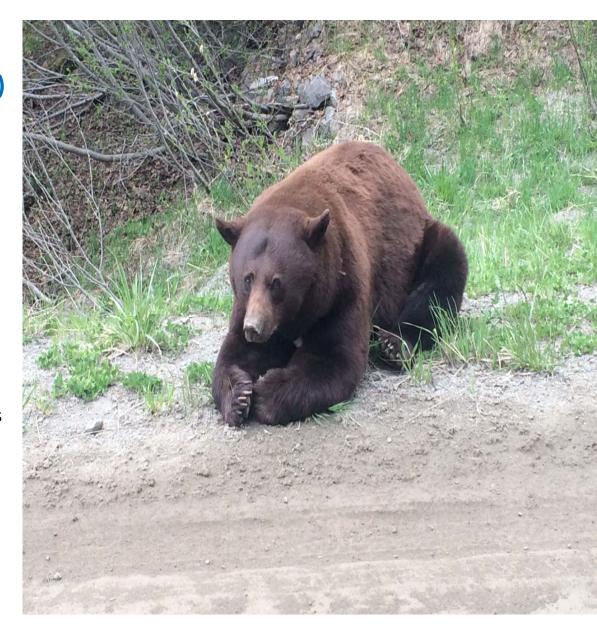


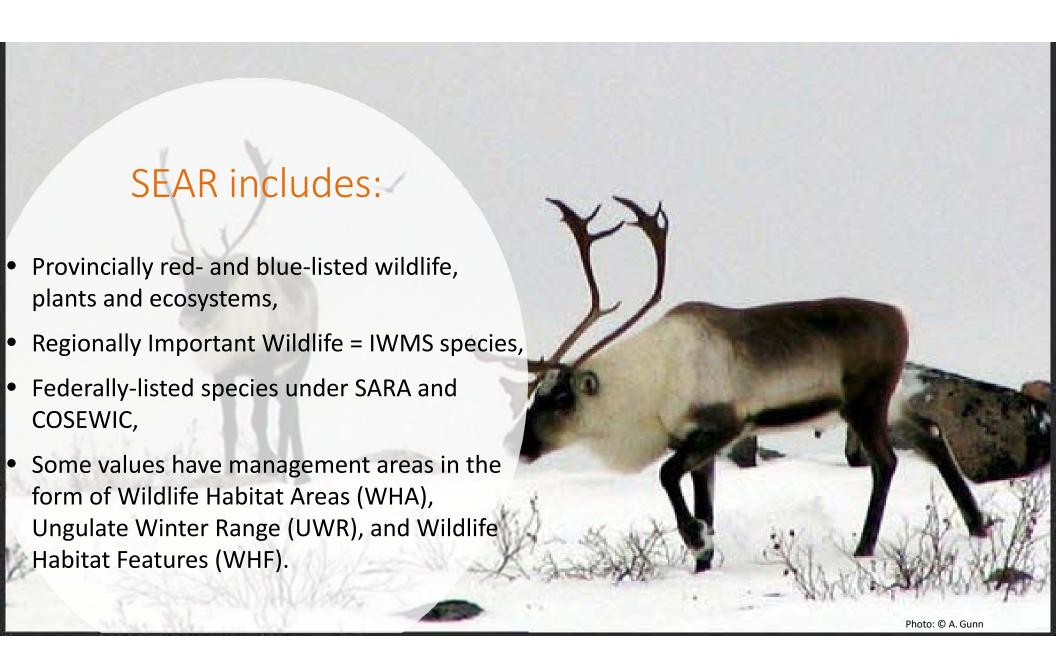
BCTS Sustainable Forestry Initiative (SFI) General Awareness Document:

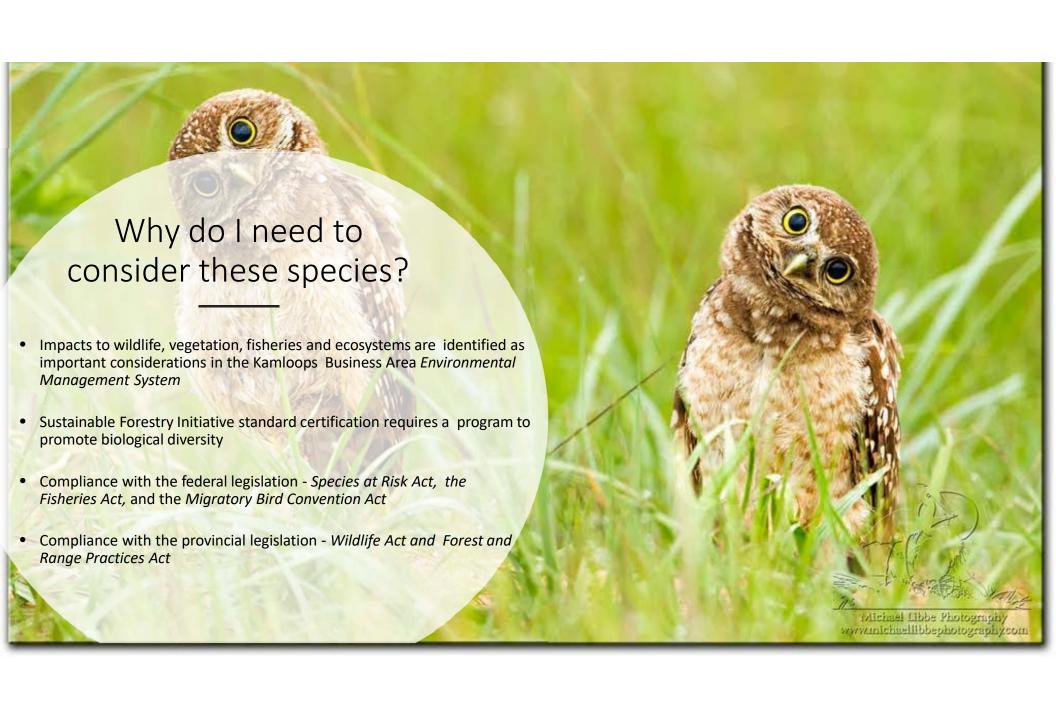
Principles of the SFI Forest Management Standard.

Protection of Biological Diversity:

- Know that Species at Risk (SAR) include plants, animals, and ecological communities
- Know what SAR exist, or could exist, in areas associated with your forest management activities
- Become familiar with Project Plans for forest operations to understand how to manage for SAR







Defining Wildlife

Species at Risk Act ■

"wildlife species" means a species, subspecies, variety or geographically or genetically distinct population of animal, plant or other organism, other than a bacterium or virus, that is wild by nature and

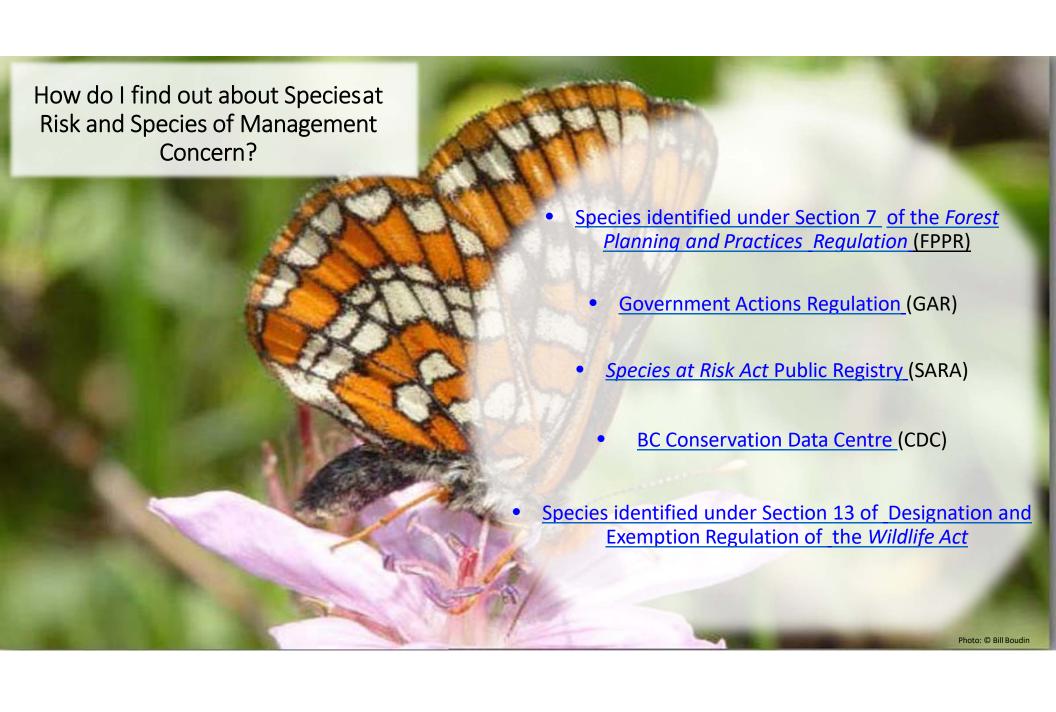
- (a) is native to Canada; or
- (b) has extended its range into Canada without human intervention and has been present in Canada for at least 50 years.



Wildlife Act

"wildlife"

- (a) means raptors, threatened <u>species</u>, endangered <u>species</u>, game and <u>other species</u> of vertebrates prescribed by regulation, and
- (b) for the purposes of sections 3 to 5, 7, 8, 84 (6.1) to (6.4), 97.1 to 98.1 and 108 (2) (v), includes fish, but does not include controlled alien species;
- "species" means a species, sub-species, variety or genetically or geographically distinct population of (a) animals,
- (b) fish,
- (c) plants, or
- (d) other organisms, except bacteria and viruses



Defining Species at Risk - Actions

Statutes & Legislation			Policy				
*			Conservation Data Centre				
Species at Risk Act	Wildlife Act	TERM	Lists	Animals	Plants		
no longer exists in the wild in Canada	no definition	EXTIRPATED	Red	SX, SH	SX, SH		
imminent extirpation or extinction	designated as an endangered species	ENDANGERED	Red	S1, S1S2, S1S3	S1, S1S2, S1S3		
likely to become endangered	designated as a threatened species	THREATENED	Red	S2, S2?	S2, S2?		
may become threatened or endangered	no definition	SPECIAL CONCERN	Blue	S2S3, S2S4, S3, S3?, S3S4, S3S5	S2S3, S2S4 S3, S3?		
no definition	no definition	NOT AT RISK	Yellow	S4, S5	S4, S5		
		ACTIONS					
		Management	←				
Recovery Planning & Implementation							

Statutes & Legislation

Processes Available for Protection of SEAR

		_		
Canada Wildlife Act	National Wildlife Areas		National Parks of	Park
Migratory Birds	Migratory Bird Sanctuaries		Canada Act	Park Reserve
Convention Act	Habitat protection requirement	-	· · · ·	Ecologically and Biologically
Species at Risk Act	Habitat protection requirement		Fisheries Act	Significant Areas Habitat protection requirement
		_		
Park Act	Conservancy			Reserve
	Class A Park			Withdrawal
	Class B Park			Conditional Withdrawal
	Class C Park		Land Act	Land Revested in Government
	Recreation Area			Notation of Interest
Protected Areas of BC Act	Conservancy			Minister may establish FRPA
	Ecological Reserves			objectives
Facilities December	Ecological Nescives		Water Act	Habitat protection
Ecological Reserve Act	Ecological Reserves			Wildlife Habitat Areas
Environment and				Wildlife Habitat Feature
Land Use Act	Protected Areas			Ungulate Winter Range
Wildlife Act	Wildlife Management Area		Forest & Range	Fisheries Sensitive Watersheds
	Motor Vehicle Restricted Area		Practices Act	Temperature Sensitive Streams
	Public Access Restricted Area			Habitat protection - fish
	Habitat protection requirement			Habitat protection - wildlife

How do I fulfill my obligations? BC- FPPR — Section 7 Notices

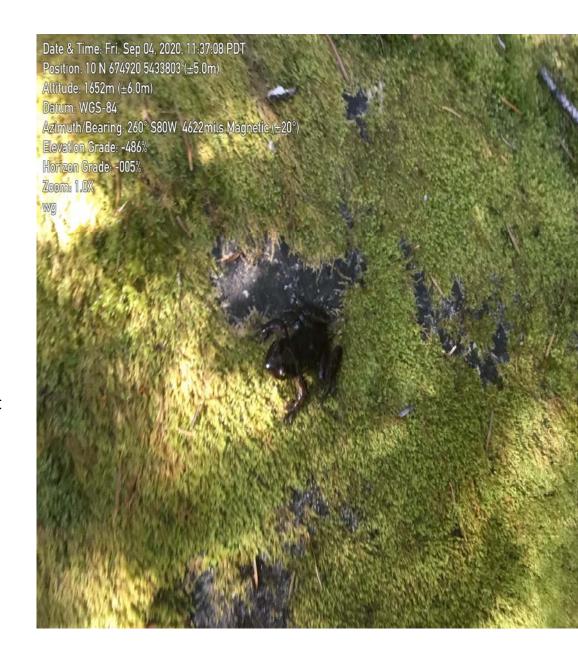
Most of the species identified in Notices under the Forest Planning and Practices Regulation (FPPR) Section 7 are addressed through:

- Wildlife Habitat Areas (WHA's),
- Ungulate Winter Range orders set under the Government Action Regulations,

It is always a good practice to review the Notices just in case there have been changes:

- FPPR Section 7 Species at Risk Notices
- FPPR Section 7 Ungulate Winter Range Notices

General Information on FPPR Section 7 notices and Objectives set by Government for Wildlife



How do I fulfill my obligations? BC- GAR

Under the Forest & Range Practices Act, the Government Actions Regulation (GAR) directs how the B.C. provincial government establishes land designations or stewardship measures for forest and range values.

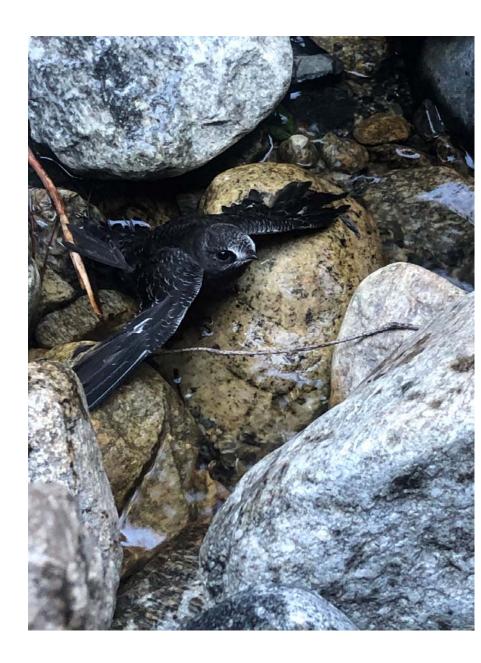
Species specific Orders under Government Actions Regulation (GAR) are:

- Wildlife Habitat Areas (WHA)
- Wildlife Habitat Features (WHF)
- <u>Ungulate Winter Range</u> (UWR)



Federal-SARA

The general SARA prohibitions include s.32 (protection of individuals) and s.33 (protection of residences), and the protection of critical habitat (s.58) apply on federal lands for most SARA Schedule-1 listed species (Threatened, Endangered, Extirpated). If the species is a migratory bird or an aquatic species then s.32 and s.33 apply on all lands and waters in Canada. Only if placed under an Order (e.g., s. 60, s.61, s.80) will these prohibitions apply off of federal lands for species other than migratory birds and aquatic species. The SAR Public Registry will contain information on any potential protection order or gazette statement of critical habitat protection for a species.

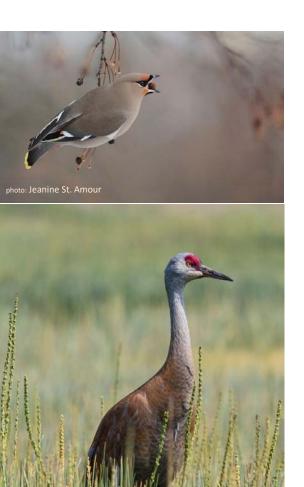


Federal-SARA

During planning, the Imap critical habitat layer may show polygons for Great Basin Spadefoot, Rattlesnake and Gophersnake, Lewis Woodpecker, Whitebark Pine, Williamson's Sapsucker, Caribou, and others!

Recovery strategies provide information on the extent and location of critical habitat polygons, what are the biophysical attributes that make critical habitat, and what constitutes as activities likely to result in the destruction of critical habitat.





Migratory Birds Convention Act (MBCA, 1994)

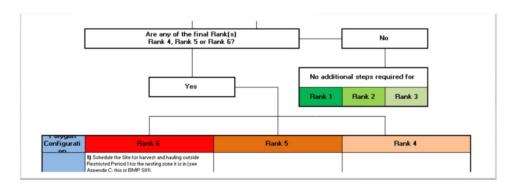
MBCA online at: https://laws.justice.gc.ca/eng/acts/M-7.01/page-1.html

BCTS Tools & Strategies:

Arc GIS Migratory Bird Ranks



The Migratory Bird
 Strategy -TKA Final Excel matrix



 Migratory Bird Background Doc: Communication - Management Tool (May 2016)

Conservation Status Categories SARA and COSEWIC

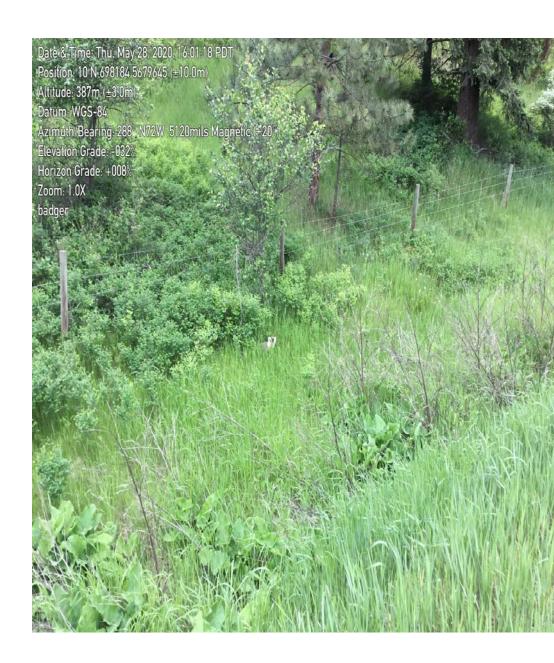
- Extinct (X): Species no longer exists.
- Extirpated (XT): Species no longer exists in the wild in Canada but exists elsewhere.
- Endangered (E): Species is facing imminent extinction or extirpation.
- Threatened (T): Species may become endangered if limiting factors for survival are not reversed.
- Species of Concern (SC): Species may become threatened or endangered due to biological factors and identified threats.
- Not at Risk (NAR): species is determined to not be of conservation concern.
- Data Deficient (DD): Species lacks sufficient data to determine a conservation status.



COSEWIC- Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada

Species at Risk in BC

- Provincial Red & Blue-listed species and Federal SARAlisted species, warrant special consideration in planning and development.
- In BC, specialists with the <u>Conservation Data Centre</u>, in consultation with other experts, assign species conservation status ranks. The Red and Blue lists provide a list of species for consideration for more formal designation as Endangered or Threatened, either Provincially under the *British Columbia Wildlife Act*, or nationally by the *Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada* (COSEWIC).
- The BC Conservation Data Centre has the most complete list of species of concern and will be our main source for designation information.



Conservation Data Centre (CDC)

The BC Conservation Data Centre (CDC) assess the provincial conservation status, track changes of conservation status, and provide biological and status information about species in BC

Colour-coded status categories:

- Red: Any indigenous species, sub-species or ecological community that is *Threatened*, *Endangered*, or *Extirpated* in BC.
- Blue: any indigenous species, sub-species or ecological community that is considered *Vulnerable* (*Special Concern*) in BC.
- Yellow: ecological communities or indigenous species which are not at risk in BC.

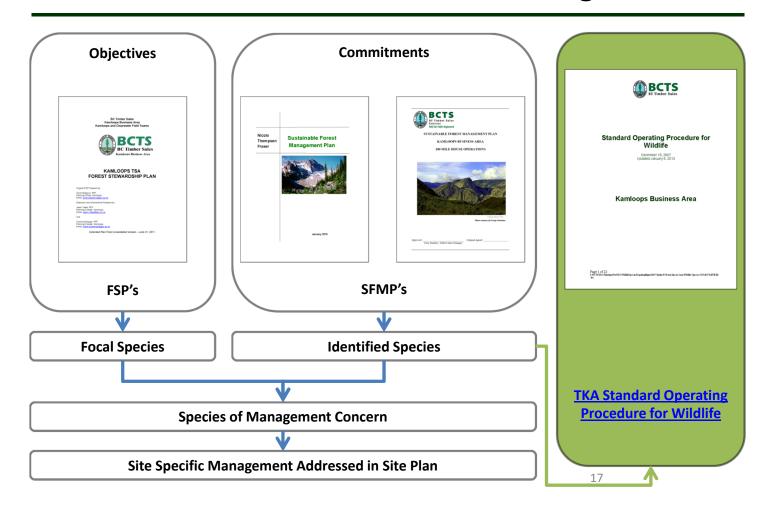
BC Species and Ecosystems Explorer

CDC iMap



Guidance & Procedures

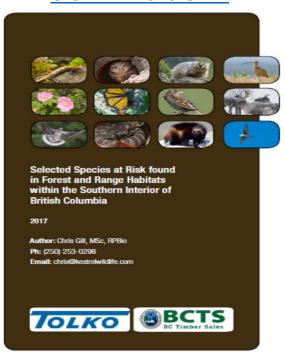
Linkages



TKA-specific links to information and guidance on Species of Management Concern from EMS

Field Guide

Click HERE for the link



Stick Nest Identification Guide

Burrow Identification Guide

Northern Goshawk Brochure

July 2014

At the planning stage...

Identify:

- Which species are likely to occur in the area?
- Habitat requirements? WHA? WHF?
- Sensitivities? (water, wetlands, rare/unique ecosites).

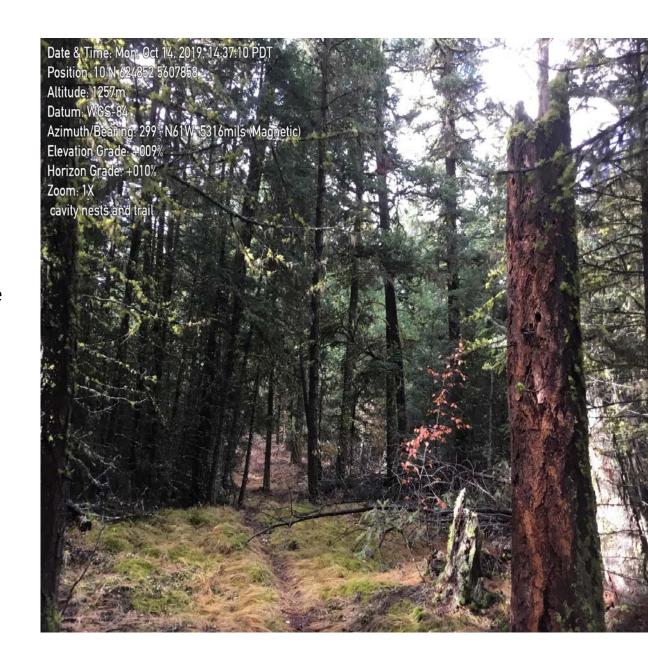
Tools:

<u>Habitat Wizard, BC Species and Ecosystems</u> <u>Explorer and CDC iMap / Field Team mxds</u>



During crafting of the site plan ...

- Review any operational requirements or constraints specific to an activity or location for species that were identified either in the field or during the planning phase,
- Review associated requirements or management strategies,
- Review Forest Stewardship Plan and operational planning maps



REPORTING & NOTIFICATION

If a Species of Management Concern (SMC) or Wildlife Habitat Feature (WHF) is identified in the field...

You're uncertain of the project plan, your responsibilities or hazardous/ sensitive areas. A previously unidentified resource feature is found. Hazardous material spills, uncontrolled fires or landslides occur. You observe unfavourable conditions that could cause environmental damage. Species at risk sightings. Any safety hazards, close calls/ near misses or accidents that occur.



Photo: © John Lockshaw

If a Species of Management Concern or Wildlife Habitat Feature is identified in the field...

- NOTIFY BCTS Project Supervisor ASAP
- Observations:
 - Location (GPS, or map location)
 - Date of observation
 - Species
 - Number of individuals seen or heard

• Collect helpful information:

- Name and contact info
- Habitat
- Land status (crown, federal, private)
- Adjacent landscape (i.e. roads, disturbance)
- Habitat quality
- Health of species (live, dead, sick, injured)
- Photos



If you are the BCTS Project Supervisor...

Does this occurrence require action?

- 1. Timing restrictions?
- 2. Buffers?
- 3. Reporting to CDC/Habitat Officer?

4. If unsure, contact a Registered Professional Biologist (RPBio).



Stay Current!

• Species conservation status can change depending on the immediacy of population declines, identified threats, and addition of new information.

Examples:

- Three species of bats were added to the SARA Schedule 1 listing as Endangered after white-nose syndrome was identified as an imminent threat to species survival.
- Fisher (population 5, central interior) is now Provincially red-listed
- Badgers are Federally endangered as of 2018
- Black swift is a SARA Endangered species as of 2019
- Western Toad was a blue-listed species when the Field Guide was created in 2014, is now listed provincially as yellow but a SARA species of concern (2018).
- WHF, WHA, UWR information may change as new information is compiled, priorities shift, policy changes, etc.



Once again ... links to important sites.

- Species identified under Section 7 of the Forest Planning and Practices Regulation
- Government Actions Regulation (GAR)
- Species at Risk Act Public Registry (SARA)
- BC Conservation Data Centre (BC CDC)
- Species identified under Section 13 of Designation and Exemption Regulation of the Wildlife Act
- BCTS EMS site



