Digital Data Standards for a Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy

Prepared by

Ministry of Small Business, Tourism and Culture Tourism Policy and Land Use Branch For the Cultural Task Force Resources Inventory Committee

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Preface

The Resources Inventory Committee members are resource specialists from a number of professional disciplines and represent Provincial, Federal, First Nation and private sector agencies and other resource interests. RIC's objectives are to develop a common set of standards and procedures for provincial resource inventories, as recommended by the Forest Resources Commission in its report 'The Future of our Forests'.

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For further information about the Resources Inventory Committee and its various Task Forces, please visit the RIC website at http://www.for.gov.bc.ca/ric

Abstract

This document describes the digital data specifications for *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* data with a focus on spatial data collected for use in Geographic Information Systems (GIS). It is part of a series of related documents produced by the Resources Inventory Committee (RIC), which are intended to ensure B.C. government agencies are provided with resource information which meets recognized standards for quality and consistency. Recommended guidelines and 'must-follow' rules for the digital data capture, storage and presentation of Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy data are described, providing benchmarks for contractors or staff involved in digitally capturing resource inventory data, managers charged with overseeing data-collection projects, custodians maintaining resource inventory datasets, and end-users seeking to apply resource inventory data to resource management and land-use issues.

ii March 2000

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This report was written by David Nicolson of Clover Point Cartographics Ltd. and Bruce Whyte, resource planner with the Tourism Policy and Land Use Branch of the Ministry of Small Business, Tourism and Culture.

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Section 1 - Introduction

Background

This document describes the digital data specifications for *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* data with a focus on spatial data collected for use in Geographic Information Systems (GIS). It is part of a series of related documents produced by the Resources Inventory Committee (RIC), which are intended to ensure B.C. government agencies are provided with resource information which meets recognized standards for quality and consistency. Recommended guidelines and 'must-follow' rules for the digital data capture, storage and presentation of Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy data are described, providing benchmarks for contractors or staff involved in digitally capturing resource inventory data, managers charged with overseeing data-collection projects, custodians maintaining resource inventory datasets, and end-users seeking to apply resource inventory data to resource management and land-use issues.

Purpose of the Standards

The purpose of this document is to define a set of digital data standards, which will provide endusers and those involved in the collection and maintenance of the *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* data with a clear understanding of the technical form of the data. This data standard address the discipline-specific content of the inventory data, data capture rules, georeferencing standards, and specifications for the storage and delivery of the data.

The intent of this document is to define the form and structure of digital resource inventory data managed by *the Ministry of Small Business*, *Tourism and Culture* of the Province of BC. It will define, for a *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy*:

- standards for describing thematic content;
- standards for physical data specification;
- georeferencing standards;
- quality assurance guidelines; and
- recommendations for cartographic representation of the data.

This standard is introduced to achieve key provincial government objectives for digital data, by:

- making it easier to share digital spatial data between user groups using different hardware and software;
- making it easier to integrate digital spatial data by adhering to Provincial standards for georeferencing resource inventory data sets; and
- providing quantitative and qualitative measures of data quality to ensure datacollection efforts are effective, to ensure the Province receives good value in contracted projects.

Scope of the Standards

The digital data standards in this document will be applied to *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* project managed by *the Ministry of Small Business, Tourism and Culture*, a Province of British Columbia agency represented at the Resources Inventory Committee.

This document describes basic georeferencing and digital data definitions for a *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy*, including coordinate systems, registration and logical and physical descriptions for attribute and spatial aspects of the data sets. The document describes, recommends or prescribes methods for digital data capture, quality assurance and graphic data representation, as well as project metadata related to the digital capture.

The document focuses on providing the standards and guidelines required by those involved in digital data capture of Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy data to ensure consistent delivery of digital data in the specified digital form or structure. The specification describes the form (or structure) of the data as it exists in its distribution archive or the source from which it is being accessed and the form the data is expected to be in when delivered by contract. The document does not attempt to describe a single process for digitally capturing the data, as there might be a number of ways of getting the data into the specified form.

One of the fundamental principles of a *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* is that appropriate information be incorporated from other datasets where available. Many of these datasets have their own standards (e.g. TRIM, Forest Recreation Inventory, various wildlife information sources). For external data sources this document applies only to how that data is incorporated into the TOS (Section 7d) and how it is displayed (Section 9). The entire document applies to all proprietary SBTC data concerning tourism facilities, features and patterns of resource use.

Intended Users of the Standards

This document is technical in nature, and is intended for a specialist audience of persons compiling, managing and utilizing *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* digital resource inventory datasets.

This document is intended for use by three major groups:

- government staff managing contracts for the collection of *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* data, or maintaining the resource inventory datasets;
- private-sector contractors and government staff actively involved in the collection, storage and maintenance of *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* digital data sets;
- end-users seeking to understand the structure of *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* datasets for use in analysis and graphic display.

Contractors and government staff involved directly with collecting *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* data will refer to this Standard for specific technical guidance on the form and structure of the data sets they prepare. Managers of such data-collection projects will use this Standard to evaluate whether resource inventory projects have been properly conducted.

Section 2 - Georeferencing

Coordinate System

The position of a point on the earth's surface is located by its coordinates. These coordinates can be expressed in one of two ways:

- i) The first method specifies location in terms of a spheroid (geographic coordinates) which specifies latitude, longitude and elevation. Latitude and longitude should be stated in degrees or portions of degrees. The elevation is an expression of z typically in metres measured from the relevant vertical datum. Use of "geographic coordinates" is the standard for "seamless" databases. Most GIS systems do not allow computation of distance and area measurements in geographic coordinates, thus requiring transformation to a planar (map) projection.
- ii) The second method specifies location in terms of rectangular (projection) coordinates that specify Northing, Easting and elevation. Northing and Easting should be stated in metres. The elevation is an expression of z typically in metres measured from the relevant vertical datum.

The horizontal datum specifies a mathematical approximation of the earth's shape. The vertical datum provides a reference for the measurement of elevation. Each digital map file must have a description of the coordinate system (projection parameters and spheroid) embedded (ARC/INFO .prj file).

Horizontal Datum

The horizontal datum is a function of the basemap registration. The *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* basemap is registered to the British Columbia Terrain Resource Inventory Mapping (TRIM) basemap. Therefore the data standard for Horizontal Datum is **NAD83** - the North American Datum defined in 1983, with the earth-centred ellipsoid derived from Geodetic Reference System 1980 (GRS80).

Data from external sources may be captured in NAD27 - North American Datum 1927, based on the Clarke Spheroid of 1866, but must be converted to NAD83 using appropriate the Canadian National Transformation Matrix (version 2) (*see NAD27 – NAD83 Conversion below*). Existing digital data from non-SBTC data custodians should be converted to NAD83 if it is provided in NAD27.

NOTE: It is recommended that the basemap produced by the contractor for new data capture is developed in NAD83. If National Topographic Series (NTS) basemaps are used to record new information, the data must be converted to NAD83 using appropriate transformations.

Vertical Datum

The *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* data standard for Vertical Datum is **CVD28**. CVD28 - Canadian Vertical Datum defined in 1928 is a reference surface used as the basis of elevation, depth and time measurements. All vertical measurements are based on mean sea level as defined by this datum and established by the Geodetic Survey of Canada. The Vertical Datum is to be specified if the data includes a value for elevation.

Projection

All digital map files must be delivered in the Albers Equal Area Conic projection for British Columbia, as defined by the Environment Division of the Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks.

Parameters for Albers (British Columbia) have been defined as: Central meridian 126° 0′ 0″ (West longitude)

 $1^{\rm st}$ standard parallel 50° 0′ 0″ (North latitude) $2^{\rm nd}$ standard parallel 58° 30′ 0″ (North latitude)

Latitude of origin $45^{\circ} 0' 0''$ (North latitude)

Rectangular coordinates are metric with Easting values offset by 1,000,000 metres.

NAD27 - NAD83 Conversion

All coverages must be delivered in NAD83. Where a dataset contains data that has been upgraded to the new datum, the method of transformation must be identified. Use of the Canadian National Transformation Grid Version 2.0, as published by the Geodetic Survey of Canada and endorsed by Geographic Data BC, is mandatory for all datum conversions.

NOTE: When compared to Version 1.1, Version 2.0 of the Canadian National Transformation Grid provides greater detail in urban areas and more accurate control in pockets of the northeast of the province. This will be significant in areas of the northeast of the province where the required accuracy is 20 metres or less.

For further information on NAD27, NAD83 and the Canadian National Transformation Grid contact:

Geospatial Reference Section, GDBC Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks, Province of British Columbia

Section 3 - Registration

Registration is based on existing Government standards and current practices. All data developed for a *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* must be referenced based to the following base map:

Provincial Baseline Digital Atlas 1:20 000 (TRIM / TRIM II) {TRIM Watershed Atlas (1:20 000)}

At the Ministry's discretion, the following alternative base map could be used:

BC Ministry of Environment Watershed Atlas (1:50 000)

Base Positional Accuracy

The accuracy descriptions below refer to the accuracy of the basemap. The accuracy standards for proprietary SBTC data are addressed in Section 7.

Provincial Baseline Digital Atlas 1:20 000 (TRIM)

- 1. 90% of all well-defined planimetric features are coordinated to within 10 metres of their true position.
- 2. 90% of all discrete spot elevations and DEM points are accurate to within 5 metres of their true elevation.
- 3. 90% of all points interpolated from the TRIM (including contour data) are accurate to within 10 metres of their true elevation
- 4. True position/elevation is defined as the coordinates that are obtained from positioning with high order ground methods.

TRIM Watershed Atlas - 1:20 000

Heights of land, watershed boundaries, and river segments are derived from TRIM planimetric and DEM baseline datasets. As such the accuracy of this product is limited to that described for the Provincial Baseline Digital Atlas 1:20 000 (TRIM).

BC Ministry of Environment Watershed Atlas - 1:50 000 The positional accuracy will be slightly less than the standard accuracy of the 1:50,000 NTS source maps.

Section 4 - Logical Data Description

The logical data model is not presently available.

This section documents a logical description of the data being collected. The purpose is to provide a single integrated definition of the data that is unbiased toward any single application of the data being collected and is independent of how the data are physically stored or accessed. The intent is to provide a common understanding of the data being collected as well as provide a basis for systems database design and definition of the Physical Data Description (Section 5).

Section 5 - Physical Data Description

This section provides a precise specification of the physical format of data exchanged between contractors and the data custodian. Throughout this section references are made to ARC/INFO software. While the data collection and analysis can be undertaken using any software program, data must follow the defined standards and must be delivered in one of the formats specified below.

Section 5a - Attributes – Describing the Tourism Operator

All attribute data is to be stored entirely within the GIS files, with the exception of the master database listing all tourism operators. Although more difficult for non-specialists to access with non-GIS software, attributes stored entirely within GIS feature attributes tables are easier to distribute and exchange between contractors and the data custodian with their spatial features. The attributes can be developed in any relational database. Attributes associated with the spatial data should be attached to the spatial elements before delivery.

Data Format

Attribute data can be delivered in the following formats:

Microsoft Access (.MDB)

dBASE (.DBF)

The following formats can also be used for interim deliverables:

Microsoft Excel (.XLS)

Microsoft Access (.MDB)

dBASE (.DBF)

Comma-Separated Values (.CSV)

Oracle Export (.EXP) (if specified by project guidelines)

INFO export (.E00 - Attribute data format of ARC/INFO)

Data File Name

The tourism operator file is to be named <STA>_tourop.<ext.>, where <STA> represents a two or three-letter code describing the project study area (normally a forest district or LRMP Area), and <ext.> represents the conventional filename extension defining the type of software used to compile the data. Ministry of Forest District codes and LRMP Area codes are included in Appendix D – Codes for Geographic Extent.

Examples

- ja_tourop.mdb for a Microsoft Access database of tourism operators in the Fort St. James LRMP area;
- drv_tourop.dbf for a dBase file of tourism operators in the Robson Valley Forest District.

Primary Table: Tour Operators

The primary table for the Community-Based Tourism Opportunity Strategy database is a file that describes the entities that operate tourism businesses.

Digital Data Standards for a Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy

The spatial files describing the location and attributes of facilities, travels routes, features and use areas can be linked to the file of tourism operators through unique identifiers for each operator (tourcode).

| ITEM# | ITEM NAME | WIDTH | OUT- PUT | TYPE | N.DEC | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|------------|-------|-------------|------|-------|--|
| 1 | TOURCODE | 6 | 6 | I | - | Unique identifier assigned by Ministry/contractor Used to link between tourism operator attributes and the spatial elements (use area, features, and facility) used by each operator. |
| 2 | NAME | 60 | 60 | С | - | Name under which the tourism business operates |
| 3 | LEGAL_NAME | 60 | 60 | С | - | Legal name of tourism business / tourism operator |
| 4 | CONTACT | 50 | 50 | С | - | Name of contact person for operation |
| 5 | ADDRESS1 | 35 | 35 | С | - | Mailing address or box # |
| 6 | ADDRESS2 | 35 | 35 | С | - | Physical address of corporate headquarters (if different than above) |
| 7 | CITY | 25 | 25 | С | - | City |
| 8 | PROV | 2 | 2 | С | - | Province or State |
| 9 | POSTCODE | 7 | 7 | С | - | Postal code |
| 10 | PHONE1 | 14 | 14 | С | - | Phone number (including area code) e.g. 250.123.4567 |
| 11 | PHONE2 | 14 | 14 | С | - | Alternative phone number (including area code) e.g. 1.888.123.4567 |
| 12 | FAX | 14 | 14 | С | - | Fax number (including area code) e.g. 604.123.4567 |
| 13 | EMAIL | 40 | 40 | С | - | Email address |
| 14 | WEB_SITE | 60 | 60 | С | - | Web page address |
| 15 | LOCATION | 50 | 50 | С | - | Description of location of operation if different than address location |
| 16 | TENURE | 100 | 100 | С | - | Type of land tenure for operation (if any) e.g. Private ownership, CR tenure – specify type, lease |
| 17 | PERMIT | 1 | 1 | С | - | Operator has a Park Use Permit (Y/N) |
| 18 | TOUR_ORG | 6 | 6 | С | - | Operator is a member of a tourism marketing organization (space delimited e.g. R P) L = Local (e.g. Tourism Victoria) R = Regional (e.g. Cariboo Tourism Association) P = Provincial (e.g. COTA) &/or National |
| 19 | ACCTYPE | 20 | 20 | С | - | Principal type of operation - ACCOMMODATION (see acctype codes - Appendix A) Multiple entries-space delimited (e.g. A01 A04 A09) |

| 1 | | T. | | | | |
|----|-------------|-----|-----|---|-----|--|
| 20 | TOURTYPE | 20 | 20 | С | - | Principal type of operation - TOUR/EXPERIENCE |
| | | | | | | (see tourtype codes – Appendix A) |
| | | | | | | Multiple entries–space delimited (e.g. R01 R11 R15) |
| 21 | TRANSTYPE | 20 | 20 | С | - | Principal type of operation - TRANSPORTATION |
| | | | | | | (see transtype codes – Appendix A) |
| | 4.TTDT) (DE | 00 | | | | Multiple entries—space delimited (e.g. P04 P05 P09) |
| 22 | ATTRTYPE | 20 | 20 | С | - | Principal type of operation - ATTRACTION |
| | | | | | | (see attrtype codes – Appendix A) |
| | CED/IICEC | 400 | 400 | _ | | Multiple entries—space delimited (e.g. T01 T02 T09) |
| 23 | SERVICES | 100 | 100 | С | - | Listing of all services (see service codes – Appendix B) |
| | | | | | | Multiple entries - space delimited (e.g. S32 S11 S14) |
| 24 | RENTAL | 20 | 20 | С | | Listing of all equipment rented (SERVICE = S13) |
| 24 | KENTAL | 20 | 20 | | _ | (see rental codes – Appendix B) |
| | | | | | | Multiple entries - space delimited (e.g. A B F) |
| 25 | ACTIVITIES | 100 | 100 | С | _ | Listing of all activities (primary & secondary) |
| 20 | ACTIVITIES | 100 | 100 | | | (see activity codes – Appendix C) |
| | | | | | | Multiple entries-space delimited (e.g. H00 D02 K01) |
| 26 | SPECIES | 30 | 30 | С | - | Wildlife species of interest – space delimited |
| | | | - | _ | | (hunted if Guide-outfitter) |
| | | | | | | A - Black Bear K – Wolf |
| | | | | | | B - Grizzly Bear L - Whale |
| | | | | | | C - Caribou M – Other Marine Species |
| | | | | | | D - Cougar N – Fish |
| | | | | | | E - Mountain Goat P - Shorebird |
| | | | | | | F- Guided fishing Q - Waterfowl |
| | | | | | | G – Deer R - Raptor |
| | | | | | | H – Elk S - Songbird |
| | | | | | | I – Moose T – Small Mammals |
| | | | | | | J – Mountain Sheep X – Other Land Species |
| 27 | SEASON | 24 | 24 | С | - | Months of operation (space delimited – e.g.: e f g h) |
| | | | | | | A - January G - July |
| | | | | | | B - February H - August |
| | | | | | | C - March I - September |
| | | | | | | D - April J - October E - May K- November |
| | | | | | | F - June L – December |
| | | | | | | X – all year |
| 28 | USE | 12 | 12 | С | | Level of use (e.g.: A3 B1 C0 D1) |
| 20 | USL | 12 | 12 | | _ | Season Use Level |
| | |] | | | | A – Summer (July-Aug.) 0 – Not available |
| | |] | | | | B - Fall (Sept-Nov.) 1 – Low (< 54% of cap.) |
| | | 1 | | | | C - Winter (DecMar.) 2 – Med. (55-84% of cap.) |
| | |] | | | | D - Spring (AprJune) 3 – High (> 85% of cap.) |
| 29 | START_DATE | 4 | 4 | С | - | Year current business started |
| 30 | LOCAL_TRIP | 1 | 1 | С | _ | % of trips offered which take place in study area |
| | LOOKL_IKII | ' | ' | |] - | A - <25% |
| | | 1 | | | | B - 25% - 75% |
| | |] | | | | C - >75% |
| 31 | GRP_SIZE | 1 | 1 | С | - | Maximum size of groups on tour |
| | | | | | | A - <2 people D – 13-15 people |
| | | 1 | | | | B – 3-6 people E – 16-20 people |
| | |] | | | | C - 7-12 people $F - > 20$ people |
| 32 | PURPOSE | 10 | 10 | С | - | Why clients frequent your business |
| | |] | | | | (list in order of importance – space delimited) |
| | | 1 | | | | R = Recreation (locals) |
| | |] | | | | T = Tourist |
| | | 1 | | | | B = Business |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | C = Conference/meeting V= Visiting friends or relatives |

| — | | <u> </u> | • | 1 | 1 | |
|----------|------------|----------|-----|---|---|---|
| 33 | MARKET | 16 | 16 | С | - | Where are your clients primarily from? (list in order of importance – space delimited) A – Regional) B – Provincial C – Canada D – USA - shorthaul (AK, WA., OR., ID.) E – USA – longhaul (remainder USA) F – Asian G – European H – Other International |
| 34 | CLIENT_PRE | 6 | 6 | I | 0 | Number of clients in previous year |
| 35 | CLIENT_EXP | 6 | 6 | I | 0 | Expected number of clients in current year |
| 36 | CHANGE1 | 1 | 1 | С | - | Is your business more, less or equally busy to last year M=MORE, S= SAME, L= LESS |
| 37 | CHANGE2 | 1 | 1 | С | - | Is your business more, less or equally busy to 2 years ago M=MORE, S= SAME, L= LESS |
| 38 | CHANGE3 | 1 | 1 | С | - | Is your business more, less or equally busy to 3 years ago M=MORE, S= SAME, L= LESS |
| 39 | WHY_CHANGE | 50 | 50 | С | - | Verbal description of what influenced change |
| 40 | DURATION | 15 | 15 | С | - | Average length of stay for clients, |
| 41 | FEES_DAY | 8 | 8 | С | - | number or range of days (use 0 for < one day) Daily charge to participant for services or experience Event lasts one day or less (Round to nearest dollar – indicate if in USA \$\$) |
| 42 | FEES_NIGHT | 8 | 8 | С | - | Daily charge to participant for services or experience – Event lasts one or more nights (Round to nearest dollar – indicate if in USA \$\$) |
| 43 | EMP_FY | 3 | 3 | I | 0 | Number of employees - full time year round |
| 44 | EMP_FS | 3 | 3 | I | 0 | Number of employees - full time seasonal |
| 45 | EMP_PY | 3 | 3 | I | 0 | Number of employees - part time year round |
| 46 | EMP_PS | 3 | 3 | I | 0 | Number of employees - part time seasonal |
| 47 | EMP_TOT | 3 | 3 | I | 0 | Number of employees - total |
| 48 | EMP_FTE | 3 | 3 | I | 0 | Number of Full Time Equivalent Employees Consultants estimate based on above numbers |
| 49 | EMP_LOCAL | 3 | 3 | I | - | Number of employees from the study area |
| 50 | COMMENTS | 254 | 254 | С | - | Additional notes regarding the operation |
| 51 | SURVEY | 3 | 3 | С | - | Indicates how an operator participated in the study C – contact attempt via telephone – no response I – telephone interview N – did not attempt to contact / could not contact S – sent survey & telephone call – no response SR – returned completed survey |
| 52 | UPDATE | 8 | 10 | D | - | Date this operator information updated |
| 53 | SOURCE | 30 | 30 | С | - | Main source of information (how operator located) (XXXX TRI – previous Tourism Resource Inventory (indicate year e.g. 1996 TRI) XXXX TOS - –Tourism Opportunity Strategy (indicate year e.g. 1999 TOS) ACCOMXXXX – Tourism BC Accommodation guide (with year) ASSOC – Regional tourism association Telus – Telephone Directory BROCHURE – Company brochure FIELD – Found during field work GUIDE/OUTFITTER – Licensed MoE Guide Outfitter POLK – POLK Directory TIC – Tourist Information Centre WWW.xxxx – Web page Other –specify code & record in report |

Assigning Tourcodes

Tourcodes are a unique identifier assigned to tourism operators that allow an operator to be associated with a spatial element. Each tourism operator in the province has one tourcode, regardless of how many regions they operate in. The tourcode is assigned based on where the headquarters / primary facility of the operator is located or where the majority of the tourism activity occurs.

Tourcodes consist of a six-digit number. The first two digits represent the tourism region while the final four digits represent a unique number for the operator.

| Tourism Region | Tourcode (first 2 digits) |
|--|---------------------------|
| Islands | 10 |
| Southwest | 20 |
| Okanagan | 30 |
| Kootenay | 40 |
| Cariboo-Chilcotin | 50 |
| North (formerly Northwest and Northeast) | 60 |

SBTC will provide contractors with a list of all provincial tourism operators and their tourcodes. Operators who are on the list will keep their assigned tourcode, regardless of the region(s) they operate in. New operators identified by the contractors will be assigned a new code. To avoid duplicate coding when projects are undertaken concurrently throughout the province, SBTC will either assign the new tourcodes or designate a sub-region and have the contractor assign the tourcodes.

Example:

The Queen Charlotte Islands are in the North Region (60), but because of concurrent studies, is assigned the regional tourcode of 61. New operators identified for this project were assigned tourcodes starting with 61.

Examples of assigning regional tourcodes:

Operator X is based on Vancouver Island. They offer tours on the west and east coast of Vancouver Island, on the Central Coast and in the Queen Charlotte Islands. They are assigned a regional tourcode of 10.

Operator M is based in Vancouver but offers tours throughout Coastal BC, They are assigned a regional tourcode of 20.

Operator Y is based in Kamloops. They operate a Guide-Outfitting company near Prince George. They are assigned a regional tourcode of 60.

Operator Z is headquartered in Vancouver, but has facilities in the Kootenay Region. They are assigned a regional tourcode of 40.

Operator Q is headquartered in Victoria, but has facilities on Vancouver Island, in the Central Coast and on the Queen Charlottes. Each operation has separate names and mailing addresses. Each facility is assigned a tourcode appropriate to the region in which they are based.

Jane has a fishing charter and accommodation facility operating from the same address but under different names. Jane's operations are assigned two unique regional tourcodes. Frank has a fishing charter and accommodation facility operating from the same address under the same name. Frank's operations are assigned one unique regional tourcode.

The four digits following the regional tourcode are assigned in sequential order from the last previously identified tourism operator in the regional tourcode series. The final rectification of tourism operator tourcodes, and inclusion of new and updated information into the SBTC corporate database, will be undertaken by SBTC staff after the project has been completed.

Section 5b - Spatial

Coordinate System

All data must be in the following coordinate system. Note that the Offsets are separate from the false Easting and/or false Northing that may be part of the projection definition. For example, BC Albers has a false Easting of 1,000,000 metres.

| Parameters | ARC/INFO - BC Albers | ESRI Arc Shape - BC Albers |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Horizontal Unit of Resolution, Measurement Unit | metres, double precision | metres, double precision |
| Vertical Unit of Resolution, Measurement Unit | N/A | N/A |
| X,Y Offsets | 0.0, 0.0 | 0.0, 0.0 |

Tiles / Coverage Extents

Data must be divided into the following geographical partitions, unless otherwise specified by the project guidelines:

Administrative or Geographical Area (e.g. Forest District or LRMP Area).

Data Format

Spatial data must be submitted in one of the following formats (in decreasing order of preference):

- ARC/INFO export (E00) Unix/NT Version 7.xx or later Uncompressed (i.e. exported with NONE compression option)
- Unix or NT ARC/INFO coverage Unix/NT Version 7.xx or later. Set up in unique workspace
- ESRI Arc Shape
- PC ARC/INFO export (E00) Version 4.xx Uncompressed (i.e. exported with NONE compression option)
- SAIF

Coverage Name

The naming schema follows the Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks naming conventions (see www.elp.gov.bc.ca/gis/coveragenames.html).

The first character in the coverage name refers to the **scale or map accuracy**. Data for a *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* is to be registered against TRIM, therefore the initial letter of the coverage name should be "t" (infers1:20 000 scale or accuracy). If the data is matched to the Watershed Atlas, the initial letter used in the coverage should be "l" (infers1:50 000 scale or accuracy). Layers taken directly from a regional Tourism Resource Inventory without further rectification should begin with the letter "q" (infers 1:250 000 scale or accuracy). The actual accuracy for each point, line, polygon or region in the coverage is documented in the spatial database.

The next four characters refer to the **thematic content** of each coverage. The six thematic types are shown below.

tfc => tourism facility tftp => tourism point feature tftl => tourism line feature tfta => tourism polygon feature tuar => tourism use area (regions) tc => tourism capability

The tourism capability has 3 subsequent letters that are used to describe the tourism product that has been modeled for capability. This is separated from the previous characters by an "_". A full listing of codes for tourism capability models area found in Appendix E. Codes will be assigned by SBTC for products not listed in the Appendix.

The final 3 characters refer to the **geographic extent** of the project area. Codes for geographic extent are provided in Appendix D. Codes will be assigned by SBTC for project study areas that do not conform to one of those listed in the Appendix. The geographic extent codes are separated from the previous characters by an "_".

Examples:

100 Mile House coverages, matched to TRIM. Capability models run using TRIM, Forest Cover and other 1:20 000 scale data sources (where available).

ttfc_dmh => tourism facility

ttftp dmh => tourism point feature

ttftl dmh => tourism line feature

ttftp dmh => tourism polygon feature

ttua_dmh => tourism use area (regions)

ttc_<XXX>_dmh => tourism capability where XXX stands for the tourism product being modeled

Feature Classification

Each feature (point, line or polygon) must have a feature code from the BC Government Feature Database in its feature attribute table, stored in a 10-character attribute called 'FCODE'. FCODEs have been assigned in the table below. Additional FCODEs will be provided by SBTC as data custodians assign them.

Data Layers and Topology Implementation

Spatial data is to be captured as one of four different types: points, lines, polygons and regions. These entities are stored in specific layers or coverages depending on what each represents. Attributes for each coverage are described below. Topology for each coverage, used to express spatial relationships among map features, is described with the feature codes in the table below.

| Coverage Type | Feature Code (FCODE) | Feature Class Description | Topology |
|------------------|-------------------------|--|----------|
| TOURISM FACILITY | BB14050110 * | Bed and Breakfast | point |
| | AL12350000 | Golf Course | point |
| | AA23150130 * | Guest Ranch | point |
| | BB14050000 | Hotel / Motel / Tourist Lodge (frontcountry) | point |
| | AL24350000 | Lodge / Resort (backcountry) | point |
| | BL17000000 | Marina | point |
| | BL18900000 | Museum | point |
| | BL01200000 | Gallery / Attraction | point |
| | AL24360000 * | Outdoor activity supplier (Non-facility based tourism operator headquarters) | point |
| | BB2975140 * | Rentals (automobile / equipment) | point |
| | AL03900130 | RV Park / Private Campground / Campsite | point |
| | AL27700000 | Ski Area / Ski Hill | point |
| | BB03700000 | Secondary Facility / Cabin / Camp | point |
| TOURISM FEATURE | DC31700000 | Trail – basic trail on soil, gravel or boardwalk | line |
| | DC31800000 | Trail – improved (paved) | line |
| | FM93200200 | Trail – MoF developed / maintained | line |
| | FM93200300 | Trail – heritage (historic route – may not exist today) | line |
| | DC32000000 * | Land Route – non-established route | line |
| | AL70003002 | River Recreation / Lake-based route | line |
| | AQ10800110 * | Ocean Route | line |
| | DC32000110 * | Winter Route (ski, snowmobile, dogsled) | line |
| | DA24900000 | Road – Gravel or paved road used for tourism activity | line |
| | DC32000120 * | Air Route / Flight Corridor | line |
| TOURISM FEATURE | AIXXXXXXXX * | Activity Use - Climbing | point |
| | AIXXXXXXXX * | Activity Use - Diving | point |

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| | AIXXXXXXXX * | Activity Use - Fishing | point |
|--------------------|--------------|---|----------|
| | AIXXXXXXXX * | Activity Use – Kayak (put-in / pull-out) | point |
| | AIXXXXXXXX * | Activity Use – Other | point |
| Coverage Type | FCODE | Feature Class Description | Topology |
| | AQ90450000 | Airfield / Airstrip / Aircraft Landing | point |
| | AQ13450000 | Helicopter Landing | point |
| | AQ00800000 | Anchorage | point |
| | GE01800000 | Beach | point |
| | CQ15800000 | Boat Ramp | point |
| | BN03750000 | Cabin / Hut / Shack | point |
| | AL93901000 | Campsite – Wilderness | point |
| | AL03900110 | Campground/Campsite – Federal | point |
| | AL03900120 | Campground/Campsite – Municipal | point |
| | AL03900140 | Campground/Campsite – Provincial | point |
| | AL03900150 | Campground/Campsite – Regional | point |
| | CQ08850000 | Dock / Wharf | point |
| | AL13650000 | Heritage / Historic Site (with tourism value) | point |
| | GF2875120 | Hot Spring / Thermal Spring | point |
| | FI91300010 | Ministry of Forests Recreation Site (RSITE) | point |
| | FI91300020 | Ministry of Forests Proposed Recreation Site (RSP) | point |
| | FI91300020 | Ministry of Forests Recreation Reserve (RECRES) | point |
| | HB18800000 | Mountain Peak | point |
| | AL21150000 | Picnic Site | point |
| | DC31700001 * | Trailhead | point |
| | AL16550000 | Viewpoint / Scenic Viewing | point |
| | GA10450000 | Waterfall | point |
| | FE84580000 | Wildlife Viewing / Wildlife Site (with tourism value) | point |
| TOURISM FEATURE | AL70000000 | Activity / Use – biological, physical, cultural, historic feature of recreational/tourism significance or value | polygon |
| TOURISM USE | ALXXXXXXX * | Tourism operator use area | region |
| PRODUCT CAPABILITY | ALXXXXXXX * | Tourism product capability | polygon |

^{*} Indicates FCODE is not officially approved or assigned at this time

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Linkages to Attributes

Coverages contain attributes about each specific element. For instance the TOURISM FEATURE coverages will contain attributes which describe each feature element (point, line or polygon). Elements in the TOURISM USE and FACILITY coverages are linked to the tourism operator attribute database through a unique field called TOURCODE. All facilities and use areas must contain a TOURCODE that exactly matches those specified in the operator attribute database. Coverages will be linked through the point attribute table and region attribute table (subclass ALL). Each facility is also assigned a unique FACCODE that can also be used to link the one or more facility elements back to the tourism operators identified in the attribute database.

Required Spatial Attributes – TOURISM FACILITIES

| ITEM# | ITEM NAME | WDTH | OPUT | TYP | N.DEC | DESCRIPTION | |
|-------|--------------------------|------|------|-----|-------|--|--|
| 1 | AREA | 4 | 12 | F | 3 | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 2 | PERIMETER | 4 | 12 | F | 3 | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 3 | <covergae>#</covergae> | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 4 | <coverage>-ID</coverage> | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 5 | FCODE | 10 | 10 | С | - | Feature code assigned to each point | |
| 6 | TOURCODE | 6 | 6 | I | - | Unique identifier assigned by Ministry/contractor | |
| 7 | NAME | 60 | 60 | С | - | Name of facility (for display on plots) | |
| 8 | FACCODE | 6 | 6 | I | 0 | Unique identifier for facility assigned by Ministry/contractor | |
| 9 | UNITS | 4 | 4 | I | 0 | Number of roofed sleeping units (rooms / cabins) | |
| 10 | SITES | 4 | 4 | I | 0 | Number of camping sites (unserviced) | |
| 11 | RVSITES | 4 | 4 | I | 0 | Number of RV or camping sites (serviced – one of electricity, water or sewer hook-ups provided) | |
| 12 | BERTHS | 4 | 4 | I | 0 | Number of berths (overnight – boats/ships) | |
| 13 | REST_SEAT | 4 | 4 | I | 0 | Number of restaurant seats (SERVICE = S01) | |
| 14 | COFFEE_SEAT | 4 | 4 | I | 0 | Number of coffee shop seats (SERVICE = S02) | |
| 15 | DINE_SEAT | 4 | 4 | I | 0 | Number of fine dining seats (SERVICE = S03) | |
| 16 | PUB_SEAT | 4 | 4 | I | 0 | Number of pub seats (SERVICE = S04) | |
| 17 | MEET_CAP | 4 | 4 | I | 0 | Maximum capacity of meeting room | |
| 18 | RETAIL_FT | 5 | 5 | I | 0 | Total square footage of retail space | |
| 19 | MOORSLIPS | 4 | 4 | I | 0 | Number of moorage slips | |
| 20 | MOORFEET | 5 | 5 | I | 0 | Length of dock (in feet) | |
| 21 | VERTICAL | 5 | 5 | I | 0 | Vertical drop at ski hill (meters) | |
| 22 | RUNS | 3 | 3 | I | 0 | Number of runs at ski hill | |
| 23 | TRAMS | 2 | 2 | I | 0 | Number of tram and/or gondola lines at ski hill | |
| 24 | CHAIRS | 2 | 2 | I | 0 | Number of chair lifts at ski hill | |
| 25 | TOWS | 2 | 2 | I | 0 | Number of t-bars and/or rope tows at ski hill | |
| 26 | TRACK | 6 | 6 | I | 0 | Length of track set Nordic trails (kilometers) | |
| 27 | NOTRACK | 6 | 6 | I | 0 | Length of untracked Nordic trails (kilometers) | |
| 28 | HOLES | 2 | 2 | I | 0 | Number of holes at gold course | |
| 29 | PAR | 2 | 2 | I | 0 | Par of golf course from men's tee | |
| 30 | YARDS | 5 | 5 | I | 0 | Total yardage of golf course from men's tee | |
| 31 | SOURCE | 30 | 30 | С | - | Source for location of point XXXX TRI – previous Tourism Resource Inventory (indicate year e.g. 1996 TRI) XXXX TOS - –Tourism Opportunity Strategy (indicate year e.g. 1999 TOS) BCAL – from BC Assets and Land Corporation BROCHURE – Company brochure FIELD – Found during field work OPERATORS – from tourism operator TRIM - Provincial 1:20,000 Digital Baseline Mapping REPORT – list name of report Other –specify code & record in report | |
| 32 | SOURCE_SCA | 10 | 10 | С | - | Scale facility was recorded from OR is accurate to e.g. 1:20,000 ; 1:50,000: 1:250,000 | |
| 33 | COMMENTS | 254 | 254 | С | - | Additional notes regarding the facility | |
| 34 | UPDATE | 8 | 10 | D | - | Date last updated | |
| 35 | DISTRICT | 3 | 3 | С | - | Ministry of Forest District (See Appendix D) | |

Required Spatial Attributes – TOURISM FEATURES (lines)

| ITEM# | ITEM NAME | WDTH | OPUT | TYP | N.DEC | DESCRIPTION | |
|-------|--------------------------|------|------|-----|-------|--|--|
| 1 | FNODE# | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 2 | TNODE# | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 3 | LPOLY# | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 4 | RPOLY# | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 5 | LENGTH | 4 | 12 | F | 3 | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 6 | <covergae>#</covergae> | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 7 | <coverage>-ID</coverage> | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 8 | FCODE | 10 | 10 | С | - | Feature code assigned to each line | |
| 9 | NAME | 100 | 100 | С | - | Name of feature (if known) | |
| 10 | FEATURE | 40 | 40 | С | - | Listing of all features found at this site (see feature code sheet) multiple entries – space delimited | |
| 11 | ACTIVITY | 40 | 40 | С | - | Listing of all activities occurring at this site (see activity code sheet) multiple entries – space delimited | |
| 12 | ACCESS | 6 | 6 | С | - | Type of access to feature – select one (Listed in decreasing order of accessibility) ROAD WATER TRAIL AIR | |
| 13 | USE_LEVEL | 1 | 1 | С | - | Current level of use for feature (L, M or H) | |
| 14 | FEAT_RANK | 1 | 1 | С | - | Ranked evaluation of importance of feature NOT YET IN EFFECT | |
| 15 | SOURCE | 30 | 30 | С | - | source of update information XXXX TRI – previous Tourism Resource Inventory (indicate year e.g. 1996 TRI) XXXX TOS - –Tourism Opportunity Strategy (indicate year e.g. 1999 TOS) BCAL – from BC Assets and Land Corporation BROCHURE – Company brochure FIELD – Found during field work OPERATORS – from tourism operator TRIM - Provincial 1:20,000 Digital Baseline Mapping REPORT – list name of report Other –specify code & record in report | |
| 16 | SOURCE_SCA | 10 | 10 | С | - | Scale feature was recorded from / is accurate to e.g. 1:20,000 ; 1:50,000: 1:250,000 | |
| 17 | COMMENTS | 254 | 254 | С | - | General notes on feature | |
| 18 | UPDATE | 8 | 10 | D | - | Date last updated | |
| 19 | DISTRICT | 3 | 3 | С | - | Ministry of Forest District (See Appendix D) | |

Required Spatial Attributes – TOURISM FEATURES (points)

| ITEM# | ITEM NAME | WDTH | OPUT | TYP | N.DEC | DESCRIPTION | | |
|-------|--------------------------|------|------|-----|-------|---|--|--|
| 1 | AREA | 4 | 12 | F | 3 | Reserved for ARC/INFO | | |
| 2 | PERIMETER | 4 | 12 | F | 3 | Reserved for ARC/INFO | | |
| 3 | <covergae>#</covergae> | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO | | |
| 4 | <coverage>-ID</coverage> | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO | | |
| 5 | FCODE | 10 | 10 | С | - | Feature code assigned to each point | | |
| 6 | NAME | 100 | 100 | С | - | Name of feature (if known) | | |
| 7 | FEATURE | 40 | 40 | С | - | listing of all features found at this site (see feature code sheet above) multiple entries - space delimited | | |
| 8 | ACTIVITY | 40 | 40 | С | - | listing of all activities occurring at this site (see activity code sheet above) multiple entries - space delimited | | |
| 9 | ACCESS | 6 | 6 | С | - | Type of access to feature – select one (Listed in decreasing order of accessibility) Road Water Trail Air | | |
| 10 | USE_LEVEL | 1 | 1 | С | - | Current level of use for feature (L, M or H) | | |
| 11 | FEAT_RANK | 1 | 1 | С | - | Ranked evaluation of importance of feature NOT YET IN EFFECT | | |
| 12 | SOURCE | 30 | 30 | С | - | source of update information xxxx TRI – previous Tourism Resource Inventory (indicate year e.g. 1996 TRI) CLI MAPS – Can. Land Inventory CHS xxxx – Canadian Hydrographic Service chart – chart # FIELD – Found during field work FS REC –Forest Service Recreation Map OPERATORS – from tourism operator TRIM – Provincial 1:20,000 Digital Baseline Mapping REPORT – list name of report OTHER – make and specify your own codes | | |
| 13 | SOURCE_SCA | 10 | 10 | С | - | Scale feature was recorded from / is accurate to e.g. 1:20,000 ; 1:50,000: 1:250,000 | | |
| 14 | COMMENTS | 254 | 254 | С | - | general notes on feature | | |
| 15 | UPDATE | 8 | 10 | D | - | date last updated | | |
| 16 | DISTRICT | 3 | 3 | С | - | Ministry of Forest District (See Appendix D) | | |

Required Spatial Attributes – TOURISM FEATURES (polygons)

| ITEM# | ITEM NAME | WDTH | OPUT | TYP | N.DEC | DESCRIPTION | |
|-------|--------------------------|------|------|-----|-------|---|--|
| 1 | AREA | 4 | 12 | F | 3 | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 2 | PERIMETER | 4 | 12 | F | 3 | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 3 | <covergae>#</covergae> | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 4 | <coverage>-ID</coverage> | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO | |
| 5 | FCODE | 10 | 10 | С | - | Feature code assigned to each point | |
| 6 | NAME | 100 | 100 | С | - | Name of feature (if known) | |
| 7 | FEATURE | 40 | 40 | С | - | listing of all features found at this site (see feature code sheet above) multiple entries - space delimited | |
| 8 | ACTIVITY | 40 | 40 | С | - | listing of all activities occurring at this site (see activity code sheet above) multiple entries - space delimited | |
| 9 | ACCESS | 6 | 6 | С | - | Type of access to feature – select one (Listed in decreasing order of accessibility) Road Water Trail Air | |
| 10 | USE_LEVEL | 1 | 1 | С | - | Current level of use for feature (L, M or H) | |
| 11 | FEAT_RANK | 1 | 1 | С | - | Ranked evaluation of importance of feature NOT YET IN EFFECT | |
| 12 | SOURCE | 30 | 30 | С | - | source of update information xxxx TRI – previous Tourism Resource Inventory (indicate year e.g. 1996 TRI) CLI MAPS – Can. Land Inventory CHS xxxx – Canadian Hydrographic Service chart – chart # FIELD – Found during field work FS REC –Forest Service Recreation Map OPERATORS – from tourism operator TRIM – Provincial 1:20,000 Digital Baseline Mapping REPORT – list name of report OTHER – make and specify your own codes | |
| 13 | SOURCE_SCA | 10 | 10 | С | - | Scale feature was recorded from / is accurate to e.g. 1:20,000 ; 1:50,000: 1:250,000 | |
| 14 | COMMENTS | 254 | 254 | С | - | general notes on feature | |
| 15 | UPDATE | 8 | 10 | D | - | date last updated | |
| 16 | DISTRICT | 3 | 3 | С | - | Ministry of Forest District (See Appendix D) | |

NB: A feature can be a point, line or polygon. Features can be associated with a physical feature or activity site/location and can have an activity code, feature code or both.

Required Spatial Attributes – TOURISM USE AREAS (regions)

| ITEM# | ITEM NAME | WDTH | OPUT | TYP | N.DEC | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|------------|------|------|-----|-------|--|
| 1 | AREA | 4 | 12 | F | 3 | Reserved for ARC/INFO |
| 2 | PERIMETER | 4 | 12 | F | 3 | Reserved for ARC/INFO |
| 3 | USE# | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO |
| 4 | USE-ID | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO |
| 5 | FCODE | 10 | 10 | С | - | Feature code assigned to each line |
| 6 | TOURCODE | 6 | 6 | I | - | Unique identifier assigned by Ministry/contractor which identifies the operator using this region |
| 7 | ACTIVITY | 40 | 40 | С | - | listing of all activities occurring in this polygon (see activity code sheet above) multiple entries - space delimited |
| 8 | SOURCE | 30 | 30 | С | - | source OPERATORS – use area delimited from study |
| 9 | SOURCE_SCA | 10 | 10 | С | - | Scale use was recorded from – should be 1:20,000 |
| 10 | COMMENTS | 254 | 254 | С | - | general notes on use polygon |
| 11 | UPDATE | 8 | 10 | D | - | date last updated |
| 12 | DISTRICT | 3 | 3 | С | - | Ministry of Forest District (See Appendix D) |

NB: There are no attributes associated with the line delimiting a use area.

A use area is made up of an operator's facilities, features and routes, plus any areas the operators have indicated. The procedure to delimitate an operator's use area is described in Section 7d.

Required Spatial Attributes – TOURISM PRODUCT CAPABILITY (polygon)

| ITEM# | ITEM NAME | WDTH | OPUT | TYP | N.DEC | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|--------------------------|------|------|-----|-------|---|
| 1 | AREA | 8 | 18 | F | 5 | Reserved for ARC/INFO |
| 2 | PERIMETER | 8 | 18 | F | 5 | Reserved for ARC/INFO |
| 3 | <covergae>#</covergae> | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO |
| 4 | <coverage>-ID</coverage> | 4 | 5 | В | - | Reserved for ARC/INFO |
| 5 | <code>CAP</code> | 1 | 1 | С | - | Capability for tourism product V = Very High H = High M - Moderate L - Low N - None |

NB: Appendix E has a three-letter code for each potential tourism product. Products modeled for capability that do not have a code will be assigned one by SBTC staff..

Templates

Digital templates consisting of empty Arc/Info coverage files are available from *ftp* 199.175.33.21 in the directory pub/outgoing/templates. Use of these templates will simplify conformance to the specifications in this document.

Section 6 - Metadata

Metadata is defined as information about information. This section outlines metadata which is to be stored with the each digital files developed for a *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy*. The purpose of maintaining metadata is to facilitate tracing the history of each digital map coverage.

Two types of metadata occur:

- 1. Project Metadata: a record of field mapping information in the header of the RIC Inventory Data Form (Table 1 below). This can be included in the project report.
- 2. Dataset Metadata: a meta data table stored with each spatial dataset. Must be included with each digital coverage delivered.

Project Metadata

Table 1- Example of Fields and Attributes for typical RIC Field Inventory data form

| Field | Name | Description | Length | Format | DBF field name |
|-------|---------------------------|---|--------|----------|----------------|
| # | | | | | |
| | | | Т | T | T |
| 1 | Project Name | The common name of the project – usually a well known local place or feature. | 40 | c-e-l | Proj_Name |
| 2 | Geographic Location | The geographic area of the mapping project | 40 | an-e-l-u | Geog_Loc |
| 3 | Data owner/ custodian | The public or private-sector organization responsible for maintaining the data. | 40 | c-e-l-u | Org_Name |
| 4 | Project Manager | The public or private-sector organization responsible for the mapping project. | 40 | c-e-l-u | Org_Name |
| 5 | Mapper | The specialist doing the inventory. Where more than one mapper is working on the project, the project leader. | 30 | c-e-l-u | Mapper |
| 6 | Survey Intensity Level | A class used to indicate the extent to which the data has been checked on the ground. | 1 | n-x-r | SIL |
| 7 | Year Surveyed | The year (YYYY)in which the ground survey for the project was completed. | 4 | n-x-r | Year_Surv |
| 8 | Date Recorded | The completion date (mm-dd-yyyy) for entering project and inventory data. | 8 | n-x-r | Date_Rec |
| 9 | Recorder Name | The person and agency who originally digitized the Mapping data. | 30 | c-e-l-u | Recor_Name |

Dataset Metadata

Metadata should be collected in .DBF format, for maximum compatibility with archive databases. They are to be integrated with the INFO directory for each coverage.

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Table 2- Meta data table stored with each spatial dataset

| PROJECT | Campbell River Tourism Opportunity Strategy |
|-----------------------|--|
| GEOGRAPHIC AREA | Campbell River FD and portions of Port McNeil FD |
| (coverage or extent) | |
| AGENCY | Ministry of Small Business, Tourism and Culture, Tourism Policy and Land Use Branch |
| AGENCY CONTACT | Bruce Whyte 250.365.8797 |
| DATA COLLECTION | Geoscape 604.526.9195 – Warren Fox |
| DIGITAL MAPPING | Clover Point Cartographics Ltd. 250.384-3537 – David Nicolson |
| COVERAGE TITLE | Tourism Facilities |
| DESCRIPTION | Tourism operator primary and secondary facilities |
| ACCURACY | Matched to TRIM, generally 1:20,000 |
| STANDARDS | Digital Data Standard for a Community Based Tourism Opportunity Strategy Version 0.99 (January 24, 2000) |
| PROJECTION | Albers Equal Area Conic, NAD83 |
| PRODUCTION DATE | March 31, 2000 |
| DATABASE | See report Tourism Opportunity Study for the Campbell River and Port McNeill (portions) Forest Districts for data dictionary |
| MODIFICATION NOTES | |

Section 7 - Digital Data Capture Rules/Requirements

Section 7a - Quality of Digital Data Capture

Quality of digital data capture is composed of accuracy, precision, resolution, and degree of detail. For a discussion of these terms, refer to "Scale, Accuracy, and Resolution in a GIS" at http://www.env.gov.bc.ca/gis/gisscale.html.

Map Registration

A minimum of 4 control points must be used to register each map for digital data capture. These points should be placed on the outer edges of the mapsheet and ideally conform to known coordinates or basemap features. The root mean square error of the control point residuals after registration should be less than 15 meters (0.015).

Processing Tolerances

Fuzzy tolerance defines the minimum distance allowable between any two arcs, nodes or vertices. The fuzzy tolerance is calculated according to the following:

Fuzzy tolerance = mapscale / 10000

For the purpose of the Community Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy fuzzy tolerance should be specified at **2 meters**.

Dangle tolerance defines the minimum length allowed for dangling arcs. The dangle tolerance is calculated according to the following:

Fuzzy tolerance = mapscale / 10000

For the purpose of the Community Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy dangle tolerance should be specified at **2 meters**.

Data Capture

Data captured from hardcopy map sources should be matched to the TRIM basemap. If an element is present in TRIM, the digitized element should be replaced with the TRIM feature. Elements that are not replaced by TRIM features should be within 0.5 mm of the original map feature when plotted on a check plot at map scale.

Digitizing Accuracy/Error

Digitizing accuracy specifies how closely the location and shape of a feature in its coordinate space reflects its location and shape in mapping on physical media such as paper or mylar. The required accuracy/error of mapped features is related to the scale of data capture, and can be specified in terms of deviation between checkplots and physical media.

For a *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy* all features must be within 0.5 mm of the original map features when plotted on check plots at map scale. For data captured from existing hardcopy maps at 1:20 000 scale, all features must be within 10 metres of their mapped location in projection coordinates. (TRIM Standards)

Precision

Precision is the degree of exactness with which a quantity is expressed. i.e. the least significant digit of numbers used to represent data. Precision for each numeric value captured is specified in Section 5 - physical data model. Usually, the precision of spatial coordinates is far greater than needed for resource surveys, so is not an issue.

Resolution

Resolution is the degree to which closely related entities can be discriminated. This includes the minimum separation of points along the same feature, and the minimum separation between two features. Resolution may also refer to the amount of detail, or the smallest feature that may be captured.

Resolution is related to the scale at which the data is to be mapped/displayed.

Section 7b - Minimum Feature Size

Contractors can, at their discretion, capture information as a point, line or polygon. As a general rule, the feature should be captured as it is displayed in TRIM. There is no minimum feature size for point or line features. Facilities should be captured as a point in the center of the facility, regardless of the size of the facility. Trails and routes should be captured as single line features using the center of the element (road/trail/river/lake/ocean). Features and use sites should be captured as points, unless the feature exists as a polygon in TRIM (e.g. Lake using for fishing or canoeing, wetland). Area-based features should be a minimum of 5 hectares to be represented as a polygon.

Section 7c - Data Capture Rules/Requirements

This table provides an indication of the rules that should be followed when capturing these discrete data types. Brief descriptions of the rules follow.

| Applicability of Data Capture Rules to Spatial Data Types | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|--------|---------------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Rule | Point | Linear | Discrete Polygon | Region | | | | |
| Right-Hand Rule | | | Х | Х | | | | |
| Direction-of-flow Rule | | Х | | | | | | |
| Pseudo-node Rule | | Х | Х | Х | | | | |
| Polygon Integrity Rule | | | Х | Х | | | | |
| Single Inside Point Rule | | | Х | Х | | | | |
| Vertex Density Rule | | Х | Х | Х | | | | |

Right-Hand Rule

An arc that bounds a real feature must be captured such that the feature lies to the right of the line. Equivalently, the boundary of the feature must be oriented in a clockwise direction.

Applicability: This rule applies to discrete polygon spatial datatypes.

Direction-of-flow Rule

Linear features having a defined discernible gradient or direction-of-flow must be digitized in the downward or downstream direction.

Applicability: This rule applies to linear spatial data types.

Example: River raft route, river kayaking

Pseudo-node Rule

Pseudo-nodes (i.e. 2-nodes, or nodes where only two arcs meet) should be avoided, except where necessary to meet the maximum element size constraints of a particular software product. Pseudo-nodes are required where the database attributes on a linear feature differentiate.

Polygon Integrity Rule

Polygonal feature classes must not contain undershoots or overshoots (i.e. one-nodes, or nodes that touch only one arc).

Single Inside Point Rule

A polygonal feature must contain at most one inside point for attribute linkage.

Applicability: This rule applies to discrete polygon and coverage spatial data types

Example: Each Tourism Feature polygon contains a single inside point

Vertex Density Rule

Vertices should be spaced a minimum of 5 meters apart (weedtolerance 5).

Section 7d – Guidelines for Feature, Facility and Use Coverages

Facility

A facility consists of a point defining the location of an accommodation, base headquarter or camp used by a tourism operator. Contractors are expected to record the location against the TRIM base as accurately as possible. In urban locations the Transportation Centreline Network (TCN) can be used to location street addresses. Operators may have one or more facilities. Each operator should have at least on facility or "base" within the study area. Points may be placed on top of each other if different operators are based from the same facility. Each facility point is to be coded with a unique FACCODE, FCODE and the TOURCODE of the operator who uses the facility. The contract administrator will assign the initial FACCODE for the facilities added by each project.

Feature (point)

Point features are site locations that have relevance to tourism. They may include natural features, viewpoints or sites, wildlife use sites, campsites, cultural or heritage sites, infrastructure/structures or activity use sites. Where the feature exists in TRIM (e.g. waterfall, structure) it is to be copied from the TRIM coverage. If the feature does not exist in TRIM it should be matched to the TRIM elements (lakes, rivers, roads, mountain peaks etc). All points are to be assigned an FCODE. Where known, each point should be coded with an appropriate feature code (Appendix C). Each point should have one or more activity codes (Appendix C).

Feature (line)

Line features are trails or routes that have relevance to tourism. They may include maintained trails (designated or established trails), unmaintained (non-official status) trails, land, water or snow routes, or roads. Where the feature exists in TRIM (e.g. road, trail) it is to be copied from the TRIM coverage. If the feature does not exist in TRIM it should be matched to the TRIM elements (lakes, rivers, roads, mountain peaks etc). All lines are to be assigned an FCODE. Where known, each line should be coded with an appropriate feature code (Appendix C). Each line should have one or more activity codes (Appendix C).

Feature (polygon)

Polygon features are areas that have relevance to tourism. They generally consist of lakes or large rivers identified by tourism operators as important for one or more tourism activities. Where the feature exists in TRIM (e.g. lake, wetland) it is to be copied from the TRIM coverage. If the feature does not exist in TRIM it should be matched to the TRIM elements (lakes, rivers, roads, mountain peaks etc). All polygons are to be assigned an FCODE. Each polygon should have one or more activity codes (Appendix C).

Use (region)

Every operator has a "use area" which consists of the facilities and features identified as important for their business. In addition operators may identify areas which contain no specific feature but are important for their business (either for the activities they undertake or the viewscapes presented in the area). Point and line facilities and features identified by an operator are to be buffered by 100 meters and merged with the polygon features and areas of use identified by the operator. The result is one or more polygons that identify the area used by each tourism operator. These polygons are then to be combined with the polygons of other tourism operators to create one coverage of tourism use. Each tourism operator use area will be identified as a REGION within the coverage. Each region should have the operator's unique TOOURCODE. The documentation found in ARC/INFO (ArcHelp) provides detailed instructions on how to create a REGION coverage.

Section 8 - Quality Assurance Procedures

Quality Assurance is an important component of any digital data capture program. It is the process by which consistency of the digital data being delivered is confirmed to be in compliance with the digital data specification itself.

Following are guidelines for Quality Assurance Procedures for a *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy*. It is important to note that the scope of this section is limited to quality assurance relating directly to the digital data capture process (e.g. digitization, data entry, or any other computer automated digital capture technique) and to the structure of the resultant digital data. Quality assurance relating to actual content as captured in the field or office through inventory, survey, measurement, or interpretation is not included.

Quality Assurance procedures are to be carried out by the contractor before digital data is delivered to the client. At their discretion, the Ministry may also undertake specific quality control initiatives. Checkplots of the spatial data are expected to be delivered to the Ministry upon completion of the draft and final project reports. Coverages and files that do not meet Ministry specifications may be returned to the contractor for updating.

Spatial Quality Control

All coverages must be delivered topologically clean. The following standards apply for each type of coverage being delivered to SBTC.

Point

- Points can extend beyond the study area boundary
- Each point is to contain one attribute record
- The coverage should be built for POINT feature types
- The BUILD POINT command should process the coverage without errors or warnings

Line

- Lines can extend beyond the study area boundary
- Lines should not be split at the edge of a mapsheet (e.g. BCGS grid, NTS grid)
- Each line is to contain one attribute record
- The coverage should be built for LINE feature types
- The BUILD ARC command should process the coverage without errors or warnings

Polygon

- All polygons must be closed on themselves
- No dangling nodes or undershoots permitted
- NODEERRORS command should generate no warnings and report 0 dangling nodes.

- Except where required by software limitations, arcs which make up a polygon should not contain excess pseudo-nodes
- Polygons can extend beyond the study area boundary
- Polygons should not be split at the edge of a mapsheet (e.g. BCGS grid, NTS grid)
- Each polygon is to contain one point, and one attribute record
- The coverage should be built for POLYGON feature types
- The BUILD POLY command should process the coverage without errors or warnings
- The LABELERRORS command should generate no warnings, except the polygon 1 error.

Region

- All polygons must be closed on themselves
- No dangling nodes or undershoots permitted
- NODEERRORS command should generate no warnings and report 0 dangling nodes
- MAKEREGION command should run without errors or warnings
- REGIONERRORS command must report no errors
- Except where required by software limitations, arcs which make up a polygon should not contain excess pseudo-nodes
- Regions can extend beyond the study area boundary
- Regions should not be split at the edge of a mapsheet (e.g. BCGS grid, NTS grid)
- Each region is to contain one point, and one attribute record

Database Quality Control

Quality control of the database is expected to be more rigorous and formal. Automated techniques that produce an error report are preferred, but not required by the Ministry. Examples of automated checks include:

- Ensure all field information is filled using CAPITAL LETTERS
- Ensure 0 (zero) and O are not interchanged
- Generate database field definitions directly from the coverage and include in the data dictionary.
- Data structure is to follow standards defined in this document.

Note that BC Environment has a Quality Assurance process specified for their ARC/Info environment. It can be accessed via the Internet at: http://www.env.gov.bc.ca/gis/.

Section 9 - Cartographic/Representation/Output

Two types of cartographic output are required by a *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy:* check plots and display maps. Check plots are to be generated as an aid to data accuracy validation. Display maps are intended to be used to solicit comments and input from non-technical participants in the *Community-Scale Tourism Opportunity Strategy*.

Check plot(s) and display maps are required which depict tourism facilities, features, routes, and use areas (on either together or on two separate maps) and one map for each tourism product modeled for capability. Maps are also required for outlining areas of tourism opportunity.

Maps for quality control purposes should be generated at 1:50,000 while maps for display purposes can be generated at any appropriate scale, dependent upon the size of the study area. The TRIM basemap or MELP Watershed Atlas should be used for check plots, but a 1:250,000 basemap may be suitable for display plots (upon permission of the contract administrator). The contract administrator may grant variances to the checkplot size. Check plots must use the same datum and projection as the source map.

Symbology

Generic software symbology should be employed, unless specified below. A legend must be included on each map that describes the symbols used to represent the points, lines and polygons. Over time the data custodian may develop customized symbology for use on display plots.

For tourism product capability maps the following shading should be used:

| Capability Rank | Shading |
|-----------------|------------|
| Very High | Purple |
| High | Red |
| Moderate | Yellow |
| Low | Green |
| None | No shading |

The polygon outlines should not be displayed on capability maps to aid map clarity.

Annotation/Labeling

Labels, if required, should be generated directly from the attribute database. Labels are only required on a check plot which displays tourism operator facilities (facility operator/company name). Labels should be placed so they are not overlapping and positioned so that each can be visually associated with the feature they represent.

Annotation of waterbodies, roads and mountains etc. should be included for reference purposes on each map.

Cartographic Alteration/Visual Enhancement

In some cases it may be necessary to alter or delete positionally correct features for the purposes of visual clarity (Note that any such alteration should be applied to output products only, NOT the original source data!). This includes such alterations as offsetting coincident linework, deleting segments of lines where they cross text elements or other lines, and adding graphic elements. Any alterations made to features of a given feature class should be noted and discussed with the Ministry contact.

Surround

Each checkplot or display map should contain the following surround content:

- Title (mapsheet name or description of area covered),
- legend with symbology,
- scale or scale bars,
- statement of projection and datum,
- north arrow,
- provincial logo,
- last update of data date, plot date,
- originator of plot,
- base map information (source), and
- neatline.

Sample layouts are available from the contract administrator.

For Further Information

For further information on the methods to be followed in the compilation of Tourism Opportunity Strategy work and other tourism inventories, please contact the Ministry of Small Business, Tourism and Culture at (250) 387-5440.

Appendix A

Data Definitions/Codes for ACCTYPE

ACCOMMODATION

| Codes | Value | Description |
|-------|---------------------|---|
| A01 | Hotel | Multi-unit, roofed, frontcountry accommodation |
| A02 | Motel | Multi-unit, roofed, frontcountry accommodation |
| A03 | RV/Campground | Non-roofed accommodation, front/mid/back country |
| A04 | Lodge/Resort | Roofed multi-unit, mid/back country |
| A05 | Camps | Backcountry, non-roofed |
| A06 | Huts/Cabins | Secondary facilities, roofed, backcountry (no road access) |
| A07 | Cabins/Cottages | Roofed individual units, road-accessible |
| A08 | Guest Ranch/Farm | Agricultural operation with accommodation |
| A09 | Bed and Breakfast | Private residence w/accommodation; owner on premises |
| A10 | Condominiums | Private residence w/accommodation; owner not on premises |
| A11 | Hostel | Multi-unit w/shared facilities; may share accommodation rooms |
| A12 | Cruise Ship | Mobile accommodation on scheduled runs, or charter vessel w/>12 units |
| A13 | Vessel Lodge | Non-moving vessel w/accommodations (location fixed for >14 days) |
| A14 | Float Camp | Non-moving vessel or other facility on water; has legal tenure |
| A15 | Charter boats | Moving vessel w/accommodation =<12 units |
| A16 | Motel / Condo | As per A10 except building has reception – may be run by property manager |
| A17 | Property Manager | Manages and markets houses, condo or other facilities on behalf of owner |
| A18 | Other accommodation | Accommodation types not defined |

Data Definitions/Codes for TOURTYPE

TOURS & EXPERIENCES

| Codes | Value | Description | |
|-------|---|--|--|
| R01 | Guide-outfitter | MoE tenured, licensed guides with designated territories | |
| R02 | River rafting | MoE tenured river rafters | |
| R03 | Marine charters, salt | Includes fishing, nature, tours and cruise ship | |
| R04 | Marine charters, fresh | Includes fishing, nature and tours | |
| R05 | Air tours/charters | Includes flightseeing and non-scheduled transportation | |
| R06 | Geology & Minerals | Goldpanning, rockhounding, etc. | |
| R07 | Kayak/Canoe | Paddle-powered vessels; flatwater, whitewater and marine | |
| R08 | Bus/Van tours | us/Van tours Charter operations and non-scheduled transportation | |
| R09 | Rail tours Charter and non-scheduled transportation | | |
| R10 | Hell/Cat ski/hike | Transport assist by helicopter or snow-cat | |
| R11 | Hiking/Mountaineering/Nature | Includes most nature viewing products | |
| R12 | SCUBA/snorkeling | All types of underwater explorations | |

| R13 | Caving/spelunking | All types of underground explorations | |
|-----|-------------------|---|--|
| R14 | Snowmobile | Snow-machine-based activities | |
| R15 | Cycling | Bicycle-based activities (touring, mountain trails, etc) | |
| R16 | Rock climbing | Extreme rock products | |
| R17 | Horse and Trail | Equestrian and trail riding, all types of riding animals | |
| R18 | Ski touring | Cross-country, telemark and touring by ski and dog sledding | |
| R19 | Other | Touring products not defined | |

Data Definitions/Codes for TRANSTYPE

PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION

| Codes | Value | Description |
|-------|------------|---|
| P03 | Marine | Regularly scheduled ferry service (e.g. BC Ferry, Clipper Navigation) |
| P05 | Air | Regularly scheduled air service (e.g. Air BC, Harbour Air) |
| P08 | Bus | Regularly scheduled bus service (e.g. Greyhound) |
| P09 | Rail | Regularly scheduled rail service (e.g. Via Rail, BC Rail) |
| P19 | Taxi | Taxi service |
| P20 | Car Rental | Automobile (car / van / bus) rental operations |

Data Definitions/Codes for ATTRTYPE

ATTRACTIONS

| Codes | Value | Description |
|-------|-----------------------|--|
| T01 | Museum | Displays and Interprets artifacts of historic interest |
| T02 | Arts/Culture/Heritage | Displays/interprets items/events of arts/culture/heritage interest |
| T03 | Recreation | Offers opportunity to pursue recreation activity |
| T04 | Industry | Displays/interprets Industrial activity |
| T05 | Winery/Brewery | Displays/interprets wine/beer production processes |
| T06 | Science/Technology | Displays/interprets items of science/tech. Interest |
| T07 | Nature | Displays/interprets natural features of interest |
| T08 | Sports | Offers opportunities for organized sports, general team sports |
| T09 | Golf - public | Golf course open to public |
| T10 | Golf - private | Golf course open only to members |
| T11 | Golf-semi-private | Golf course open to members and select public |
| T12 | Marina - public | Marina open to public and transient boaters |
| T13 | Marina - private | Marina not open to public or transient boaters |
| T14 | Ski Facility | Downhill ski facilities and other ski facilities |
| T15 | Other | Attraction types not defined |
| T16 | Rental | Equipment rental / retail only (other than automobile). No guided activities or services |

Appendix B

Data Definitions/Codes for SERVICE

| Food & Beverage Services | | Facility Amenities | |
|----------------------------------|-----|--|-----|
| Restaurant | S01 | Conference facility | S19 |
| Coffee shop | S02 | Child care | S24 |
| Fine dining | S03 | Playground | S25 |
| Pub / lounge | S04 | Data / net connections | S26 |
| Catering Services | S05 | Sauna / hot tub / jacuzzi | S27 |
| Other food services | S06 | Swimming pool | S28 |
| | | Pay phone | S29 |
| Retail Services | | Auxiliary sports facilities | S30 |
| General / convenience store | S07 | Fitness facility | S31 |
| Gift shop | S08 | Boat launch | S32 |
| Grocery store | S09 | Boat moorage / docks | S33 |
| Beer/wine/liquor sales | S10 | Driving range | S35 |
| Activity-specific supplies | S12 | Other accommodation service | S34 |
| Equipment rentals | S13 | | |
| Activity lessons | S14 | Campground / Marina Amenities | |
| License sales | S15 | Sani-dump | S20 |
| Tour bookings | S16 | Hook-ups | S21 |
| Fuel | S11 | Showers | S22 |
| Ice | S38 | Laundry | S23 |
| Fishing Bait | S39 | Potable water | S36 |
| Marine / auto repairs | S17 | Washroom (common facility / public access) | S37 |
| Other supply / repair facilities | S18 | | |

NB: For "other" type specify in comments field

Equipment Rentals

| Automobile (car / van) | a | Personal Watercraft (e.g. Sea Doo) | j |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|
| RV | b | Kayak | k |
| ATV | c | Canoe | 1 |
| Scooters | d | Mountain Bike / Bicycle | m |
| Snowmobile | e | Diving Equipment | n |
| Boat | f | Camping Equipment | О |
| Motor (for small boats) | g | Ski Equipment (downhill & x-c) | s |
| Sailboat | h | Other equipment | X |
| Powerboat | i | | |

Appendix C

Data Definitions/Codes for ACTIVITIES

NB – copied from MoF Rec – version 2.1 98.

| | Air Sport Activities |
|-----|---------------------------------|
| A00 | Air Sports, general |
| A01 | Hang Gliding |
| A02 | Paragliding |
| A20 | Flightseeing (added by MSBTC) |
| A21 | Skydiving (added by MSBTC) |
| A22 | Bungee Jumping (added by MSBTC) |

| Water Sport Activities B00 Water Sports, general B01 Beach Activities B02 Boating (non-motorized) B03 Canoeing B04 Kayaking (river) B05 Parasailing B06 Rafting B07 Sailing B08 Scuba Diving / Skin Diving B09 Snorkeling B10 Surfing B11 Swimming / Bathing B12 Tubing B13 Wind Surfing B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) B21 Water Sliding (added by MSBTC) | | |
|---|-----|--------------------------------|
| B01 Beach Activities B02 Boating (non-motorized) B03 Canoeing B04 Kayaking (river) B05 Parasailing B06 Rafting B07 Sailing B08 Scuba Diving / Skin Diving B09 Snorkeling B10 Surfing B11 Swimming / Bathing B12 Tubing B13 Wind Surfing B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) | | Water Sport Activities |
| B02 Boating (non-motorized) B03 Canoeing B04 Kayaking (river) B05 Parasailing B06 Rafting B07 Sailing B08 Scuba Diving / Skin Diving B09 Snorkeling B10 Surfing B11 Swimming / Bathing B12 Tubing B13 Wind Surfing B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) | B00 | Water Sports, general |
| B03 Canoeing B04 Kayaking (river) B05 Parasailing B06 Rafting B07 Sailing B08 Scuba Diving / Skin Diving B09 Snorkeling B10 Surfing B11 Swimming / Bathing B12 Tubing B13 Wind Surfing B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) | B01 | Beach Activities |
| B04 Kayaking (river) B05 Parasailing B06 Rafting B07 Sailing B08 Scuba Diving / Skin Diving B09 Snorkeling B10 Surfing B11 Swimming / Bathing B12 Tubing B13 Wind Surfing B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) | B02 | Boating (non-motorized) |
| B05 Parasailing B06 Rafting B07 Sailing B08 Scuba Diving / Skin Diving B09 Snorkeling B10 Surfing B11 Swimming / Bathing B12 Tubing B13 Wind Surfing B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) | B03 | Canoeing |
| B06 Rafting B07 Sailing B08 Scuba Diving / Skin Diving B09 Snorkeling B10 Surfing B11 Swimming / Bathing B12 Tubing B13 Wind Surfing B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) | B04 | Kayaking (river) |
| B07 Sailing B08 Scuba Diving / Skin Diving B09 Snorkeling B10 Surfing B11 Swimming / Bathing B12 Tubing B13 Wind Surfing B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) | B05 | Parasailing |
| B08 Scuba Diving / Skin Diving B09 Snorkeling B10 Surfing B11 Swimming / Bathing B12 Tubing B13 Wind Surfing B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) | B06 | Rafting |
| B09 Snorkeling B10 Surfing B11 Swimming / Bathing B12 Tubing B13 Wind Surfing B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) | B07 | Sailing |
| B10 Surfing B11 Swimming / Bathing B12 Tubing B13 Wind Surfing B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) | B08 | Scuba Diving / Skin Diving |
| B11 Swimming / Bathing B12 Tubing B13 Wind Surfing B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) | B09 | Snorkeling |
| B12 Tubing B13 Wind Surfing B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) | B10 | Surfing |
| B13 Wind Surfing B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) | B11 | Swimming / Bathing |
| B20 Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) | B12 | Tubing |
| • | B13 | Wind Surfing |
| B21 Water Sliding (added by MSBTC) | B20 | Sea Kayaking (added by MSBTC) |
| | B21 | Water Sliding (added by MSBTC) |

| | Snow Sport Activities |
|-----|---------------------------------|
| D00 | Snow Sports, general |
| D01 | Cross-Country Skiing |
| D02 | Dog Sledding |
| D03 | Downhill Skiing |
| D04 | Ice-Skating |
| D05 | Ski Touring |
| D06 | Sledding / Tobogganing / Tubing |
| D07 | Snow Boarding |
| D08 | Snow Shoeing |
| D09 | Telemark Skiing |
| D20 | Heli-Skiing (added by MSBTC) |

| 9 |) 8/ | 1 | 0/ | 09 |) |
|---|-------------|---|----|----|---|
| | | | | | |

| | Exploring Activities |
|-----|-----------------------------|
| E00 | Exploring, general |
| E01 | Cave / Spelunking |
| E02 | Canyoning |
| | |
| | Fishing Activities |
| F00 | Fishing, general |

| F01 | Sport Fishing (freshwater) |
|-----|--|
| F02 | Ice Fishing |
| F03 | Shell Fishing (eg clams, crabs) |
| F20 | Fly Fishing (added by MSBTC) |
| F21 | Sport Fishing (Saltwater) (added by MSBTC) |

| | Gathering / Collecting Activities |
|-----|-----------------------------------|
| G00 | Gathering / Collecting, general |
| G01 | Beach Combing |
| G02 | Berry Picking |
| G03 | Fossil Hunting |
| G04 | Mineral Panning |
| G05 | Mushroom Picking |
| G06 | Rock Hounding |
| G07 | Vegetation Picking / Collecting |

| | Hunting Activities |
|-----|---------------------------|
| H00 | Hunting, general |
| H01 | Large Game |
| H02 | Small Game |
| H03 | Target Shooting |
| H04 | Upland Fowl (eg grouse) |
| H05 | Waterfowl |

| | Summer Land Sport Activities |
|-----|------------------------------------|
| 100 | Summer Land Sports, general |
| I01 | Hiking / Backpacking |
| I02 | Mountain Biking |
| I03 | Horseback Riding |
| I04 | Orienteering |
| I05 | Survival Games |
| I20 | Heli-Hiking (added by MSBTC) |
| I21 | Road Bike Touring (added by MSBTC) |
| I22 | Llama Trekking (added by MSBTC) |

| | Motorized Activities |
|-----|------------------------------------|
| M00 | Motorized Land Activities, general |
| M01 | All-Terrain Vehicle (ATV) |
| M02 | Trail-Bike Riding |
| M03 | Off-Road Driving (4x4) |
| M04 | Driving For Pleasure (2WD) |
| M05 | Snowmobiling |
| M06 | Snow-Cat Skiing |
| M07 | Motor Water Activities, general |
| M08 | Boating (motorized) |
| M09 | Jet boating |
| M10 | Water Skiing |
| M11 | Flight Activities, general |
| M12 | Helicopter |
| M13 | Fixed-Wing |
| M20 | Float Plane (added by MSBTC) |
| M21 | Race Cars (added by MSBTC) |
| M22 | Go-Carts (added by MSBTC) |

| | Camping Activities |
|-----|-----------------------|
| K00 | Camping, general |
| K01 | Cabin / Hut Use |
| K02 | Cottaging |
| K03 | Picnicking |
| K04 | Summer Camping |
| K05 | Snow / Winter Camping |

| X01 Mini golf (added by MSBTC) | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| X02 Golf (added by MSBTC) | |

| | Nature Activities |
|-----|----------------------------------|
| N00 | Nature Activities, general |
| N01 | Nature Study / Appreciation |
| N02 | Photography / Drawing / Painting |
| N03 | Relaxation / Contemplation |

| | Viewing Activities |
|-----|----------------------------------|
| Q00 | Viewing, general |
| Q01 | Aquatic / Fish Run |
| Q02 | Astronomical / Meteorological |
| Q03 | Big Tree |
| Q04 | Bird Watching |
| Q05 | Cultural / Historical |
| Q06 | Large Land Mammal |
| Q07 | Large Marine Mammal |
| Q08 | Scenic |
| Q09 | Wildlife |
| Q20 | Petting Animals (added by MSBTC) |
| Q21 | Animal Racing (added by MSBTC) |

| | Climbing |
|-----|--------------------|
| R00 | Climbing, general |
| R01 | Ice Climbing |
| R02 | Mountaineering |
| R03 | Rock Climbing |
| R04 | Ski Mountaineering |

Data Definitions/Codes for FEATURES

NB - copied from MoF Rec - version 2.1 98/10/09

| Aquatio | Aquatic Flora/Fauna Features | |
|---------|--------------------------------|--|
| A00 | Aquatic Flora / Fauna, general | |
| A01 | Fish | |
| A02 | Aquatic Habitat | |
| A03 | Aquatic Birds / Waterfowl | |
| A04 | Edible Aquatic Foods | |
| A05 | Marine Mammals, Large | |
| A06 | Marine Mammals, Small | |

| Shore Fea | atures |
|-----------|---------------------------|
| B00 | Shore Features, general |
| B01 | Shorelands |
| B02 | Coastal Plain |
| B03 | Crenulated Shore |
| B04 | Delta |
| B05 | Estuary |
| B06 | Headland / Point / Cape |
| B07 | Lagoon |
| B08 | Rock or Sea Arch |
| B09 | Rock Platform / Ledge |
| B10 | Sand / Gravel bar |
| B11 | Sea Cave / Shore Cave |
| B12 | Sea Stack |
| B13 | Spit or Hook |
| B14 | Tidal Flat / Tidal Marsh |
| B15 | Tombolo |
| B16 | Beach, general |
| B17 | Fine Textured Beach |
| B18 | Sand Beach |
| B19 | Pebble Beach |
| B20 | Cobble Beach |
| B21 | Rubble Beach |
| B22 | Pocket Beach |
| B23 | Raised Beach |
| B24 | Offshore Feature, general |
| B25 | Islets |
| B26 | Island, small |

| Cultural Features (Modern) | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| C00 | Cultural Features, general |
| C01 | Art |
| C02 | Structural Feature |
| C03 | Cultural Use Site |
| C04 | Cultural Trail or Route |

| Hydrologic Features | |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| D00 | Hydrologic Features, general |
| D01 | Junction of Rivers / Streams |
| D02 | Rapids and Chutes |
| D03 | Riptides and Currents |
| D04 | Springs, Thermal |
| D05 | Springs, Freshwater |
| D06 | Springs, Mineral |
| D07 | Water Clarity |
| D08 | Water Colour |
| D09 | Waterfall, Site-Specific |
| D10 | Waterfall, Landscape |

| D11 | Waves |
|-----|-------|

| Vegetati | Vegetation Features | |
|----------|------------------------------|--|
| E00 | Vegetation Features, general | |
| E01 | Alpine / High sub-alpine | |
| E02 | Regenerating Stand | |
| E03 | Coniferous | |
| E04 | Deciduous | |
| E05 | Mixed Coniferous / Deciduous | |
| E06 | Forest Parkland | |
| E07 | Brush | |
| E08 | Wetland Vegetation | |
| E09 | Grassland | |
| E10 | Meadow / Open Space | |
| E11 | Pastoral / Agricultural | |

| Glacial Fo | eatures |
|------------|-------------------------------------|
| G00 | Glacial Features, general |
| G01 | Cirque / Cirque Basin |
| G02 | Col |
| G03 | Crevasse |
| G04 | Drumlin |
| G05 | Erratic |
| G06 | Esker |
| G07 | Glacial Outwash |
| G08 | Glacial Trough ('U'-shaped Valley) |
| G09 | Glacier |
| G10 | Hanging Valley |
| G11 | Horn / Matterhorn / Arete |
| G12 | Ice Fall |
| G13 | Ice Tunnel / Cave |
| G14 | Icefield or Snowfield |
| G15 | Kame / Kettle |
| G16 | Moraine or Till (eg moraine ridge) |
| G17 | Roche Mountonnee / Crag & Tail Hill |
| G18 | Nunataks |

| Historic Features | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| H00 | Historic, general |
| H01 | Art |
| H02 | Structural Feature |
| H03 | Traditional Use Site |
| H04 | Traditional Use Route or Trail |

| Periglacial Feature | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| J00 | Periglacial Features, general |
| J01 | Patterned Ground |

| Cave / K | Cave / Karst Feature | |
|----------|--------------------------------|--|
| K00 | Cave / Karst Features, general | |
| K01 | Cave | |
| K02 | Sinkhole | |
| K03 | Limestone Plateau | |

| Mass Mo | Mass Movement Feature | |
|---------|---------------------------------------|--|
| L00 | Mass Movement Features, general | |
| L01 | Landslide / Rockslide / Avalanche | |
| L02 | Earth Slump | |
| L03 | Rock Fall / Topple (Colluvial, Talus, | |
| | Scree Cones) | |
| L04 | Snow Avalanche | |

| Waterboo | ly Features |
|----------|---------------------------------------|
| M00 | Waterbody Features, general |
| M01 | Frequent Small Waterbodies |
| M02 | Lake, Small (<40 ha) |
| | , , , |
| M03 | Lake, Mid-size (41-200 ha) |
| M04 | Lake, Large (201-1000 ha) |
| M05 | Lake, Very Large (> 1000 ha) |
| M06 | Tarn |
| M07 | Pro-glacial / Ice-dam Lake |
| M08 | Oxbow |
| M09 | Large River (double-line on 1:50,000) |
| M10 | Anastamosing Channel (Fluvial) |
| M11 | Meandering / Irregularly Sinuous |
| | Channel (Fluvial) |
| M12 | Braided Channel (Fluvial) |
| M13 | Small River, Stream or Creek |
| M14 | River / Stream Deposits |
| M15 | Cove or Bay |
| M16 | Fjord |
| M17 | Inlet |
| M18 | Marine Channel |
| M19 | Ocean, Open |

| Generic I | Generic Landform Features | |
|-----------|------------------------------------|--|
| Q00 | Generic (Broad) Landform Features, | |
| | general | |
| Q01 | Canyon / Gorge / Ravine | |
| Q02 | Cliff | |
| Q03 | Fan | |
| Q04 | Gully | |
| Q05 | Hill | |
| Q06 | Hoodoo | |
| Q07 | Hummocky / Rolling / Undulating | |
| | Terrain | |
| Q08 | Mountain | |
| Q09 | Peak(s) | |
| Q10 | Plain | |
| Q11 | Plateau | |
| Q12 | Ridge | |
| Q13 | Sand Dune | |
| Q14 | Sidehill | |
| Q15 | Terrace | |
| Q16 | Topographic Pattern / Contrast | |
| Q17 | Valley | |

| Bedrock Features | |
|------------------|--|
| R00 | Bedrock Features, general |
| R01 | Exposed Bedrock (subordinate) |
| R02 | Exposed Internal Rock Structure (dominant) |
| R03 | Mineral Deposits |
| R04 | Fossils |

| Trail or Route Features | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| T00 | Trail or Route Features, general |
| T01 | Developed Land Trail |
| T02 | Developed Snow Trail |
| T03 | Land Route |
| T04 | Snow Route |
| T05 | Water Route |
| T06 | Water / Land Portage Route |

| Harbour Features | |
|------------------|------------------------------|
| U00 | Harbour Features, general |
| U01 | Large Harbour |
| U02 | Protected Moorage |
| U03 | Boat Launch (added by MSBTC) |

| Volcanic Features | |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| V00 | Volcanic Features, general |
| V01 | Columnar Basalt |
| V02 | Cinder Cone |
| V03 | Lava Flow |
| V04 | Tuya |

| Wildlife Features | |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| W00 | Wildlife Features, general |
| W01 | Upland Bird |
| W02 | Land Mammal, Small |
| W03 | Land Mammal, Large |
| W04 | Freshwater Mammal |
| W05 | Wildlife Diversity |
| W06 | Amphibian |
| W07 | Reptile |

| Human-made Feature | |
|--------------------|--|
| Y00 | Human-made Features, general |
| Y01 | Developed Campsite |
| Y02 | Undeveloped Campsite |
| Y _n | Human-made Features <number &="" name=""></number> |

| | Miscellaneous Feature | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| X _n Miscellaneous Feature | | |
| <number &="" name=""></number> | | |