



(You're 95% likely to need this information)

PAMPHLET NO	. # 15				DATE:	March 1, 1989
				2		

SUBJECT: Using SAS to obtain probability values for F-, t- and χ^2 -statistics

Most statistics packages now output the probability values for the observed F-, t- and χ^2 -values. Statisticians like to see these values reported, instead of the old-fashioned α -levels (.10, .05, .01 etc.) as they provide more information. For instance, a reader can choose a different α -level than the author did. Occasionally these observed values must be calculated by hand. The associated probability values can be obtained by simple SAS programs.

An example program for F-values is:

```
TITLE 'EXAMPLE PROGRAM FOR CALCULATION OF PROBABILITIES OF OBSERVED F-VALUES';
  DATA FVALUES;
    INPUT F NDF DDF;
    PROB = 1 - PROBF(F,NDF,DDF);
  CARDS;
  0.28 1 304
  4.42 1 304
  2.75 1 304
  3.92 1 120
  6.85 1 120
  2.96 6 120
 RUN;
  PROC PRINT SPLIT = ' ';
    LABEL F
                = 'F-VALUE'
          NDF
                = 'NUMERATOR DF'
          DDF = 'DENOMINATOR DF'
          PROB = 'PROB > F';
  RUN;
```

This program has the following output:

EXAMPLE PROGRAM FOR CALCULATION OF PROBABILITIES OF OBSERVED F-VALUES

		NUMERATOR	DENOMINATOR	
OBS	F-VALUE	DF	DF	PROB > F
1	0.28	1	304	0.59709
2	4.42	1	304	0.03634
3	2.75	1	304	0.09829
4	3.92	1	120	0.05000
5	6.85	1	120	0.01000
6	2.96	6	120	0.00991



An example program for χ^2 -values is:

```
TITLE 'EXAMPLE PROGRAM FOR CALCULATION OF PROBABILITIES OF OBSERVED CHI-SQUARED VALUES';
DATA CHISQ;
INPUT CHISQ DF;
PROB = 1 - PROBCHI(CHISQ,DF);
CARDS;
16.92 9
37.57 20
9.39 18
40.26 30
RUN;
PROC PRINT SPLIT='_';
LABEL CHISQ = 'CHI-SQUARE_VALUE'
DF = 'DEGREES OF_FREEDOM'
PROB = 'PROB > CHISQ';
```

RUN;

With the following output:

EXAMPLE PROGRAM FOR CALCULATION OF PROBABILITIES OF OBSERVED CHI-SQUARED VALUES

CHI-SQUARE VALUE	DEGREES OF FREEDOM	PROB > CHISQ
16.92	9	0.04998
37.57	20	0.00999
9.39	18	0.95001
40.26	30	0.09993
	CHI-SQUARE VALUE 16.92 37.57 9.39 40.26	CHI-SQUARE DEGREES OF VALUE FREEDOM 16.92 9 37.57 20 9.39 18 40.26 30

The above program can easily be adapted for the t-statistic by changing the PROBCHI function to PROBT. The functions PROBF, PROBCHI and PROBT are described in the BASICS guides for Version 5.0 and the Language Guides for Version 6.03.

OBVIOUS INDICATORS OF NON-SIGNIFICANCE:

F-statistic: values less than 1

t-statistic: values with an absolute value less than 1

 χ^2 -statistic: values less than the degrees of freedom.

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