TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE NO. 10505, HICK'S LAKE ROAD – FISHERIES ACT REQUEST FOR REVIEW SUPPORTING INFORMATION

September 2023



Prepared for.

Fisheries and Oceans Canada

Vancouver, British Columbia

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Prepared for:

FISHERIES AND OCEANS CANADA

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DISTRIBUTION LIST

The following individuals/firms have received this document:

| Name | Firm | Hardcopies | Email | FTP |
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| Fish and Fish Habitat Protection Program | DFO | - | ✓ | - |
| Krista Englund | MOTI | - | ✓ | - |
| Sivagar Sivabalan | McElhanney | - | ✓ | - |
| Leigh Holt | WSP Canada Inc. | - | ✓ | - |

AMENDMENT RECORD

This report has been issued and amended as follows:

| Issue | Description | Date | Approved by | |
|-------|---|----------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Draft version | 20230917 | Garth Taylor Project Director | Tim Poulton Project Manager |
| 1 | First Version of the Trout Lake Creek Bridge No.10505 RFR Application | 20230929 | | Dim Paulton |
| | | | | Tim Poulton Project Manager |

1.0 PROJECT OVERVIEW

The BC Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure (MOTI) intends to upgrade the Hick's Lake Road crossing of Trout Lake Creek currently comprised of four temporary culverts with a clear span bridge (the Trout Lake Creek Bridge No. 10505, Hick's Lake Road Project, hereafter referred to as the Project). Damage to the Hick's Lake Road crossing of Trout Lake Creek (referred to as site DF4) occurred as a result of flooding associated with the November 2021 "atmospheric river" flood event. Site DF4 is located at the southern extent of Hick's Lake Road (just north of the intersection with Rockwell Drive) where the MOTI right-of-way bisects Sasquatch Provincial Park at the southeast extent of Harrison Lake near Harrison Hot Springs (Figure 1).

Emergency repair works associated with the November 2021 flood event were conducted at site DF4 pursuant to *Water Sustainability Act* (WSA) Section 91 Order 268448 and consultation with Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO), and included the installation of four temporary culverts and associated riprap scour protection to replace a temporary clear-span bridge. The temporary clear-span bridge was installed following the washout of the previous permanent structure (i.e., a perched CSP culvert) following a previous flood in January 2020. MOTI has developed a permanent (long-term) solution following an options analysis (AE 2022) which includes the replacement of the four temporary culverts with a clear-span bridge.

The Fisheries Act requires that Project works, undertakings or activities (WUA) avoid causing:

- the death of fish by means other than fishing; and
- the harmful alteration, disruption or destruction of fish habitat (HADD) unless authorized by the Minister of Fisheries and Oceans Canada.

Trout Lake Creek is fish-bearing and drains into Harrison Lake. Hatfield Consultants (Hatfield) has evaluated the proposed Project to confirm if all Measures to Protect Fish and Fish Habitat (DFO 2019a) can be implemented. Accordingly, Hatfield has prepared this supporting information document on behalf of MOTI in accordance with the application information requirements of a Request for Review pursuant to the *Fisheries Act.* Hatfield has also submitted an application for a Change Approval pursuant to the *Water Sustainability Act* on September 13, 2023 (tracking No. 100426429).

An MOTI Indigenous Relations Advisor has been assigned to this Project and MOTI initiated engagement with Indigenous communities on March 4, 2022. MOTI can provide records of consultation upon request.

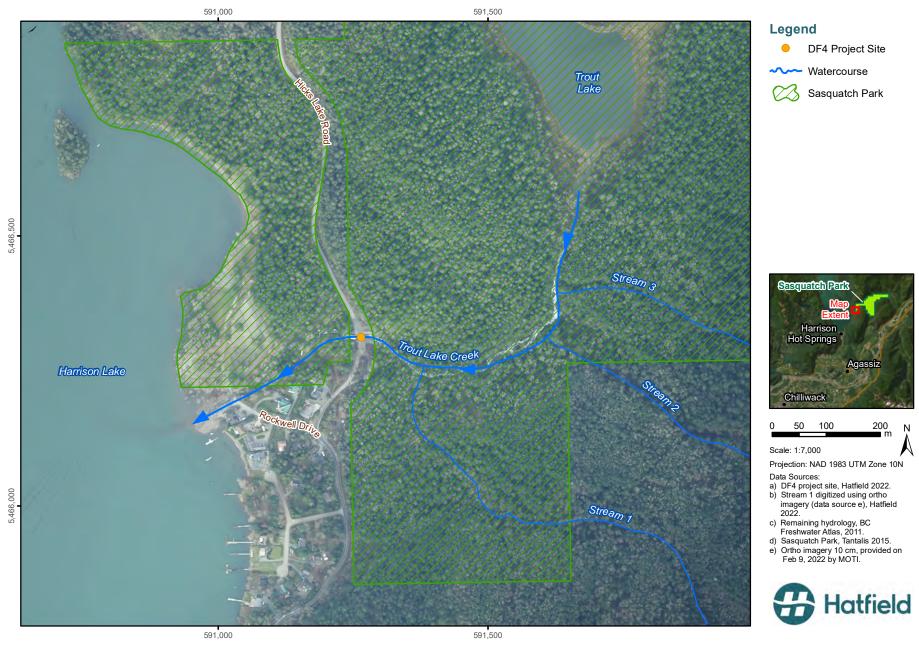
1.1 PROJECT LOCATION

Site DF4 is located on Hick's Lake Road approximately 200 m north of the intersection with Rockwell Drive where Hick's Lake Road crosses Trout Lake Creek (Figure 1). The Project coordinates and legal description of site DF4 are summarized in Table 1. Project WUA will occur within Trout Lake Creek and the surrounding riparian environment. The majority of works will occur within the MOTI right of way; however, the upstream and downstream extents of the Project footprint fall within Sasquatch Provincial Park. In consultation with BC Parks MOTI has submitted a Park Use Permit application for these works (Permit No. 111791).

Table 1 Project coordinates for Site DF4.

| Site Name | MOTI Project No. | Legal Description | Latitude | Longitude |
|-----------------------|------------------|---|---------------|----------------|
| Rockwell Drive DF4 | 14048-0000 | Crown Pin: 35740021 Part Legal Subdivision 5 and 3 SW ¼ Sec.32, TP4, R28, W6M New Westminster District | 49°20'33.65"N | 121°44'37.18"W |

Figure 1 Project Location Map.



1.2 PROPOSED PROJECT WORKS

Damage to the Trout Lake Creek crossing of Hick's Lake Road occurred as a result of flooding associated with the November 2021 "atmospheric river" flood event. Emergency repair works associated with the 2021 flood were conducted at site DF4 and MOTI subsequently retained Associated Engineering (AE) to conduct an options analysis (AE 2022) to support the design of a new permanent crossing.

The November 2021 flood event was the most recent of multiple washouts at site DF4 (AE 2022). The 2021 flood resulted in channel embankment erosion and caused Trout Lake Creek to top its banks and wash out a temporary railcar bridge (installed following a previous flood event in 2020). Emergency works included the removal of flood debris and the washed-out bridge, the installation of four 1500 mm diameter High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) culverts, and the installation of associated riprap erosion protection (AE 2022 and Figure 2). The options analysis (AE 2022) included four (4) potential permanent design solutions:

- Option 1: Maintain existing 4 HDPE culverts;
- Option 2: Install a new Corrugated Steel Pipe (CSP) arch culvert with upstream debris mitigation;
- Option 3: Install a new bridge with upstream debris mitigation; and
- Option 4: Install a new bridge sized to convey debris floods.

Significant works on BC Parks land would be required to install upstream debris mitigation, and maintaining the existing culverts would likely result in another flood and washout due to their limited hydraulic capacity and inability to pass debris. Given the hydraulic capacity and the ability to convey the design debris flood, Design Option 4 (i.e., a new clear-span bridge) was selected as the preferred option.

Figure 2 Photographs of site DF4 after emergency works (March 30, 2022).

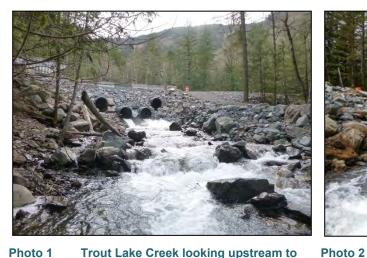


Photo 1 Trout Lake Creek looking upstream to Hick's Lake Road.



Trout Lake Creek looking downstream to Hick's Lake Road.

The new bridge will have a 19 m span and will be 9.6 m wide. Key components of the bridge design include:

- 100 mm asphalt overlay with protection board and waterproofing;
- 8 x 800 mm deep precast prestressed concrete box stringers;
- Standard bridge parapets with steel bicycle railings;
- Semi-integral reinforced concrete abutments with parallel wing walls; and
- Four reinforced concrete piles with permanent steel casing at each abutment with a diameter of 610 mm (AE 2022).

The hydraulic opening of the bridge will be adequate to convey the design flow of 40.4 m³/s. This is equivalent to a 100-year, peak instantaneous, climate change-adjusted flow with a 10% bulking factor (AE 2023). The 200-year maximum daily flow is 40.1 m³/s. Once the temporary culverts are removed a new section of Trout Lake Creek will be constructed within the footprint of the new bridge. The newly constructed channel will be lined with riprap scour protection, and a portion of the channel banks will include buried riprap in the event of a berm failure that is currently located upstream of site DF4 along the left bank of Trout Lake Creek on BC Parks land. Several fish habitat enhancement features (refer to Section 4.1) will be installed upstream and downstream of the new bridge including riparian plantings within the riparian areas disturbed during construction. Detailed design drawings are included in Appendix A1.

A temporary clear-span detour bridge to facilitate traffic during construction will be installed sometime between November 2023 and April 2024 prior to the construction of the new bridge in the summer of 2024. The temporary detour bridge is being installed early to expedite works during the 2024 least-risk window for fish, and to maintain traffic should another flood event and subsequent washout occur during the fall 2023/winter 2024 rainy season. The temporary detour bridge will also be able to convey the 200-year maximum daily flow and will be installed per the conditions and measures to protect fish and fish habitat described in the clear span bridge code of practice (DFO 2022). MOTI will submit a Notification to the regional DFO office a minimum of 10 working days before starting work. Accordingly, the temporary detour bridge is not part of the WUA discussed in this request for review.

Construction means and methods will ultimately be determined by the successful contractor awarded the Project per MOTI Standard Specifications (MOTI 2020a); however, it is estimated that construction will proceed in the following sequence:

- Mobilization and site preparation including installation of sediment and erosion control measures, fish salvages, and stream diversion/isolation if the stream is not naturally dry (approximately 7 days);
- 2. Tree clearing and grubbing within the Project footprint (approximately 5 days);
- 3. Substructure (pilling, abutments, wingwalls, etc.) construction (approximately 20 days);
- 4. Removal of existing culverts and construction of the new channel within the footprint of the bridge (approximately 7 days);

- 5. Installation of riprap scour protection and bridge superstructure (girder installation, parapet, bicycle railing, etc.) construction (approximately 25 days);
- 6. Installation of fish habitat enhancement features (3 days);
- 7. Demobilization (approximately 5 days); and
- 8. Riparian restoration seeding/planting in fall 2024 (approximately 7 days).

Please refer to Sections 3.0 and 4.0 for a list of all Project WUA, duration of works, potential impacts, and mitigation measures.

1.3 PROJECT SCHEDULE

The Project is expected to take six months to complete (May through October 2024). Instream works will occur during the regional least-risk work window for fish (August 1 to September 15; MOE 2006); however, instream work may proceed outside of this period if the creek is naturally dry.

2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

Hatfield conducted a detailed desktop and field study for site DF4 in 2022 which is presented in the Environmental Overview Assessment (EOA) developed to support the options analysis (Hatfield 2023). The following sections provide a synopsis of those studies.

2.1 FISH AND FISH HABITAT

A summary of fish species documented to occur in Trout Lake Creek during previous desktop and field surveys (Hatfield 2023) is presented in Table 2. Trout Lake Creek is used by both spring and fall spawning salmonids. Spawning chum salmon (*Oncorhynchus keta*) were previously observed by Hatfield during a survey in November 2017 (Hatfield 2018), between the mouth of the Creek and Hick's Lake Road. Coastal cutthroat trout (*Oncorhynchus clarkii clarkii*) and rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*) were captured during the 2017 survey upstream and downstream of Hick's Lake Road, respectively. Hick's Lake Road presents a barrier to upstream migration, therefore it is assumed that cutthroat trout captured upstream of the road are either moving downstream from Trout Lake or represent a small isolated population.

The Species at Risk Public Registry and DFO aquatic species at risk maps were also reviewed to identify potential aquatic species at risk and/or critical habitat within the Project area. There are no federally listed aquatic species at risk or critical habitat documented to occur in Trout Lake Creek.

Table 2 Documented fish species in Trout Lake Creek (Hatfield 2018).

| Common Name | Scientific Name | ¹ Capture Location | Common Name | Scientific Name | Capture Location |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| Chum salmon | Oncorhynchus keta | Downstream | Pink salmon | Oncorhynchus gorbuscha | Unknown |
| Coho salmon | Oncorhynchus kisutch | Downstream | Rainbow trout | Oncorhynchus mykiss | Downstream |
| Coastal cutthroat trout | Oncorhynchus clarkii clarkii | Upstream | Sculpin | Cottus sp. | Downstream |
| Kokanee | Oncorhynchus nerka | Unknown | Sockeye salmon | Oncorhynchus nerka | Unknown |
| Longnose dace | Rhinichtys cataractae | Upstream | Stickleback | Gasterosteus sp. | Unknown |

¹Capture location in relation to Hick's Lake Road. Unknown location indicates species identified during the desktop review but not observed during field surveys.

Hatfield previously conducted fish habitat baseline studies at site DF4 in 2017 and 2018 (Hatfield 2017 and Hatfield 2018); however, these studies have been updated due to extensive erosion and bedload movement which occurred during the 2020 and 2021 floods.

Trout Lake Creek originates in Trout Lake, about 670 m upstream of site DF4 (Westrek, 2020), and the creek receives streamflow from Hick's Lake and other unnamed watercourses upstream of Trout Lake and within the watershed. Site DF4 is located approximately 300 m upstream of Harrison Lake and is surrounded by Sasquatch Provincial Park, and several private lots located on the fan west of Hick's Lake Road (Westrek 2020). The reaches of Trout Lake Creek conveyed over the fan are ephemeral, drying out

and/or flowing subsurface during the late summer/early fall (i.e., August/September) as observed during the recent debris removal works at Green Point Bridge; the crossing of Trout Lake Creek at Rockwell Drive downstream of Hick's Lake Road. Trout Lake Creek upstream of Hick's Lake Road appears to flow year-round. Water temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen, and conductivity within a pool upstream of Hick's Lake Road were 8.7°C, 6.36, 11.86 mg/L, and 39.2 us/cm, respectively, during the March 30, 2022, field assessment.

A substantial amount of bedload and road fill material was deposited downstream of site DF4 during the 2020 and 2021 flood events (Hatfield 2023), resulting in morphological changes to Trout Lake Creek (e.g., raising the streambed profile, infilling of pools, accumulation of wood debris, and changes in substrate composition). Emergency works to remove accumulated debris upstream and downstream of the Green Point Bridge located further downstream at Rockwell Drive were conducted during the 2022 least-risk fisheries window to reinstate the freeboard under the bridge (Hatfield 2022 and Figure 3). The previous floods and associated emergency works have also resulted in changes to Trout Lake Creek upstream of site DF4. The approximate 100 m reach upstream of Hick's Lake Road previously characterized by rifflerun-pool morphology has shifted to primarily cascade-pool morphology and a considerable amount of riparian vegetation has been replaced with riprap erosion protection (Figure 3).

Fish habitat within Trout Lake Creek upstream of Hick's Lake Road has been heavily disturbed by the floods and provides limited opportunity for salmonid rearing or spawning given the change in channel morphology and substrate composition, infilling of pools, and displacement of riparian vegetation with riprap scour protection; however, this habitat is likely suitable for longnose dace (*Rhinichtys cataractae*) and sculpin (*Cottus* sp.) previously captured further upstream in 2017 (Hatfield 2017). Chum salmon (*Oncorhynchus keta*) were observed spawning within Trout Lake Creek during previous surveys in November 2017 downstream of Hick's Lake Road; however, much of the suitable gravel spawning substrate has been displaced downstream to the lower reaches of Trout Lake Creek at Harrison Lake. Similar to the previously perched culvert at site DF4 (Figure 3), the current crossing structure is a barrier to fish passage. A summary of fish habitat measurements from the 2022 habitat transects (Figure 4) is provided in Table 3.

Figure 3 2018 to 2022 photographic comparison of site DF4.



Photo 3 Trout Lake Creek upstream of Hick's Lake Road. (upstream view; March 26, 2018).



Photo 4 Trout Lake Creek upstream of Hick's Lake Road. (upstream view; March 30, 2022).

Figure 3 (Cont'd.)



Photo 5 Trout Lake Creek downstream of Hick's Lake Road. (upstream view; March 26, 2018).



Photo 6 Trout Lake Creek downstream of Hick's Lake Road. (upstream view; March 30, 2022).

Table 3 Trout Lake Creek fish habitat transects from downstream to upstream (March 2022).

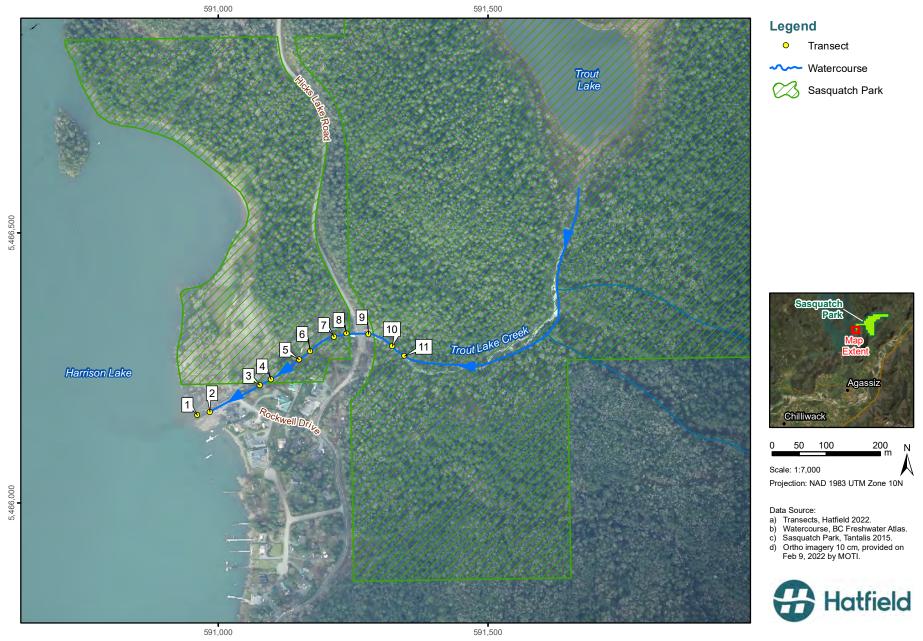
| Transect | Gradient | Channel | Wetted | Su | bstrate | Depth (d | cm) Across C | hannel | Velocit | y (m/s) Across | Channel |
|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-------------|----------|--------------|--------|---------|----------------|---------|
| ID | (%) | Width (m) | Width (m) | Dominant | Subdominant | 25% | 50% | 75% | 25% | 50% | 75% |
| 1 | 2.0 | 20.7 | 6.3 | Cb | Gr | 19 | 28 | 28 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1.0 |
| 2 | 2.5 | 5.5 | 3.9 | Cb | Gr | 36 | 47 | 35 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.2 |
| 3 | 3.5 | 13.2 | 6.7 | Cb | Bd | 35 | 36 | 21 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.4 |
| 4 | 2.0 | 18.8 | 8.5 | Cb | Gr | 25 | 38 | 20 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| 5 | 3.0 | 22.6 | 8.5 | Cb | Bd | 39 | 22 | 28 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 0.9 |
| 6 | 4.0 | 25.0 | 5.2 | Cb | Gr | 56 | 56 | 36 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 3.0 | 28.5 | 7.5 | Cb | Bd | 24 | 44 | 13 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| 18 | 3.5 | 10.8 | 8.8 | Cb | Bd | 16 | 29 | 23 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| 29 | 8.0 | 28.3 | 7.3 | Cb | Bd | 32 | 22 | 16 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 1.5 |
| 10 | 4.5 | 10.4 | 6.8 | Cb | Gr | 39 | 62 | 26 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| 11 | 8.0 | 9.3 | 7.7 | Bd | Gr | 25 | 56 | 39 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 0.4 |

GR= Gravel; Cb = Cobble; Bd = Boulder

¹ Within the Project footprint and immediately downstream of Hick's Lake Road.

² Within the Project footprint and immediately upstream of Hick's Lake Road.

Figure 4 Location of Habitat Transects along Trout Lake Creek (March 30, 2022).



3.0 ASSESSMENT OF IMPACTS

3.1 DESIGN

Based on the options analysis report (AE 2022), Design Option 4 is the preferred long-term design option for site DF4 and is comprised of a new clear-span bridge to convey the design debris flood. Design Option 4 has the largest hydraulic opening of the design options and is the least susceptible to debris blockage. A temporary detour bridge will be required during construction; however, as previously discussed the temporary detour bridge is not part of the WUA associated with this request for review.

The assessment of impacts considers the pre-2020 flood event as the baseline condition for Trout Lake Creek. Using the pre-2020 flood event captures impacts that have occurred as a result of emergency works associated with both the 2020 and 2021 flood events as well as impacts expected to occur from the new clear-span bridge.

It is expected that replacing the culverts with a bridge of current design standards that considers climate change and debris flood events will reduce erosion to Hick's Lake Road and Trout Lake Creek whereby subsequent flooding and damage of downstream environments, infrastructure, and property is reduced. Furthermore, the daylighting of Trout Lake Creek through the removal of the culverts will provide a net gain of aquatic habitat and improve fish passage during moderate flow conditions (refer to Section 4.1). Despite this overall net benefit, there are impacts associated with the previous emergency works, and not all Measures to Protect Fish and Fish Habitat (DFO 2019a) can be implemented for the proposed Project. Expected impacts to the aquatic and riparian environments of Trout Lake Creek associated with the Project are presented in Figure 5.

Figure 5 Assessment of impacts for the Trout Lake Creek Culvert Replacement Project.



3.2 CONSTRUCTION

The following Project WUA and associated potential effects as identified by the pathways of effects (DFO 2018) are anticipated with Design Option 4 (Table 4).

Table 4 Pathways of effects associated with Project WUA.

| Project WUA | Description of Project Activity | Potential Effects (DFO 2018) | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Land-based Ad | ctivities | | | |
| Vegetation Clearing | Clearing of vegetation within areas requiring riprap armouring | Changes in water temperature, habitat structure and cover, sediment concentrations, nutrient concentrations, food supply, and contaminant concentrations | | |
| Excavation | Installation of buried riprap | Changes in base flow, water temperature, and sediment concentrations | | |
| Grading | Realignment and contouring of channel banks for riprap placement | Changes in habitat structure and cover, and sediment concentrations | | |
| Use of Industrial Equipment | Use of industrial equipment (e.g., excavator) to install riprap scour protection | Potential mortality of fish/eggs/ova from equipment; changes in sediment concentrations, and contaminant concentrations | | |
| Riparian Planting | Planting native plant species within disturbed riparian areas | Changes in water temperature, habitat structure and cover, sediment concentrations, nutrient concentrations, food supply, and contaminant concentrations | | |
| In-water Activi | ties | | | |
| Placement of Material or Structures in Water | Placement of riprap below the high watermark | Changes in food supply, habitat structure and cover, sediment concentrations, and nutrient concentrations | | |
| Excavation | Removal of old culverts and channel daylighting | Changes in habitat structure and cover, and sediment concentrations | | |
| Use of Industrial Equipment | Placement of riprap and habitat enhancement features below the high watermark | Potential mortality of fish/eggs/ova from equipment; changes in sediment concentrations, and contaminant concentrations | | |
| Structure Removal Removal of culverts | | Changes in sediment concentrations, food supply, habitat structure and cover, and contaminant concentrations | | |

3.2.1 In-Water Activities

Potential temporary adverse impacts to the aquatic environment during in-water activities are primarily related to water quality, including but not limited to:

- Erosion of exposed soils and resultant sediment release; and
- Use of heavy machinery and potential accidental release of hydrocarbons.

Potential direct adverse impacts to fish include but are not limited to:

- Mortality from direct contact with industrial equipment/instream structures or dewatering activities;
 and
- Temporary changes in habitat structure and base flow during channel grading and the installation of riprap scour protection.

3.2.2 Land-Based Activities

Potential temporary adverse impacts to the aquatic environment during land-based activities are primarily related to changes in habitat quality and structure, including but not limited to:

- Increase in water temperature and decrease in cover and food/nutrient supply as a result of riparian vegetation clearing;
- Increase in sediment concentrations as a result of exposed upland soils and channel banks; and
- Underwater noise generated during abutment pile installation.

Riparian Vegetation

Riparian vegetation within the Project footprint is limited due to the previous flood events and subsequent emergency works. Based on the arborist report (McElhanney 2023), a total of 38 trees will be removed as a result of the Project of which 22 will be removed from the MOTI right-of-way, and 16 will be removed from Sasquotch Provincial Park. The majority of trees to be removed are comprised of Douglas-fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*) and bigleaf maple (*Acer macrophyllum*). The estimated age of the stand ranges from newly regenerated to 60 years (McElhanney 2023).

Underwater Noise

Concrete piles with steel casings will be installed on land and in the dry as part of the abutment construction; however, it is uncertain whether the contractor will use boring technology or down-hole pile driving. Concrete piles installed on land via boring will not generate sound levels capable of impacting fish (MPDCA 2003); however, it is unclear what levels of underwater noise could be generated from down-hole pile driving.

4.0 IMPACT MITIGATION STRATEGIES

4.1 DESIGN

Generally, the footprint of the new bridge and associated riprap will be minimized to the extent feasible while maintaining current design standards. The new larger bridge span and removal of existing culverts will reduce channel constriction by maintaining the approximate upstream and downstream channel dimensions within the bridge footprint. As previously discussed, the new bridge will result in a net gain of aquatic habitat (Figure 6) and reduce erosion to Hick's Lake Road and Trout Lake Creek whereby subsequent flooding and damage to downstream environments, infrastructure, and property is reduced from current and pre-flood conditions.

Fish Passage

Given the previous permanent crossing and current temporary crossing present a barrier to fish passage, the opportunity to improve fish passage through the new crossing has been extensively reviewed and discussed with the Project team during the options analysis. Based on the previous baseline studies conducted in 2017 and 2018 (Hatfield 2017 and Hatfield 2018), which documented suitable fish habitat in the form of potential rearing and spawning areas within an approximate 100 m reach upstream of Hick's Lake Road, it was originally determined that designing for fish passage was warranted; however, due to shifting baseline conditions as a result of the 2020 and 2021 flood events and associated emergency works, the previously identified suitable habitat has been downgraded to marginal habitat (refer to Section 2.1). Given the marginal habitat for fish upstream of Hick's Lake Road and engineering challenges associated with steep channel gradients and the large size of riprap required to construct a fishway (e.g., step-pools), we are no longer recommending this design mitigation strategy.

The Project team developed a fish habitat restoration options analysis to identify the most suitable fish habitat restoration option for the Project. Four restoration options were considered including:

- Option 1: Provide fish passage under the new bridge via the construction of a fishway (e.g., steppools) to improve fish passage across a range of flows;
- Option 2: Restore a side channel downstream of the bridge to provide fish-rearing opportunities and refuge during future flood events;
- Option 3: The installation of mainstem channel habitat features upstream and downstream of the new bridge to provide instream complexity for cover and high-flow refuge. This option may also provide fish passage during moderate flow conditions; and
- Option 4: Provide no fish habitat restoration, given DF4 was already a fish barrier during baseline conditions and impacts to the creek occurred as a result of natural flood events.

The options analysis summarizing all considerations associated with each restoration option is presented in Table 5. Restoration Option 3 was selected as the most suitable restoration approach given the change in fish habitat values upstream of the bridge, property, maintenance, and constructability constraints associated with Restoration Option 1 and Option 2. Restoration Option 3 would provide appropriate mitigation for the Project and contribute to the restoration of fish habitat disturbed as a result of multiple flood events.

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Figure 6 Aquatic habitat gains associated with the Trout Lake Creek Culvert Replacement Project.



Table 5 Trout Lake Creek Bridge, fish habitat restoration options analysis.

| Option | Objective | Benefits to Fish Productivity | Fish Habitat Limitations | Engineering Considerations | Constructability | Property | Maintenance | Permitting and Risks |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|
| Option 1: Fish Passage under the new bridge | Remove fish barrier that has been observed since monitoring commenced in 2017 (perched culvert), and subsequent flood events in 2020 (temporary bridge and steeply sloped riprap) and 2021 (4 HDPE culverts and steeply sloped riprap at outlets). | Provide access to approximately 100 m of fish habitat characterized by spawning, rearing and overwintering habitat prior to the 2020 and 2021 flood events. Benefits to anadromous fish currently limited to the downstream reach (e.g., coho and chum salmon), and resident fish (e.g., cutthroat trout) upstream of Rockwell Drive that would be able to access the lower reach and Harrison Lake and return upstream. | Previous high-value habitat upstream of bridge has been downgraded to marginal as a result of flood impacts and emergency repair works. Riffles and pools have been replaced by cascades limiting available spawning, rearing and overwintering habitat. Upstream fish passage is likely not possible during summer low-flow and winter/spring high-flow events which naturally occur in this system; however, fish passage would be further constrained by engineering challenges during low and high-flow conditions (see engineering considerations). | Challenging to maintain surface flow during low-flow conditions due to large riprap voids; grouted riprap will likely not withstand future debris flow. Steep gradient requiring step-pool fishway. Step-pools will infill during future debris flow. | Installation of step-pools will require AQP oversight to ensure fish passage. Stream isolation is required if grouted riprap is used. Likely requires machinery working below the top of bank. | All works in MOTI ROW. | Clearing of sediment and debris from step-pools likely required. | WSA Change Approval (5 months). FA Letter of Advice (2 months). Contingency measures may be required if fish passage fails, and may require additional permitting. |
| Option 2: Downstream side channel restoration | Reconnect an abandoned side channel to Trout Lake Creek that has become isolated due to previous debris flow. Debris berm will remain in place to provide flood protection, and flows will be reconnected via a buried intake pipe through the debris berm. | High-flow refuge, protection from future debris flow, overwintering, and summer rearing (all limiting habitat features in Trout Lake Creek) Provide access to approximately 100 m of abandoned fish habitat | Potential fish stranding during low-flow conditions. Environmental flow needs for both the side channel and mainstem may not be achievable. | Side channel intake structure design will need to consider debris maintenance. Grade control feature (i.e., weir) may be required across main channel to ensure proper hydraulic function of side channel intake. | Can be constructed in isolation of flows easily with the exception of the intake structure which would be constructed last (i.e., works in the side channel would be conducted before commissioning flows) Access is available, but may require the removal of a few trees (can be used as LWD in the side channel) | Majority of works on BC Parks Land (Sasquatch Provincial Park). | Maintenance of the intake structure will be required. TBD if this be the responsibility of BC Parks or MOTI staff. | WSA Change Approval (5 months) and Water Licence (1 year, can be staged to allow works to proceed). May require FA Authorization (5 months). Will require a letter of Authorization from BC Parks. Benefit of having intake works under Licence is that future maintenance or repairs on structure will not require individual / future WSA approval. May not meet DFAA funding criteria. |
| Option 3: Mainstem channel habitat features upstream and downstream of the bridge | Install rock spurs, boulder clusters, and LWD. | Provide instream complexity for cover and high-flow refuge. | Instream habitat features within the mainstem channel have a high potential of being displaced/damaged during a future debris flow. | Conventional designs available Sizing and anchoring habitat features to withstand future debris flow Change in flood stage, and potential to trap/accumulate debris on habitat features | Anchoring of LWD, boulder clusters, spurs etc. may require bank and channel excavation and stream isolation | All works in MOTI ROW | Debris and sediment removal following flood events | WSA Change Approval (5 months). FA Letter of Advice (2 months). Contingency measures may be required if habitat features fail during future debris flow, and may require additional permitting. |
| Option 4: No fish habitat restoration | Restoration not required, the majority of impacts to fish habitat and fish passage naturally occurred and are likely to occur again based on stream channel dynamics | ■ N/A | Natural recovery of flood-impacted fish habitat may take a long time or never occur. | Crossing designed to meet hydrotechnical requirements | ■ N/A | • N/A | - N/A | WSA Change Approval (5 months). FA Letter of Advice (2 months). Permits may not be issued without restoration measures |

Restoration Option 3 (Installation of Mainstem Habitat Features)

A number of design features have been incorporated into the Project to enhance fish habitat functions including:

- 1. Siting the new bridge within the footprint of the existing crossing to minimize negative impacts to fish and wildlife habitat:
- 2. Daylighting approximately 276 m² of aquatic habitat (Figure 6) through the removal of the existing culverts which currently present a barrier to fish passage and grading the channel to an approximate slope of 8.6%;
- Top-dressing riprap scour protection up to the high watermark (i.e., 2-year return flow) with native substrates (i.e., cobble/gravel/fines) salvaged during construction to fill riprap voids (and promote surface flow) and provide a natural channel appearance more suitable for benthic invertebrate production and fish habitat;
- Installation of boulder clusters and large woody debris to provide habitat complexity, cover, and velocity hides for fish during high-flow events and provide fish passage during moderate-flow events; and
- 5. Minimizing clear and grub limits to the greatest extent possible, especially in areas adjacent to and within BC Parks land. A tree survey has been conducted to optimize clear and grub limits whereby significant trees are avoided if possible. Planting of native trees, shrubs, and forb species suited to site conditions will occur within riparian areas disturbed during construction and previous flood events.

Instream fish habitat enhancement features are presented in AE Drawing Nos 10505-114 and 10505-118 (Appendix A1).

Riparian Planting Plan

Approximately 1,676 m² of plantings will be installed within disturbed riparian areas (Appendix A2). Plants will be of guaranteed nursery stock and installed at one plant per square metre density (BC MoE 2008) or as specified per the landscape plan (Appendix A2). Large woody debris salvaged during construction will be placed throughout the planting areas.

4.2 CONSTRUCTION

The successful Contractor(s) will be required to submit a detailed Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) with work procedures prior to commencing construction. The CEMP shall be prepared in compliance with MOTI's Standard Specifications for Highway Construction (MOTI 2020a) Section 165 Protection of the Environment (SS 165) and align with the Requirements and Best Management Practices for Making Changes in and About a Stream in British Columbia (Gov. BC 2022b), and the Measures to Protect Fish and Fish Habitat (DFO 2019a). The CEMP will be submitted to MOTI for review and approval prior to the start of works. Special provisions (SPs) contained in the Project tender package will identify any expectations that differ from MOTI SS 165 and will also include conditions of any environmental approvals. SPs may also refer to mitigation measures outlined in this, or any other environmental assessment reports prepared for the Project that form part of regulatory application submissions. Mitigation measures and BMPs detailed in the CEMP will include but not be limited to the following management plans:

- Fish and fish habitat protection plan (including fish salvages where required);
- Spill prevention (including concrete leachate) and emergency response plan;
- Erosion and sediment control plan;
- Vegetation management plan (including management of invasive and noxious weeds);
- Wildlife protection plan; and
- Waste management plan.

Underwater Noise

To install the reinforced concrete piles with steel casings, we understand the contractor will have the option to either drill (i.e., bore) the piles or drive the piles with a down-hole hammer. A Pile Driving Procedure underwater noise management plan will be developed if the contractor chooses to use a downhole hammer with appropriate underwater noise monitoring equipment (e.g., hydrophone) and mitigations if required (e.g., bubble curtain). The contractor's Appropriately Qualified Professional (AQP) will be required to include the following mitigation measures in the underwater noise management plan:

- The environmental monitor will be on-site during all down-hole pile driving activities to monitor for fish observations and hydroacoustic monitoring at the limits of the fish exclusion zone;
- Commence pile driving with a soft start where the impact energy is gradually increased over a 10-minute period;
- Ensure at the boundary of the fish exclusion zone, Peak and cumulative Sound Exposure Levels do not exceed the thresholds summarized in Table 6 (Popper et al. 2006); and
- If monitoring indicates sound levels exceed the thresholds the work must be halted. The work will only resume after additional measures (e.g., bubble curtain) have been implemented to reduce sound levels below the thresholds (Table 6).

Table 6 Underwater pile driving noise thresholds typically referenced in regulatory approvals.

| Monitoring Endpoint | Pile Driving Noise Criteria |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Peak Sound Pressure Levels (SPL _{peak}) | 206 dB re 1 μpa |
| Cumulative Sound Exposure Levels (SEL) | 186 dB re 1 μpa²-sec |

4.2.1 Least Risk Windows

Fish

Instream works will be conducted during the regional least risk work window of August 1 to September 15 to protect against potential effects on trout and salmon species (BC MOE 2006). It should be noted that the least risk window for fish does not apply if the watercourse is naturally dry. Instream works outside the least risk window may be permitted with a compelling rationale and appropriate mitigation measures. The contractor's EM must submit a site-specific mitigation plan to the Ministry Representative for review and approval prior to working outside of the window. The mitigation plan must outline the rationale for working outside of the least risk work window, associated risks, and site-specific mitigation measures. The plan and subsequent effectiveness of the plan will be included in the post-construction monitoring report for the Project.

Birds

Mitigation during construction should include work restrictions during the breeding bird window of March 15 to August 30 for this region (ECCC 2018). Bird nesting surveys, as per MOTI protocol, and measures to protect active nests are required for vegetation removal and disturbance activities during the active nesting period (MOTI 2020b). Pre-clearing bird nesting surveys by an Appropriately Qualified Professional (AQP as defined in MOTI SS 165) will be required to ensure compliance with the federal *Migratory Birds Convention Act*, which prohibits the removal or destruction of birds or bird habitat during the breeding season. Surveys should be conducted so that no-disturbance buffers can be established around active nest sites. Raptor nests were not observed during the field assessments; regardless, raptor nest surveys should be completed immediately prior to construction to ensure conditions have not changed.

5.0 ASSESSMENT OF RESIDUAL IMPACTS

Potential adverse residual impacts (i.e., impacts that may reasonably occur after all mitigation is considered) in the context of the death of fish or HADD are not expected to occur given the short duration of the WUA, the magnitude of temporary and permanent impacts (Table 7), ecosystem values sustained within the Project footprint, and proposed design and construction mitigation measures (Table 8). Overall, there will be a net gain of aquatic (655 m²) and riparian (94 m²) habitats realized by the Project which includes the enhancement of 474 m² of fish habitat features (i.e., boulder clusters and large woody debris), daylighting 276 m² of Trout Lake Creek via the removal of the culverts, and revegetation of approximately 1,676 m² of riparian habitat. Fish passage through Hick's Lake Road will also be improved from current and historical conditions. A habitat budget summary is provided in Table 7.

Table 7 Habitat balance associated with the Project works, undertakings, and activities.

| Ushitet | | Area m² | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Habitat Type | Habitat Enhancement | Temporary Loss | Permanent Loss | Permanent Gain | Riparian Revegetation | Net Gain/Loss | | | | | | |
| Aquatic | 474 | - | 95 | 276 | - | +655 | | | | | | |
| Riparian | - | 998 | 584 | - | 1,676 | +94 | | | | | | |

In accordance with the Fish and Fish Habitat Protection Policy Statement (DFO 2019b), DFO interprets HADD as any temporary or permanent change to fish habitat that directly or indirectly impairs the habitat's capacity to support one or more life processes of fish.

Hatfield has evaluated the proposed Project to confirm if all Measures to Protect Fish and Fish Habitat (DFO 2019a) can be implemented. Our review concluded that all measures as described in DFO (2019a) can be followed except for:

- Avoid placing fill or other temporary or permanent structures below the high watermark;
- Disturbing or removing materials from the banks, shoreline, or waterbody bed;
- Maintaining an undisturbed vegetated buffer zone between areas on land and the high watermark;
 and
- Avoiding tree removal in the riparian area.

Although there will be temporary and permanent changes to fish habitat associated with the Project, the temporary changes as a result of Project WUA are short in duration (i.e., instream works for 1.5 months and within the least risk work window) and low in magnitude (i.e., instream footprint of approximately 500 m²). Conventional BMPs are considered acceptable and practical to mitigate potential short-term construction-related impacts (Table 8) which will be detailed in the Project CEMP. Further, the permanent changes to fish habitat associated with the Project will provide a net gain in fish habitat (Table 7) and improve habitat quality including:

- Improved fish passage during moderate flows as a result of removing the perched culverts, reducing the channel slope, and installation of boulder clusters;
- Improved fish cover and resting areas during high flows as a result of the habitat enhancement features (i.e., boulder clusters and large woody debris);
- Resiliency to future flood events given the sizing of the new clear-span bridge to convey design flood and debris flows;
- Resiliency to future scour during flood events given the sour protection design features; and
- Improved long-term riparian function (e.g., allochthonous carbon input, shade, and LWD input) given the benefits of the Project landscape plan (Appendix A2).

Hatfield is confident that our assessment aligns with DFO's risk-based approach to the application of the fish and fish habitat protection provisions when considering the sensitivity of the fish and fish habitat in question.

Table 8 Description of potential pathways of effects and proposed mitigation measures.

| MILLA D | Area of | Duration | Potential | Path | way of Effect | | D 1889 4 | | |
|--|----------------|----------|---|---------------------|--|---|---|--|--|
| WUA Description | Impact (m²) | (Days) | Land-Based Activities | In-Water Activities | | | Proposed Mitigation | | |
| Mobilization and site preparation | - | 7 | GradingUne of industrial equipment | • | NA (works above high watermark) | : | Install sediment and erosion control measures. Conduct work as quickly as possible and during favourable weather conditions. Environmental monitoring including turbidity monitoring. Ensure a fully stocked spill kit is available on site. | | |
| Clearing and grubbing of riparian vegetation | 1,582 | 5 | Vegetation clearingGradingUse of industrial equipment | • | NA (works above high watermark) | | Install sediment and erosion control measures. Environmental monitoring including turbidity monitoring. Conduct salvage for Pacific water shrew and install exclusion fencing if required following a habitat assessment. Conduct a breeding bird survey and install no work buffers if required. Ensure a fully stocked spill kit is available on site. Environmental monitoring including turbidity monitoring. | | |
| Removal of existing culverts and construction of new channel | 877 | 7 | ExcavationGradingUse of industrial equipment | : | Structure removal Excavation Grading Use of industrial equipment | : | Install sediment and erosion control measures. Complete works when the channel is naturally dry and/or within the least risk fisheries window. ¹Isolate work area from flows following a fish salvage if required. Environmental monitoring including turbidity monitoring. | | |
| Substructure construction | 255 | 20 | ExcavationGradingUse of industrial equipment | • | NA (works above high watermark) | : | Install sediment and erosion control measures. Complete work when the channel is naturally dry and/or within the least risk fisheries window. ¹Isolate the work area from flow following a fish salvage if required. Have a co₂ bubbler and concrete leachate management plan on site. Environmental monitoring including pH, turbidity, and noise monitoring (with hydrophone). Have a bubble curtain on site if required. | | |

Table 8 (Contd.)

| WUA Description | Area of Impact (m²) | Duration (Days) | Potential Pathway of Effect | | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------------|--|---|---|--|
| | | | Land-Based Activities | | In-Water Activities | Proposed Mitigation |
| Installation of riprap scour protection and bridge superstructure | 877 | 25 | ExcavationGradingUse of industrial equipment | : | Placement of material or structures in water Excavation Grading Use of industrial equipment | Install sediment and erosion control measures. Complete works when the channel is naturally dry and/or within the least risk fisheries window. ¹Isolate work area from flows following a fish salvage if required. Conduct work as quickly as possible and during favourabl weather conditions. Ensure a fully stocked spill kit is available on site. Environmental monitoring including turbidity monitoring. |
| Installation of fish habitat enhancement features | 474 | 3 | ExcavationGradingUse of industrial equipment | : | Placement of material or structures in water Excavation Grading Use of industrial equipment | Install sediment and erosion control measures. Complete works when the channel is naturally dry and/or within the least risk fisheries window. ¹Isolate work area from flows following a fish salvage if required. Ensure a fully stocked spill kit is available on site. Environmental monitoring including turbidity monitoring. |
| Demobilization | - | 5 | GradingUse of industrial equipment | • | NA (works above high watermark) | Install sediment and erosion control measures. Conduct work as quickly as possible and during favourabl weather conditions. Ensure a fully stocked spill kit is available on site. Environmental monitoring including turbidity monitoring. |
| Riparian restoration seeding/planting in the fall. | 1,676 | 7 | Riparian planting | • | NA (works above high watermark) | Install sediment and erosion control measures. |

¹Conducted in accordance with the interim code of practice: Temporary cofferdams and diversion channels, and Interim code of practice: End-of-pipe fish protection screens for small water intakes in freshwater.

6.0 CLOSURE

The Project includes the removal of existing culverts, installation of a clear span bridge, instream channel erosion protection, and fish habitat enhancement features at the Hick's Lake Road crossing of Trout Lake Creek. So long as the mitigation measures outlined in this application are followed it is our opinion that residual adverse impacts (i.e., the death of fish or HADD) will not occur as a result of this Project.

7.0 REFERENCES

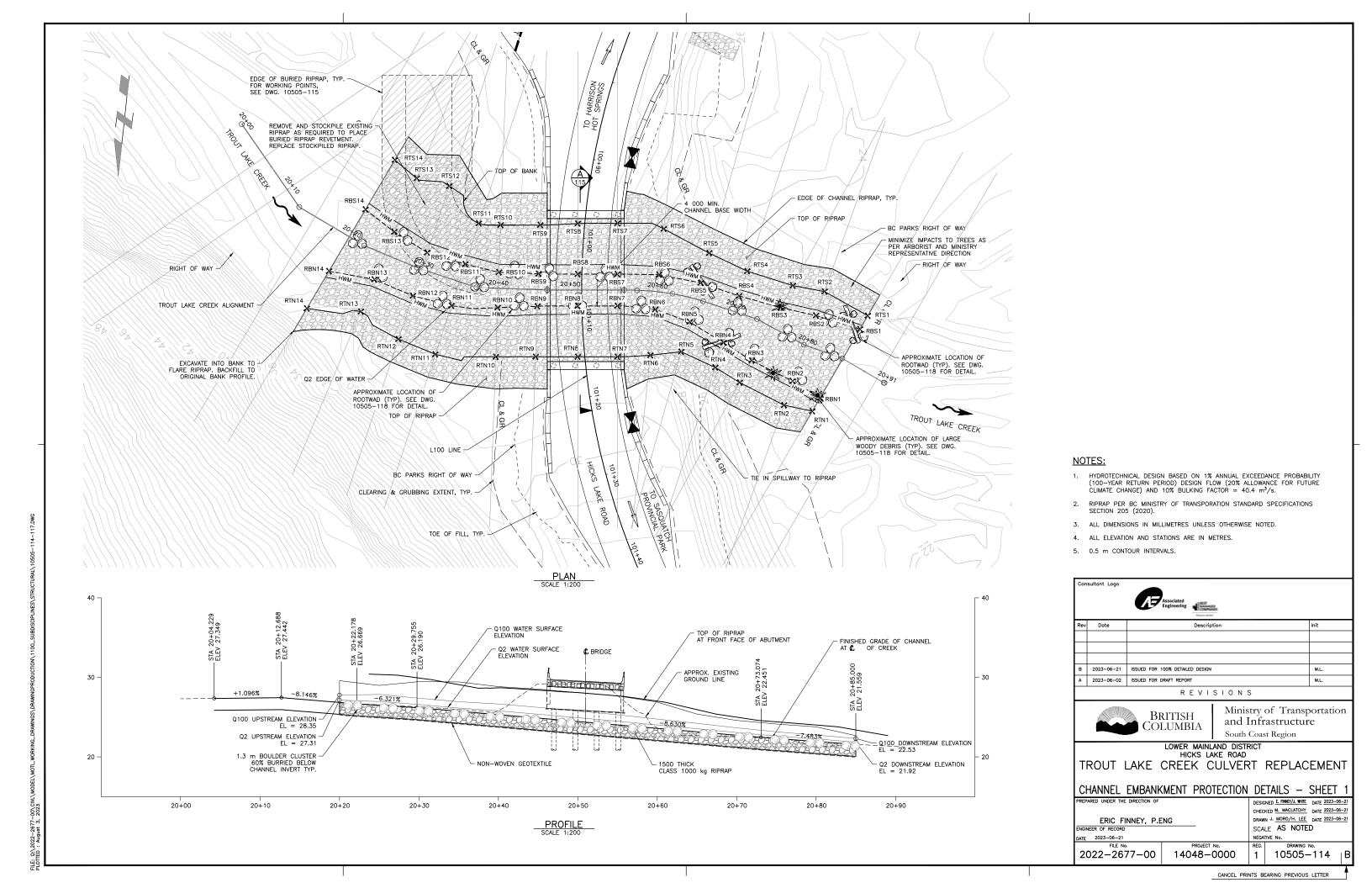
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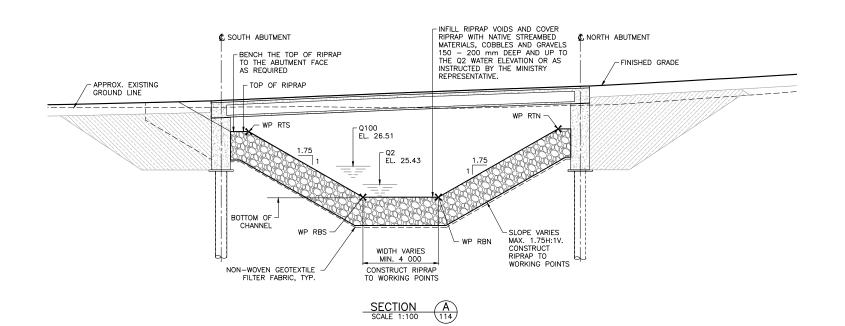
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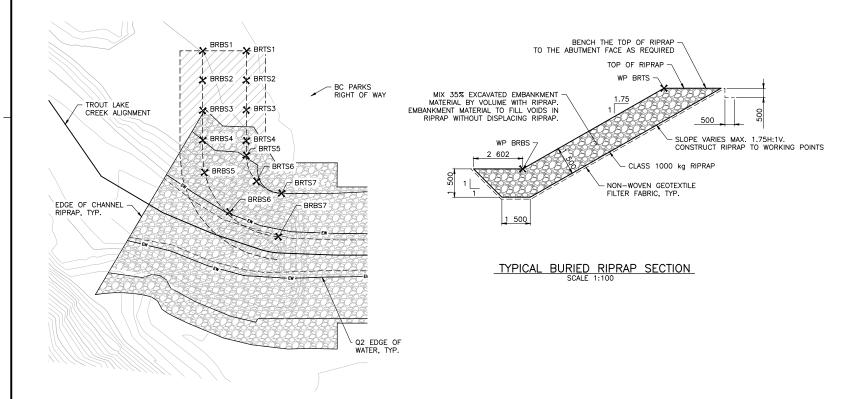


Appendix A1

AE Design Drawings







| NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | NORTHING | EASTING | ELEVATION |
|--------|-------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| 1 | RBN1 | 466322.711 | 591232.912 | 21.559 |
| 2 | RBN2 | 466321.007 | 591236.577 | 21.933 |
| 3 | RBN3 | 466319.004 | 591241.971 | 22.307 |
| 4 | RBN4 | 466317.178 | 591245.761 | 22.717 |
| 5 | RBN5 | 466315.045 | 591250.287 | 23.148 |
| 6 | RBN6 | 466313.965 | 591254.761 | 23.580 |
| 7 | RBN7 | 466314.053 | 591259.538 | 24.011 |
| 8 | RBN8 | 466314.608 | 591264.507 | 24.443 |
| 9 | RBN9 | 466315.214 | 591269.546 | 24.874 |
| 10 | RBN10 | 466315.947 | 591274.505 | 25.306 |
| 11 | RBN11 | 466316.343 | 591280.310 | 25.737 |
| 12 | RBN12 | 466315.644 | 591285.273 | 26.169 |
| 13 | RBN13 | 466314.149 | 591290.324 | 26.491 |
| 14 | RBN14 | 466313.746 | 591296.114 | 26.846 |
| 15 | RTN1 | 466324.492 | 591233.698 | 22.671 |
| 16 | RTN2 | 466324.137 | 591237.316 | 23.771 |
| 17 | RTN3 | 466321.930 | 591243.173 | 24.115 |
| 18 | RTN4 | 466321.930 | 591245.173 | 24.113 |
| 19 | RTN5 | 466320.381 | 591250.927 | 25.374 |
| | | - | | 26.892 |
| 20 | RTN6 | 466319.762 | 591254.726 | |
| 21 | RTN7 | 466320.413 | 591258.827 | 27.669 |
| 22 | RTN8 | 466320.968 | 591263.796 | 28.100 |
| 23 | RTN9 | 466321.556 | 591269.071 | 28.509 |
| 24 | RTN10 | 466322.112 | 591274.043 | 28.838 |
| 25 | RTN11 | 466322.651 | 591281.653 | 29.423 |
| 26 | RTN12 | 466321.266 | 591286.470 | 29.454 |
| 27 | RTN13 | 466318.343 | 591291.559 | 28.989 |
| 28 | RTN14 | 466318.714 | 591298.366 | 29.581 |
| 29 | RBS1 | 466313.560 | 591228.871 | 21.559 |
| 30 | RBS2 | 466312.487 | 591234.565 | 21.933 |
| 31 | RBS3 | 466311.981 | 591239.085 | 22.307 |
| 32 | RBS4 | 466311.102 | 591244.475 | 22.717 |
| 33 | RBS5 | 466310.005 | 591249.448 | 23.148 |
| 34 | RBS6 | 466309.563 | 591254.788 | 23.580 |
| 35 | RBS7 | 466310.077 | 591259.982 | 24.011 |
| 36 | RBS8 | 466310.633 | 591264.951 | 24.443 |
| 37 | RBS9 | 466311.137 | 591269.857 | 24.874 |
| 38 | RBS10 | 466311.500 | 591274.838 | 25.306 |
| 39 | RBS11 | 466310.956 | 591279.163 | 25.737 |
| 40 | RBS12 | 466310.043 | 591284.081 | 26.169 |
| 41 | RBS13 | 466307.915 | 591288.489 | 26.491 |
| 42 | RBS14 | 466305.521 | 591292.410 | 26.846 |
| 43 | RTS1 | 466311.779 | 591228.085 | 22.671 |
| 44 | RTS2 | 466309.356 | 591233.826 | 23.771 |
| 45 | RTS3 | 466309.055 | 591237.882 | 24.115 |
| 46 | RTS4 | 466307.898 | 591243.797 | 24.588 |
| 47 | RTS5 | 466306.163 | 591248.808 | 25.374 |
| 48 | RTS6 | 466303.766 | 591254.823 | 26.892 |
| 49 | RTS7 | 466303.717 | 591260.693 | 27.669 |
| 50 | RTS8 | 466304.305 | 591265.658 | 28.081 |
| 51 | RTS9 | 466305.020 | 591270.315 | 28.380 |
| 52 | RTS10 | 466305.575 | 591275.282 | 28.701 |
| 53 | RTS11 | 466305.675 | 591278.039 | 28.636 |
| 54 | RTS12 | 466301.417 | 591282.245 | 29.715 |
| 55 | RTS13 | 466300.896 | 591286.423 | 30.269 |
| 56 | RTS14 | 466298.922 | 591289.439 | 30.407 |

| | | WORKING POINT T | ABLE | |
|--------|-------------|-----------------|------------|-----------|
| NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | NORTHING | EASTING | ELEVATION |
| 57 | BRTS1 | 466287.545 | 591283.490 | 28.636 |
| 58 | BRTS2 | 466291.403 | 591283.059 | 28.636 |
| 59 | BRTS3 | 466295.320 | 591282.610 | 28.636 |
| 60 | BRTS4 | 466299.354 | 591282.170 | 28.636 |
| 61 | BRTS5 | 466301.290 | 591281.954 | 28.636 |
| 62 | BRTS6 | 466304.542 | 591280.226 | 28.636 |
| 63 | BRTS7 | 466305.739 | 591276.743 | 28.636 |
| 64 | BRBS1 | 466288.186 | 591289.226 | 25.400 |
| 65 | BRBS2 | 466292.044 | 591288.795 | 25.400 |
| 66 | BRBS3 | 466296.020 | 591288.350 | 25.400 |
| 67 | BRBS4 | 466299.921 | 591287.914 | 25.400 |
| 68 | BRBS5 | 466304.140 | 591287.204 | 25.400 |
| 69 | BRBS6 | 466308.963 | 591283.324 | 25.400 |
| 70 | BRBS7 | 466311.497 | 591276.529 | 25.400 |

| R | IPRAP QUANTITIES |
|---------|--|
| CLASS | APPROXIMATE ESTIMATED QUANTITIES (m³) |
| 1000 kg | 2961 |



| Rev | Date | Description | Init |
|-----|------------|---------------------------------|------|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| В | 2023-06-21 | ISSUED FOR 100% DETAILED DESIGN | M.L. |
| Α | 2023-06-02 | ISSUED FOR DRAFT REPORT | M.L. |
| | | | |

REVISIONS



Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure South Coast Region

LOWER MAINLAND DISTRICT HICKS LAKE ROAD TROUT LAKE CREEK CULVERT REPLACEMENT

CHANNEL EMBANKMENT PROTECTION DETAILS — SHEET 2

ERIC FINNEY, P.ENG ENGINEER OF RECORD DATE 2023-06-21

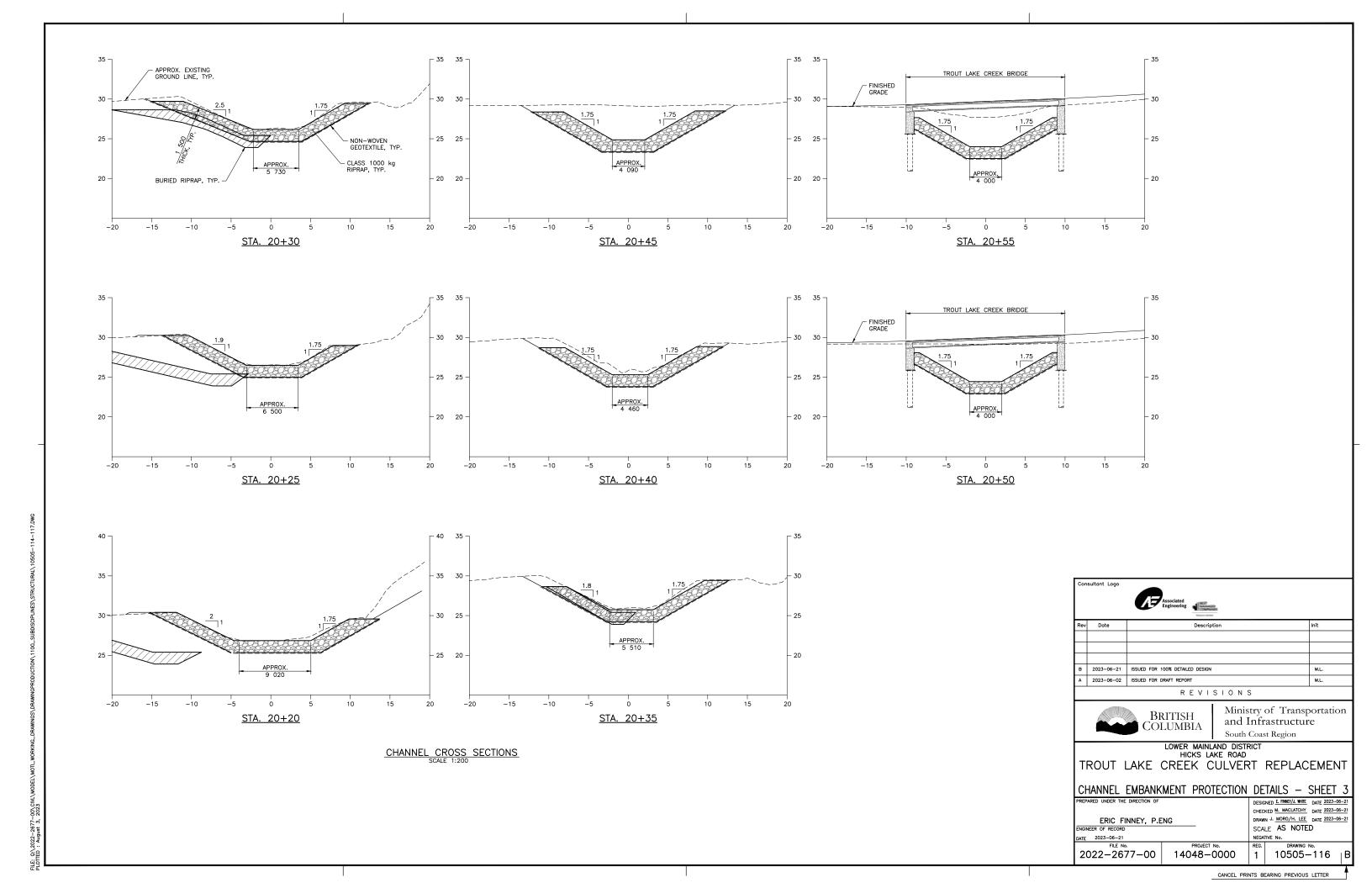
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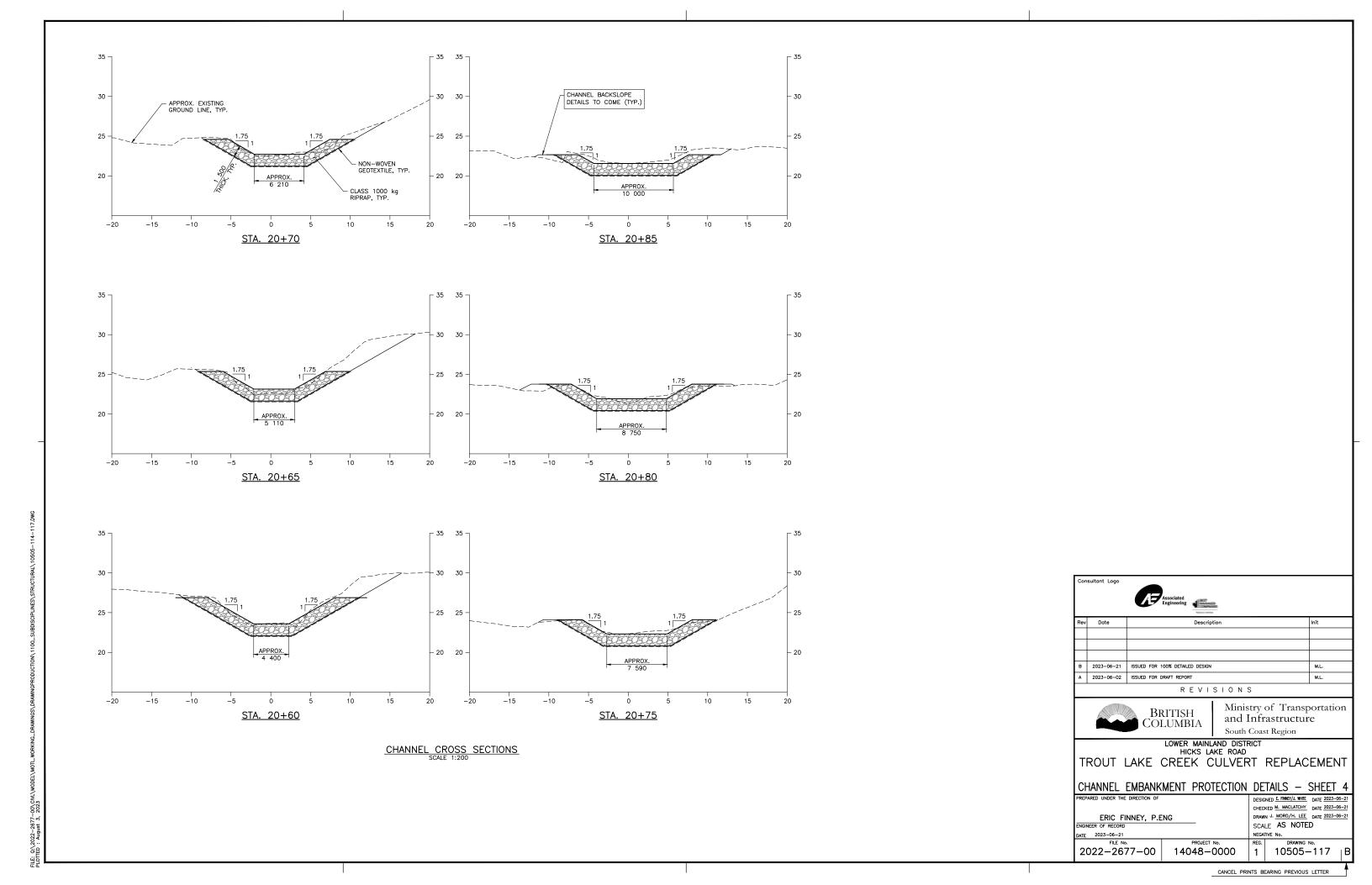
PROJECT No. 2022-2677-00 14048-0000

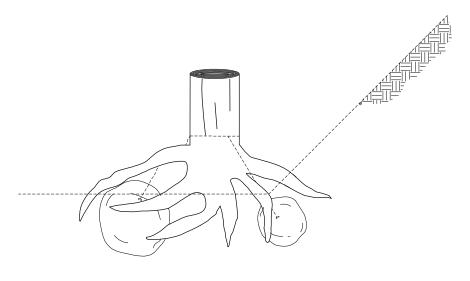
CANCEL PRINTS BEARING PREVIOUS LETTER

WORKING POINTS BURIED RIPRAP PLAN
SCALE 1:250

10505-115







DETAIL

ROOT WAD

LARGE WOODY DEBRIS NOTES

- LARGE WOODY DEBRIS SHALL BE COMPRISED OF MINIMUM 300 mm DIAMETER CEDAR OR DOUGLAS-FIR LOG WITH BARK LEFT LARGELY INTACT.
- 2. LOGS SHALL BE MINIMUM 6 m IN LENGTH.
- 3. ANGLE WOOD DOWNSTREAM AND ANCHOR ONE END TO CHANNEL BED AND THE OTHER TO CHANNEL BANK (SEE ANCHORING DETAIL), LOGS SHALL NOT EXTEND MORE THAN 1/3 OF THE CHANNEL WIDTH.
- 4. FOR STRUCTURES CONSISTING OF MORE THAN ONE PIECE OF LARGE WOODY DEBRIS, LOGS WILL BE CABLED TOGETHER PRIOR TO ANCHORING USING MINIMUM 1/4" DIAMETER STAINLESS STEEL AIRCRAFT CABLE.
- 5. ANCHOR TOP AND BOTTOM OF EACH LOG.

ROOT WAD NOTES

- 1. ROOT WADS SHALL BE COMPRISED OF WESTERN RED CEDAR OR DOUGLAS FIR.
- 2. ROOT WADS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM ROOT MASS DIAMETER OF 0.3 m, WITH THE TRUNK CENTERED ON THE ROOT MASS
- 3. 20-30% OF THE ROOT MASS SHALL BE BURIED IN THE CHANNEL.
- 4. ANCHOR ROOT WAD USING MINIMUM 1/4" STAINLESS STEEL AIRCRAFT CABLE WRAPPED AROUND TREE TRUNK. ANCHOR ONE END OF CABLE TO SHORE AND OTHER END TO STREAM BOTTOM, ACCORDING TO ANCHORING DETAIL.
- 5. ROOT WAD SHALL NOT EXTEND GREATER THAN 1/3 THE WIDTH OF THE STREAM CHANNEL.

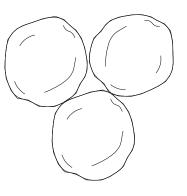
ANCHORING NOTES

- 1. ANCHOR LOGS WITH MINIMUM 1/4" STAINLESS STEEL AIRCRAFT CABLE.
- 2. RUN CABLE THROUGH AXIS OF LOGS INTO TWO 900 mm TO 1200 mm BOULDERS, SECURING CABLE TO BOULDERS VIA ROCK DRILLING, ENSURE THE HOLE FACES PERPENDICULAR TO THE SHEAR STRESS OF THE LOAD.
- 3. DRILL HOLES MINIMUM 4" TO 6" DEEP INTO BOULDERS AND SECURE CABLE IN HOLES USING EITHER:

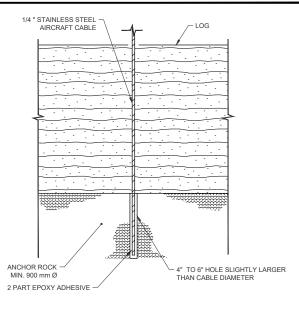
 A. 2 PART EPOXY ADHESIVE IN HOLES DRILLED SLIGHTLY LARGER THAN CABLE DIAMETER (HOLES TO BE CLEANED
 - A. 2 PART EPOXY ADHESIVE IN HOLES DRILLED SCIGHTLY LARGER THAN CABLE DIAMETER (HOLES TO BE CLEANED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS); OR
 - B. AN EXPANDABLE ANCHOR BOLT (STAINLESS STEEL) INSERTED AT THE BOTTOM OF A ½" HOLE. RUN CABLE THROUGH EYE OF BOLT, TWIST TOGETHER, AND SECURE AT SURFACE OF ROCK FACE USING STAINLESS WASHER (1/2" INSIDE DIAMETER AND 1 1/2" OUTSIDE DIAMETER) AND 1/4" WIRE ROPE CLIP.
- 4. FOR ALL ANCHORS, CABLE LENGTH (SLACK) SHOULD BE MINIMIZED TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE TO PREVENT MOVEMENT OF LOGS AND ROOT WADS.

BOULDER CLUSTER NOTES

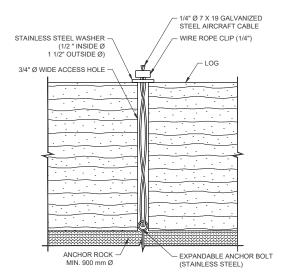
- 1. BOULDER CLUSTERS TO BE COMPRISED OF MINIMUM 1.3 m DIAMETER RIPRAP.
- 2. 60% OF THE BOULDER PROFILE SHALL BE BURIED IN THE CHANNEL.



DETAIL N.T.S.
BOULDER CLUSTER



ANCHOR DETAIL OPTION A



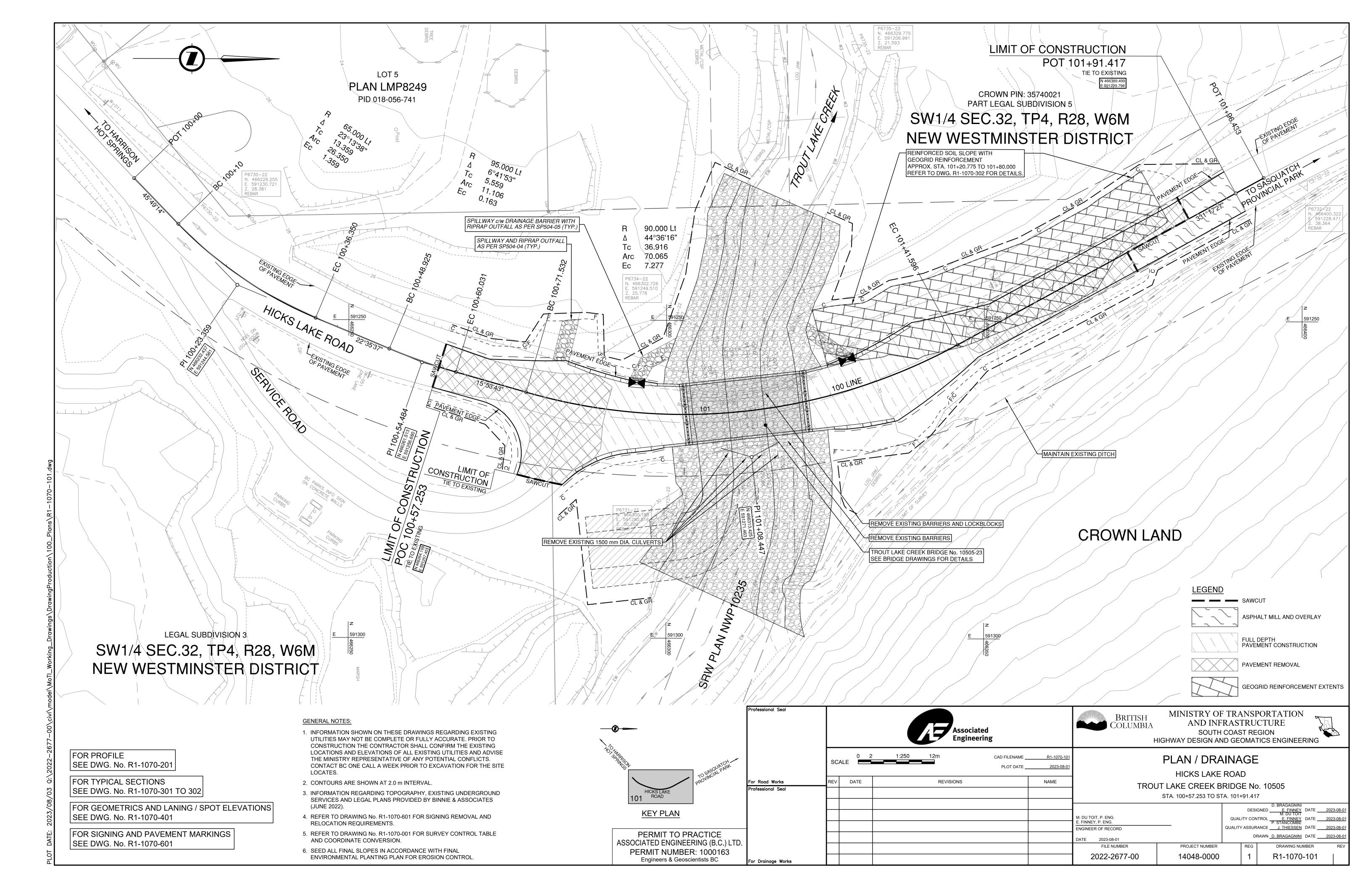
ANCHOR DETAIL OPTION B N.T.S.



BRITISH
COLUMBIA

And Infrastructure
South Coast Region

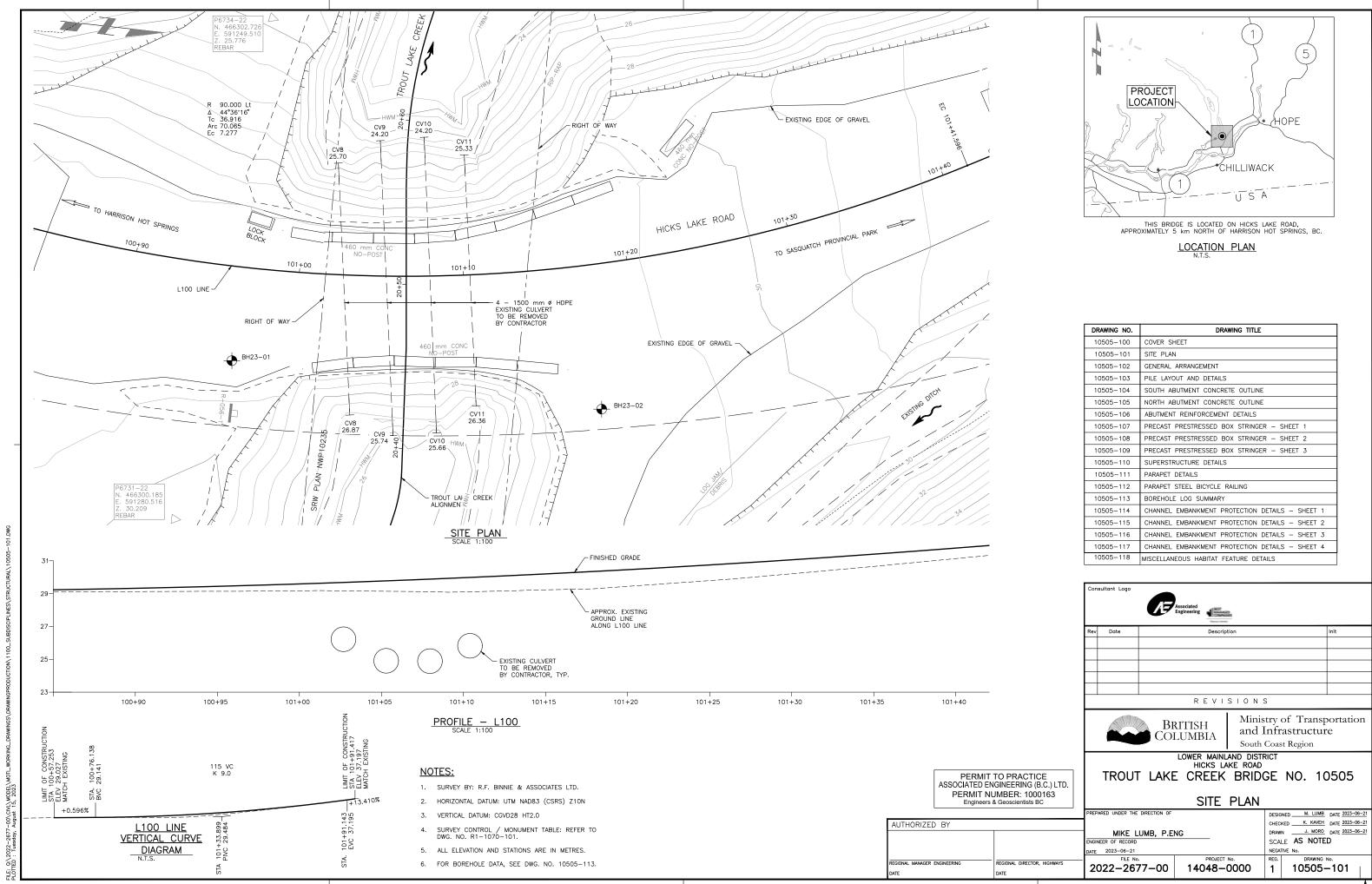
LOWER MAINLAND DISTRICT
HICKS LAKE ROAD
TROUT LAKE CREEK CULVERT REPLACEMENT

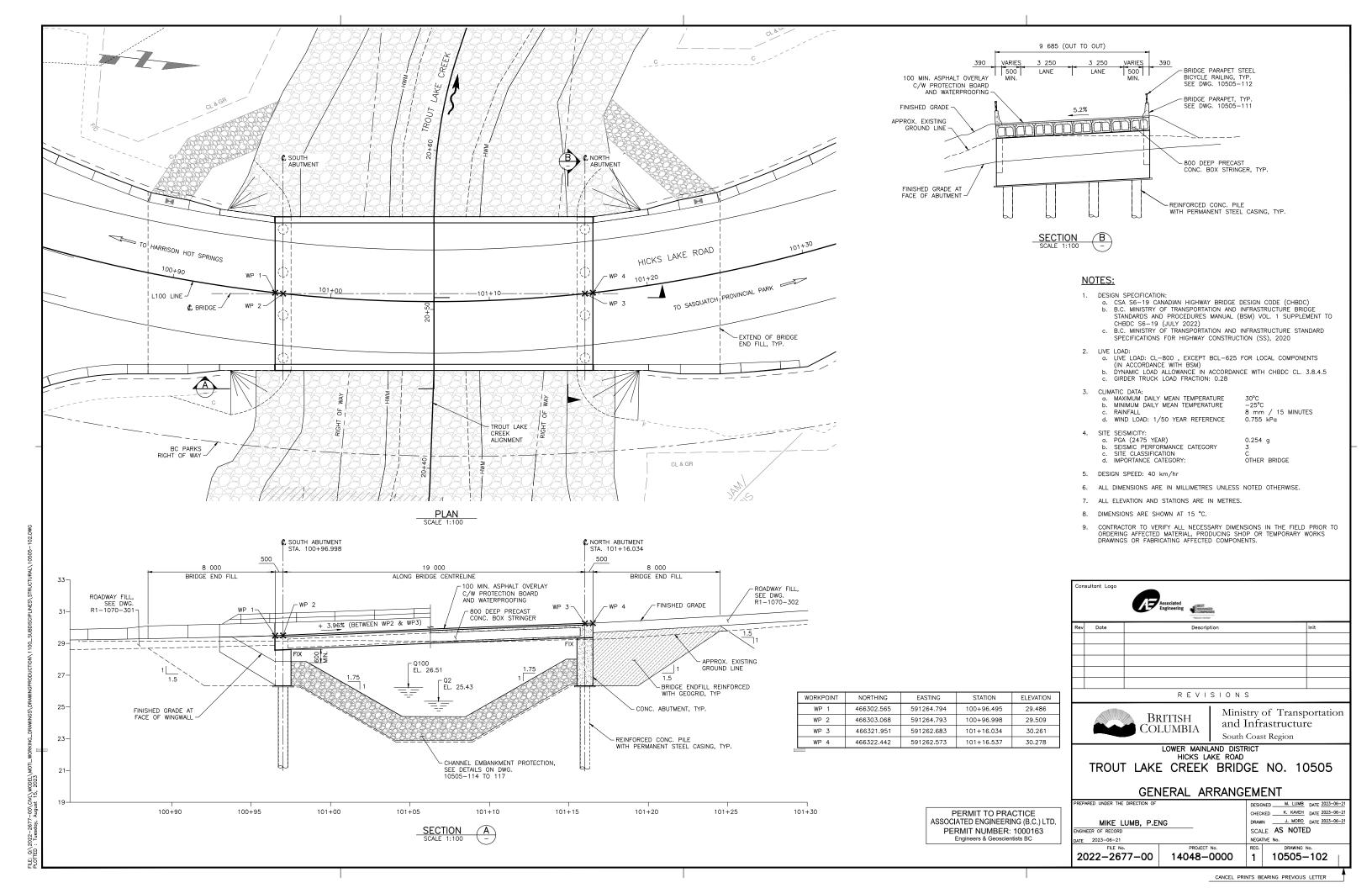


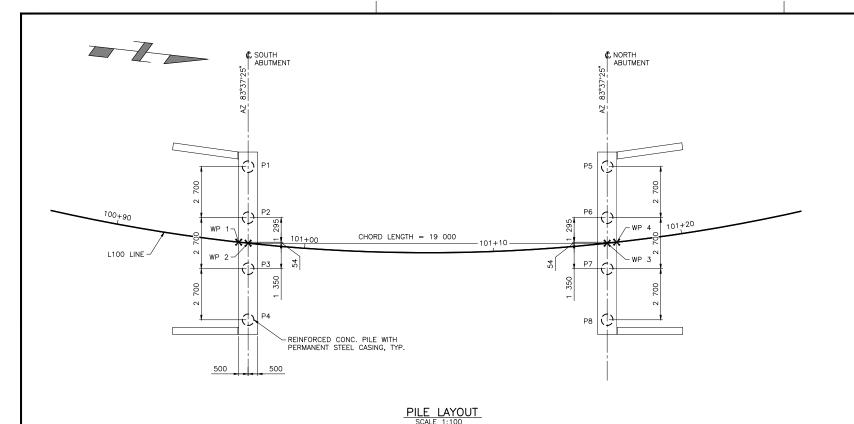


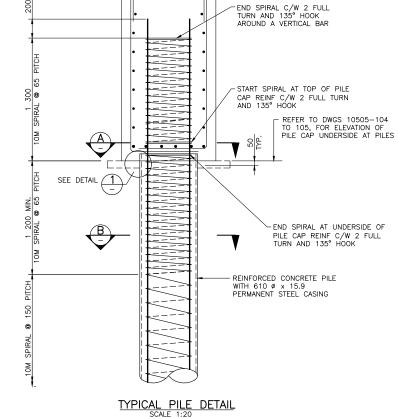
Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure
Bridge Project
No. 14048-0000

TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE NO. 10505
HICKS LAKE ROAD









| | FILE | NSTALLATION TA | DLL (III) | |
|----------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| PILE NUMBER | CUT-OFF ELEVATION | ANTICIPATED DESIGN LENGTH | ANTICIPATED PILETIP ELEV | MAX. PILE TII ELEV. |
| P1 | 26.202 | 19.5 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| P2 | 26.343 | 19.6 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| P3 | 26.483 | 19.7 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| P4 | 26.623 | 19.9 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| P5 | 26.204 | 11.7 | 14.6 | 14.6 |
| P6 | 26.345 | 11.8 | 14.6 | 14.6 |
| P7 | 26.485 | 11.9 | 14.6 | 14.6 |
| P8 | 26.626 | 12.1 | 14.6 | 14.6 |

| PI | LE DESIGN LOAD | OS (kN) | |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| | AXIAL COMPRESSION | TRANSVERSE SHEAR | LONGITUDINAL SHEAR |
| SLS | 1100 | 0 | 60 |
| ULS | 1600 | 45 | 135 |
| ULS 5 (TRANSVERSE) | 1360 | 310 | 60 |
| ULS 5 (LONGITUDINAL) | 960 | 100 | 130 |

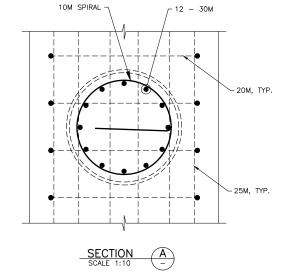
ABUT. PILE CAP-REINFORCED CONC. -PILE WITH PERMANENT STEEL CASING

✓ TACK WELD

RING INSIDE C/W BEVELLED EDGES

TYPICAL PILE SPLICE DETAIL

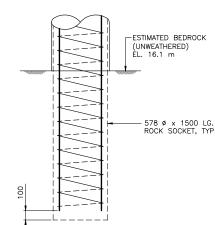
SCALE 1:2.5

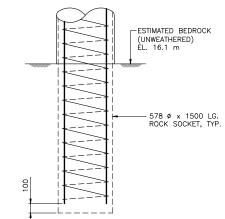


- 10M SPIRAL OVERLAP ONE AND ONE—HALF TURNS MIN. AT SPLICE LOCATIONS, WITH 400 EXTENSION EACH END BEND INTO CORE

REINFORCED CONCRETE

PILE WITH 610 Ø x 15.9 PERMANENT STEEL CASING





NORTH ABUTMENT PILE TIP DETAIL
SCALE 1:20

PERMIT NUMBER: 1000163 Engineers & Geoscientists BC

| ANTICIPATED PILE TIP ELEVATION EL. 6.8 m |
|--|
|--|

SOUTH ABUTMENT PILE TIP DETAIL

PERMIT TO PRACTICE ASSOCIATED ENGINEERING (B.C.) LTD.

NOTES:

- 1. FOR CONCRETE AND REINFORCING NOTES, SEE DWG. 10505-104.
- 2. ALL STEEL PIPE SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A252 GRADE 3.
- ALL PILES SHALL BE INSTALLED TO ELEVATIONS SHOWN OR TO SUCH ELEVATIONS AS MAY BE ORDERED BY THE MINISTRY REPRESENTATIVE.
- 4. MISCELLANEOUS STEELWORK SHALL CONFORM TO CSA G40.21 GRADE 300W.
- SPLICING OF PILE LONGITUDINAL REINFORCEMENT IS NOT PERMITTED WITHIN 3000 OF UNDERSIDE OF CONCRETE CAP. PILE LONGITUDINAL LAP SPLICE LENGTH SHALL BE 1550 MIN.
- THE ANNULUS BETWEEN THE SURROUNDING SOIL AND THE CASING SHALL BE FILLED WITH SELF CONSOLIDATING CONCRETE WITH 10 mm AGGREGATE AND COMPRESSION STRENGTH OF NOT LESS THAN 20 MPa AT 28 DAYS.

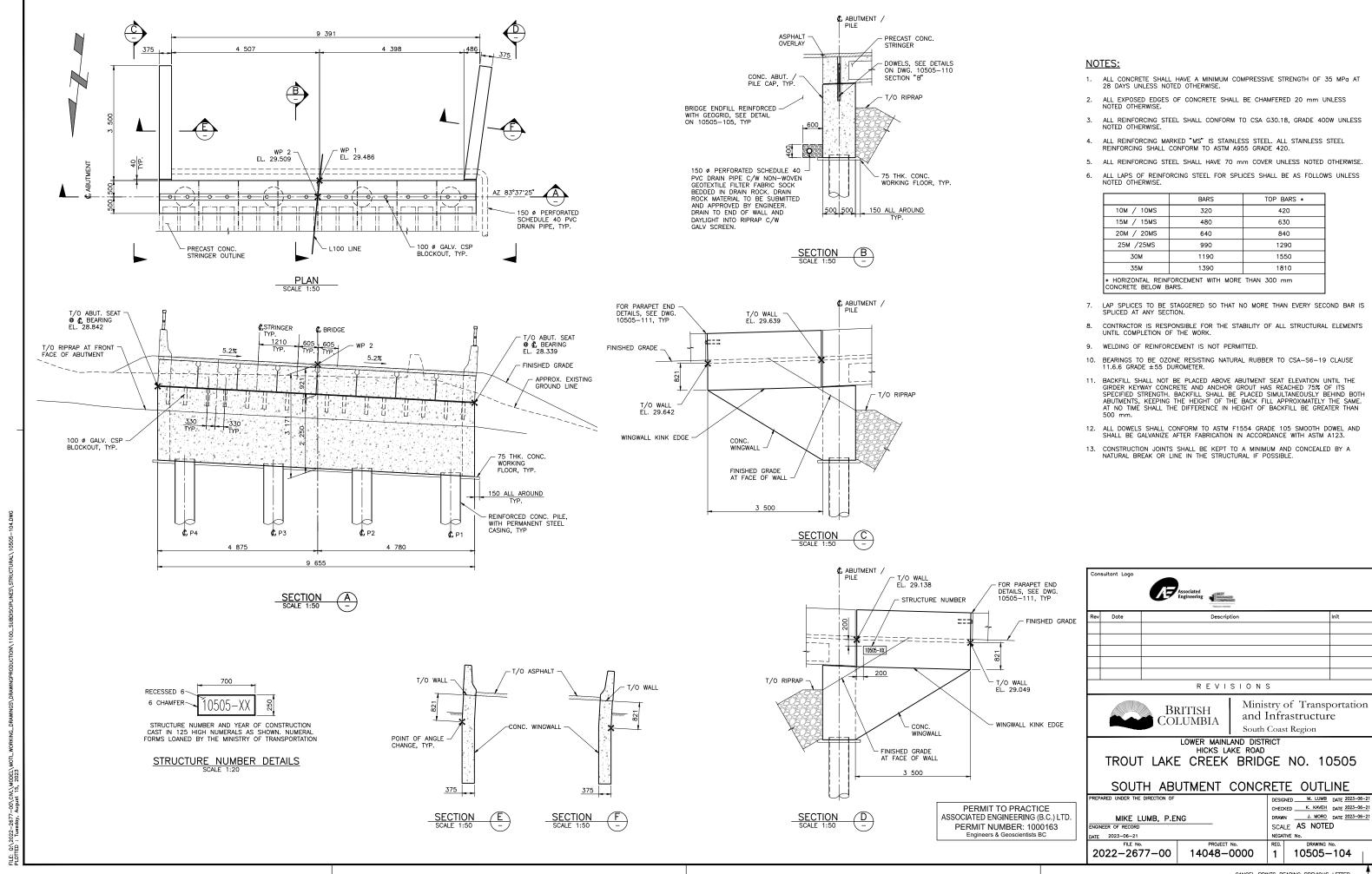


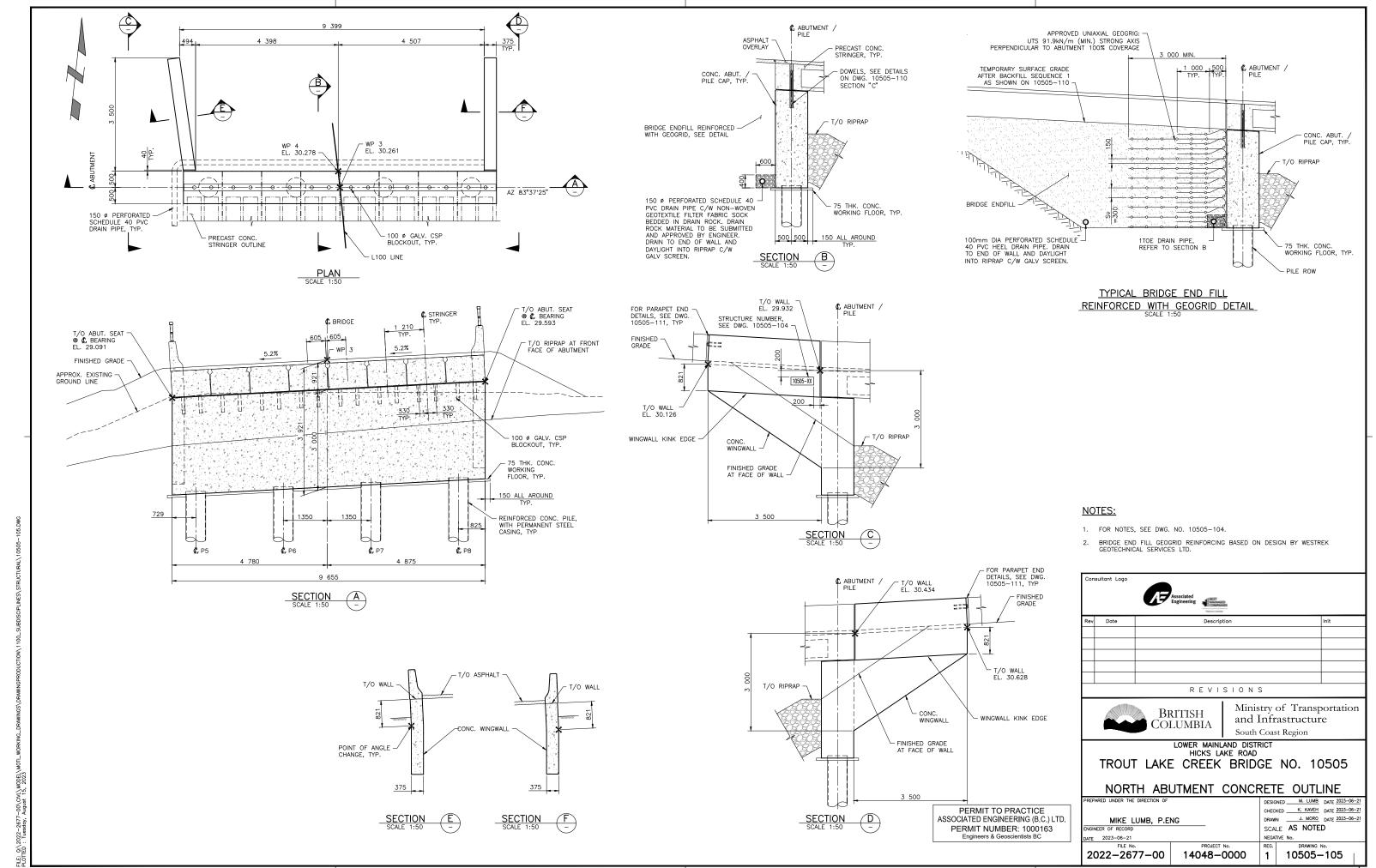
BRITISH and Infrastructure COLUMBIA South Coast Region

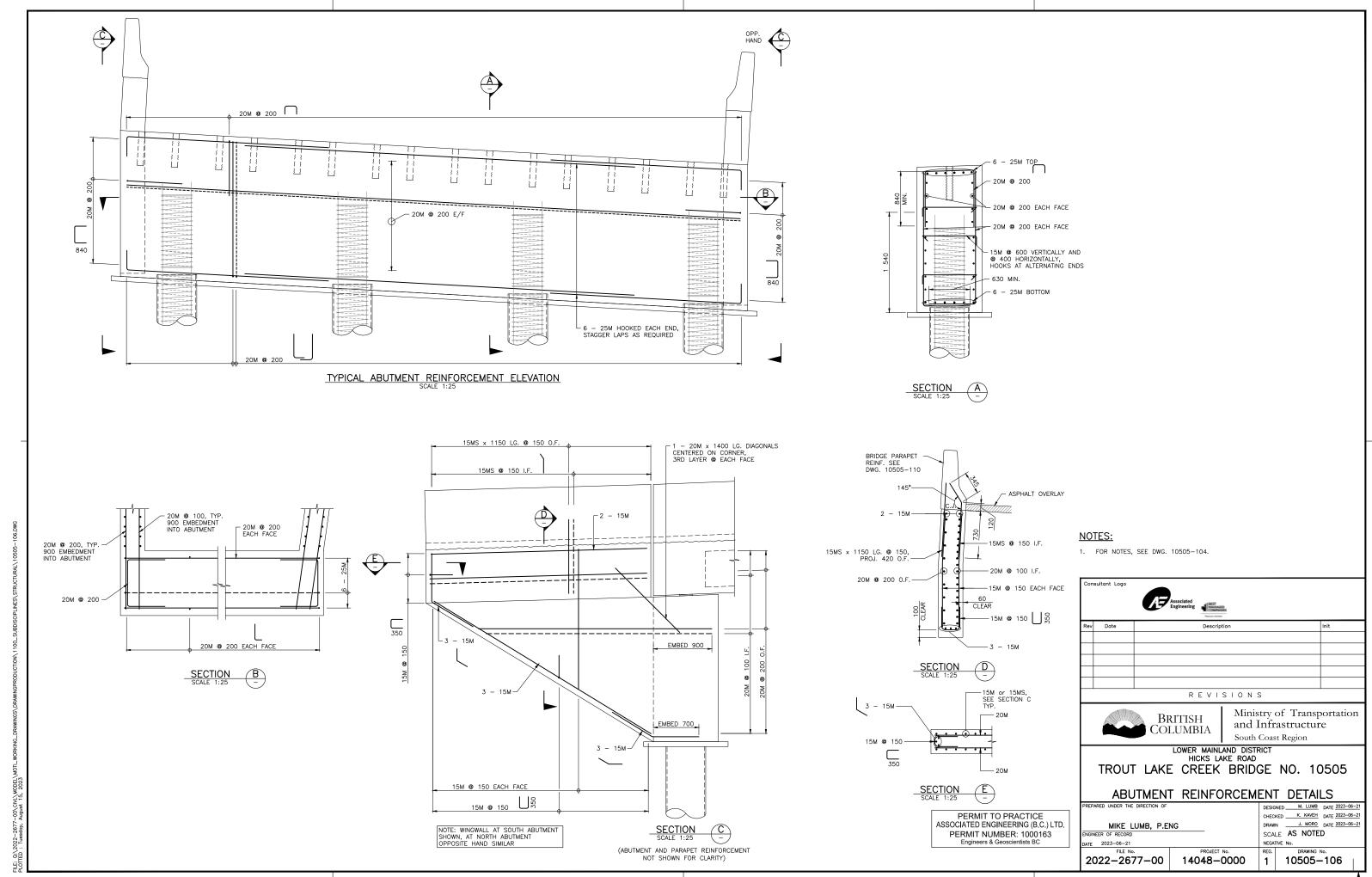
LOWER MAINLAND DISTRICT HICKS LAKE ROAD TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE NO. 10505

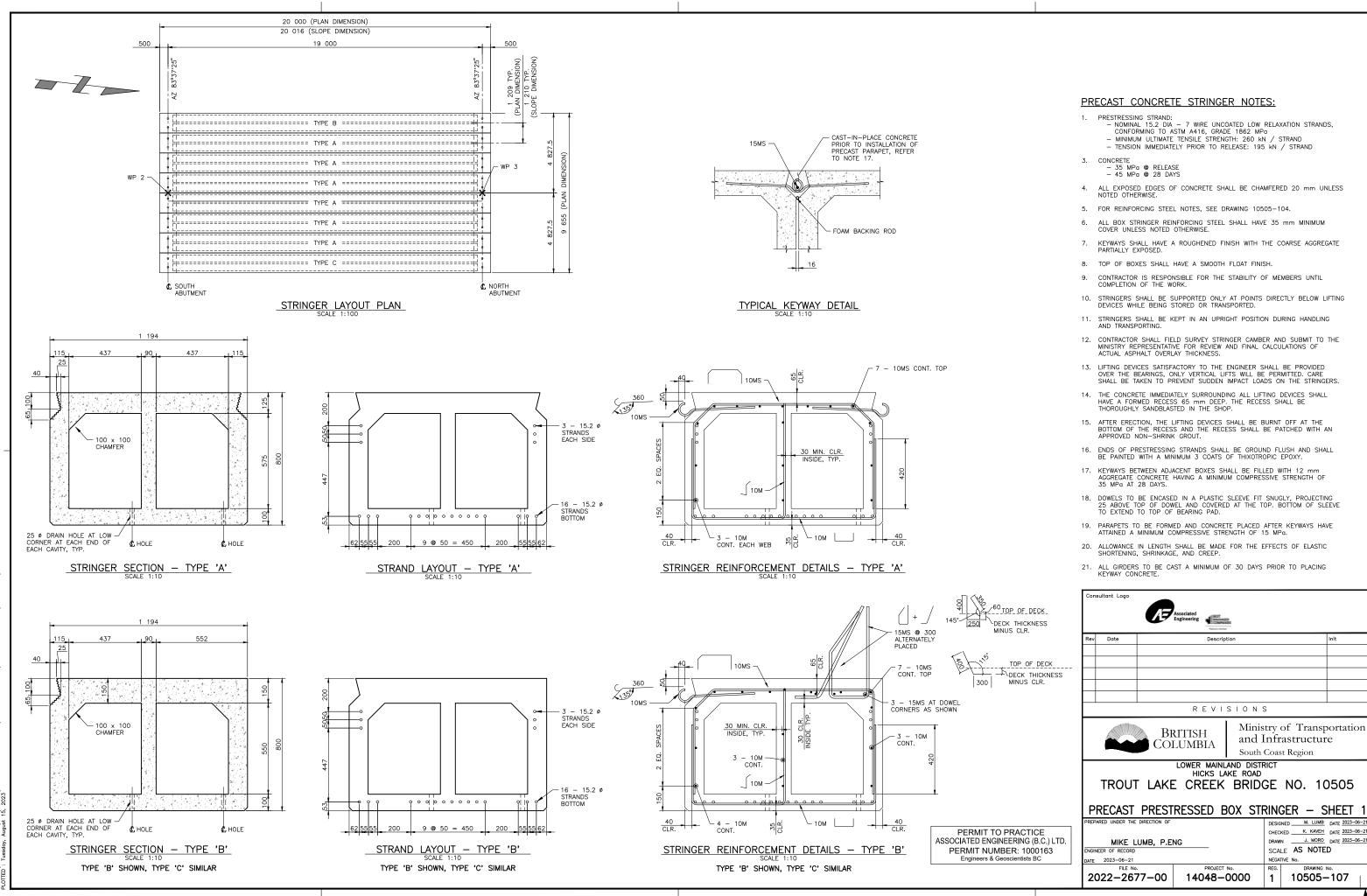
PILE LAYOUT AND DETAILS

DESIGNED M. LUMB DATE 2023-06-2 CHECKED K. KAVEH DATE 2023-06-21 DRAWN ______J. MORO ____DATE _2023-06-21 MIKE LUMB, P.ENG SCALE AS NOTED NGINEER OF RECORD ATE 2023-06-21 NEGATIVE No. 2022-2677-00 14048-0000 10505-103







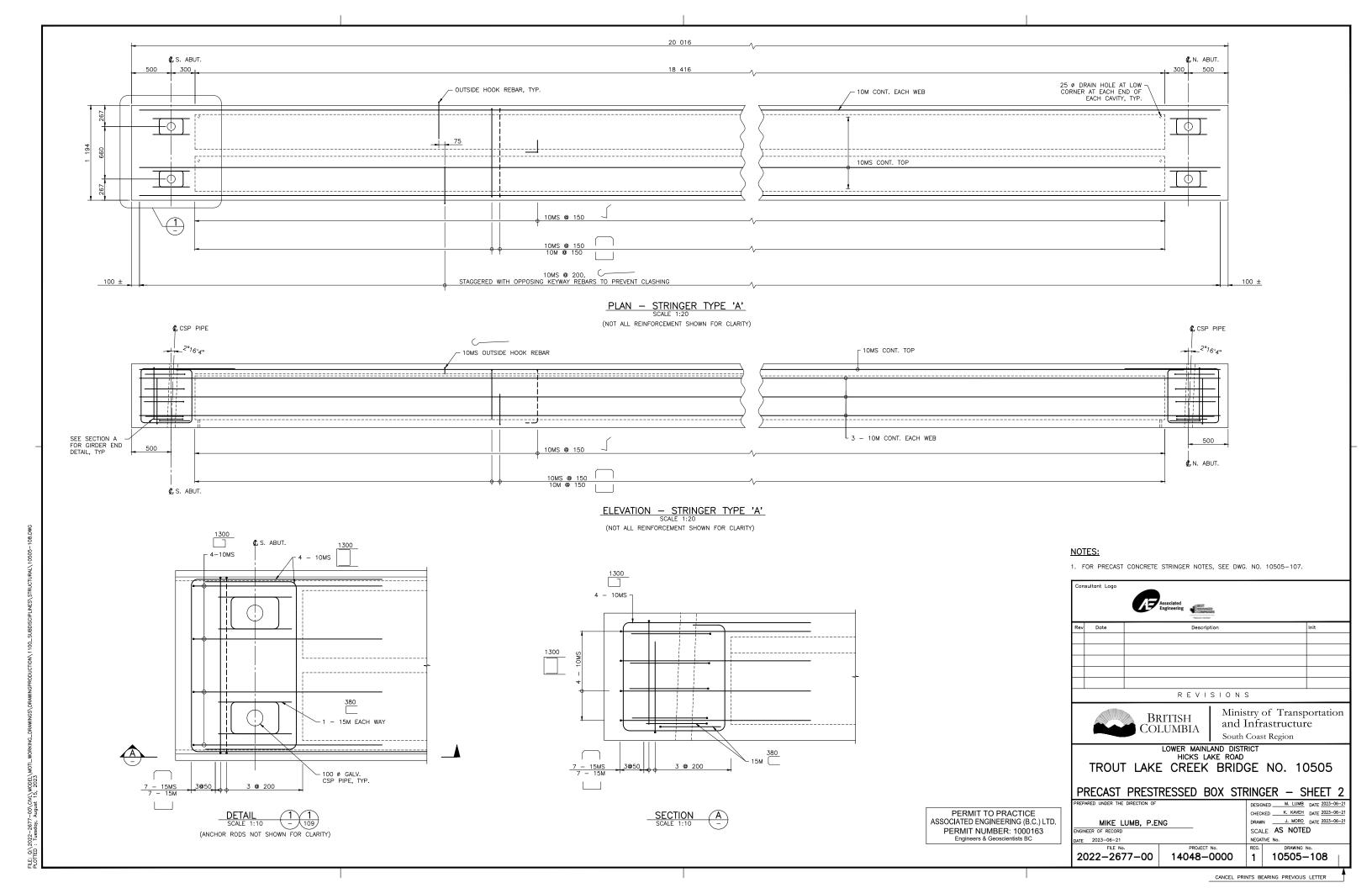


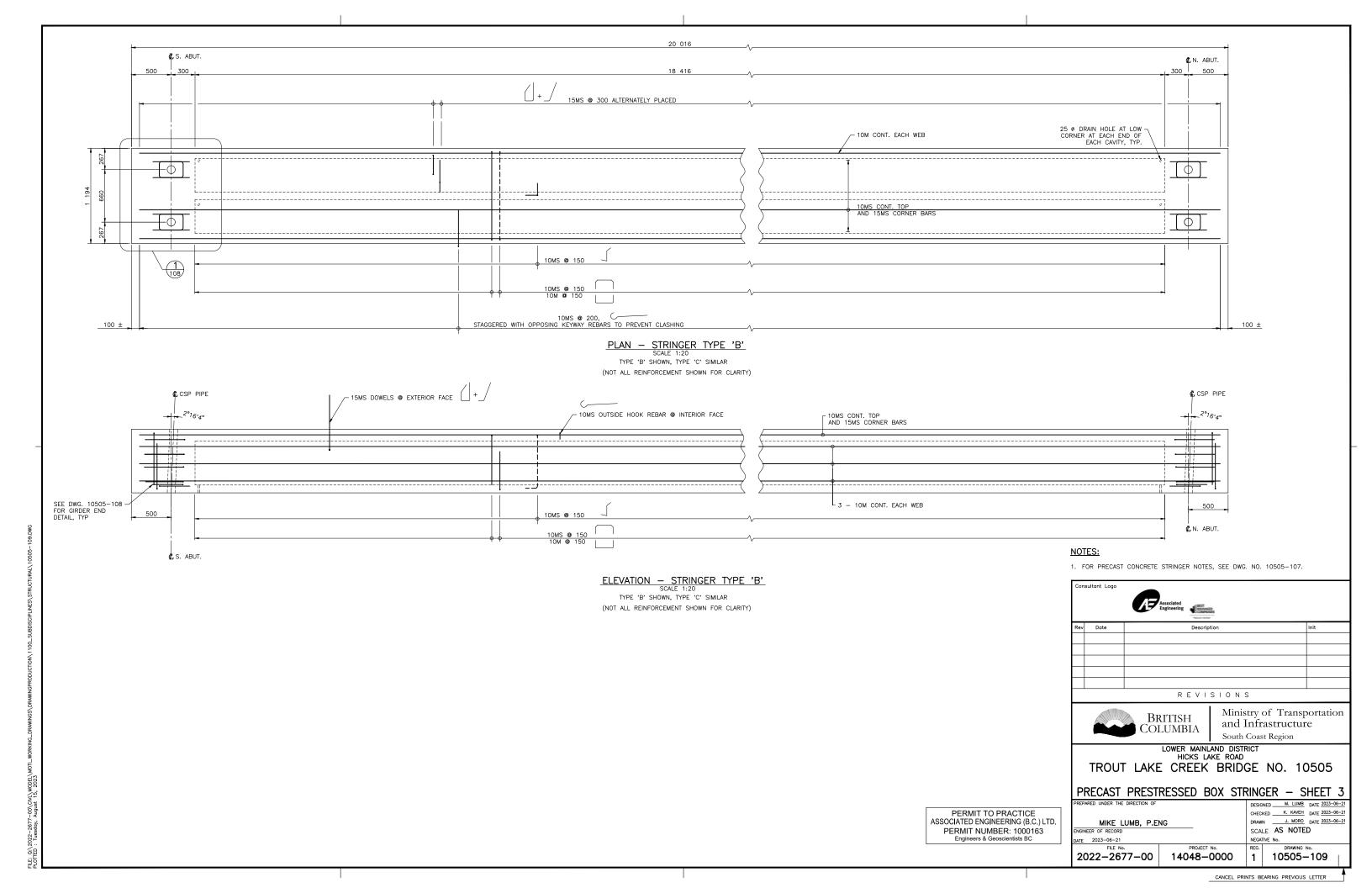
SCALE AS NOTED

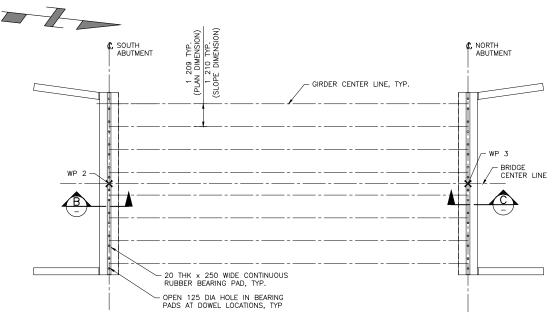
NEGATIVE No.

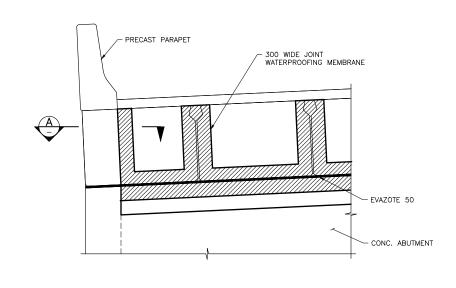
CHECKED K. KAVEH DATE 2023-06-21 DRAWN ______J. MORO _____DATE _2023-06-21

10505-107









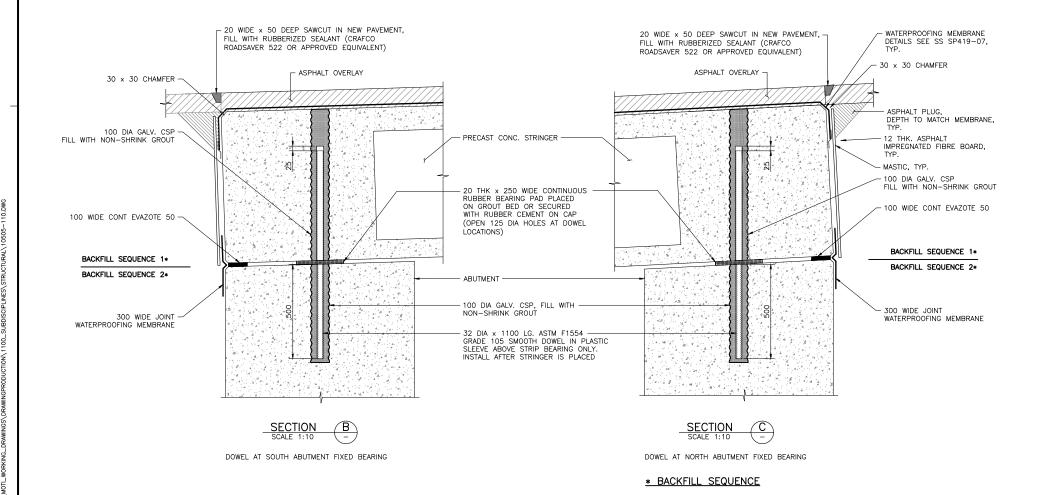
TYPICAL VIEW AT BACK OF ABUTMENT

1. BACKFILL TO TOP OF NEW ABUTMENT / PILE CAP PRIOR TO GIRDER INSTALLATION.

BACKFILLING SHALL BE COMPLETED TO TOP OF GIRDER AFTER DOWELS ARE INSTALLED, AND GROUT HAS REACHED 75% DESIGN STRENGTH MINIMUM.

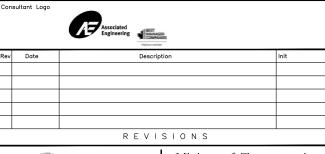
CONC. ABUTMENT WINGWALL 300 WIDE WATERPROOFING - PRECAST CONC. STRINGER - EVAZOTE SIKAFLEX 1A SEALING COMPOUND OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT

BEARING PAD LAYOUT
SCALE 1:100



NOTES:

- 1. FOR ABUTMENT NOTES, SEE DWG. 10505-104
- GROUT TO BE SHRINKAGE—COMPENSATING CEMENTITIOUS GROUT, 40 MPa MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH AT 28 DAYS.
- JOINT WATERPROOFING MEMBRANE SHALL BE A 300 mm WIDE PREFABRICATED MEMBRANE DETAILING STRIP. THE MEMBRANE SHALL BE A SELF-ADHERING INTERNALLY REINFORCED SHEET OF RUBBERIZED ASPHALT AND SHALL BE 1.50mm THICK AND INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SS419.





Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure

South Coast Region LOWER MAINLAND DISTRICT

HICKS LAKE ROAD TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE NO. 10505

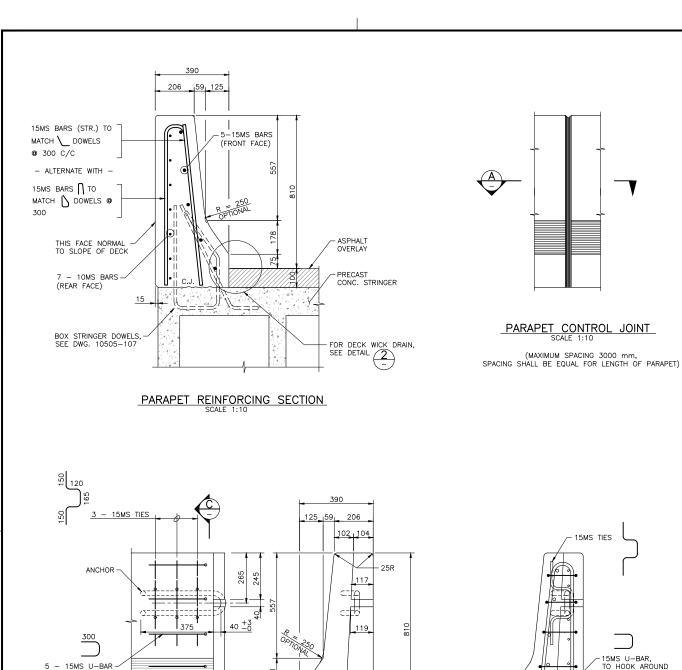
SUPERSTRUCTURE DETAILS

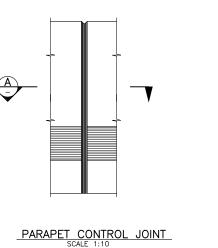
MIKE LUMB, P.ENG NGINEER OF RECORD

DESIGNED M. LUMB DATE 2023-06-21 CHECKED K. KAVEH DATE 2023-06-21 SCALE AS NOTED

TE 2023-06-21 NEGATIVE No. 2022-2677-00 14048-0000 10505-110

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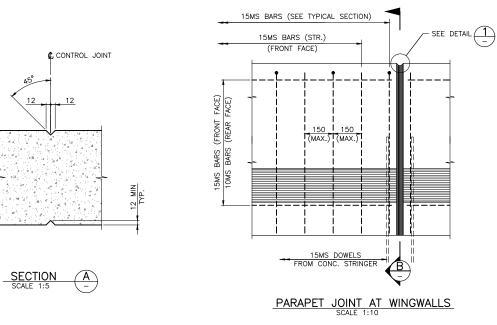




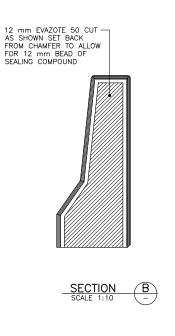
DETAIL OF ANCHOR

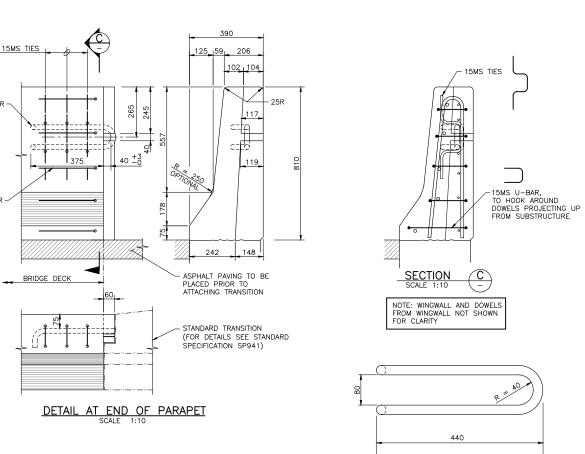
MASS = 4.1 kg EACH

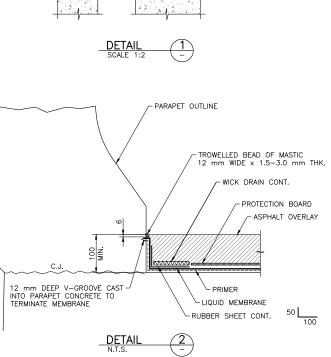
SCALE 1:5



- SIKAFLEX 1A SEALING COMPOUND OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT







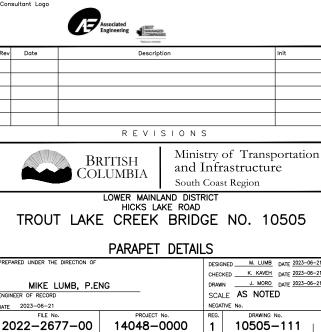
40

Consultant Logo

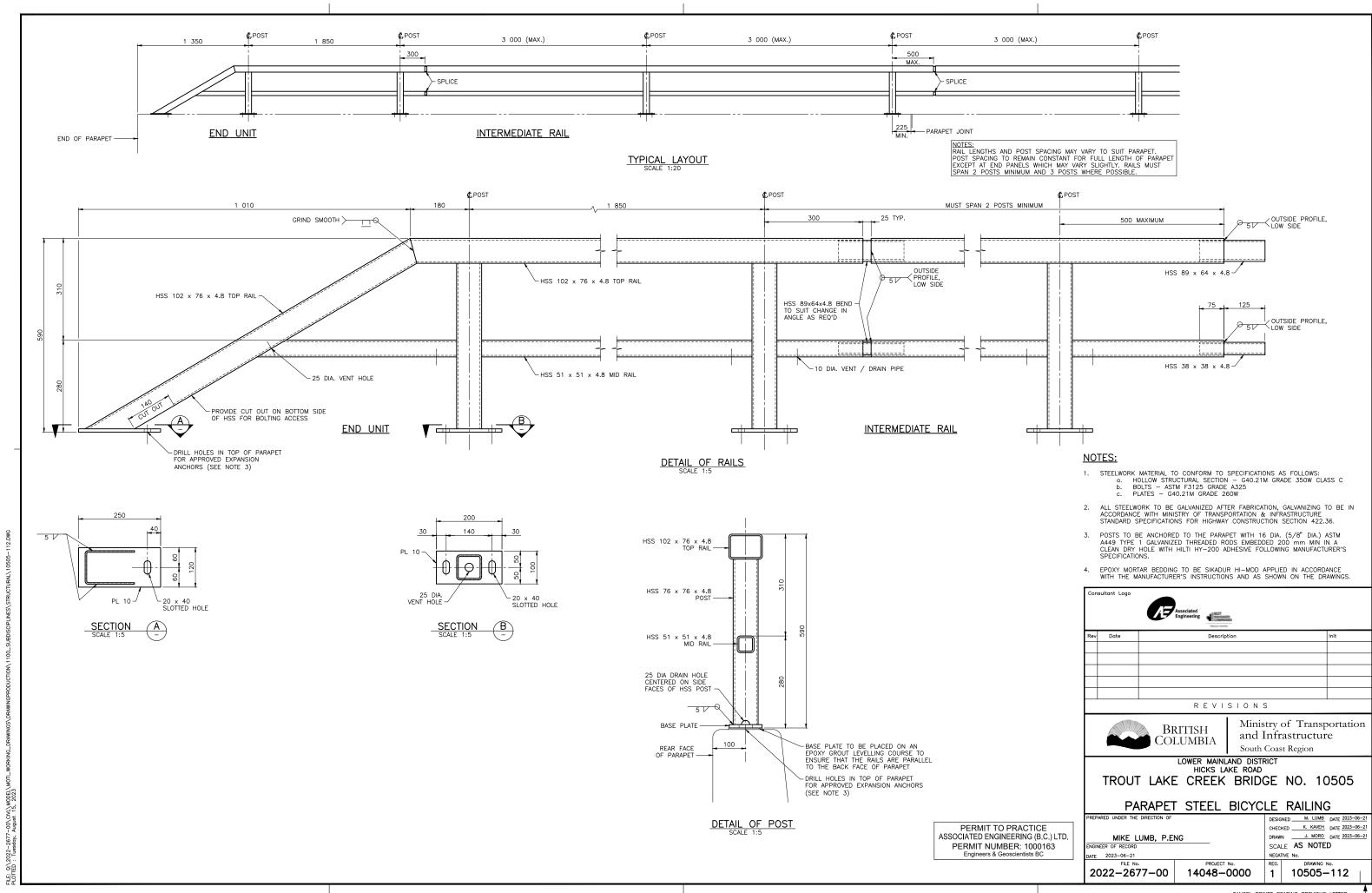
NOTES:

- PARAPET CONCRETE SHALL HAVE A COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 35 MPa AT 28 DAYS.
- 2. CONCRETE SURFACES SHALL BE GIVEN A CLASS 3 FINISH.
- 3. EXPOSED EDGES TO BE CHAMFERED 20 mm EXCEPT AS NOTED.
- REINFORCING STEEL TO HAVE 50 mm MIN. COVER EXCEPT AS NOTED.
- 5. ALL REINFORCING STEEL DESIGNATED 'MS' IS STAINLESS STEEL
- 6. LAP LENGTH FOR SPLICES SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS: 10MS BARS 610 mm 15MS BARS 860 mm SPLICES TO BE STAGGERED.

- NO PART OF THE PARAPET CONCRETE ABOVE THE CONSTRUCTION JOINT SHALL BE PLACED UNTIL ALL SECTIONS OF THE DECK SLAB AND DECK JOINT COMPONENTS HAVE BEEN PLACED.
- 8. PARAPETS TO BE CAST IN FIXED FORMS.
- 9. STEEL FOR ANCHORS TO CONFORM TO CSA-G40.21M GRADE 300W.
- ANCHORS TO BE GALVANIZED AFTER FABRICATION. GALVANIZING TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM A153.
- 11. WICK DRAIN NILEX MD—7407 FULL LENGTH OF DECK: INSTALL WHEN MEMBRANE IS TACKY.

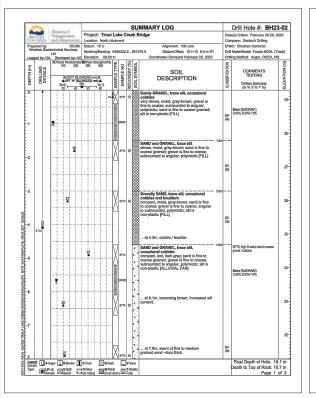


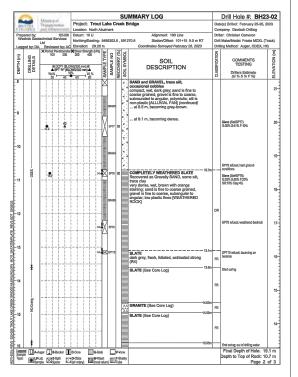
PERMIT TO PRACTICE ASSOCIATED ENGINEERING (B.C.) LTD. PERMIT NUMBER: 1000163 Engineers & Geoscientists BC

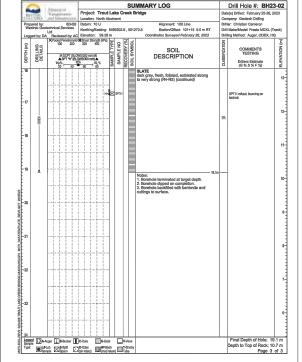


| 1 | 7 | Atmongse | | | SU | IMMARY LOG | | Drill Hole #: BH23 | 3-01 |
|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------|----------------|---|----------------|---|---------------|
| Ite | mat. | Theoperation and infrastructure | Project: Trout Lal Location: South Abuth | | oek E | Bridge | | e(a) Drilled: February 23-25, 20 | 023 |
| | | 023-008 Mechnical Services | | HERTIE | | Alignment: 100 Line | | npany: Geolech Drilling ler: Christian Cameron | |
| | | | Northing/Easting: 5468 | 325.3 | , 591 | | | Make/Model: Fraste MDXL (Tr | |
| Logi | ged by: D. | Reviewed by: AC | Elevation: 29.15 m | - | ы. | Coordinates Surveyed February 26, 2023 | | ing Method: Auger, Mud Roter | |
| DEPTH (m) | DRILLING DETAILS | ₩DCPT (BLO | ## Shear Strength (JPIs) UI A A A A A A A A A | SAMPLE NO | SOIL SYMBOL | SOIL DESCRIPTION | CLASSIFICATION | COMMENTS TESTING Drillers Estimate (G % S % F %) | ELEVATION (m) |
| 8 | | | TTTT | T | 4. | GRAVEL and SAND, some slit, | | , , | 21 |
| 9 | | | *** | SAMES 8917 (| | occasional coordinacting my with compa- very dense, which is fine to contra, angular, polymicirc, etil is low plastic [TiLL] polymicirc, etil is low plastic [TiLL] | gин | SPT7 ratural; Bally on coarse gravel or cobbles | 20 |
| | | | | | | | | Order notes softer drilling conditions from 10.3m to 10.7m | 19 |
| -11 | | | ** | SPTS 6 | | Gravelly SAND, some silt, occasional cobbles very dense, wet, brown; sand is fine to course grained; gravel is fine to course, subrounded to angular, polymictic; silt is non-elestic TILL! | | SPT8 refusel; herd ground conditions Driller noise hard drilling below | 18 |
| 12 | XIII | | | SAMES | | | SM1 | 11.Sm | 17 |
| | | | <u> </u> | arra 5 | | GRAVEL and SAND, some slit, trace clay very dense, wet, brown; gravel is fine to course, subrounded to angular, polymicitic, sand is fine to course grained; fines are low lasts (TILL) | | | |
| 13 | | | | | | | | | 16 |
| 14 | | * | : : i i M | 971b 6 | | at 13.7m, increase in fines content. | | Bieve (Sal9SPT10) Gx89% S3855 F14% S8t12% Clay2% | 15- |
| 15 | | | | | | | | SPT11 subset hard ground | 14 |
| 16 | | | | SP711 S | | | GW1 | conditions | |
| Lege Samp Type | # DA | Auger B-Becker II | G-Core GG-Grab G-Odex peggW-Wash Gel retary) Eath (mud return | | Vana Shelby | | | Final Depth of Hole: 19 Depth to Top of Rock: Page 2 | N/A |

| 6 | 2 | Misseylor | D-1-1-1-1-1 | | _ | | | IMMARY LOG | - | Drill Hole #: BH2 | _ |
|--------------------------|------------------------|--|--|-------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|--|----------------|--|----------------|
| | JANIA. | Transportation and telepropers | Project: Trout Location: South A Deturn: 10 U | | | ree | ek i | Alignment: 100 Line | Co | is(s) Drilled: February 23-25, 2 mpany: Geotech Drilling ler: Christian Cameron | 1023 |
| | strek Goo ed by: D/ | technical Services Ltd Reviewed by: AC | Northing/Easting: Elevation: 29.15 | | 325. | 3, | 591 | | Drl | I Make/Model: Fraste MDXL (T ling Method: Auger, Mud Rota | |
| DEPTH (m) | DRILLING | XPoolat Panetrometo 100 200 | WS/300 F800 (6Pu) WS/300 mm) W DWS/300 mm) A W/3 / 60 | SAMPLE TYPE | SAMPLE NO | RECOVERY (%) | SOIL SYMBOL | SOIL DESCRIPTION | CLASSIFICATION | COMMENTS TESTING Drillers Estimate (9 % S % F %) | (m) NOLLAYS IS |
| -17 -18 -20 -21 | - 1980 - ¥ | | | Δ. | PPTIS | 60 | | GBAPICE, and SAPID, some all, trace or way done, we thorough a first to covere, extraordist to engular, controlled | | Base (Guld'T13) Set 19 Cap 19 Set 19 | 1 |
| Lege Samp Type | | luger B-Becker III | <u> </u> | | | | | | _ | Final Depth of Hole: 19 Depth to Top of Rock Page 3 | : N/A |







| 6 | | Misseylor | Desi | t- · | Towns 6 | -b- C | | | CORE LOG | _ | | Drill Hole #: | | |
|-----------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------|--|----------------|------------------|---|---------------------|----|
| 170 | 11200 | Transportation and telephococcu | | | Trout I lorth Ab | _ake C | reek | Bn | ige | | | Date(s) Drilled: February Drilling Company: Geotor | | |
| | | 623-008 stechnical Services | | m: 10 | | all morr. | _ | _ | Alignment: 100 Line | _ | _ | Driller: Christian Camero | | |
| | | Lid | | | | 406302. | 6,59 | 1270 | 5 Station/Offset: 101+15 9.0 | | | Drill Make/Model: Fraste | | |
| Logs | ed by: D | A Reviewed by: At | | dion: | 29.28 n | | | | Coordinates Surveyed February 26, | 202 | 3 | Drilling Method: Auger, C | DEX, HQ | |
| DEPTH (m) | DRILLING DETAILS | RECOVERY % | CORE RUN NO | QUALITY | SPACING INTACT ROCK STRENGTH | WEATHERING | UCS (MPa) | ROCK SYMBOL | ROCK MASS DESCRIPTION | CLASSIFICATION | # OF JOINTS | STRUCTURAL DISCONTINUITY DESCRIPTION | NSTALLATION | |
| 13.6 | 1 | 20 40 60 80 | 1 F | etr : | 9 84.01 | F | | 2 | SLATE dark gray, fine-grained, foliated, calcite infill, fresh, estimated strong to very strong | 0 | | | _ | |
| | Coring | | | 7 | 5 | | | E 53 | 14.85m | | 14.6 | i;FO; PL; SM; Dips A 45 2;JN; IR; SM; Dips A 10 | | 1 |
| -15 | ğ | | 2 Pi | - 1- | 2 RS | F | | | white / grey, phaneritic, frests,95m estimated very strong SLATE | | 14.7 | IS;CON; PL; RO; Dips A 45 3;JN; PL; RD; Infill CI; Dips A 12;CON; IR; RO; Infill CI; Dips | | ١, |
| | 1 | | | _ | 2 | | | | carcite infit, fresh, estimated strong to very strong 15.55m CORE LOSS | | 15.1 | ;JN; IR; RO; Dips A 10 | | |
| -18 | Ī | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| -17 | - 00EX | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| 18 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ١. |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | ± | | | | | | | | Notes: 1. Borehole terminated at target depth. | | | | | |
| 20 | | | | | | | | | Borehole dipped on completion. Borehole backfilled with bentonite and cuttings to surface. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -21 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21.6 | | Rock S | trength tremely | (MPa) | , R | 3 Modic | ım Str | ong | 25-50 Weathering | | _ | Final Depth of H | | |
| No. o | ontinuity of fracture | solm R1 Ve | tramely ry Weak rak 5-2 | 1-5 | R | 4 Stran 5 Vary 3 6 Extre | Strans | 100 | -250 F Fresh HW Hig | ampl | stoly al Soll | Depth to Top of R | ock: 10. age 1 c | |

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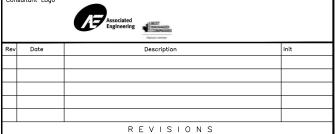
MATERIALS OF ASSISTEDATION LECEND

| | M | ATERIALS | CLASSIFICATION LEGEND |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| MA. DIVIS | | SYMBOL | SOIL TYPE |
| | SI | GW | WELL GRADED GRAVELS OR GRAVEL—SAND MIXTURES, < 5% FINES |
| COARSE GRAINED SOILS | L AND Y SOILS | GP | POORLY-GRADED GRAVELS OR GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES, < 5% FINES |
| S | GRAVEL GRAVELLY | GM* | SILTY GRAVELS, GRAVEL—SAND—SILT MIXTURES |
| AINE | S. S. | GC* | CLAYEY GRAVELS, GRAVEL—SAND—CLAY MIXTURES |
| GR. | v | SW | WELL-GRADED SANDS OR GRAVELLY SANDS, < 5% FINES |
| SSE | AND | SP | POORLY-GRADED SANDS OR GRAVELLY SANDS, < 5% FINES |
| OAF | SAND | SM* | SILTY SANDS SAND-SILT MIXTURES |
| | S | SC* | CLAYEY SANDS SAND-CLAY MIXTURES |
| (0 | AND VI <50 | ML | INORGANIC SILTS AND VERY FINE SANDS, ROCK FLOUR, SILTY OR CLAYEY FINE SANDS OR CLAYEY SILTS WITH SLIGHT PLASTICITY |
| GRAINED SOILS | SILTS AI CLAYS WI | CL | INORGANIC CLAYS OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, SILTY CLAYS, LEAN CLAYS |
| 밀 | ರ | OL | ORGANIC SILTS AND ORGANIC SILT-CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY |
| | AND VI >50 | МН | INORGANIC SILTS, MICACEOUS OR DIATOM— ACEOUS FINE SANDY OR SILTY SOILS, PLASTIC SILTS |
| J N I | SILTS A CLAYS WI | СН | INORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY, FAT CLAYS |
| L L | S | ОН | ORGANIC CLAYS OF MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY, ORGANIC SILTS |
| | ANIC ILS | Pt | PEAT AND OTHER HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS |
| TOP | SOIL | TS | TOPSOIL WITH ROOTS, ETC. |
| СОВ | BLES | SB | ROCK FRAGMENTS AND COBBLES, PARTICLE SIZE 75mm TO 300mm |
| BOUL | DERS. | LB | BOULDERS, PARTICLE SIZE OVER 300mm |
| | ROCK | BR | BEDROCK |
| *GM1; GM2; GM3; | GC1; SI GC2; SI GC3; SI | M1; SC1; M2; SC2; | 12% PASSING .075 SIEVE, USE DUAL SYMBOL 12 - 20% 20 - 30% 30 - 40% 40 - 50% 128 PASSING .075mm SIEVE |

REV. 90-04-26

NOTES:

- 1. FOR TEST LOCATIONS, SEE DWG. NO. 10505-101.
- 2. ALL GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION PROVIDED FOR THIS PROJECT HAS BEEN COMPILED FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE FOR DESIGN PURPOSES ONLY. INFORMATION WAS COMPILED FROM TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE GEOTECHNICAL ASSESSMENT, JUNE 20 2023 BY WESTREK GEOTECHNICAL SERVICES LTD. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE IN THE REPORT AND SHOULD BE EXAMINED AND SUPPLEMENTED AS REQUIRED. ALL DISCLAIMERS IN THIS REPORT ARE APPLICABLE AND IN CASE OF DISCREPANCY, THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT GOVERNS.



BRITISH

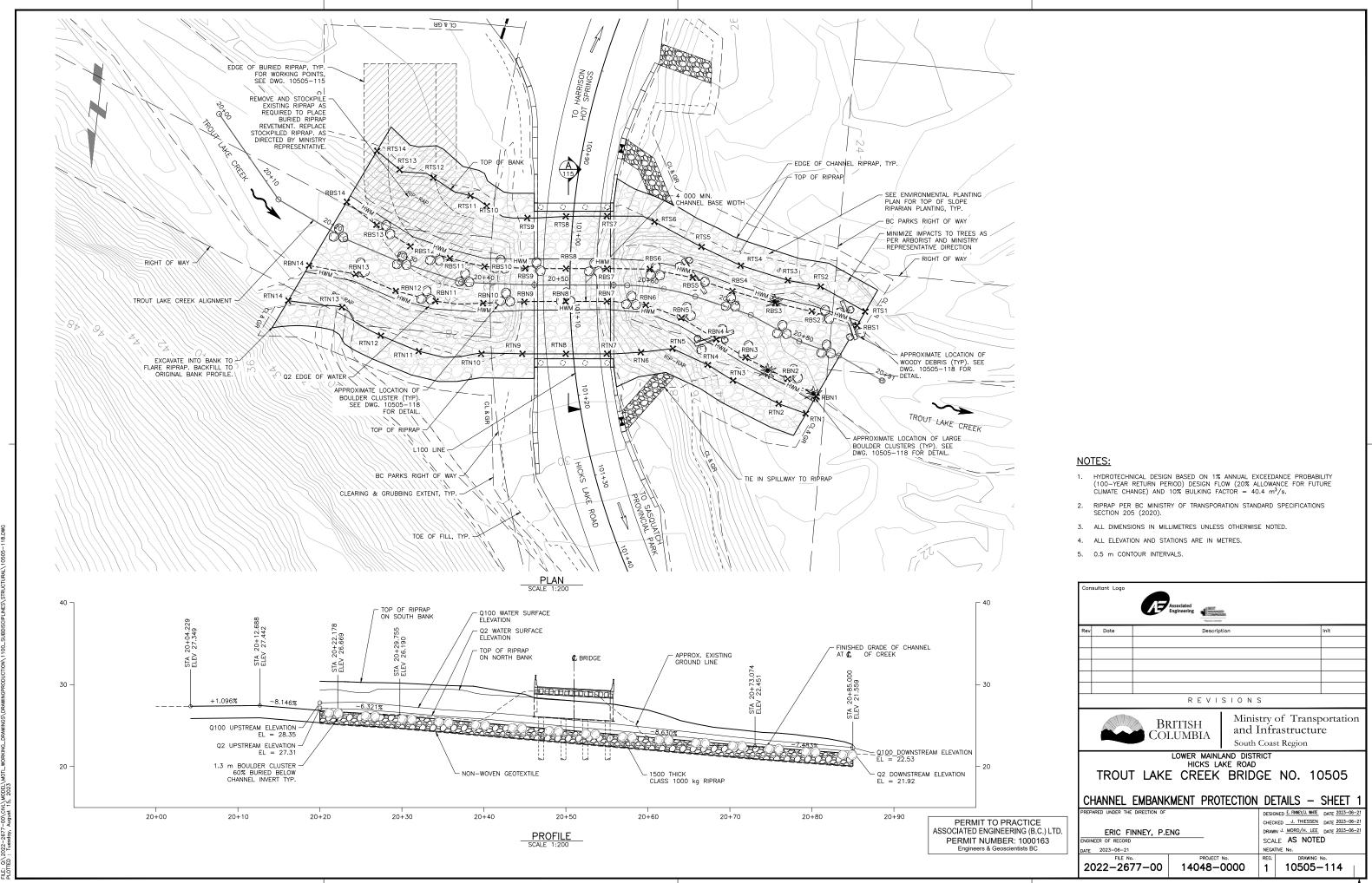
Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure COLUMBIA

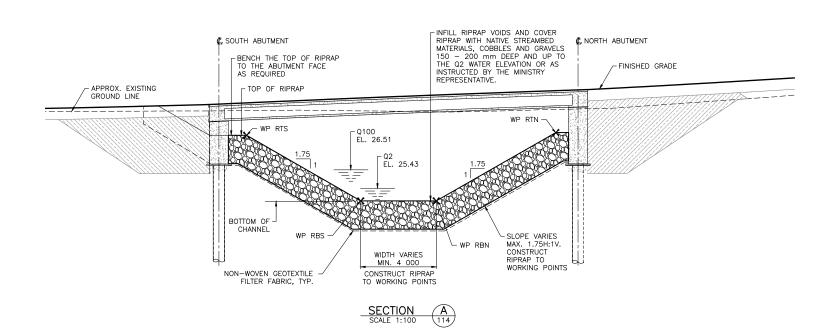
South Coast Region

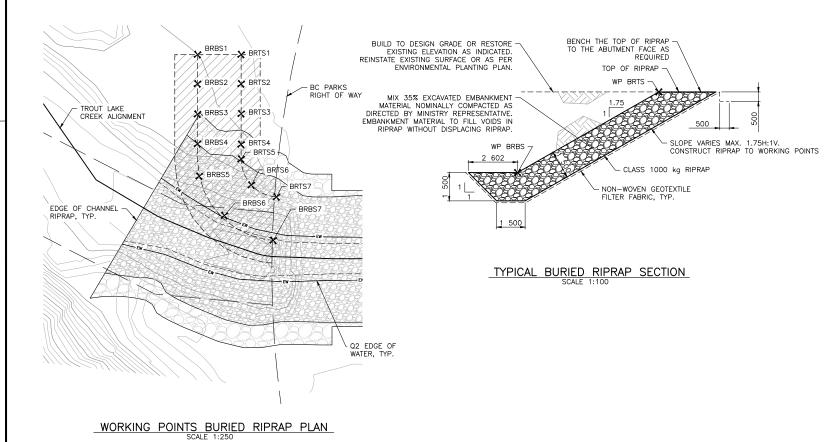
LOWER MAINLAND DISTRICT HICKS LAKE ROAD TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE NO. 10505

BOREHOLE LOG SUMMARY

DESIGNED D. ALPHONSO DATE 2023-06-21 CHECKED A. CHIEM DATE 2023-06-21 WYATT PARK, P. ENG SCALE AS NOTED NGINEER OF RECORD ATE 2023-06-21 NEGATIVE No. 2022-2677-00 14048-0000 10505-113







| 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 | RBN1 RBN2 RBN3 RBN4 RBN5 RBN6 RBN7 RBN8 RBN9 RBN10 RBN11 RBN12 RBN13 RBN14 RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN7 RTN6 | 466322.707 466321.002 466319.000 466317.174 466315.041 466313.961 466314.048 466314.604 466315.210 466315.210 466315.240 466315.640 466315.640 466314.145 466314.145 466324.955 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 466319.758 | 591232.907 591236.573 591241.967 591245.757 591250.283 591254.757 591259.534 591264.503 591269.542 591274.501 591280.306 591285.269 591290.320 591296.114 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 21.565 21.933 22.331 22.717 23.146 23.579 24.011 24.442 25.306 25.737 26.169 26.490 26.846 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | RBN3 RBN4 RBN5 RBN6 RBN7 RBN8 RBN9 RBN10 RBN11 RBN12 RBN13 RBN14 RTN1 RTN12 RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN6 | 466319.000 466317.174 466315.041 466313.961 466314.048 466314.604 466315.210 466315.943 466316.339 466315.640 466314.145 466314.145 466324.955 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591241.967 591245.757 591250.283 591254.757 591259.534 591264.503 591269.542 591274.501 591280.306 591285.269 591290.320 591296.114 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 22.331 22.717 23.146 23.579 24.011 24.442 24.874 25.306 25.737 26.169 26.490 26.846 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
| 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | RBN4 RBN5 RBN6 RBN7 RBN8 RBN9 RBN10 RBN11 RBN12 RBN13 RBN14 RTN1 RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN6 | 466317.174 466315.041 466313.961 466314.048 466314.604 466315.210 466315.943 466316.339 466315.640 466314.145 466314.145 466324.955 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591245.757 591250.283 591254.757 591259.534 591264.503 591269.542 591274.501 591280.306 591285.269 591290.320 591296.114 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 22.717 23.146 23.579 24.011 24.442 24.874 25.306 25.737 26.169 26.490 26.846 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | RBN5 RBN6 RBN7 RBN8 RBN9 RBN10 RBN11 RBN12 RBN13 RBN14 RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN6 | 466315.041 466313.961 466314.048 466314.604 466315.210 466315.943 466315.640 466314.145 466313.746 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591250.283 591254.757 591259.534 591264.503 591269.542 591274.501 591280.306 591285.269 591290.320 591296.114 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 23.146 23.579 24.011 24.442 24.874 25.306 25.737 26.169 26.490 26.846 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
| 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | RBN6 RBN7 RBN8 RBN9 RBN10 RBN11 RBN12 RBN13 RBN14 RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN6 | 466313.961 466314.048 466314.604 466315.210 466315.943 466315.640 466314.145 466313.746 466324.955 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591254.757 591259.534 591264.503 591269.542 591274.501 591280.306 591285.269 591290.320 591296.114 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 23.579 24.011 24.442 24.874 25.306 25.737 26.169 26.490 26.846 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
| 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | RBN7 RBN8 RBN9 RBN10 RBN11 RBN12 RBN13 RBN14 RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN6 | 466314.048 466314.604 466315.210 466315.943 466315.640 466314.145 466313.746 466324.955 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591259.534 591264.503 591269.542 591274.501 591280.306 591285.269 591290.320 591296.114 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 24.011 24.442 24.874 25.306 25.737 26.169 26.490 26.846 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
| 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | RBN8 RBN9 RBN10 RBN11 RBN12 RBN13 RBN14 RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN7 | 466314.604 466315.210 466315.943 466315.640 466315.640 466314.145 466313.746 466324.955 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591264.503 591269.542 591274.501 591280.306 591285.269 591290.320 591296.114 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 24.442 24.874 25.306 25.737 26.169 26.490 26.846 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
| 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | RBN9 RBN10 RBN11 RBN12 RBN13 RBN14 RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN7 | 466315.210 466315.943 466316.339 466315.640 466314.145 466313.746 466324.955 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591269.542 591274.501 591280.306 591285.269 591290.320 591296.114 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 24.874 25.306 25.737 26.169 26.490 26.846 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
| 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | RBN10 RBN11 RBN12 RBN13 RBN14 RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN7 | 466315.943 466316.339 466315.640 466314.145 466313.746 466324.955 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591274.501 591280.306 591285.269 591290.320 591296.114 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 25.306 25.737 26.169 26.490 26.846 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
| 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | RBN11 RBN12 RBN13 RBN14 RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN7 | 466316.339 466315.640 466314.145 466313.746 466324.955 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591274.501 591280.306 591285.269 591290.320 591296.114 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 25.306 25.737 26.169 26.490 26.846 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
| 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | RBN11 RBN12 RBN13 RBN14 RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN7 | 466315.640 466314.145 466313.746 466324.955 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591280.306 591285.269 591290.320 591296.114 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 25.737 26.169 26.490 26.846 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | RBN12 RBN13 RBN14 RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN7 | 466315.640 466314.145 466313.746 466324.955 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591285.269 591290.320 591296.114 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 26.490 26.846 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
| 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | RBN13 RBN14 RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN7 | 466314.145 466313.746 466324.955 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591290.320 591296.114 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 26.490 26.846 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | RBN14 RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN7 | 466313.746 466324.955 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591296.114 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 26.846 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
| 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | RTN1 RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN7 | 466324.955 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591233.902 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 22.671 23.768 24.115 |
| 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | RTN2 RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN7 | 466324.133 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591237.312 591243.169 591246.435 | 23.768 24.115 |
| 17 18 19 20 21 22 | RTN3 RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN7 | 466321.926 466320.377 466318.883 | 591243.169 591246.435 | 24.115 |
| 18 19 20 21 22 | RTN4 RTN5 RTN6 RTN7 | 466320.377 466318.883 | 591246.435 | |
| 19 20 21 22 | RTN5 RTN6 RTN7 | 466318.883 | | 21 504 |
| 20 21 22 | RTN6 RTN7 | | 1 501250 027 | 24.584 |
| 21 22 | RTN7 | 400319./58 | 591250.923 | 25.315 |
| 22 | | 400700 :00 | 591254.722 | 26.889 |
| | KIN8 | 466320.409 | 591258.823 | 27.666 |
| 23 | | 466320.964 | 591263.792 | 28.098 |
| | RTN9 | 466321.552 | 591269.067 | 28.500 |
| 24 | RTN10 | 466322.108 | 591274.039 | 28.782 |
| 25 | RTN11 | 466322.647 | 591281.649 | 29.420 |
| 26 | RTN12 | 466321.262 | 591286.466 | 29.451 |
| 27 | RTN13 | 466318.343 | 591291.559 | 28.989 |
| 28 | RTN14 | 466318.284 | 591298.157 | 29.311 |
| 29 | RBS1 | 466313.560 | 591228.871 | 21.559 |
| 30 | RBS2 | 466312.483 | 591234.561 | 21.936 |
| 31 | RBS3 | 466311.977 | 591239.081 | 22.307 |
| 32 | RBS4 | 466311.098 | 591244.471 | 22.719 |
| 33 | RBS5 | 466310.001 | 591249.444 | 23.193 |
| 34 | RBS6 | 466309.559 | 591254.784 | 23.582 |
| 35 | RBS7 | 466310.073 | 591259.978 | 24.013 |
| 36 | RBS8 | 466310.629 | 591264.947 | 24.445 |
| 37 | RBS9 | 466311.133 | 591269.853 | 24.877 |
| 38 | RBS10 | 466311.496 | 591274.834 | 25.308 |
| 39 | RBS11 | 466310.952 | 591279.159 | 25.740 |
| 40 | RBS12 | 466310.039 | 591284.077 | 26.171 |
| 41 | RBS13 | 466307.911 | 591288.485 | 26.493 |
| 42 | RBS14 | 466305.521 | 591292.410 | 26.846 |
| 43 | RTS1 | 466311.775 | 591228.080 | 22.671 |
| 44 | RTS2 | 466309.352 | 591233.822 | 23.771 |
| 45 | RTS3 | 466309.051 | 591237.878 | 24.102 |
| 46 | RTS4 | 466307.894 | 591243.793 | 24.588 |
| 47 | RTS5 | 466306.159 | 591248.804 | 25.384 |
| 48 | RTS6 | 466303.762 | 591254.819 | 26.891 |
| 49 | RTS7 | 466303.713 | 591260.689 | 27.668 |
| 50 | RTS8 | 466304.301 | 591265.654 | 28.081 |
| 51 | RTS9 | 466305.160 | 591270.311 | 28.812 |
| 52 | RTS10 | 466304.089 | 591275.393 | 29.580 |
| 53 | RTS11 | 466303.080 | 591277.487 | 29.580 |
| 54 | RTS12 | 466301.413 | 591282.241 | 30.170 |
| 55 | RTS13 | 466300.892 | 591286.419 | 30.269 |
| 56 | RTS14 | 466298.921 | 591289.438 | 30.407 |

| 57 BRTS1 466287.545 591283.490 28. 58 BRTS2 466291.403 591283.059 28. 59 BRTS3 466295.320 591282.610 28. 60 BRTS4 466299.354 591282.170 28. 61 BRTS5 466301.290 591281.954 28. 62 BRTS6 466304.542 591280.226 28. 63 BRTS7 466305.739 591276.743 28. 64 BRBS1 466288.186 591289.226 25. 65 BRBS2 466292.044 591288.795 25. 66 BRBS3 466296.020 591288.350 25. 67 BRBS4 466299.921 591287.914 25. 68 BRBS5 466304.140 591287.204 25. 69 BRBS6 466308.963 591283.324 25. | | | WORKING POINT | TABLE | |
|--|--------|-------------|----------------------|------------|-----------|
| 58 BRTS2 466291.403 591283.059 28. 59 BRTS3 466295.320 591282.610 28. 60 BRTS4 466299.354 591282.170 28. 61 BRTS5 466301.290 591281.954 28. 62 BRTS6 466304.542 591280.226 28. 63 BRTS7 466305.739 591276.743 28. 64 BRBS1 466288.186 591289.226 25. 65 BRBS2 466292.044 591288.795 25. 66 BRBS3 466296.020 591288.350 25. 67 BRBS4 466299.921 591287.204 25. 68 BRBS5 466304.140 591287.204 25. 69 BRBS6 466308.963 591283.324 25. 70 BRBS7 466311.497 591276.529 25. RIPRAP QUANTITIES APPROXIMATE ESTIMATED | NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | N NORTHING | EASTING | ELEVATION |
| 59 BRTS3 466295.320 591282.610 28. 60 BRTS4 466299.354 591282.170 28. 61 BRTS5 466301.290 591281.954 28. 62 BRTS6 466304.542 591280.226 28. 63 BRTS7 466305.739 591276.743 28. 64 BRBS1 466288.186 591289.226 25. 65 BRBS2 466292.044 591288.795 25. 66 BRBS3 466299.020 591288.350 25. 67 BRBS4 466299.921 591287.204 25. 68 BRBS5 466304.140 591287.204 25. 69 BRBS6 466308.963 591283.324 25. 70 BRBS7 466311.497 591276.529 25. RIPRAP QUANTITIES APPROXIMATE ESTIMATED | 57 | BRTS1 | 466287.545 | 591283.490 | 28.636 |
| 60 BRTS4 466299.354 591282.170 28. 61 BRTS5 466301.290 591281.954 28. 62 BRTS6 466304.542 591280.226 28. 63 BRTS7 466305.739 591276.743 28. 64 BRBS1 466288.186 591289.226 25. 65 BRBS2 466292.044 591288.795 25. 66 BRBS3 466296.020 591288.350 25. 67 BRBS4 466299.921 591287.914 25. 68 BRBS5 466304.140 591287.204 25. 69 BRBS6 466308.963 591283.324 25. 70 BRBS7 466311.497 591276.529 25. | 58 | BRTS2 | 466291.403 | 591283.059 | 28.636 |
| 61 BRTS5 466301.290 591281.954 28. 62 BRTS6 466304.542 591280.226 28. 63 BRTS7 466305.739 591276.743 28. 64 BRBS1 466288.186 591289.226 25. 65 BRBS2 466292.044 591288.795 25. 66 BRBS3 466296.020 591288.350 25. 67 BRBS4 466299.921 591287.914 25. 68 BRBS5 466304.140 591287.204 25. 69 BRBS6 466308.963 591283.324 25. 70 BRBS7 466311.497 591276.529 25. | 59 | BRTS3 | 466295.320 | 591282.610 | 28.636 |
| 62 BRTS6 466304.542 591280.226 28. 63 BRTS7 466305.739 591276.743 28. 64 BRBS1 466288.186 591289.226 25. 65 BRBS2 466292.044 591288.795 25. 66 BRBS3 466296.020 591288.350 25. 67 BRBS4 466299.921 591287.914 25. 68 BRBS5 466304.140 591287.204 25. 69 BRBS6 466308.963 591283.324 25. 70 BRBS7 466311.497 591276.529 25. | 60 | BRTS4 | 466299.354 | 591282.170 | 28.636 |
| 63 BRTS7 466305.739 591276.743 28. 64 BRBS1 466288.186 591289.226 25. 65 BRBS2 466292.044 591288.795 25. 66 BRBS3 466296.020 591288.350 25. 67 BRBS4 466299.921 591287.914 25. 68 BRBS5 466304.140 591287.204 25. 69 BRBS6 466308.963 591283.324 25. 70 BRBS7 466311.497 591276.529 25. RIPRAP QUANTITIES APPROXIMATE ESTIMATED | 61 | BRTS5 | 466301.290 | 591281.954 | 28.636 |
| 64 BRBS1 466288.186 591289.226 25. 65 BRBS2 466292.044 591288.795 25. 66 BRBS3 466296.020 591288.350 25. 67 BRBS4 466299.921 591287.914 25. 68 BRBS5 466304.140 591287.204 25. 69 BRBS6 466308.963 591283.324 25. 70 BRBS7 466311.497 591276.529 25. RIPRAP QUANTITIES APPROXIMATE ESTIMATED | 62 | BRTS6 | 466304.542 | 591280.226 | 28.63 |
| 65 BRBS2 466292.044 591288.795 25. 66 BRBS3 466296.020 591288.350 25. 67 BRBS4 466299.921 591287.914 25. 68 BRBS5 466304.140 591287.204 25. 69 BRBS6 466308.963 591283.324 25. 70 BRBS7 466311.497 591276.529 25. RIPRAP QUANTITIES APPROXIMATE ESTIMATED | 63 | BRTS7 | 466305.739 | 591276.743 | 28.636 |
| 66 BRBS3 466296.020 591288.350 25. 67 BRBS4 466299.921 591287.914 25. 68 BRBS5 466304.140 591287.204 25. 69 BRBS6 466308.963 591283.324 25. 70 BRBS7 466311.497 591276.529 25. RIPRAP QUANTITIES APPROXIMATE ESTIMATED | 64 | BRBS1 | 466288.186 | 591289.226 | 25.400 |
| 67 BRBS4 466299.921 591287.914 25. 68 BRBS5 466304.140 591287.204 25. 69 BRBS6 466308.963 591283.324 25. 70 BRBS7 466311.497 591276.529 25. RIPRAP QUANTITIES APPROXIMATE ESTIMATED | 65 | BRBS2 | 466292.044 | 591288.795 | 25.400 |
| 68 BRBS5 466304.140 591287.204 25. 69 BRBS6 466308.963 591283.324 25. 70 BRBS7 466311.497 591276.529 25. RIPRAP QUANTITIES APPROXIMATE ESTIMATED | 66 | BRBS3 | 466296.020 | 591288.350 | 25.400 |
| 69 BRBS6 466308.963 591283.324 25. 70 BRBS7 466311.497 591276.529 25. RIPRAP QUANTITIES APPROXIMATE ESTIMATED | 67 | BRBS4 | 466299.921 | 591287.914 | 25.400 |
| 70 BRBS7 466311.497 591276.529 25. RIPRAP QUANTITIES APPROXIMATE ESTIMATED | 68 | BRBS5 | 466304.140 | 591287.204 | 25.400 |
| RIPRAP QUANTITIES APPROXIMATE ESTIMATED | 69 | BRBS6 | 466308.963 | 591283.324 | 25.400 |
| APPROXIMATE ESTIMATED | 70 | BRBS7 | 466311.497 | 591276.529 | 25.40 |
| | CLASS | Δ | PPROXIMATE ESTIMATED | | |
| 1000 kg 3359 | 1000 k | g | 3359 | | |

REVISIONS



Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure

South Coast Region

LOWER MAINLAND DISTRICT HICKS LAKE ROAD TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE NO. 10505

CHANNEL EMBANKMENT PROTECTION DETAILS - SHEET 2

2022-2677-00

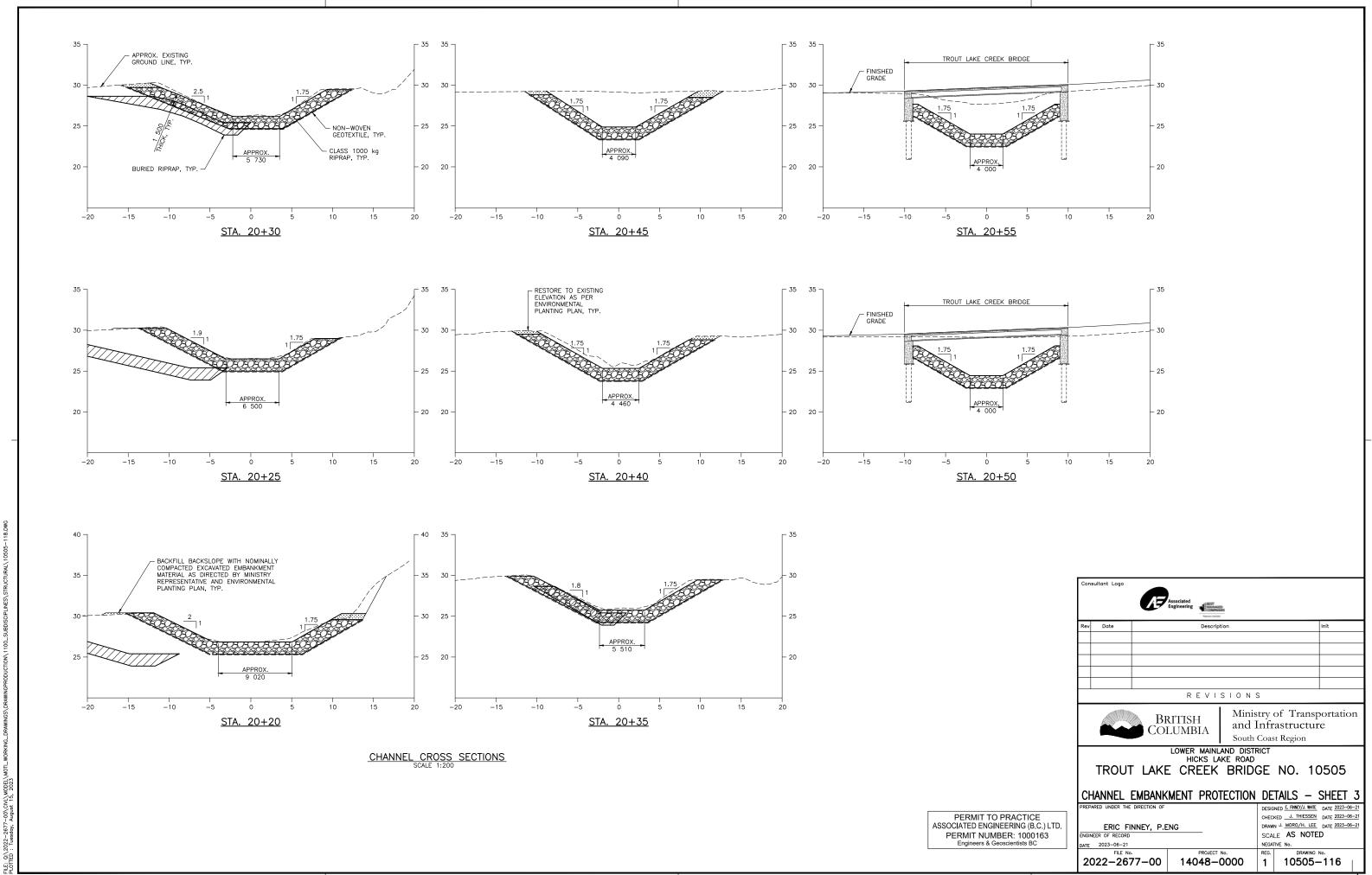
ERIC FINNEY, P.ENG NGINEER OF RECORD TE 2023-06-21

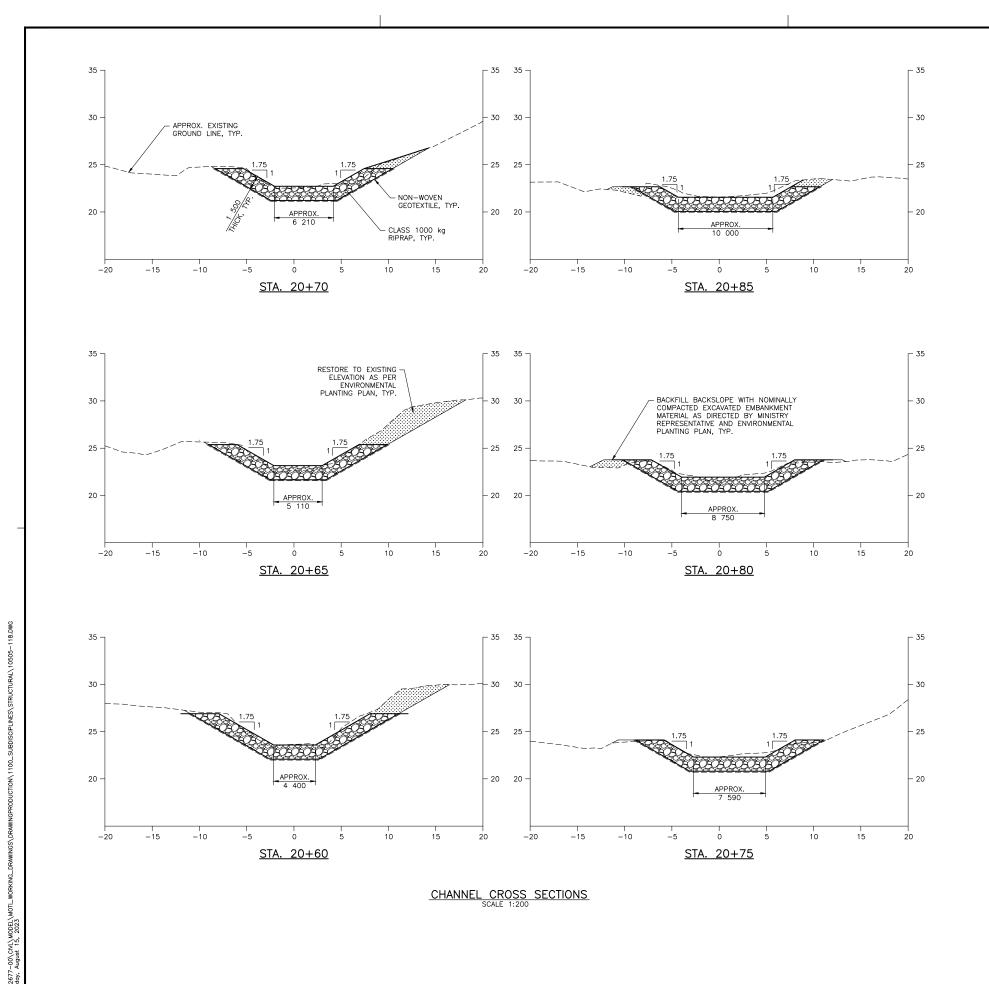
DRAWN J. MORO/H. LEE DATE 2023-06-21 SCALE AS NOTED NEGATIVE No. 14048-0000 10505-115

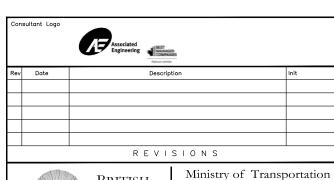
DESIGNED E. FINNEY/J. WHITE DATE 2023-06-21

CHECKED J. THIESSEN DATE 2023-06-21

PERMIT TO PRACTICE ASSOCIATED ENGINEERING (B.C.) LTD. PERMIT NUMBER: 1000163 Engineers & Geoscientists BC









2022-2677-00

and Infrastructure

South Coast Region

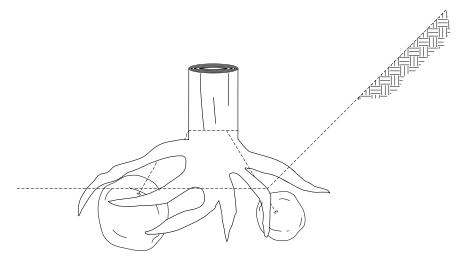
LOWER MAINLAND DISTRICT
HICKS LAKE ROAD
TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE NO. 10505

CHANNEL EMBANKMENT PROTECTION DETAILS - SHEET 4

PERMIT TO PRACTICE
ASSOCIATED ENGINEERING (B.C.) LTD.
PERMIT NUMBER: 1000163
Engineers & Geoscientists BC

DESIGNED E. FINNEY/J. WHITE DATE 2023-06-21 CHECKED J. THIESSEN DATE 2023-06-21
DRAWN J. MORO/H. LEE DATE 2023-06-21
SCALE AS NOTED ERIC FINNEY, P.ENG NGINEER OF RECORD ATE 2023-06-21 NEGATIVE No. PROJECT No. 14048-0000

10505-117



DETAIL

ROOT WAD

LARGE WOODY DEBRIS NOTES

- LARGE WOODY DEBRIS SHALL BE COMPRISED OF MINIMUM 300 mm DIAMETER CEDAR OR DOUGLAS-FIR LOG WITH BARK LEFT LARGELY INTACT.
- 2. LOGS SHALL BE MINIMUM 6 m IN LENGTH.
- ANGLE WOOD DOWNSTREAM AND ANCHOR ONE END TO CHANNEL BED AND THE OTHER TO CHANNEL BANK (SEE ANCHORING DETAIL). LOGS SHALL NOT EXTEND MORE THAN 1/3 OF THE CHANNEL WIDTH.
- 4. FOR STRUCTURES CONSISTING OF MORE THAN ONE PIECE OF LARGE WOODY DEBRIS, LOGS WILL BE CABLED TOGETHER PRIOR TO ANCHORING USING MINIMUM 1/4" DIAMETER STAINLESS STEEL AIRCRAFT CABLE.
- 5. ANCHOR TOP AND BOTTOM OF EACH LOG.

ROOT WAD NOTES

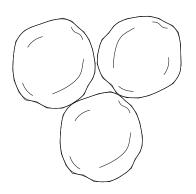
- 1. ROOT WADS SHALL BE COMPRISED OF WESTERN RED CEDAR OR DOUGLAS FIR.
- ROOT WADS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM ROOT MASS DIAMETER OF 0.3 m, WITH THE TRUNK CENTERED ON THE ROOT MASS.
- 3. 20-30% OF THE ROOT MASS SHALL BE BURIED IN THE CHANNEL
- 4. ANCHOR ROOT WAD USING MINIMUM 1/4" STAINLESS STEEL AIRCRAFT CABLE WRAPPED AROUND TREE TRUNK. ANCHOR ONE END OF CABLE TO SHORE AND OTHER END TO STREAM BOTTOM, ACCORDING TO ANCHORING DETAIL.
- 5. ROOT WAD SHALL NOT EXTEND GREATER THAN 1/3 THE WIDTH OF THE STREAM CHANNEL.

ANCHORING NOTES

- 1. ANCHOR LOGS WITH MINIMUM 1/4" STAINLESS STEEL AIRCRAFT CABLE.
- 2. RUN CABLE THROUGH AXIS OF LOGS INTO TWO 900 mm TO 1200 mm BOULDERS, SECURING CABLE TO BOULDERS VIA ROCK DRILLING. ENSURE THE HOLE FACES PERPENDICULAR TO THE SHEAR STRESS OF THE LOAD.
- DRILL HOLES MINIMUM 4" TO 6" DEEP INTO BOULDERS AND SECURE CABLE IN HOLES USING EITHER:
 A. 2 PART EPOXY ADHESIVE IN HOLES DRILLED SLIGHTLY LARGER THAN CABLE DIAMETER (HOLES TO BE CLEANED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS); OR
 - B. AN EXPANDABLE ANCHOR BOLT (STAINLESS STEEL) INSERTED AT THE BOTTOM OF A ¾" HOLE. RUN CABLE THROUGH EYE OF BOLT, TWIST TOGETHER, AND SECURE AT SURFACE OF ROCK FACE USING STAINLESS WASHER (1/2" INSIDE DIAMETER AND 1 1/2" OUTSIDE DIAMETER) AND 1/4" WIRE ROPE CLIP.
- 4. FOR ALL ANCHORS, CABLE LENGTH (SLACK) SHOULD BE MINIMIZED TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE TO PREVENT MOVEMENT OF LOGS AND ROOT WADS

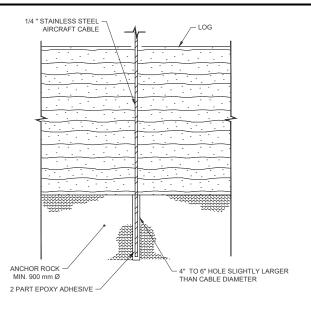
BOULDER CLUSTER NOTES

- 1. BOULDER CLUSTERS TO BE COMPRISED OF MINIMUM 1.3 m DIAMETER RIPRAP
- 2. 60% OF THE BOULDER PROFILE SHALL BE BURIED IN THE CHANNEL.

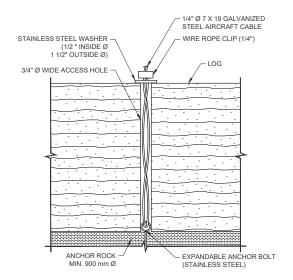


DETAIL N.T.S
BOULDER CLUSTER

PERMIT TO PRACTICE ASSOCIATED ENGINEERING (B.C.) LTD. PERMIT NUMBER: 1000163

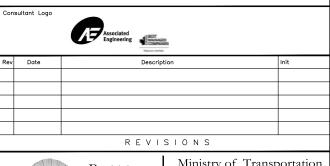


ANCHOR DETAIL OPTION A



ANCHOR DETAIL OPTION B

N.T.S.



BRITISH COLUMBIA Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure South Coast Region

LOWER MAINLAND DISTRICT
HICKS LAKE ROAD
TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE NO. 10505

MISCELLANEOUS HABITAT FEATURE DETAILS

PREPARED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF

BESIGNED E FINNEY, MITTE

CHECKED __ITHESSEN DATE 2023-06-21

CHECKED __ITHESSEN DATE 2023-06-21

DRAWN J. MORO/H. LEE DATE 2023-06-21

SCALE AS NOTED

ENGINEER OF RECORD

DATE 2023-06-21

FILE No. PROJECT No.

2022-2677-00 14048-0000

1 10505-118

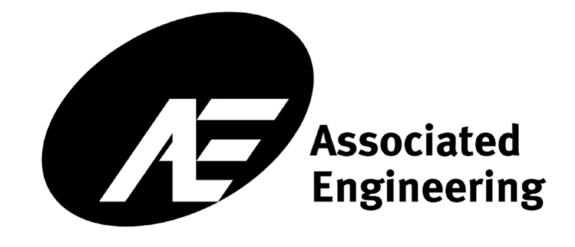
NEGATIVE No.

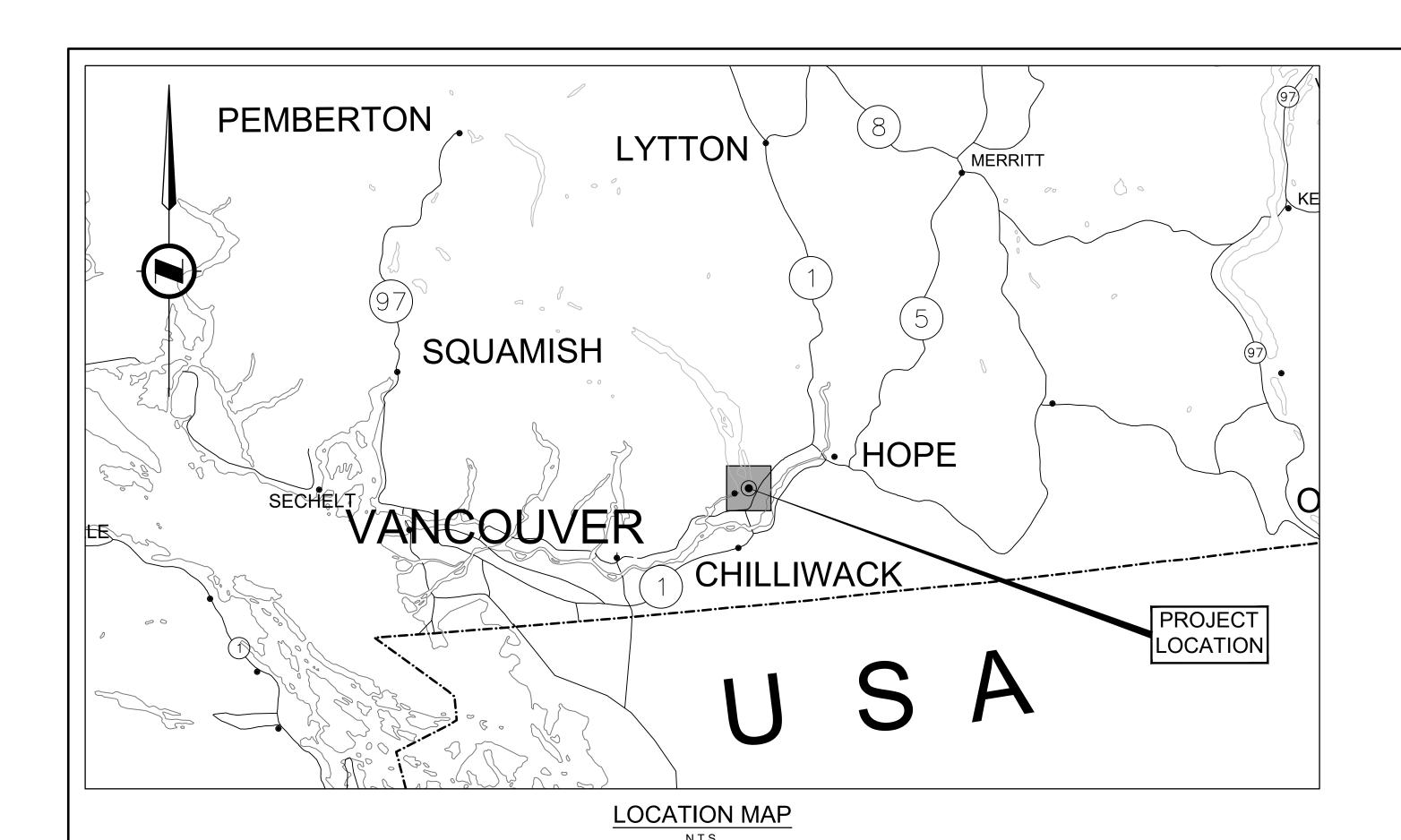


BRITISH COLUMBIA Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure

PROJECT NO. 14048-0000

HICKS LAKE ROAD TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE No. 10505







Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure

PROJECT No. 14048-0000

HICKS LAKE ROAD

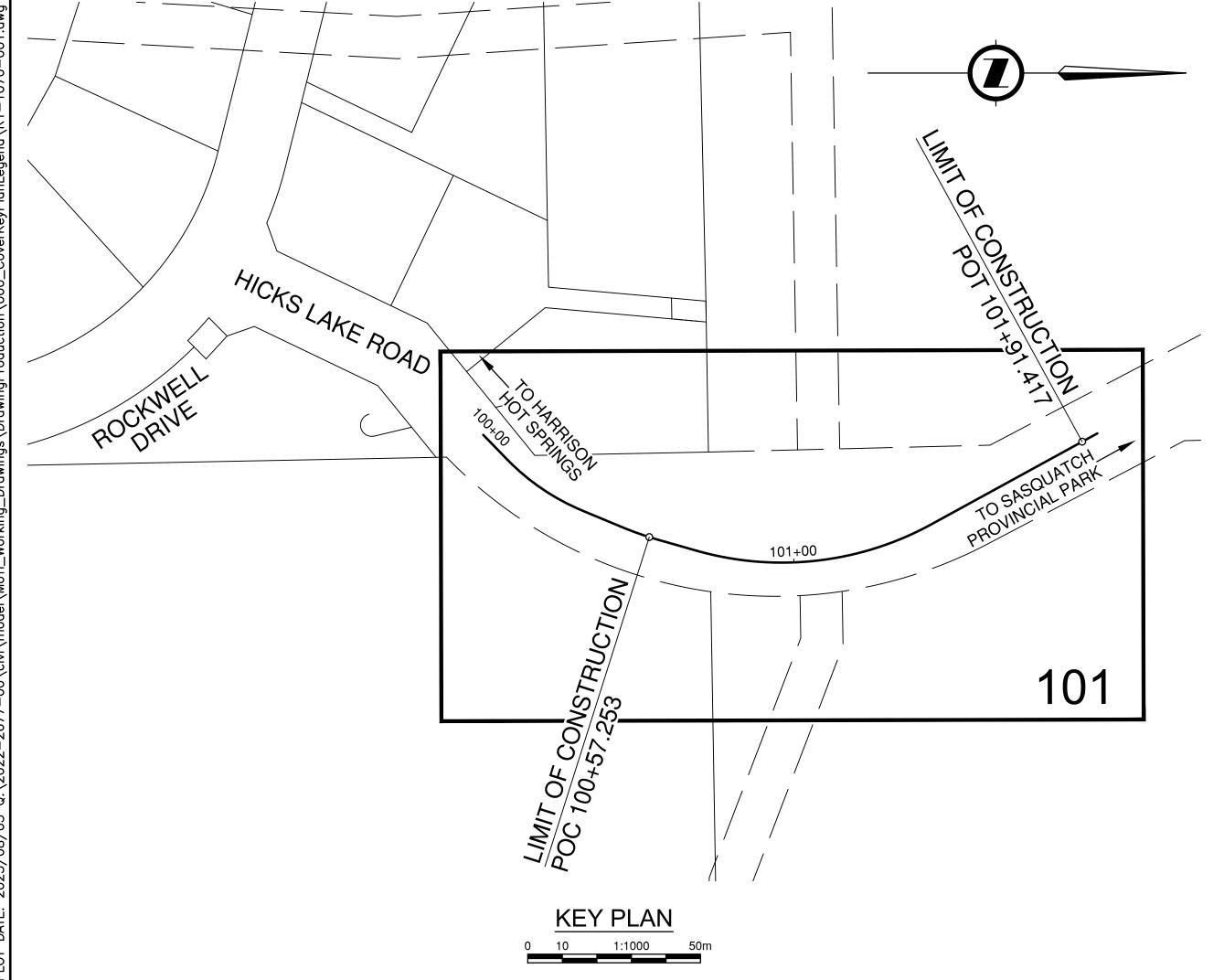
TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE No. 10505

STA. POC 100+57.253 - STA. POT 101+91.417 0.134 km

GRADING, PAVING & BRIDGE CONTRACT

DRAWING INDEX

R1-1070-601



| Horizontal Dat | um: UTM NAD8 | 33 (CSRS) Z10N | | Vertical Da | tum: CGVD28 H | Τ2_0 | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|----------------|----------|--------------------|---------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------|----------|---------|
| Point ID | Lo | cal Orthomet | | ic Height | UT | UTM | | C.S.F. | Class | Туре | |
| Pollitio | Northing | Easting | CGG2013a | HT2_0 | Northing | Easting | Ellipsoidal Height | С.З.Г. | Class | Турс | |
| GCZ47-21 | - | - | - | 14.621 | 5458088.163 | 588549.861 | -2.918 | 0.999697 | CORRIDOR | 9" SPIKE | |
| G897019-22 | - | - | - | 14.396 5459420.545 | | 588655.547 | -3.104 | 0.999697 | PROJECT | GCM75398 | |
| P6710-22 | 464119.556 | 590686.159 | - | 16.421 | 5464120.002 | 590686.251 | -0.869 | 0.999701 | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6711-22 | 464264.563 | 590707.230 | - | 23.229 | 5464264.968 | 590707.316 | 5.939 | - | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6712-22 | 464285.406 | 590601.150 | - | 10.326 | 5464285.805 | 590601.267 | -6.964 | 0.999702 | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6713-22 | 464433.453 | 590730.374 | - | 14.399 | 5464433.809 | 590730.454 | -2.891 | - | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6714-22 | 464610.608 | 590699.980 | - | 13.029 | 5464610.913 | 590700.069 | -4.249 | 0.999702 | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6715-22 | 464742.588 | 590663.848 | - | 12.407 | 5464742.855 | 590663.947 | -4.869 | 0.999702 | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6716-22 | 464787.086 | 590704.708 | - | 18.820 | 5464787.341 | 590704.795 | 1.544 | - | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6717-22 | 464861.090 | 590674.279 | - | 27.376 | 5464861.324 | 590674.374 | 10.100 | - | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6718-22 | 465674.192 | 591007.581 | - | 36.493 | 5465674.192 | 591007.581 | 19.235 | 0.999699 | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6719-22 | 465708.004 | 591078.936 | - | 28.686 | 5465707.995 | 591078.915 | 11.428 | - | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6720-22 | 465792.685 | 591115.754 | - | 26.853 | 5465792.651 | 591115.723 | 9.601 | 0.999700 | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6721-22 | 465830.136 | 591187.755 | - | 26.738 | 5465830.091 | 591187.703 | 9.486 | - | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6722-22 | 465927.538 | 591242.052 | - | 31.012 | 5465927.465 | 591241.984 | 13.760 | - | PROJECT REBAR | | |
| P6723-22 | 466026.688 | 591222.256 | - | 35.302 | 5466026.587 | 591222.195 | 18.050 | - | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6724-22 | 466104.042 | 591216.613 | | - 33.207 5466 | | 33.207 | 5466103.919 | 591216.553 | 15.955 | - | PROJECT |
| P6725-22 | 466147.062 | 591172.786 | - | 26.801 | 5466146.926 | 591172.739 | 9.562 | 0.999701 PROJECT | | REBAR | |
| P6726-22 | 466166.260 | 591073.539 | - | 16.756 | 5466166.118 | 591073.520 | -0.483 | - | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6727-22 | 466196.283 | 591028.916 | - | 13.637 | 5466196.133 | 591028.910 | -3.602 | - | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6728-22 | 466283.532 | 591020.439 | - | 13.014 | 5466283.357 | 591020.436 | -4.233 | - | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6729-22 | 466185.794 | 590959.371 | - | 10.670 | 5466185.648 | 590959.385 | -6.577 | 0.999703 | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6730-22 | 466226.255 | 591230.721 | - | 28.381 | 5466226.096 | 591230.657 | 11.134 | | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6731-22 | 466300.185 | 591280.516 | - | 30.209 | 5466300.005 | 591280.438 | 12.979 | 0.999700 | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6732-22 | 466400.322 | 591228.471 | - | 38.364 | 5466400.113 | 591228.407 | 21.135 | - | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6733-22 | 464909.548 | 590682.006 | - | 30.243 | 5464909.767 | 590682.099 | 12.972 | 0.999699 | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6734-22 | 466302.726 | 591249.510 | - | 25.776 | 5466302.545 | 591249.441 | 8.505 | - | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6735-22 | 466329.775 | 591206.991 | - | 21.593 | 5466329.587 | 591206.934 | 4.322 | - | PROJECT | REBAR | |
| P6736-22 | 466280.400 | 591098.732 | - | 17.721 | 5466280.226 | 591098.706 | 0.450 | - | PROJECT | REBAR | |

* The CGG2013a Geoid uses the CGVD2013 vertical datum and the HT2_0 Geoid uses the CGVD28 vertical datum

* "name"static brass cap monuments-year. "G" static tag #-year. "K" multi epoch rtk, "P"closed total station traverse

* Corridor control can be derived from robust network adjustments using sources such as Mascot, active, and/or PPP for valid absolute accuracies.

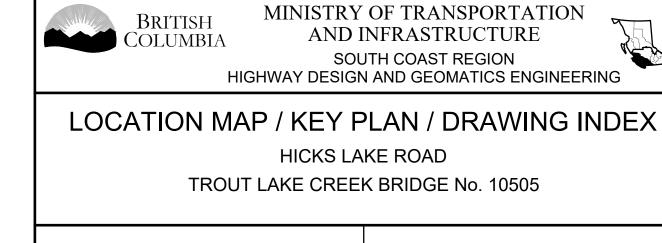
* Project control originates from a corridor point and closes to a network confined within the specific project to provide survey grade relative accuracies.

Origin: CZ47 derived from TRSI Static Network from CHWK

R1-1070-000 **COVER SHEET** R1-1070-001 LOCATION MAP / KEY PLAN / DRAWING INDEX R1-1070-002 **LEGEND** R1-1070-101 PLAN / DRAINAGE R1-1070-201 **PROFILE** R1-1070-301 TO 302 TYPICAL SECTIONS R1-1070-351 R1-1070-401 GEOMETRICS AND LANING / SPOT ELEVATIONS

SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PERMIT TO PRACTICE ASSOCIATED ENGINEERING (B.C.) LTD. PERMIT NUMBER: 1000163
Engineers & Geoscientists BC



DIRECTOR, ENGINEERING EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, SOUTH COAST REGION PROJECT NUMBER

2022-2677-00

14048-0000

R1-1070-001

LEGEND

EXISTING SYMBOLS

EXISTING LINE TYPES

SIGN BRIDGE STRUCTURE 🗵 📉

SURVEY **DRAINAGE & UTILITIES** SPOT ELEVATION MANHOLE SANITARY/STORM BENCHMARK CLEANOUT MANHOLE REFERENCE POINT POWER MANHOLE **DETAIL HUB** SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE OIP STANDARD IRON PIN STORM SEWER MANHOLE CONCRETE POST MONUMENT MH Tel TELEPHONE MANHOLE CONTROL MONUMENT Ø MH Unk UNKNOWN MANHOLE MON ROCK POST MONUMENT VAULT MANHOLE STANDARD BRASS CAP **™**MON MONUMENT WATER MANHOLE MH/CB Drywell LEAD PLUG MH/CB DRYWELL TEST HOLE CB LAWN TEST PIT CATCH BASIN **WOODEN POST** CATCH BASIN MANHOLE ALUMINUM POST ASPHALT SPILLWAY ANGLE IRON POST DRAINAGE GRATE WT WITNESS POST CULVERT ____ CI **CULVERT INLET** DOMINION IRON POST ___ co NON-STD. ROUND IRON POST CULVERT OUTLET **CULVERT KINK** NON-STD. SQUARE IRON POST \triangle MC RIPRAP MONITOR POINT UNDERGROUND **AERIAL UTILITIES** OBP BREATHER VENT PIPE POWER GUY POLE $_{\mathsf{O}}\mathsf{FC}$ FILLER CAP TELEPHONE GUY POLE □ FP FUEL / GAS PUMP POWER / TELEPHONE **GUY POLE** \bigcirc FT **FUEL TANK** DEADMAN _ST SEPTIC TANK ANCHOR GUY WIRE ⊚ UM UNDERGROUND MARKER HIGH TENSION POLE -0-IRRIGATION JUNCTION BOX -HT-HIGH TENSION TOWER IRRIGATION SPRINKLER HEAD POWER POLE -UNDERGROUND TRANSFORMER □XF TELEPHONE POLE -0-POWER / TELEPHONE POLE **ELECTRICAL** POWER POLE WITH □ JB TRANSFORMER JUNCTION BOX O^{UP} POWER / TELEPHONE WITH UTILITY POLE TRANSFORMER ELECTRICAL OUTLET \rightleftharpoons _ PED PEDESTAL (TELUS) OLS LAMP STANDARD TELEPHONE BOOTH KIOSK TRAFFIC SIGNAL **DETAIL** TRAFFIC COUNTER TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROL BOX • GP **GATE POST GUARD POST METERS** FLAG POLE **DELINEATOR POST** VALVE \otimes^{\vee} MAILBOX □ MB \otimes^{SV} SERVICE VALVE DECORATIVE TREE \otimes^{GV} GAS VALVE TREE \otimes^{WV} WATER VALVE WELL \otimes^{WM} WATER METER COMMERCIAL SIGN \otimes^{FH} FIRE HYDRANT SWAMP STANDPIPE WATER BLOWOFF POST MOUNTED \otimes AIR AIR RELEASE VALVE DELINEATOR (YELLOW) POST MOUNTED **ROAD SIGNS** DELINEATOR (WHITE) ONE-POST SIGN TOP MOUNTED **BI-DIRECTIONAL** 0 0 TWO-POST SIGN REFLECTOR **BREAKAWAY STEEL** TOP OR SIDE MOUNTED MONO-DIRECTIONAL STD. DAVIT POLE - TYPE 3 ____ YELLOW REFLECTOR STD. COMBINATION TOP OR SIDE MOUNTED POLE - TYPE 1 MONO-DIRECTIONAL **HEAVY DUTY DAVIT** WHITE REFLECTOR ____ POLE - TYPE 6 RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS H.D. COMBINATION (WHITE AND YELLOW) POLE - TYPE 7 HEAVY POLE - TYPE H ___ H. COMBINATION $\longrightarrow \bigcirc$ POLE - TYPE H

| | ADE FEATURES | |
|---|---------------------------|--|
| CONCRETE ROAD BARRIER | | |
| BROKEN WHITE LINE | | |
| SOLID WHITE LINE | | |
| SOLID YELLOW LINE | | |
| DOUBLE YELLOW LINE | | |
| CENTRELINE | | |
| ROAD SHOULDER | | |
| PAVEMENT EDGE | | |
| ASPHALT CURB | | |
| GRAVEL ROAD | | |
| SIDEWALK | | |
| FENCE | X | X |
| GARDEN, LAWNS, VEGETATION | | |
| HEDGE, BUSH LINE & TREE LINE | | ······································ |
| RETAINING WALL | | |
| CN TRACK BED | | |
| | | |
| ТО | POGRAPHY | |
| BOTTOM OF BANK | | |
| TOP OF BANK | | |
| | | |
| | UNDARIES | |
| EASEMENT | | |
| GAZETTE BOUNDARY | | |
| PARCEL BOUNDARY | | |
| | | |
| QUARTER SECTION LINE | | |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY | | |
| | | |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY | DROLOGY | |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY | | EW |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY | | EW — |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY HY EDGE OF WATER | | EW — |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY HY EDGE OF WATER DITCH CENTER / DRAINAGE | EW | EW — |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY HY EDGE OF WATER DITCH CENTER / DRAINAGE EDGE OF DITCH | EW | |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY HY EDGE OF WATER DITCH CENTER / DRAINAGE EDGE OF DITCH CENTER OF CREEK | EW | |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY HY EDGE OF WATER DITCH CENTER / DRAINAGE EDGE OF DITCH CENTER OF CREEK STORM SEWER, MANHOLE & FLOW ARROW | JTILITIES | MH_s |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY HY EDGE OF WATER DITCH CENTER / DRAINAGE EDGE OF DITCH CENTER OF CREEK STORM SEWER, MANHOLE & FLOW ARROW | JTILITIES | |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY HY EDGE OF WATER DITCH CENTER / DRAINAGE EDGE OF DITCH CENTER OF CREEK STORM SEWER, MANHOLE & FLOW ARROW | JTILITIES | MH_s |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY HY EDGE OF WATER DITCH CENTER / DRAINAGE EDGE OF DITCH CENTER OF CREEK STORM SEWER, MANHOLE & FLOW ARROW SANITARY SEWER, MANHOLE & FLOW ARROW | JTILITIES | MH Storm S |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY HY EDGE OF WATER DITCH CENTER / DRAINAGE EDGE OF DITCH CENTER OF CREEK STORM SEWER, MANHOLE & FLOW ARROW UNDERGROUND DRAIN PIPE | S SAN SAN | MH_Storm S |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY HY EDGE OF WATER DITCH CENTER / DRAINAGE EDGE OF DITCH CENTER OF CREEK STORM SEWER, MANHOLE & FLOW ARROW UNDERGROUND DRAIN PIPE WATER MAIN | JTILITIES SAN W | MH Storm S San San UE UE |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY HY EDGE OF WATER DITCH CENTER / DRAINAGE EDGE OF DITCH CENTER OF CREEK STORM SEWER, MANHOLE & FLOW ARROW UNDERGROUND DRAIN PIPE WATER MAIN UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL | JTILITIES SAN W UE | MH_Storm S MH SAN ——————————————————————————————————— |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY HY EDGE OF WATER DITCH CENTER / DRAINAGE EDGE OF DITCH CENTER OF CREEK STORM SEWER, MANHOLE & FLOW ARROW UNDERGROUND DRAIN PIPE WATER MAIN UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL GAS MAIN | JTILITIES SAN UE UE G | MH Storm S MH SAN UE UG UG |
| SECTION LINE & DISTRICT LOT BOUNDARY RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY HY EDGE OF WATER DITCH CENTER / DRAINAGE EDGE OF DITCH CENTER OF CREEK STORM SEWER, MANHOLE & FLOW ARROW SANITARY SEWER, MANHOLE & FLOW ARROW UNDERGROUND DRAIN PIPE WATER MAIN UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL GAS MAIN UNDERGROUND MISCELLANEOUS | S SAN SAN UE G G UG UG | MH Storm S MH San SAN W UE G UG UT |

PROPOSED SYMBOLS

| AERIAL UTILITIE | S | DRAINAGE & UTILITI | ES |
|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|
| POWER GUY POLE | •- | MANHOLE | |
| TELEPHONE GUY POLE | 0- | SANITARY/STORM | MH Clean |
| POWER / TELEPHONE | - | CLEANOUT MANHOLE | |
| GUY POLE | - | POWER MANHOLE | MH Power |
| DEADMAN | O-) | SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE | MH San |
| ANCHOR GUY WIRE | ← | STORM SEWER MANHOLE | MH Storm |
| HIGH TENSION POLE | - O - -[HT]- | TELEPHONE MANHOLE | MH Tel |
| HIGH TENSION TOWER POWER POLE | - <u>-</u> - | UNKNOWN MANHOLE | MH Unk |
| TELEPHONE POLE | - O - | VAULT MANHOLE | MH Vault |
| POWER / TELEPHONE POLE | | WATER MANHOLE | MH Water |
| POWER POLE WITH | | MH/CB DRYWELL | MH/CB Drywell |
| TRANSFORMER | | VERTICAL SEEPAGE PIT | VSP |
| POWER / TELEPHONE WITH TRANSFORMER | | CATCH BASIN (SINGLE) | VOI |
| PEDESTAL (TELUS) | ped | CATCH BASIN (TWIN) | |
| TELEPHONE BOOTH | T | LAWN BASIN | |
| | | RIPRAP SPILLWAY C/W | |
| DETAIL | | DRAINAGE BARRIER CLEANOUT | \mathbf{O}_{co} |
| GATE POST | • GP | STORM WATER | U |
| GUARD POST | OPost | TREATMENT DEVICE | |
| FLAG POLE | O ^{FP} | CULVERT INLET / OUTLET | \rightarrow |
| DELINEATOR POST | _ DP | C/W RIPRAP | · |
| MAILBOX | _o MB | CULVERT HEADWALL C/W TRASH RACK | |
| POST MOUNTED DELINEATOR (YELLOW) | • | RIPRAP | |
| POST MOUNTED DELINEATOR (WHITE) | □ - | UNDERGROUND | |
| TOP MOUNTED | | BREATHER VENT PIPE | OBP |
| BI-DIRECTIONAL REFLECTOR | ◆ | FILLER CAP | OFC |
| TOP OR SIDE MOUNTED | | FUEL / GAS PUMP | _ FP |
| MONO-DIRECTIONAL YELLOW REFLECTOR | > | FUEL TANK | _FT |
| TOP OR SIDE MOUNTED | | SEPTIC TANK | _ST |
| MONO-DIRECTIONAL | \triangleright | UNDERGROUND MARKER | ⊚UM _□ IJ |
| WHITE REFLECTOR | | IRRIGATION JUNCTION BOX IRRIGATION SPRINKLER HEAD | OIS |
| RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS (WHITE AND YELLOW) | | UNDERGROUND TRANSFORMER | □ ^{XF} |
| ROAD SIGNS | | ELECTRICAL | |
| ONE-POST SIGN | þ | JUNCTION BOX | _ JB |
| TWO-POST SIGN | 00 | UTILITY POLE | O^UP |
| BREAKAWAY STEEL | <u> </u> | ELECTRICAL OUTLET | = |
| STD. DAVIT POLE - TYPE 3 | <u> </u> | LAMP STANDARD | |
| STD. COMBINATION POLE - TYPE 1 | | KIOSK | K |
| HEAVY DUTY DAVIT | A | TRAFFIC SIGNAL | \triangleright |
| POLE - TYPE 6 | <u></u> -≪ | TRAFFIC COUNTER | 0 N |
| H.D. COMBINATION POLE - TYPE 7 | <u>_</u> | TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROL BOX | ₽ |
| HEAVY POLE - TYPE H | ─ ◆ | METERS | |
| H. COMBINATION POLE - TYPE H | \Longrightarrow | VALVE | \otimes^{V} |
| CANTILEVER STRUCTURE — | — −⊠ | SERVICE VALVE | \otimes^{SV} |
| SIGN BRIDGE STRUCTURE | <u> </u> | GAS VALVE | \otimes^{GV} |
| | | WATER VALVE | \otimes^{WV} |
| | | WATER METER | \otimes^{WM} |
| | | FIRE HYDRANT | ⊗FH |
| | | STANDPIPE WATER BLOWOFF | ⊗ ^{SD} |

PROPOSED LINE TYPES

FEATURES

| ROAD CENTRELINE | 10+100 l 100 LINE |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| PAVEMENT EDGE | |
| GRAVEL SHOULDER | |
| ASPHALT CURB | |
| CURB AND GUTTER | |
| CONCRETE ROADSIDE BARRIER | |
| RETAINING WALL | |
| SOLID WHITE LINE | |
| SOLID YELLOW LINE | |
| BROKEN WHITE LINE | |
| DECELERATION OR ACCELERATION LANE | |
| CUT / FILL LINE | CFF |
| SAWCUT LINE | SAWCUT |
| CLEARING & GRUBBING | CL & GR CL & GR |
| BERM | |
| SOUNDWALL | |
| HABITAT / PEDESTRIAN / CYCLE FENCE | x |
| FENCE REMOVAL | X |
| LIMIT OF OVERBURDEN REMOVAL | |
| RAILING | |
| | |
| ι | UTILITIES |
| DITCH | |
| EDGE OF DITCH | |
| CULVERT | - |
| SUBDRAIN | SGD SGD |
| SWALE | · |
| BIOSWALE | · |
| FILTER STRIP | |
| STORM SEWER, MANHOLE & FLOW ARROW | S=7 MII |
| SANITARY SEWER, MANHOLE & FLOW ARROW | SAN SAN |
| WATER MAIN | w |
| GAS MAIN | |
| UTILITY ABANDONED | |
| R.C | DUNDARIES |
| DC | DUNDANIES |
| RIGHT OF WAY BOUNDARY | |

| | | Associated Engineering | | |
|-----|------------|-------------------------------|------|--------------------|
| SCA | ALE N.T.S. | CAD FILENAME _ PLOT DATE _ | | |
| REV | DATE | REVISIONS | NAME | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | M BU TOUT B ENG |
| | | | | M. DU TOIT, P. ENG |
| | | | | ENGINEER OF REC |
| | | | | |

AIR RELEASE VALVE

| Darriou | MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION |
|--------------------|----------------------------|
| BRITISH OLUMBIA | AND INFRASTRUCTURE |
| OLUMBIA | SOUTH COAST REGION |

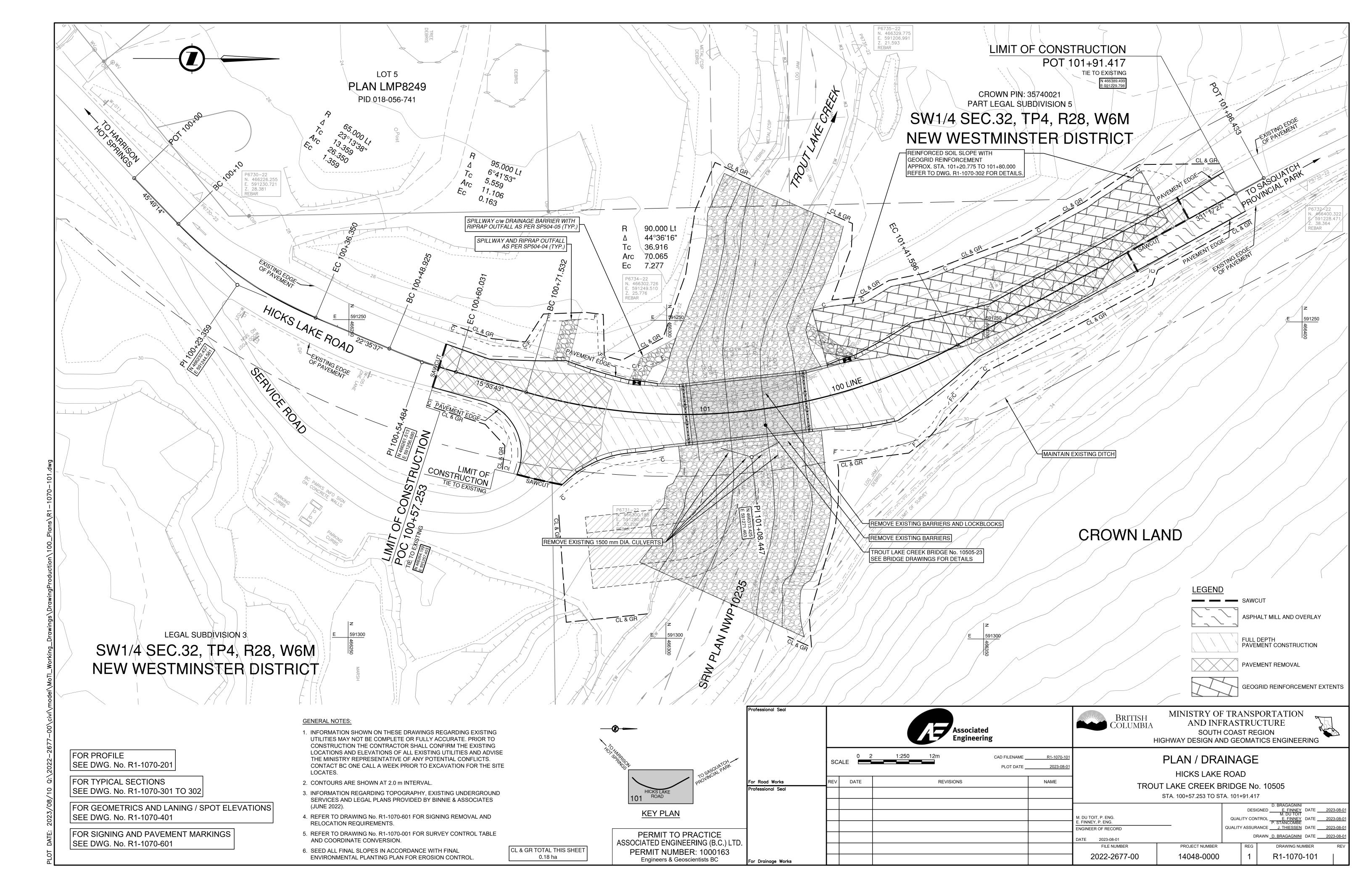
HIGHWAY DESIGN AND GEOMATICS ENGINEERING

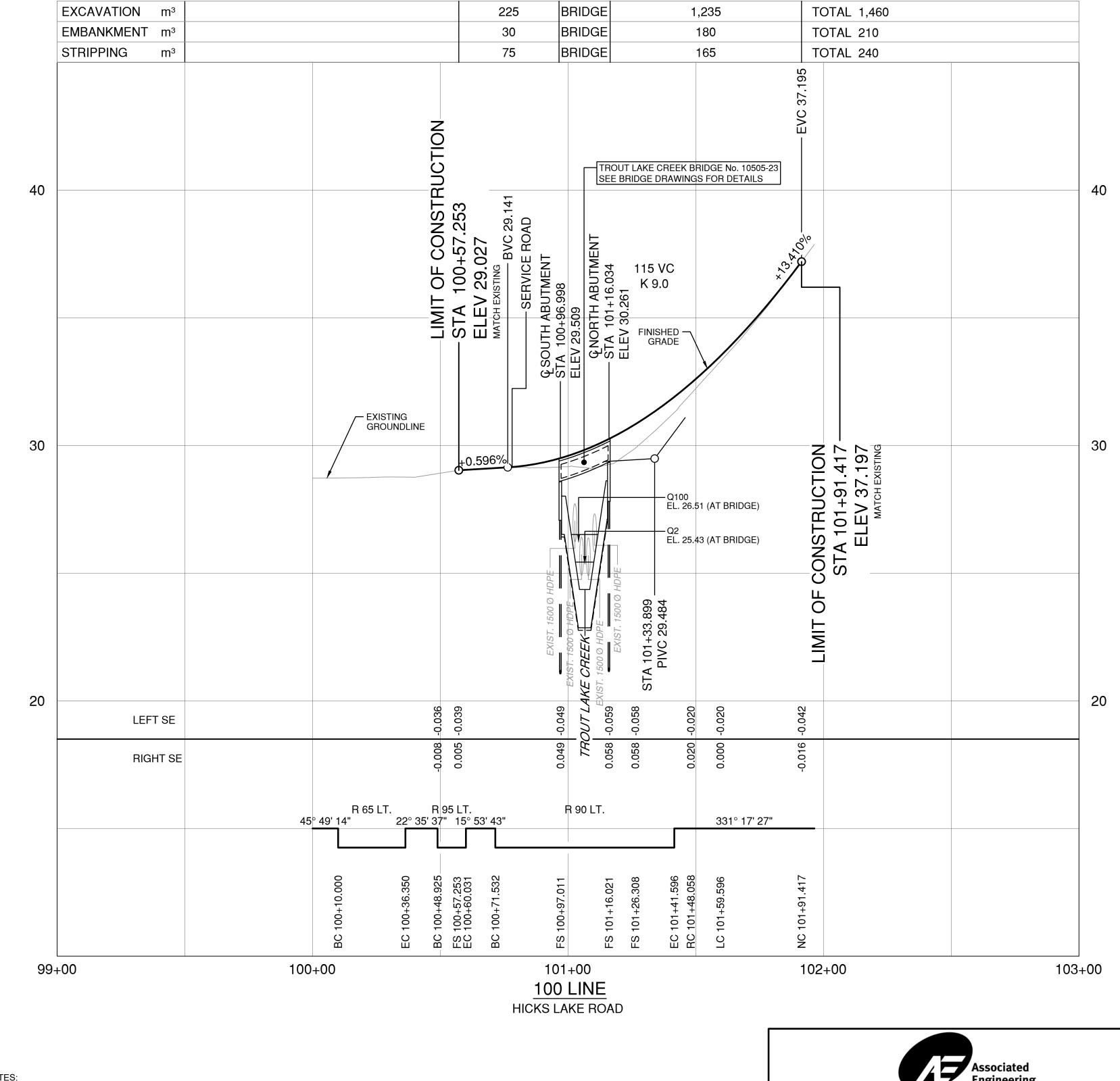


HICKS LAKE ROAD TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE No. 10505

| | | | | | DESIGNI | ED <u>D. BRAGAGNINI</u> DATE | 2023-08-01 |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------------|----------------|---------|---------|------------------------------|------------|
| | | | | OHALI. | | | |
| | | M. DU TOIT, P. ENG. | | | | OL <u>M. DU TOIT</u> DATE | |
| DEDINT TO DD 4 OTIOE | | ENGINEER OF RECORD | | QUALITY | ASSURAN | CE P. STANCOMBE DATE | 2023-08-01 |
| PERMIT TO PRACTICE | | DATE 2023-08-01 | | | DRAV | VN <u>D. BRAGAGNINI</u> DATE | 2023-08-01 |
| ASSOCIATED ENGINEERING (B.C.) LTD. | | FILE NUMBER | PROJECT NUMBER | T | REG | DRAWING NUMBER | REV |
| PERMIT NUMBER: 1000163 | | 2022 2677 00 | 14040 0000 | | | D4 4070 000 | |
| Engineers & Geoscientists BC | | 2022-2677-00 | 14048-0000 | | 1 | R1-1070-002 | |

LICENSE TO CONSTRUCT





DESIGN SPEED 100 LINE 40 km/h

FOR PLAN / DRAINAGE SEE DWG. No. R1-1070-101

FOR TYPICAL SECTIONS SEE DWG. No. R1-1070-301 TO 302

FOR GEOMETRICS AND LANING / SPOT ELEVATIONS SEE DWG. No. R1-1070-401

FOR SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS SEE DWG. No. R1-1070-601

NOTES:

- 1. ELEVATIONS SHOWN ARE FINISHED GRADE.
- 2. MAXIMUM SUPERELEVATION IS 6.0%.
- 3. REFER TO STRUCTURAL DRAWING SERIES 10505 -100 FOR TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE No. 10505-23

| | | | | | | Assoc | ciated neering | | BRITISH COLUMBIA | - 110 |
|--|-------------------|-----|-------|----|---------------------|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---|------------------|
| | | SCA | ALE 0 | 10 | H 1:1000 V 1:100 | 50m 5m | CAD FILENAME PLOT DATE | R1-1070-201 2023-08-01 | | |
| Į. | Professional Seal | REV | DATE | | | REVISIONS | | NAME | TROL | -ر |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| PERMIT TO PRACTICE | | | | | | | | | M. DU TOIT, P. ENG. ENGINEER OF RECORD DATE 2023-08-01 | |
| ASSOCIATED ENGINEERING (B.C.) LTD. PERMIT NUMBER: 1000163 Engineers & Geoscientists BC | | | | | | | | | FILE NUMBER 2022-2677-00 | |

SOUTH COAST REGION HIGHWAY DESIGN AND GEOMATICS ENGINEERING

PROFILE

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION

AND INFRASTRUCTURE

HICKS LAKE ROAD

TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE No. 10505

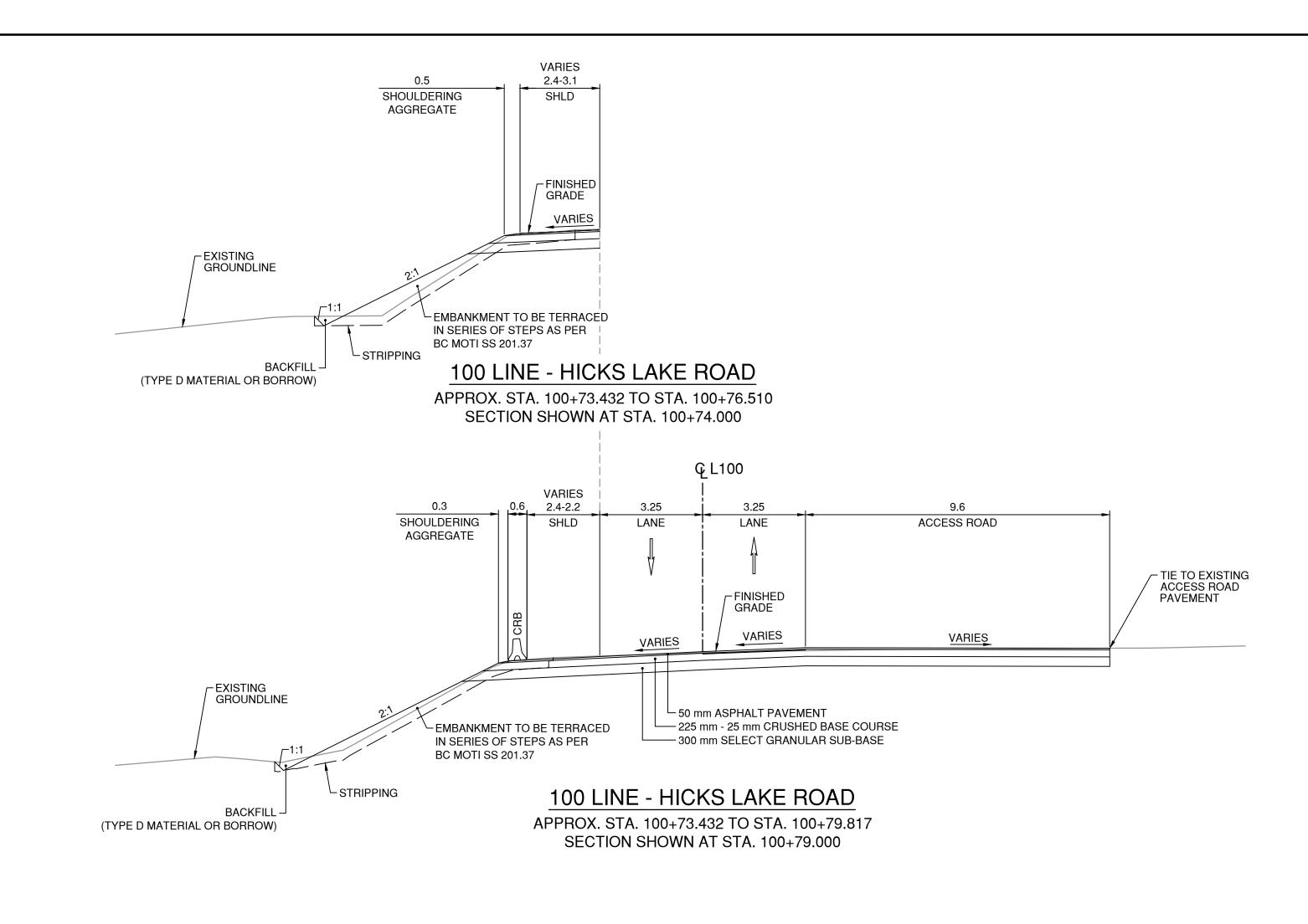
PROJECT NUMBER

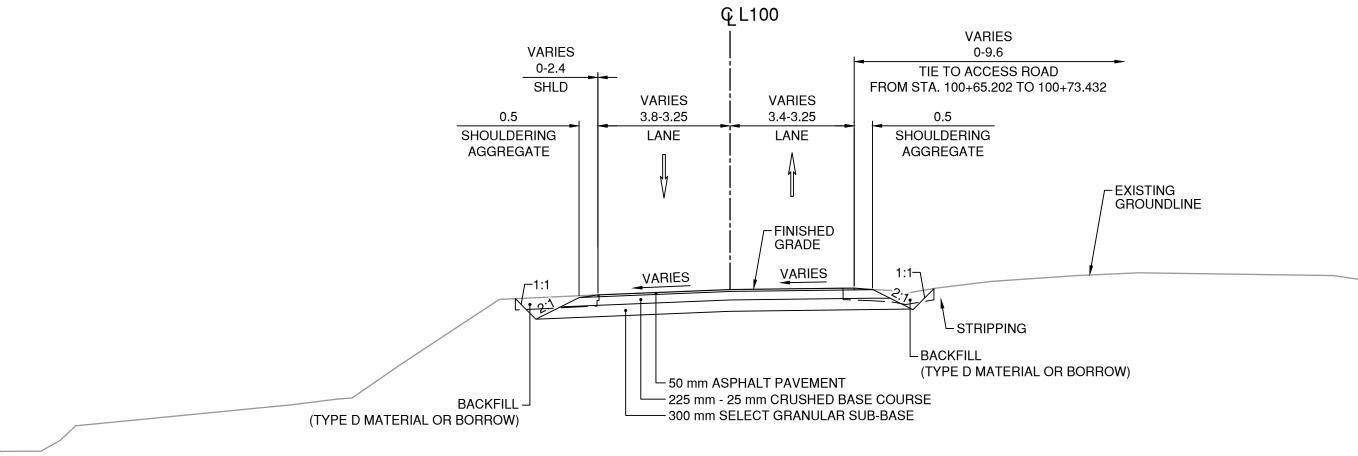
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STA. 100+57.253 TO STA. 101+91.417

DESIGNED D. BRAGAGNINI DATE 2023-08-01 QUALITY CONTROL M. DU TOIT DATE 2023-08-01 QUALITY ASSURANCE P. STANCOMBE DATE 2023-08-01

DRAWN D. BRAGAGNINI DATE 2023-08-01 DRAWING NUMBER R1-1070-201

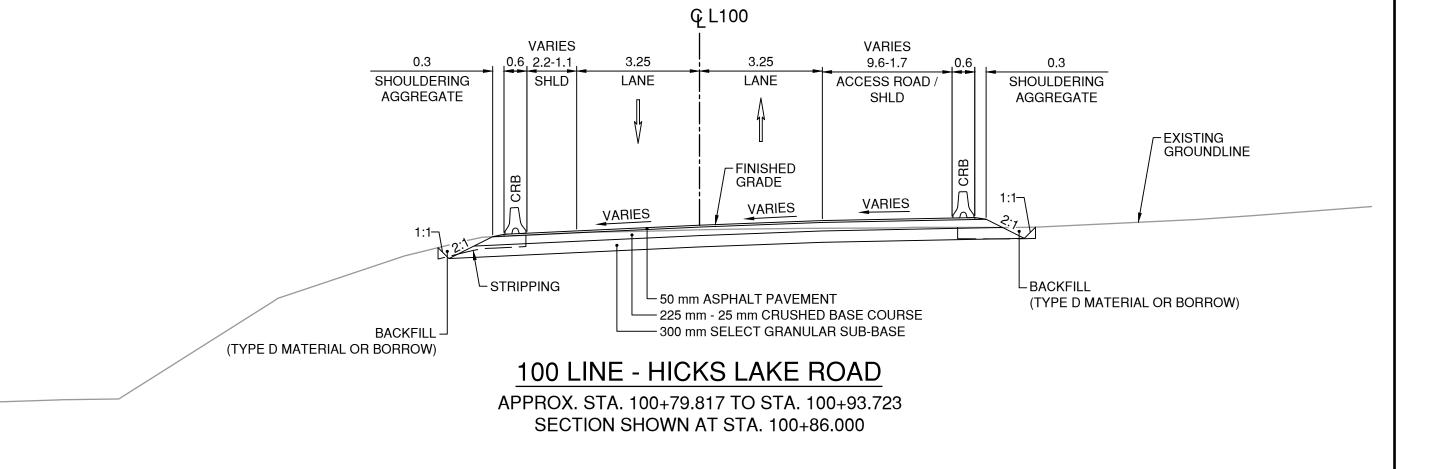




100 LINE - HICKS LAKE ROAD

APPROX. STA. 100+57.253 TO STA. 100+73.432 SECTION SHOWN AT STA. 100+63.000





MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION BRITISH COLUMBIA AND INFRASTRUCTURE Associated Engineering SOUTH COAST REGION HIGHWAY DESIGN AND GEOMATICS ENGINEERING 0 1 1:100 5r SCALE TYPICAL SECTIONS CAD FILENAME R1-1070-30 HICKS LAKE ROAD DATE REVISIONS NAME TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE No. 10505 DESIGNED D. BRAGAGNINI DATE 2023-08-01 QUALITY CONTROL M. DU TOIT DATE 2023-08-0 M. DU TOIT, P. ENG. QUALITY ASSURANCE P. STANCOMBE DATE 2023-08-01 ENGINEER OF RECORD DRAWN D. BRAGAGNINI DATE 2023-08-01 FILE NUMBER PROJECT NUMBER DRAWING NUMBER

2022-2677-00

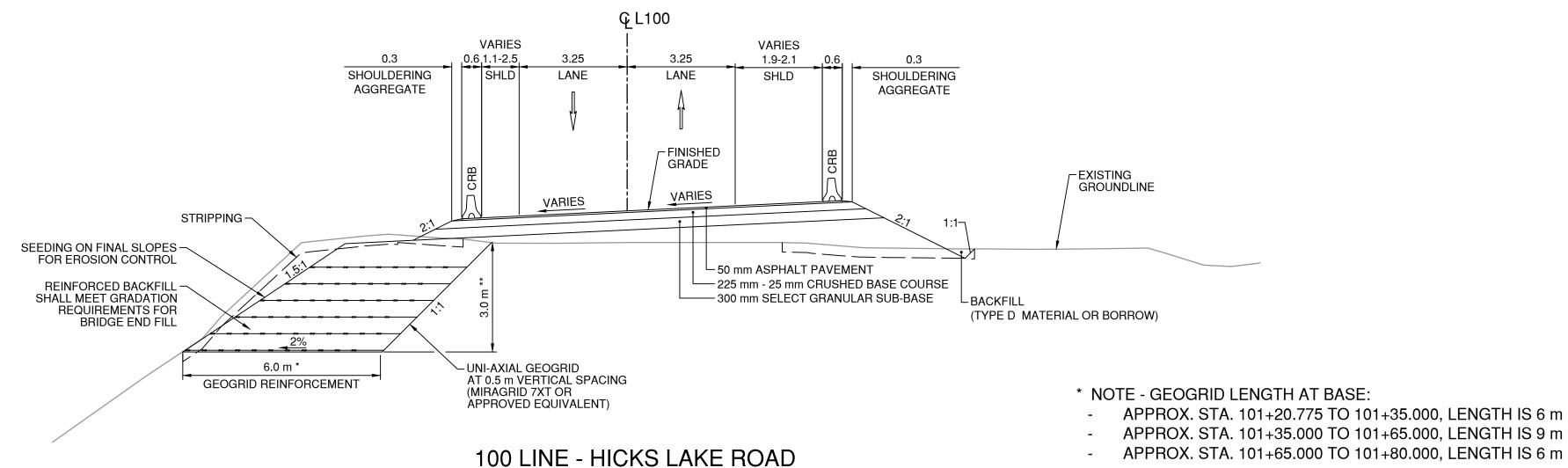
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R1-1070-301

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100 LINE - HICKS LAKE ROAD

APPROX. STA. 101+35.000 TO STA. 101+72.000 SECTION SHOWN AT STA. 101+62.000



APPROX. STA. 101+20.775 TO STA. 101+35.000 SECTION SHOWN AT STA. 101+25.000

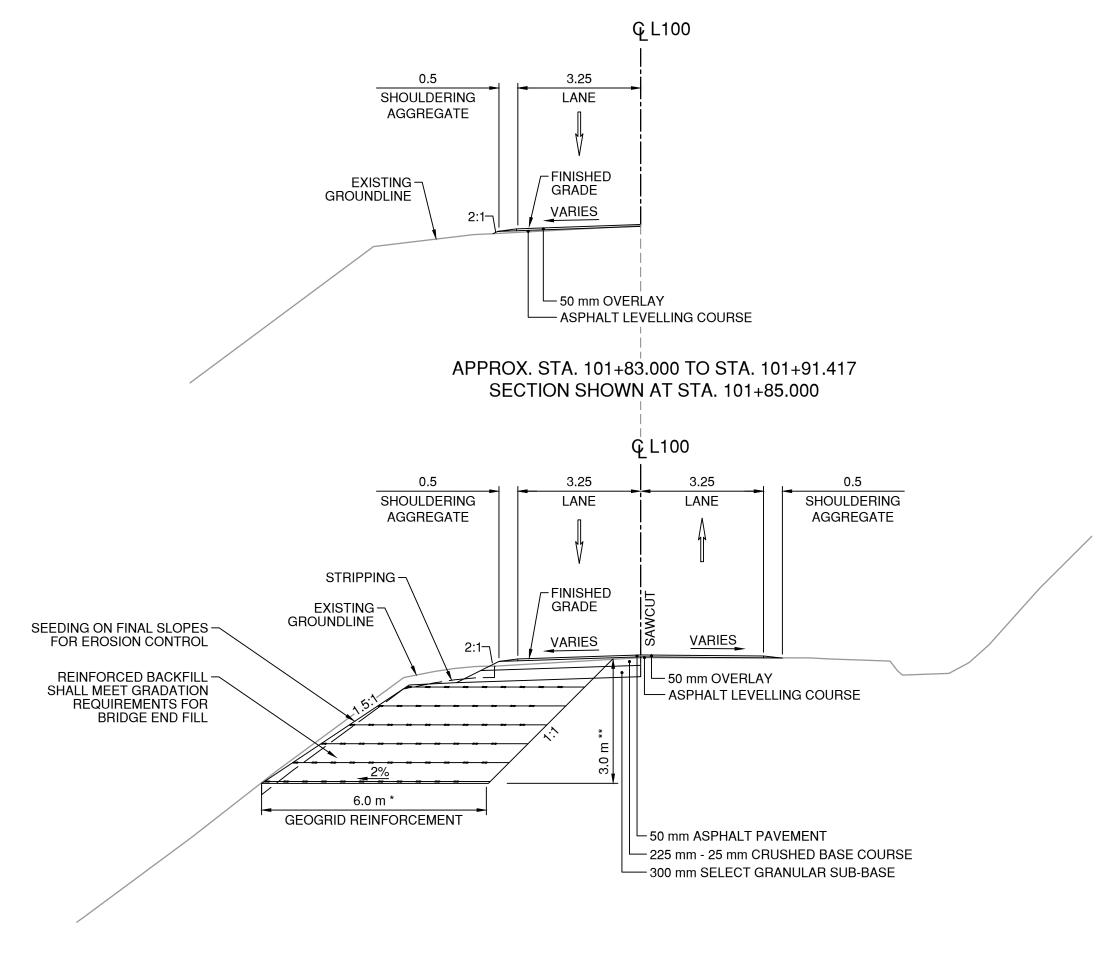
* NOTE - GEOGRID LENGTH AT BASE:

APPROX. STA. 101+20.775 TO 101+35.000, LENGTH IS 6 m

APPROX. STA. 101+65.000 TO 101+80.000, LENGTH IS 6 m

** NOTE - REINFORCED SOIL SLOPE HEIGHT TO BE CONSISTENT 3 m.

for geotechnical



100 LINE - HICKS LAKE ROAD APPROX. STA. 101+72.000 TO STA. 101+91.417 SECTION SHOWN AT STA. 101+77.000

ENGINEER OF RECORD

FILE NUMBER

2022-2677-00

GENERAL NOTE:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN IN METRES UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

PERMIT TO PRACTICE

ASSOCIATED ENGINEERING (B.C.) LTD.

PERMIT NUMBER: 1000163

Engineers & Geoscientists BC

COLUMBIA Associated Engineering westrek geotechnical services ltd. CAD FILENAME R1-1070-302 PLOT DATE 2023-08-0 DATE REVISIONS NAME for road works M. DU TOIT, P. ENG. ANDY CHIEM, P. ENG.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION British AND INFRASTRUCTURE

SOUTH COAST REGION HIGHWAY DESIGN AND GEOMATICS ENGINEERING

TYPICAL SECTIONS

HICKS LAKE ROAD

TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE No. 10505

D. BRAGAGNINI DESIGNED A. CHIEM DATE 2023-08-01 QUALITY CONTROL M. DU TOIT DATE 2023-08-01 QUALITY ASSURANCE P. STANCOMBE DATE 2023-08-01

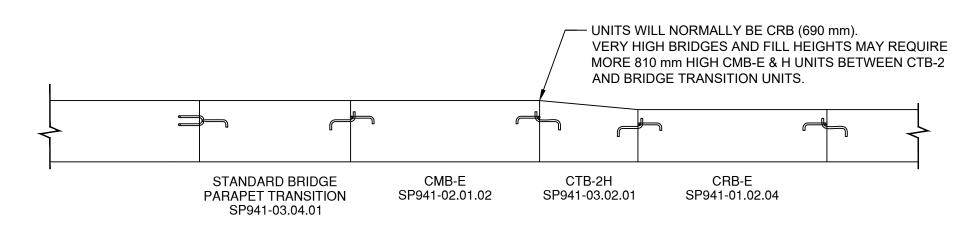
DRAWN D. BRAGAGNINI DATE 2023-08-0 PROJECT NUMBER DRAWING NUMBER R1-1070-302 14048-0000

FOR PLAN / DRAINAGE SEE DWG. No. R1-1070-101

FOR PROFILE SEE DWG. No. R1-1070-201

FOR GEOMETRICS AND LANING / SPOT ELEVATIONS SEE DWG. No. R1-1070-401

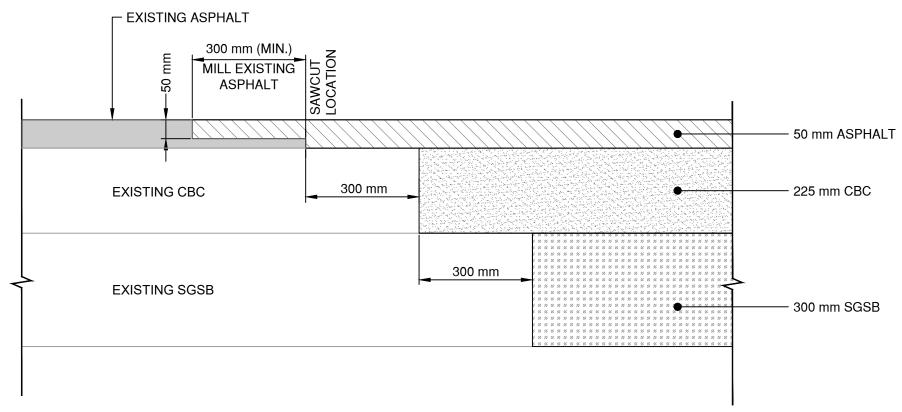
FOR SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS SEE DWG. No. R1-1070-601



BARRIER TRANSITION FROM CONCRETE BRIDGE PARAPET TO CRB

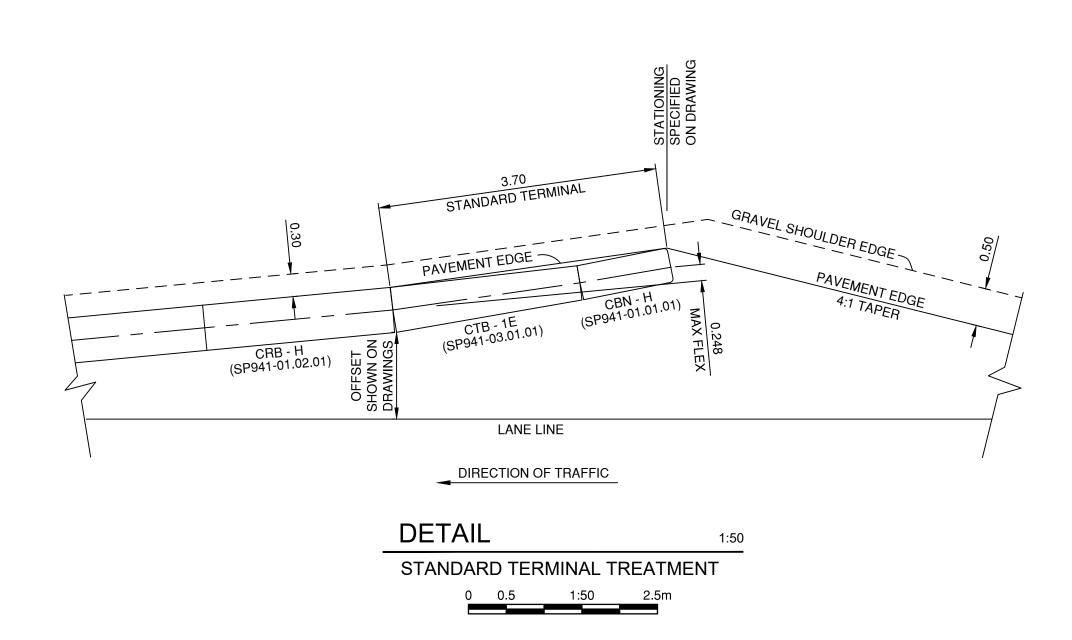
SIDE VIEW

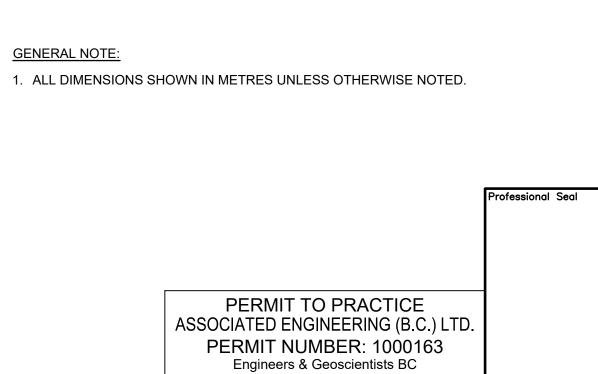




LONGITUDINAL AND TRANSVERSE PAVEMENT JOINT DETAIL

0 0.1 1:10 0.5m





MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION BRITISH COLUMBIA Associated Engineering AND INFRASTRUCTURE SOUTH COAST REGION
HIGHWAY DESIGN AND GEOMATICS ENGINEERING MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS - ROADWORKS CAD FILENAME R1-1070-351 SCALE AS SHOWN PLOT DATE 2023-08-01 HICKS LAKE ROAD REV DATE NAME REVISIONS TROUT LAKE CREEK BRIDGE No. 10505 DESIGNED D. BRAGAGNINI DATE 2023-08-01 QUALITY CONTROL M. DU TOIT DATE 2023-08-01 M. DU TOIT, P. ENG. QUALITY ASSURANCE P. STANCOMBE DATE 2023-08-01 ENGINEER OF RECORD DRAWN D. BRAGAGNINI DATE 2023-08-01

FILE NUMBER

2022-2677-00

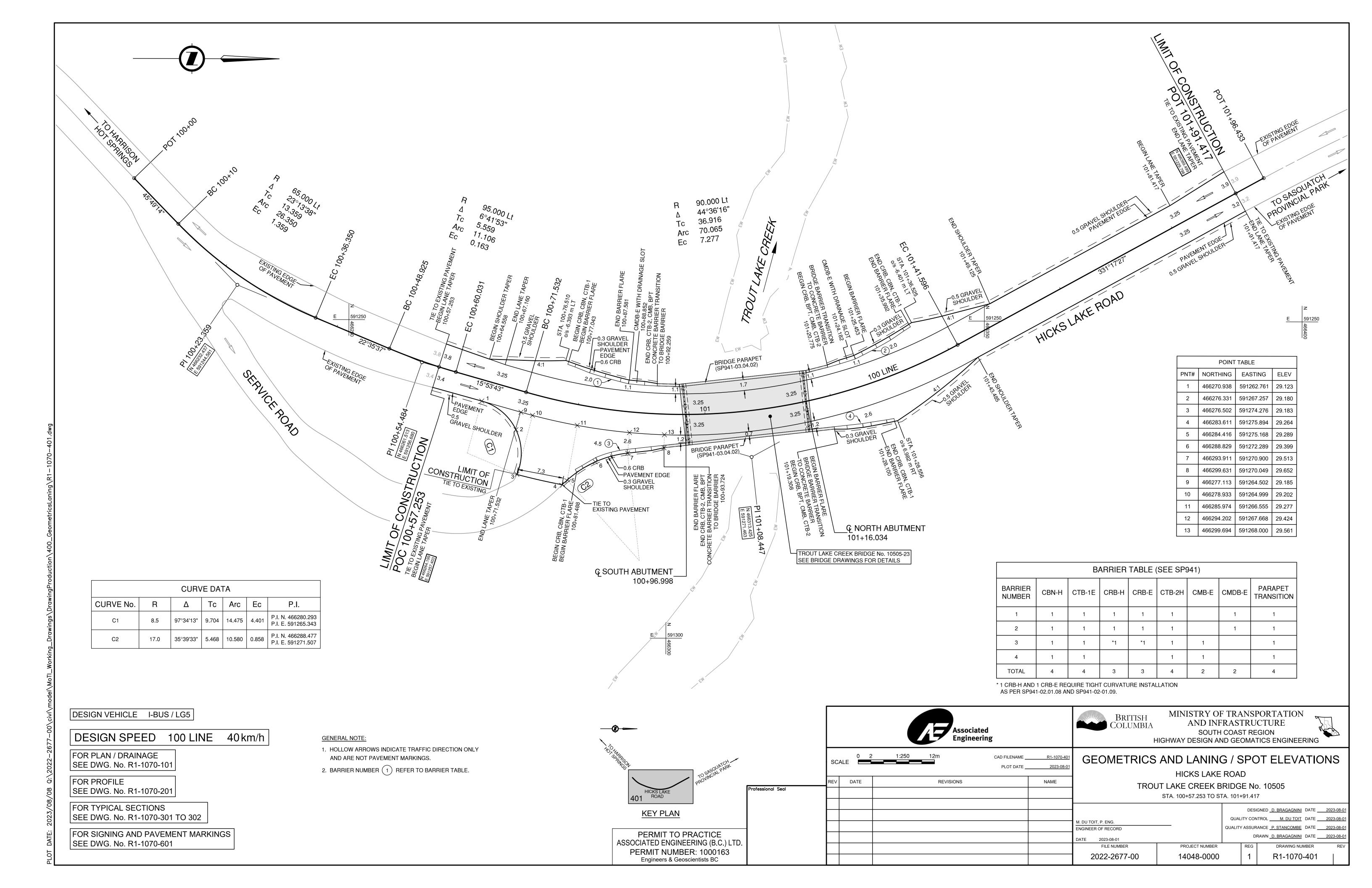
PROJECT NUMBER

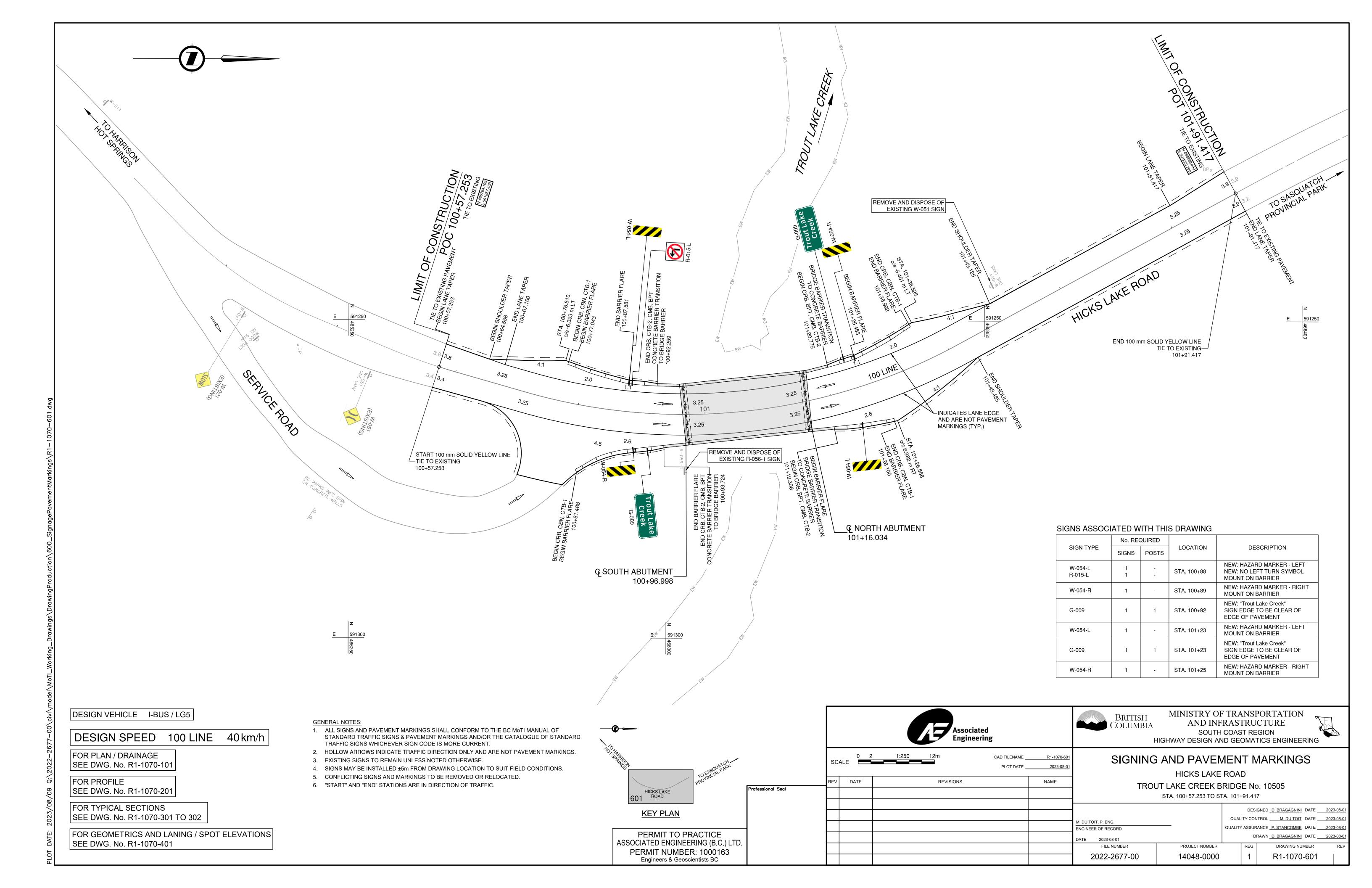
14048-0000

DRAWING NUMBER

R1-1070-351

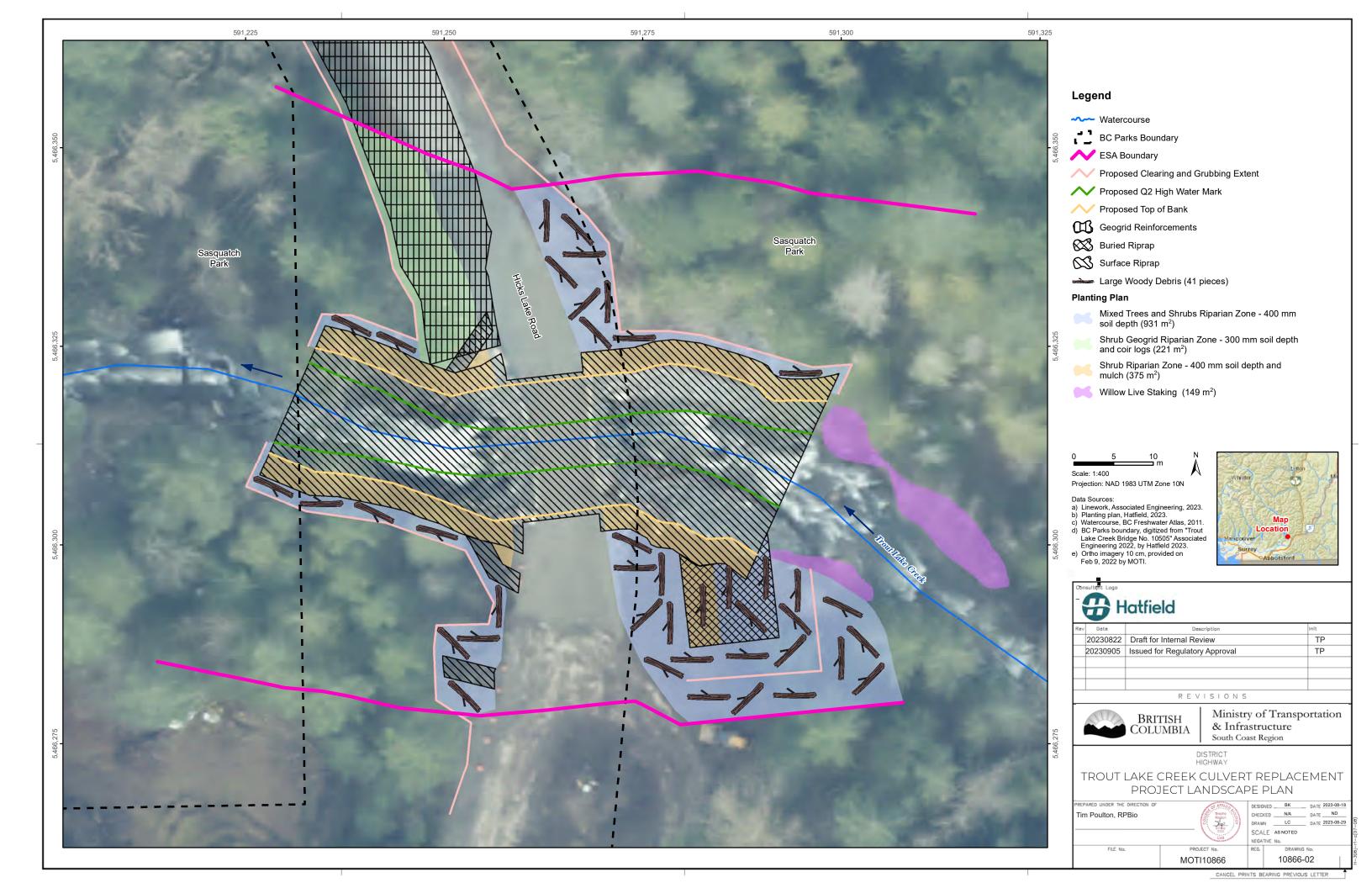
PLOT DATE: 2023/08/11 Q:\2022—2677—00\civI\model\MoTI_Working_Drawings\DrawingProduction\350_Detai





Appendix A2

Landscape Plan



Plant species and specifications for the Trout Lake Creek landscape plan.

| Populus balsamifera ssp. trichocarpa Alnus rubra Acer macrophuyllum Cornus stolonifera Vaccinium parvifolium Physocarpus capitatus Salix lucida Symphoricarpos albus Mahonia nervosa Polystichum munitum Urtica dioica Shrub riparian zone (400 mm soil dep Cornus stolonifera | 10 15 10 10 10 10 10 10 5 5 | 14 21 14 71 71 71 71 35 35 71 | No. 5 pot No. 5 pot No. 5 pot No. 2 pot No. 1 pot | 1 plant per 5 m 1 plant per 5 m 1 plant per 5 m 1 plant per m ² |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| Alnus rubra Acer macrophuyllum Cornus stolonifera Vaccinium parvifolium Physocarpus capitatus Salix lucida Symphoricarpos albus Mahonia nervosa Polystichum munitum Urtica dioica Shrub riparian zone (400 mm soil dep | 15 10 10 10 10 10 10 5 5 | 21 14 71 71 71 71 71 35 35 | No. 5 pot No. 5 pot No. 2 pot No. 1 pot | 1 plant per 5 m 1 plant per 5 m 1 plant per m² |
| Acer macrophuyllum Cornus stolonifera Vaccinium parvifolium Physocarpus capitatus Salix lucida Symphoricarpos albus Mahonia nervosa Polystichum munitum Urtica dioica Shrub riparian zone (400 mm soil dep | 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 5 5 | 14 71 71 71 71 71 71 35 35 | No. 5 pot No. 2 pot | 1 plant per 5 m 1 plant per m ² |
| Cornus stolonifera Vaccinium parvifolium Physocarpus capitatus Salix lucida Symphoricarpos albus Mahonia nervosa Polystichum munitum Urtica dioica Shrub riparian zone (400 mm soil dep | 10 10 10 10 10 10 5 5 | 71 71 71 71 71 71 35 35 | No. 2 pot No. 1 pot | 1 plant per m ² |
| Vaccinium parvifolium Physocarpus capitatus Salix lucida Symphoricarpos albus Mahonia nervosa Polystichum munitum Urtica dioica Shrub riparian zone (400 mm soil dep | 10 10 10 10 5 5 5 | 71 71 71 71 35 35 | No. 2 pot No. 1 pot | 1 plant per m ² |
| Physocarpus capitatus Salix lucida Symphoricarpos albus Mahonia nervosa Polystichum munitum Urtica dioica Shrub riparian zone (400 mm soil dep | 10 10 10 5 5 | 71 71 71 35 35 | No. 2 pot No. 1 pot | 1 plant per m ² |
| Salix lucida Symphoricarpos albus Mahonia nervosa Polystichum munitum Urtica dioica Shrub riparian zone (400 mm soil dep | 10 10 5 5 | 71 71 35 35 | No. 2 pot No. 2 pot No. 2 pot No. 1 pot | 1 plant per m ² 1 plant per m ² 1 plant per m ² |
| Symphoricarpos albus Mahonia nervosa Polystichum munitum Urtica dioica Shrub riparian zone (400 mm soil dep | 10 5 5 5 | 71 35 35 | No. 2 pot No. 2 pot No. 1 pot | 1 plant per m ² 1 plant per m ² |
| Mahonia nervosa Polystichum munitum Urtica dioica Shrub riparian zone (400 mm soil dep Cornus stolonifera | 5 5 5 | 35 35 | No. 2 pot No. 1 pot | 1 plant per m ² |
| Polystichum munitum Urtica dioica Shrub riparian zone (400 mm soil dep Cornus stolonifera | 5 5 | 35 | No. 1 pot | |
| Urtica dioica Shrub riparian zone (400 mm soil dep Cornus stolonifera | 5 | | • | 1 plant per m ² |
| Shrub riparian zone (400 mm soil dep Cornus stolonifera | | 71 | NI. d. d. | |
| Cornus stolonifera | th and mulch) | | No. 1 pot | 2 plants per m |
| | |) | | |
| ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., ., . | 20 | 76 | No. 2 pot | 1 plant per m² |
| Vaccinium parvifolium | 15 | 57 | No. 2 pot | 1 plant per m² |
| Physocarpus capitatus | 20 | 76 | No. 2 pot | 1 plant per m² |
| Salix lucida | 15 | 57 | No. 2 pot | 1 plant per m² |
| Symphoricarpos albus | 10 | 38 | No. 2 pot | 1 plant per m² |
| Mahonia nervosa | 10 | 38 | No. 2 pot | 1 plant per m² |
| Polystichum munitum | 5 | 19 | No. 1 pot | 1 plant per m² |
| Urtica dioica | 5 | 19 | No. 1 pot | 1 plant per m² |
| ub geogrid riparian zone (300 mm soil c | depth and coir | logs) | | |
| Rubus parviflorus | 15 | 27 | No. 2 pot | 1 plant per m² |
| Cornus stolonifera | 10 | 18 | No. 2 pot | 1 plant per m² |
| Vaccinium parvifolium | 15 | 27 | No. 2 pot | 1 plant per m² |
| Physocarpus capitatus | 15 | 27 | No. 2 pot | 1 plant per m² |
| Salix lucida | 15 | 27 | No. 2 pot | 1 plant per m² |
| Symphoricarpos albus | 10 | 18 | No. 2 pot | 1 plant per m ² |
| Rosa gymnocarpa | 10 | 18 | No. 2 pot | 1 plant per m ² |
| Polystichum munitum | 5 | 9 | No. 1 pot | 1 plant per m ² |
| Blechnum spicant | 5 | 9 | No. 1 pot | 1 plant per m ² |
| | | | | |
| | Rubus parviflorus Cornus stolonifera Vaccinium parvifolium Physocarpus capitatus Salix lucida Symphoricarpos albus Rosa gymnocarpa Polystichum munitum | Rubus parviflorus 15 Cornus stolonifera 10 Vaccinium parvifolium 15 Physocarpus capitatus 15 Salix lucida 15 Symphoricarpos albus 10 Rosa gymnocarpa 10 Polystichum munitum 5 Blechnum spicant 55 | Rubus parviflorus 15 27 Cornus stolonifera 10 18 Vaccinium parvifolium 15 27 Physocarpus capitatus 15 27 Salix lucida 15 27 Symphoricarpos albus 10 18 Rosa gymnocarpa 10 18 Polystichum munitum 5 9 Blechnum spicant 5 9 | ub geogrid riparian zone (300 mm soil depth and coir logs) Rubus parviflorus 15 27 No. 2 pot Cornus stolonifera 10 18 No. 2 pot Vaccinium parvifolium 15 27 No. 2 pot Physocarpus capitatus 15 27 No. 2 pot Salix lucida 15 27 No. 2 pot Symphoricarpos albus 10 18 No. 2 pot Rosa gymnocarpa 10 18 No. 2 pot Polystichum munitum 5 9 No. 1 pot Blechnum spicant 5 9 No. 1 pot |

¹ Plant in clusters around bigleaf maple. ² Plant along the lower slope.

Salix sitchensis

Growing medium specifications (MOTI SS 751-A)

Sitka Willow

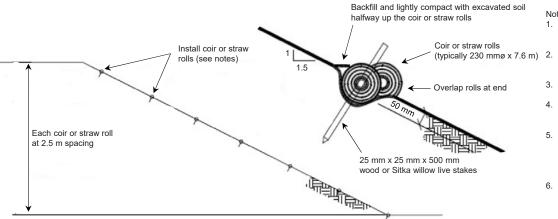
Stakes

| Particle size/pH/Drainage | Criteria |
|---------------------------|--|
| Gravel 2 - 40 mm | 4 10% of dry weight 4 10% of dry weight 5 10% of dry weight 6 10% of dry weight 6 10% of dry weight 7 10% of dry weight 7 10% of dry weight 7 10% of dry weight 8 10% of dry weight 9 10% of dry weight 1 10% |
| Sand 0.05 – 2 mm | 30 – 70% of dry weight |
| Silt and clay combined | Max of 60% of dry weight |
| Organic content | 2 – 10% of dry weight |
| Hydraulic conductivity | 2 cm/hour |
| рН | 6.0 – 7.0 |

General Landscape Specifications

- Planting is to occur in the fall (following the last drought period in September to October) or spring (April to May). Willow live stakes to be installed during the dormant season per typical detail.
- All works associated with site preparation of planting areas are to be conducted per the BC Landscape Standards.
- Plants in containers shall have a well-established root system, reaching the sides of the container to maintain a firm ball when removed from the container, but shall not be root bound.
- The landscape contractor shall provide maintenance including, watering, removal of invasive species, and replacement of dead stock for one year after planting.
- After planting, all exposed soils are to be stabilized using Riparian Area Seed Mix per MOTI SS 757 applied at 75 kg/ha.
- Growing medium shall meet the table specifications per MOTI SS 751.
- It is recommended that growing medium be tested by an accredited soil testing laboratory to verify that the material meets specifications (see table).
- Growing medium will be applied to planting areas with a minimum thickness of 400 mm with the exception of the shrub geogrid riparian zone which shall have a minimum thickness of 300 mm. Growing medium shall be free of subsoil, wood (including woody plant parts), toxic materials, stones over 30 mm, foreign objects, propagules of plant species designated as noxious under the BC Weed Control Act and Regulation, and other invasive or undesirable plant species.
- Mulch shall be applied to the shrub riparian zone after watering to an even depth of 50 mm per MOTI SS 754 to assist with water retention over the riprap subgrade.
- Coir logs to be installed along the steeper slope (1.5:1) shrub geogrid riparian planting zone to help stabilize growing medium and reduce surface erosion (see typical detail).

Typical Coir or Straw Roll Detail



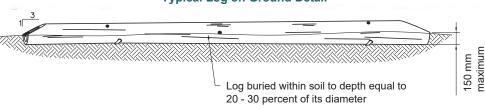
Notes:

- Install coir or straw rolls perpendicular to the expected flow direction (parallel to the slope contour).
- Dig small trenches across the slope on contour. The trench should be deep enough to contain the bottom-half of the roll.
- Commence the installation from the bottom of the slope and work uphill.
- Lay in trenches, fitting them snugly against the soil so no caps exist between the roll and the rear wall of the trench
- Make pilot holes through the center of the fiber rolls using a straight metal rod (i.e., rebar) and then insert the wooden stakes or Sitka willow live stakes. Ensure the stakes do not interfere with geogrid below the growing medium.
- 6. When rolls are placed end-to-end the ends of each roll shall overlap by at least 300 mm.

Typical Log on Ground Detail

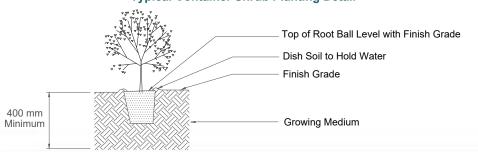
Live Stakes 2 stakes per m²

100



LWD pieces will have a minimum diameter of 30 cm and range in length from 4-6 m.

Typical Container Shrub Planting Detail



Live Staking Detail (N.T.S.) 2 TO 5 BUDS SCARS SHALL BE ABOVE THE GROUND BE REMOVED 0-75mm DIAMETER 0.5m MINIMUM TRIM BRANCHES CLOSE PLANT STAKE 80% IN THE GROUND MAKE ANGLED CUT AT BUTT-END PLANT BUTT-END NOTES: I. HARVEST AND PLANT STAKES DURING THE DORMANT SEASON 2. USE HEALTHY, STRAIGHT AND LIVE WOOD AT LEAST 1 YEAR OLD. 3 MAKE CLEAN CUTS AND DO NOT DAMAGE STAKES OR SPLIT ENDS DURING INSTALLATION, USE A PILOT BAR IN FIRM SOILS. 4. INSTALL STAKES AT A DENSITY OF 1.2 STAKES PER SQUARE METRE.

Hatfield 20230822 Draft for Internal Review TP 20230905 Issued for Regulatory Approval TP REVISIONS Ministry of Transportation **BRITISH** & Infrastructure COLUMBIA South Coast Region HIGHWAY TROUT LAKE CREEK CULVERT REPLACEMENT PROJECT LANDSCAPE PLAN DATE 2023-08-18 CHEDICI) N/A DATE Tim Poulton, RPBio (MA NAME AND LC DATE 2023-08-28 SEALE AS NOTED BUTCH OF RECORD NEGATIVE NO.

MOTI10866

10866-02