



Status of Ground-Level Ozone in B.C. (2014-2016)

British Columbia operates a network of air monitoring stations that measure ground-level ozone and other air pollutants. This indicator reports on the concentration of ground-level ozone from 2014-2016 and compares it to the Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standard established by the Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment.

- **Ground-level ozone** is an air pollutant. While ozone in the Earth's atmosphere occurs naturally, additional ozone at the ground level is a pollutant. It forms through chemical reactions involving nitrogen oxides and volatile organic compounds in the presence of sunlight.
- **Ground-level ozone can be harmful to humans.** Exposure to ground-level ozone (hereafter ozone) can reduce lung function and cause inflammation of airways, which can increase respiratory symptoms and aggravate asthma¹. These effects are linked to more emergency room visits, hospitalizations, and absenteeism, and higher health care costs².
- Ozone levels met the Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standard at all B.C. ozone monitoring stations. Ozone levels (see box below) from the 39 stations ranged from 34 to 60 parts per billion (ppb). Ozone levels were ≤50 ppb at 26 reporting stations (67%). No stations reported ozone levels >60 ppb.
- Ozone levels met the Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standard in six of B.C.'s seven air zones. The ozone level for an air zone is the highest ozone level reported from monitoring stations within the air zone. Currently, there are no air monitoring stations in the Northwest Air Zone.
- Ozone levels are used to set management levels for each air zone. Four management levels (green, yellow, orange, and red) are each associated with a suite of actions that become more rigorous as ozone levels approach the Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standard.

Ground-Level Ozone: Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standard

Ozone levels are calculated using a statistical form called the ozone metric.

The Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standard value for ozone is 63 parts per billion (ppb).

The ozone standard is achieved when ozone levels are \leq 63 ppb.

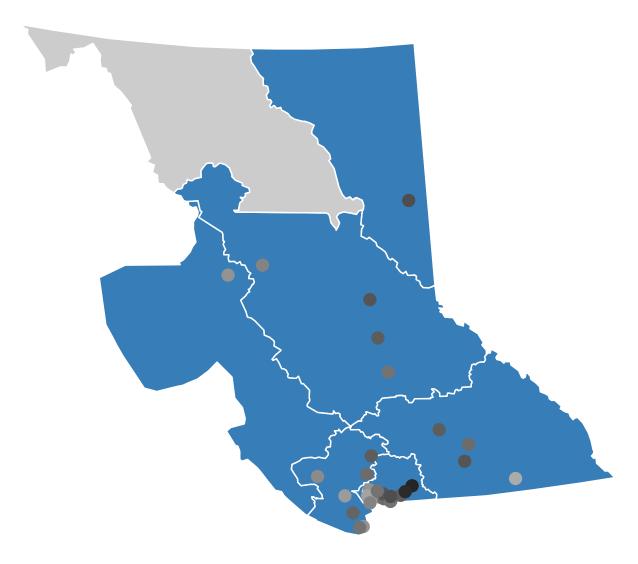
What is an Air Zone?

British Columbia is divided up into seven air zones, which are areas that typically exhibit similar air quality characteristics, issues, and trends.



The map and chart below summarise Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standard achievement status for ozone in B.C. air zones, as well as ozone levels at individual monitoring stations. Summaries are given for each monitoring station where sufficient data was available for the 2014-2016 reporting period.

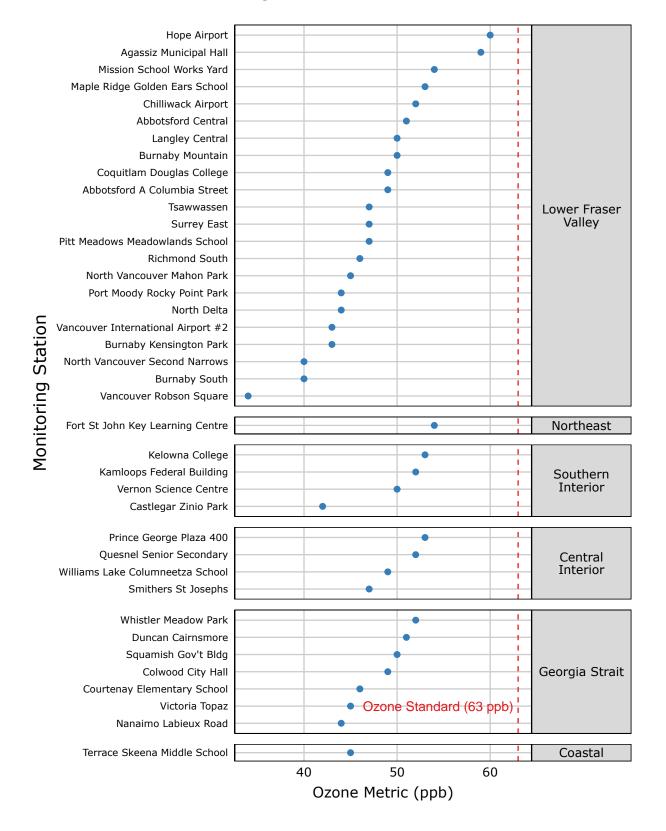
Status of Ground-Level Ozone Levels in B.C. Air Zones (2014-2016)







Ozone Metrics for Air Monitoring Stations within B.C. Air Zones (2014-2016)





More about the Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standard ozone metric:

- The statistical form of the Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standard ozone metric is the 3-year average of the annual 4th-highest daily maximum 8-hour rolling average concentration.
- The ozone metric for an air zone is the highest ozone metric reported from monitoring stations within the air zone. Air zone metrics are only taken from stations reporting on two years of data when there are no available three year reporting stations in the air zone.
- Only air monitoring stations with sufficient data on ozone concentrations for the 2014-2016 reporting period
 were included in this indicator. Visit Current Air Quality Data for a complete list of air monitoring stations
 across B.C.
- Data completeness and sufficiency criteria for the ozone metric value are described in the Guidance Document on Achievement Determination: Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standards for Fine Particulate Matter and Ozone (2012).

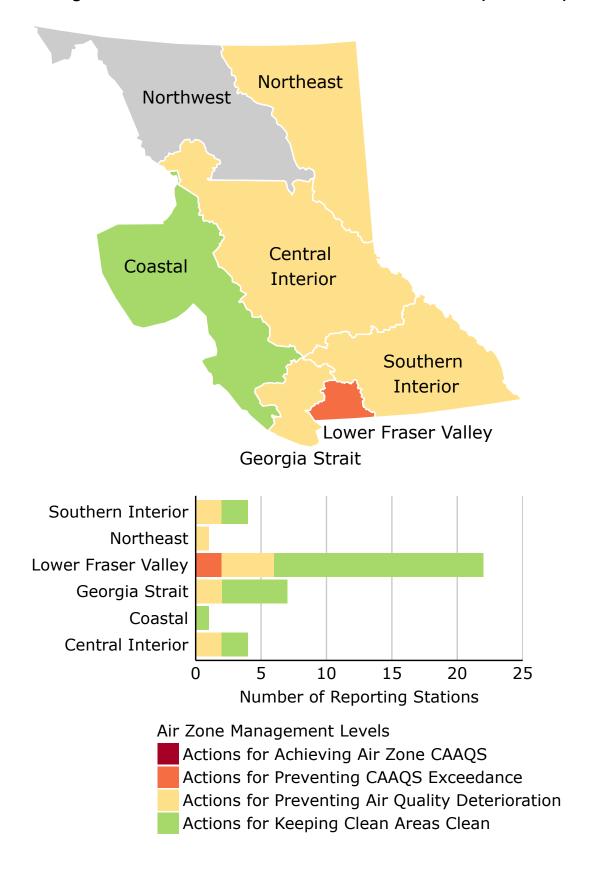
Canada-wide Air Quality Management System

The Air Quality Management System is Canada's approach for protecting air quality. Under the Air Quality Management System, provinces and territories monitor, report and manage local air quality within air zones, with the goal of continuously improving air quality and keeping pollutants below the Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standards.

- There are seven air zones in British Columbia: Coastal, Georgia Strait, Lower Fraser Valley, Southern Interior, Central Interior, Northeast and Northwest.
- The Air Zone Management Framework defines management levels based on the highest ozone level reported from monitoring stations within the air zone. The four management levels are (1) green (actions for keeping clean areas clean); (2) yellow (actions for preventing air quality deterioration); (3) orange (actions for preventing Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standard exceedance); and (4) red (actions for achieving air zone Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standard). Actions for each management level are detailed in the Guidance Document on Air Zone Management (2012).
- The Coastal air zone was assigned to a green management level, the Northeast, Central Interior, Southern
 Interior and Georgia Strait air zones were assigned to a yellow management level, and the Lower Fraser
 Valley was assigned to an orange management level. Currently, there are no air monitoring stations in the
 Northwest air zone.



Management Levels for Ground-Level Ozone in B.C. Air Zones (2014-2016)





More about the Air Quality Management System management levels:

- There can be cases when an air zone does not achieve a given Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standard because of sources over which jurisdictions have little or no control, such as those related to transboundary flows and exceptional events, like forest fires.
- Prior to determining management levels, jurisdictions have the option of adjusting their air zone metric values to remove such external influences. These arrangements aim to ensure that jurisdictions are responsible for managing only the emissions sources they can control.
- Two days were flagged as exceptional events as a result of suspected wildfire influence in B.C. for the 2014-2016 reporting period (July 8-9, 2015 for Agassiz Municipal Hall). Removal of the data from these days had no impact on the resulting air zone management levels for ground-level ozone.

Methods

The methods used to develop this indicator—including procedures, data requirements, and calculation of the Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standard ozone metric—are detailed in the Guidance Document on Achievement Determination: Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standards for Fine Particulate Matter and Ozone (2012) published by the Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment.

R package and code: We have developed an R package to facilitate the calculation of air quality metrics according to the Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standards. Download the 'rcaaqs' package from GitHub. The source code for repeating the analysis presented on this page is also available on GitHub.

References and Other Useful Links

Read individual Air Zone reports on the achievement of the Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standards for ground-level ozone and fine particulate matter in B.C.

Learn more about the implementation of the Air Quality Management System in British Columbia

Access B.C.'s real-time data on air pollutants and find locations of all provincial air monitoring stations in B.C.

BC Lung Association's BC State of the Air Reports

Canadian Environmental Sustainability Indicators: Air and Climate Indicators

¹United States Environmental Protection Agency. February 2013. Integrated Science Assessment of Ozone and Related Photochemical Oxidants (600/R-10/076F)

²Willey, J., N. Gilbert, and N. Lyrette. 2004. Human health effects of ozone: Update in support of the Canada-wide standards for particulate matter and ozone. Revised version. Working paper prepared for Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment. Health Canada. Ottawa, Ontario: Health Canada

Data

*By accessing these datasets, you agree to the licence associated with each file, as indicated in parentheses below.

 Indicator data: BC Ground-Level Ozone Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standards 2014-2016 (Licence: Open Government Licence - British Columbia)



- BC Ozone Hourly Data & Air Monitoring Station Locations (Licence: Open Government Licence British Columbia)
- BC Air Zones (Licence: Open Government Licence British Columbia)

Published and Available On-Line at Environmental Reporting BC (October 2017): http://www.env.gov.bc.ca/soe/indicators/air/ozone.html

Email correspondence to: envreportbc@gov.bc.ca

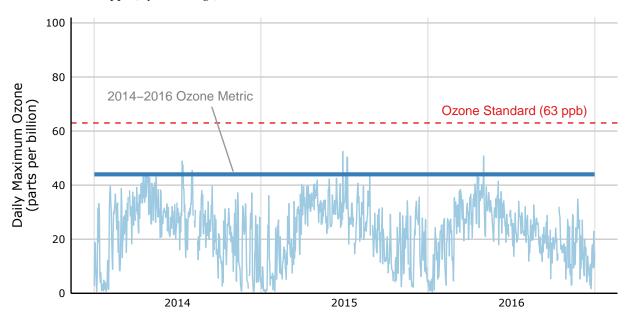


Appendix: Detailed ground-level ozone Canadian Ambient Air Quality Standard results for each monitoring station within air zones in B.C.

Lower Fraser Valley Air Zone

Port Moody Rocky Point Park monitoring station

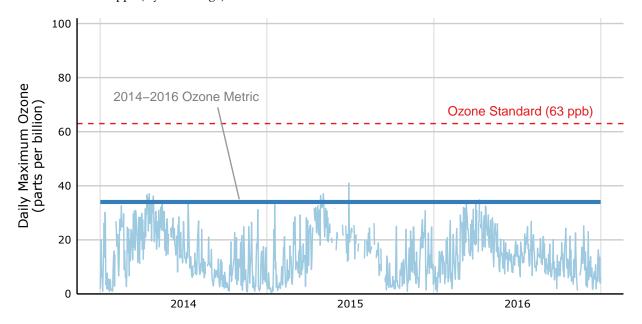
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 44 ppb (3 year average)





Vancouver Robson Square monitoring station

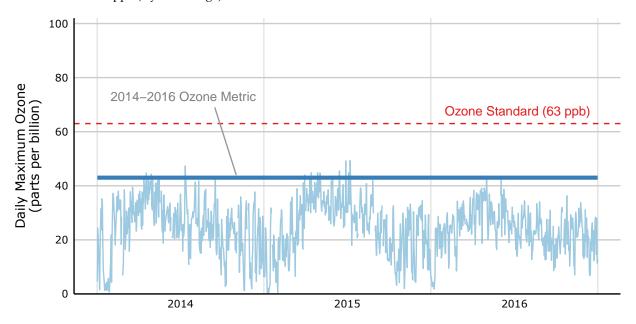
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 34 ppb (2 year average)





Burnaby Kensington Park monitoring station

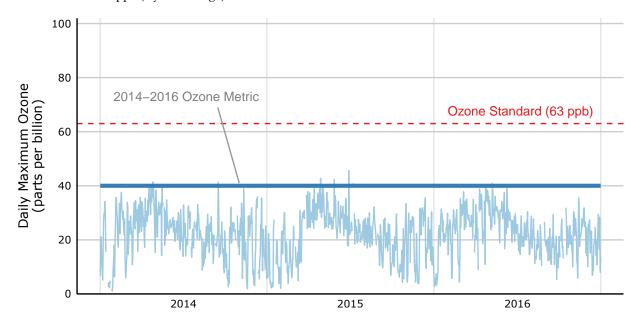
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 43 ppb (3 year average)





North Vancouver Second Narrows monitoring station

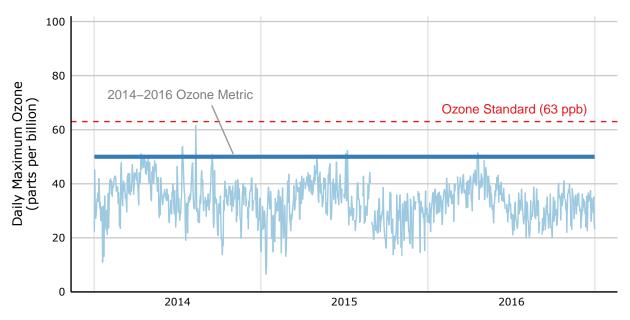
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 40 ppb (3 year average)





Burnaby Mountain monitoring station

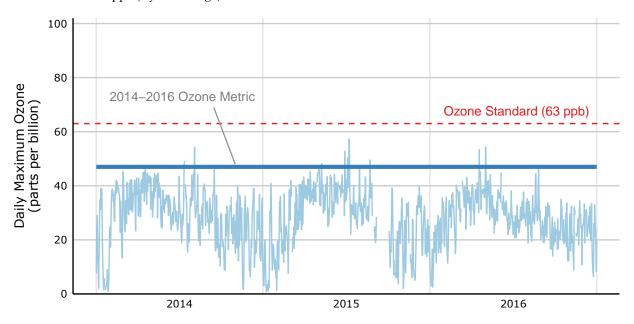
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 50 ppb (3 year average)





Surrey East monitoring station

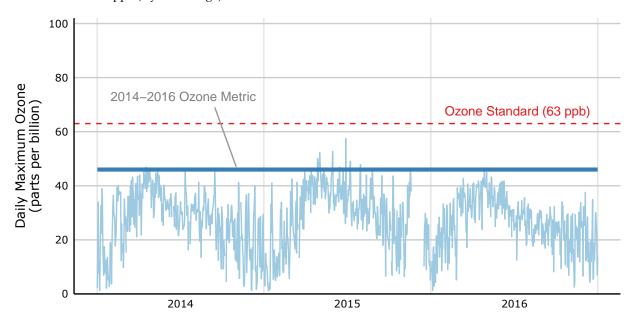
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 47 ppb (3 year average)





Richmond South monitoring station

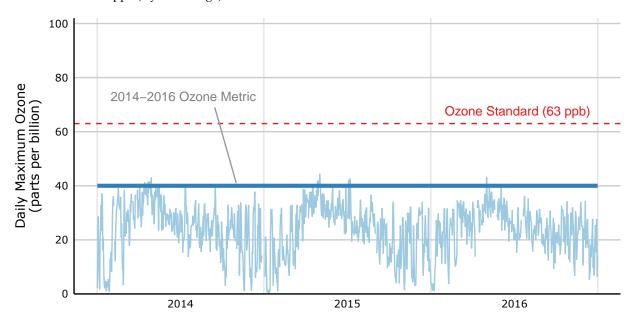
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 46 ppb (3 year average)





Burnaby South monitoring station

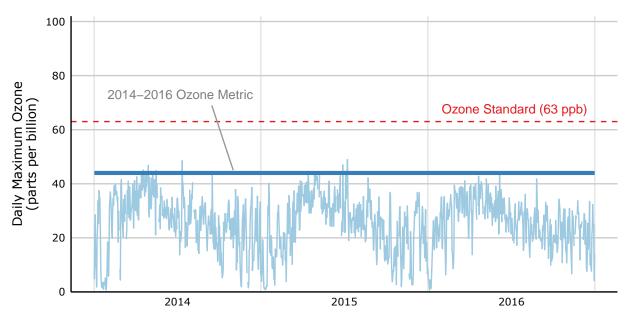
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 40 ppb (3 year average)





North Delta monitoring station

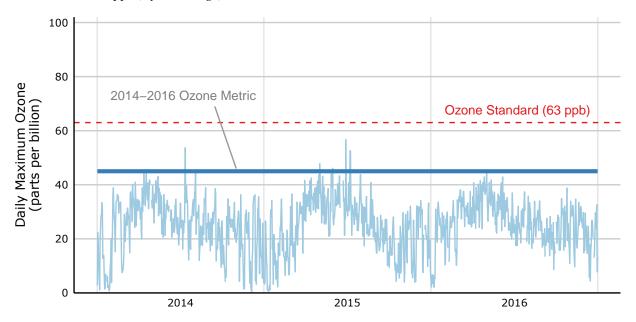
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 44 ppb (3 year average)





North Vancouver Mahon Park monitoring station

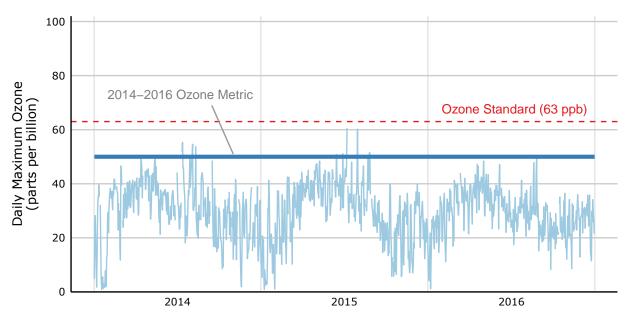
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 45 ppb (3 year average)





Langley Central monitoring station

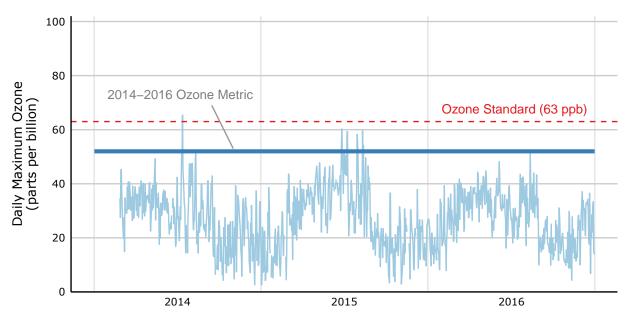
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 50 ppb (3 year average)





Chilliwack Airport monitoring station

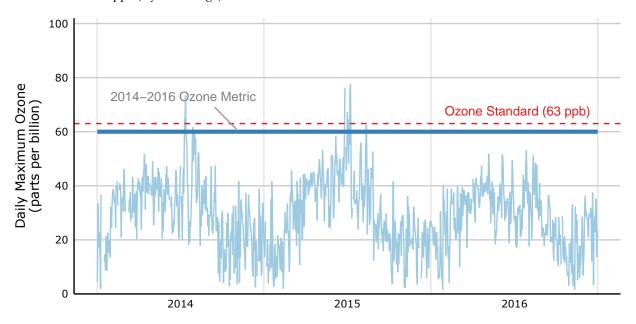
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 52 ppb (3 year average)





Hope Airport monitoring station

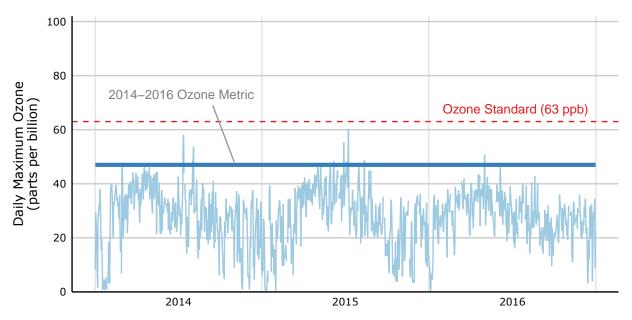
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 60 ppb (3 year average)





Pitt Meadows Meadowlands School monitoring station

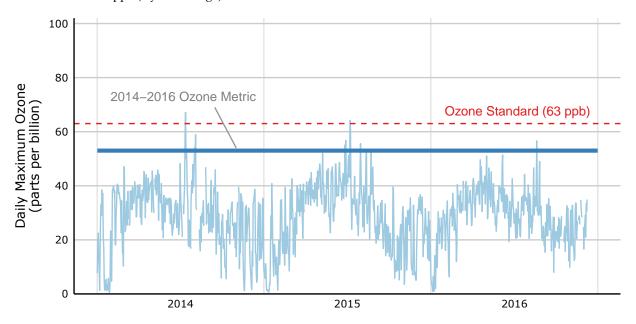
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 47 ppb (3 year average)





Maple Ridge Golden Ears School monitoring station

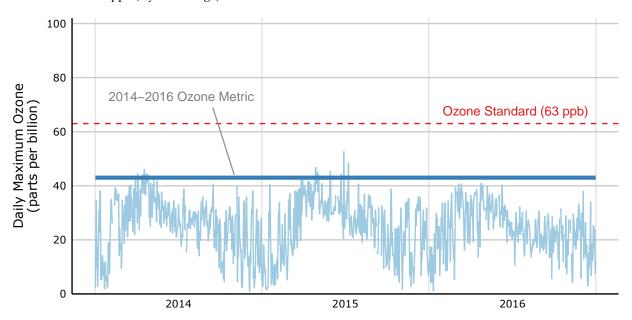
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 53 ppb (3 year average)





Vancouver International Airport #2 monitoring station

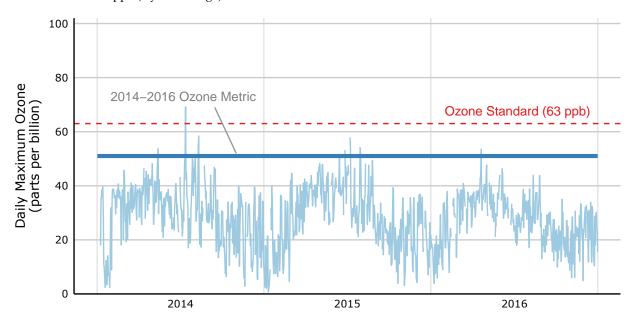
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 43 ppb (3 year average)





Abbotsford Central monitoring station

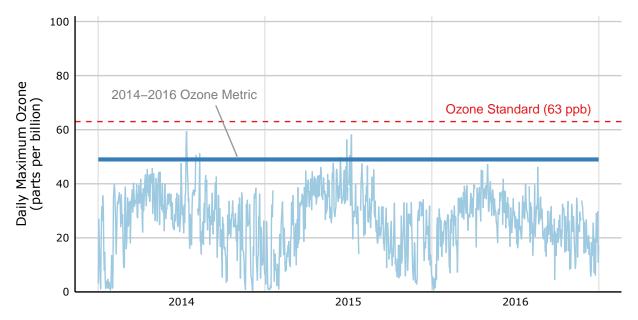
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 51 ppb (3 year average)





Coquitlam Douglas College monitoring station

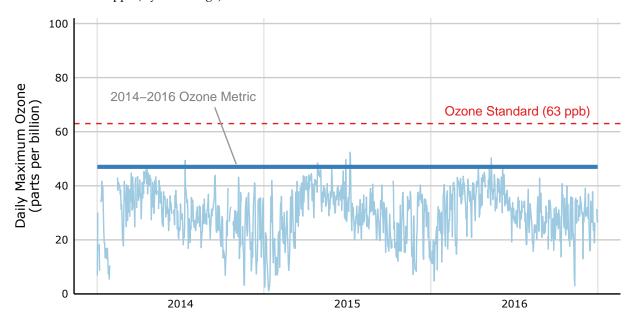
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 49 ppb (3 year average)





Tsawwassen monitoring station

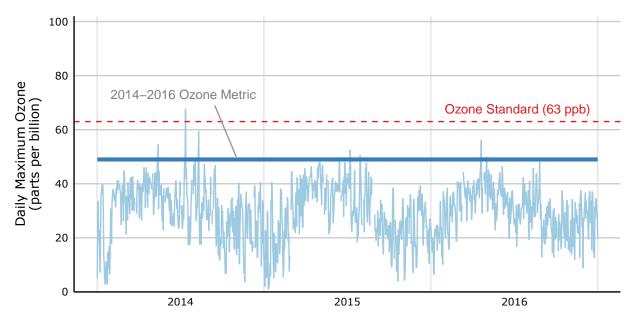
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 47 ppb (3 year average)





Abbotsford A Columbia Street monitoring station

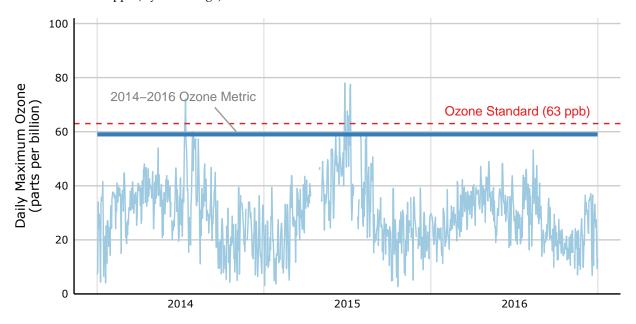
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 49 ppb (3 year average)





Agassiz Municipal Hall monitoring station

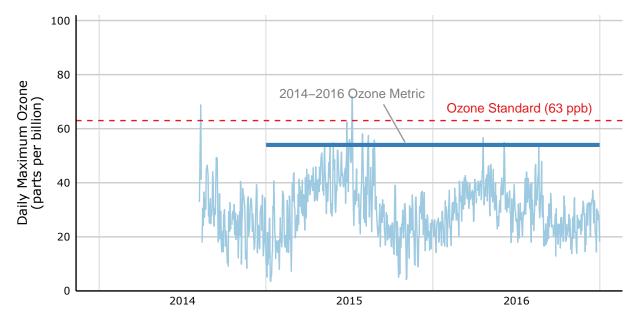
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 59 ppb (3 year average)





Mission School Works Yard monitoring station

Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 54 ppb (2 year average)

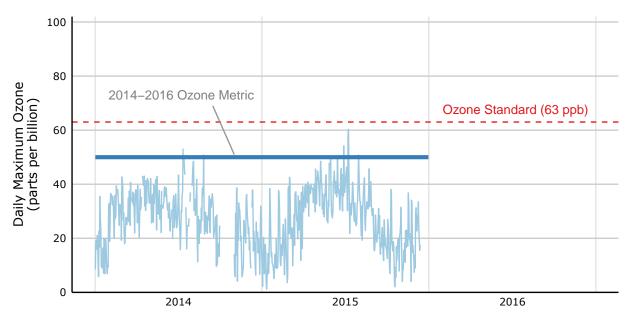




Georgia Strait Air Zone

Squamish Gov't Bldg monitoring station

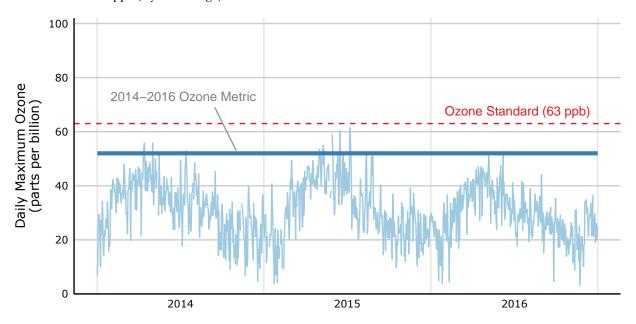
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 50 ppb (2 year average)





Whistler Meadow Park monitoring station

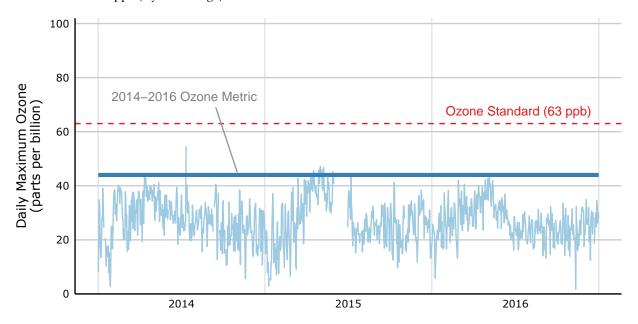
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 52 ppb (3 year average)





Nanaimo Labieux Road monitoring station

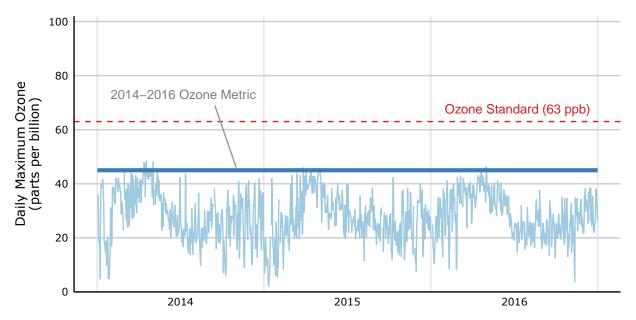
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 44 ppb (3 year average)





Victoria Topaz monitoring station

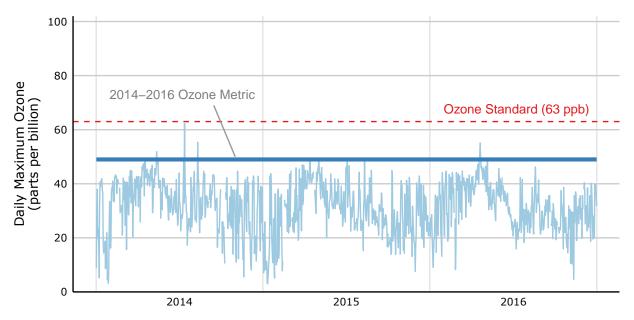
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 45 ppb (3 year average)





Colwood City Hall monitoring station

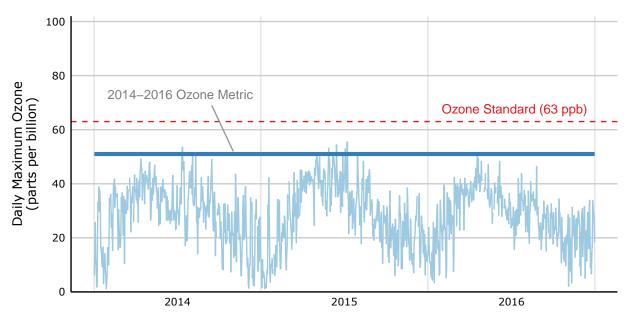
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 49 ppb (3 year average)





Duncan Cairnsmore monitoring station

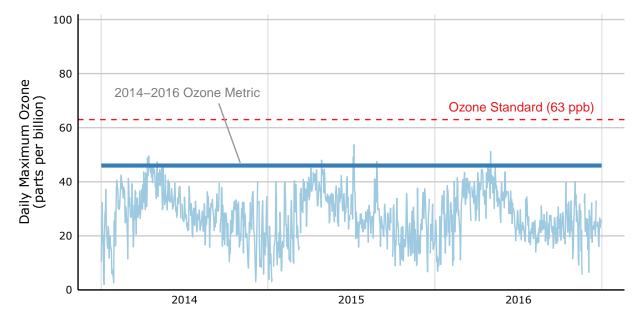
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 51 ppb (3 year average)





Courtenay Elementary School monitoring station

Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 46 ppb (3 year average)

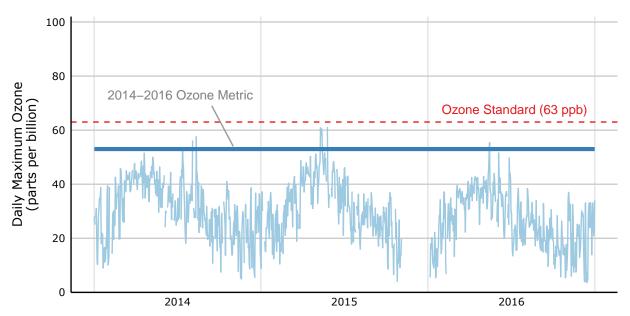




Central Interior Air Zone

Prince George Plaza 400 monitoring station

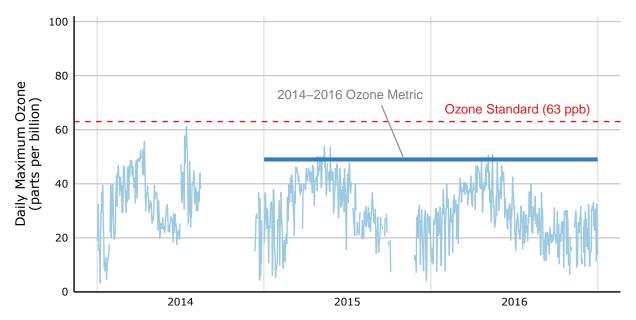
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 53 ppb (3 year average)





Williams Lake Columneetza School monitoring station

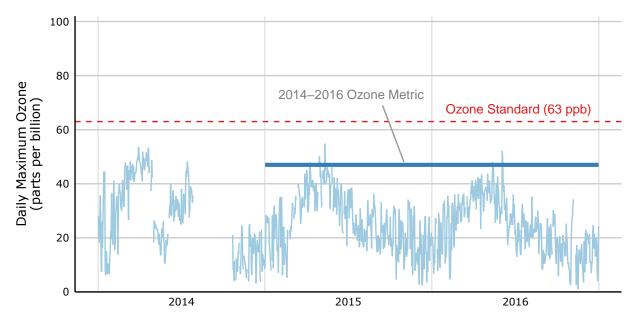
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 49 ppb (2 year average)





Smithers St Josephs monitoring station

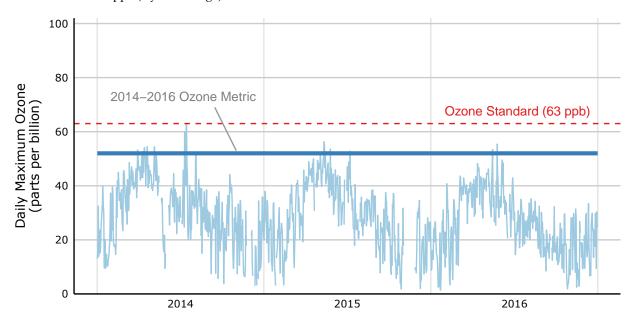
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 47 ppb (2 year average)





Quesnel Senior Secondary monitoring station

Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 52 ppb (3 year average)

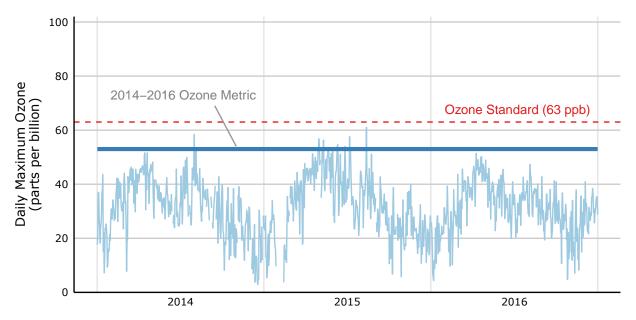




Southern Interior Air Zone

Kelowna College monitoring station

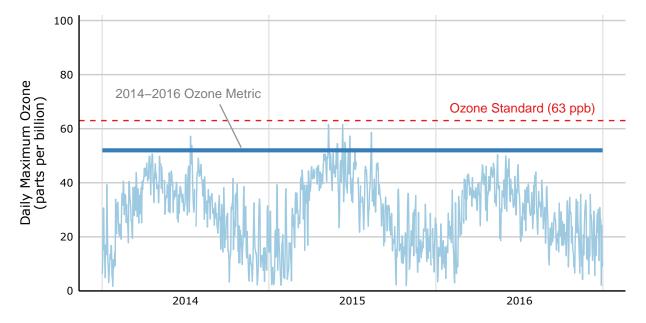
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 53 ppb (3 year average)





Kamloops Federal Building monitoring station

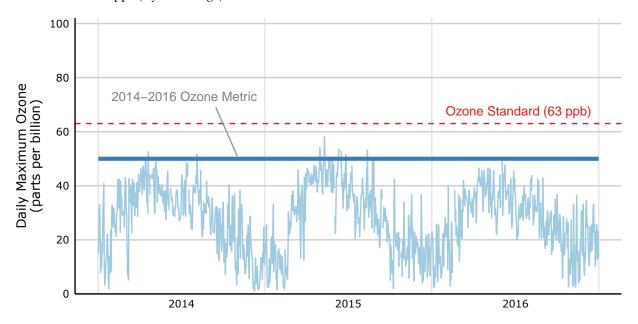
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 52 ppb (3 year average)





Vernon Science Centre monitoring station

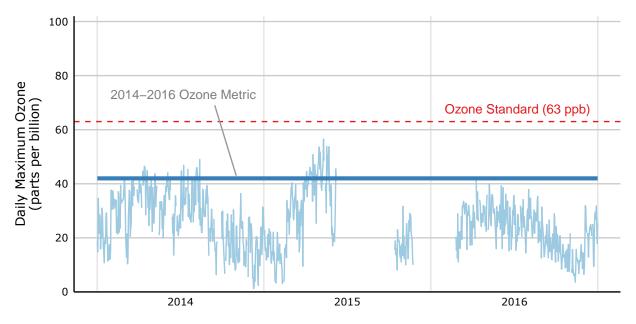
Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 50 ppb (3 year average)





Castlegar Zinio Park monitoring station

Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved Ozone Metric: 42 ppb (2 year average)

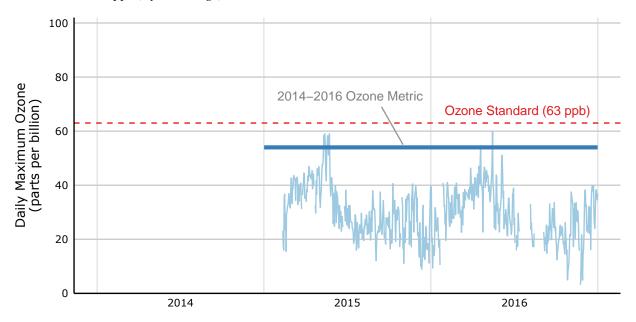




Northeast Air Zone

Fort St John Key Learning Centre monitoring station

Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 54 ppb (2 year average)





Coastal Air Zone

Terrace Skeena Middle School monitoring station

Ozone Air Quality Standard: Achieved **Ozone Metric:** 45 ppb (2 year average)

