements of the EMS and compliance with legal requirements. BA staff will ensure that the acceptance of this monitoring responsibility is acknowledged through signing of contract documents and prework forms.	
0903	Project Plan	Project Plan documents discussed	EFPs require all LPCs to have copies of any relevant plans on site and available to workers	
0904	Training records	Training current – records complete, updated and available discussed	The EMS manual describes requirements of LPCs to ensure their workers meet the relevant training requirements of the EMS, SFM, and legislation, and to maintain records of the training on Table EMS 008-1A or equivalent.	
0905	Industrial Waste	Industrial Waste discussed	EFPs require regular removal of industrial waste from the site.	
0906	Fuel Handling	Fuel Handling (EFP 06) requirements discussed	EFP -06 outlines fuel storage and handling that should be followed by LPCs as well as a procedure to stop work if an incident occurs	
0907	Other EFPs	Other Environmental Field Procedures discussed	The EFPs comprise part of the EMS program as defined in the EMS manual	
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	10: General Contractual Conditions	
1001	Work Progress Plan	Work Progress Plan discussed	Operational Services Contract Article 6 6.01 The Contractor Representative shall meet the Ministry Representative before the commencement of Work to: (a) inspect the Work Area, and (b) review the Contract Documents and work performance requirements 6.03 The work shall proceed in accordance with the Work Progress Plan	
1002	Fire Protection	Fire Protection requirements	Operational Services Contract Article 8.04 Fire Protection	
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		dicarcoad	The Contractor shalls
		discussed	The Contractor shall: a) take every precaution to prevent unintentional fire from occurring on or about the Work Area, b) ensure that no person burns any debris on or about the Work Area unless authorized under a Burning Reference Number issued by the Ministry of Forests and Range, and c) ensure that, with respect to smoking, i) no person smokes except in areas that are free of or fully cleared of all flammable material, ii) no burning material falls outside cleared areas, and iii) all burning material is completely extinguished before leaving cleared areas.
1003	Site clean up	Site Clean-Up requirements discussed	 Operational Services Contract 15.16 The Contractor shall maintain the Occupied Areas free from any accumulations of waste products or debris, other than that caused by the Province or other contractors 15.17 Upon the Contractor vacating any Occupied Area, the Ministry Representative shall inspect the area to determine, at his or her sole discretion, whether or not the area was left in an acceptable condition. 15.18: If the Ministry Representative determines the Contractor left the Occupied Area in an unacceptable condition, the Province may repair the area and charge the entire cost of the repairs to the Contractor.
1004	Camping and Parking	Camping and Parking requirements discussed	Operational Services Contract 15.19 Use of Provincial Crown forest land, including any roads, landings or recreational sites by the Contractor or the Contractor's employees or agents for the purposes of lodgings, camping or trailer parking in connection with Work under this Agreement, is permitted on recreational sites only with prior written approval of a representative of the Ministry of Tourism, Sport and the Arts and is permitted on other Provincial Crown forest land, including roads and landings only with prior written approval of a representative of the Ministry of Forests and Range. Such use, if approved, shall be without charge to the Contractor; but, the approval may be revised or revoked at any time by the Province.
1005	Employment Standards	Employment Standards Act Requirements	Advisory Bulletin No. 2011-03-23 (External) – Compliance to the Employment Standards Act in BCTS Silviculture Contracts This Advisory Bulletin provides guidance to BCTS staff and contractors on Employment Standards Act requirements under BCTS Silviculture contracts. The Bulletin is available from the following link: https://www.for.gov.bc.ca/bcts/policy/
1006	Industrial Camp Standards	Industrial Camp Standards Requirements	Advisory Bulletin No. 2011-03-22 (External) – Industrial Camp Standards This Advisory Bulletin provides guidance to BCTS staff and contractors on industrial camp standards for work performed under contract to BC Timber Sales. The Bulletin is available from the following link: http://www.for.gov.bc.ca/bcts/policy/
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	11: Specific Contractual Conditions (Schedules & Appendices)
1101	Schedules	Schedule Conditions discussed	Specific contract requirements specific to schedules are referenced and reviewed. This will include scope of work, contract conditions, and output requirements from both parties including: access constraints, air photos, digital information, quality control, private boundary or significant boundaries including legal boundary obligations which have been discussed and can be noted in the comments under Section E. This section will also review Insurance requirements, payment specifications, EMS and Safety agreements.
1102	Appendices	Appendix Requirements discussed	Specific Contract requirements specific to Appendices are reviewed. This can include field marking requirements, digital information specifications etc.
1103	Notification	Notification to Stakeholders discussed	This should be included in specific contractual conditions if a requirement of the contractor i.e. private landowners, other tenure holders, protection, First Nations, etc.
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	80: Sustainable Forest Management Certification
8001	SFM Requirements	SFM Requirements discussed	Review the sustainable forest management plan that your BA is part of and ensure the LPC understands their requirements
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	90: Business Area Specific Requirements
9001 to	BA Specific	BA Specific	If any BA has some specific requirements – this is the section to track them and insert as many as required

If any requirement is a "No", it must be included in actions below. There may be additional actions that follow but at the time of the pre-work indicate the immediate actions that the Contractor agrees to. In a hand held application, the "No" would trigger an auto populate ID #, requirement statement into the actions below.

Keep in mind that BCTS does not provide a safety program to our contractors or licensees but rather monitors at levels commensurate with our obligations their discharge of contract or licence expectations. This will alter the nature of actions and follow up required for negative safety observations and should be guided by the safety manual and applicable document conditions.

As a Word document or as a form there will be room for 2 actions after which additional pages must be added. In the hand held application any number of actions can be added.



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In a hand held application the actions would generate and populate an action plan in Cengea Forest - Resources.

	ID#	CORRECTIVE ACTION – 1					
		Requirement:	Responsibility:				
Section D	Description:		Target Date: Click here to enter a date.	Completion Date: Click here to enter a date.			
	Corrective Action:		Follow-up:				
ecti	ID#	CORRECTIVE ACTION – 2 (add extra sheets for more actions)					
0)		Requirement:	irement: Responsibility:				
	Description:		Target Date: Click here to enter a date.	Completion Date: Click here to enter a date.			
	Corrective Action:		Follow-up:				
			Janua # Janua Tuma				
ISSU	E(S) System (e incident Report Form for each incident type. Enter in issue Tracking (TS) linked to the Pre-work ITS required for significant or repeat non-	Issue #: Issue Type:				

Action Plans for both safety & EMS requirements should be generated for corrective and preventative actions, as agreed to by the inspector and the Licensee / Contractor. An Action Plan should be the process followed for the majority of findings. Creation and documentation of an Action Plan (including closure) is required to show diligence in following up on non-conformances identified during pre-works and inspections. Local guidance may also be available.

An EMS Incident (with entry into Cengea ITS) is generated in the case of a reportable spill, fire, or landslide, significant non-conformance to BCTS management systems (SNC) or potential non-compliance with legislation (PNC) – local guidance may be available to determine what qualifies as a SNC or PNC. Typically a PNC decision for an issue is when the finding has been reported to C&E, or the PNC has led to an impact that was intended to be avoided. For a SNC the decision should again be in regard to whether an impact occurred or not, or if the SNC was a systematic breakdown and Timber Sales staff intends to proceed with contract or TSL action, i.e. Notice to Comply, Notice to Suspend, or Stop Work Order.

A safety incident would be generated in cases where the LPC has contacted BCTS with a hazard they believe to be the responsibility of BCTS, or potentially if BCTS staff have identified a safety issue on the LPC worksite which they have reported to WSBC. In the case of an LPC incident or close call, the Licensee or Contractor would follow their own incident investigation process as required by their safety program. BCTS would use the ITS process to investigate any portions of the incident / close call for which BCTS or the Licensee / Contractor felt may have been contributed by BCTS planning of operations and practices during operations (block & road layout, or other operations nearby etc).

In the case of an LPC incident or close call where BCTS staff was exposed, the incident would be investigated in two parts. A) The role that BCTS may have played in the LPC incident would be entered into Cengea ITS as a safety issue and investigated through the ITS system. B) The safety aspects related to the BCTS staff member would be investigated



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through the process described in chapter 15 of the safety manual. For privacy reasons, any investigations for incidents / close calls in which BCTS staff were directly involved will not be entered into Cengea ITS.

	GENERAL PRE-WORK COMMENTS (Reference Requirement ID # where appropriate, add extra sheets for more comments)							
			11 1	·				
n E								
Section								
	Pre-Work delivered by:		Received by:					
	Signature X:		Signature X:	Signature X:				
				I accept receipt of this pre-work and am in agreement with the stated actions.				
	5 <u>—</u>	tos	k here to enter a datenned Inspection Date:	Fax □ Mail □	Hand Delivered			
		Clic	k here to enter a date.					
General comments do not generate actions. However the inspector can indicate where a condition was borderline, and can be useful information for subsequent inspections. The inspector can also clarify exactly where and what was reviewed and by default what was not reviewed to provide due diligence for the inspector in the event of a discovery later on.								
In Cengea Forest - Resources and in the Hand Held application this comment section will be one free text field. Lines on the form are only to facilitate use as the form in the field.								
	ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL RECEIVING PRE-WORK							
ட	Name (print)	Signature	Employer	Pre-Work delivered by	Date of Pre-Work delivery			
Section F								
					<u></u>			