



July 1, 2023

Timber Pricing Branch

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#### Disclaimer:

This document is for information only and has no legal authority. It is intended to complement the IAM by providing additional technical details such as rounding rules. If there are any inconsistencies between this document and the IAM then the IAM shall prevail. If there are any rounding or other calculation differences between this document and GAS then GAS shall prevail.

#### 1 **SOURCE DATA**

Naming conventions for source data used throughout this document are as follows.

**PAR** 2-month average market values and other parameters published

monthly.

**IAM** Interior Appraisal Manual. =

Mark refers to values on the corporate data base for each mark. Mark/IAM

refers to site data for the mark and cost estimates from current

Interior Appraisal Manual.

APP X refers to an appendix of this document. S X.X.X refers to steps described in this document.

#### 2 CALCULATING THE MPS STUMPAGE RATE

2 2.1	= /	CPIF current CPI base CPI	ratio 4			
			4			yes
		base CPI	4		PAR	
		Cust CII	1		173.8	
		Real Selling Price (RSP) Contribution	\$/m³	2		
2.1	*	Selling Price	\$/m³	2	S 2.5	
2.1		Selling Price coefficient			S 2.1	
		Selling Price coefficient				
	=	0.3402 if scale based (SB), 0.1876 if			IAM	
		cruise based (CB)				
2.2		SB indicator				
2.2	=	1 if SB, 0 otherwise				
2.2		CD: I: 4				
2.3		CB indicator				
	=	1 if CB, 0 otherwise				
2.4		RSP		4		yes
	=	Selling Price	\$/m³		S 2.5	
	/	CPIF			S 1	
2.5		Selling Price	\$/m <sup>3</sup>	2		yes
2.3	=	stand value	\$	2	S 2.7	yes
		CONVOL	m <sup>3</sup>	0	S 2.6	
	,					
2.6		CONVOL	$m^3$	0	Mark	
	=	sum of coniferous species cruise volumes	$m^3$			
2.7		stand value	\$	2		
	=	sum of species values	\$	_	S 2.8	
2.0		. ,	Φ.	2		
2.8	_	species value species selling price	\$/m <sup>3</sup>	2	S 2.9	
	= *	species cruise volume	m <sup>3</sup>	0	Mark	
		species cruise volume	111	0	Mark	
2.9		species selling price	\$/m <sup>3</sup>	2		
	=	species appraisal LRF	fbm/m <sup>3</sup>		S 2.10	-
	*	species lumber AMV	\$/fbm		S 2.11	
2.10		species appraisal LRF	fbm/m³	0		
/	=	species cruise LRF <sup>1</sup>	fbm/m³	0	Mark	
	+	species LRF add-on	fbm/m³	0	IAM	
2.11		species lumber AMV (fbm)	\$/fbm	3		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If cruise LRF for lodgepole pine has been reduced for Mountain Pine Beetle volume, the reduction must be added back in as follows (rounded to zero decimal places): final Cruise LRF = Cruise LRF + (green attack volume\*3+red attack volume\*33+grey attack volume\*83)/lodgepole pine net volume

	*	cable yarding fraction coefficient			- 24.68	
	=	cable yarding fraction			S 8.1	
8		cable yarding contribution	\$/m³	2		yes
	+	yellow pine cruise volume	m³	0	Mark	
	=	larch cruise volume	m³	0	Mark	
7.2		LAYE volume	m³	0		
	/	CONVOL	m³	0	S 2.6	
	=	LAYE volume	m³	0	S 7.2	
7.1		LAYE fraction	fraction	4		yes
	*	LAYE fraction coefficient			- 19.32	
	=	LAYE fraction			S 7.1	
1		contribution	φ/111°	4		yes
7		Larch/Yellow Pine (LAYE)	\$/m³	2		VAC
	/	CONVOL	m³	0	S 2.6	yes
	=	BA volume	m <sup>3</sup>	0	Mark	yes
6.2		Balsam fraction	fraction	4	3.5.1	yes
	*	Balsam fraction			S 6.2	
	=	Balsam fraction			S 6.2	
6.1		Balsam fraction <sup>2</sup>	fraction	4		yes
	*	BA fraction coefficient			- 14.17	
	=	Balsam fraction <sup>2</sup>	,,	_	S 6.1	,
6		Balsam (BA) contribution	\$/m³	2		yes
	,	CONVOL	111	U	5 2.0	yes
	_	CONVOL	m <sup>3</sup>	0	S 2.6	yes
J.1	=	HE volume	m <sup>3</sup>	0	Mark	yes yes
5.1		HE fraction	fraction	4		VAC
	**	HE fraction coefficient			- 29.42	
	*	HE fraction HE fraction coefficient			S 5.1	
5		Hemlock (HE) contribution	\$/m³	2	0.5.1	yes
		TT 1 1 (****)	Ф1 3			
	/	100				
	=	CE DECAY %		2	TM cruise info	
4.1		CE DECAY fraction	fraction	4		yes
	*	CE DECAY fraction coefficient			- 154.0	
	=	CE decay fraction			S 4.1	
4		CE DECAY contribution	\$/m³	2		yes
	/	CONVOL	111-	0	3 2.0	
	= /	CONVOL	m <sup>3</sup>	0	S 2.6	
3.1	_	CE fraction CE cruise volume	fraction m <sup>3</sup>	4 0	Mark	yes
2.1		CE fraction	function	4		*****
	*	CE fraction coefficient			36.47	
	=	CE fraction			S 3.1	
3		Cedar (CE) contribution	\$/m³	2		yes
	/	1000				
	=	species lumber AMV (Mbm)	\$/Mbm	0	PAR	

8.1		cable yarding fraction	fraction	4		yes
	=	cable yarding volume	m³	0	Mark/IAM3.3	
	/	HARVOL			S 8.2	
8.2		HARVOL	m <sup>3</sup>	0		yes
	=	sum of all harvest method volumes	m <sup>3</sup>	0	Mark	
0		LOCYOL contribution	\$/m³	2		
9		LOGVOL contribution  LOGVOL	\$/M <sup>2</sup>	2	S 9.1	yes
	*	LOGVOL coefficient	+		3.563	
		EOG VOL COEfficient			3.303	
9.1		LOGVOL		4		yes
,. <u>.</u>	=	Natural logarithm (EFFVOL/1000)			S 9.2	, , ,
9.2		EFFVOL		0		yes
	=	Effective coniferous volume	$m^3$		IAM	
10		SB ((DECAY - OTHER_ATTACK) or	\$/m <sup>3</sup>	2		yes
		(Net DECAY)) contribution				
	*	SB indicator	-		S 2.2	
	*	SB Net DECAY fraction coefficient			- 16.92	
	Ψ.	Net DECAY fraction	+		S10.1	
10.1		Net DECAY fraction	fraction	4		yes
10.1	=	DECAY fraction	fraction		S 10.4	yes
	_	OTHER ATTACK	fraction		S 10.3	
10.2		Net DECAY				
	=	0 if Net DECAY < 0				
10.0		0.000,000				
10.3		OTHER ATTACK	fraction	4	36.1	
	=	Insect attack other than Defoliators or	$m^3$	0	Mark	
		Mountain Pine Beetle attacked Lodgepole pine volume				
	/	CONVOL	m <sup>3</sup>	0	S 2.6	
	,	COLVER	111		5 2.0	
10.4		Decay fraction	fraction	4		yes
	=	sum of species decay percent prorates	%		S 10.5	
	/	100				
10.5		species decay percent prorates	%	0		
	=	species decay percent	%	0	Mark	
	*	species cruise volume	$m^3$	0	Mark	
	/	CONVOL	m <sup>3</sup>	0	S 2.6	
11		Fire Damage contribution	\$/m³	2		TIOC
11	=	fire damage fraction	φ/III°	2	S 11.1	yes
	*	fire damage fraction coefficient			- 36.39	
		ine damage fraction coefficient			- 30.37	
11.1		fire damage fraction	fraction	4		yes
	=	sum of fire damage fraction prorates	%	-	S 11.2	J - 3
11.2		species fire damage fraction prorate	%	0		
	=	species fire damage percent	%	0	Mark	
	*	species cruise volume	m³	0	Mark	

	/	CONVOL	m³	0	526	
	/	CONVOL 100	III	0	S 2.6	
	/	100				
12		LOGVPT contribution	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	LOGVPT	·		S 12.1	•
	*	LOGVPT coefficient			8.827	
12.1		LOGVPT		4		yes
	=	natural logarithm (VPT)		2	Mark	
		G 1 771 1 1 1 1	Φ			
13		Cycle Time contribution	\$/m³	2	C 12 1	yes
	= *	effective cycle time cycle time cycle time cycle time coefficient			S 13.1 - <b>2.306</b>	
	,	cycle time coefficient			- 2.300	
13.1		effective cycle time	hours	1		
13.1	=	cycle time	hours	1	S 13.2	yes
	+	incremental cycle time	hours	1	S 13.3	yes
					2 30.0	<i>J</i> = 2.2
13.2		cycle time	hours	1		yes
	=	primary cycle time	hours	1	Mark	
	+	secondary cycle time	hours	1	Mark	
13.3		incremental cycle time				
	=	0.5*(cycle time - 6)	hours	1	S 13.2	
		note: If cycle time < 6, then incremental				
		cycle time = 0				
14		Fort Nelson Peace (ZONE 9)	\$/m³	2		T/OC
14		contribution	φ/111°	2		yes
	=	ZONE 9			S 14.1	
	*	ZONE 9 coefficient			- 7.778	
		Zorviz y committee				
14.1		ZONE 9				
	=	1 if Zone 9, 0 otherwise		0	Mark	
15		CB ((DECID - BLOWDOWN) or (Net	\$/m³	2		yes
		DECID)) contribution				
	=	CB indicator			S 2.3	
	*	CB Net DECID fraction coefficient			- <b>19.37</b> S 15.1	
	~	Net DECID fraction			\$ 15.1	
15.1		Net DECID fraction	fraction	4		yes
13.1	=	DECID fraction	fraction	7		<i>y</i> c s
	_	BLOWDOWN fraction	fraction			
			33070333			
15.2		DECID fraction		4		yes
	=	Deciduous Volume	m³	0	Mark	
	/	Net Cruise Volume (NCV)	m³	0	Mark	
15.3		Net DECID				
	=	0 if Net DECID fraction < 0				
15.4		BLOWDOWN fraction	Fraction	4	0.15.5	yes
	=	sum of blowdown fraction prorates	%		S 15.5	
15.5	-	Blowdown fraction prorate	-	0		
13.3	1	biowdown fraction prorate		U		

		Dlawdown noment by howest mothed	0/	0	Moule	
	= *	Blowdown percent by harvest method Harvest method volume	% m³	0	Mark Mark	
	/	HARVOL	m <sup>3</sup>	0	S 8.2	
	/	100	111	0	5 6.2	
16		CB contribution	\$/m³	2	~ ~ ~	yes
	= *	CB indicator			S 2.3	
	*	CB coefficient			S 16.4	
16.1		RG35				
10.1	=	1 if RG35 fraction is greater than or equal				
		to 0.35, 0 otherwise				
		7.004				
16.2		RG35	fraction	4	0.110	no
	=	RG volume	m <sup>3</sup>	0	S 16.3	
	/	CONVOL	m <sup>3</sup>	0	S 2.6	
16.3		RG volume	m <sup>3</sup>	0		
10.5	=	MPB red attack volume	m <sup>3</sup>	0	Mark	
	+	MPB grey attack volume	m <sup>3</sup>	0	Mark	
	,	Wil B giey attack volume	111	0	Mark	
16.4		CB coefficient	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	+ 9.978*(1-rg35) + 0.6152*rg35	· ·		IAM	
17		GREY contribution	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	Grey fraction <sup>2</sup>			S 17.1	
	*	GREY fraction coefficient			- 10.81	
17.1		Grey fraction <sup>2</sup>	fraction	4		VOC
17.1	=	Grey fraction	Haction	4		yes
		Grey fraction  Grey fraction				
	,	Grey fraction				
17.2		Grey fraction	fraction	4		yes
	=	Lodgepole pine GREY attack volume	$m^3$	0	Mark	
	*	CONVOL	m <sup>3</sup>	0	S 2.6	
18		DANB contribution	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	DANB			IAM	
	*	DANB coefficient			2.546	
19		PC20 contribution	\$/m³	2		yes
17	=	PC20 fraction	Ψ/111		S 19.2	y cs
	*	PC20 coefficient			- 32.79	
19.1		PC fraction	fraction	4		yes
	=	1				
	-	CAPCUT%			Mark/IAM	
	/	100				
10.2	-	DC20.6	6	4		
19.2		PC20 fraction	fraction	4		
	= /	PC – 0.2 0.8				
	/	0.8				
19.3		PC20				
	=	0  if  PC20 < 0				
	+	0 11 020 0				

19.4		PC20				
17.4	=	100 if PC20 > 1				
		100 11 020 > 1				
20		Slope15 contribution	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	Slope15	%		Mark	Ĭ
	*	Slope15 coefficient			- 0.2616	
20.1		Slope15	%	0	Mark	
	=	(Slope – 15)				
20.2		91 15				
20.2		Slope15				
	=	0 if slope is < 15%				
21		(BLOWDOWN - GREY) or (Net	\$/m³	2		Voc
<b>41</b>		BLOWDOWN - GRET) of (Net	φ/111-	-		yes
	=	Net BLOWDOWN FRACTION			S 21.1	
	*	Net BLOWDOWN fraction coefficient			- 26.67	
21.1		Net BLOWDOWN fraction	fraction	4		yes
	=	BLOWDOWN fraction	fraction		S 15.4	
	-	GREY fraction	fraction		S 17.2	
21.2	=	Net BLOWDOWN 0 if Net				
		BLOWDOWN fraction < 0				
22		ENCHANCE	φ1 <b>3</b>	2		
22	<del>                                     </del>	EXCHANGE contribution  EXCHANGE	\$/m³	2	DAD	yes
	= *	EXCHANGE coefficient			PAR -43.69	
		EACHANGE COEfficient			-43.03	
23		AAC_DELTA_12MR contribution	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	AAC_DELTA_12MR	ψ/ 111		PAR	Jes
	*	AAC_DELTA_12MR coefficient			- 0.8285	
24		ISOLATED contribution	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	ISOLATED			S 24.1	
	*	ISOLATED coefficient			- 0.2303	
24.1		ISOLATED			26.1	
	=	1 if the DISTANCE is greater than 200			Mark	
		km				
24.2		ISOLATED				
24.2	=	0 if the DISTANCE is less than or equal			IAM Table 3-4	
	_	to 200 km			may rable 3-4	
25		CAMP contribution	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	CAMP			S 25.1	
	*	CAMP coefficient	_		- 2.684	
25.1		CAMP	Fraction	0		
23.1	=	Camp Applicable volume	m <sup>3</sup>	0	Mark	
	/	CONVOL + Deciduous volume	m <sup>3</sup>	0	Mark	
				-		
26		OTHER_ATTACK contribution	\$/m³	2		yes

	I _	OTHER_ATTACK			S 26.1	
	*	OTHER_ATTACK OTHER_ATTACK coefficient			- <b>45.02</b>	
		OTTLER_ATT TACK COCINCICIN			- 43.02	
		OTHER_ATTACK				
26.1	=	Attack volume other than Defoliators or	m <sup>3</sup>	0	Mark	
	/	MPB attacked Lodgepole pine NCV	m³	0	Mark	
	/	NCV	III	0	Mark	
27		Estimated Winning Bid	\$/m³	2		yes
41	=	maximum of: 0.25 or real estimated	\$/m³	2	S 35	yes
		winning bid	Ψ/111	2	5 33	
	*	CPIF			S 1	
28		Final Specified Operations		2		yes
	=	specified operations			S 28.1	•
	*	CBCPIF			S 33.3	
28.1		Specified Operations	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	water transportation	\$/m³	2	Mark/IAM	
	+	special transportation systems	\$/m³	2	Mark/IAM	
	+	Skyline and Intermediate Support Skyline	\$/m³	2	Mark/IAM	
	+	heli logging	\$/m³	2	Mark IAM	
	+	horse logging	\$/m³	2	Mark IAM	
	+	high development cost (BCTS only)	\$/m³	2	Mark IAM	
	+	Uneven-Aged Forest Management	\$/m³	2	Mark IAM	
20		FI IF ( IV)	Φ1 2			
29		Final Estimated Winning Bid	\$/m³	2	607	
	=	max of: 0.25 or (estimated winning bid	\$/m³	2	S27	
	-	final specified operations)			S28	
30		Final TOA	\$/m³	2		TOC
30	=	TOA subtotal 2	φ/111	2	S 30.1	yes
	+	return to forest management		2	S 32	
	-	MLC subtotal 1		2	S33.2	
		THE SUCTOR I			555.2	
30.1		TOA subtotal 2	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	Total TOA	\$/m³	2	S 30.2	
	/	high grade fraction		4	S 31	
30.2		Total TOA	\$/m3	2		yes
	=	TOA subtotal 1	\$/m3	2	S 30.3	
	*	CBCPIF			S 33.3	
30.3		TOA subtotal 1	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	final forest management administration	\$/m³	2	APP2.1	
	+	total development	\$/m³	2	APP3.1	
	+	final road management and road use	\$/m³	2	APP2.2	
	+	total silviculture	\$/m³	2	Mark/IAM	
31		High Crade Exaction	fraction	4		TIOC
31	=	High Grade Fraction (1	macuon	4		yes
	-	LG)	\$/m³	4	Mark/IAM	yes
	<u> </u>	EG)	Ψ/111		IVIGIR/I/XIVI	yes
32	1	Return To Forest Management	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	TOA subtotal 2	Ψ/ 111	2	S 30.1	J C S
	*	0.045		3	IAM	

33		MLDC subtotal 1	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	MLDC	\$/m³	2	1.76	•
	/	high grade fraction			S 31	
33.1		MLC	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	MLDC subtotal 1	\$/m³	2	S 33	
	+	MLSO	\$/m³	2	0.11	
33.2		MLC subtotal 1	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	MLC	\$/m³	2	S 33.1	
	*	CBCPIF			S 33.3	
33.3		CBCPIF		4		yes
	=	current CPI		1	PAR	
	/	Average CPI (ACPI)		1	158.3	
34		Reserve Stumpage Rate	\$/m³	2		\$/m <sup>3</sup>
	=	max of: 0.25 or (estimated winning bid			S 27	
	-	final specified operations)			S 28	
35		Real Estimated Winning bid	\$/m³	2		yes
	=	constant contribution			60.68	
	+	real selling price (RSP) contribution			S 2	
	+	cedar (CE) contribution			S 3	
	+	CE DECAY contribution			S 4	
	+	Hemlock (HE) contribution			S 5	
	+	Balsam (BA) contribution			S 6	
	+	Larch/Yellow Pine (LAYE) contribution			S 7	
	+	cable yarding contribution			S 8	
	+	LOGVOL contribution			S 9	
	+	SB Net DECAY contribution			S 10	
	+	Fire Damage contribution			S 11	
	+	LOGVPT contribution			S 12	
	+	Cycle Time contribution			S 13	
	+	ZONE 9 contribution			S 14	
	+	CB Net DECID contribution			S 15	
	+	CB contribution			S 16	
	+	GREY contribution			S 17	
	+	DANB contribution			S 18	
	+	PC20 contribution			S 19	
	+	Slope15 contribution			S 20	
	+	Net BLOWDOWN contribution			S 21	
	+	EXCHANGE contribution			S 22	
	+	AAC_DELTA_12MR contribution			S 23	
	+	ISOLATED contribution			S 24	<u> </u>
	+	CAMP contribution			S 25	<u> </u>
	+	OTHER_ATTACK contribution			S 26	

## APPENDIX 1: EXPLANATION OF VARIABLES USED IN THE AUCTION DATASET BUT NOT IN IMPLEMENTATION

Highway Transportation and 1<sup>st</sup> and 2nd Quarters --- the average values of these variables have been built into the constant.

# APPENDIX 2: DECIDUOUS VOLUME AND THE PRORATING OF FOREST MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION AND ROAD MANAGEMENT TOAS

		Units	<b>Decimal Places</b>	Source/ Value	Rounding
APP2.1	final forest management admin. (FFMA)	\$/m <sup>3</sup>	2		yes
=	forest management admin. (FMA)	$Mm^3$		Mark/IAM 4.2.2	
*	HARVOL			S 8.2	
/	CONVOL	$m^3$		S 2.6	
APP2.2	final road management and road use (FRM)	\$	2		yes
=	final road management	$m^3$		APP2.2.1	
+	final road use	\$/m <sup>3</sup>		APP2.2.2	
APP2.2.1	final road management	\$	2		yes
=	road management (RM)			Mark/IAM4.4.2	
*	HARVOL	$m^3$		S 8.2	
/	CONVOL	$m^3$		S 2.6	
APP2.2.2	final road use	\$	2		yes
=	road use (RU)			Mark/IAM4.4.2	
*	HARVOL	$m^3$		S 8.2	
/	CONVOL	$m^3$		S 2.6	

## APPENDIX 3: CALCULATION OF DEVELOPMENT AND SILVICULTURE COST ESTIMATES

The calculation of development cost estimates involves a proration with applicable volume as follows:

		Units	Decimal Places	Source/ Value	Rounding
APP3.1	total development cost	$Mm^{3}$	2		yes
=	total applicable cost	\$		APP3.2	
/	(ADJ_CR_VOL if scale based, or	$m^3$		APP4.1	
	CONVOL if cruise based)	$m^3$		S2.6	
APP3.2	total applicable cost	\$	2		yes
=	sum of applicable type 1 costs and type 2 costs	\$	2	APP3.3	
APP3.3	applicable type1 cost	\$	2		
=	type1 cost	\$	2	Mark/IAM	yes
*	CONVOL	$m^3$	0	S 2.6	
/	project applicable volume	$m^3$	0	Mark	yes
APP3.4	type2 cost	\$	2	Mark/IAM	
APP3.5	total silviculture cost	\$/m3	2		Yes
=	total silviculture dollars	\$	2	Mark/IAM	
/	(ADJ_CR_VOL if scale based, or	$m^3$		APP4.1	
	HARVOL if cruise based)	$m^3$		S 8.2	

Note: Type 1 costs are tabular roads and tabular culverts and ECE's. Type 2 costs are cattle guards, pipeline crossings and fencing (items without a project applicable cost).

# APPENDIX 4: CALCULATION OF ADJUSTED CRUISE VOLUME DENOMINATOR FOR DEVELOPMENT AND SILVICULTURE COST ESTIMATES

	Units	Decimal Places	Source/ Value	Rounding
APP4.1 ADJ_CR_VOL	$m^3$	1 14000	, 42.00	No
If selling price zone =5 then:			Mark/IAM	
ADJ_CR_VOL	$m^3$			
= balsam cruise volume * 0.824	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ cedar cruise volume * 0.921	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ fir cruise volume * 1.097	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ hemlock cruise volume * 0.905	$m^3$		mark	No
+ larch cruise volume * 0.828	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ lodgepole pine cruise volume * 0.978	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ spruce cruise volume * 0.935	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ white pine cruise volume * 0.410	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ yellow pine cruise volume * 0.719	$m^3$		Mark	No
If selling price zone =6 then:	\$		Mark/IAM	
ADJ_CR_VOL	$m^3$			
= balsam cruise volume * 0.801	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ cedar cruise volume * 1.122	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ fir cruise volume * 0.996	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ hemlock cruise volume * 0.913	$m^3$		mark	No
+ larch cruise volume * 0.816	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ lodgepole pine cruise volume * 0.701	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ spruce cruise volume * 0.990	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ white pine cruise volume * 0.398	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ yellow pine cruise volume * 0.707	$m^3$		Mark	No
If selling price zone =7 then:	\$		Mark/IAM	
ADJ_CR_VOL	$m^3$			
= balsam cruise volume * 0.818	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ cedar cruise volume * 0.912	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ fir cruise volume * 1.011	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ hemlock cruise volume * 0.915	$m^3$		mark	No
+ larch cruise volume * 0.835	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ lodgepole pine cruise volume * 0.825	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ spruce cruise volume * 0.985	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ white pine cruise volume * 0.420	$m^3$		Mark	No
+ yellow pine cruise volume * 0.726	$m^3$		Mark	No

#### Section APP4.1 continued:

If selling price zone =8 then:	\$	Mark/IAM	
ADJ_CR_VOL	$m^3$		
= balsam cruise volume * 0.877	$m^3$	Mark	No
+ cedar cruise volume * 0.951	$m^3$	Mark	No
+ fir cruise volume * 1.048	$m^3$	Mark	No
+ hemlock cruise volume * 0.935	$m^3$	mark	No
+ larch cruise volume * 0.858	$m^3$	Mark	No
+ lodgepole pine cruise volume * 0.642	$m^3$	Mark	No
+ spruce cruise volume * 1.029	$m^3$	Mark	No
+ white pine cruise volume * 0.440	$m^3$	Mark	No
+ yellow pine cruise volume * 0.749	$m^3$	Mark	No
If selling price zone =9 then:	\$	Mark/IAM	
If selling price zone =9 then: ADJ_CR_VOL	$m^3$	Mark/IAM	
C 1		Mark/IAM Mark	No
ADJ_CR_VOL	$m^3$		No No
ADJ_CR_VOL = balsam cruise volume * 0.814	$\begin{array}{c} m^3 \\ m^3 \end{array}$	Mark	
ADJ_CR_VOL = balsam cruise volume * 0.814 + cedar cruise volume * 0.914	$m^3 \ m^3 \ m^3$	Mark Mark	No
ADJ_CR_VOL = balsam cruise volume * 0.814 + cedar cruise volume * 0.914 + fir cruise volume * 1.001	$\begin{array}{c} m^3 \\ m^3 \\ m^3 \\ m^3 \end{array}$	Mark Mark Mark	No No
ADJ_CR_VOL = balsam cruise volume * 0.814 + cedar cruise volume * 0.914 + fir cruise volume * 1.001 + hemlock cruise volume *0.898	m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>3</sup>	Mark Mark Mark mark	No No No
ADJ_CR_VOL  = balsam cruise volume * 0.814  + cedar cruise volume * 0.914  + fir cruise volume * 1.001  + hemlock cruise volume *0.898  + larch cruise volume * 0.821	m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>3</sup>	Mark Mark Mark mark Mark	No No No No
ADJ_CR_VOL  = balsam cruise volume * 0.814  + cedar cruise volume * 0.914  + fir cruise volume * 1.001  + hemlock cruise volume *0.898  + larch cruise volume * 0.821  + lodgepole pine cruise volume * 0.828	m <sup>3</sup>	Mark Mark Mark mark Mark Mark	No No No No No