FORM 6 MENTAL HEALTH ACT

[Section 24, R.S.B.C. 1996, c. 288]

MEDICAL REPORT ON EXAMINATION OF INVOLUNTARY PATIENT (RENEWAL CERTIFICATE)

l,	, M.D., being a physician and th
name of physician (please print)	
director of, on a physician authorized by the director of,	name of designated facility
certify that on Lexamined fi	rst and last name of patient (please print)
who on dd / mm / yyyy was admitted as an involuntary	patient to
On the basis of my examination, and having taken into consideration the <i>Mental Health Act</i> , I have formed the opinion that: (1) sections 22 (3) (a) (ii the condition of the patient; and (2) that this patient's status as an involun	and (c)** of the Act continue to describe
The patient's status as an involuntary patient is renewed for a period of up	number of month(s)
The patient must be examined again on or before	, the date on which this renewal
expires. The reasons that lead me to form the above opinion are:	
Note: ii	f above space is insufficient, continue on back of for
	, , , , , , .
signature of physician	dd / mm / yyyy

Notes:

- * Section 24 (2.1) requires that the physician's examination must include:
 - (a) consideration of all reasonably available evidence concerning the patient's history of mental disorder including (i) hospitalization for treatment, and (ii) compliance with treatment plans following hospitalization, and
 - (b) an assessment of whether there is significant risk that the patient, if discharged, will as a result of mental disorder fail to follow the treatment plan the director or physician considers necessary to minimize the possibility that the patient will again be detained under section 22.

^{**} Section 22 (3) of the Act states the following involuntary admission criteria:

The patient is a person with a mental disorder who (i) requires treatment in or through a designated facility, (ii) requires care, supervision and control in or through a designated facility to prevent the patient's substantial mental or physical deterioration or for the protection of the patient or the protection of others, and (iii) cannot suitably be admitted as a voluntary patient.