

THE FOREST WILL BURN

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IT'S NOT A MATTER OF 'IF' THE FOREST WILL BURN, IT IS 'WHEN' THE FOREST WILL BURN





IN CANADA, FORESTS BURN **REGARDLESS OF** HUMAN **PRESENCE**. ECOLOGICAL **RESEARCH HAS REVEALED THERE** IS A NATURAL **RHYTHM TO THE CYCLE OF FOREST** FIRES.

WE HAVE BUILT OUR TOWNS, CITIES, INDUSTRIES, ROADS, AND CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE IN THE MIDST OF THE FOREST.

WE ARE IN THE PATH OF A NATURAL DESTRUCTIVE CYCLE. IN THE FACE OF OUR CHANGING, CLIMATE, THESE CYCLES ARE BEING AFFECTED IN WAYS WE DON'T YET UNDERSTAND. WE NEED TO PREPARE OUR COMMUNITIES AS BEST WE CAN.



FOREST RESEARCHERS AND SCIENTISTS, INCLUDING, GOVERNMENTS, INDUSTRY AND UNIVERSITIES ARE WORKING WITH VULNERABLE COMMUNITIES TO FIND SOLUTIONS AND DEVELOP STRATEGIES.



WHEN A FOREST BURNS, AN IMMENSE **AMOUNT OF ENERGY** IS RELEASED. **UNCONTROLLED, THIS ENERGY HAS** ENORMOUS DESTRUCTIVE POTENTIAL. IN 2018, FIRES IN BC RELEASED **ENOUGH ENERGY TO POWER ALL OF** CANADA FOR AN ENTIRE YEAR.





CAN HUMAN INGENUITY **ADAPT TO THIS** NATURAL FIRE CYCLE, AND RE-**DIRECT THIS** ENORMOUS ENERGY **POTENTIAL TO** CONSTRUCTIVE ENDS?



THE FOREST WILL **BURN WILL LOOK INTO A BOLD AND INNOVATIVE NEW** STRATEGY, TO BOTH MITIGATE THE DESTRUCTIVE **POWER OF FOREST** FIRES WHILE AT THE SAME TIME HARNESSING THE **ENERGY FOR CONSTRUCTIVE** PURPOSES.



IN BRITISH COLUMBIA, THE ENTIRE LANDBASE HAS BEEN CLASSIFIED INTO BROAD **ECOSYSTEMS CALLED BIO-GEOCLIMATIC** ZONES. THE LANDBASE HAS ALSO BEEN CLASSIFIED BY THE NORMAL CYCLES OF NATURAL DISTURBANCE THAT OCCUR IN EACH AREA. FOR EXAMPLE MUCH OF INTERIOR BC IS CLASSIFIED AS NATURAL DISTURBANCE TYPE 3, OR NDT 3.



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IN THE ECOSYSTEMS OF NDT3, THE NATURAL **DISTURBANCE PATTERN IS CALLED FREQUENT STAND** INITIATING EVENTS. THESE EVENTS TYPICALLY **OCCUR EVERY 100 TO 125** YEARS, OR A SIMILAR INTERVAL. THE **DISTURBANCE IS ALMOST ALWAYS FIRE, OR PERHAPS** A WIDESPREAD MOUNTAIN PINE BEETLE OUTBREAK, WHICH MIGHT BE FOLLOWED A FEW YEARS LATER BY FIRE. A STAND INITIATING FIRE **DESTROYS NEARLY ALL** THE TREES AND RESETS THE NATURAL **CONDITIONS FOR THE** STAND TO REPLACE ITSELF.



NDT 3



IN THIS VIDEO WE VISIT THREE REMOTE FIRST NATIONS COMMUNITIES IN BRITISH COLUMBIA. EACH OF THESE **COMMUNITIES IS OFF-GRID. WHICH MEANS** THAT THEY ARE NOT CONNECTED TO EITHER THE ELECTRICAL **INFRASTRUCTURE GRID** OR THE NATURAL GAS **GRID. THEY ARE ALSO** SURROUNDED BY FOREST, AND ARE THREATENED BY FOREST FIRES BECAUSE OF THE NATURAL DISTURBANCE PATTERNS IN THEIR ECOSYSTEMS.



WE START WITH THE TINY COMMUNITY OF KLUSKUS OF THE LHOOSK'UZ DENE NATION



FIRE STORMS IN THE **AREA THREATENED** THE COMMUNITY IN 2017 AND 2018 WIPING OUT MUCH OF THE SURROUNDING FOREST AND **TERRIFYING THE RESIDENTS AND** FORCING **EVACUATIONS**



THE SCALE OF DESTRUCTION WAS WIDESPREAD





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THE FIRE WAS SO INTENSE IT BURNED AWAY THE SOIL, DESTROYING PLANT AND ANIMAL POPULATIONS, INCLUDING AREAS FOR BERRIES AND TRADITIONAL MEDICINES



TO PROTECT ITSELF, THE COMMUNITY HAS CREATED A FUEL REDUCTION AREA AROUND THE TOWN.



Lhoosk'uz Dene Nation Forest Fire Fuel **Reduction Area &** Firewood Project



REMOVED MATERIAL CREATES FIREWOOD, SAWLOGS FOR A SMALL SAWMILL, AND BIOMASS TO PRODUCE ELECTRICITY THAT WILL REDUCE THE RELIANCE ON TRUCKED-IN DIESEL



Burns Diesel 200 litres / 24 hours Costs Over \$100,000 / year

CLOSED



FPINNOVATIONS AND THE NATIONAL **RESEARCH COUNCIL OF CANADA HAVE PRE-TESTED A COMBINED HEAT AND POWER PLANT** (OR CHP), SO THAT IT WILL REQUIRE MINIMAL **ATTENTION WHILE OPERATING IN A** REMOTE COMMUNITY.



Testing site of combined heat and power plant for Kluskus



THE COMBINATION OF FIRE HAZARD REDUCTION AND USING THE RESULTING BIOMASS TO PRODUCE ENERGY, IS A WIN FOR THE COMMUNITY



Kluskus Natural Disturbance Type 3



NEXT WE VISIT THE ESKETEMC COMMUNITY AT ALKALI LAKE



IT IS IN NATURAL DISTURBANCE TYPE 4 WHICH IS CALLED FREQUENT STAND-MAINTAINING FIRES.



Natural Disturbance Type 4 Frequent Stand Maintaining Fires



PAST FOREST MANAGEMENT AND FIRE SUPPRESSION PRACTISES HAVE LED TO A BUILD UP OF SURFACE BIOMASS, CALLED LADDER FUELS IN THE FOREST UNDERSTOREY.

WHEN FIRE STARTS ON THE GROUND, IT CAN THEN LADDER UP INTO THE TREE TOPS AND CREATE AN OUT-OF-CONTROL CROWN FIRE



THE PEOPLE OF ALKALI LAKE HAVE **UNDERTAKEN THEIR OWN FOREST** MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES, THAT **REFLECT MORE** HISTORICALLY NATURAL, ECOSYSTEM **CONDITIONS.**

THEY PERFORM STAND THINNINGS TO CREATE A MORE OPEN STAND.



THE TREATMENT CREATES BIOMASS.

IT ALSO CREATES JOBS FOR COMMUNITY MEMBERS.



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THE BIOMASS IS CHIPPED FOR USE IN A LOCAL PLANT TO CREATE HEAT.



HEAT FROM THE PLANT IS PIPED UNDERGROUND TO LOCAL BUILDINGS REDUCING THE NEED FOR TRUCKED IN PROPANE.

THE PLANT COST \$4,000,000

AND WILL PAY FOR ITSELF IN 4 -10 YEARS.



Pay for itself 4 - 10 Years



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NEXT WE VISIT THE KWADACHA NATION AT FORT WARE



FORT WARE IS ABOUT 400 KM FROM THE NEAREST TOWN, AND IS IN NATURAL DISTURBANCE TYPE THREE: FREQUENT STAND INITIATING FIRES.

BECAUSE OF DEAD TREES FROM THE MOUNTAIN PINE BEETLE EPIDEMIC, THE FIRE RISK IS HIGH.

Kwadacha First Nation Ft. Ware Natural Disturbance Type 3



BECAUSE OF THIS THREAT OF FIRE, A **TREATMENT REGIME** WAS PRESCRIBED. IT **IS APPROPRIATE** WHERE A NATURAL DISTURBANCE PATTERN OF STAND-INITIATING FIRES, OR CROWN FIRES, **OCCURS EVERY 100** TO 125 YEARS.



THE IDEA IS FOR HAZARD REDUCTION RINGS TO IMITATE THIS NATURAL DISTURBANCE FREQUENCY AND PROVIDE BIOMASS TO PRODUCE ENERGY IN A POWER PLANT.

THE COMMUNITY IS AT THE CENTRE OF THE RINGS. EACH RING IS 2 KM WIDE.

THIS IS WIDE ENOUGH TO SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCE THE CHANCE OF A CATASTROPHIC HIGH INTENSITY FIRE AND IMPROVE SUCCESS IN DETECTION AND SUPPRESSION.

THE INTERFACE ZONE CAN USE A SPECIAL TYPE OF FIRESMART **TREATMENT THAT INVOLVES THINNING** AND PRUNING THE STAND, LIKE WE SAW IN ALKALI LAKE.

THE INNER RING IS **CUT OVER THE** COURSE OF 12 YEARS – IT IS **DIVIDED INTO 12 EQUAL SECTIONS AND ONE SECTION IS** CUT EACH YEAR.

Inner Ring Cut over 12 Years **12 Equal Sections** One cut each year

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EACH YEAR'S HARVEST IS **REPLANTED AFTER CUTTING SO THAT SUPPLY IS** CONTINUAL, AND THE FOREST ALWAYS **GROWS BACK TO** SUPPORT LOCAL PLANT AND ANIMAL SPECIES.

THE INNER RING IS CUT FIRST TO IMMEDIATELY REDUCE THE HAZARD FOR THE TOWN.

THE FIRST AREA CUT IN EACH RING IS IN THE DIRECTION OF THE PREVAILING WINDS.

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THE NEXT RING TO BE CUT IS THE OUTER RING, OVER 40 YEARS, IN ORDER TO REDUCE RISK TO THE GROWING STOCK.

THEN, THE NEXT OUTER-MOST RING IS CUT. THEN THE FINAL RING IS CUT.

ONCE A SECTION IS CUT IT WILL PROVIDE SIGNIFICANT **RESISTANCE TO FIRE DEVELOPMENT UNTIL** AGE 20, AND GOOD **RESISTANCE TO FIRE** TILL AGE 40.

THIS MEANS THAT A 4 **KM WIDTH OF LAND IS HELPING TO REDUCE** THE CHANCE OF A CATASTROPHIC HIGH **INTENSITY FIRE. BECAUSE THE REGROWING TREES ARE SMALL AND HAVE** WIDELY SPACED CROWNS.

<- 4 km ->

Good Up to Significant Age 40 Up to Age 20

ONCE THE LAST RING IS CUT AFTER 100 YEARS, THE FIRST RING WILL BE **READY FOR CUTTING** AGAIN.

IN FORT WARE, DIESEL AND PROPANE ARE TRUCKED IN FOR MORE THAN 400 KM ON SLOW ROADS TO SUPPLY BC HYDRO'S LOCAL ENERGY GRID.

IT IS SUPPLEMENTED BY A BIOMASS-DRIVEN CO-HEAT AND POWER PLANT THAT HAS BEEN IN OPERATION SINCE 2016.

THE BIOMASS PLANT SUPPLIES ELECTRICITY AND HEAT FOR COMMUNITY BUILDINGS

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THE PLANT PROVIDES LOCAL EMPLOYMENT FOR ITS RUNNING AND MAINTENANCE

SCHOOL AND HEATED FROM THE **BIOMASS PLANT.**

THE FIRESMART TREATMENTS REQUIRE LABOUR THAT CREATES JOBS, WHILE PROVIDING PROTECTION FOR THE COMMUNITY, AND BIOMASS TO PRODUCE ENERGY.

LARGE LOGS FROM THE FIRE TREATMENTS ARE MILLED IN THE COMMUNITY SAWMILL. THESE **PROVIDE BOARD** AND BATTEN FOR HOMES, AS WELL AS SPAWNING A **BUSINESS IN BRIDGE** MODS AND OTHER **EXPORT PRODUCTS.**

THE GREENHOUSE GETS HEAT FROM THE BIOMASS PLANT.

FRESH VEGETABLES ARE PROVIDED TO BAND MEMBERS.

SO MUCH IS PRODUCED THAT A NEIGHBOURING FIRST NATION AND LOCAL RESOURCE CAMPS CAN BE SUPPLIED AS WELL.

THE BIOMASS SYSTEM CREATES JOB IN FORESTRY FIRE TREATMENTS, IN SAWMILLING, IN RUNNING THE BIOMASS PLANT, IN THE GREEN HOUSE, AND IN BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION.

THIS STRENGTHENS THE HEALTH AND ECONOMY OF THE WHOLE COMMUNITY.

FOR COMMUNITIES IN THE FOREST, THE THREAT OF FIRE AND DESTRUCTION LOOMS. BUT WITH **PROPER PLANNING** THAT IMITATES NATURAL DISTURBANCE, THE THREAT CAN BE **CONTROLLED AND** THE POWER OF FIRE CAN BRING **OPPORTUNITY, JOBS,** INDEPENDENCE, ENERGY, AND FOOD.

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