

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, LANDS AND PARKS
VANCOUVER ISLAND REGION

QUATSINO SOUND
WATER ALLOCATION PLAN

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Water Management Program's goals are to sustain a healthy water resource through anticipating and planning for water uses. Water Allocation Plans are a means of identifying water demands and ensuring that water use is compatible with the goals of a sustainable environment. The advantages are:

1. Water Management's position on water allocation decisions is available to applicants and public.
2. Response time is reduced.
3. Eliminates the need for individual studies and reports on each application.
4. Consistency of decisions are improved.
5. Specific allocation directions and decisions are defined.
6. Plans are more comprehensive.
7. Eliminates the need for referrals on individual applications.

The Vancouver Island Region developed the following policy to provide water allocation direction:

Regional Policy:

The region shall be subdivided into watershed areas and a water allocation plan shall be prepared for each watershed area. Water licence decisions will be made in accordance with approved plans.

Assessments undertaken as part of the water allocation planning process include identifying the surface water resources available, the instream requirements for fish, the existing and potential licencable water demands and providing direction regarding further water licence allocations.

Input may be sought from other agencies. Referrals go to Federal and Provincial Fisheries agencies and to Water Management in Victoria.

2.0 GENERAL WATERSHED INFORMATION

2.1 Geography

The Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan area (Figure 1) is located on the northwest coast of Vancouver Island. It runs from Quatsino Sound in the south to an area just east of Cape Scott in the north. From the western shoreline the plan area stretches to Washlawlis Hill and Maynard Lake in the east. The watersheds drain into a number of inlets and lakes in the plan area which, in turn, flow through Quatsino Sound into the Pacific.

2.2 Climate

The Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan area is characterized by warm, relatively dry summers and mild wet winters. Climatic normals from Environment Canada Atmospheric Environment Service (AES) stations located throughout the west coast of Vancouver Island are detailed in Appendix A. The average of these stations show August as the warmest month at 14.9°C and January as the coolest at 3.6°C with the mean annual temperature at 9.0°C.

2.3 Geology

Northern Vancouver Island is underlain mainly by Mesozoic volcanic and sedimentary rocks which were intruded, during Jurassic time, by granitic plutons. Surficially, over 70% is covered with colluvium and till. The remainder is comprised of fluvial and fluvio-glacial deposits. The area is undergoing various geological processes which include land slides, snow avalanches, gully erosion, floods, solution of limestone, and earthquakes.

2.4 History

The area of Quatsino Sound was originally inhabited by first nations groups who belong to the Kwakiutl linguistic group. Over time settlers and descendants of First Nation's people have developed small communities throughout the plan area.

The largest community in the plan area is Port Alice, a small logging and mill community with a population approximately 1300 people. The community was created in 1916 when 60 acres were cleared for a pulp mill and townsite. In the mid 1960's the community was relocated several kilometers north to Rumble Beach.

Further north two attempts were made by Danish pioneers to establish a settlement at Hansen Lagoon near Cape Scott at the turn of the century. After several years the settlements were abandoned due to the harsh weather conditions, distance from markets, and lack of suitable access routes. Today the area is a provincial park with only a few remnants of the past settlements remaining.

At Quatsino, Norwegian immigrant settlements started around 1895 with the intent to establish communities based on agriculture. However, it was found to be impractical and so they turned to fishing, logging, prospecting, mining, trade, and commerce. Prior to World War II the population had grown to approximately 300. Today the population is about 100.

Throughout the plan area tourism has increasingly become an important economic input. The area offers swimming, canoeing, fishing, hiking, caving, diving, whale watching, mountain climbing, camping, kayaking and so on.

2.5 Significant Drainage Areas

Several drainage areas were reviewed in this report for the purpose of assessing water supplies. These areas were digitized using 1:50 000 and 1:250 000 NTS maps. The following table and Figure 2 illustrate these drainage areas.

| Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan Significant Drainage Areas | |
|--|------------------------------|
| Drainage | Area (km²) |
| Benson River | 228.0 |
| Koprino River | 57.6 |
| Mahatta Creek | 119.2 |

Figure 1
Quatsino Sound
Water Allocation Plan Area



Figure 1: Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan

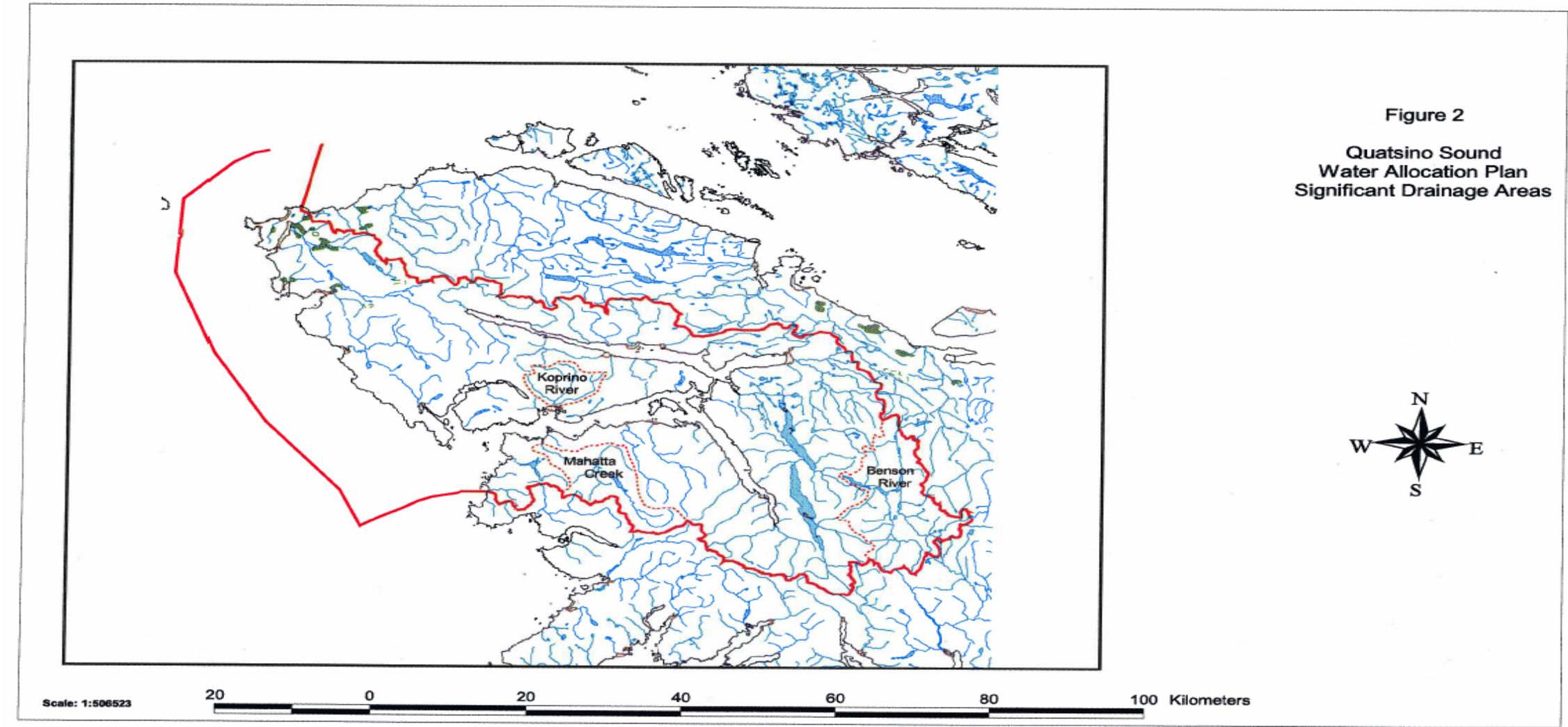


Figure 2: Significant Drainage Areas

3.0 HYDROLOGY

3.1 Precipitation

The average of the mean monthly precipitation normals from Bamfield East, Kildonan, Tahsis, Estevan Point, Kyuquot, Tofino, Amphitrite Point, Gold River Townsite, Cape Scott, Port Alice, and Holberg Fire Dept. Atmospheric Environment Service (AES) stations are documented in Appendix A. These stations were used to indicate overall climatic conditions for the west coast of Vancouver Island from an area around Alberni Inlet to Cape Scott. The following graph illustrates these precipitation averages.

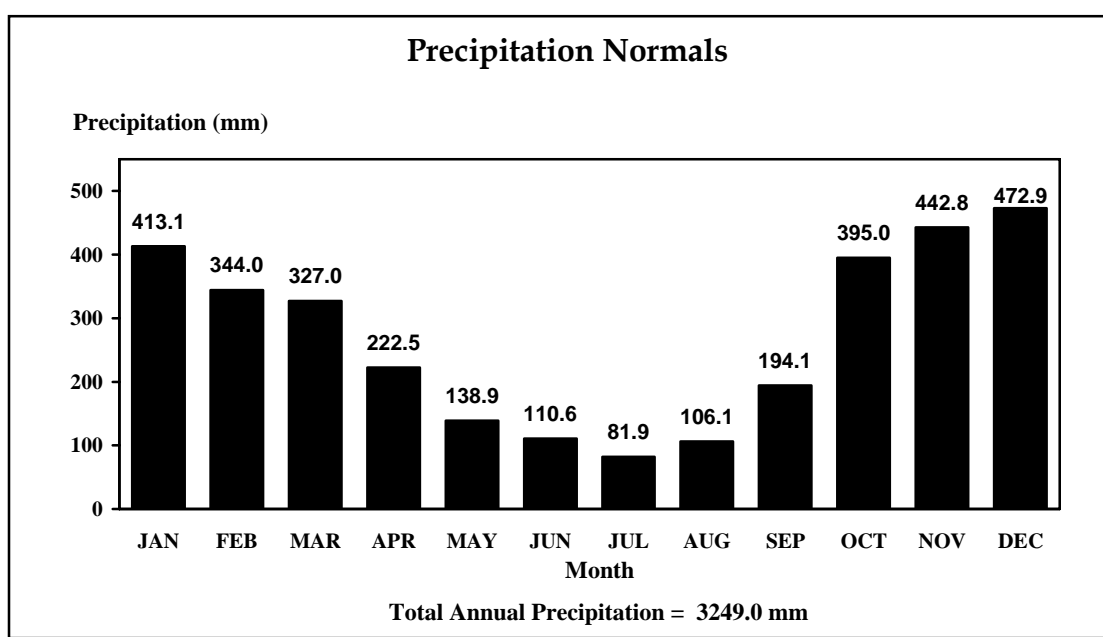


Figure 3: Precipitation Normals

The total annual precipitation in the region is 3249.0 mm. This precipitation is unevenly distributed throughout the year. As illustrated in Figure 3, precipitation levels are low during the summer months and higher throughout the winter. The minimum mean monthly precipitation is 81.9 mm in July. The maximum mean monthly precipitation is 472.9 mm in December. The average number of days with measurable precipitation is 209.

Precipitation information used in this report is based upon data available at the time of writing. A number of new stations on the west coast are anticipated to provide site specific information useful for future revisions of the Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan.

3.2 Hydrometric Information

The hydrology of the Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan area is similar to hydrologic patterns along the west coast of Vancouver Island. Two hydrologic scenarios have been established. Smaller, low elevation drainages tend to have higher peak flows and smaller low flows relative to their overall discharge volumes. Larger, high elevation drainages, while having similar discharge trends, have higher low flows and smaller peak flows relative to their overall discharge volumes. Appendix B and C describe, in further detail, how mean monthly and mean annual discharge estimates are derived.

3.2.1 Benson River Drainage

The estimated drainage area of Benson River at the outlet of Kathleen Lake determined by Environment Canada-Water Survey of Canada is 228.0 km².

Benson River flows are based on WSC hydrometric station 08HE003, noted in Appendix C. The mean monthly and mean annual discharge flows are in the following table.

| Benson River Mean Monthly and Mean Annual Discharge (litres/second) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | MAD |
| 25900 | 28200 | 25000 | 22000 | 21000 | 16100 | 8350 | 4430 | 6880 | 23400 | 26500 | 41200 | 19900 |

3.2.2 Koprino River Drainage

The estimated drainage area of Koprino River where it flows into salt water (Quatsino Sound) at the mouth is 57.6 km².

Koprino River flow estimates are based on Small, Low Elevation Watershed-Discharge Runoff per Square Kilometre averages found in Appendix B. The mean monthly and mean annual discharge flow estimates are in the following table.

| Koprino River Mean Monthly and Mean Annual Discharge (litres/second) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|------|-------|-------|------|
| Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | MAD |
| 10426 | 9504 | 7315 | 5875 | 2765 | 1958 | 979 | 1152 | 1843 | 7546 | 11578 | 11405 | 6221 |

3.2.3 Mahatta Creek Drainage

The estimated drainage area of Mahatta Creek where it flows into the salt water (Koskimo Bay) at the mouth is 119.2 km².

Mahatta Creek flow estimates are based on Large, High Elevation Watershed-Discharge Runoff per Square Kilometre averages found in Appendix B. The mean monthly and mean annual discharge flow estimates are in the following table.

| Mahatta Creek Mean Monthly and Mean Annual Discharge (litres/second) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | MAD |
| 19191 | 17642 | 12278 | 13350 | 14304 | 11801 | 6318 | 4410 | 5841 | 17880 | 21337 | 21456 | 13470 |

3.2.4 Other Drainages

Flow in other drainages not identified above may be calculated from the average Larger, High or Smaller, Low Elevation Watershed-Discharge Runoff per Square Kilometre tables, noted in Appendix B, and multiplied by the drainage area.

3.3 Lakes

The following table summarizes the available data on lakes within the Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan area.

| Lakes | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Lake | Surface Area (ha) | Mean Depth (m) | Maximum Depth (m) | Volume (dam³) |
| Alice | 1084.2 | 30.9 | 71.3 | 335 000 |
| Angler | 11.3 | 7.3 | 16.8 | 817 |
| Beaver | 17.4 | 4.9 | 13.0 | 850 |
| Benson | 76.9 | 26.9 | 54.9 | 20 700 |
| Brink | 35.7 | - | - | - |
| Colony | 65.5 | 9.6 | 27.0 | 6280 |
| D | 2.2 | 3.9 | 10.0 | 86 |
| Iron | 19.6 | 7.5 | 21.0 | 1460 |
| Kathleen | 127.0 | 28.2 | 60.0 | 35 918 |
| Le Mare | 108.0 | - | - | - |
| Maynard | 83.8 | - | - | - |
| Sara | 50.2 | 12.6 | 34.7 | 6350 |
| Three Isle | 37.6 | 5.6 | 11.0 | 2140 |
| Victoria | 1575.9 | 43.3 | 109.7 | 682 365 |

During the summer months approximately 0.3 m (1 ft) of water may be lost over the surface of a water body due to evaporation.

4.0 INSTREAM FLOW REQUIREMENTS

Maintaining the natural stream environment and instream uses are of paramount importance for present and future generations. Maintaining water for the fisheries resource is a key factor in maintaining instream flow requirements for water quality, wildlife, recreational, aesthetic and cultural values. Where instream flow for the fisheries resource is not a factor, economic and environmental concerns are to be considered. These considerations may be addressed on an individual basis based on water availability assessed against the natural 7-day average low flow for a 1 in 5 year recurrence interval.

The Ministry of Environment Provincial policy is:

Water allocations shall not be committed beyond the resource capability to replenish itself and maintain the natural amenities for present and future generations. Water allocations must be based upon reasonable expectations that water will be available for the period required without significantly impacting existing allocations or instream flow requirements.

In situations where a water allocation decision will significantly impact instream uses of water, the comptroller or regional water manager may refuse the application or include water licence conditions to protect the instream use.

Instream fisheries flow requirements are based on a Provincially modified version of the Tennant (Montana) Method. The following table outlines the modified version used within the Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan area.

| Modified Tennant (Montana) Method Instream Flow Requirements | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Flows | Description |
| 30-60% MAD | Excellent spawning/rearing |
| 20-30% MAD | Good spawning/rearing |
| 10-20% MAD | Fair spawning/rearing |
| 5-10% MAD | Poor spawning/rearing |
| >5% MAD | Severely degraded spawning/rearing |

In drainages where fish are present the minimum flow required to sustain the fisheries resource for fair spawning and rearing habitat is 10% of the Mean Annual Discharge (MAD). The Regional policies to implement Provincial policy are:

The minimum flow required to sustain the fisheries resources for spawning and rearing is 10% of the Mean Annual Discharge (MAD)

unless a more rigorous analysis indicates a different minimum flow requirement.

For streams where the natural mean monthly flow falls below 10% of the MAD, extractive licenced demands should only be allowed for the period of months when the mean monthly flow is above 60% of the MAD.

For streams where the mean 7-day average low flow falls below 10% of the MAD, extractive demands should only be allowed for the period of months when the mean monthly flow is above 60% of the MAD. Where the mean 7-day average low flow remains above 10%, then the 7-day low flow amount above 10% MAD is available.

Withdrawals from natural water bodies (lakes, ponds, swamps and marshes) supporting natural fisheries resources shall not reduce the shoal area more than 10%.

Within the Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan area large, high elevation watersheds have mean monthly flows >20% MAD. Small, low elevation watersheds have monthly flows during the low flow period between 10% and 20% MAD. The 7-day average low flows are <10% MAD. Therefore, water may be available from large, high elevation watersheds throughout the year in varying monthly quantities, while small, low elevation watersheds are limited to the high flow period above 60% MAD, October through April.

In order to determine fish presence in various streams information can be gathered from a database located on the internet through the Fisheries Information Summary System (FISS) fish distribution for waterbody(ies). The location on the internet is at the following URL address:

<http://www.elp.gov.bc.ca/fsh/ids/dman/FISS/fishdist.htm>

If access to the internet is not an option or the information required is not found on the web site, then either the Department of Fisheries and Oceans or the Provincial Ministry of Fisheries may have the information. Within the Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks Arlene Tompkins or Tracey Michalski (east coast of Vancouver Island) may be of further assistance.

4.1 Benson River Instream Requirements

There are fish present in the Benson River drainage area.

Figure 4 illustrates that the estimated mean monthly flows in Benson River at the outlet of Kathleen Lake do not fall below 20% MAD (3980 l/s). This allows for extractive use of water throughout the year. The amount of water available in months where the discharge is above 60% MAD (11 940 l/s), October to June, is 319 635 dam³. For months where the discharge is less than 60% MAD, July to September, the water that may be considered for licencing is the difference between the minimum mean monthly flow and 10% MAD. Water available from this low flow period is 19 395 dam³. The estimated volume of water available for extractive demands, therefore, is 339 030 dam³.

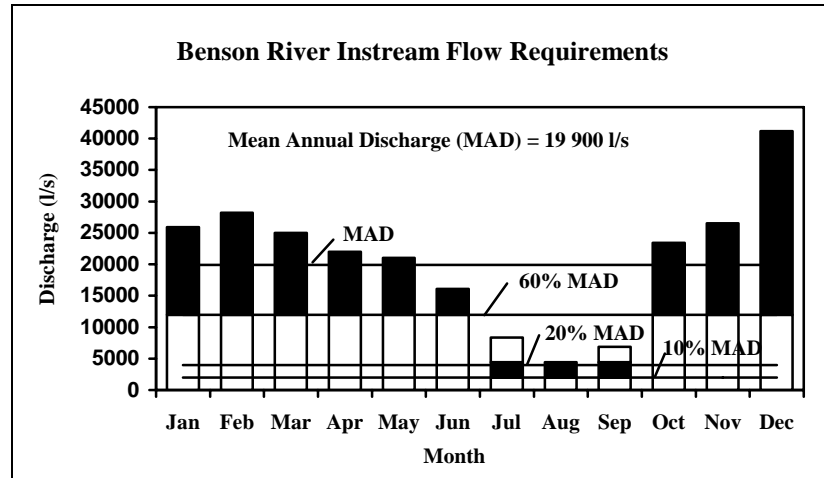


Figure 4: Benson River Instream Flow Requirements

4.2 Koprino River Instream Requirements

There are fish present in the Koprino River drainage area.

Figure 5 illustrates that the estimated mean monthly flows in Koprino River are between 10% and 20% of the MAD for the month of July and August. However, the mean 7-day average low flow is below 10% MAD. The mean monthly flows are less than 60% MAD for May through September. Water is

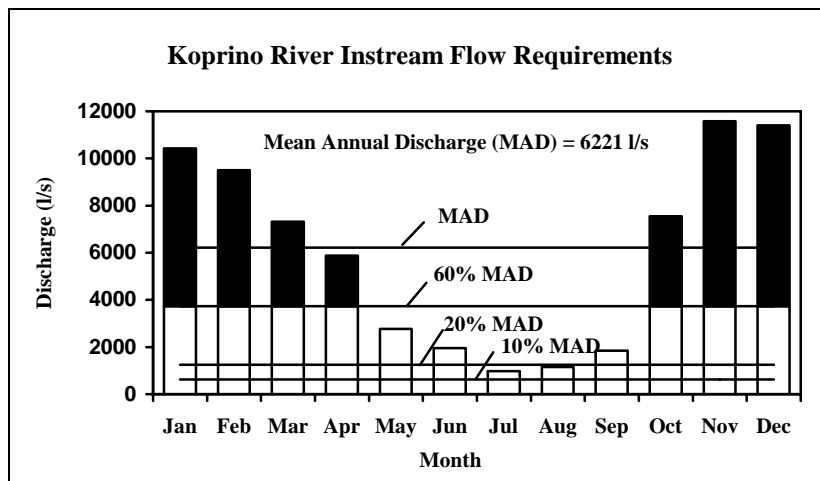


Figure 5: Koprino River Instream Flow Requirements

only available for extractive use during months when the mean monthly discharge is greater than 60% MAD (3732 l/s).

Therefore, no water is available for extractive demands during the May through September low flow period. Water is only available from Koprino River during the months of October through April. The estimated volume of water available for this period is 98 136 dam³.

4.3 Mahatta River Instream Requirements

There are fish present in the Mahatta River drainage area.

Figure 6 illustrates that the estimated mean monthly flows in Mahatta River do not fall below 20% MAD (2694 l/s). This allows for extractive use of water throughout the year. The amount of water available in months where the discharge is above 60% MAD (8082 l/s), October to June, is 200 505 dam³.

For months where the discharge is less than 60% MAD, July to September, the water that may be considered for licencing is the difference between the minimum mean monthly flow and 10% MAD. Water available from this low flow period is 24 351 dam³. The estimated volume of water available for extractive demands, therefore, is 224 855 dam³.

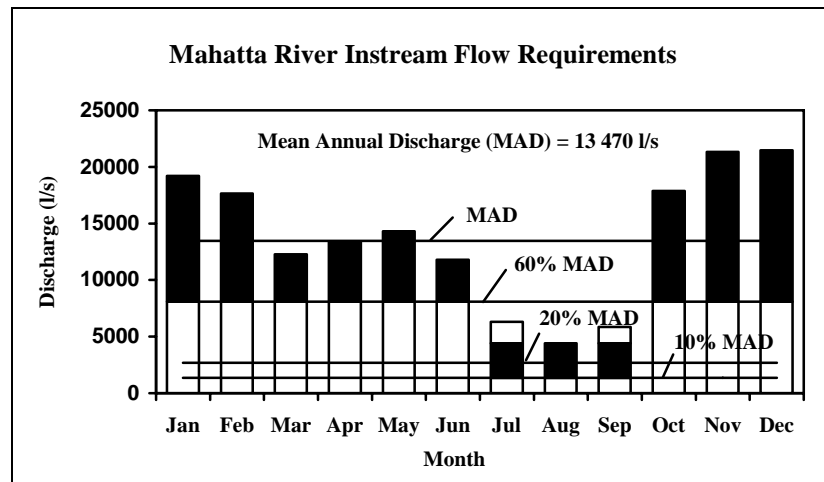


Figure 6: Mahatta River Instream Flow Requirements

4.4 Other Drainages

Various other drainages not identified above may support fish populations. Where fish are identified, water will only be available from those drainages based upon hydrometric measurements or calculated as described in Appendix B.

5.0 WATER DEMAND

5.1 Licenced Demand

There are 53 water licences currently (July 1998) within the Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan area. Figure 7 illustrates the number of water licences issued for each purpose for the water within the plan area. The largest number of water licences support domestic demands (25 water licences). There are 15 water licences for industrial, 5 for storage, 4 for waterworks, 2 for power, 1 for irrigation and 1 for conservation purposes. The 15 licences for industrial purposes include 7 for processing, 2 for fire protection, 2 for ponds, 1 for institution, 1 for mining processing ore, 1 for pulp mill, and 1 for watering.

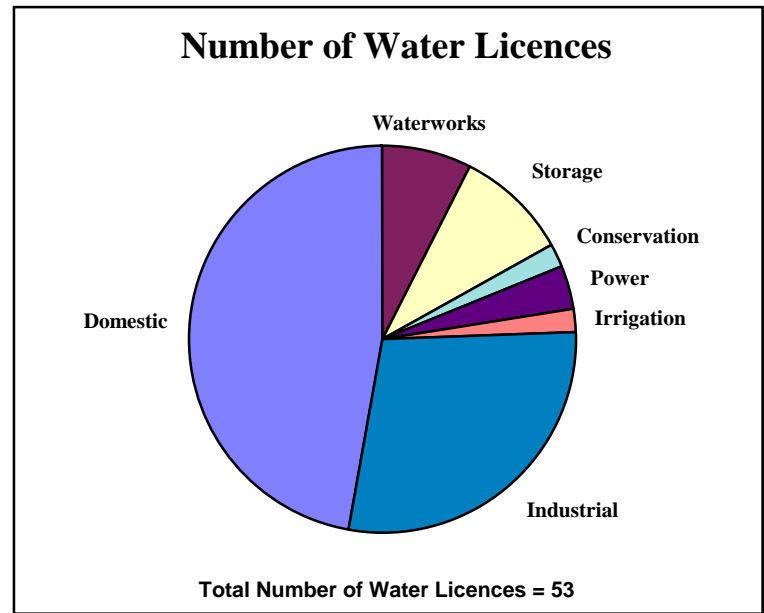


Figure 7: Number of Water Licences

Of greater significance is the estimated average annual licenced water demand and low flow water demand. The total estimated average annual licenced water demand for the plan area is 334 605.9 dam³. Figure 8 illustrates the estimated average annual licenced water demand for each purpose under which water licences have been issued within the plan area.

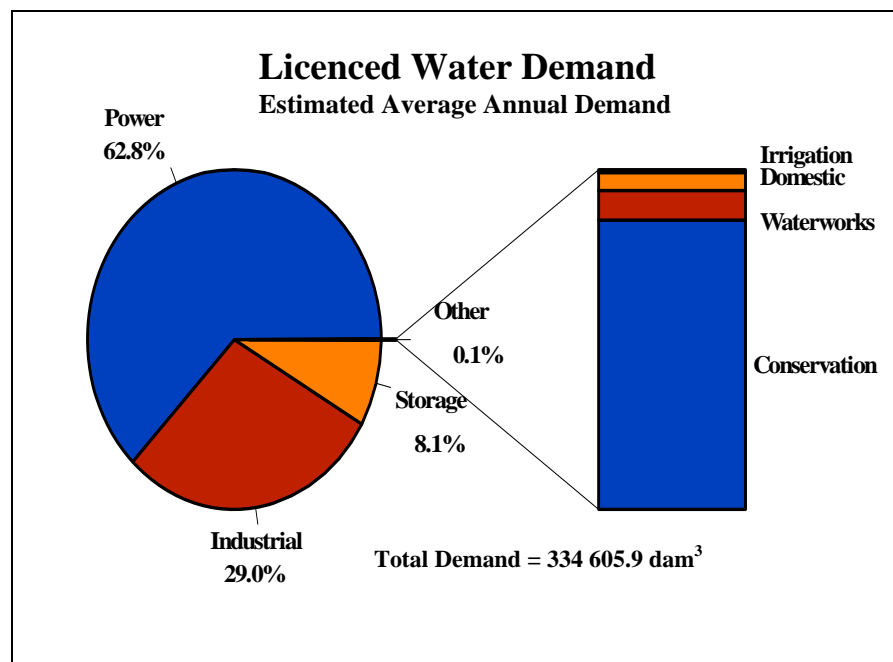


Figure 8: Licensed Water Demand

Power is the largest water demand (62.8%) in the plan area. The second

and third largest annual water demands are industrial (29.0%) and storage (8.1%). Conservation (0.1%), waterworks (0.01%), domestic (0.006%), and irrigation (0.001%) demands account for 0.12%.

Annual licenced water demands within the Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan area are detailed in Appendix D and summarized in the following table.

| Estimated Average Annual Licenced Water Demand | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Purpose | Number of Licences | Quantity Licenced | Annual Demand (dam³) |
| Conservation | 1 | 0.59 cfs | 349.59 |
| Industrial | | | |
| Fire Protection | 2 | 3000 gpd | 4.98 |
| Institution | 1 | 1000 gpd | 0.83 |
| Mining Processing Ore | 1 | 4320 000 gpd | 7173.04 |
| Ponds | 1 | 1.9 acft 0.2 cfs | 181.09 |
| Processing | 7 | 105 500 gpd | 175.17 |
| Pulp Mill | 1 | 100 cfs | 89 371.12 |
| Watering | 1 | 10 acft | 12.34 |
| Waterworks | 4 | 43 000 gpd | 35.70 |
| Irrigation | 1 | 3 acft | 3.70 |
| Power | 2 | 235 cfs | 210 022.14 |
| Storage | 5 | 22 086.33 acft | 27 254.53 |
| Domestic | 25 | 26 100 gpd | 21.67 |

* Assumes that domestic and waterworks are the authorized maximum daily licenced amount divided by 2 to estimate the average daily demand, then multiplied by 365.25 days to determine the annual demand. Storage, power, irrigation, industrial and conservation represent total annual licenced volumes.

5.2 Projected Demand

There are 14 water licence applications pending as of July 1998. The potential annual water demand and the purposes of these applications are detailed in Appendix E and summarized in the following table.

| Water Licence Applications | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| Purpose | Number of Licences | Quantity Licenced | Annual Demand (dam ³)* |
| Conservation | 1 | 20 cfs | 11 899.51 |
| Domestic | 5 | 3000 gpd | 2.49 |
| Industrial | | | |
| Fish Hatchery | 1 | 0.75 cfs | 670.28 |
| Mining Processing Ore | 1 | 57 600 gpd | 95.64 |
| Ponds | 2 | 5 cfs | 4468.56 |
| Irrigation | 1 | 1 acft | 1.23 |
| Power | 2 | 9001 kW | ** |
| Storage (Power) | 1 | 75 000 acft | 92 550.00 |

* Assumes that domestic and waterworks are the authorized maximum daily licenced amount divided by 2 to estimate the average daily demand, then multiplied by 365.25 days to determine the annual demand. Industrial, power, storage, conservation, and irrigation represent total annual licenced volumes.

**Demand will be clarified subject to licencing approval.

Future water demands are anticipated to be similar to existing licenced water demands. Waterworks, domestic, industrial, irrigation and land improvement licences will increase in number as the population of the plan area expands. Conservation purpose demands will increase as conservation groups and fish agencies attempt to preserve and protect wildlife and fish habitat.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan area is sparsely populated. Most people live in either small First Nation communities or in the towns of Port Alice, Holberg, or Winter Harbour.

Hydrometric watercourse flow information has been generalized for the west coast of Vancouver Island. As more hydrometric stations are established, specific watercourse flow measurements will become available. Based upon current information, watercourse flow estimates have been extrapolated for the west coast extending over four water allocation plan areas. For larger, high elevation watersheds the low flow period occurs from July - September; for smaller, low elevation watersheds the low flow period occurs from May - September.

The flows in the larger, high elevation drainages do not fall below 20% MAD throughout the year. Water during the low flow period, therefore, may be available for extractive use, subject to licencing approval.

Smaller, low elevation drainages fall between 10% and 20% MAD during the low flow period. The 7-day average low flow falls below 10% MAD. Water during the low flow period, therefore, may not be available for extractive use.

Fisheries maps of the plan area show several drainages supporting fish and fish habitat. Although not all drainages show the presence of fish it is important to note that a watercourse could support fish and fish habitat now or in the future. Therefore, water extraction from these drainages during the low flow period may be limiting to instream fish habitat and fish production. The high flow periods, when water is greater than 60% MAD, have considerable amounts of water available for storage. In turn, this water can be used to meet a licensee's demands during the low flow period.

Where instream flow for the fisheries resource is not a factor economic and environmental concerns are to be considered. These considerations may be addressed on an individual basis based on water availability assessed using the natural 7-day average low flow for a 1 in 5 year recurrence interval.

The licenced water demand within the Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan area consists of conservation, industrial, waterworks, irrigation, domestic, and storage purposes.

The following table summarizes the water available for the identified significant drainage areas, exclusive of existing licenced water demand.

| Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan - Water Availability | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Drainages | Drainage Area (km²) | Water Volume Available (dam³) | |
| | | High Flow Period* | Low Flow Period** |
| Benson River | 228.0 | 319 635 | 19 395 |
| Koprino River | 57.6 | 98 136 | 0 |
| Mahatta Creek | 119.2 | 200 505 | 24 351 |

*High Flow Period is the total volume of water available for storage and use above 60% MAD. For smaller, low elevation drainages the high flow period is from October-April. Larger, high elevation drainages have high flow periods from October-June.

**Low Flow Period is when the mean monthly discharge falls below 60% MAD. For smaller, low elevation drainages there is no water available during the low flow period, May-September. Larger, high elevation drainages have low flow periods from July-September. The total volume of water available for larger drainages during the low flow period is the amount between 10% MAD and the minimum mean monthly flow above 20% MAD.

Fish and debris screens are part of good intake design and shall be required on all intake or diversion works within identified fish habitat areas. Fish passage provisions for both juvenile and adult fish will be required on all storage dams or diversion works constructed on sources frequented by fish. Appendix F contains information on fish screening requirements. Instream works are to be constructed only during the period specified by the fisheries agencies to minimize impacts on fish resources.

6.1 Domestic

A domestic water licence shall be 2273 litres/day (500 gpd) for each rural dwelling as indicated on the plan attached to the water licence application. This amount will allow for the maintenance of 0.10 hectares (0.25 acres) of garden area associated with the dwelling. It is not appropriate, where the primary source of domestic water supply is insufficient, to issue additional water licences for the maintenance of green lawns and gardens.

Domestic water licences shall not be issued to provide evidence to subdivision approval authorities of an “adequate potable water supply” for subdivision development. Residential land subdivisions shall be encouraged to connect to existing community water supply systems.

To ensure an adequate domestic water supply for household uses, applicants should be prepared to develop storage or to use naturally stored water from lakes or marshes. For the average daily demand of 1136.5 litres/day (250 gpd) for a four month period (June - September; 122 days) a volume of 0.139 dam³ (4900 ft³) is required. This requires a reservoir or dugout approximately 8 m (26 ft) long by 5.5 m (18 ft) wide, with an average depth of 3.5 m (11.5 ft), allowing 0.3 m (1 ft) for evaporation loss over the surface of the reservoir.

Dimple springs or springs that are not directly connected by a surface channel to a stream may not require supporting storage if the spring can supply at least 2273 litres/day (500 gpd) during the months of May through September. The applicant shall provide adequate pump tests and measurements during this period to determine the safe flow yield. Multiple domestic water licences on a spring will only be allowed if the applicant can provide assurances that adequate water is available by determining the safe flow yield near the end of the low flow period (i.e. pump test in August or September) and by satisfying any written concerns and objections of any existing water licencees. Springs with a surface channel connecting to a stream should be prepared to develop storage.

A water licence for domestic use shall not be issued to a residence within a community water supply area unless written leave to do so is obtained from the community water supply agency.

Measuring or regulating (i.e. metering) is not usually necessary with domestic water usage. An adequate screen shall be installed on the intake to prevent fish or debris from entering the works.

6.2 Waterworks

Waterworks purpose in the Water Act is the carriage or supply of water by a municipality, improvement district, regional district or private utility for the purpose of providing water to a residential area.

Applicants for a waterworks licence shall be required to assess the supply for a ten year projected demand and provide evidence that the projected demand is not excessive in comparison with adjoining community demands, that water conservation is being promoted (i.e. residential meters, pricing practices, education), and that adequate system balancing storage (i.e. volume difference between maximum hour and maximum daily demands) will be constructed or is available for peak hour demands.

Water utilities, pursuant to the Water Utilities Act, will also have to provide evidence that the appropriate requirements for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity (CPCN) have been met and a CPCN will be obtained.

Licensed allocations will be limited to a 10 year projected demand except where the applicant can provide satisfactory evidence that a longer projection period is required (i.e. because the cost of construction of works must be amortized over a period).

The licensee shall be required to meter and record the water diverted from the source stream.

The licensee shall be required to treat the water supply in accordance with the Ministry of Health requirements.

Waterworks licences in smaller, low elevation drainages will require storage to support demand. Waterworks licences in larger, high elevations drainages may not require storage to support demand.

Storage and diversion structures must be capable of maintaining or improving existing low flows during the low flow period and maintaining fish passage where required.

6.3 Irrigation

The soil type, crop rooting depth, and climatic characteristics determine the water requirements for irrigation. The irrigation demands for different crops and their rooting depths along with the water availability coefficient are classified into two categories, shallow (0.5 m) and deep (1.0 m) effective rooting depths. The available water storage capacity (AWSC) can be estimated for shallow and deep root zone depth for the soil types present within the plan area.

If the applicant for a water licence can provide more specific soil assessment and irrigation requirement information for a given area, that soil assessment and irrigation requirement may be used to assess irrigation demands.

Irrigation gun or flood irrigation systems may require greater irrigation quantities and should be discouraged. In the case where irrigation gun or flood irrigation practices are to be used suitable meters shall be installed and water withdrawals limited to the equivalent annual irrigation requirements for sprinkler systems. As the equivalent annual irrigation water requirements for sprinkler systems may not be adequate to sustain crops using these less efficient methods of irrigation, the applicant may be required to reduce crops, limit the acreage irrigated or convert to a more efficient irrigation system. Trickle irrigation can reduce water requirements by 35% and should be encouraged where practical.

Irrigation water demands in smaller, low elevation drainages must be supported by off-stream storage development. Storage required to support irrigation demands is the total required amount as per crop and soils, plus an additional allowance for evaporation and other losses from the storage reservoir. Diversion into storage will be authorized for the period that the mean monthly flows are above 60% MAD. Irrigation water demands in larger, high elevation drainages may not require storage to support demand.

The maximum allowable rate of withdrawal shall not exceed 47.2 litres per minute per hectare (4.2 imperial gallons per minute per acre) of land to be irrigated. Irrigators are encouraged to employ good agricultural practices (field size, system selection and farm management) to conserve water. The authorized period of use for irrigation shall be from April 1 to September 30.

As noted above, all intake works in fish bearing waters shall be screened to prevent fish and debris from entering the intake.

6.4 Industrial

Industrial water licences and water licence applications within the plan area are demands associated with fire protection, institution, mining, ponds, processing, pulp mill, watering, and fish hatcheries.

Commercial fish hatcheries and/or rearing purposes shall require an industrial water licence. Use of water by government and non-profit organizations will be licenced as conservation purpose. Information on fish species and size, water temperature requirements, and operating methods will be required in support of an application for water licence. Fish Farm and Waste Management Permits will also be required. Offstream storage is required for fish ponds associated with commercial fish farming.

Golf course watering is essentially an irrigation water demand except that the watering is not limited to the irrigation period of April to September. The quantity of water required should be determined as previously stated in the irrigation section. Except for the period of water withdrawal, which shall be the whole year, the same requirements and conditions as irrigation demands shall apply. Water demands in smaller, low elevation drainages will require offstream storage. Water demands in larger, high elevation

drainages may not require offstream storage. Diversion into storage will be authorized for the period that the mean monthly flows are above 60% MAD.

Cattle or livestock watering requiring more than 450 litres/day (100 gpd) are to be considered an Industrial (Agricultural/Stockwatering) demand. Cattle or livestock requiring 450 litres/day (100 gpd) or less will be considered a Domestic (Livestock) demand. Estimated amounts of water required for livestock watering demands are listed in the following table.

| Recommended Livestock Water Requirements | | |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Livestock | Water Requirements | |
| | litres/day | gallons/day |
| Cattle (beef) per animal | 45 | 10 |
| Cattle (dairy) per animal | 132 | 29 |
| Chickens per 100 animals | 27 | 6 |
| Turkeys per 100 animals | 55 | 12 |

Industrial demands related to commercial and resort development should be handled similar to multiple domestic demands with the same requirements.

6.5 Storage

Storage purpose is the impoundment of water, either onstream or offstream in a dugout or behind a dam. In the event that a large storage development to support a major water demand (i.e. hydro power, pulp and paper, community works) is proposed a more specific supply versus demand and environmental impact assessment will be required.

The storage quantity required to support the smaller water demands of domestic, industrial and irrigation uses shall be the low flow period volume of the water demand plus an additional allowance of 0.3 m (1 ft) depth over the surface area of the storage reservoir for evaporation and other losses. Offstream storage in a dugout will be required for these demands in most cases. Storage in swamps or natural depressions may be considered where fish and wildlife are not adversely impacted or where the natural habitat is enhanced.

The water licence applicant will be required to complete an adequate report form entitled "Schedule 2 - Dam & Reservoir Information". If the required report is not provided the application will be refused.

Diversion of water into offstream storage in smaller, low elevation drainages will be during the high flow period. Provision to maintain flows during the low flow period shall be required for instream storage reservoirs.

Water demands in larger high elevation drainages may not require storage to support demand.

The applicant must obtain written agreement, a right of way or an easement for works or flooding of other lands.

Fish passage is required, for both juvenile and adult fish, at all dams in fish bearing streams. Design of storage dams must consider fish ladders and provide adequate flow release to maintain fish passage where required. Loss of spawning areas and modification of fish habitat due to storage development may require mitigation work in the affected stream.

Design plans must be submitted and accepted in writing before construction commences on any proposed dam over 3 m (10 ft) in height or on storage 12 dam³ (10 acft) or more in volume.

All water licencees that develop storage greater than 100 dam³ (80 acft) shall be required to record and report the water level of the reservoir and flows from the reservoir as directed by the “Engineer” as defined in the Water Act of BC.

6.6 Land Improvement

Currently there are no water licences within the plan area for land improvement purposes; however, with potential future development requiring water licences for land improvement purpose this section has been included in the Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan.

Land improvement purpose is the diversion of water to improve drainage, to protect from flooding, to prevent erosion, or to divert and use water for aesthetic purposes. No significant water quantity is removed from the stream. Land improvement water demands are non-consumptive uses of the water resources.

Water used to facilitate the development of park is usually maintained in a dammed lake for recreation (i.e. boating, fishing, swimming, golf course water traps) and aesthetics. The dammed lake is usually filled during the high flow period and the water levels maintained or gradually lowered during the low flow period. Golf courses also require water licences to construct and maintain dugouts or to control the volume of water in small ponds for water traps and aesthetics. Property owners may acquire a water licence to construct and maintain dugouts or to control the volume of small ponds for aesthetics. These water demands are essentially storage developments that do not support an extractive use. Therefore, all the requirements noted for storage development shall be required for land improvement development where applicable. The water quantity required to facilitate the development of a park or to create an aesthetic pond shall be the volume of the impoundment.

Constructing ditches to drain swamps or marshes, confining or straightening the meandering of stream channels, and relocating a stream channel adjacent to a property line is sometimes proposed to accommodate subdivision or building development. Streams should be maintained as near as possible to pre-development flow conditions. The development of land improvement detention dugouts or the control of water in natural ponds, swamps, and marshes to reduce flood flow and increase low flow releases will be encouraged. Proposed construction of works on streams that drain swamps or marshes or increase high flow conditions and reduce low flow conditions will not be authorized.

6.7 Conservation

Conservation purpose is the use and storage of water or the construction of works in and about a stream for the enhancement of fish or wildlife for non-profit purposes.

Salmon enhancement proposals that would significantly increase fish stocks in stream channels may require the development of supporting storage to maintain required low flows.

6.8 Power

The water licence applicant will be required to complete “Schedule 2-Dam & Reservoir Information” and “Schedule 3-Power Information” reports. If the required reports are not provided the application will be refused.

In the event that a large power development is proposed a more specific supply versus demand and environmental impact assessment will be required. For a small power development the following assessments shall be used to determine the required water demand.

Flow requirements for power:

$$Q = \frac{P}{h * e * k}$$

Q = volume rate of flow (m³/s)

P = power required at the generator (kW)

h = gross head from the pipeline intake to the tailwater (m)

e = total efficiency of the plant considering head loss in the penstock, pipeline, turbine and generator expressed by a decimal (use 0.65 for pumps, 0.70 for turbines)

k = specific gravity constant (9.81 m/s²)

| Electric Load Requirements | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Type of Establishment | Maximum Electrical Demand |

| | per Residence (kW) |
|--|---------------------------|
| Cabin | 4 |
| Single Family Residence: | |
| Lighting and appliances | 6 |
| Lighting, appliances, and water heating | 10 |
| Lighting, appliances, water, and space heating | 26 |
| Hotel or Motel | 0.16 per m ² |
| Camp: | |
| Combined space heating electric and propane | 1.5 |
| All electric space heating | 2 |

Water returned to the stream after generation of hydro power may be licenced for subsequent compatible water demands. Hydro power use that diverts water away from subsequent use should be discouraged.

Fish passage is required, for both juvenile and adult fish, at all power diversion works in fish bearing streams. Fish and debris screens may be required at both intake and outlet works to ensure that fish are not lost due to operation of the power plant. Loss of spawning areas and modification of fish habitat due to power development may require mitigation work in the affected stream.

6.9 Allocation Plan Revision

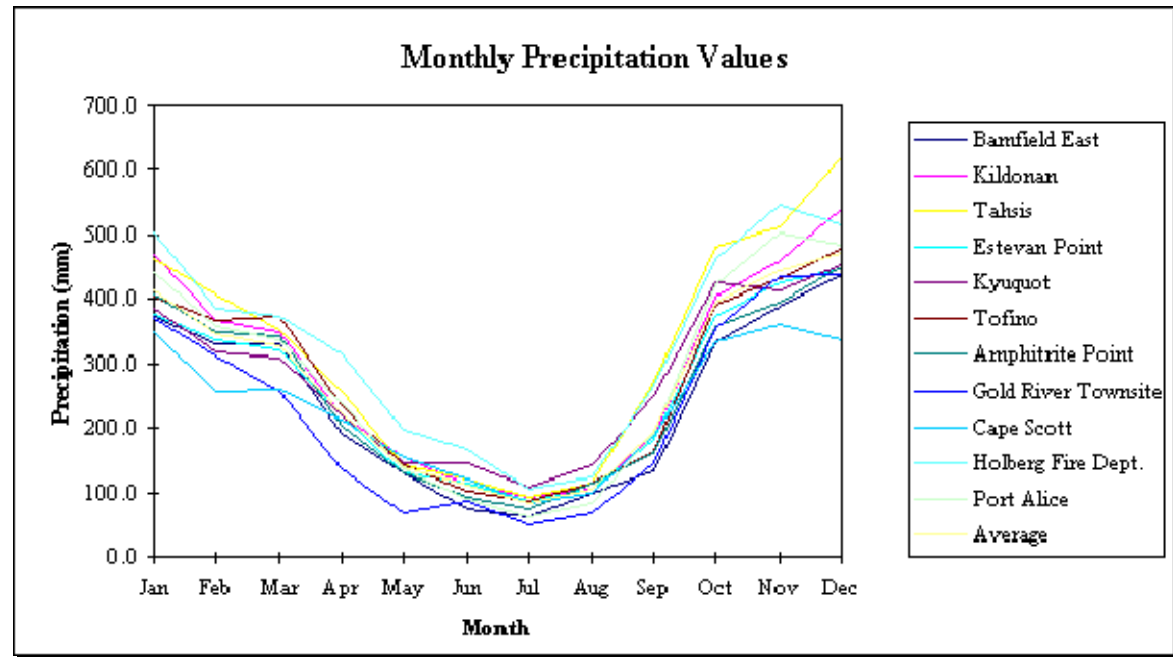
The Quatsino Sound Water Allocation Plan should be reviewed and updated on or before August 1, 2003.

APPENDIX A: Atmospheric Environment Service

Climatic Normals

Precipitation Averages (mm)

| Station Name | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Year |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Bamfield East | 372.2 | 330.5 | 328.7 | 191.5 | 129.1 | 74.7 | 62.1 | 98.3 | 133.2 | 334.4 | 387.1 | 437.0 | 2878.8 |
| Kildonan | 468.7 | 365.5 | 347.8 | 220.4 | 152.9 | 111.4 | 93.4 | 106.0 | 187.3 | 403.1 | 459.5 | 539.1 | 3455.1 |
| Tahsis | 464.0 | 406.0 | 350.8 | 254.7 | 142.1 | 119.6 | 91.0 | 114.5 | 269.9 | 482.4 | 513.4 | 620.4 | 3828.8 |
| Estevan Point | 376.9 | 337.4 | 321.7 | 220.4 | 129.3 | 113.2 | 87.7 | 103.5 | 183.1 | 373.9 | 426.3 | 446.5 | 3119.9 |
| Kyuquot | 386.1 | 318.4 | 309.6 | 220.3 | 144.6 | 143.7 | 108.5 | 143.2 | 249.8 | 426.7 | 413.1 | 454.5 | 3318.5 |
| Tofino | 404.3 | 366.4 | 372.4 | 233.8 | 143.0 | 101.7 | 86.1 | 114.1 | 163.2 | 391.8 | 432.3 | 479.2 | 3288.3 |
| Amphitrite Point | 407.5 | 347.3 | 342.8 | 204.3 | 130.0 | 92.1 | 72.6 | 113.1 | 161.0 | 359.1 | 395.8 | 451.7 | 3077.3 |
| Gold River Townsite | 371.0 | 312.4 | 256.9 | 136.7 | 69.3 | 85.2 | 48.8 | 68.1 | 144.8 | 354.5 | 434.9 | 438.1 | 2720.7 |
| Cape Scott | 348.1 | 254.5 | 259.4 | 211.4 | 154.5 | 120.6 | 82.9 | 100.2 | 187.2 | 334.3 | 360.6 | 335.6 | 2749.1 |
| Holberg Fire Dept. | 504.1 | 386.5 | 372.4 | 315.6 | 195.9 | 165.5 | 105.3 | 123.8 | 264.1 | 463.7 | 545 | 514.5 | 3956.5 |
| Port Alice | 441 | 358.8 | 334.9 | 238.3 | 137.2 | 89.1 | 62.8 | 82.5 | 192 | 421.1 | 502.7 | 485.3 | 3345.7 |
| Average | 413.1 | 344.0 | 327.0 | 222.5 | 138.9 | 110.6 | 81.9 | 106.1 | 194.1 | 395.0 | 442.8 | 472.9 | 3249.0 |



BAMFIELD EAST**Location: 48° 50'N 125° 7'W****Elevation: 4 m**

| Precipitation | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Year |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Daily Temperature (°C) | 4.0 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 7.5 | 9.9 | 12.2 | 14.0 | 14.3 | 13.2 | 10.3 | 6.8 | 5.0 | 9.1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rainfall (mm) | 360.0 | 329.0 | 326.4 | 191.5 | 129.1 | 74.7 | 62.1 | 98.3 | 133.2 | 334.4 | 386.3 | 428.7 | 2853.7 |
| Snowfall (cm) | 12.2 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 8.4 | 25.2 |
| Total Precipitation (mm) | 372.2 | 330.5 | 328.7 | 191.5 | 129.1 | 74.7 | 62.1 | 98.3 | 133.2 | 334.4 | 387.1 | 437.0 | 2878.8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Days with: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Measurable Rainfall | 20 | 19 | 19 | 17 | 14 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 18 | 21 | 22 | 189 |
| Measurable Snowfall | 3 | < 0.5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | < 0.5 | 2 | 6 |
| Measurable Precipitation | 21 | 19 | 20 | 17 | 14 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 18 | 22 | 23 | 193 |

KILDONAN**Location: 49° 0'N 125° 0'W****Elevation: 3 m**

| Precipitation | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Year |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Daily Temperature (°C) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rainfall (mm) | 445.6 | 361.7 | 342.1 | 219.6 | 152.9 | 111.4 | 93.4 | 106.0 | 187.3 | 403.1 | 458.6 | 526.8 | 3408.5 |
| Snowfall (cm) | 28.3 | 6.9 | 8.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1.9 | 21.6 | 67.6 |
| Total Precipitation (mm) | 468.7 | 365.5 | 347.8 | 220.4 | 152.9 | 111.4 | 93.4 | 106.0 | 187.3 | 403.1 | 459.5 | 539.1 | 3455.1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Days with: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Measurable Rainfall | 18 | 17 | 18 | 17 | 14 | 13 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 17 | 20 | 20 | 184 |
| Measurable Snowfall | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 7 |
| Measurable Precipitation | 21 | 18 | 18 | 17 | 14 | 13 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 17 | 20 | 21 | 189 |

TAHSIS**Location: 49° 55'N 126° 39'W****Elevation: 5 m**

| Precipitation | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Year |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Daily Temperature (°C) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rainfall (mm) | 436.1 | 396.4 | 341.2 | 252.4 | 142.1 | 119.6 | 91.0 | 114.5 | 269.9 | 482.4 | 509.1 | 605.0 | 3759.7 |
| Snowfall (cm) | 27.9 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.2 | 15.4 | 69.0 |
| Total Precipitation (mm) | 464.0 | 406.0 | 350.8 | 254.7 | 142.1 | 119.6 | 91.0 | 114.5 | 269.9 | 482.4 | 513.4 | 620.4 | 3828.8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Days with: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Measurable Rainfall | 18 | 18 | 19 | 17 | 13 | 12 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 19 | 21 | 21 | 191 |
| Measurable Snowfall | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 13 |
| Measurable Precipitation | 21 | 18 | 19 | 17 | 13 | 12 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 19 | 21 | 22 | 195 |

GOLD RIVER TOWNSITE**Location: 49° 47'N 126° 3'W****Elevation: 117 m**

| Precipitation | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Year |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Daily Temperature (°C) | 0.3 | 3.0 | 4.5 | 7.7 | 11.5 | 14.6 | 17.2 | 17.4 | 14.4 | 9.5 | 4.3 | 1.5 | 8.8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rainfall (mm) | 295.6 | 262.9 | 228.2 | 119.0 | 67.5 | 67.9 | 48.0 | 71.2 | 149.5 | 379.5 | 381.6 | 423.9 | 2494.8 |
| Snowfall (cm) | 78.3 | 25.5 | 22.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 8.5 | 28.9 | 164.0 |
| Total Precipitation (mm) | 371.0 | 312.4 | 256.9 | 136.7 | 69.3 | 85.2 | 48.8 | 68.1 | 144.8 | 354.5 | 434.9 | 438.1 | 2720.7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Days with: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Measurable Rainfall | 15 | 17 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 12 | 8 | 11 | 12 | 19 | 19 | 21 | 182 |
| Measurable Snowfall | 8 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 23 |
| Measurable Precipitation | 20 | 17 | 19 | 16 | 15 | 12 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 19 | 20 | 23 | 194 |

ESTEVAN POINT**Location: 49° 23'N 126° 33'W****Elevation: 7 m**

| Precipitation | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Year |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Daily Temperature (°C) | 4.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 7.4 | 9.9 | 12.1 | 13.7 | 14.1 | 13.0 | 10.2 | 7.2 | 5.6 | 9.1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rainfall (mm) | 359.0 | 329.5 | 313.7 | 216.9 | 129.2 | 113.2 | 87.7 | 103.5 | 183.1 | 373.9 | 422.7 | 434.3 | 3066.7 |
| Snowfall (cm) | 16.3 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 2.8 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 3.5 | 9.6 | 44.8 |
| Total Precipitation (mm) | 376.9 | 337.4 | 321.7 | 220.4 | 129.3 | 113.2 | 87.7 | 103.5 | 183.1 | 373.9 | 426.3 | 446.5 | 3119.9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Days with: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Measurable Rainfall | 22 | 19 | 20 | 18 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 20 | 22 | 24 | 205 |
| Measurable Snowfall | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | < 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | < 0.5 | 1 | 3 | 13 |
| Measurable Precipitation | 23 | 19 | 21 | 18 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 20 | 22 | 24 | 207 |

KYUQUOT**Location: 50° 2'N 127° 22'W****Elevation: 3 m**

| Precipitation | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Year |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Daily Temperature (°C) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rainfall (mm) | 367.0 | 315.4 | 304.4 | 218.3 | 144.6 | 143.7 | 108.5 | 143.2 | 249.8 | 427.2 | 411.2 | 443.8 | 3277.1 |
| Snowfall (cm) | 16.7 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 10.5 | 39.9 |
| Total Precipitation (mm) | 386.1 | 318.4 | 309.6 | 220.3 | 144.6 | 143.7 | 108.5 | 143.2 | 249.8 | 426.7 | 413.1 | 454.5 | 3318.5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Days with: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Measurable Rainfall | 21 | 20 | 21 | 20 | 17 | 14 | 12 | 12 | 16 | 21 | 23 | 23 | 220 |
| Measurable Snowfall | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 13 |
| Measurable Precipitation | 24 | 20 | 22 | 20 | 17 | 14 | 12 | 12 | 16 | 21 | 23 | 25 | 226 |

TOFINO**Location: 49° 5'N 125° 46'W****Elevation: 20 m**

| Precipitation | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Year |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Daily Temperature (°C) | 3.8 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 7.2 | 9.9 | 12.4 | 14.2 | 14.4 | 13.1 | 9.9 | 6.6 | 4.9 | 8.9 |
| Rainfall (mm) | 382.7 | 357.3 | 361.2 | 231.4 | 143.0 | 101.7 | 86.1 | 114.1 | 163.2 | 391.8 | 429.3 | 464.2 | 3226.0 |
| Snowfall (cm) | 20.5 | 6.0 | 8.6 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 13.2 | 53.0 |
| Total Precipitation (mm) | 404.3 | 366.4 | 372.4 | 233.8 | 143.0 | 101.7 | 86.1 | 114.1 | 163.2 | 391.8 | 432.3 | 479.2 | 3288.3 |
| Days with: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Measurable Rainfall | 20 | 18 | 19 | 18 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 19 | 22 | 22 | 195 |
| Measurable Snowfall | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 13 |
| Measurable Precipitation | 21 | 19 | 20 | 18 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 19 | 22 | 23 | 199 |

AMPHITRITE POINT**Location: 48° 55'N 125° 32'W****Elevation: 11 m**

| Precipitation | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Year |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Daily Temperature (°C) | 4.7 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 8.0 | 10.4 | 12.4 | 13.9 | 14.3 | 13.4 | 10.6 | 7.4 | 5.5 | 9.4 |
| Rainfall (mm) | 393.1 | 344.2 | 338.1 | 203.5 | 130.0 | 92.1 | 72.6 | 113.1 | 161.0 | 359.1 | 393.6 | 440.3 | 3040.7 |
| Snowfall (cm) | 14.5 | 3.1 | 4.5 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 11.4 | 36.5 |
| Total Precipitation (mm) | 407.5 | 347.3 | 342.8 | 204.3 | 130.0 | 92.1 | 72.6 | 113.1 | 161.0 | 359.1 | 395.8 | 451.7 | 3077.3 |
| Days with: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Measurable Rainfall | 20 | 19 | 19 | 17 | 14 | 11 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 19 | 21 | 22 | 195 |
| Measurable Snowfall | 2 | 1 | 1 | < 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | < 0.5 | 2 | 6 |
| Measurable Precipitation | 21 | 19 | 19 | 17 | 14 | 11 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 19 | 21 | 23 | 197 |

CAPE SCOTT
Location: 50° 47'N 128° 26'W
Elevation: 70m

| | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Year |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Daily Temperature (°C) | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.9 | 7 | 9.2 | 11.3 | 13.1 | 13.7 | 12.5 | 9.8 | 6.9 | 4.8 | 8.6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rainfall (mm) | 327.3 | 242.8 | 248.7 | 206.5 | 154.4 | 120.6 | 82.6 | 100.2 | 187.2 | 334 | 356.1 | 323 | 2683.4 |
| Snowfall (cm) | 20.5 | 11.4 | 10.6 | 4.8 | 0.0T | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0T | 0.3 | 4.6 | 12.6 | 64.8 |
| Total Precipitation (mm) | 348.1 | 254.5 | 259.4 | 211.4 | 154.5 | 120.6 | 82.9 | 100.2 | 187.2 | 334.3 | 360.6 | 335.6 | 2749.1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Days with: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Measurable Rainfall | 23 | 20 | 23 | 20 | 19 | 17 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 245 |
| Measurable Snowfall | 6 | 3 | 3 | 2 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 2 | 4 | 21 |
| Measurable Precipitation | 25 | 21 | 23 | 20 | 19 | 17 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 24 | 24 | 25 | 250 |

HOLBERG FIRE DEPT
Location: 50° 39'N 127° 59'W
Elevation: 46m

| | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Year |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Daily Temperature (°C) | 3.2 | 4.2 | 5.6 | 7.1 | 9.9 | 12.2 | 14.5 | 15 | 13.2 | 9.7 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 8.6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rainfall (mm) | 471.2 | 366.6 | 358.6 | 311.7 | 195.9 | 165.5 | 105.3 | 123.8 | 264.1 | 463.7 | 536.9 | 492.5 | 3855.9 |
| Snowfall (cm) | 32.9 | 20 | 13.9 | 3.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8.1 | 21.1 | 99.8 |
| Total Precipitation (mm) | 504.1 | 386.5 | 372.4 | 315.6 | 195.9 | 165.5 | 105.3 | 123.8 | 264.1 | 463.7 | 545 | 514.5 | 3956.5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Days with: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Measurable Rainfall | 22 | 19 | 23 | 22 | 20 | 18 | 13 | 14 | 16 | 22 | 24 | 23 | 234 |
| Measurable Snowfall | 6 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 22 |
| Measurable Precipitation | 25 | 20 | 24 | 22 | 20 | 18 | 13 | 14 | 16 | 22 | 24 | 25 | 242 |

PORT ALICE
Location: 50° 23'N 127° 27'W
Elevation: 21m

| | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Year |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Daily Temperature (°C) | 3.7 | 4.9 | 6 | 7.6 | 10.8 | 13.5 | 15.9 | 16.1 | 13.7 | 10 | 6.2 | N | N |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rainfall (mm) | 421.3 | 350.4 | 328.5 | 237.6 | 137.2 | 89.1 | 62.8 | 82.5 | 192 | 421 | 499.5 | 474.6 | 3296.5 |
| Snowfall (cm) | 22.5 | 8.2 | 5.9 | 0.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 3 | 10.9 | 51.4 |
| Total Precipitation (mm) | 441 | 358.8 | 334.9 | 238.3 | 137.2 | 89.1 | 62.8 | 82.5 | 192 | 421.1 | 502.7 | 485.3 | 3345.7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Days with: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Measurable Rainfall | 20 | 18 | 21 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 9 | 12 | 13 | 21 | 22 | 20 | 204 |
| Measurable Snowfall | 3 | 2 | 1 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | * | 2 | 10 |
| Measurable Precipitation | 22 | 19 | 21 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 9 | 12 | 13 | 21 | 22 | 21 | 207 |

APPENDIX B: Hydrometric Estimation Methodology

West Coast of Vancouver Island

The west coast of Vancouver Island, from an area southeast of Alberni Inlet stretching northwest to Cape Scott, has similar physiographic characteristics such as slope, aspect, and surface water storage. With similar precipitation, evapotranspiration, infiltration, and vegetation characteristics, the nature of watershed dynamics can be generalized to include four water allocation plan areas. These include the Alberni Inlet, Long Beach, Gold-Tahsis-Zeballos, and Quatsino Sound plans.

The monthly hydrologic regime, however, between smaller, low elevation and larger, high elevation watersheds vary throughout the year. Generally, watersheds less than 100 km² are considered smaller and those more than 100 km² are considered larger. As well, watersheds of high elevation generally accumulate a snowpack, while low elevation watersheds may not have a snowpack. It is important to note that in some cases a watershed may be considered large in size, but, due to its topography, low in elevation or vice versa. In cases such as these, a more rigorous analysis of the watershed may need to be undertaken to determine the appropriate hydrologic regime.

The following tables, while sharing similar Mean Annual Discharges (MAD) demonstrate variations in Mean Monthly Discharges (MMD). The appropriate table, depending on a watershed's size and relative elevation, should be used in estimating watercourse flows. In order to calculate monthly and yearly flow estimates the watershed size is multiplied by the averages for each MMD or the MAD average.

| Small, Low Elevation Watershed - Discharge Runoff per Square Kilometre (litres/second/km ²) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| WSC Station | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | MAD |
| 08HB048 (Carnation) | 149 | 144 | 99 | 69 | 38 | 25 | 13 | 15 | 19 | 83 | 169 | 155 | 81 |
| 08HB014 (Sarita) | 216 | 203 | 144 | 116 | 60 | 38 | 20 | 18 | 35 | 143 | 224 | 240 | 121 |
| 08HF006 (San Josef) | 178 | 149 | 138 | 122 | 45 | 38 | 18 | 27 | 42 | 168 | 209 | 200 | 121 |
| Average | 181 | 165 | 127 | 102 | 48 | 34 | 17 | 20 | 32 | 131 | 201 | 198 | 108 |
| % of MAD | 168 | 153 | 118 | 94 | 44 | 31 | 16 | 19 | 30 | 121 | 186 | 183 | 100 |

| Large, High Elevation Watershed - Discharge Runoff per Square Kilometre (litres/second/km²) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| WSC Station | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | MAD |
| 08HC001 (Gold) | 116 | 93 | 76 | 84 | 97 | 79 | 38 | 19 | 32 | 109 | 137 | 133 | 82 |
| 08HE006 (Zeballos) | 212 | 173 | 126 | 122 | 117 | 104 | 71 | 51 | 93 | 201 | 236 | 217 | 143 |
| 08HC002 (Ucona) | 124 | 109 | 83 | 89 | 110 | 106 | 63 | 34 | 42 | 113 | 148 | 142 | 95 |
| 08HB012 (Nahmint) | 206 | 204 | 138 | 128 | 156 | 119 | 54 | 28 | 60 | 242 | 207 | 233 | 148 |
| 08HE003 (Benson) | 114 | 124 | 110 | 96 | 92 | 71 | 37 | 19 | 30 | 103 | 116 | 181 | 87 |
| 08HC004 (Bedwell) | 191 | 186 | 84 | 153 | 146 | 116 | 55 | 68 | 36 | 132 | 232 | 173 | 125 |
| Average | 161 | 148 | 103 | 112 | 120 | 99 | 53 | 37 | 49 | 150 | 179 | 180 | 113 |
| % of MAD | 142 | 131 | 91 | 99 | 106 | 88 | 47 | 33 | 43 | 133 | 158 | 159 | 100 |

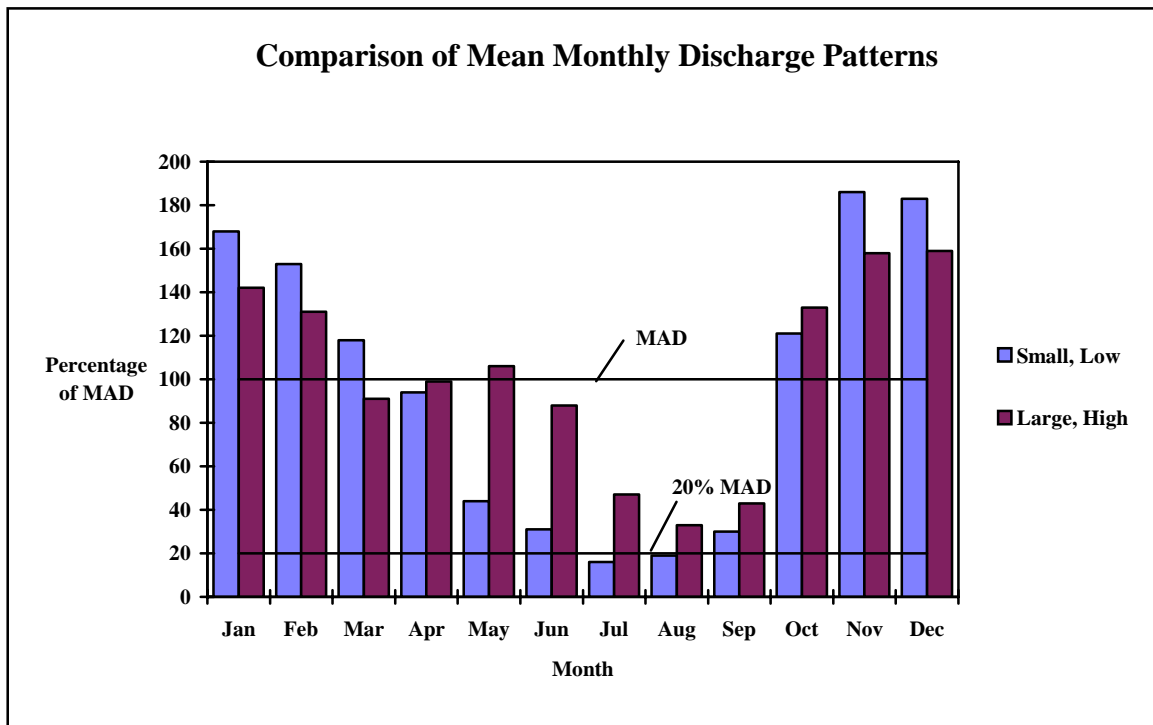
Methodology

There are a number of Water Survey of Canada (WSC) hydrometric stations located on the west coast of Vancouver Island with varying years of operation. Stations with natural flows and in operation throughout the year for several years were selected to establish hydrologic averages on the west coast. The following table identifies WSC stations by name, number, the years of operation, and the size of the watershed, which were used for flow estimate calculations in this report.

| Water Survey of Canada Hydrometric Stations | | | |
|--|-----------------------|--|---|
| Station Name | Station Number | Watershed Size (km²) | Operation Period Used in Methodology |
| San Josef River below Sharp Creek | 08HF006 | 64.5 | 1990, 1993-1996 |
| Carnation Creek at the Mouth | 08HB048 | 10.1 | 1972-1996 |
| Sarita River near Bamfield | 08HB014 | 162.0 | 1948-1996 |
| Ucona River at the Mouth | 08HC002 | 185.0 | 1957-1996 |
| Gold River below Ucona River | 08HC001 | 1010.0 | 1956-1996 |
| Nahmint River near Port Alberni | 08HB012 | 140.0 | 1924-1931 |
| Benson River near Port Alice | 08HE003 | 228.0 | 1925-1931 |
| Zeballos River near Zeballos | 08HE006 | 181.0 | 1960-1996 |
| Bedwell River above Ursus Creek | 08HC004 | 114.0 | 1990-1996 |

A small difference between the MADs was calculated between small, low elevation and large, high elevation drainage basins. The significant difference between these two drainage types lies in the mean monthly flows throughout the year represented as percentages of MAD. These values are shown in the following table and graph.

| Percentage of MAD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Drainages | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
| Small, Low Elevation | 168 | 153 | 118 | 94 | 44 | 31 | 16 | 19 | 30 | 121 | 186 | 183 |
| Large, High Elevation | 142 | 131 | 91 | 99 | 106 | 88 | 47 | 33 | 43 | 133 | 158 | 159 |



The variation between the monthly flows justifies the need for addressing individual watersheds relative to their size and elevation. Refer to the tables at the beginning of this section to estimate mean monthly and annual discharges for either of the watershed types. For detailed summarizations of WSC hydrometric stations refer to Appendix C.

Hydrometric information used in this report is based upon data available at the time of writing. A number of provincial hydrometric stations are planned to be in operation within the next few years. Data from these stations will compliment the existing data.

Low Flows

Watercourses where the minimum monthly discharges are above 20% MAD may allow for extractive use of water throughout the year. During the high flow period water above 60% MAD may be available, however, when discharges fall below 60% MAD the water that may be available for use is the difference between 10% MAD and the least mean monthly flow during the low flow period.

If there are fisheries concerns Regional Policy dictates that drainages with monthly flows between 10% and 20% MAD must refer to 7-day average low flows to determine water availability. The 7-day average low flow data for small, low elevation hydrometric stations on the west coast of Vancouver Island are less than 10% MAD. Therefore, water available for extractive use in small, low elevation watersheds are limited to months where the discharge is above 60% MAD.

In watersheds where there are no fisheries concerns then a natural 7-day average low flow for a recurrence interval of 1 in 5 years is used to assess water supplies available from streams.

APPENDIX C: Water Survey of Canada Hydrometric Stations

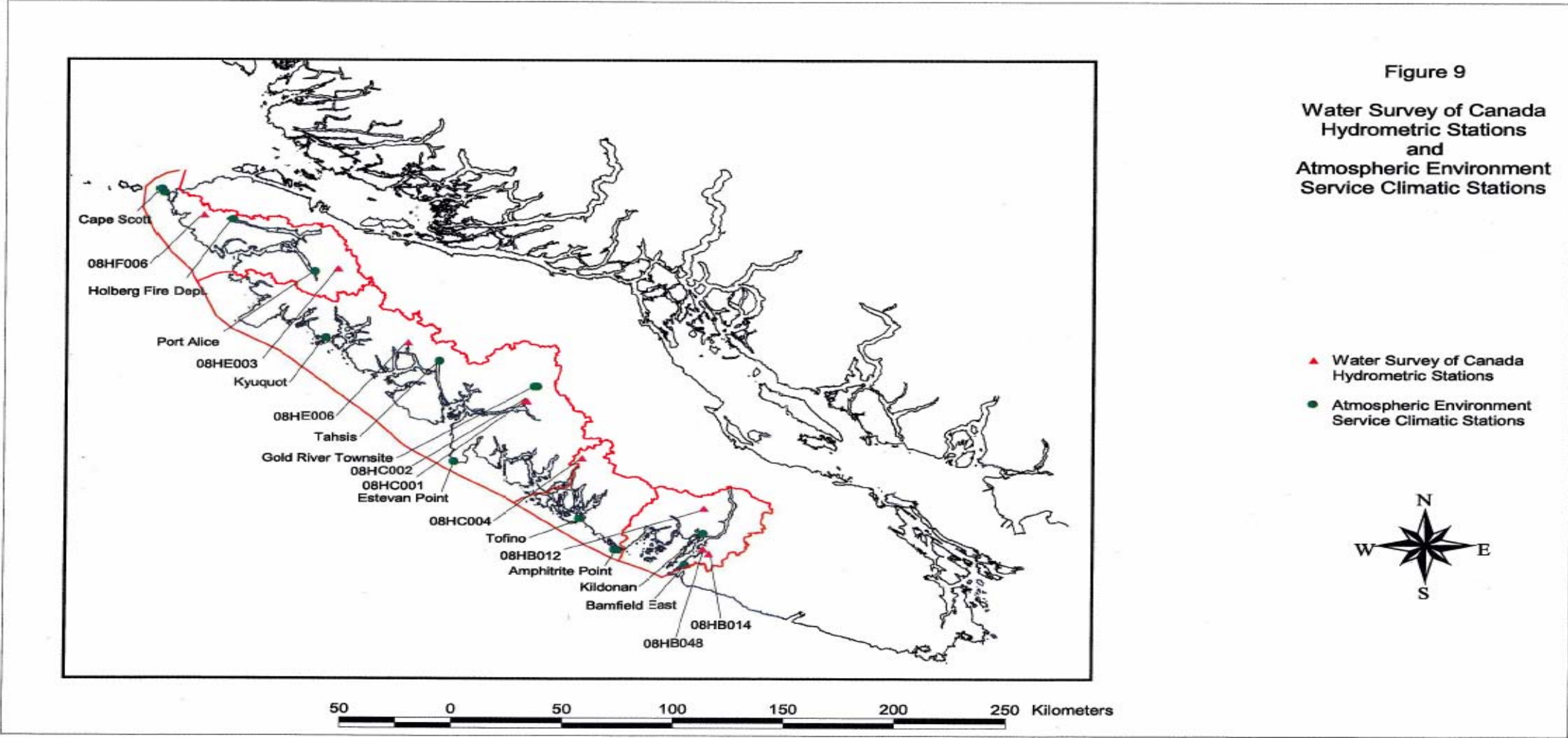


Figure 9: Water Survey of Canada Hydrometric Stations and Atmospheric Environment Service Climatic Stations

Station Name: CARNATION CREEK AT THE MOUTH

Station Number: 08HB048

Natural or Regulated: N

Drainage Area (sq.km.): 10.10

Discharge in: m³/sec

| | Degrees | Minutes | Seconds |
|-----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Latitude | 48 | 54 | 56 |
| Longitude | 124 | 59 | 52 |

| YEAR | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MA Y | JU N | JUL | AU G | SEP | OCT | NOV | DEC | MAD |
|-------|----------|------|------|------|---------|---------|------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1972 | | | | | | | | | | | | 2.34 | |
| 1973 | 2.03 | 0.74 | 0.97 | 0.29 | 0.50 | 0.46 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.86 | 1.62 | 2.53 | 0.85 |
| 1974 | 2.10 | 2.09 | 2.41 | 1.11 | 0.73 | 0.37 | 0.27 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.26 | 1.89 | 1.97 | 1.11 |
| 1975 | 1.22 | 0.71 | 0.91 | 0.43 | 0.51 | 0.23 | 0.11 | 0.62 | 0.14 | 2.31 | 3.14 | 2.24 | 1.05 |
| 1976 | 1.68 | 1.51 | 1.24 | 0.55 | 0.50 | 0.30 | 0.19 | 0.17 | 0.24 | 0.49 | 0.60 | 1.50 | 0.75 |
| 1977 | 0.73 | 1.56 | 1.16 | 0.46 | 0.37 | 0.19 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.19 | 0.89 | 1.80 | 1.22 | 0.73 |
| 1978 | 0.72 | 0.74 | 0.83 | 0.49 | 0.28 | 0.20 | 0.06 | 0.59 | 0.84 | 0.33 | 0.72 | 0.87 | 0.55 |
| 1979 | 0.23 | 1.86 | 0.90 | 0.34 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.25 | 0.04 | 0.58 | 0.74 | 0.47 | 2.38 | 0.67 |
| 1980 | 0.88 | 1.36 | 0.87 | 0.80 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.29 | 0.08 | 0.51 | 0.22 | 2.28 | 2.61 | 0.85 |
| 1981 | 0.58 | 1.38 | 0.43 | 1.45 | 0.40 | 0.59 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0.52 | 1.54 | 1.55 | 1.46 | 0.83 |
| 1982 | 1.98 | 1.89 | 0.69 | 0.78 | 0.20 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.07 | 1.83 | 1.11 | 1.94 | 0.88 |
| 1983 | 2.50 | 2.67 | 1.28 | 0.33 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.62 | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.46 | 2.80 | 0.68 | 0.98 |
| 1984 | 2.35 | 1.57 | 0.95 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.15 | 0.18 | 0.03 | 0.29 | 1.81 | 1.61 | 0.85 | 0.97 |
| 1985 | 0.18 | 0.70 | 0.58 | 0.77 | 0.30 | 0.10 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.15 | 1.32 | 0.57 | 0.49 | 0.43 |
| 1986 | 1.88 | 2.03 | 1.41 | 0.65 | 0.95 | 0.26 | 0.19 | 0.02 | 0.08 | 0.25 | 1.34 | 1.80 | 0.90 |
| 1987 | 2.05 | 1.18 | 1.43 | 0.74 | 0.62 | 0.44 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 1.09 | 1.50 | 0.76 |
| 1988 | 0.91 | 0.96 | 0.99 | 0.96 | 0.59 | 0.28 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.39 | 2.01 | 1.00 | 0.69 |
| 1989 | 1.58 | 0.52 | 1.01 | 0.85 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.21 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.91 | 2.39 | 0.91 | 0.72 |
| 1990 | 1.81 | 2.15 | 0.81 | 0.22 | 0.16 | 0.77 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 1.60 | 4.04 | 1.91 | 1.13 |
| 1991 | 1.44 | 3.04 | 0.39 | 0.66 | 0.21 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 1.34 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 1.98 | 1.83 | 0.91 |
| 1992 | 3.36 | 1.27 | 0.28 | 0.88 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.22 | 1.05 | 1.22 | 0.72 | 0.77 |
| 1993 | 1.37 | 0.18 | 1.31 | 1.26 | 0.64 | 0.41 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.14 | 0.54 | 1.78 | 0.65 |
| 1994 | 1.36 | 1.80 | 1.37 | 0.31 | 0.08 | 0.34 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.46 | 1.44 | 1.95 | 0.76 |
| 1995 | 1.61 | 1.70 | 1.34 | 0.47 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 1.11 | 4.02 | 1.72 | 1.02 |
| 1996 | 1.54 | 1.19 | 0.46 | 1.12 | 0.32 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.15 | 1.03 | 0.94 | 0.95 | 0.65 |
| MEAN | 1.50 | 1.45 | 1.00 | 0.70 | 0.38 | 0.25 | 0.13 | 0.15 | 0.19 | 0.84 | 1.71 | 1.57 | 0.82 |
| % MAD | 184 % | 178% | 122% | 86% | 46% | 30 % | 16% | 18% | 23% | 102% | 210% | 192% | 100% |

Station Name: CARNATION CREEK AT THE MOUTH
 Station Number: 08HB048

| 7-Day Average Low Flow (m ³ /sec) | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| Date of | Period: | Date of | Period: |
| Occurrence | Apr 1 to Sep 30 | Occurrence | Jan 1 to Dec 31 |
| | | | |
| 16-Sep-73 | 0.013 | 16-Sep-73 | 0.013 |
| 04-Sep-74 | 0.057 | 04-Sep-74 | 0.057 |
| 03-Aug-75 | 0.091 | 03-Aug-75 | 0.091 |
| 09-Aug-76 | 0.045 | 09-Aug-76 | 0.045 |
| 19-Aug-77 | 0.035 | 19-Aug-77 | 0.035 |
| 04-Aug-78 | 0.037 | 04-Aug-78 | 0.037 |
| 29-Aug-79 | 0.037 | 29-Aug-79 | 0.037 |
| 13-Aug-80 | 0.069 | 13-Aug-80 | 0.069 |
| 24-Aug-81 | 0.06 | 24-Aug-81 | 0.06 |
| 03-Sep-82 | 0.006 | 03-Sep-82 | 0.006 |
| 24-Aug-83 | 0.016 | 12-Oct-83 | 0.015 |
| 29-Aug-84 | 0.024 | 29-Aug-84 | 0.024 |
| 03-Aug-85 | 0.004 | 03-Aug-85 | 0.004 |
| 07-Sep-86 | 0.015 | 07-Sep-86 | 0.015 |
| 31-Aug-87 | 0.009 | 25-Oct-87 | 0.007 |
| 11-Aug-88 | 0.018 | 11-Aug-88 | 0.018 |
| 13-Sep-89 | 0.022 | 13-Sep-89 | 0.022 |
| 12-Aug-90 | 0.02 | 12-Aug-90 | 0.02 |
| 11-Jul-91 | 0.029 | 31-Oct-91 | 0.013 |
| 01-Aug-92 | 0.014 | 01-Aug-92 | 0.014 |
| 25-Sep-93 | 0.007 | 08-Oct-93 | 0.006 |
| 30-Aug-94 | 0.004 | 30-Aug-94 | 0.004 |
| 21-Jul-95 | 0.013 | 21-Jul-95 | 0.013 |
| MEAN | 0.028 | | 0.027 |
| % MAD | 3.43% | | 3.33% |

Station Name: SAN JOSEF RIVER BELOW SHARP CREEK

Station Number: 08HF006

Natural or Regulated: N

Drainage Area (sq.km.): 64.50

Discharge in: m³/sec

| | Degrees | Minutes | Seconds |
|-----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Latitude | 50 | 40 | 11 |
| Longitude | 128 | 9 | 51 |

| YEAR | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MA Y | JU N | JUL | AU G | SEP | OCT | NOV | DEC | MAD |
|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| 1990 | | | | | 1.77 | 1.77 | 0.94 | 0.57 | 0.41 | | | | |
| 1993 | | | | | 4.98 | 1.82 | 0.89 | 0.95 | 0.72 | 1.89 | 8.52 | 10.00 | |
| 1994 | 10.90 | 10.00 | 11.20 | 5.36 | 2.85 | 3.22 | 1.52 | 2.31 | 7.87 | 11.80 | 18.70 | 16.90 | 8.54 |
| 1995 | 6.91 | 10.30 | 7.18 | 6.13 | 1.00 | 0.91 | 1.01 | 3.14 | 0.77 | 18.10 | 19.10 | 11.80 | 7.18 |
| 1996 | 16.70 | 8.47 | 8.28 | 12.20 | 4.02 | 4.61 | 1.29 | 1.64 | 3.73 | 11.60 | 7.60 | 12.90 | 7.75 |
| MEAN | 11.50 | 9.59 | 8.89 | 7.90 | 2.92 | 2.47 | 1.13 | 1.72 | 2.70 | 10.85 | 13.48 | 12.90 | 7.82 |
| % MAD | 147% | 123 % | 114% | 101% | 37% | 32 % | 14 % | 22% | 35% | 139% | 172% | 165% | 100% |

Station Name: SAN JOSEF RIVER BELOW SHARP CREEK
Station Number: 08HF006

| 7-Day Average Low Flow (m ³ /sec) | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| Date of | Period: | Date of | Period: |
| Occurrence | Apr 1 to Sep 30 | Occurrence | Jan 1 to Dec 31 |
| 15-Aug-93 | 0.598 | 09-Oct-93 | 0.573 |
| 26-Jul-94 | 0.855 | 26-Jul-94 | 0.855 |
| 21-Jul-95 | 0.539 | 21-Jul-95 | 0.539 |
| MEAN | 0.664 | | 0.655 |
| % MAD | 8.48% | | 8.38% |

Station Name: SARITA RIVER NEAR BAMFIELD

Station Number: 08HB014

Natural or Regulated: N

Drainage Area (sq.km.): 162.00

Discharge in: m³/sec

| | Degrees | Minutes | Seconds |
|-----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Latitude | 48 | 53 | 34 |
| Longitude | 124 | 57 | 54 |

| YEAR | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MA Y | JUN | JUL | AUG | SEP | OCT | NOV | DEC | MAD |
|------|--------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1948 | | | 21.30 | 29.20 | 15.40 | 4.25 | | | | | | | |
| 1949 | | | | 18.10 | 11.20 | 3.88 | 4.37 | 4.84 | | | | 31.30 | |
| 1950 | 13.70 | 46.60 | 45.30 | 35.90 | 12.50 | 5.48 | 1.83 | 1.93 | 3.12 | 39.20 | 30.40 | 57.90 | 24.40 |
| 1951 | 39.30 | 36.80 | 12.80 | 9.91 | 7.69 | 1.82 | 0.76 | 0.48 | 5.88 | 20.30 | 40.30 | 26.00 | 16.70 |
| 1952 | 21.40 | 47.40 | 15.60 | 26.30 | 14.50 | 16.70 | 1.61 | 5.57 | 2.77 | 3.08 | 25.00 | 45.90 | 18.70 |
| 1953 | 68.50 | 39.20 | 33.50 | 15.20 | 12.50 | 3.47 | 3.59 | 4.07 | 11.50 | 42.20 | 56.90 | 53.80 | 28.70 |
| 1954 | 26.10 | 70.30 | 12.30 | 23.10 | 4.92 | 7.15 | 6.89 | 2.05 | 5.26 | 30.60 | 61.00 | 40.60 | 23.80 |
| 1955 | 17.10 | 14.60 | 8.96 | 27.90 | 37.10 | 20.80 | 4.31 | 5.04 | 3.84 | 23.80 | 27.90 | 34.40 | 18.80 |
| 1956 | 42.50 | 14.50 | 29.30 | 19.40 | 11.10 | 14.00 | 3.40 | 1.02 | 6.17 | 37.20 | 21.60 | 62.70 | 22.00 |
| 1957 | 10.60 | 18.20 | 23.20 | 17.30 | 5.56 | 3.24 | 4.92 | 5.73 | 5.73 | 10.60 | 13.20 | 45.30 | 13.60 |
| 1958 | 64.80 | 46.20 | 13.80 | 15.10 | 2.11 | 1.01 | 0.54 | 0.69 | 5.42 | 27.30 | 16.60 | 60.20 | 21.00 |
| 1959 | 29.30 | 15.60 | 26.40 | 25.80 | 6.89 | 7.47 | 2.61 | 1.38 | 8.39 | 17.90 | 16.80 | 44.20 | 16.90 |
| 1960 | 46.20 | 30.00 | 18.30 | 32.60 | 15.40 | 9.71 | 1.02 | 1.76 | 6.39 | 26.70 | 45.50 | 32.70 | 22.10 |
| 1961 | 106.00 | 55.80 | 34.60 | 18.60 | 12.00 | 4.59 | 1.72 | 0.77 | 5.61 | 20.90 | 22.50 | 33.90 | 26.30 |
| 1962 | 19.30 | 17.80 | 10.30 | 24.70 | 10.20 | 8.28 | 2.89 | 7.60 | 3.63 | 25.10 | 71.80 | 58.30 | 21.60 |
| 1963 | 5.89 | 52.80 | 28.70 | 16.70 | 9.42 | 1.08 | 3.87 | 3.54 | 1.46 | 46.40 | 50.50 | 34.40 | 21.00 |
| 1964 | 40.20 | 17.90 | 26.40 | 12.90 | 8.99 | 6.48 | 11.80 | 5.23 | 11.30 | 14.30 | 19.00 | 16.60 | 16.00 |
| 1965 | 31.90 | 27.90 | 8.76 | 17.80 | 10.80 | 2.01 | 0.74 | 1.27 | 0.88 | 32.70 | 35.70 | 44.00 | 17.80 |
| 1966 | 52.70 | 20.00 | 31.30 | 9.67 | 5.26 | 5.89 | 3.46 | 2.15 | 5.55 | 24.20 | 39.70 | 60.90 | 21.80 |
| 1967 | 35.80 | 24.40 | 28.90 | 9.80 | 6.06 | 2.29 | 1.05 | 0.59 | 4.15 | 69.20 | 23.40 | 47.80 | 21.20 |
| 1968 | 64.80 | 34.30 | 33.40 | 14.30 | 6.30 | 4.85 | 3.93 | 6.08 | 10.60 | 38.30 | 38.00 | 36.90 | 24.30 |
| 1969 | 12.90 | 19.50 | 20.00 | 26.70 | 15.00 | 4.09 | 1.39 | 3.34 | 27.50 | 17.40 | 30.40 | 41.60 | 18.30 |
| 1970 | 23.00 | 15.00 | 16.50 | 22.20 | 4.16 | 1.01 | 0.91 | 1.29 | 5.41 | 17.80 | 32.90 | 38.50 | 14.90 |
| 1971 | 31.10 | 29.30 | 30.40 | 17.20 | 13.20 | 9.87 | 3.41 | 2.68 | 5.48 | 29.80 | 57.50 | 11.30 | 20.00 |
| 1972 | 33.20 | 41.70 | 41.40 | 27.20 | 6.38 | 1.45 | 11.10 | 1.09 | 4.65 | 2.95 | 29.10 | 57.80 | 21.50 |
| 1973 | 56.70 | 28.40 | 22.00 | 7.29 | 11.10 | 14.60 | | | | | | | |
| 1976 | | | | 16.60 | 13.60 | 7.26 | 6.25 | 4.00 | 4.98 | 12.20 | 15.70 | 29.20 | |
| 1977 | 13.30 | 31.50 | 26.60 | 13.50 | 10.60 | 6.33 | 1.81 | 2.59 | 5.78 | 25.50 | 42.20 | 29.90 | 17.40 |

Station Name: SARITA RIVER NEAR BAMFIELD continued
 Station Number: 08HB014

| YEAR | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JUL | AUG | SEP | OCT | NOV | DEC | MAD |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1978 | 20.30 | 18.20 | 22.00 | 12.20 | 8.18 | 4.43 | 1.13 | 11.30 | 21.40 | 9.01 | 14.00 | 20.60 | 13.50 |
| 1979 | 6.59 | 49.90 | 21.90 | 13.30 | 11.50 | 6.64 | 10.20 | 1.94 | 12.90 | 19.20 | 11.90 | 58.70 | 18.50 |
| 1980 | 18.00 | 33.10 | 17.30 | 20.50 | 3.64 | 2.60 | 6.33 | 1.18 | 8.71 | 6.70 | 48.80 | 51.40 | 18.10 |
| 1981 | 12.50 | 31.10 | 8.21 | 22.60 | 5.37 | 7.72 | 1.95 | 0.84 | 7.63 | 35.00 | 44.30 | 45.20 | 18.40 |
| 1982 | 40.80 | 48.70 | 17.40 | 20.50 | 7.71 | 2.15 | 1.79 | 0.98 | 2.24 | 48.20 | 28.20 | 48.40 | 22.10 |
| 1983 | 62.30 | 65.90 | 37.40 | 9.87 | 5.48 | 7.01 | 12.40 | 2.10 | 3.30 | 12.10 | 70.00 | 18.40 | 25.20 |
| 1984 | 41.60 | 35.60 | 21.40 | 15.10 | 10.80 | 2.86 | 2.67 | 2.09 | 3.41 | 40.80 | 52.20 | 21.30 | 20.80 |
| 1985 | 5.90 | 17.20 | 14.80 | 19.30 | 7.90 | 2.41 | 0.63 | 0.51 | 2.85 | 27.00 | 12.70 | 14.10 | 10.40 |
| 1986 | 48.30 | 31.10 | 36.90 | 19.60 | 21.10 | 7.08 | 3.41 | 0.83 | 1.55 | 7.51 | 35.40 | 37.60 | 20.80 |
| 1987 | 48.20 | 29.10 | 34.90 | 15.90 | 14.40 | 16.80 | 1.48 | 0.45 | 0.54 | 0.60 | 26.10 | 35.80 | 18.60 |
| 1988 | 27.10 | 23.30 | 26.70 | 23.50 | 17.70 | 8.40 | 2.01 | 0.96 | 2.43 | 7.67 | 47.20 | 22.90 | 17.40 |
| 1989 | 31.80 | 23.20 | 20.70 | 19.00 | 2.22 | 2.06 | 5.74 | 1.43 | 0.63 | 21.10 | 45.70 | 24.60 | 16.50 |
| 1990 | 34.30 | 35.90 | 21.20 | 7.08 | 4.05 | 14.50 | 2.09 | 1.00 | 0.94 | 32.60 | 72.10 | 38.50 | 21.90 |
| 1991 | 30.50 | 54.70 | 7.80 | 14.80 | 7.21 | 2.17 | 1.58 | 24.20 | 3.57 | 0.94 | 37.60 | 40.50 | 18.60 |
| 1992 | 69.30 | 32.40 | 5.88 | 16.30 | 3.34 | 1.17 | 0.67 | 0.99 | 4.63 | 22.20 | 24.70 | 19.60 | 16.70 |
| 1993 | 22.00 | 7.66 | 28.90 | 29.30 | 14.80 | 7.78 | 1.63 | 1.85 | 0.89 | 5.49 | 14.30 | 41.70 | 14.80 |
| 1994 | 34.20 | 42.40 | 40.30 | 10.30 | 3.80 | 10.90 | 2.03 | 0.76 | 2.19 | 14.20 | 40.70 | 51.60 | 21.00 |
| 1995 | 40.10 | 38.50 | 33.00 | 11.40 | 2.09 | 2.90 | 1.03 | 1.53 | 0.84 | 27.60 | 83.20 | 49.10 | 24.20 |
| 1996 | 42.30 | 33.40 | 14.60 | 33.70 | 10.20 | 3.27 | 0.95 | 0.44 | 3.48 | 25.30 | 24.60 | 29.00 | 18.40 |
| MEAN | 35.05 | 32.89 | 23.36 | 18.83 | 9.82 | 6.21 | 3.33 | 2.94 | 5.58 | 23.16 | 36.30 | 38.78 | 19.64 |
| % MAD | 178% | 167% | 119% | 96% | 50% | 32% | 17% | 15% | 28% | 118% | 185% | 197% | 100% |

Station Name: SARITA RIVER NEAR BAMFIELD continued
 Station Number: 08HB014

| 7-Day Average Low Flow (m ³ /sec) | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| Date of | Period: | Date of | Period: |
| Occurrence | Apr 1 to Sep 30 | Occurrence | Jan 1 to Dec 31 |
| 06-Aug-78 | 0.881 | 06-Aug-78 | 0.881 |
| 28-Aug-79 | 1.75 | 28-Aug-79 | 1.75 |
| 13-Aug-80 | 1.06 | 13-Aug-80 | 1.06 |
| 24-Aug-81 | 0.659 | 24-Aug-81 | 0.659 |
| 01-Sep-82 | 0.699 | 01-Sep-82 | 0.699 |
| 24-Aug-83 | 1.1 | 24-Aug-83 | 1.1 |
| 27-Aug-84 | 2.03 | 27-Aug-84 | 2.03 |
| 26-Aug-85 | 0.33 | 26-Aug-85 | 0.33 |
| 15-Sep-86 | 0.396 | 15-Sep-86 | 0.396 |
| 29-Aug-87 | 0.342 | 21-Oct-87 | 0.329 |
| 15-Sep-88 | 0.393 | 15-Sep-88 | 0.393 |
| 23-Sep-89 | 0.477 | 01-Oct-89 | 0.458 |
| 12-Aug-90 | 0.543 | 12-Aug-90 | 0.543 |
| 11-Jul-91 | 0.791 | 31-Oct-91 | 0.694 |
| 24-Aug-92 | 0.349 | 24-Aug-92 | 0.349 |
| 27-Sep-93 | 0.710 | 02-Oct-93 | 0.681 |
| 04-Aug-94 | 0.692 | 04-Aug-94 | 0.692 |
| 22-Sep-95 | 0.631 | 22-Sep-95 | 0.631 |
| MEAN | 0.867 | | 0.863 |
| % MAD | 4.41% | | 4.40% |

Station Name: SARITA RIVER NEAR BAMFIELD continued
 Station Number: 08HB014

| 7-Day Average Low Flow (m ³ /sec) | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| Date of | Period: | Date of | Period: |
| Occurrence | Apr 1 to Sep 30 | Occurrence | Jan 1 to Dec 31 |
| 06-Aug-78 | 0.881 | 06-Aug-78 | 0.881 |
| 28-Aug-79 | 1.75 | 28-Aug-79 | 1.75 |
| 13-Aug-80 | 1.06 | 13-Aug-80 | 1.06 |
| 24-Aug-81 | 0.659 | 24-Aug-81 | 0.659 |
| 01-Sep-82 | 0.699 | 01-Sep-82 | 0.699 |
| 24-Aug-83 | 1.1 | 24-Aug-83 | 1.1 |
| 27-Aug-84 | 2.03 | 27-Aug-84 | 2.03 |
| 26-Aug-85 | 0.33 | 26-Aug-85 | 0.33 |
| 15-Sep-86 | 0.396 | 15-Sep-86 | 0.396 |
| 29-Aug-87 | 0.342 | 21-Oct-87 | 0.329 |
| 15-Sep-88 | 0.393 | 15-Sep-88 | 0.393 |
| 23-Sep-89 | 0.477 | 01-Oct-89 | 0.458 |
| 12-Aug-90 | 0.543 | 12-Aug-90 | 0.543 |
| 11-Jul-91 | 0.791 | 31-Oct-91 | 0.694 |
| 24-Aug-92 | 0.349 | 24-Aug-92 | 0.349 |
| 27-Sep-93 | 0.710 | 02-Oct-93 | 0.681 |
| 04-Aug-94 | 0.692 | 04-Aug-94 | 0.692 |
| 22-Sep-95 | 0.631 | 22-Sep-95 | 0.631 |
| MEAN | 0.867 | | 0.863 |
| % MAD | 4.41% | | 4.40% |

Station Name: GOLD RIVER BELOW UCONA RIVER

Station Number: 08HC001

Natural or Regulated: N

Drainage Area (sq.km.): 1010

Discharge in: m³/sec

| | Degrees | Minutes | Seconds |
|-----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Latitude | 49 | 42 | 21 |
| Longitude | 126 | 6 | 22 |

| YEAR | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MA Y | JU N | JUL | AU G | SEP | OCT | NOV | DEC | MAD |
|------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1956 | | | | 137 | 190 | 158 | 66.9 | 15.5 | 45 | 138 | | 208 | |
| 1957 | 29.7 | 23 | 47.3 | 78.7 | 99.3 | 49.1 | 36.7 | 31 | 68.5 | 55.9 | 63.2 | 203 | 65.8 |
| 1958 | 211 | | 67.6 | 71.7 | 110 | 51.4 | 13.6 | 8.85 | 63.4 | 213 | 92.6 | 262 | |
| 1959 | | 56.7 | 74.5 | 130 | 105 | 110 | 58 | 13.8 | 27.2 | 64.9 | 111 | 152 | 86.6 |
| 1960 | 32.2 | 107 | 57.9 | 146 | 150 | 123 | 39.8 | 20.1 | 32.2 | 168 | 109 | 128 | 92.7 |
| 1961 | 275 | 168 | 87.4 | 103 | 77.8 | 66.2 | 30 | 13.1 | 29.3 | 96 | 81.6 | 106 | 94.2 |
| 1962 | 169 | 101 | 22.6 | 97.7 | 70.3 | 50.6 | 21.4 | 41.9 | 25.9 | 150 | | | |
| 1963 | | | 76.5 | 48 | 62.8 | 44.4 | 48.6 | 16.1 | 22 | 205 | 190 | 197 | |
| 1964 | 87.3 | 65.4 | 58.6 | 78.8 | 106 | 147 | 88.4 | 47.6 | | | 98.2 | 81.3 | |
| 1965 | 68.1 | 91.2 | 54.6 | 68.5 | 75.5 | 42.9 | 17 | 7.55 | 6.14 | 297 | 105 | 167 | 83.7 |
| 1966 | 127 | 65.8 | 130 | 103 | 97.8 | 106 | 58 | 19.8 | 43.3 | 163 | 116 | 251 | 107 |
| 1967 | 116 | 88.1 | 55 | 40.9 | 133 | 127 | 32.9 | 11.5 | 29.6 | 270 | 93.8 | 163 | 97.1 |
| 1968 | 306 | 128 | 96.1 | 62.3 | 89.8 | 55.1 | 36.9 | 16.3 | 49.7 | 198 | 192 | 101 | 111 |
| 1969 | | 66.6 | 67.2 | 128 | 205 | 147 | 35.7 | 26.6 | 80.3 | 75.6 | 185 | 108 | |
| 1970 | 56.7 | 69 | 57.3 | 93.4 | 92.5 | 54.2 | 21.1 | 12.6 | 23.3 | 55.8 | 61.8 | 45.7 | 53.4 |
| 1971 | 172 | 131 | 44.5 | 71 | 133 | 134 | 61.5 | 33.7 | 84.8 | 97.2 | 188 | 28.3 | 97.8 |
| 1972 | 28.3 | 62.5 | 188 | 77.9 | 156 | 156 | 78.2 | 21.6 | 63.8 | 12.5 | 96.5 | 155 | 91.4 |
| 1973 | 168 | 48.5 | 46 | 56.4 | 95.2 | 107 | 34.9 | 11.4 | 9.52 | 115 | 51.8 | 161 | 75.8 |
| 1974 | 162 | 73 | 101 | 107 | 114 | 153 | 94.5 | 34.4 | 22.3 | 26.5 | 146 | 167 | 100 |
| 1975 | 54.8 | 35.5 | 48.5 | 52 | 110 | 96.1 | 37.6 | 38.7 | 19.1 | 138 | 354 | 175 | 96.7 |
| 1976 | 108 | 53.1 | 58.5 | 65.7 | 140 | 122 | 85.5 | 38.8 | 38.2 | 64.2 | 95.9 | 180 | 87.7 |
| 1977 | 48.8 | 114 | 69.1 | 89.8 | 55.7 | 49.1 | 24.7 | 11.2 | 20 | 108 | 163 | 115 | 72 |
| 1978 | 50 | 67.9 | 106 | 39.3 | 50.1 | 50.1 | 18.1 | 28.7 | 81.1 | 69.4 | 82.7 | 47.2 | 57.4 |
| 1979 | 23.5 | 82.4 | 142 | 71.8 | 94.5 | 54.4 | 35 | 8.77 | 81.1 | 88.2 | 51.1 | 201 | 77.9 |
| 1980 | 50.4 | 98.1 | 60.6 | 88.2 | 68.8 | 43.2 | 29.3 | 8.87 | 43 | 36.1 | 184 | 261 | 80.8 |
| 1981 | 89.1 | 85.5 | 27 | 103 | 71.7 | 54.4 | 17.3 | 5.61 | 46.1 | 151 | 151 | 87.2 | 73.8 |
| 1982 | 67.7 | 111 | 47.3 | 42.1 | 99.5 | 111 | 36.1 | 13.9 | 22.8 | 179 | 80.8 | 105 | 76.1 |
| 1983 | 194 | 182 | 91.8 | 54.9 | 72.1 | 61.2 | 59.5 | 15.1 | 17.8 | 83.5 | 180 | 38.8 | 86.9 |

Station Name: **GOLD RIVER BELOW UCONA RIVER continued**
 Station Number: **08HC001**

| YEAR | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JUL | AUG | SEP | OCT | NOV | DEC | MAD |
|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| 1984 | 163 | 103 | 94.2 | 72.9 | 90.5 | 70.4 | 47.4 | 16.8 | 40.5 | 157 | 105 | 63.7 | 85.4 |
| 1985 | 46 | 46.8 | 32.4 | 105 | 96.5 | 45 | 15.9 | 5.99 | 4.78 | 66.2 | 42.8 | 34.3 | 45.1 |
| 1986 | 184 | 116 | 147 | 55.8 | 124 | 60.6 | 30.4 | 7.82 | 6.13 | 20.7 | 156 | 150 | 88.2 |
| 1987 | 175 | 154 | 136 | 92.9 | 98.8 | 113 | 28.2 | 8.47 | 19.3 | 13.3 | 155 | 99.8 | 90.6 |
| 1988 | 82 | 114 | 87.9 | 120 | 128 | 91.3 | 48.2 | 18.3 | 17.9 | 53.7 | 166 | 87.8 | 84.3 |
| 1989 | 100 | 36.2 | 39 | 128 | 85.4 | 56.3 | 24.8 | 10.7 | 5.05 | 78.3 | 172 | 123 | 71.7 |
| 1990 | 104 | 73.3 | 70.1 | 86.8 | 53.1 | 52.8 | 17.5 | 6.53 | 5.3 | 179 | 333 | 127 | 92.2 |
| 1991 | 88.1 | 221 | 24.3 | 53.3 | 52.3 | 30.3 | 20.2 | 60.4 | 18.3 | 6.63 | 197 | 183 | 78.5 |
| 1992 | 248 | 152 | 47.2 | 47.1 | 42.1 | 22.1 | 9.58 | 6.59 | 17.7 | 128 | 125 | 50.7 | 74.5 |
| 1993 | 48.8 | 65.6 | 129 | 75.1 | 115 | 59.5 | 20.9 | 19.6 | 7.79 | 21.1 | 86.7 | 148 | 66.5 |
| 1994 | 116 | 73.3 | 144 | 97.3 | 50.1 | 51.9 | 18.7 | 8.68 | 15.5 | 72.1 | 80 | 160 | 74.1 |
| 1995 | 112 | 160 | 91.8 | 74.3 | 102 | 63.5 | 31.8 | 23.3 | 13.5 | 197 | 330 | 171 | 114 |
| 1996 | 176 | 88.2 | 55.2 | 171 | 56 | 40.5 | 17.8 | 9 | 19.3 | 107 | 92 | 60.7 | 74.2 |
| MEAN | 117.23 | 94.15 | 77.03 | 85.01 | 98.03 | 80.01 | 37.77 | 18.91 | 32.16 | 110.47 | 137.55 | 133.84 | 83.00 |
| % MAD | 141% | 113% | 93% | 102% | 118% | 96% | 46% | 23% | 39% | 133% | 166% | 161% | 100% |

Station Name: **GOLD RIVER BELOW UCONA RIVER**
 Station Number: **08HC001**

| 7-Day Average Low Flow (m ³ /sec) | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| Date of | Period: | Date of | Period: |
| Occurrence | Apr 1 to Sep 30 | Occurrence | Jan 1 to Dec 31 |
| 16-Sep-56 | 8.35 | 16-Sep-56 | 8.35 |
| 01-Sep-57 | 12.50 | 06-Feb-57 | 9.59 |
| 25-Aug-58 | 5.26 | 25-Aug-58 | 5.26 |
| 23-Aug-59 | 10.70 | 23-Aug-59 | 10.70 |
| 12-Aug-60 | 14.50 | 12-Aug-60 | 14.50 |
| 26-Aug-61 | 7.50 | 26-Aug-61 | 7.50 |
| 12-Sep-62 | 8.54 | 12-Sep-62 | 8.54 |
| 09-Sep-63 | 8.41 | 09-Sep-63 | 8.41 |
| 26-Sep-65 | 5.16 | 26-Sep-65 | 5.16 |
| 05-Sep-66 | 13.30 | 05-Sep-66 | 13.30 |
| 28-Aug-67 | 8.75 | 28-Aug-67 | 8.75 |
| 07-Sep-68 | 9.36 | 07-Sep-68 | 9.36 |
| 10-Sep-69 | 14.10 | 10-Sep-69 | 14.10 |
| 31-Aug-70 | 6.18 | 31-Aug-70 | 6.18 |
| 25-Sep-71 | 17.60 | 28-Dec-71 | 16.40 |
| 14-Sep-72 | 7.47 | 14-Sep-72 | 7.47 |
| 17-Sep-73 | 5.20 | 17-Sep-73 | 5.20 |
| 27-Sep-74 | 11.50 | 27-Sep-74 | 11.50 |
| 26-Sep-75 | 9.89 | 29-Sep-75 | 9.55 |
| 27-Sep-76 | 16.70 | 02-Oct-76 | 13.90 |
| 20-Aug-77 | 9.21 | 20-Aug-77 | 9.21 |
| 08-Aug-78 | 8.55 | 08-Aug-78 | 8.55 |
| 13-Aug-79 | 7.54 | 13-Aug-79 | 7.54 |
| 23-Aug-80 | 6.65 | 23-Aug-80 | 6.65 |
| 22-Aug-81 | 3.76 | 22-Aug-81 | 3.76 |
| 03-Sep-82 | 9.47 | 03-Sep-82 | 9.47 |
| 24-Aug-83 | 8.05 | 13-Oct-83 | 6.23 |
| 25-Aug-84 | 12.50 | 25-Aug-84 | 12.50 |
| 27-Sep-85 | 3.57 | 02-Oct-85 | 3.42 |

Station Name: GOLD RIVER BELOW UCONA RIVER continued

Station Number: 08HC001

7 Day Average Low Flow (m³/sec)

| Date of Occurrence | Period: | Date of Occurrence | Period: |
|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| | Apr 1 to Sep 30 | | Jan 1 to Dec 31 |
| 19-Sep-86 | 4.25 | 19-Sep-86 | 4.25 |
| 10-Sep-87 | 5.10 | 10-Sep-87 | 5.10 |
| 15-Sep-88 | 6.42 | 15-Sep-88 | 6.42 |
| 22-Sep-89 | 3.80 | 05-Oct-89 | 3.63 |
| 27-Sep-90 | 4.27 | 27-Sep-90 | 4.27 |
| 27-Sep-91 | 7.11 | 12-Oct-91 | 4.59 |
| 26-Aug-92 | 4.47 | 26-Aug-92 | 4.47 |
| 27-Sep-93 | 4.83 | 11-Oct-93 | 4.18 |
| 31-Aug-94 | 6.01 | 31-Aug-94 | 6.01 |
| 25-Sep-95 | 8.37 | 25-Sep-95 | 8.37 |
| MEAN | 8.33 | | 8.01 |
| % MAD | 10.04% | | 9.65% |

Station Name: BEDWELL RIVER ABOVE URSUS CREEK

Station Number: 08HC004

Natural or Regulated: N

Drainage Area (sq.km.): 114

Discharge in: m³/sec

| | Degrees | Minutes | Seconds |
|-----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Latitude | 49 | 24 | 16 |
| Longitude | 125 | 44 | 51 |

| YEAR | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JUL | AU G | SEP | OCT | NOV | DEC | MAD |
|-------|----------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|---------|---------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1990 | | | | | 18 | 19.8 | 7.27 | 3.77 | 1.77 | | | | |
| 1991 | 12.1 | 38.3 | 4.39 | 11.4 | 16.5 | 11.5 | 8.5 | 21.8 | 3.37 | 1.74 | 34.9 | 28.9 | 15.9 |
| 1992 | 51.3 | 30.1 | 8.53 | 19 | 9.99 | 7.83 | 3.37 | 2.76 | 8.06 | 26.2 | 17.6 | 7.61 | 16 |
| 1993 | 10.1 | 10.4 | 19.9 | 17 | 27.1 | 14.7 | 5.68 | 6.86 | 1.53 | 6.97 | 17.7 | 23.3 | 13.5 |
| 1994 | 21.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1995 | | | | | | | | | | 20.6 | 44.6 | 29.7 | |
| 1996 | 13.8 | 5.94 | 5.49 | 22 | 12.1 | 12.4 | 6.78 | 3.59 | 5.94 | 20.1 | 17.9 | 8.84 | 11.2 |
| MEAN | 21.82 | 21.19 | 9.58 | 17.35 | 16.74 | 13.25 | 6.32 | 7.76 | 4.13 | 15.12 | 26.54 | 19.67 | 14.15 |
| % MAD | 154 % | 150% | 68% | 123% | 118% | 94% | 45 % | 55% | 29% | 107% | 188% | 139% | 100% |

Station Name: BEDWELL RIVER ABOVE URSUS CREEK
Station Number: 08HC004

| 7-Day Average Low Flow (m³/sec) | | | |
|---|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| Date of | Period: | Date of | Period: |
| Occurrence | Apr 1 to Sep 30 | Occurrence | Jan 1 to Dec 31 |
| 23-Sep-90 | 1.14 | 02-Oct-90 | 1.04 |
| 27-Sep-91 | 1.64 | 06-Oct-91 | 1.14 |
| 25-Aug-92 | 1.32 | 25-Aug-92 | 1.32 |
| 24-Sep-93 | 0.95 | 10-Oct-93 | 0.94 |
| 22-Sep-95 | 1.82 | 22-Sep-95 | 1.82 |
| MEAN | 1.37 | | 1.25 |
| % MAD | 9.71% | | 8.84% |

Station Name: ZEBALLOS RIVER NEAR ZEBALLOS

Station Number: 08HE006

Natural or Regulated: N

Drainage Area (sq.km.): 181

Discharge in: m³/sec

| Degrees Minutes | | | |
|-----------------|-----|----|----|
| Seconds | | | |
| Latitude | 50 | 0 | 52 |
| Longitude | 126 | 50 | 22 |

| YEAR | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JUL | AUG | SEP | OCT | NOV | DEC | MAD |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1960 | 17.2 | 24.6 | 17.6 | 29.3 | 29 | 27.1 | 11.4 | 11.9 | 12.1 | 46.4 | 31.9 | 31.8 | 24.2 |
| 1961 | 63 | 51 | 25.5 | 24.3 | 15.1 | 15 | 9.78 | 7.01 | 12.2 | 22.8 | 20.8 | 31.3 | 24.7 |
| 1962 | 38.8 | 23.2 | 8.08 | 22.7 | 14.3 | 12.5 | 6.72 | 13.9 | 16.8 | 30.9 | | | |
| 1963 | 21.1 | 56.8 | 18.7 | 18.1 | 19.1 | 11.6 | 15.2 | 6.52 | 18.2 | 52.4 | 47.5 | 53.8 | 28 |
| 1964 | 26.7 | 27.6 | 17.9 | 20.2 | 20.1 | 24.8 | 29 | 16.3 | 16.8 | 33.2 | 30.3 | 24.6 | 23.9 |
| 1965 | 26.2 | 27.1 | 13.4 | 17 | 17.6 | 11.9 | 7.27 | 4.75 | 3.39 | | 37.1 | 56.8 | |
| 1966 | 53.3 | 30.9 | 42.5 | | | | 14.9 | 12.4 | 48.6 | 43.4 | 26.2 | 91.8 | |
| 1967 | 139 | 77.4 | 43.1 | 20.8 | 26.2 | 23.2 | 17.4 | 7.72 | 70.4 | 115 | 33 | 74.5 | 54 |
| 1968 | 109 | 41.6 | 32.6 | 27.2 | 19.6 | 19.4 | 19.9 | 9.62 | 51.8 | 244 | 140 | 68.6 | 65.5 |
| 1969 | | 13.1 | 24.3 | 34.2 | 33.4 | 25.9 | 10.7 | 15.3 | 25.8 | 18.5 | 50.6 | 34.1 | |
| 1970 | 19.6 | 20 | 19.1 | 19.4 | 28.1 | 13.3 | 9.14 | 8.98 | 13.8 | 15.1 | 16.1 | 17.8 | 16.7 |
| 1971 | | | 16.5 | 19.2 | 25.5 | 28.2 | 17.1 | 20.6 | 30.2 | 43.5 | 66.4 | 12 | |
| 1972 | 11.2 | 24.9 | 46.4 | 28 | 31 | 30.3 | 21.4 | 8.1 | 13.4 | 7.75 | 25.2 | 42.6 | 24.2 |
| 1973 | 46.3 | 18.5 | 13.6 | 15.6 | 22.1 | 20.2 | 12.6 | 6.17 | 11.2 | 33.7 | 17.1 | 44.6 | 21.9 |
| 1974 | 40.7 | 27.3 | 28.1 | 24.3 | 26.7 | 29.9 | 23 | 11.1 | 10.8 | 14.4 | 32 | 43.1 | 25.9 |
| 1975 | 21.7 | 15.8 | 13.1 | 11.8 | 21.7 | 19.8 | 12 | 16.1 | 7.49 | 38.9 | 109 | 43 | 27.5 |
| 1976 | 34.2 | 16.9 | 18.8 | 18.1 | 35.7 | 29.6 | 27.5 | 16.4 | 17.3 | 22.5 | 28.9 | 64.9 | 27.7 |
| 1977 | 18 | 34 | 25.3 | 24.5 | 19.4 | 15 | 12 | 6.55 | 8.23 | 32.6 | 43.1 | 31.6 | 22.4 |
| 1978 | 18.3 | 21.2 | 26.8 | 11.2 | 13.3 | 11.8 | 6.08 | 10.3 | 27.2 | 22 | 35.3 | 19.4 | 18.5 |
| 1979 | 11.9 | 23.3 | 26.5 | 14 | 18.9 | 15.4 | 13.5 | 5.19 | 23.8 | 22 | 15.4 | 54 | 20.3 |
| 1980 | 19.1 | 26.8 | 17.8 | 23.2 | 17.8 | 12.1 | 11.7 | 5.89 | 22.7 | 12.3 | 48 | 71.6 | 24 |
| 1981 | 34.3 | 40.7 | 14 | 32.4 | 19.9 | 25.9 | 8.33 | 5.21 | 18.9 | 40.5 | 39.3 | 24.4 | 25.1 |
| 1982 | 24.7 | 32.5 | 13.2 | 11.9 | 19.3 | 21.1 | 12.8 | 8.33 | 15.3 | 38 | 26.8 | 29.8 | 21.1 |
| 1983 | 49.9 | 50.5 | 24.6 | 14 | 13.7 | 19.2 | 19.8 | 9.15 | 11.1 | 21.6 | 43.7 | 17.8 | 24.4 |
| 1984 | 40.8 | 31 | 23.6 | 22.2 | 24.6 | 17.2 | 16.2 | 9.88 | 23.3 | 38.9 | 31 | 19.2 | 24.8 |
| 1985 | 16.2 | 16.5 | 10.2 | 24.1 | 19.3 | 12.2 | 7.2 | 4.29 | 3.16 | 29.8 | 16 | 12.3 | 14.3 |
| 1986 | 56.5 | 33.2 | 36.4 | 18.6 | 32.6 | 16.7 | 14.2 | 4.66 | 4.35 | 8.94 | 39.2 | 37.8 | 25.2 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|------|----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1987 | 55.7 | 41 | 34.8 | 28.1 | 24.5 | 38.3 | 9.45 | 5.58 | 15.2 | 11.6 | 46.7 | 31.1 | 28.4 |
|------|------|----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|

Station Name: **ZEBALLOS RIVER NEAR ZEBALLOS continued**
 Station Number: **08HE006**

| YEAR | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JUL | AUG | SEP | OCT | NOV | DEC | MAD |
|-------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1988 | 27.5 | 31.7 | 24 | 27.4 | 29.1 | 22.8 | 14.5 | 8.79 | 15.6 | 19.1 | 45.5 | 23.9 | 24.1 |
| 1989 | 33.4 | 10.3 | 14.3 | 26.6 | 17.6 | 15.4 | 11.7 | 5.95 | 4.23 | 22.8 | 45.8 | 36.4 | 20.4 |
| 1990 | 33.5 | 24 | 19.5 | 18.5 | 13.1 | 15 | 8.19 | 5.6 | 4.06 | 49.6 | 96.8 | 41.7 | 27.4 |
| 1991 | 28.4 | 64 | 9.06 | 13.1 | 13.8 | 8.62 | 6.96 | 21.3 | 6.59 | 4.83 | 55.4 | 53.8 | 23.5 |
| 1992 | 75.7 | 39.7 | 9.71 | 16.1 | 12.9 | 6.6 | 4.48 | 4.53 | 9.45 | 34.9 | 26.8 | 17 | 21.5 |
| 1993 | 15.3 | 16.6 | 36.3 | 22.2 | 25.1 | 16.4 | 8.5 | 10.1 | 4.42 | 9.68 | 26.4 | 38.1 | 19.1 |
| 1994 | 27.7 | 26.6 | 38.1 | 23.1 | 13.9 | 16.1 | 7.96 | 5.65 | 10.6 | 28 | 35.3 | 54.5 | 24 |
| 1995 | 29.4 | 39.5 | 21.1 | 15.8 | 13.7 | 12.4 | 7.97 | 10.2 | 4.96 | 54.1 | 83.2 | 44.6 | 28 |
| 1996 | 58.1 | 28 | 20.1 | 58.3 | 16.8 | 16.5 | 6.51 | 4.84 | 8.29 | 26.2 | 25.3 | 20.9 | 24.1 |
| MEAN | 38.35 | 31.33 | 22.83 | 22.10 | 21.24 | 18.82 | 12.78 | 9.32 | 16.80 | 36.39 | 42.70 | 39.31 | 25.78 |
| % MAD | 149 % | 122% | 89% | 86% | 82% | 73% | 50% | 36% | 65% | 141% | 166% | 153% | 100% |

Station Name: ZEBALLOS RIVER NEAR ZEBALLOS
 Station Number: 08HE006

| 7-Day Average Low Flow (m ³ /sec) | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| Date of | Period: | Date of | Period: |
| Occurrence | Apr 1 to Sep 30 | Occurrence | Jan 1 to Dec 31 |
| 12-Aug-60 | 7.22 | 12-Aug-60 | 7.22 |
| 26-Aug-61 | 4.90 | 26-Aug-61 | 4.90 |
| 24-Sep-62 | 4.68 | 24-Sep-62 | 4.68 |
| 08-Sep-63 | 4.34 | 08-Sep-63 | 4.34 |
| 10-Sep-64 | 8.76 | 10-Sep-64 | 8.76 |
| 10-Sep-65 | 3.12 | | |
| 22-Aug-66 | 9.50 | 22-Aug-66 | 9.50 |
| 16-Aug-67 | 5.48 | 16-Aug-67 | 5.48 |
| 05-Aug-68 | 6.13 | 05-Aug-68 | 6.13 |
| 08-Sep-69 | 5.39 | 08-Sep-69 | 5.39 |
| 30-Aug-70 | 4.79 | 30-Aug-70 | 4.79 |
| 27-Sep-71 | 8.43 | 27-Dec-71 | 7.31 |
| 14-Sep-72 | 4.73 | 14-Sep-72 | 4.73 |
| 14-Sep-73 | 4.89 | 14-Sep-73 | 4.89 |
| 27-Sep-74 | 6.36 | 27-Sep-74 | 6.36 |
| 24-Sep-75 | 5.95 | 29-Sep-75 | 5.90 |
| 27-Sep-76 | 9.59 | 20-Oct-76 | 7.77 |
| 15-Sep-77 | 4.33 | 15-Sep-77 | 4.33 |
| 07-Aug-78 | 4.09 | 07-Aug-78 | 4.09 |
| 28-Aug-79 | 4.32 | 28-Aug-79 | 4.32 |
| 22-Aug-80 | 4.94 | 22-Aug-80 | 4.94 |
| 21-Aug-81 | 3.80 | 21-Aug-81 | 3.80 |
| 02-Sep-82 | 5.62 | 02-Sep-82 | 5.62 |
| 24-Aug-83 | 6.03 | 13-Oct-83 | 6.01 |
| 25-Aug-84 | 8.11 | 25-Aug-84 | 8.11 |
| 27-Sep-85 | 2.73 | 06-Oct-85 | 2.58 |

**ZEBALLOS RIVER
NEAR ZEBALLOS**

Station Name:
Station Number:

continued
08HE006

| Date of Occurrence | Period: Apr 1 to Sep 30 | Date of Occurrence | Period: Jan 1 to Dec 31 |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| 19-Sep-86 | 2.97 | 19-Oct-86 | 2.75 |
| 10-Sep-87 | 4.32 | 10-Sep-87 | 4.32 |
| 15-Sep-88 | 5.37 | 15-Sep-88 | 5.37 |
| 27-Sep-89 | 3.90 | 30-Sep-89 | 3.84 |
| 25-Sep-90 | 3.73 | 25-Sep-90 | 3.73 |
| 27-Sep-91 | 4.21 | 12-Oct-91 | 3.48 |
| 01-Aug-92 | 3.37 | 01-Aug-92 | 3.37 |
| 25-Sep-93 | 3.88 | 10-Oct-93 | 3.61 |
| 03-Sep-94 | 3.88 | 03-Sep-94 | 3.88 |
| 24-Sep-95 | 3.95 | 24-Sep-95 | 3.95 |
| MEAN | 5.22 | | 5.15 |
| % MAD | 20.24% | | 19.98% |

Station Name: NAHMINT RIVER NEAR PORT ALBERNI

Station

Number: 08HB012

Natural or Regulated: N

Drainage Area (sq.km.): 140

Discharge in: m³/sec

| | | |
|----------|---------|---------|
| | Degrees | Minutes |
| Seconds | | |
| Latitude | 49 | 47 |
| -- | | |

| YEAR | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JULY | AUG | SEPT | OCT | NOV | DEC | MAD |
|-------|----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1924 | | | | | | | | 3.03 | 15.8 | 67 | 43.9 | 27.4 | |
| 1925 | 29.1 | 39.2 | 16 | 18.5 | 23.5 | 13.4 | 7.8 | 4.88 | 3.18 | 1.2 | 25.8 | 53 | 19.5 |
| 1926 | 15.6 | 47.5 | 15.3 | 13.9 | 19.1 | 10.1 | 4.78 | 5.79 | 1.93 | 45.3 | 31.1 | 44.1 | 21.1 |
| 1927 | 35.6 | 22.6 | 23.9 | 17.9 | 28.1 | 26.3 | 13.6 | 5.13 | 21.4 | 49.4 | 36.9 | 14.5 | 24.6 |
| 1928 | 48.2 | 24.3 | 29.1 | 15.2 | 28.9 | 12.1 | 4.2 | 1.53 | 5.97 | 25.6 | 35.6 | 29.6 | 21.7 |
| 1929 | 9.04 | 3.19 | 11.5 | 15.5 | 19.3 | 22.3 | 9.73 | 5.18 | 2.31 | | 6.26 | 33.7 | |
| 1930 | 9.59 | 45.6 | 12.8 | 28.2 | 12.7 | 16.1 | 5.04 | 1.97 | 8.2 | 14.7 | 23.2 | 25.6 | 16.7 |
| 1931 | 54.8 | 18.1 | 26.5 | 16.1 | | | | | | | | | |
| MEAN | 28.8 | 28.6 | 19.3 | 17.9 | 21.9 | 16.7 | 7.53 | 3.93 | 8.40 | 33.9 | 29.0 | 32.6 | 20.7 |
| % MAD | 139 % | 138% | 93% | 86% | 106% | 81% | 36% | 19% | 41% | 163% | 140% | 157% | 100% |

Station Name:
Station Number:

NAHMINT RIVER NEAR PORT ALBERNI
08HB012

| 7-Day Average Low Flow (m ³ /sec) | | | |
|---|--------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Date of | Period: | Date of | Period: |
| Occurrence | Apr 1 to Sep 30 | Occurrence | Jan 1 to Dec 31 |
| 13-Aug-24 | 1.23 | 13-Aug-24 | 1.23 |
| 27-Sep-25 | 1.82 | 24-Oct-25 | 1.01 |
| 24-Sep-26 | 1.37 | 24-Sep-26 | 1.37 |
| 23-Aug-27 | 3.54 | 23-Aug-27 | 3.54 |
| 09-Sep-28 | 0.98 | 09-Sep-28 | 0.98 |
| 21-Sep-30 | 1.24 | 21-Sep-30 | 1.24 |
| MEAN | 1.70 | | 1.56 |
| % MAD | 8.19% | | 7.54% |

Station Name: UCONA RIVER AT THE MOUTH

Station Number: 08HC002

Natural or Regulated: N

Drainage Area (sq.km.): 185

Discharge in: m³/sec

| Degrees Minutes | | |
|-----------------|----|----|
| Seconds | | |
| Latitude | 49 | 42 |

| YEAR | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JULY | AUG | SEPT | OCT | NOV | DEC | MAD |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1957 | | | | 15.8 | 21.3 | 14.7 | 11.8 | 9.92 | 16.7 | 9.7 | 10.5 | 39.1 | |
| 1958 | 41.7 | 39.8 | 12.9 | 12.1 | 22.1 | 15.9 | 5.99 | 2.61 | 14.5 | 40.4 | 23 | 61.2 | 24.3 |
| 1959 | 25.3 | 9.25 | 16.1 | 23.4 | 23.8 | 26.3 | 18.6 | 4.49 | 12.7 | 13.1 | 19.8 | 31.7 | 18.8 |
| 1960 | 6.12 | 26 | 11.6 | 29.6 | 27.8 | 23.2 | 12.6 | 6.03 | 6.53 | 34.7 | | | |
| 1961 | 57 | 36.4 | 19.4 | 20.1 | 18.6 | 18.9 | 10.9 | 4.48 | 6.55 | 17 | 13.7 | 19.2 | 20.1 |
| 1962 | 26 | 17.7 | 5.24 | 19.7 | 14.9 | 14.6 | 7.99 | 8.7 | 6.37 | 25.1 | | | |
| 1963 | | 48.6 | 16.7 | 11.4 | 15.7 | 15 | 14.7 | 5.44 | 5.4 | 45.4 | 33.4 | 38.4 | |
| 1964 | 20 | 15.9 | 11.7 | 14.3 | 19.4 | 32.5 | 24.9 | 11.5 | 6.58 | | 16.9 | 13.8 | |
| 1965 | 12.5 | 16.9 | 9.31 | 11.4 | 13.8 | 11.7 | 6.42 | 4.18 | 1.86 | 48.3 | 24.1 | 28.7 | 15.8 |
| 1966 | 28.5 | 15.2 | 23.5 | 19.1 | 17.7 | 22.8 | 17 | 8.34 | 11.9 | 25.9 | 25.7 | | |
| 1967 | | 16.8 | 11.2 | 7.52 | 21.8 | 27.7 | 11.8 | 4.93 | 7.05 | 47.2 | 21.3 | 37 | |
| 1968 | 62.6 | 21.2 | 18 | 9.4 | 17.6 | 15.5 | 11.5 | 5.38 | 9.6 | 48.8 | 33.9 | 18.5 | 22.7 |
| 1969 | | 10.4 | 14.2 | 23.1 | 34.1 | 30.8 | 12 | 7.8 | 17.4 | 14.5 | 31.6 | 22.5 | |
| 1970 | 11 | 12.6 | 10.4 | 15.6 | 17.9 | 17.2 | 7.98 | 4.61 | 6.63 | 11.8 | 13.1 | 10 | 11.5 |
| 1971 | | | 10.4 | 13.9 | 25.7 | 28 | 19.9 | 12.8 | 14.2 | 20.1 | 34.8 | 5.88 | |
| 1972 | 6.28 | 15 | 33.2 | 16.7 | 24.9 | 25.3 | 17.3 | 6.31 | 9.46 | 4.08 | 16 | 27.1 | 16.8 |
| 1973 | 26.5 | 11.2 | 10.6 | 10.5 | 23.8 | 20.6 | 14 | 5.4 | 2.85 | 21.5 | 13.6 | 34.1 | 16.3 |
| 1974 | 28.3 | | | | | 31.6 | 25.5 | 15.3 | 9.48 | 7.41 | 26.2 | 28.9 | |
| 1975 | 13.2 | 7.43 | 11.4 | 12.3 | 23.6 | 24.8 | 15.1 | 12.1 | 6.53 | 30.2 | 79 | 27.9 | 22 |
| 1976 | 21.5 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 12.8 | 26 | 24.8 | 22.6 | 13.5 | 10.3 | 12.5 | 19.5 | 31 | 18.3 |
| 1977 | 9.97 | 23.4 | 14.6 | 18 | 14.7 | 16.7 | 7.26 | 3.99 | 7.13 | 22.9 | 30.1 | 20.1 | 15.6 |
| 1978 | 13.2 | 16.6 | 22.1 | 9.36 | 14.5 | 18.8 | 9.63 | 10.6 | 20.5 | 15.1 | 20.1 | 12.3 | 15.2 |
| 1979 | 4.9 | 18.7 | 22.9 | 11.8 | 20.5 | 14.4 | 11.5 | 2.09 | 17.5 | 16.4 | 10.4 | 40.2 | 15.9 |
| 1980 | 12.4 | 23 | 13.3 | 17.7 | 17.3 | 15.6 | 11 | 3.33 | 8.08 | 8.13 | 33.1 | 51.2 | 17.8 |
| 1981 | 28.8 | 26.5 | 8.72 | 20.9 | 19.6 | 15.9 | 5.59 | 2.13 | 10.6 | | | | |
| 1984 | | | | | | | | | 7.63 | 30.2 | 19.2 | 11.1 | |
| 1985 | 10.5 | 9.31 | 6.59 | 18.4 | 21.1 | 14.3 | 6.89 | | | | | | |
| 1986 | 36.6 | 22.3 | 28.7 | 11.6 | 28.4 | 21.3 | 9.58 | 3.14 | 1.84 | 5.65 | 28.6 | 27.8 | 18.8 |

Station Name: UCONA RIVER AT THE MOUTH continued
Station Number: 08HC002

| YEAR | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JULY | AUG | SEPT | OCT | NOV | DEC | MAD |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1987 | 33 | 28 | 25.6 | 16.4 | 23 | 26.2 | 10.7 | 3.88 | 4.86 | 2.5 | 28.8 | 18 | 18.3 |
| 1988 | 16.1 | 19.1 | 16.4 | 22.6 | 27.5 | 22.5 | 15.5 | 6.76 | 4.18 | 9.71 | 31.1 | 17.6 | 17.4 |
| 1989 | 17.4 | 8.49 | 9.86 | 24.8 | 19.1 | 17 | 7.48 | 3.2 | 1.45 | 16.9 | 34.2 | 20.9 | 15.1 |
| 1990 | 19.6 | 13.2 | 13 | 16.7 | 13.5 | 17.2 | 5.83 | 1.38 | 1.17 | 29.8 | 64.8 | 24.8 | 18.4 |
| 1991 | 14.9 | 40 | 4.8 | 10.8 | 14.4 | 11.3 | 7.16 | 15.2 | 4.79 | 1.74 | 33.1 | 29.9 | 15.5 |
| 1992 | 44.3 | 27.9 | 10.2 | 14.3 | 10.8 | 9.33 | 4.23 | 2.63 | 3.63 | 25 | 23.7 | 11.2 | 15.6 |
| 1993 | 10.3 | 13.6 | 22.6 | 16.3 | 26.6 | 16.3 | 5.91 | 4.82 | 1.63 | 3.74 | 15.6 | 27.3 | 13.7 |
| 1994 | 23 | 14.7 | 28.3 | 18.2 | 13.5 | 16 | 6.88 | 2.88 | 4.02 | 13.1 | 21 | 36.7 | 16.6 |
| 1995 | 24 | 30.2 | 18.7 | 12.8 | 23.1 | 20 | 12 | 5.27 | 3.21 | 33.6 | 59 | 30.1 | 22.6 |
| 1996 | 27.7 | 19.4 | 14 | 31.4 | 13.9 | 13.1 | 7.2 | 2.47 | 5.25 | 20.8 | 19 | 12.6 | 15.5 |
| MEAN | 22.9 | 20.2 | 15.4 | 16.4 | 20.3 | 19.7 | 11.7 | 6.3 | 7.8 | 20.9 | 27.3 | 26.3 | 17.5 |
| % MAD | 131% | 115% | 88% | 94% | 116% | 112% | 67% | 36% | 45% | 119% | 156% | 150% | 100% |

Station Name: UCONA RIVER AT THE MOUTH
 Station Number: 08HC002

| 7-Day Average Low Flow (m ³ /sec) | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| Date of | Period: | Date of | Period: |
| Occurrence | Apr 1 to Sep 30 | Occurrence | Jan 1 to Dec 31 |
| 01-Sep-57 | 3.48 | 09-Oct-57 | 2.68 |
| 26-Aug-58 | 1.70 | 26-Aug-58 | 1.70 |
| 23-Aug-59 | 3.28 | 23-Aug-59 | 3.28 |
| 14-Sep-60 | 3.49 | 20-Jan-60 | 3.15 |
| 23-Sep-61 | 2.16 | 23-Sep-61 | 2.16 |
| 12-Sep-62 | 2.25 | 12-Sep-62 | 2.25 |
| 08-Sep-63 | 2.87 | 08-Sep-63 | 2.87 |
| 11-Sep-64 | 3.93 | 11-Sep-64 | 3.93 |
| 26-Sep-65 | 1.15 | 26-Sep-65 | 1.15 |
| 05-Sep-66 | 4.12 | 05-Sep-66 | 4.12 |
| 26-Sep-67 | 2.13 | 26-Sep-67 | 2.13 |
| 07-Sep-68 | 2.82 | 07-Sep-68 | 2.82 |
| 09-Sep-69 | 4.46 | 30-Jan-69 | 3.39 |
| 30-Aug-70 | 2.27 | 30-Aug-70 | 2.27 |
| 25-Sep-71 | 5.07 | 25-Sep-71 | 5.07 |
| 14-Sep-72 | 2.74 | 21-Oct-72 | 2.24 |
| 17-Sep-73 | 1.63 | 17-Sep-73 | 1.63 |
| 27-Sep-74 | 4.63 | 01-Nov-74 | 2.90 |
| 27-Sep-75 | 3.20 | 29-Sep-75 | 3.03 |
| 27-Sep-76 | 5.81 | 20-Oct-76 | 3.61 |
| 14-Sep-77 | 3.35 | 04-Oct-77 | 3.33 |
| 08-Aug-78 | 3.37 | 08-Aug-78 | 3.37 |
| 13-Aug-79 | 1.48 | 13-Aug-79 | 1.48 |
| 23-Aug-80 | 2.70 | 23-Aug-80 | 2.70 |
| 21-Aug-81 | 1.67 | 21-Aug-81 | 1.67 |
| 19-Sep-86 | 1.09 | 21-Oct-86 | 0.76 |
| 10-Sep-87 | 2.12 | 24-Oct-87 | 0.85 |
| 15-Sep-88 | 2.21 | 15-Sep-88 | 2.21 |
| 22-Sep-89 | 1.04 | 05-Oct-89 | 1.00 |

Station Name: UCONA RIVER AT THE MOUTH continued
Station Number: 08HC002

7-Day Average Low Flow (m³/sec)

| Date of Occurrence | Period: | Date of Occurrence | Period: |
|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| | Apr 1 to Sep 30 | | Jan 1 to Dec 31 |
| 23-Aug-90 | 0.73 | 23-Aug-90 | 0.73 |
| 27-Sep-91 | 1.88 | 12-Oct-91 | 1.08 |
| 02-Sep-92 | 1.28 | 02-Sep-92 | 1.28 |
| 27-Sep-93 | 1.07 | 11-Oct-93 | 0.82 |
| 30-Aug-94 | 1.86 | 10-Oct-94 | 1.58 |
| 26-Sep-95 | 2.08 | 26-Sep-95 | 2.08 |
| MEAN | 2.60 | | 2.32 |
| % MAD | 14.84% | | 13.24% |

Station Name: BENSON RIVER NEAR PORT ALICE

Station Number: 08HE003

Natural or Regulated: N

Drainage Area (sq.km.): 228

Discharge in: m³/sec

| Degrees Minutes | | |
|-----------------|----|----|
| Seconds | | |
| Latitude | 50 | 24 |

| YEAR | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUN | JULY | AUG | SEPT | OCT | NOV | DEC | MAD |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1925 | | | | | | 12.6 | 6.18 | 2.71 | 2.72 | 3.56 | 32 | 46.4 | |
| 1926 | 16.9 | 42.9 | 18.6 | 9.99 | 21.1 | 8.54 | 9.78 | 5.62 | 2.15 | 22.2 | 17.3 | 46.8 | 18.4 |
| 1927 | 24.7 | 26.5 | 21.9 | 19.1 | 22.8 | 28.2 | 13.4 | 3.58 | 19.1 | 37.1 | 27.6 | 15.7 | 21.6 |
| 1928 | 40.1 | 18.7 | 27.8 | 13.6 | 29 | 9.22 | 4.45 | 3.26 | 3.31 | 30.2 | 40 | 41.8 | 21.9 |
| 1929 | 10.1 | 3.5 | 23.5 | 14.5 | 20.3 | 15.2 | 12 | 9.41 | 3.58 | 31.5 | 11.6 | 34.3 | 15.9 |
| 1930 | 7.41 | 52.2 | 16.9 | 26.4 | 11.6 | 23.1 | 4.31 | 1.98 | 10.4 | 15.8 | 30.2 | 62.2 | 21.6 |
| 1931 | 56.4 | 25.2 | 41.5 | 48.6 | | | | | | | | | |
| MEAN | 25.9 | 28.2 | 25.0 | 22.0 | 21.0 | 16.1 | 8.35 | 4.43 | 6.88 | 23.4 | 26.5 | 41.2 | 19.9 |
| % MAD | 130% | 142% | 126% | 111% | 105% | 81% | 42% | 22% | 35% | 118% | 133% | 207% | 100% |

Station Name: BENSON RIVER NEAR PORT ALICE
Station Number: 08HE003

| 7-Day Average Low Flow (m³/sec) | | | |
|---|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| Date of | Period: | Date of | Period: |
| Occurrence | Apr 1 to Sep 30 | Occurrence | Jan 1 to Dec 31 |
| 21-Aug-25 | 1.71 | 19-Oct-25 | 1.29 |
| 24-Sep-26 | 1.73 | 24-Sep-26 | 1.73 |
| 23-Aug-27 | 2.65 | 23-Aug-27 | 2.65 |
| 09-Sep-28 | 0.87 | 09-Sep-28 | 0.87 |
| 27-Sep-29 | 2.12 | 29-Sep-29 | 1.93 |
| 12-Sep-30 | 1.38 | 12-Sep-30 | 1.38 |
| MEAN | 1.74 | | 1.64 |
| % MAD | 8.77% | | 8.26% |

**APPENDIX D: Licenced Water Demand
by Purpose**

| LICENCE NUMBER | FILE NUMBER | PRIORITY DATE | SOURCE | QUANTITY | DEMAND (dam ³ /yr)* |
|---|----------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Conservation - Use of Water: 1 licence | | | | | |
| C105591 | 0342749 | 19780303 | Leagh Creek | 20 cfs | 17860.00 |
| | | | Total = | 20 cfs | 17860.00 |
| Domestic*: 25 licences | | | | | |
| C037291 | 0300574 | 19701218 | Hayes Creek | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| C047333 | 0329741 | 19751014 | Cover Creek | 5000 gpd | 4.15 |
| C050685 | 0323245 | 19740611 | Ayton Creek | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| C050686 | 0346174 | 19740611 | Ayton Creek | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| C054483 | 0006096 | 19180731 | Rhodes Creek | 1000 gpd | 0.83 |
| C056201 | 0355716 | 19791114 | Kyber Creek | 1500 gpd | 1.24 |
| C058038 | 0355800 | 19791213 | Waterfall Creek | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| C059054 | 0364972 | 19781218 | Refuge Creek | 12500 gpd | 10.37 |
| C061433 | 1000374 | 19840510 | Skilton Brook | 1000 gpd | 0.83 |
| C063934 | 1000383 | 19840524 | Dynamite Creek | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| C063979 | 1000495 | 19850708 | April Brook | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| C065812 | 1000126 | 19830124 | Rae Lake | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| C072649 | 1000918 | 19880810 | Forrester Creek | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| C072650 | 1000961 | 19881024 | Forrester Creek | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| C100759 | 1001267 | 19900419 | Forrester Creek | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| C102255 | 1001465 | 19910624 | April Brook | 1000 gpd | 0.83 |
| C109334 | 1001826 | 19950222 | Forrester Creek | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| C109539 | 1001840 | 19950412 | Wet Creek | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| C109577 | 1001843 | 19950426 | Wet Creek | 1000 gpd | 0.83 |
| C109851 | 1001854 | 19950623 | Forrester Creek | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| C110410 | 1001891 | 19951107 | Forrester Creek | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| C110731 | 1001905 | 19960222 | Cherry Lake | 1500 gpd | 1.24 |
| F010474 | 0127654 | 19370408 | Wet Creek | 2000 gpd | 1.66 |
| F011540 | 0130235 | 19380204 | Cover Creek | 2000 gpd | 1.66 |
| F011541 | 0132280 | 19380204 | Shirley Brook | 2000 gpd | 1.66 |
| | | | Total = | 37500 gpd | 31.11 |
| Industrial - Brake Cooling: 1 licence | | | | | |
| C064016 | 1000615 | 19860606 | Sucwoa River | 1500 gpd | 2.49 |
| | | | Total = | 1500 gpd | 2.49 |
| Industrial - Enterprise: 3 licences | | | | | |
| C047212 | 0329394 | 19750825 | Barrow Creek | 10000 gpd | 16.59 |
| C104781 | 1001573 | 19920526 | Cherry Lake | 2000 gpd | 3.32 |
| C106916 | 1001710 | 19930803 | Galiano Creek | 500 gpd | 0.83 |
| | | | Total = | 12500 gpd | 20.74 |
| Industrial - Fish Hatchery: 1 licence | | | | | |
| C105045 | 1001590 | 19920714 | McIntyre Lake | 5 cfs | 4465.00 |
| | | | Total = | 5 cfs | 4465.00 |
| Industrial - Processing: 1 licence | | | | | |
| F015537 | 0177993 | 19490411 | Extravagant Creek | 80000 gpd | 132.75 |
| | | | Total = | 80000 gpd | 132.75 |
| Industrial - Pulp Mill: 1 licence | | | | | |
| C070731 | 0235142 | 19610227 | Gold River | 80 cfs | 71440.01 |
| | | | Total = | 80 cfs | 71440.01 |

| LICENCE NUMBER | FILE NUMBER | PRIORITY DATE | SOURCE | QUANTITY | DEMAND (dam ³ /yr)* |
|--|-------------|---------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Industrial - Watering: 1 licence | | | | | |
| C072652 | 1000991 | 19881221 | Gold River | 50 acft | 61.67 |
| Total = | | | | 50 acft | 61.67 |
| Industrial - Work Camps: 3 licences | | | | | |
| C047104 | 0328856 | 19750523 | Balbo Creek | 5000 gpd | 8.30 |
| C059594 | 0367626 | 19801204 | Catface Creek | 10000 gpd | 16.59 |
| C064094 | 1000691 | 19870212 | Deserted Creek | 3000 gpd | 4.98 |
| Total = | | | | 18000 gpd | 29.87 |
| Power-Commercial: 2 licences | | | | | |
| C054483 | 0006096 | 19180731 | Rhodes Creek | 10 cfs | 8930.00 |
| C104968 | 1001581 | 19920619 | Cover Creek | 2.9 cfs | 2589.70 |
| Total = | | | | 12.9 cfs | 11519.70 |
| Power - General: 2 licences | | | | | |
| C023265 | 0211522 | 19560417 | Heber River and Crest Creek | 90000 acft | 111013.38 |
| C023266 | 0211521 | 19560417 | Crest Creek | 30000 acft | 37004.46 |
| Total = | | | | 120000 acft | 148017.84 |
| Power - Residential: 1 licence | | | | | |
| C063933 | 1000383 | 19840524 | Dynamite Creek | 0.07 cfs | 62.51 |
| Total = | | | | 0.07 cfs | 62.51 |
| Storage: 5 licences | | | | | |
| C047105 | 0328856 | 19750523 | Balbo Creek | 1 acft | 1.23 |
| C072652 | 1000991 | 19881221 | Gold River | 3 acft | 3.70 |
| C109334 | 1001826 | 19950222 | Forrester Creek | 0.2 acft | 0.25 |
| C109851 | 1001854 | 19950623 | Forrester Creek | 0.2 acft | 0.25 |
| C110410 | 1001891 | 19951107 | Forrester Creek | 0.2 acft | 0.25 |
| Total = | | | | 4.6 acft | 5.67 |
| Waterworks* - Other: 4 licences | | | | | |
| C020117 | 0188526 | 19510424 | Anderson Creek | 130000 gpd (up to a maximum of 17500000 gal/yr) | 39.78 |
| C061431 | 1000380 | 19840517 | Andrews Creek | 15014 gpd | 12.46 |
| C100803 | 1000738 | 19870617 | Barton Creek | 20000 gpd | 16.59 |
| F015537 | 0177993 | 19490411 | Extravagant Creek | 30000 gpd | 24.89 |
| Total = | | | | 195014 gpd | 93.72 |
| Waterworks* - Local Authority: 4 licences | | | | | |
| C035504 | 0285106 | 19690107 | Zeballos River | 9125000 gal/yr | 20.74 |
| C047103 | 0264826 | 19651008 | McKelvie Creek | 36500000 gal/yr | 82.97 |
| C061386 | 1000017 | 19820510 | Zeb Creek | 14199960 gal/yr | 32.28 |
| C061416 | 0131494 | 19510501 | Zeb Creek | 6099880 gal/yr | 13.87 |
| Total = | | | | 65924840 gal/yr | 149.85 |

* Assumes that domestic and waterworks are the authorized maximum daily licenced amount divided by 2, to estimate the average daily demand, then multiplied by 365 days, to determine the annual demand. All other licences represent total annual licenced volumes.

APPENDIX E: Low Flow Licenced Water Demand by Drainage Area

| DRAINAGE AREA | PURPOSE | LICENCED QUANTITY | LOW FLOW WATER DEMAND | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | (litres/second) | (dam ³ /yr) * |
| | | | | |
| Gold River | Industrial | 80 cfs | 2265.60 | 17617.31 |
| | Industrial | 50 acft | 7.93 | 61.67 |
| | Power | 120000 acft | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | Storage | 3 acft | -0.48 | -3.70 |
| | Total Consumption = | | 2273.06 | 17675.28 |
| | | | | |
| Tahsis River & McKelvie Creek | Waterworks | 3650000 gal/yr 0 | 5.26 | 40.89 |
| | Total Consumption = | | 5.26 | 40.89 |
| | | | | |
| Zeballos River | Waterworks | 2942484 gal/yr 0 | 4.24 | 32.96 |
| | Total Consumption = | | 4.24 | 32.96 |
| | | | | |
| Other | Conservation | 20 cfs | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | Total Consumption = | | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | |
| Salt Water | Domestic | 37500 gpd | 1.97 | 15.34 |
| | Industrial | 112000 gpd | 5.89 | 45.82 |
| | Industrial | 5 cfs | 141.60 | 1101.08 |
| | Power | 12.97 cfs | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | Storage | 1.6 acft | -0.25 | -1.97 |
| | Waterworks | 195014 gpd | 10.26 | 79.79 |
| | Total Consumption = | | 159.47 | 1240.06 |

* Based on an estimated 90 day period demand assuming that: irrigation and industrial demands are totally withdrawn over the 90 day period; domestic and waterworks demands are the authorized licenced maximum daily for 90 days; storage balances demand and, therefore, is a negative demand over the 90 days; conservation and power are non-consumptive and, therefore, have no demand.

APPENDIX F: Pending Water Licence Application by Purpose

| | FILE NUMBER | PRIORITY DATE | SOURCE | QUANTITY | DEMAND (dam ³ /yr)* |
|--|----------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Domestic*: 4 licences | | | | | |
| Z100814 | 1001274 | 19900501 | ZZ Creek (61395) | 1000 gpd | 0.83 |
| Z110481 | 1001892 | 19951204 | ZZ Creek (71619) | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| Z110687 | 1001901 | 19960205 | Forrester Creek | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| Z111404 | 1001949 | 19960815 | Wet Creek | 500 gpd | 0.41 |
| Total = | | | | 2500 gpd | 2.07 |
| Industrial - Enterprise: 7 licences | | | | | |
| Z100814 | 1001274 | 19900501 | ZZ Creek (61395) | 1000 gpd | 1.66 |
| Z104894 | 1001576 | 19920609 | ZZ Spring (65966) | 1000 gpd | 1.66 |
| Z106891 | 1001700 | 19930705 | Fortin Stream | 200 gpd | 0.33 |
| Z106893 | 1001704 | 19930712 | Fortin Stream | 500 gpd | 0.83 |
| Z107302 | 1001732 | 19931103 | ZZ Creek (68408) | 880 gpd | 1.46 |
| Z110479 | 1001893 | 19951123 | Forrester Creek | 1500 gpd | 2.49 |
| Z112544 | 1001997 | 19970805 | Rhodes Creek | 4500 gpd | 7.47 |
| Total = | | | | 9580 gpd | 15.90 |
| Industrial - Ponds: 1 licence | | | | | |
| Z100756 | 1000663 | 19861021 | Ellen Lake | 1 gpd | 0.002 |
| Total = | | | | 1 gpd | 0.002 |
| Industrial - Work Camps: 1 licence | | | | | |
| Z101092 | 1001304 | 19900709 | ZZ Creek (61719) | 2000 gpd | 3.32 |
| Total = | | | | 2000 gpd | 3.32 |
| Power - Commercial: 2 licence | | | | | |
| Z100756 | 1000663 | 19861021 | Ellen Lake | 10000 gpd | 16.59 |
| Z112543 | 1001996 | 19970805 | Rhodes Creek | 19 cfs | 16967.00 |
| Total = | | | | 10000 gpd 19 cfs | 16983.60 |
| Power - General: 4 licences | | | | | |
| Z100778 | 1000899 | 19891106 | Ucona River | 20000 kW | ** |
| Z100788 | 1001334 | 19900829 | Donner Lake | 795 cfs | 709935.14 |
| Z103636 | 1001211 | 19911004 | ZZ Creek (64735) | 115.5 cfs | 103141.52 |
| Z103769 | 1001214 | 19911108 | Ucona River | 381.4 cfs | 340590.27 |
| Total = | | | | 1291.9 cfs 20000 kW | 1153666.93 ** |
| Power - Residential: 1 licence | | | | | |
| Z110480 | 1001894 | 19951123 | Forrester Creek | 1 cfs | 893.00 |
| Total = | | | | 1 cfs | 893.00 |
| Storage: 4 licences | | | | | |
| Z110479 | 1001893 | 19951123 | Forrester Creek | 12 acft | 14.80 |
| Z110687 | 1001901 | 19960205 | Forrester Creek | 0.14 acft | 0.17 |
| Z103636 | 1001211 | 19911004 | ZZ Creek (64735) | 1 acft | 1.23 |
| Z112543 | 1001996 | 19970805 | Rhodes Creek | 30 acft | 37.00 |
| Total = | | | | 43.14 acft | 53.21 |

* Assumes that domestic is the authorized maximum daily licenced amount divided by 2, to estimate the average daily demand, then multiplied by 365 days, to determine the annual demand. All other licences represent total annual licenced volumes.

**Demand will be clarified subject to licencing approval.

APPENDIX G: Fish Screening Requirements

FISH SCREENING DIRECTIVE

Government of Canada
Department of Fisheries and Oceans

WATER INTAKE FISH PROTECTION FACILITIES

The Department of Fisheries and Oceans has prepared this document as a guide to assist in the design and installation of water intakes and fish screening in British Columbia and the Yukon Territory to avoid conflicts with anadromous fish. Additional precautions must be taken at marine intake locations where entrainment of fish larvae, such as eulachon and herring larvae, is a possibility. The screening criteria constitutes the Department's policy regarding the design and construction requirements pursuant to Section 28 of the Fisheries Act.

PROVISIONS OF THE FISHERIES ACT - SECTION 28

Every water intake, ditch, channel or canal in Canada constructed or adapted for conducting water from any Canadian fisheries waters for irrigating, manufacturing, power generation, domestic or other purposes, shall, if the Minister deems it necessary in the public interest, be provided at its entrance or intake with a fish guard or a screen, covering or netting, so fixed as to prevent the passage of fish from any Canadian fisheries waters into such water intake, ditch, channel or canal.

The fish guard, screen, covering or netting shall have meshes or holes of such dimensions as the Minister may prescribe, and shall be built and maintained by the owner or occupier of the water intake, ditch, channel or canal subject to the approval of the Minister or such officer as the Minister may appoint to examine it.

The owner or occupier of the water intake, ditch, channel or canal shall maintain the fish guard, screen, covering or netting in a good and efficient state of repair and shall not permit its removal except for renewal or repair, and during the time such renewal or repair is being effected, the sluice or gate at the intake or entrance of the water intake, ditch, channel or canal shall be closed in order to prevent the passage of fish into the water intake, ditch, channel or canal.

PROCEDURES FOR INSPECTION AND APPROVAL OF INTAKE STRUCTURES

Diversions less than 0.0283 cms (one cubic foot per second): The intake structure shall be constructed in accordance with specifications indicated herein. Upon completion of construction and prior to operation the owner shall contact a local representative of the Department of Fisheries and Oceans to arrange for on-site inspection and approval of the installation. Permanently submerged screens must be inspected prior to installation.

Diversions greater than 0.0283 cms (one cubic foot per second): The owner shall submit to the Department of Fisheries and Oceans 2 sets of detailed plans of the proposed installation for review and approval prior to fabrication. Design drawings are required whenever the diversion quantity exceeds 0.0283 cms (1.0 cfs) or 817,200 L/day (180,000 Igpd) for industrial diversions (calculated on the basis of 8 hours/day) or 123,350 cmy (100 ac.-ft./year) for irrigation diversions (calculated on the basis of 100 days/year and 12 hours/day). The plans shall contain the following information:

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1. Intake structure location and dimensions.
2. Maximum discharge capacity of diversion.
3. Screen dimensions.
4. Mesh size.
5. Screen material.
6. Fabrication details.
7. Minimum and maximum water levels at the intake site.
8. Provision for bypassing fish.

The intake structure shall then be constructed in accordance with the approved plans. Upon completion of construction and prior to operation, the owner shall contact the local representative of the Department of Fisheries and Oceans to arrange for on-site inspection and approval of the installation. Permanently submerged screens must be inspected prior to installation.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR INTAKE STRUCTURES WITHOUT PROVISION FOR AUTOMATIC CLEANING

1. Screen Material: The screen material shall be either stainless steel, galvanized steel, aluminum, brass, bronze, or monel metal. Stainless steel is preferred since corrosion is greatly reduced.
2. Screen Mesh Size: Clear openings of the screen (the space between strands) shall not exceed 2.54 mm (0.10 inch). The open screen area shall not be less than 50% of the total screen area. The following square-mesh wire cloth screens are recommended:
 - 7 mesh, 1.025 mm (0.041 inch) wire, 51% open, 2.54 mm (0.10 inch) openings; or
 - 8 mesh, 0.875 mm (0.035 inch) wire, 52% open, 2.25 mm (0.09 inch) openings; or
 - 8 mesh, 0.700 mm (0.028 inch) wire, 60% open, 2.54 mm (0.10 inch) openings.
3. Screen Area: A minimum unobstructed screen area (gross area) of 0.93 square metre (10 square feet) shall be provided for each 0.0283 cms (1cfs) of water entering the intake. The required screen area shall be installed below minimum water level. Screen area lost by framing shall not be included as part of the unobstructed screen area.
4. Screen Support: The screen shall be adequately supported with stiffeners or back-up material to prevent excessive sagging.
5. Screen Protection: The intake structure shall, where necessary, be equipped with a trash rack or similar device to prevent damage to the screen from floating debris, ice, etc.
6. Screen Accessibility: The screen shall be readily accessible for cleaning and inspection. Screen panels or screen assemblies must be removable for cleaning, inspection and repairs.
7. Allowable Openings: The portion of the intake structure which is submerged at maximum water level shall be designed and assembled such that no openings exceed 2.54 mm (0.10 inch) in width.

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8. Design and Location: The design and location of the intake structure shall be such that a uniform flow distribution is maintained through the total screen area.
9. Fish Bypass: The intake shall be designed to provide a transverse velocity (the component of the velocity parallel and adjacent to the screen face) to lead fish to a bypass or past the screens before they become fatigued. In no case should the transverse velocity be less than double the velocity through the screen.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR INTAKE STRUCTURES WITH PROVISIONS FOR AUTOMATIC CLEANING

The specifications are identical to those for intake structures without provisions for automatic cleaning except that the minimum unobstructed screen area (gross area) of 0.23 square metre (2.5 square feet) need only be provided for each 0.0283 cms (1 cfs) of water entering the intake. However, a regular cleaning and maintenance schedule is required to ensure seals and screen panels remain in good repair preventing impingement and entrainment of fish and debris.

For these self-cleaning intake structures, the location, design and juvenile fish avoidance system all affect operating characteristics. The final design, therefore, may incorporate modifications reflecting the best current technology available for minimizing adverse impact upon the fisheries resource.

ALTERNATE FISH PROTECTION FACILITIES

Enquiries concerning the Department's requirements for indirect intakes, such as infiltration galleries and wells, for salt water ocean intakes, and for new methods or devices for screening intake structures should be directed to the Department of Fisheries and Oceans, Senior Habitat Management Biologist.

Conversion Factors:

1 cubic foot per second (cfs) = 449 U.S. gallons per minute (U.S. gpm).
 = 374 Imperial gallons per minute (Igpm).
 = 1.98 acre feet per day (Ac.-Ft./day).
 = 28.3 litres per second (L/sec.).
 = 0.0283 cubic metres per second (cms)

0.10 inch = 3/32" (approx.) = 2.54 millimetres

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Addresses for Correspondence and Approvals

1. Senior Habitat Management Biologist
Fraser River, Northern B.C. and Yukon Division
Department of Fisheries and Oceans
Room 330, 80 - 6th Street
New Westminster, B.C. V3L 5B3 Phone: 666-6479
2. Senior Habitat Management Biologist
South Coast Division
Department of Fisheries and Oceans
3225 Stephenson Point Road
Nanaimo, B.C. V9T 1K3 Phone: 756-7270
3. Senior Habitat Management Biologist
North Coast Division
Department of Fisheries and Oceans
Room 109, 417 - 2nd Avenue West
Prince Rupert, B.C. V6J 1G8 Phone: 624-9385

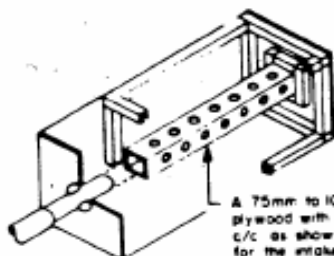
Other Federal and Provincial agencies having jurisdiction in water withdrawals and construction pertaining to watercourses in British Columbia include:

1. Transport Canada
Canadian Coast Guard.
2. B.C. Ministry of Environment
Fish and Wildlife Management.
3. B.C. Ministry of Environment
Water Management.
4. B.C. Ministry of Agriculture and Food.
5. B.C. Ministry of Lands, Parks and Housing.

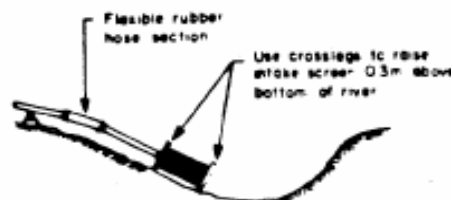
It may be necessary that several or all these agencies also be solicited for approvals prior to the installation of a water intake.

Revised January, 1986

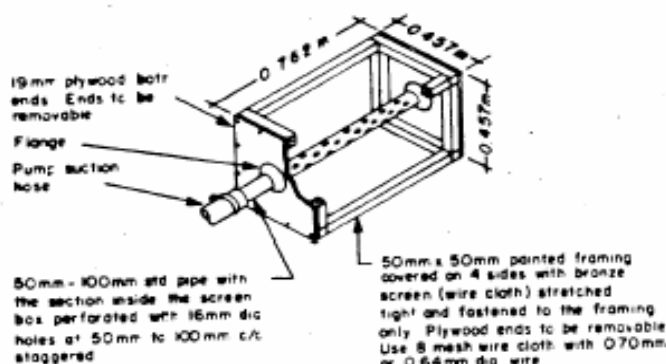
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A 75mm to 100mm square box of 19mm plywood with 25mm dia holes at 75mm c/c as shown, may be substituted for the intake pipe below

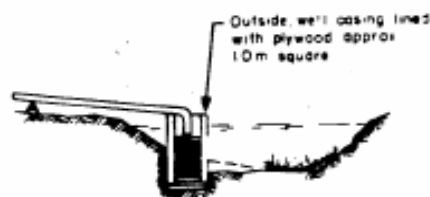
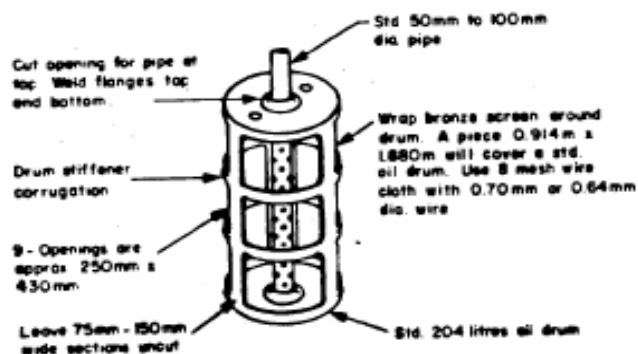


STANDARD INSTALLATION

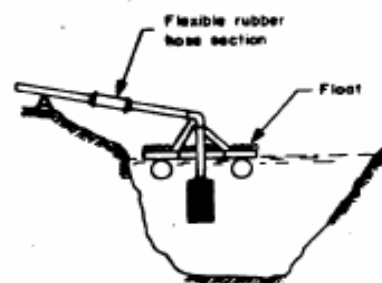


50mm - 100mm std pipe with the section inside the screen box perforated with 16mm dia holes at 50mm to 100mm c/c staggered

50mm x 50mm pointed framing covered on 4 sides with bronze screen (wire cloth) stretched tight and fastened to the framing only. Plywood ends to be removable. Use 8 mesh wire cloth with 0.70mm or 0.64mm dia wire

INSTALLATION IN SHALLOW WATER
MUDDY OVERGROWN BOTTOM**NOTE**

1. Oil drum shall be thoroughly washed out or steam cleaned before cutting openings.
2. All loose rust shall be removed and the drum coated with metal primer. Two coats of machinery enamel or epoxy paint shall be applied before covering with wire cloth.



INSTALLATION IN DEEP WATER

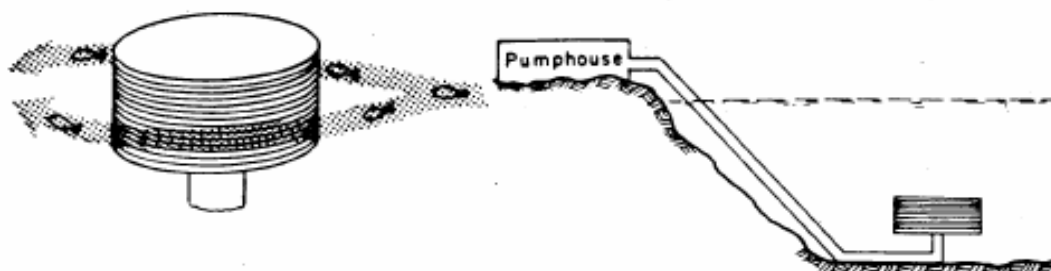
NOTE

All screens shall be installed below minimum water level, shall be easily accessible for cleaning, and shall be cleared of debris at regular intervals.

SMALL STATIONARY WATER INTAKE SCREENS

(For pumps of a capacity less than 28.3 L/sec [cfs, 449 U.S. or 374 lpm])

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**DEEP WATER WELL SCREEN**

May be installed in lakes and the ocean.

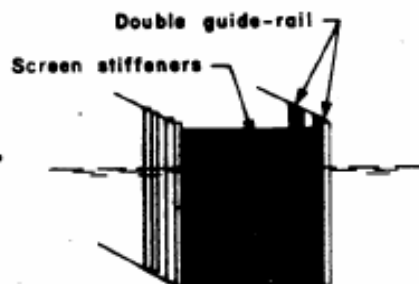
**SHALLOW WATER WELL SCREEN**

May be installed in lakes, pools, and stable areas in rivers.

Totally submerged cylindrical shaped stainless steel well screens provide for high intake capacity and large percentage of open area permitting water to enter at low velocities. Slot opening shall not exceed 2.54 mm (0.10 inch).

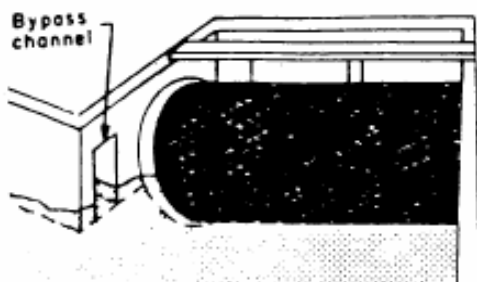
VERTICAL PANEL SCREENS

May be installed in rivers, lakes and the ocean. Generally, requires coarse trashracks, a sluice gate in river installations, double sets of guide-rails, and standby screen panels to allow for cleaning and repairs.

**LARGE STATIONARY WATER INTAKE SCREENS**

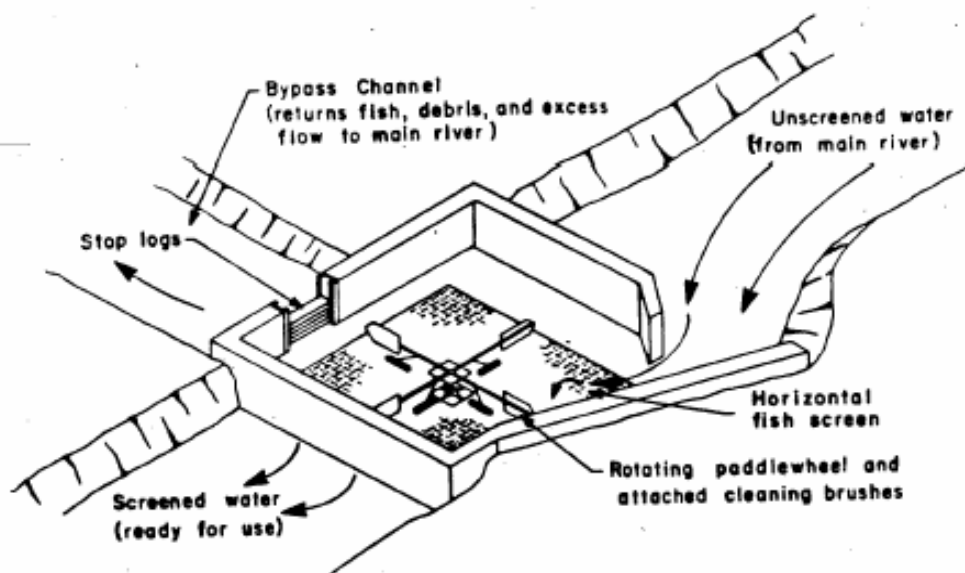
(For pumps of a capacity more than 28.3 L/sec [1 cfs, 449 U.S. or 374 Igpm])

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REVOLVING DRUM SCREEN, HORIZONTAL AXIS

Generally, installed to divert fish from irrigation canals. Can be driven by a small motor or by a paddle wheel. To avoid juvenile fish impingement, a bypass channel is required near the front of the screen. Rubber seals are necessary along the base and sides.

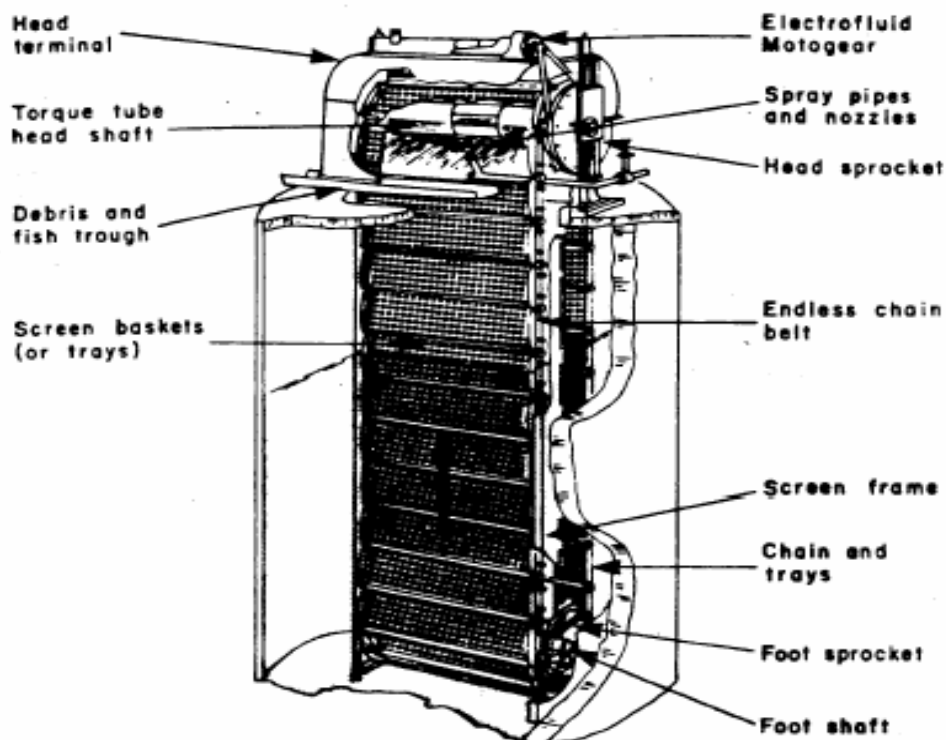


FINNIGAN SCREEN

The horizontal, self-cleaning Finnigan Screen is another concept, generally installed to divert fish from irrigation or enhancement projects. The stationary horizontal screen is kept clean by a set of brushes attached to a revolving paddle wheel powered by the water current entering the structure. A portion of the flow, the suspended debris, and fish are directed to the bypass channel. The remainder of the flow passes through and below the screen for use as required.

IRRIGATION INTAKE SCREENS

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CONVENTIONAL VERTICAL TRAVELLING SCREEN

May be installed in rivers, lakes and the ocean. A common screening method utilized by industry, these self-cleaning mechanical screens with modifications can prevent impact upon fish. Mounted flush to the stream bank (shoreline) or as pier intakes within streams and provided with an opening on the downstream end between the intake screens and trashracks, juvenile fish can generally escape entrapment. Rubber panel, side, and boot seals are required to prevent juvenile fish from gaining entry into the pumpwell. A safe bypass system is essential to return juvenile fish with debris back to the watercourse. Automatic controls are also necessary to ensure operation at a specific minimum head differential. _____

LARGE INDUSTRIAL AND DOMESTIC WATER INTAKE SCREEN