## ORDER FOR SEIZURE AND SALE



PROVINCIAL COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

# **RDER FOR SEIZURE AND SAL**

## sheriff / court bailiff copy

### ORDER FOR SEIZURE AND SALE

IN THE PROVINCIAL COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA (SMALL CLAIMS COURT)

REG	STRY FILE NUMBER	
REG	STRY LOCATION	

Fill in the name, address and telephone number of the person who is named as the creditor in the Payment Order or Default Order.

Fill in the name, address and telephone number of the person who is named as the debtor in the Payment Order or Default Order.

NAME			CREDITOR
ADDRESS			
CITY, TOWN, MUNICIPALITY		TEL.#	
	PROV.	POSTAL CODE	
NAME			DEBTOR
ADDRESS			
CITY, TOWN, MUNICIPALITY		TEL.#	
	PROV	POSTAL CODE	

### To the sheriff or court bailiff

You are ordered to seize any goods of the debtor named in the attached order that are not exempted from seizure under the *Court Order Enforcement Act*, and to sell them by public auction, sealed bid or any other similar method in order to realize your fees and disbursements for enforcing this order and the **TOTAL AMOUNT DUE TO THE CREDITOR** calculated as follows:

(a) Total Amount of Payment Order or Default Order

(b) Less any payments to the creditor

(c) Plus interest calculated to the date this order is issued

(d) Plus enforcement expenses allowed by the Court to the date this order is issued

TOTAL

(e) Plus any expenses allowed by the Court in relation to this order

TOTAL AMOUNT DUE TO THE CREDITOR at the date this order is issued

If you want to be allowed expenses under line (e), submit them to the registrar. They might include search fees at the motor vehicle registry or personal property registry.

If claiming interest, attach a sheet showing your calculations

- From the proceeds of sale deduct and pay the amounts payable to secured creditors and the debtor under section 71.2 of the Court Order Enforcement Act.
- Then deduct from the balance your actual fees and disbursements for enforcing this order.
- From the balance, pay to the creditor the total amount due to the creditor.
- Then pay any balance remaining after that to the debtor.

Attach a copy of the payment or default order you are enforcing.

A copy of the Payment Order or Default Order is attached.

Issued on:	
date	by the Court

This order remains in force for one year after the date it was issued by the Court.

### What is exempt from seizure?

The Court Order Enforcement Act sets out the personal goods of the debtor which, at the option of the debtor, are exempt from seizure (See the back of this form for a list of exemptions).

Bailiffs must inform debtors of their exemption rights under the *Court Order Enforcement Act* when they first visit the debtors' home. Debtors then have two days to choose which goods they would like to be exempt from seizure.

Exemption Category  A. Personal property of debtor	Maximum Amount Allowable
Household goods	\$4,000
Tools that are used for the debtor's occupation	\$10,000
Motor vehicle	\$5,000
Motor vehicle – if the debt is for maintenance arrears	\$2,000
B. Principal residence of debtor	
Equity in a home – if the debtor's principal residence is in the	\$12,000
Equity in a home – elsewhere in British Columbia	\$9,000

# RDER FOR SEIZURE AND SAL

### ORDER FOR SEIZURE AND SALE

IN THE PROVINCIAL COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA (SMALL CLAIMS COURT)

REGISTRY FILE NUMBER	
REGISTRY LOCATION	

NAME			CREDITOR
ADDRESS			
CITY, TOWN, MUNICIPALITY		TEL.#	
	PROV.	POSTAL CODE	
NAME			DEBTOR
ADDRESS			
CITY, TOWN, MUNICIPALITY		TEL.#	
	PROV.	POSTAL CODE	

### To the sheriff or court bailiff

You are ordered to seize any goods of the debtor named in the attached order that are not exempted from seizure under the *Court Order Enforcement Act*, and to sell them by public auction, sealed bid or any other similar method in order to realize your fees and disbursements for enforcing this order and the **TOTAL AMOUNT DUE TO THE CREDITOR** calculated as follows:

(a)	Total Amount of Payment Order or Default Order		\$
(b)	Less any payments to the creditor	-	\$
		=	\$
(c)	Plus interest calculated to the date this order is issued	+	\$
(d)	Plus enforcement expenses allowed by the Court to the date	+	\$
	this order is issued TOTAL	=	\$
(e)	Plus any expenses allowed by the Court in relation to this order	+	\$
	TOTAL AMOUNT DUE TO THE CREDITOR at the date this order is issued	=	\$

- From the proceeds of sale deduct and pay the amounts payable to secured creditors and the debtor under section 71.2 of the Court Order Enforcement Act.
- Then deduct from the balance your actual fees and disbursements for enforcing this order.
- From the balance, pay to the creditor the total amount due to the creditor.
- Then pay any balance remaining after that to the debtor.

A copy of the Payment Order or Default Order is attached.

## Issued on:

This order remains in force for one year after the date it was issued by the Court.

### What is exempt from seizure?

The Court Order Enforcement Act sets out the personal goods of the debtor which, at the option of the debtor, are exempt from seizure (See the back of this form for a list of exemptions).

Bailiffs must inform debtors of their exemption rights under the *Court Order Enforcement Act* when they first visit the debtors' home. Debtors then have two days to choose which goods they would like to be exempt from seizure.

Exemption Category  A. Personal property of debtor	Maximum Amount Allowable
Household goods	\$4,000
Tools that are used for the debtor's occupation	\$10,000
Motor vehicle	\$5,000
Motor vehicle – if the debt is for maintenance arrears	\$2,000
B. Principal residence of debtor	
Equity in a home – if the debtor's principal residence is in the	\$12,000
Equity in a home – elsewhere in British Columbia	\$9,000

# ORDER FOR SEIZURE AND SALE

## debtor's copy

### ORDER FOR SEIZURE AND SALE

IN THE PROVINCIAL COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA (SMALL CLAIMS COURT)

	REGISTRY FILE NUMBER
-	REGISTRY LOCATION

NAME			CREDITOR
ADDRESS			
CITY, TOWN, MUNICIPALITY		TEL.#	
	PROV.	POSTAL CODE	
NAME			DEBTOR
ADDRESS			
CITY, TOWN, MUNICIPALITY		TEL.#	
	PROV	POSTAL CODE	

### To the sheriff or court bailiff

You are ordered to seize any goods of the debtor named in the attached order that are not exempted from seizure under the *Court Order Enforcement Act*, and to sell them by public auction, sealed bid or any other similar method in order to realize your fees and disbursements for enforcing this order and the **TOTAL AMOUNT DUE TO THE CREDITOR** calculated as follows:

- (a) Total Amount of Payment Order or Default Order

  (b) Less any payments to the creditor

  (c) Plus interest calculated to the date this order is issued

  (d) Plus enforcement expenses allowed by the Court to the date this order is issued

  (e) Plus any expenses allowed by the Court in relation to this order

  TOTAL AMOUNT DUE TO THE CREDITOR at the date this order is issued
- From the proceeds of sale deduct and pay the amounts payable to secured creditors and the debtor under section 71.2 of the Court Order Enforcement Act.
- Then deduct from the balance your actual fees and disbursements for enforcing this order.
- From the balance, pay to the creditor the total amount due to the creditor.
- Then pay any balance remaining after that to the debtor.

A copy of the Payment Order or Default Order is attached.

## Issued on:

This order remains in force for one year after the date it was issued by the Court.

### What is exempt from seizure?

The Court Order Enforcement Act sets out the personal goods of the debtor which, at the option of the debtor, are exempt from seizure (See the back of this form for a list of exemptions).

Bailiffs must inform debtors of their exemption rights under the *Court Order Enforcement Act* when they first visit the debtors' home. Debtors then have two days to choose which goods they would like to be exempt from seizure.

Exemption Category  A. Personal property of debtor	Maximum Amount Allowable
Household goods	\$4,000
Tools that are used for the debtor's occupation	\$10,000
Motor vehicle	\$5,000
Motor vehicle – if the debt is for maintenance arrears	\$2,000
B. Principal residence of debtor	
Equity in a home – if the debtor's principal residence is in the	\$12,000
Equity in a home – elsewhere in British Columbia	\$9,000

# ORDER FOR SEIZURE AND SAL

### ORDER FOR SEIZURE AND SALE

IN THE PROVINCIAL COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA (SMALL CLAIMS COURT)

REGISTRY FILE NUMBER	
REGISTRY LOCATION	

NAME			CREDITOR
ADDRESS			
CITY, TOWN, MUNICIPALITY		TEL.#	
	PROV.	POSTAL CODE	
NAME			DEBTOR
ADDRESS			
CITY, TOWN, MUNICIPALITY		TEL.#	
	PROV.	POSTAL CODE	

### To the sheriff or court bailiff

You are ordered to seize any goods of the debtor named in the attached order that are not exempted from seizure under the *Court Order Enforcement Act*, and to sell them by public auction, sealed bid or any other similar method in order to realize your fees and disbursements for enforcing this order and the **TOTAL AMOUNT DUE TO THE CREDITOR** calculated as follows:

(a)	Total Amount of Payment Order or Default Order		\$
(b)	Less any payments to the creditor	-	\$
		=	\$
(c)	Plus interest calculated to the date this order is issued	+	\$
(d)	Plus enforcement expenses allowed by the Court to the date	+	\$
	this order is issued TOTAL		\$
(e)	Plus any expenses allowed by the Court in relation to this order	+	\$
	TOTAL AMOUNT DUE TO THE CREDITOR at the date this order is issued	=	\$

- From the proceeds of sale deduct and pay the amounts payable to secured creditors and the debtor under section 71.2 of the Court Order Enforcement Act.
- Then deduct from the balance your actual fees and disbursements for enforcing this order.
- From the balance, pay to the creditor the total amount due to the creditor.
- Then pay any balance remaining after that to the debtor.

A copy of the Payment Order or Default Order is attached.

## Issued on: date by the Court

This order remains in force for one year after the date it was issued by the Court.

### What is exempt from seizure?

The Court Order Enforcement Act sets out the personal goods of the debtor which, at the option of the debtor, are exempt from seizure (See the back of this form for a list of exemptions).

Bailiffs must inform debtors of their exemption rights under the *Court Order Enforcement Act* when they first visit the debtors' home. Debtors then have two days to choose which goods they would like to be exempt from seizure.

Exemption Category  A. Personal property of debtor	Maximum Amount Allowable
Household goods	\$4,000
Tools that are used for the debtor's occupation	\$10,000
Motor vehicle	\$5,000
Motor vehicle – if the debt is for maintenance arrears	\$2,000
B. Principal residence of debtor	
Equity in a home – if the debtor's principal residence is in the	\$12,000
Equity in a home – elsewhere in British Columbia	\$9,000

# **RDER FOR SEIZURE AND SAL**

### ORDER FOR SEIZURE AND SALE

IN THE PROVINCIAL COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA (SMALL CLAIMS COURT)

REGISTRY FILE NUMBER
REGISTRY LOCATION

Fill in the name, address and telephone number of the person who is named as the creditor in the Payment Order or Default Order.

Fill in the name, address and telephone number of the person who is named as the debtor in the Payment Order or Default Order.

NAME			CREDITOR
ADDRESS			
CITY, TOWN, MUNICIPALITY		TEL.#	
	PROV.	POSTAL CODE	
NAME			DEBTOR
ADDRESS			
CITY, TOWN, MUNICIPALITY		TEL.#	
	PROV	POSTAL CODE	

### To the sheriff or court bailiff

You are ordered to seize any goods of the debtor named in the attached order that are not exempted from seizure under the *Court Order Enforcement Act*, and to sell them by public auction, sealed bid or any other similar method in order to realize your fees and disbursements for enforcing this order and the **TOTAL AMOUNT DUE TO THE CREDITOR** calculated as follows:

(a) Total Amount of Payment Order or Default Order

(b) Less any payments to the creditor

(c) Plus interest calculated to the date this order is issued

(d) Plus enforcement expenses allowed by the Court to the date this order is issued

TOTAL

(e) Plus any expenses allowed by the Court in relation to this order

TOTAL AMOUNT DUE TO THE CREDITOR at the date this order is issued

If you want to be allowed expenses under line (e), submit them to the registrar. They might include search fees at the motor vehicle registry or personal property registry.

If claiming interest, attach a sheet showing your calculations

- From the proceeds of sale deduct and pay the amounts payable to secured creditors and the debtor under section 71.2 of the Court Order Enforcement Act.
  Then deduct from the balance your actual fees and disbursements for enforcing this order.
- Their deduct from the balance your actual lees and disbursements for emorcing to
- From the balance, pay to the creditor the total amount due to the creditor.
- Then pay any balance remaining after that to the debtor.

Attach a copy of the payment or default order you are enforcing.

payment or default order A copy of the Payment Order or Default Order is attached.

Issued on:			
date		by the Court	

This order remains in force for one year after the date it was issued by the Court.

### What is exempt from seizure?

The Court Order Enforcement Act sets out the personal goods of the debtor which, at the option of the debtor, are exempt from seizure (See the back of this form for a list of exemptions).

Bailiffs must inform debtors of their exemption rights under the *Court Order Enforcement Act* when they first visit the debtors' home. Debtors then have two days to choose which goods they would like to be exempt from seizure.

Exemption Category  A. Personal property of debtor	Maximum Amount Allowable
Household goods	\$4,000
Tools that are used for the debtor's occupation	\$10,000
Motor vehicle	\$5,000
Motor vehicle – if the debt is for maintenance arrears	\$2,000
B. Principal residence of debtor	
Equity in a home – if the debtor's principal residence is in the	\$12,000
Equity in a home – elsewhere in British Columbia	\$9,000