

BCTS CHK-006

Completed by hand, in Word as a protected form or by Hand Held digital application for entry into Cengea Forest - Resources.

Note: Access Inspection Report to be used for FSRs built under contract only. Use Timber Sale License & Permit Operations Inspection Report for Road Permit roads.

А	Business Area:	Field Team:	ORCS/ARCS File(s):	Date of Inspection Click here to enter a date.
Section	Contract #:	Geographic Location:	Project Name:	Inspection Type:
07	Contractor:		On-site Supervisor:	

Section A:

Business Area, Field Team, File are mandatory. Contract # is free text mandatory in Word but will be from Cengea Forest - Resources maintenance table in hand held version. Enter date in Word using date picker field. In the Hand Held, Contractor will come from Cengea Forest - Resources registrant table. Geographic location will be from planning module in Cengea Forest - Resources table, Project Name and on-site supervisor will be free text.

Inspection type is a drop-down field in Word and includes "Initial", "Progress" and "Final".

Note: Inspection Reports not intended to be used for monitoring. Refer to Business Area protocols for monitoring procedures.

Note: BCTS CHK-006 Inspection Report is intended for use by BCTS staff. Use BCTS Client Self Inspection Report (CHK-011) for LPC Inspections.

	Inspection Detail & Activity	/ Status				
Section B	Roads ☐ Construction ☐ Maintenance ☐ Deactivation/Rehabilitation ☐ Other (specify): ———	Major Structures ☐ Construction ☐ Maintenance ☐ Deactivation ☐ Other (specify):	Harvesting Activities Falling Yarding Loading Other (specify):	Log Dump ☐ Active ☐ Inactive ☐ % Complete: ☐ Complete	Contract Activity ☐ Active ☐ Inactive ☐ % Complete: ☐ Complete Areas Inspected:	Applicable Legislation FRPA FPC Other (specify): Inspection Method: Field Office

Section B:

In Word or as a field doc these can be ticked as indicated. Note under Roads, finished grade includes cross drain culverts. Structures refer to major culvert / bridge and stream crossings.

Indicate the Areas Inspected that are applicable to this inspection (free text).

Check applicable legislation for blocks / areas in the Inspection Other could refer to the Fort St. John Pilot Project, Stillwater Pilot project, etc.

S		Yes: Inspector's opinion requirement is being met. Comments optional – Section E
l l	Requirement	No: Inspector's opinion of non-conformance requiring Corrective Actions – Section D or,
i ;	ID # & Status	Incident requiring Incident Root Cause Investigation Issue(s) – Section D.
Se		ND: Not discussed. NA: Not applicable. Note: Refer to Guidance Document for requirement detail

Inspection will be for the purpose of confirming the Contractor's activities were conducted in accordance with the following types of requirements:

- Conformance with the Project Plan.
- Conformance with EMS / SFM requirements (e.g. EMS training completed and documented, pre-work(s) completed and documented, eERP completed, implemented and on-site, EFPs followed and onsite, etc.) and SFMP requirements.
- Licence, permit and/or contract conditions.
- Compliance with legislation (e.g. Forest and Range Practices Act, Wildfire Act, Forest Act, Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act, etc.).
- Safety requirements

Note:

- Just If a practice is not restricted by any of these requirements, BCTS will not indicate a non-conformance nor require a corrective action.
- All findings at the time of inspection are considered opinions of the inspector.
- The inspector is expected to be an average competent person who has been trained in the completion of inspections.
- Nothing in this guidance will authorize a person to carry out activities that are not in compliance with legislation.



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Definitions:

FRPA

Forest Practice: means a prescribed activity that is carried out by (a) the government; (b) a holder of an agreement under the Forest Act, or (c) a person in a prescribed category of persons on private land, subject to a tree farm licence, a community forest agreement or woodlot licence, or on Crown forest land:

Official: means an employee in the (a) ministry of the minister responsible for the administration of this Act, which employee is designated by name or title to be an official by that minister for the purpose of that provision, (b) ministry of the minister responsible for the Wildfire Act, which employee is designated by name or title to be an official by that minister for the purpose of that provision, or (c) Oil and Gas Commission who is designated by name or title to be an official by the minister responsible for the Oil and Gas Commission Act for the purpose of that provision;

Wildlife: means (a) vertebrates that are mammals, birds, reptiles, or amphibians and are prescribed as wildlife under the Wildlife Act, (b) fish from or in the non-tidal waters of British Columbia, including (i) vertebrates of the order Petromyzoniformes (lampreys) or class Osteichthyes (bony fishes), or (ii) invertebrates of the subphylum Crustacea (crustaceans) or phylum Mullusca (mollusks), and (c) invertebrates or plants listed by the Minister of Water, Land and Air Protection as endangered, threatened, or vulnerable species, and included the eggs and juvenile stages of these vertebrates, invertebrates and plants.

FPPR

Agreement holder: means a holder of an agreement under the Forest Act, other than a woodlot licence. For the purpose of these inspections, this includes BCTS.

Authorized person: means a person who is an agreement holder or a person who is described in paragraph (a), (a.1) or (c) in the definition of "authorized in respect of a road"

Authorized in respect of a road: means (a) a district manager, timber sales manager or other government employee or agent who is authorized by the minister to construct, maintain or deactivate a forest service road, (a.1) a person who (i) is the holder of a road use permit for a forest service road, and (ii) receives an other from the minister under section 79 (4), (b) an agreement holder who is authorized to construct, maintain or deactivate a road under a road permit, cutting permit or an agreement that does not provide for cutting permits, and (c) a person, other that a woodlot licence holder, who is authorized to construct, maintain or deactivate a road under a special use permit or within a Provincial forest under an Act other than (i) the Transportation Act, Land Act, Local Government Act, or Pipeline Act, or (ii) the Coal Act, Mineral Tenure Act, Mines Act, or Mining Right or Way Act, if the road is located within the boundaries of a claim, lease, permit or other authorization granted or issued under the applicable Act;

Harvest: in relation to timber, means to fell or remove timber, other than under a silviculture treatment, including to (a) yard, deck or load timber, (b) process timber on site, (c) pile or dispose of logging debris, (d) construct excavated or bladed trails or other logging trails, (e) rehabilitate an area referred to in section 35, and (f) carry out sanitation treatments associated with operations referred to in paragraphs (a) to (e);

Minor Tenure: means (a) a free use permit, (b) a Christmas tree permit, (c) an occupant licence to cut, or (d) a forestry licence to cut that is not a major licence and limits (i) the area from which timber may be harvested to 1 ha or less, and (ii) the volume of timber to be harvested to 2 000 m³ or less;

Primary Forest Activity: means one or more of the following: (a) timber harvesting; (b) silviculture treatments; (c) road construction, maintenance and deactivation:

Resource Feature: means a resource feature identified under the Government Actions Regulation'

Silviculture Treatment: includes (a) site preparation for the purposed of reforestation, (b) planting trees, (c) brushing, including grazing for the purposes of brushing, (d) juvenile spacing, (e) fertilization, (f) pruning, (g) sanitation treatments associated with a silviculture treatment, and (h) pest management treatments, other than sanitation treatments;

Temporary Access Structure: means an access structure that (a) is in a cutblock, and (b) does not conform to the criteria described in paragraph (a) or (b) of the definition of "permanent access structure" and does not include a pit or quarry;

Wildfire Act/Regulation

Industrial Activity: includes (a) land clearing, and (b) other activities included in this definition by regulation, but does not include activities excluded from this definition by regulation;

Resource Management Open Fire: means an open fire that (a) burns unpiled slash over an area of any size, or (b) is not a category 1, 2 or 3 open fire and is lit, fuelled or used for silviculture treatment, forest health management, wildlife habitat enhancement, fire hazard abatement, ecological restoration or range improvement

FPC, Timber Harvesting and Silviculture Practices Regulation

Silviculture Treatment: means a treatment carried out individually or as part of a regime of treatments to create the described post harvest stand structure, site conditions or free growing conditions



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ID#	01: Contract – Safety Requirements	Status Y N NI NA	0402	Authorized Timber Harvesting specifications followed	
0101	SAFE Company status?		0404	Landslide or Gully Process with Adverse Effects prevented	
0102	First Aid requirements met?		0405	Fan Destabilization resulting from activities prevented	
0104	Evidence of adequate supervision?		0412	General Wildlife Measures followed	
0105	No BCTS Safety concerns reported?		0413	Resource Features protected	
0106	No Safety Incidents?		0414	Wildlife Habitat Features protected	
0107	No contractor safety concerns from section 3.10?		0416	Smoke Venting Index checked for air quality/burning in prescribed manner	
0108	CAL up to date?		0417	FSP Results, Strategies & Measures followed	
0109	Adequate Safety ERP?		0419	DM Notification of (re)start of Harvesting & Road Construction	
0110	Safety Records		0420	Other Legislative Requirements (Federal & BC) followed	
0111	Communication – signage, man check, etc.?		0421	First Nations Requirements met	
0112	Conformance with Road safety protocols		ID#	05: Legislative – Stream and Riparian Requirements	Statu Y N NI
0113	Apparent conformance with SWPs & PPE?		0501	Road in RMA, Cutting in RRZ, RMZ Retention as authorized	
0118	NOP confirmation received and recorded	0000	0503	Stream Crossings to protect channels and mitigate disturbance	
0119	Safety meeting documentation?		0504	Fish Passage and Fish Habitat protection met	
0120	Manual Falling Addressed		0505	Stream Sediment in Community Watersheds prevented	
ID#	02: Multiple Employer Workplace (applied to Prime Contractor)	Status Y N NI NA	0506	Drinking Water Quality & Licensed Waterworks protected	
0201	PC designation?		ID#	06: Legislative – Road, Trail and Structure Requirements	Statu Y N NI N
0205	Communication of hazards by Prime Contractor?		0602	Re-vegetate Roads within 2 years	
0206	Adequate coordination by Prime Contractor?		0605	Road & Structures Constructed & Maintained to be Sound & Safe	
0207	PC roles & responsibilities clear?		0606	Maintain Natural Surface Drainage Patterns in Road Construction	
0208	Adequate coordination & supervision?		0607	Build, Repair and/or Install Bridges & Culverts as designed	
0209	209 Appropriate PC records?		0608	Road Clearing Widths Appropriate for Conditions including safety	
0210	0210 CAL up to date?		0609	Road Deactivation Requirements met	
ID # 04: Legislative Area and General Requirements		Status Y N NI NA	0610	Roads Maintenance Requirements met	
0401	Damage to the Environment prevented	0000	0611	48 Hour Notification for Road Works in Community Watersheds provided	



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ID # 08: Environmental Emergency Response Requirements			Status Y N NI NA	1202	Timber Marking Practices followed	
	0801	Env Emergency Response Plan onsite, location known		1203	Dangerous Tree requirements met	
	0802 Awareness of roles, responsibilities and procedures confirmed			ID#	14: Specific Conditions of Licence, Road, Log Dump Permit or Contract	Status Y N NI NA
	0803	Incident Reporting documented and reported		1402	Administrative requirements met	
	0804	Test and Drills scheduled and completed		1403	Environmental requirements met	
	0805	Emergency response equipment onsite and maintained		1404	Other Utilities and Occupiers of Land requirements met	
	0806	24 hour contact # provided to local Protection Fire Center Office		1405	Construction Specifications followed	
	0807	Appropriate Fire Danger Class discussed		1407	Debris disposed of properly	
	0808	Fire Hazard Assessments and Abatement conducted, as required		1408	Subgrade compaction followed	
	ID # 09: EMS – Documents, Records & General Requirements				Deactivation Schedule conditions met	
	0901	Pre-work meetings done & documented		1410	Maintenance Schedule conditions met	
	0902	0902 Self Inspections & Corrective Actions complete, documented and followed-up		1411	Log Dump specifications met	
	0903	Project Plan documents on-site and available		ID#	80: Sustainable Forest Management Certification	Status Y N NI NA
	0904	Training Current - records completed, updated and available		8001	SFM Certification Requirements met	
	0905	Industrial Waste contained and timely removal		ID#	90: Business Area Specific Requirements	Status Y N NI NA
	0906	Conformance to BCTS Fuel handling (EFP 06) requirements		9001		
	0907	Other Environmental Field Procedures on site and followed		9002		
	ID#	10: General Contractual Conditions	Status Y N ND NA	9003		
	1006	Industrial Camp Standards Requirements		9004		
	ID#	12: General Contractual Conditions of Licence	Status Y N NI NA	9005		
	1201	Designated Supervisors directing workers				

ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	01: Contract – Safety Requirements		
0101	SAFE Company	SAFE Company status?	Is contractor & any subcontractors maintaining BCTS expectations for SAFE Company registration / certification as per the contract (see FS 1315). Are the same parties involved as identified at prework and is their SAFE status still current and appropriate. Oral response from workers and supervisors will be adequate information unless BCTS feels follow up with BCFSC is warranted. Inspector can check by viewing list on BCFSC website at: http://www.bcforestsafe.org/safe companies/whos_safe.html This requirement is N/A if company or contractor is exempted from SAFE Co. requirements. In General: For contracts advertised after April 1 2007 requirements were that all parties working on or bidding on the contract were to be registered with BCFSC and pursuing S.AF.E. Company certification. All contracts remain under the requirements applicable at the time of advertisement or award hence specific documents must be referenced to verify expectations. For contracts advertised after Dec 31 2008 requirements changed to expectation for certification as follows: All parties bidding on or working under the contract including subcontractors are to be S.A.F.E certified. Some exemptions and provisions for new firms as well as alternate certification may apply; staff should be familiar with document		
First Aid resources are available as per 1st work, location of worksite, and number of people on site. Obstantiation in the state of th		requirements	expectations and other applicable policy matters before making final determination as to performance. Yes indicates that First Aid resources are available as per 1st aid resource assessment and WSBC requirements according to type of work, location of worksite, and number of people on site. Observation must consider all workers on site if this is a MEWP. Inspectors should see first aid kit/resources and record of designated first aid attendant(s) as per WSBC OSH Regulation part 3.14 and Schedule 3 – Minimum levels of First aid. http://www2.worksafebc.com/publications/OHSRegulation/Part3.asp#SectionNumber:3.14		



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0104	Supervision	Evidence of adequate supervision?	Yes indicates functional safety supervision, workers on site recognize they are well supervised and know who the supervisor is, they are aware of their ability to report safety concerns to their supervisor and indicate that these are addressed appropriately by their supervisor. This is not in reference to BCTS contract administrator.			
0105	No Owner Concerns	NO BCTS Safety concerns reported?	Yes indicates that the contractor did not report any safety concerns to BCTS since the last BCTS inspection or prework that the contractor believed to be the responsibility of BCTS – form 15-1 could be used for this, or report could be verbal or via email. (In additional yes indicates the contractor's on site supervisor is aware of the expectation for communicating any future situation) See http://www.for.qov.bc.ca/bcts/safety/contractor.htm			
0106	Reporting Unsafe Conditions	No Safety Incidents?	Yes indicates that contractor has not reported any safety close calls or incidents as required by the contract since the last recorded BCTS inspection. No indicates that since the last recorded BCTS inspection contractor has reported one or more close calls or incidents. Current requirement in most contracts is to notify BCTS of any incidents reportable to WSBC. (Observation will generate necessary information for management review and may initiate an action plan if BCTS or contractor believe that BCTS planning of contract was a contributing factor)			
0107	Employer concerns	No contractor safety concerns from section 3.10?	Yes indicates that the BCTS inspector on site did NOT see any safety concerns / hazards which required notification of the site supervisor/employer and/or WSBC. Any one (including BCTS) on a work site who identifies a safety concern or hazard is obligated under WSBC regulations to report it to the supervisor on site. No indicates that the BCTS inspector did identify a safety concern with respect to contractor's activities and reported same to contractor's supervisor. The contractor's supervisor is required to address the concern without undue delay. If a BCTS inspector feels the contract supervisor did not adequately address the concern then they should follow up with their BCTS supervisor, BCTS management, and WSBC if warranted.			
		241	see: http://www2.worksafebc.com/publications/OHSRegulation/Part3.asp#SectionNumber:3.10			
0108	Corrective Action Log	CAL up to date?	Contractor must be able to demonstrate that they have followed up and implemented corrective actions where applicable, and have a system in place such as a Corrective Action Log. This field may be N/A if company is exempted from SAFE Co. requirement.			
0109	Safety ERP	Adequate Safety ERP?	Functionality of ERP for worker safety needs is apparent? Emergency Response Plan must be on site, tested, documented, and communicated to all employers & workers within the workplace. It should be applicable to the logistic circumstances of the workplace, for example providing for air and or marine support for evacuation of injured workers as necessary. All workers should know its location & general content. ERP documents could be integrated with EMS required ERP but must address worker safety distinctly to ensure workers injured or at risk are able to secure necessary assistance and support. Observation could be reviewed simultaneous with 0501 EMS ERP but must be recorded for reporting distinctly to confirm ERP addresses worker safety needs.			
0110	Safety Records	Safety Records	Safety records such as training records, toolbox meetings, pre-works, inspections, certificates, incidents & hazard reports must be provided by the contractor when requested. All records, such as training, meeting minutes, maintenance records, are reasonably available as per WSBC regs.			
0111	Communication	Communication – signage, man check, etc.?	Appropriate communication must be on site – including signage, sign in/out procedures, training, radio procedures etc for man check requirements see: http://www2.worksafebc.com/publications/OHSRegulation/Part4.asp#SectionNumber:4.21			
0112	Road protocols	Conformance with Road safety protocols	Evidence is apparent that contractor and their staff are aware of and following applicable road safety protocols such as radio procedures and hazard notifications etc.			
0113	SWP & PPE	Apparent conformance with SWPs & PPE?	From BCTS observations on site – do workers appear to be conforming to safe work procedures and PPE requirements? If not BCTS inspector should respond as per OHS Reg Sec 3.10 – inform the on site supervisor, and follow up as required. (note – contractors are not required to conform with BCTS SWPs and PPE requirements, only with their own safety program requirements and WSBC regulations).			
0118	NOP	NOP confirmation received and recorded	Has a Notice of Project (NOP), if required, been submitted to WSBC (and have operations commenced in accordance with the submitted NOP for all employers within the workplace)? It is the responsibility of BCTS to ensure a NOP has been submitted to WSBC for projects expected to last more than 5 days, excluding timber cruising, road & cutblock layout, and surveying. The act of submitting the NOP is delegated to the contractor. For workplaces where NOP applies, ensure the contractor has provided a valid NOP confirmation form to BCTS prior to commencing work. BCTS inspector must ensure that the NOP confirmation form has been received by BCTS and the number recorded in the General Pre-Work Comments section of the pre-work report. If NOP is in place, have operations commenced in accordance with the submitted NOP for all employers within the workplace? Regulatory requirements for Notice of Project are available at: http://www2.worksafebc.com/publications/OHSRegulation/Part26.asp#SectionNumber:26.4			
0119	Safety meetings	Safety meeting documentation?	Contractor has a mechanism on a regular and routine basis that allows for discussion and communications of safety information such as hazard alert changes to safety protocols and provides opportunity for workers to discuss safety concerns among themselves.			



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Falling Addressed	Manual Falling Addressed	If no Manual tree falling (falling trees >6" at stump height) is or will occur under this contract than this observation is N/A A qualified supervisor remains designated to site Fallers on site are certified and supervisors are verifying qualifications A falling plan is evident that addresses: hazard identification, mitigation, emergency response plan, alternative methods for danger trees, monitoring and evaluating of fallers practices qualified assistance identified and evident Man check provisions Important!!! Staff should not approach active falling operations to verify this observation. The normal point of contact with the contractor should be used to explore adherence to these expectations and if necessary appropriate arrangements to discuss matters with the falling supervisor should be made in advance to ensure BCTS staff are not at risk from active falling. BCFSC can provide further guidance regarding appropriate falling plans and monitoring processes that are recommended or encouraged. BCTS is to verify that processes are evident but is not expected to have sufficient expertise to determine the adequacy or validity of these.		
Hand Held Version	Form Version	02: Multiple Employer Workplace (applied to Prime Contractor)		
Prime Designation	PC designation?	Is PC designation still applicable for the workplace. Consider changes to worksite and employers and nature of work to ensure PC designation remains appropriate and applicable. If changes are expected all parties must be informed and new PC qualification must be considered. Note only one PC can be appointed per workplace and all other contractors must be aware and cooperate. FS1354 and FS1313 included in signed Contract. Note, the FS1354 must be signed by BCTS and the contractor to allow the contractor to assume the responsibilities of prime contractor		
PC Hazard Communication	Communication of hazards by	http://www2.worksafebc.com/publications/OHSRegulation/Part26.asp#SectionNumber:26.1.1 Has the PC been informed of known hazards and is there evidence of communication of known hazards to all employers & workers of an ongoing basis? (see toolbox meetings, prework records etc)		
PC Coordination	Adequate coordination by PC?	Prime Contractor has a system to address safety co-ordination and compliance with the safety program. see FS 1354 and WSBC WCA 118 and regulations for requirements. Does the Prime Contractor's safety program include the other employers on site? I.e PC should have evidence of review of other employer's safety programs, training records etc. http://www2.worksafebc.com/publications/OHSRegulation/Part26.asp#SectionNumber:26.1.1		
PC roles and responsibilities	PC roles & responsibilities clear?	Have the roles & responsibilities of the Prime contractor been communicated to all employers and workers in the workplace? Demonstrated by worksite signage, minutes from pre works & safety meetings.		
Safety Supervision	Adequate coordination & supervision?	Does the site supervisor / safety rep know other employer contacts, and is there adequate workplace coordination and supervision?		
PC Records	Appropriate PC records?	Is there appropriate PC record management? See FS 1354 for details – records could include: safety meeting minutes from the prime contractor & other contractors & subcontractors; workplace inspection results for the prime contractor, other contractors, and subcontractors; a system for first aid coordination; emergency transportation provisions; and the Contractors safety program.		
PC CAL	CAL up to date?	Prime Contractor must have documentation that corrective actions are occurring with respect to reported hazards, incidents, or deficiencies from inspections		
Hand Held Version	Form Version	04: Legislative - Area and General Requirements		
Damage to the environment	Damage to the Environment prevented	FRPA S 46 Protection of the environment 1) A person must not carry out a forest practice, a range practice or another activity that results in damage to the environment, unless in doing so a) the person i) is acting in accordance with a plan, authorization or permit under this Act, ii) is not required to hold a plan or permit because of an exemption under this Act and is acting in accordance with this the regulations and the standards, or iii) repealed iv) is acting in accordance with another enactment, and b) the person does not know and cannot reasonably be expected to know that, because of weather conditions or site factor the carrying out of the forest practice, range practice or other activity may result, directly or indirectly, in damage specific regulation FPPR S 3 Damage to the environment For the purpose of section 46 (1) [protection of the environment] and (1.1) of the Act, "damage" means any of the following that adversely alters an ecosystem: landslide; a gully process on the Coast; a fan destabilization on the Coast; soil disturbance; the cointo a stream, wetland or lake of a petroleum product, a fluid used to service industrial equipment, or any other similar harmful		
	Hand Held Version Prime Designation PC Hazard Communication PC roles and responsibilities Safety Supervision PC Records PC CAL Hand Held Version	Hand Held Version Prime Designation PC Hazard Communication of hazards by PC? PC Coordination PC roles and responsibilities Safety Supervision PC Records PC RAL Up to date? Hand Held Version Pamage to the environment Damage to the environment Damage to the Environment Parime Version PC manufaction PC roles & responsibilities clear? Adequate coordination & supervision? PC CAL Form Version		



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0402	Authorized Timber Harvest	Authorized Timber Harvesting specifications followed	FRPA S 52. Unauthorized Timber Harvesting 1) A person must not cut, damage or destroy Crown timber unless authorized to do so a) under this Act, the Forest Act or an agreement under the Forest Act, b) by the minister, for silviculture, stand tending, forest health, abating a fire hazard related to wildfires or another purpose, c) under a grant of Crown land made under the Land Act, d) under the Park Act, or e) under the regulations, in the course of carrying out activities i) under an authorization referred in section 51 or 57, or ii) that are incidental to or required to carry out activities authorized or approved under this Act, the Forest Act, the Range Act or another prescribed enactment. 2) A person is authorized to cut, damage or destroy Crown timber for the purpose of carrying out a forest practice that is funded under a vote as defined in section 1 of the Financial Administration Act. 3) A person must not remove Crown timber unless authorized to do so a) under the Forest Act or an agreement under the Forest Act, b) under a grant of Crown land made under the Land Act, or c) under the Park Act. 4) If a person, at the direction of or on behalf of another person, a) cuts, damages or destroys Crown timber contrary to subsection (1), or b) removes Crown timber contrary to subsection (3), that other person also contravenes subsection (1) or (3)
0404	Landslide and Gully Processes	Landslide or Gully Process with Adverse Effects prevented	FPPR S 37 Landslides An authorized person who carried out a primary forest activity must ensure that the primary forest activity does not cause a landslide that has a material adverse effect in relation to one or more of the subjects listed in section 149 (1) of the Act. S 38 Gully processes An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity on the Coast must ensure that the primary forest activity does not cause a gully process that has a material adverse effect in relation to one or more of the subjects lists in section 149 (1) of the Act
0405	Fan Destabilization Prevented	Fan Destabilization resulting from activities prevented	FPPR S 54 Fan destabilization An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity on the Coast must ensure that the primary forest activity does not cause fan destabilization that has a material adverse effect in relation to one or more of the subjects listed in section 149 (1) of the Act.
0412	Wildlife Measures	General Wildlife Measures followed	FPPR S 69 General wildlife measures An authorized person who carries out primary forest activities on an area must comply with each general wildlife measure that applies to the area.
0413	Resource Features	Resource Features protected	FPPR S 70 Resource features and wildlife habitat features An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity must ensure that the primary forest activity does not damage or render ineffective a (1) resource feature or
0414	Wildlife Habitat Features	Wildlife Habitat Features protected	FPPR S 70 Resource features and wildlife habitat features 2) An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity must ensure that the primary forest activity does not damage or render ineffective a wildlife habitat feature. Wildlife Act S 7. Damage to land set aside for wildlife 1) A person commits an offence if the person a) alters, destroys or damages wildlife habitat, or b) deposits on land or water a substance or manufactured product or by product in a manner that is harmful to c) wildlife, or d) wildlife habitat in a wildlife management area, except as permitted under section 4 (4) or by the regulations or a permit. S 34. Birds, nests and eggs A person commits an offence if the person, except as provided by regulation, possesses, takes, injures, molests or destroys a) a bird or its egg, b) the nest of an eagle, peregrine falcon, gyrfalcon, osprey, heron or burrowing owl, or c) the nest of a bird not referred to in paragraph (b) when the nest is occupied by a bird or its egg.



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Open Burning Smoke Control Regulation Schedule R. S. & Favorusitive water for smoke renagement purposes in a Ministry of Forests burning permit or in a burn plan approved by the More programment of the first must not be initiated unless. The ventilation indies is funcional as a control of the first plan of the first				
1) Unless otherwises specified for smoke management purposes in a Ministry of Forests, port burning of deficits rous for the large burning of deficits or tust on the initiated unless the vertilitation index is forecast as a "good" or fair of mise second day the deficits is anticipated to release smoke. 2) If the vertilitation index required by subsection (1) is not publicly available, a person who proposes to open hum deficit must conduct a test burn, listing no longer than off unitiates; of afficient deficits on the site to evaluate the weather conditions so as to ensure that smoke from any subsequent open huming, initiated on the same day as the test burn, will not negatifiely impact on a conduct a test burn, listing no longer than off unitiated of the same day as the test burn, will not negatifiely impact on a conduct and the same day as the test burn, will not negatifiely impact on a conduct and pull dependent of the same. 3 (open huming of deficit must not be initiated if if the same day as the test burn, will not negatifiely impact on a ready burned is insufficient to provide impact and pull dependent of the same. 3 (open huming of deficit must not be initiated if if the same day as the test burning permit or in a burn plan approved the same day as the test burning permit or in a burn plan approved the same day as the test burning permit or in a burn plan approved the same day as the test burning permit or in a burn plan approved the same day as the test burning permit or in a burn plan approved the same day as the test burning permit or in a burn plan approved the same day as the test burning permit or in a burn plan approved the same day as the test burning permit or in a burn plan approved the same day as the test burning permit or in a burn plan approved to the same day as the test burning permit or in a burn plan approved to the same day as the test burning permit or in a burning the same days and the same days as the same days as the same days and the same days and the same days and the same days				Open Burning Smoke Control Regulation
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a the name, address, and telephone or facsimile number, or other means of immediale contract, of the person who proposes to light, fuel or use the open fire: 1	0416	Smoke Venting	quality/burning	
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BCTS CHK-006

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			S 5 Objectives set by government for soils
			The objective set by government for soils is, without unduly reducing the supply of timber from British Columbia's forests, to conserve
			the productivity and the hydrologic function of soils. S 7 Objectives set by government for wildlife
			(1) The objective set by government for wildlife is, without unduly reducing the supply of timber from British Columbia's forests, to
			conserve sufficient wildlife habitat in terms of amount of area, distribution of areas and attributes of those areas, for
			(a) the survival of species at risk,
I			(b) the survival of regionally important wildlife, and
l			(c) the winter survival of specified ungulate species.
			(2) A person required to prepare a forest stewardship plan must specify a result or strategy in respect of the objective stated under subsection (1) only if the minister responsible for the Wildlife Act gives notice to the person of the applicable
			(a) species referred to in subsection (1), and
			(b) indicators of the amount, distribution and attributes of wildlife habitat described in subsection (1).
			(3) If satisfied that the objective set out in subsection (1) is addressed, in whole or in part, by an objective in relation to a wildlife habitat
			area or an ungulate winter range, a general wildlife measure, or a wildlife habitat feature, the minister responsible for the Wildlife Act must exempt a person from the obligation to specify a result or strategy in relation to the objective set out in subsection (1) to the extent that the objective is already addressed.
			(4) On or after December 31, 2004, a notice described in subsection (2) must be given at least 4 months before the forest stewardship plan is submitted for approval.
			S 8 Objectives set by government for water, fish, wildlife and biodiversity within riparian areas
			The objective set by government for water, fish, wildlife and biodiversity within riparian areas is, without unduly reducing the supply of
			timber from British Columbia's forests, to conserve, at the landscape level, the water quality, fish habitat, wildlife habitat and biodiversity associated with those riparian areas.
			S 8.1 Objectives set by government for fish habitat in fisheries sensitive watersheds
			(1) In this section, "fisheries sensitive watershed" means an area identified in Schedule 2 of this regulation
			(a) with significant downstream fisheries values continued under section 180 (f) of the Act and significant watershed sensitivity
			continued under section 180 (g) of the Act, and
	FSP Results,	FSP Results,	(b) for which there is no fisheries sensitive watershed objective
0417	Strategies & Measures followed	Strategies & Measures followed	(2) Until December 31, 2005 the objective set by government for fish habitat in fisheries sensitive watersheds is to prevent to the extent described in subsection (3) the cumulative hydrological effects of primary forest activities in the fisheries sensitive watershed from resulting in a material adverse impact on the habitat of the fish species for which the fisheries sensitive watershed was established.
	(Continued)	(Continued)	(3) The objective set by government under subsection (2) applies only to the extent that it does not unduly reduce the supply of timber
			from British Columbia's forests.
			(4) If satisfied that the objective set out in subsection (2) is not required to provide special management, the minister responsible for the Wildlife Act must exempt a person from the requirement to specify a result or strategy in relation to the objective.
			(5) If satisfied that the objective set out in subsection (2) is addressed, in whole or in part, by an enactment, the minister responsible for
			the Wildlife Act must exempt a person from the requirement to specify a result or strategy in relation to the objective set out in subsection (2) to the extent that the objective is already addressed.
			S 8.2 Objectives set by government for water in community watersheds
			(1) In this section, "community watershed" means a community watershed
			(a) that is continued under section 180 (e) of the Act, and
			(b) for which a water quality objective has not been
			(i) continued under section 181 of the Act, or
			(ii) established under the Government Actions Regulation.
			(2) The objective set by government for water being diverted for human consumption through a licensed waterworks in a community
			watershed is to prevent to the extent described in subsection (3) the cumulative hydrological effects of primary forest activities within the community watershed from resulting in
			(a) a material adverse impact on the quantity of water or the timing of the flow of the water from the waterworks, or
			(b) the water from the waterworks having a material adverse impact of human health that cannot be addressed by water treatment required under
			(i) an enactment, or
			(ii) the licence pertaining to the waterworks.
			(3) The objective set by government under subsection (2) applied only to the extent that it does not unduly reduce the supply of timber from British Columbia's forests.
			(4) If satisfied that the objective set out in subsection (2) is not required to provide special management the minister responsible for the
			Wildlife Act must exempt a person from the requirement to specify a result or strategy in relation to the objective.
			(5) If satisfied that the objective set out in subsection (2) is addressed, in whole or in part, by an enactment, the minister responsible for the Wildlife Act must exempt a person from the requirement to specify a result or strategy in relation to the objective set out in
			subsection (2) to the extent that the objective is already addressed.



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			II			
0417	FSP Results, Strategies & Measures followed (Continued)	FSP Results, Strategies & Measures followed (Continued)	S 9 Objectives set by government for wildlife and biodiversity – landscape level The objective set by government for wildlife and biodiversity at the landscape level is, without unduly reducing the supply of timber from British Columbia's forests and to the extent practicable, to design areas on which timber harvesting is to be carried out that resemble, both spatially and temporally, the patterns of natural disturbance that occur within the landscape. S 9.1 Objectives set by government for wildlife and biodiversity – stand level The objective set by government for wildlife and biodiversity at the stand level is, without unduly reducing the supply of timber from British Columbia's forests, to retain wildlife trees. S 9.2 Objectives set by government for visual quality (1) In this section: "scenic area" means an area of land established as a scenic area under the Forest Practices Code of British Columbia Act on or before October 24, 2002 and continued as a scenic area under section 180 (c) of the Act; "visual quality class" means a visual sensitivity class established on or before October 24, 2002, particulars of which are publicly available in the Land and Resource Data Warehouse maintained by the minister responsible for the Land Act. (2) The objective set by government in relation to visual quality for a scenic area, that (a) was established on or before October 24, 2002, and (b) for which there is no visual quality objective Is to ensure that the altered forest landscape for the scenic area (c) in visual sensitivity class 1 is in either the perservation or retention category, (d) in visual sensitivity class 3 is in either the partial retention or modification category, (g) in visual sensitivity class 4 is in either the partial retention or modification category, (g) in visual sensitivity class 5 is in either the partial retention or modification category, (g) in visual sensitivity class 5 is in either the partial retention or modification category, (g) in visual sensitivity class 5 is in either the partia			
0419	DM Notification	DM Notified of start or re-start of Harvesting & Road Construction	temporary access structure, and(b) re-sta of 3 months or more. A notice under subsection (1) must specif	ict manager before(a) beginning (i) timber har		
			In addition to FRPA, FPPR and the Wild may be applicable to the project:	dfire Act, the following are examples of Fed	deral and BC legislative requirements that	
			Federal	BC	Occupational Health & Safety Regulation	
			Fisheries Act	Wildlife Act & Regulations	Waste Management Acct	
			Species at Risk Act	Fish Protection Act	Special waste Regulation	
			Migratory Birds Act	Water Act	Contaminated Sites Regulation	
		Other	Canadian Wildlife Act	BC Fire Code	WHMIS	
0420	Other Legislative Requirements	Legislative Requirements (Federal & BC)	Canadian Environmental Protection Act	Environmental Management Act, Spill Reporting, Hazardous Waste & Contaminated Sites Regulations	Integrated Pest Management Act & Regulations	
		followed	Canada Water Act	Cultural Heritage Act	Pesticide Control Act	
			Navigable Water Act	Heritage Conservation Act	Pest Control Products Act	
			Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act & Regulations	Workers Compensation Act	Applicable GAR Orders	
			National Fire Code	Employment Standards Act	Applicable HLP Orders	
					Applicable LRMP commitments	
			Legislation specifically applicable to the p significant environmental aspects lists, an		act documents, schedules or appendices, TSO	
0421	First Nations Requirements	First Nations Requirements followed	Discussion / implementation of any project	ct specific outcomes from First Nations consult	ation and / or referral packages.	



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ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	05: Legislative – Stream and Riparian Requirements	
0501	Riparian Resource Values	Road in RMA, Cutting in RRZ, RMZ Retention as authorized	FPPR \$ 50 Restrictions in a riparian management area 1) A person must not construct a road in a riparian management area, unless one of the following applies: a) locating the road outside the riparian management area would create a higher risk of sediment delivery to the stream, wetland or take to which the riparian management area applies; b) there is no other practicable option for locating the road; c) the road is required as part of a stream crossing. 2) If a road is constructed within a riparian management area, a person must not carry out road maintenance activities beyond the clearing width of the road, except as necessary to maintain a stream crossing. 3) A person who is authorized in respect of a road must not remove gravel or other fill from within a riparian management area in the process of constructing, maintaining or deactivating a road, unless (a) the gravel or fill is within a road prism, (b) the gravel or fill is at a stream crossing, (c) there is no other practicable option. \$\$551 Restrictions in a riparian reserve zone 1) An agreement holder must not cut, modify or remove trees in a riparian reserve zone, except for the following purposes: a) felling or modifying a tree that is a safety hazard, if there is no other practicable option for addressing the safety hazard: b) topping or pruning a tree that is not wind firm; c) constructing a stream crossing; d) creating a corridor for full suspension yarding; e) creating guyline tiebacks; f) carrying out a sanitation treatment; g) felling or modifying a tree that has been windthrown or has been damaged by fire, insects, disease or other causes, if the felling or modifying a tree that has been windthrown or the been damaged by fire, insects, disease or other causes, if the felling or modifying will not have a material adverse impact on the riparian reserve zone; h) felling or modifying a tree that has been windthrown or has been damaged by fire, insects, disease or other causes, if the felling or modifying a tree that has been windth	
0503	Stream Crossings	Stream Crossings to protect channels and mitigate disturbance	 S 55 Stream crossings 1) An authorized person who builds a stream crossing as part of a road, a temporary access structure or permanent access structure must locate, build and use the crossing in a manner that(a) protects the stream channel and stream bank immediately above and below the stream crossing, and(b) mitigates disturbance to the stream channel and stream bank at the crossing. 2) An authorized person who builds a stream crossing as part of a temporary access structure must remove the crossing when it is no longer required by the person. 	



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0504	Fish Passage & Habitat	Fish Passage and Fish Habitat protection met	 FPPR S 56 Fish passage An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity must ensure that the primary forest activity does not have a material adverse effect on fish passage in a fish stream. An authorized person who maintains a fish stream crossing built after June 15, 1995, must ensure that the crossing does not have a material adverse effect on fish passage. Despite subsections (1) and (2), an authorized person may temporarily allow a material adverse effect on fish passage to construct, maintain or deactivate a road, including a stream crossing, if(a) fish are not migrating or spawning, and(b) the source of the material adverse effect is removed immediately on completion of the construction, maintenance or deactivation. S 57 Protection of fish and fish habitat An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity must conduct the primary forest activity at a time and in a manner that is unlikely to harm fish or destroy, damage or harmfully alter fish habitat. Federal Fisheries Act S 35. Harmful alteration, etc., of fish habitat No person shall carry on any work or undertaking that results in the harmful alteration, disruption or destruction of fish habitat. S 36. Throwing overboard of certain substances prohibited Subject to subsection (4), no person shall deposit or permit the deposit of a deleterious substance of any type in water frequented by fish or in any place under any conditions where the deleterious substance or any other deleterious substance that results from the deposit of the deleterious substance may enter any such water.
			3) Subject to subsection (4), no person shall deposit or permit the deposit of a deleterious substance of any type in water frequented by fish or in any place under any conditions where the deleterious substance or any other deleterious substance that results from
0505	Community Watershed	Stream Sediment, in Community Watersheds prevented	FPPR S 61 Excavated or bladed trails An agreement holder who(a) carries out timber harvesting, and(b) constructs an excavated or bladed trail in a community watershed must ensure that doing so does not cause sediment that is harmful to human health to enter a stream, wetland or lake from which water is being diverted for human consumption by a licensed waterworks.



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0506	Drinking Water Protected	Drinking Water Quality & Licensed Waterworks Protected	FPPR \$ 5.99 Protecting water quality An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity must ensure that the primary forest activity does not cause material that is harmful to human health to be deposited in, or transported to, water that is diverted for human consumption by a licensed waterworks. \$ 60 Licensed waterworks 1) An authorized person who carries out a primary forest activity must ensure that the primary forest activity does not damage a licensed waterworks. (2) An authorized person must not harvest limber or construct a road in a community watershed if the timber harvesting or road construction is within a 100 m radius upslope of a licensed waterworks where the water is diverted for human consumption, unless the timber harvesting or road construction will not increase sediment delivery to the intake. \$ 62. Roads in a Community Watershed 1) To prevent interference with the subsurface flow path of a drainage area that contributes to a spring that is a source of water for a licensed waterworks, the minister may a) identify a spring in a community watershed, b) specify a distance from the spring within which a person who constructs a road must not locate the road, and c) permit a person who constructs a road developed to construct a road developed to the pring within which a person who constructs a road must not locate the road closer than a 100 m radius upslope of the spring identified under subsection (1) (a), a person who constructs a road must not locate the road closer than a 100 m radius upslope of the spring identified under subsection (1) (a), unless the construction does not interfere with the subsurface flow path of a drainage area that contributes to the spring. \$ 41. Protection of Water Quality A person making a change in and about a stream must ensure that a) no substance, sediment, debris or material that could adversely impact the stream is 1) allowed or permitted to enter or leach or seep into the stream from any activity, construction, worksite, machinery or from com
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	06: Legislative – Road, Trail and Structure Requirements
0602	Revegetation	Re-vegetate Roads within 2 years	FPPR S 40 Revegetation An authorized person who constructs or deactivates a road must ensure that soil exposed by the construction or deactivation is revegetated within two years after the construction or deactivation is completed if it is reasonably foreseeable that(a) the erosion of the soil would cause(i) sediment to enter a stream, wetland or lake, or(ii) a material adverse effect in relation to one or more of the subjects listed in section 149 (1) of the Act, and(b) revegetation would materially reduce the likelihood of erosion.
0605	Roads & Structures	Road & Structures Constructed & Maintained to be Sound & Safe	FPPR S 72 Roads and associated structures A person who constructs or maintains a road must ensure that the road and the bridges, culverts, fords and other structures associated with the road are structurally sound and safe for use by industrial users.
0606	Maintain Natural Surface Drainage Patterns in Road Construction FPPR S 39 FPPR Natural surface drainage patterns 1) If an authorized person constructs a road, a temporary access structure or a permanent access structure on an area, the must maintain natural surface drainage patterns on the area both during and after construction. 2) Despite subsection (1), if it is not practicable for an authorized person to maintain natural surface drainage patterns during an authorized person to maintain natural surface drainage patterns on the area both during and after construction. 2) Despite subsection (1), if it is not practicable for an authorized person to maintain natural surface drainage patterns during an authorized person to maintain natural surface drainage patterns during an authorized person to maintain natural surface drainage patterns during the person must ensure the altered drainage pattern by the earlier of (a) the end of the constant		



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0607	Structure Design	Build, Repair and/or Install Bridges & Culverts as designed	S 73 Design of bridges A person who builds a bridge for the purpose of constructing or maintaining a road m bridge(a) meets or exceeds standards applicable to roads at the time the design or feestablished by the Canadian Standards Association, Canadian Highway Bridge Desi they apply to bridge piers and abutments, as established by the Canadian Foundatio account the effect of logging trucks with unbalanced loads and off-centre driving. S 74 Peak flow 1) A person who builds a bridge across a stream or installs a culvert in a stream for road must ensure that the bridge or culvert is designed to pass the highest peal expected within the return periods specified below for the length of time it is ant site: Anticipated period the bridge or culvert will remain on the site For a bridge or culvert that will remain on site for up to 3 years For a bridge that will remain on site for over 15 years For a bridge that will remain on site for over 15 years For a culvert that will remain on site for over 3 years For a bridge or culvert within a community watershed that will remain on site for over 3 years 2) A person may build a bridge that will not conform to the requirements of subsection at the bridge will pass the flow that will occur during the period the bridge remely the construction of the bridge occurs during a period of low flow, and c) the bridge, or a component of the bridge that is vulnerable to damage by his begins. 3) A person may install a culvert that will not conform to the requirements of subsection that it is the period that culvert is being installed is not a fish stream, c) the culvert will pass the flow that will occur during the period the culvert of the installation of the culvert occurs during a period of low flow, and e) the culvert is removed before any period of high flow begins. S 75 Structural defects A person who maintains a road must do one or more of the following if a structural defects of the culvert occurs that could be affected if the bridge fails; traffic loads to a safe level;	abrication is done, in respect of(i) bridge design, as gn Code, CAN/CSA-S6, and(ii) soil properties, as n of Engineering Manual, and(b) takes into or the purpose of constructing or maintaining a k flow of the stream that can reasonably be icipated the bridge or culvert will remain on the Peak flow return period 10 years 50 years 100 years 100 years 100 years tion (1) if ains on the site, (gh flow, is removed before any period of high flow ection (1) if by install a replacement culvert at that location, mains on the site, effect or deficiency occurs on a bridge that is part of ustrial users of the bridge, and(ii) downstream (b) close, remove or replace the bridge; (c) restrict
			 A person who builds a bridge or major culvert for the purpose of constructing or a) prepare or obtain pile driving records, for new materials used to build the bridge or major culvert, mill test cert concrete test results, soil compaction results, and other relevant field and construction data; prepare as-built drawings of the bridge or major culvert; retain the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) until the earlier of the bridge or major culvert is removed, and the bridge or major culvert is removed, and the person is no longer required to maintain the road. Subject to subsection (3), a person responsible for maintaining a road must retain major culvert associated with the road for at least one year after the bridge or major culvert associated with the road for at least one year after the bridge or major culvert associated with the road for at least one year after the bridge or major culvert associated with the road for at least one year after the bridge or major culvert associated with the road for at least one year after the bridge or major culvert associated with the road for at least one year after the bridge or major culvert; and the properties of the purpose of the purp	of the date that ain a copy of inspection records for a bridge or najor culvert is removed from the site. ager or the timber sales manager, as applicable, espect of a road if the person is no longer required
0608	Road Clearing Width	Road Clearing Widths Appropriate for Conditions including safety	S 78 Clearing widths A person who constructs or maintains a road must ensure clearing widths are at leas the road, having regard to all of the following: (a) the safety of industrial users; (b) the in the area; (d) the stability of terrain in the area; (e) operational requirements, includ waste areas, (ii) the storage of bridge or culvert material, (iii) the amount of area requirements, including equipment turnaround sites, (iv) snow removal, and(v) fencing and or	e topography of the area; (c) the drainage of water ing(i) the placement of pits, quarries, landings or uired to operate equipment within the clearing



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0609	Road Deactivation	Road Deactivation Requirements met	 S 82 Road deactivation 1) A person who deactivates a road must do the following: (a) barricade the road surface width in a clearly visible manner to prevent access by motor vehicles, other than all-terrain vehicles; (b) remove bridge and log culvert superstructures and stream pipe culverts; (c) remove bridge and log culvert substructures, if the failure of these substructures would have a material adverse effect on downstream property, improvements or forest resources; (d) stabilize the road prism or the clearing width of the road if the stabilization is necessary to reduce the likelihood of a material adverse effect in relation to one or more of the subjects listed in section 149 (1) of the Act. 2) A person may submit to the district manager, in writing, a request for an exemption from the requirements of subsection (1) (a) if a) the person has not begun deactivating the road, and b) the road does not contain any bridges or major culverts. 3) The minister, in a notice given to a person who submits a request under subsection (2), may exempt the person if the minister is satisfied that the effectiveness of the works described in subsection (1) will not be negatively impacted by motor vehicle use. 4) If a road deactivated under this section is a road that was used under the authority of a road permit associated with, or a cutting permit issued under, a tree farm licence, the holder of the tree farm licence must maintain the stability of each part of the road that was deactivated. S 83 Hazard warning At all times while a road is being deactivated, a person must have a sign posted that warns users of the deactivation.
0610	Road Maintenance	Road Maintenance Requirements met	FRPA S 22.1. Industrial use of a road 1) A person must not use a road for a) timber harvesting, including the transportation of the timber or associated machinery, materials or personnel, or b) access for tree planting requiring more than 12 months to complete, or silvicultural treatments requiring transportation of machinery, except in one or more of the following circumstances: c) the person i) is authorized to do so under a timber sale licence that does not provide for a cutting permit or under a woodlot licence, cutting permit, road permit or forestry licence to cut, or ii) is exempted under subsection (4); d) the road is a forest service road, and the person is authorized to use the road under a road use permit or is exempted under subsection (4); e) the road is one for which another person has a timber sale licence that does not provide for a cutting permit or has a woodlot licence, cutting permit, road permit or special use permit. FPPR S 79. Road maintenance 1) A person may maintain a road only if authorized or required to do so under the Act or this regulation. 2) A person who is authorized in respect of a road must maintain the road, including bridges, culverts, fords and other structures associated with the road, until a) the road is deactivated, b) the district manager notifies the person that the road should not be deactivated due to use or potential use of the road by others, c) a road permit or special use permit for the road is issued to another person, or d) the road is declared a forest service road under the Forest Act. 3) Subject to subsection (4), the government must maintain a forest service road, including bridges, culverts, fords and other structures associated with the road, until the road is deactivated. 6) A person required to maintain a road must ensure all of the following: a) the structural integrity of the road prism and clearing width are protected: b) the drainage systems of the road are functional; c) the road can be used safely by industrial users.
0611	Community Watershed Notification	48 Hour Notification for Road Works in Community Watersheds provided	FPPR S 84 Notice - road in community watershed At least 48 hours before commencement of road construction or deactivation in a community watershed, a person must notify affected water licensees or affected water purveyors.
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	08: Environmental Emergency Response Requirements
0801	Environmental ERP	Environmental Emergency Response Plan onsite, location known	Ensure BCTS clients are aware of their emergency response roles and responsibilities as it applies to the specific project and activity. Key areas include: Maintain completed eERP onsite Worker training, comprehension and awareness Onsite emergency response equipment (spill kits, fire response equipment (hand tools, suppression system) Periodic tests and drills



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0802	Roles and Responsibilities	Awareness of roles, responsibilities and procedures confirmed	The EMS Manual refers to the EOPs and EFPs to define roles and responsibilities for implementation, maintenance and reporting on the performance of the EMS. EFP-02 clearly defines a Contract Supervisor's responsibilities to conduct and document a pre-work.						
0803	Incident/Event procedures	Incident Reporting documented and reported (BCTS, PEP, MFR)	Incident Report? EMS incident reportin these requirements a Reportable EMS Incid Non-conformance.	EMS incident reporting roles and responsibilities are outlined in the Incident report EOP and referenced in the eERP. Conformance to these requirements are linked to terms and conditions found in the TSL and contract documents. Reportable EMS Incidents include: Emergency Response Events (Fires, Spills, Erosion), Potential Non-compliance and Significant					
0804	Tests and Drills	Test and Drills scheduled and completed	Test – a comprehens emergency events. To eERP. Drill – a due diligence environmental emerg training, and may incl Review of Employe Lequipme Review of Tests are to be docur	Definitions: Test – a comprehensive testing of the environmental emergency response procedures to ensure that they are adequate to address emergency events. This includes full, hands on scenario testing of equipment, communications, and procedures as outlined in the eERP. Drill – a due diligence exercise to ensure that onsite personnel have adequate levels of comprehension and awareness of environmental emergency preparedness and response procedures. This involves a demonstration of workers level of knowledge and training, and may include: Review of eERP procedures, Employee interviews, Equipment testing, Review of onsite ER equipment. Tests are to be documented on the "CHK-010 Test-Drill Report Form", maintained on site and results forwarded to BCTS representative. Results of drills may be documented on the CHK-010 and maintained on site.					
0805	Emergency Response Equipment	Emergency response equipment onsite and maintained	Emergency Response Equipment includes: Spill kits						
0806	24 hour contact	24 hour contact # provided to local Fire Centre	Wildfire Regulation S 4 Requirement to provide contact details Before March 1 of each year, a person who, under the Forest Act, is the holder of d) a major licence, e) a timber sale licence that is not a major licence, f) a community forest agreement, or g) a woodlot licence Must provide an official with a 24 hour a day contact telephone number if the person proposes to carry out an industrial activity on or after March 1 and before November 1 of that year.						
			SCHEDULE 3 REST	RICTIONS ON HIGH RISK ACTIVITIES					
			Danger Class III moderate	Restriction After 3 consecutive days of DGR III or greater, maintain a fire watcher after work for a minimum of one hour	Duration Until after the fire danger class falls below DGR III				
	Danger Rating	Appropriate Fire Danger Class determined and activities restrictions implemented	IV high	Maintain a fire watcher after work for a minimum of 2 hours After 3 consecutive days of DGR IV, cease activity between 1 p.m. PDT (Pacific Daylight Saving Time) and sunset each day	Until after the fire danger class falls below DGR III Until after the fire danger class falls to DGR III for 2 consecutive days, or falls below DGR III				
0807			V extreme	Cease activity between 1 p.m. PDT (Pacific Daylight Saving Time) and sunset each day and maintain a fire watcher after work for a minimum of 2 hours After 3 consecutive days of DGR V, cease activity all day	Until after the fire danger class falls below DGR IV for 2 or more consecutive days Until after the danger class falls below DGR V for 3 or more consecutive days, or falls below DGR IV				
			a) beginning o	fire season", in relation to an area, means the period					



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ii) in areas where snow cover is often absent, the third consecutive day that the temp	perature at noon is at least 12 degrees,
and	
b) ending on whichever occurs first	
i) the first day after October 1 on which each of the following is present:	
 A) the daily fine fuel moisture code value is 75 or less; 	
B) the daily duff moisture code value is 6 or less;	
c) the drought code value is 15 or less, or	
 (ii) noon of the first day on which the area becomes snow covered. 	
A person who carries out a high risk activity on or within 300 m of forest land or grass land	during a fire season must determine
the Fire Danger Class for the location of the activity	
 a) by reference to representative weather data for the area, 	
b) by reference to	
i) the Danger Region from Schedule 1,	
ii) the applicable numerical rating under the Buildup Index, and	
iii) the applicable numerical rating under the Fire Weather Index, and	
c) by cross-referencing the Buildup Index with the Fire Weather Index, for the applicable	
3) If there is a risk of a fire starting or spreading, a person carrying out a high risk activity on o	or within 300 m of forest land or grass
land must	
a) do so in accordance with the applicable restriction and duration set out in Schedule 3	or the Fire Danger Class, and
b) keep at the activity site	
i) fire fighting hand tools, in a combination and type to properly equip each person w	no works at the site with a minimum of
one fire fighting hand tool, and	
ii) an adequate fire suppression system.	in a fire watcher moved analysis that the
4) A person who, in accordance with subsection (3) (a) and Schedule 3, is required to mainta	in a fire watcher, must ensure that the
fire watcher a) can reasonably see the site of the high risk activity during the time the fire watcher is r	oquirod
	equileu,
b) has at least one fire fighting hand tool,c) actively watches and patrols for sparks and fires on the site of the high risk activity,	
d) immediately carries out fire control and extinguishes the fire, if practicable, ande) has the means on site to report the fire.	
e) has the means on site to report the fire. High Risk Activities (Wildfire Regulation) include:	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
b) disk trenching;c) preparation or use of explosives;	
c) preparation or use of explosives; d) using fire- or spark-producing tools, including cutting tools;	
e) using or preparing fireworks or pyrotechnics;	
 h) clearing and maintaining rights of way, including grass mowing; i) any of the following activities carried out in a cutblock excluding a road, landing, roads 	ide work area or log cort area in the
cutblock:	ide work area or log sort area itt the
i) operating a power saw;	
ii) mechanical tree felling, woody debris piling or tree processing, including de-limbin	g;
iii) welding;	
iv) nortable wood shipping milling processing or manufacturing.	

iv) portable wood chipping, milling, processing or manufacturing;

contacting rock;

vi) yarding logs using cable systems

v) skidding logs or log forwarding unless it is improbable that the skidding or forwarding will result in the equipment



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0808	Fire Hazard Assessment and Abatement and Abatement conducted, as required		Wildfire Regulation \$11 Hazard assessment 1) For the purposes of section 7 of the Act, a) each of the following is a prescribed activity under subsections (1) and (2) of that section: i) operating a dry land sort: ii) operating a dry land sort: iii) operating a dry land sort: iii) operating a camp associated with an industrial activity, and b) each of the following is a prescribed circumstance under subsection (1) of that section: i) an industrial activity or an activity prescribed under paragraph (a) of subsection (1) creates or increases a fire hazard or is likely to do so; ii) an official notifies a person carrying out an industrial activity or an activity prescribed under paragraph (a) of subsection (1) that a fire hazard exists at the site of the activity or operation. 2) The prescribed intervals, at which persons described in section 7 (1) of the Act must conduct fire hazard assessments, are a) 3 month intervals during the period in which the persons are carrying on the industrial activity or the prescribed activity in an area inside, or within 2 km of, the boundaries of i) a local government under paragraphs (b) to (f) of the definition of "local government" in section 1 of the Act, or ii) a fire protection district in a regional district, and b) the shorter interval between the most recent 3 month interval and the date on which the activity ceases for an expected period of 3 months or more. 3) The prescribed intervals, at which persons described in section 7 (1) of the Act must conduct fire hazard assessments, are a) 6 month intervals during the period during which the persons, in any area other than the area described in subsection (2), are carrying on the industrial activity or the prescribed activity, and b) the shorter intervals between the most recent 6 month interval and the date on which the activity ceases for an expected period of 6 months or more. 4) A person required to conduct a fire hazard assessment under section 7 (1) of the Act must a) ensure that the fire hazard assessment includes				
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	09: EMS – Documents, Records & General Requirements				
0901	Pre-work	Pre-work meetings done and documented	EFP-02 clearly defines a LPC Supervisor's responsibility to conduct and document a pre-work				
0902	O2 Self Inspective & Corrective Actions complete, documented and followed		The EMS manual describes requirements of the LPC to monitor themselves by: Monitoring their activities for conformance with the requirements of the EMS and compliance with legal requirements. BA staff will ensure that the acceptance of this monitoring responsibility is acknowledged through signing of contract documents and pre-work forms.				
0903	Project Plan	Project Plan documents on- site and available	EFPs require all LPCs to have copies of any relevant plans on site and available to workers				
0904	Training records	Training Current - records completed, updated and available	The EMS manual describes requirements of LPCs to ensure their workers meet the relevant training requirements of the EMS, SFM, and legislation, and to maintain records of the training on Table EMS 008-1A or equivalent.				
0905	Industrial Waste	Industrial Waste contained and timely removal	EFPs require regular removal of industrial waste from the site.				



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0906	Fuel Handling	Conformance to BCTS Fuel handling (EFP 06) requirements	EFP -06 outlines fuel storage and handling that should be followed by LPCs as well as a procedure to stop work if an incident occurs			
0907	Other EFPs	Other Environmental Field Procedures on site and followed	The EFPs comprise part of the EMS program as defined in the EMS manual			
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	10: General Contractual Conditions			
1006	Industrial Camp Standards	Industrial Camp Standards Requirements	Advisory Bulletin No. 2011-03-22 (External) – Industrial Camp Standards This Advisory Bulletin provides guidance to BCTS staff and contractors on industrial camp standards for work performed under contract to BC Timber Sales. The Bulletin is available from the following link: https://www.for.gov.bc.ca/bcts/policy/			
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	12: General Contractual Conditions of Licence			
1201	Designated supervisor	Designated Supervisors directing workers	FS 623 Paragraph 6.05 The Contractor shall designate a representative, who shall have full authority to act on behalf of the Contractor in connection with the Work and the Agreement and who shall be available at all times to the Ministry Representative. Paragraph 6.07 The Contractor shall not substitute a representative without the written consent of the Ministry Representative			
1202	Timber marking	Timber Marking Practices followed	FLtC Paragraph 8.01 The timber mark for timber cut under the Licence is: {Business Area Timber mark} or The timber mark(s) for timber cut and removed under this Licence is/are: {FLtC Timber mark}			
1203	Dangerous Tree	Dangerous Tree requirements met	FLtC Paragraph 6.02 The Licensee may fell trees outside of the clearing area if the person conducting tree felling determines that the tree is a dangerous tree according to Workers' Compensation Board regulations. Paragraph 6.03 The Licensee may remove a tree felled under Paragraph 6.02 if this Licence authorizes the removal of Crown timber from the clearing area, unless directed otherwise by the Timber Sales Manager. FLtC Sched A Part 2.00 Dangerous Trees clauses (if applicable) 2.02 The Licensee may cut a tree outside of the cutting authority if a person authorized by the Licensee reasonably believes that the tree represents a safety hazard			
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	14: Specific Conditions of Licence, Road, Log Dump Permit or Contract			
1402	TSM Notified	Administrative clauses met	FLtC Schedule A Part 1.00 Administrative clauses (if applicable) 0.01 The Licensee must (a) notify the Timber Sales Manager of the date that the Licensee intends to begin timber harvesting or road construction at least [Number of days] days before the date that the Licensee intends to begin either of those activities, informing the Timber Sales Manager of the date that the Licensee intends to begin each of those activities respectively and, if the Licensee intends to stop operations on the cutting authority area for longer than 14 consecutive days, the Licensee will (b) notify the Timber Sales Manager within 5 working days of after the commencement of that shutdown, and (c) notify the Timber Sales Manager at least 2 working days before recommencing operations on the cutting authority area.			
1403	Environmental	Environmental clauses met	FLtC Schedule A Part 3.00 Environmental clauses (if applicable) 3.04 The Licensee must a) supply, use and maintain at least one self-contained chemical toilet for every ten (10) persons working in the cutting authority area on or near a landing approved by the Timber Sales Manager when conducting operations under this licence, and b) discharge those toilets only at tan approved disposal site that is not on the cutting authority area.			



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1404	Other occupiers of land	Other Utilities and Occupiers of Land clauses met	FLTC Schedule A Part 4.00 Other Utilities & occupiers of land clauses (if applicable) 4.01 The Licensee must not unreasonably interfere with the exercise of the following rights of use or occupation held by the following person(s): (a) [Describe each person and the rights held by that person] and must notify that person or each of those persons at least 14 days before commencing activities on the cutting authority area. 4.02 The Licensee, before commencing operations on the cutting authority area, must (a) identify the location of each water intake and pipeline and, (b) locate and mark every skid trail that will cross an intake or pipeline. 4.03 The Licensee (a) must repair any improvement belonging to a third party that is damaged because of operations conducted under this license, and (b) if the Licensee fails to repair an improvement, must pay the full cost a repair completed by another person. 4.04 The Licensee, before operating within two tree lengths of a statutory right-of-way, utility, or private property, must (a) notify the offices of [appropriate agency] at least seven (7) days before commencing those operations and (b) comply with that party's guidelines and applicable Workers' Compensation Act regulations in respect of conducting activities in the vicinity of that right-of-way. 4.05 The Licensee must (a) before commencing operations in the vicinity of a recreation trail, post signs on the trail warning of those operations, not skid logs along the trail, and (c) repair any damage to the trail surface, cut banks, or other structures caused by the cutting or removal of timber. 4.07 The Licensee will comply with the terms and conditions of a Site Alteration Permit issued to BC Timber Sales under Section 12 of the Heritage Conservation Act, to the extent that the aforesaid Permit applies to the cutting authority area, by (a) collecting and labelling [number] stem round samples, and (b) delivering those stem round samples to the BCTS field team office before [Date (with 4 digit year)].							
1405	Construction Specs	Construction Specifications followed	FS 623 Schedule C Part 4 Construction Controls No Design In addition to applicable requirements stipulated in Schedule D of this contract, the Contractor shall construct the works in accordance with the following diagram and accompanying tabular construction specifications: Drawings In addition to applicable requirements stipulated in Schedule D of this contract, the Contractor shall construct the works in accordance with the following drawings: (Contractor Coordinator: double click on a box to check or uncheck its applicability.) Plan - drawing number insert number Plan and Profiles -drawing numbers insert number(s) Detailed Cross Sections - drawing or sheet numbers insert number(s) Special Structures (other than bridges) drawings and specifications - drawing or sheet numbers insert number(s)							
1407	Debris Disposal	Debris disposed of properly	FS 623 Schedule C Part 5 Site Preparation Debris Disposal When disposing of debris in accordance with Schedule D, debris must be disposed of in the following manner(s) for the designated sections of the road contract. DISPOSAL METHOD Road Section Piling Piling and Burning Burying End Haul to a Disposal Site Insert section(s) Insert Insert "X" or N/A Insert "X" or N/A N/A N/A Insert "X" or N/A						signated	
1408	Subgrade compacted	Subgrade compaction followed	FS 623 Schedule C Part 6 Roadway and Drainage Excavation In addition to the requirements for embankment compaction in Schedule D, the contractor must:Insert additional compaction requirements The specifications for ballast size and depth are: Insert ballast specifications Ballast materials must be placed and compacted such that the road will support a fully loaded gravel truck without leaving ruts.							
1409	Deactivation	Deactivation Schedule conditions met		plicable deactivation				,		



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Completed by hand, in Word as a protected form or by Hand Held digital application for entry into Cengea Forest - Resources.

1410	Maintenance	Maintenance Scheduled conditions met	As per applicable maintenance schedules in contract
1411	Log Dump	Log Dump specifications met	As per applicable log dump construction schedules in permit and/contract
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	80: Sustainable Forest Management Certification Requirement
8001	SFM Requirements	SFM Requirements met	Review the sustainable forest management plan that your BA is part of and ensure the LPC understands their requirements
ID#	Hand Held Version	Form Version	90: Business Area Specific Requirements
9001 to 9005	BA Specific Requirements	BA Specific Requirements	If any BA has some specific requirements – this is the section to track them and insert as many as required

If any requirement is a "No", it must be included in actions below. There may be additional actions that follow but at the time of the pre-work indicate the immediate actions that the Contractor agrees to. In a hand held application, the "No" would trigger an auto populate ID #, requirement statement into the actions below.

Keep in mind that BCTS does not provide a safety program to our contractors or licensees but rather monitors at levels commensurate with our obligations their discharge of contract or licence expectations. This will alter the nature of actions and follow up required for negative safety observations and should be guided by the safety manual and applicable document conditions.

As a Word document or as a form there will be room for 2 actions after which additional pages must be added. In the hand held application any number of actions can be added.

In a hand held application the actions would generate and populate an action plan in Cengea Forest - Resources.

ID#	CORRECTIVE ACTION - 1							
	Requirement:	Responsibility:						
Descr	iption:	Target Date: Completion Date: Click here to enter a date.						
Corre	ctive Action:	Follow-up:						
ID#	CORRECTIVE ACTION -	. 2						
	Requirement:	Responsibility:						
Descr	iption:	Target Date: Click here to enter a date.	Completion Date: Click here to enter a date.					
Corre	ctive Action:	Follow-up:						
ID#	CORRECTIVE ACTION -	3						
	Requirement:	Responsibility:						
Descr	iption:	Target Date: Click here to enter a date.	Comp Click he	letion Date: ere to enter a date.				
Corre	ctive Action:	Follow-up:						
ID#	CORRECTIVE ACTION – 4 (add extra shee	ets for more action	ıs)					
	Requirement:	Responsibility:						



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Description:	-	Target Date:	Γ
Description.	(Click here to enter a date.	Completion Date: Click here to enter a date.
Corrective Action:		Follow-up:	
Confective Action.		TOHOW Up.	
	<u> </u>		
Complete Incident Report Form for each incident type. Enter in Issue Tracking System		Issue #:	Issue Type:
ISSUE(S) (ITS) linked to the Inspection. ITS required for significant or repeat non-conformance, potential non-compliance, or Incident (as defined in EOP-04).	on-conformance,	Issue #:	Issue Type:
Action Plans for both safety & EMS requirements should be generated for corrective and preventative actions, as agreed to by the inspector and the Licensee / Contractor. An Action Plan should be the process followed for the majority of findings. Creation and documentation of an Action Plan (including closure) is required to show diligence in following up on non-conformances identified during pre-works and inspections. Local guidance may also be available.			
An EMS Incident (with entry into Cengea ITS) is generated in the case of a reportable spill, fire, or landslide, significant non-conformance to BCTS management systems (SNC) or potential non-compliance with legislation (PNC) – local guidance may be available to determine what qualifies as a SNC or PNC. Typically a PNC decision for an issue is when the finding has been reported to C&E, or the PNC has led to an impact that was intended to be avoided. For a SNC the decision should again be in regard to whether an impact occurred or not, or if the SNC was a systematic breakdown and Timber Sales staff intends to proceed with contract or TSL action, i.e. Notice to Comply, Notice to Suspend, or Stop Work Order.			
A safety incident would be generated in cases where the LPC has contacted BCTS with a hazard they believe to be the responsibility of BCTS, or potentially if BCTS staff have identified a safety issue on the LPC worksite which they have reported to WSBC. In the case of an LPC incident or close call, the Licensee or Contractor would follow their own incident investigation process as required by their safety program. BCTS would use the ITS process to investigate any portions of the incident / close call for which BCTS or the Licensee / Contractor felt may have been contributed by BCTS planning of operations and practices during operations (block & road layout, or other operations nearby etc).			
In the case of an LPC incident or close call where BCTS staff was exposed, the incident would be investigated in two parts. A) The role that BCTS may have played in the LPC incident would be entered into Cengea ITS as a safety issue and investigated through the ITS system. B) The safety aspects related to the BCTS staff member would be investigated through the process described in chapter 15 of the safety manual. For privacy reasons, any investigations for incidents / close calls in which BCTS staff were directly involved will not be entered into Cengea ITS.			
	ECTION COMMENTS		
(Reference Requirement ID # where appropriate, add extra sheets for more comments)			
General comments do not generate actions. However the inspector can indicate where a condition was borderline, and can be useful information for subsequent inspections. The inspector can also clarify exactly where and what was reviewed and by default what was not reviewed to provide due diligence for the inspector in the event of a discovery later on. Reference the requirement ID # where appropriate to provide context for comments.			
In Cengea Forest - Resources and in the Hand Held application this comment section will be one free text field. Lines on the form are only to facilitate use as the form in the field.			
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Signature X:S	ignature X:		
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