2022 REPORTING CYCLE 0 N S Selkirk 💭 College

Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

Independent Auditor's Report

Financial Statements

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Debt Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements



Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying consolidated financial statements and related financial information are the responsibility of Selkirk College management and have been approved by the Board of Governors of Selkirk College. The financial statements have been prepared by management in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards and Treasury Board direction outlined in note 2(a).

To discharge its responsibility for the integrity and objectivity of financial reporting, management maintains a system of internal accounting controls comprising written policies, standards and procedures, a formal authorization structure and satisfactory processes for reviewing internal controls. This system is designed to provide management with reasonable assurance that transactions are in accordance with governing legislation, are properly authorized, reliable financial records are maintained, and assets are adequately accounted for and safeguarded. The Board of Governors has established a code of ethics and corporate directives, which require communication of the code to the employees.

The Board of Governors carries out its responsibility for the financial statements through the Board Finance/Audit Committee. This Committee meets with management and the external auditor to discuss and review financial matters and recommends the financial statements to the Board for approval. The external auditor has full and free access to the Finance/Audit Committee.

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 have been reported on by BDO Canada LLP. The Independent Auditors' Report outlines the scope of the audit and provides the audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Angua Jacona

Angus Graeme, President & CEO

May 11, 2022

Kerry Clarke, Vice President College Services, CFO

May 11, 2022



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Selkirk College and the Minister of Advanced Education and Skills Training of the Province of British Columbia

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Selkirk College ("the College"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements of Selkirk College for the year ended March 31, 2022 are prepared in all material respects in accordance with Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the College in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 2(a) to the consolidated financial statements which describes the basis of accounting used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements and to Note 17 which describes the significant differences between such basis of accounting and Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia, which requires Canadian public sector accounting standards modified by B.C. Regulation 198/2011 "Restricted Contributions", and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the College's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the College or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the College's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the College's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the College to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities within the College to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Kelowna, British Columbia May 11, 2022

SELKIRK COLLEGE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT MARCH 31

	2022	2021
FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Accounts receivable (Note 4) Inventories for resale (Note 5)	\$ 16,671,495 1,809,159 <u>483,424</u>	\$ 13,755,480 1,870,533 <u>502,238</u>
LIABILITIES	<u>18,964,078</u>	16,128,251
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6) Deferred revenue (Note 7) Employee future benefits (Note 8) Deferred capital contributions (Note 9)	10,021,347 9,539,498 5,696,394 <u>53,982,654</u> 79,239,893	9,621,704 8,964,259 5,853,402 <u>50,421,828</u> 74,861,193
NET DEBT (Note 16)	<u>(60,275,815</u>)	(58,732,942)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS Tangible capital assets (Note 10) Investments (Note 11) Inventories held for use Prepaid expenses	63,363,020 10,875,345 - <u>608,535</u> 74,846,900	61,390,823 10,678,455 24,192 <u>445,177</u> 72,538,647
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 12)	\$ <u>14,571,085</u>	\$ <u>13,805,705</u>

Chairperson, Board of Governors

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Vice President College Services, CFO

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

SELKIRK COLLEGE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31

	Budget (Note 2m)	2022	2021
REVENUE			
Government grants	\$ 33,565,045	\$ 34,250,262	\$ 33,919,139
Industry Trades Authority funding	1,839,204	1,925,932	2,030,011
Tuition	13,542,047	12,805,736	12,460,297
Ancillary sales	1,765,500	1,923,867	1,356,097
Investment income	450,000	532,438	451,045
Donations	375,000	315,622	397,896
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	2,617,635	2,596,739	1,898,372
Contracts and other revenue	5,581,345	4,766,964	4,273,052
	59,735,776	59,117,560	56,785,909
EXPENSES (Note 15)			
Education programming	29,303,382	28,315,923	28,077,447
Student support	6,667,502	6,326,359	6,200,599
Research and innovation	3,500,000	4,008,161	3,920,963
Administrative support	6,921,892	6,333,995	5,988,503
Facilities and infrastructure support	11,572,541	11,380,325	11,068,433
Ancillary services	1,670,551	1,627,332	1,531,873
Awards and related costs	862,000	729,969	966,675
	60,497,868	58,722,064	57,754,493
Annual surplus (deficit) before endowment contributions	-	395,496	(968,584)
Endowment contributions		369,884	78,017
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	(762,092)	765,380	(890,567)
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, beginning of year	13,805,705	13,805,705	14,696,272
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, end of year	\$ <u>13,043,613</u>	\$ <u>14,571,085</u>	\$ <u>13,805,705</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

SELKIRK COLLEGE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31

	2022	2021
ANNUAL (DEFICIT) SURPLUS	\$ <u>765,380</u>	\$ <u>(890,567</u>)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	(5,101,619) <u>3,129,422</u> <u>(1,972,197</u>)	(5,512,929) 2,665,484 (2,847,445)
Consumption of inventories held for use (Acquisition) consumption of prepaid expenses Net effect of remeasurement gains	24,192 (163,358) <u>(196,890</u>) <u>(336,056</u>)	4,805 198,355 <u>(1,688,973</u>) <u>(1,485,813</u>)
CHANGE IN NET DEBT	(1,542,873)	(5,223,825)
NET DEBT, beginning of year	<u>(58,732,942</u>)	(53,509,117)
NET DEBT, end of year	\$ <u>(60,275,815</u>)	\$ <u>(58,732,942</u>)

SELKIRK COLLEGE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Annual (Deficit) Surplus	\$ 765,380	\$ (890,567)
Items Not Requiring an Outlay of Cash Amortization of tangible capital assets Amortization of deferred capital contributions	3,129,422 <u>(2,596,739</u>) <u>1,298,063</u>	2,665,484 <u>(1,898,372</u>) <u>(123,455</u>)
Changes in Non-Cash Working Capital Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Inventories for resale Inventories held for use Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Employee future benefits	61,374 (163,358) 18,814 24,192 399,643 575,239 (157,008) 758,896	896,587 198,355 (88,882) 4,805 650,346 1,023,618 <u>636,253</u> <u>3,321,082</u>
CASH FLOWS (USED IN) FROM CAPITAL ACTIVITIES Acquisition of tangible capital assets Deferred capital contributions received	(5,101,619) <u>6,157,565</u> <u>1,055,946</u>	(5,512,929) <u>3,864,902</u> <u>(1,648,027</u>)
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES (Increase) decrease in investments, net	(196,890)	(1,688,973)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,916,015	(139,373)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	13,755,480	13,894,853
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$ <u>16,671,495</u>	\$ <u>13,755,480</u>

1. Authority and Purpose

Selkirk College (the College) is incorporated under the authority of the *College and Institute Act* of British Columbia. The College is a not-for-profit entity governed by a Board of Governors and is exempt from income tax under section 149 of the *Income Tax Act*.

The College is a comprehensive college offering a full range of undergraduate, graduate, continuing studies programs, and applied research.

The College is economically dependent on the Provincial Government's Ministry of Advanced Education, Skills and Training (AEST) for the provision of operating and capital funding.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of accounting

In 2010, directive was provided by the Province of British Columbia Treasury Board (Treasury Board) through Government Organization Accounting Standards Regulation 257/2010 requiring all tax-payer supported organizations in the Schools, Universities, Colleges and Hospitals sectors to adopt Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAS) established by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada without any PS4200 elections from their first fiscal year commencing after January 1, 2012. Selkirk College's transition date was effective April 1, 2011.

In March 2011, PSAB released a new Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standard PS 3410 "Government Transfers". In November 2011, Treasury Board provided a directive in Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia and through Restricted Contributions Regulation 198/2011 providing direction for the reporting of restricted contributions whether they are received or receivable by the College before or after this regulation was in effect. The Treasury Board direction on the accounting treatment of restricted contributions is as described in Note 2(k)(i) and 2(k)(ii).

Further, the Office of the Comptroller General (OCG) provided direction in memorandum ref. 250955 on the treatment of endowment funds, financial instruments, pension plans and employee future benefits. The OCG direction requires:

- (i) the College to treat endowment contributions as described in Note 2(k)(iii);
- (ii) the College to implement PS 3450 Financial Instruments as at April 1, 2012; and
- (iii) the College to apply the discount rate for pension plans and/or employee future benefits at the next valuation date or within three years of transition to PSAS.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the financial reporting framework described above.

(b) Reporting entity

The reporting entity includes Selkirk College and all related entities, which are accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the College and are either owned or controlled by the College.

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, change in net debt, and cash flows of the Selkirk College Foundation, which is a non-profit organization and registered charity controlled by Selkirk College.

On consolidation, all inter-fund and inter-organizational transactions, balances, and activities have been eliminated.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash-on-hand, bank balances, and guaranteed investment certificates or other highly liquid investments with a term to maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

(d) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified into two categories: fair value or cost.

(i) Fair value category: Portfolio instruments that are quoted in an active market are reflected at fair market value as at the reporting date. Other financial instruments, which the College has designated to be recorded at fair market value, include cash and cash equivalents. Sales and purchases of investments are recorded on the trade date. Transaction costs related to the acquisition of investments is recorded as an expense. All financial instruments held by the College with unrealized gains and losses are endowment assets. Any unrealized gains and losses as a result of a change in fair market value for the period are reported as deferred revenue on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. At the time of derecognition, the related realized gains and losses are recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus as investment income, or on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as deferred revenue if not yet spent as externally designated.

The financial instruments measured at fair value held within investments are classified according to a hierarchy, which includes three levels, reflecting the reliability of the inputs involved in the fair value determination. The different levels are defined as follows:

• Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

• Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and,

• Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

(d) Financial instruments (continued)

- (ii) Cost category: all other financial instruments held by the College are measured at cost or amortized cost and include accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Gains and losses are recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus when the financial asset is derecognized due to disposal or impairment. Sales and purchases of investments are recorded on the transaction date. Transaction costs related to the acquisition of investments is included in the cost of the related investments.
- (iii) Credit risk: the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or a customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The College is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities, which are primarily trade receivables, and its investing activities, which includes deposits with financial institutions and other financial instruments.
- (e) Inventories for resale

Inventories held for resale, including books and college supplies, are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes the original purchase cost, plus shipping and applicable duties. Net realizable value is defined as the estimated selling price less any estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(f) Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

(g) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as non-financial assets. Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost and include amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital asset, excluding land, is amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life as follows:

Asset	Rate			
Buildings and major renovations	40 years			
Furniture and equipment	5 years			
Information technology				
(equipment, software and infrastructure)	5-15 years			
Leasehold improvements	5-40 years			
Siteworks	10 years			

Amortization of assets under construction will not commence until the asset is put into service.

(h) Inventories held for use

Inventories held for use are reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as non-financial assets and are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

Cost includes the original purchase cost, plus shipping and applicable duties. Replacement cost is the estimated current price to replace the items.

(i) Employee future benefits

Employee future benefits include vacation pay, banked overtime, sick leave benefits and other compensated absences, extended health benefits, retirement severance benefits, pension benefits, and post-retirement benefits available to the College's current and past employees. The benefits that accumulate and do not vest are actuarially determined and reflect management's best estimate of future trends associated with such benefits and interest rates. Adjustments to these costs arising from changes in estimates and experienced gains and losses are amortized over the estimated average remaining service life of the employee groups on a straight-line basis.

The College and its employees make contributions to the College Pension Plan and the Municipal Pension Plan. These plans are defined benefit plans, providing a pension on retirement based on the member's age, length of service, and earnings. As the assets and liabilities of the plans are not segregated by institution, the plans are accounted for as a defined contribution plan and any contributions made by the College to the plans are expensed as incurred.

(j) Liability for contaminated sites

A contaminated site is a site at which substances occur in concentrations that exceed the maximum acceptable amounts under an environmental standard. Sites that are currently in productive use are only considered a contaminated site if an unexpected event results in contamination. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when the organization is directly responsible or accepts responsibility, it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up, and a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made. The liability includes all costs directly attributable to remediation activities including post remediation operations, maintenance and monitoring. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries.

(k) Revenue recognition

Tuition, student fees, and the sale of goods and services are reported as revenue as the services are provided or at the time the products are delivered, and collection is reasonably assured.

Unrestricted donations and grants are recorded as revenue when receivable if the amounts can be estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Pledges from donors are recorded as revenue when payment is received by the College or the transfer of property is completed.

(k) Revenue recognition (continued)

Restricted contributions and grants received or receivable are reported as revenue depending on the nature of the restrictions on the use of the funds by the contributors as follows:

- (i) Contributions for the purpose of acquiring or developing a depreciable tangible capital asset or in the form of a depreciable tangible capital asset, in each case for use in providing services are recorded as deferred capital contributions and recognized in revenue at the same rate that amortization of the tangible capital asset is recorded. The reduction of the deferred capital contributions and the recognition of the revenue are accounted for in the fiscal period during which the tangible capital asset is used to provide services.
- (ii) Contributions restricted for specific purposes other than for those to be held in perpetuity or the acquisition or development of a depreciable tangible capital asset are recorded as deferred contributions and recognized in revenue in the fiscal period in which the stipulation or restriction on the contribution have been met.
- (iii) Contributions restricted to be retained in perpetuity, allowing only the investment income earned thereon to be spent are recorded as direct increases to accumulated surplus for the portion to be held in perpetuity and as deferred contributions for any restricted investment income earned thereon.

Investment income includes interest recorded on an accrual basis and dividends recorded as declared, realized gains and losses on the sale of investments, and write-downs on non-portfolio investments where the loss in value is determined to be other-than-temporary.

For investments recorded at fair value, unrealized gains and losses on non-financial assets related to restricted investments are included in deferred revenue.

(I) Use of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and related disclosures. Key areas where management has made estimates and assumptions include those related to the fair value of financial instruments, useful life of tangible capital assets, and the present value of employee future benefits and commitments. Where actual results differ from these estimates and assumptions, the impact will be recorded in periods when the difference becomes known.

(m) Budget figures

Budget figures have been provided for comparative purposes and were approved by the Board of Governors of the College on June 22, 2021. The budget is reflected in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Debt.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include \$1,117,683 (2021 - \$Nil) in restricted cash for use on future capital projects, \$5,390,430 (2021 - \$4,728,680) in restricted cash for use on future special projects and \$2,016,118 (2021 - \$1,565,237) in cash and unspent donation receipts held by the Selkirk College Foundation.

4. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of the following:

	 2022		
Federal government	\$ 663,660	\$ 454,565	
Provincial government	588,747	564,029	
Other	556,752	851,938	
	\$ 1,809,159	\$ 1,870,533	

Accounts receivable includes \$163,998 (2021 - \$159,500) receivable from the federal government for GST.

5. Inventories for Resale

	2022	2021	
Bookstore Cafeteria	\$ 461,630 21,793	\$ 488,929 13,309	
	\$ 483,424	\$ 502,238	

In 2022, a total of \$606,901 (2021 - \$506,513) of inventories were included in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus as an expense. None of the inventories are pledged as security for liabilities.

6. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable includes \$839,304 (2021 - \$772,488) payable to the federal government for payroll deductions withheld and \$34,881 (2021 - \$27,175) for GST.

7. Deferred Revenue

2022	Opening	Opening Unrealized		Revenue	Ending
	Balance	Gain / (Loss)	Additions	Recognized	Balance
Endowment					
funds	\$ 2,035,805	(\$ 529,150)	\$ 1,025,281	(\$ 443,104)	\$ 2,088,832
Tuition	1,523,011	-	12,630,196	(12,805,736)	1,347,471
Industry Trades					
Authority	456,787	-	1,934,769	(1,925,932)	465,624
Other	4,948,656	-	5,282,371	(4,593,456)	5,637,571
	\$ 8,964,259	(\$ 529,150)	\$ 20,872,617	(\$ 19,768,228)	\$ 9,539,498
2021	Opening	Unrealized		Revenue	Ending
	Balance	Gain / (Loss)	Additions	Recognized	Balance
Endowment	4 500.000	A 4 999 499	A		Å
funds	\$ 500,338	\$ 1,329,492	\$ 595,796	(\$ 389,821)	\$ 2,035,805
Tuition	1,605,025	-	12,378,282	(12,460,296)	1,523,011
Industry Trades	405 507		2 001 201	(2.020.011)	456 707
Authority	485,597	-	2,001,201	(2,030,011)	456,787
Other	5,349,681	-	4,779,335	(5,180,360)	4,948,656
	\$ 7,940,641	\$ 1,329,492	\$ 19,754,614	(\$ 20,060,488)	\$ 8,964,259

8. Employee Future Benefits

a. Accumulated sick leave benefit and other retirement benefit arrangements liability:

Employees of the College are entitled to sick leave in accordance with the terms and conditions of their employment contracts. Sick leave credits accumulate for employees of the College as they render services. The College recognizes a liability and an expense for sick leave in the period in which employees render services in return for the benefits.

Retirement benefit payments represent the College's share of the cost to provide employees with various benefits upon retirement. The accrued benefit obligation and the net periodic benefit cost were estimated by an actuarial valuation completed in April 2022. The accrued sick leave benefit liability is included as part of the employee future benefits.

Information about the accrued employee future benefits liabilities for the College's employee benefit plans is as follows:

8. Employee Future Benefits (continued)

a. Accumulated sick leave benefit and other retirement benefit arrangements liability (continued):

	2022		2021	
Accrued benefit obligation				
Balance, beginning of year	\$	1,051,600	\$	991,200
Actuarial Gain due to new valuation (net)		(64,900)		-
Current service cost		185,100		178,800
Interest cost		34,800		32,800
Benefits paid		(156,500)		(151,200)
Accrued benefit obligation, end of year	\$	1,050,100	\$ 1	1,051,600

b. Accrued payroll benefits

The College accrues retirement allowances, holiday pay and sick leave as they are earned by the employee, however, it is expected that these unfunded liabilities will be met on a continuous basis over the long-term. Payment of these amounts will be funded from revenues of the period in which they are settled.

	 2022	2021
Holiday pay	\$ 3,660,791	\$ 3,634,845
Sick leave *	1,192,591	1,366,614
Banked overtime	34,385	26,081
Retirement allowance	808,627	825,862
	\$ 5,696,394	\$ 5,853,402

* The balance includes estimated sick leave in addition to the accrued benefit obligation in Note 8(a).

c. Pension liability

The College and its employees contribute to the College Pension Plan and Municipal Pension Plan (jointly trusteed pension plans). The boards of trustees for these plans, representing plan members and employers, are responsible for administering the pension plans, including investing assets and administering benefits. The plans are multi-employer defined benefit pension plans. Basic pension benefits are based on a formula. As at August 31, 2021, the College Pension Plan has about 16,500 active members, and approximately 9,500 retired members. As at December 31, 2020, the Municipal Pension Plan has about 220,000 active members, including approximately 7,000 from colleges.

Every three years, an actuarial valuation is performed to assess the financial position of the plans and adequacy of plan funding. The actuary determines an appropriate combined employer and member contribution rate to fund the plans. The actuary's calculated contribution rate is based on the entry- age normal cost method, which produces the long-term rate of member and employer contributions sufficient to provide benefits for average future entrants to the plans. This rate may be adjusted for the amortization of any actuarial funding surplus and will be adjusted for the amortization of any unfunded actuarial liability.

8. Employee Future Benefits (continued)

c. Pension liability (continued)

The most recent actuarial valuation for the College Pension Plan as at August 31, 2018, indicated a \$303 million surplus for basic pension benefits on a going concern basis.

The most recent valuation for the Municipal Pension Plan as at December 31, 2018, indicated a \$2,866 million funding surplus for basic pension benefits on a going concern basis.

Selkirk College paid \$3,274,150 for employer contributions to the plans in fiscal 2022 (2021 - \$3,114,858).

The next valuation for the College Pension Plan will be as at August 31, 2021, with results available in 2022. The next valuation for the Municipal Pension Plan will be December 31, 2021, with results available in 2022.

Employers participating in the plans record their pension expense as the amount of employer contributions made during the fiscal year (defined contribution pension plan accounting). This is because the plans record accrued liabilities and accrued assets for each plan in aggregate, resulting in no consistent and reliable basis for allocating the obligation, assets and cost to individual employers participating in the plans.

9. Deferred Capital Contributions

Contributions specified and used for the acquisition of tangible capital assets are referred to as deferred capital contributions. Amounts are recognized into revenue as the liability is extinguished over the useful life of the asset. Treasury Board provided direction on accounting treatment as disclosed in Note 2. Changes in the deferred capital contributions balance are as follows:

	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of vear	\$ 50.421.828	\$ 48,455,298
Contributions received during the year	6,157,565	3,864,902
Revenue recognized from deferred capital contributions	(2,596,739)	(1,898,372)
Balance, end of year	\$ 53,982,654	\$ 50,421,828

Selkirk College received contributions of \$1,117,683 that remain unspent at the end of fiscal year 2022 (2021 - \$Nil).

10. Tangible Capital Assets

The College has no direct insurance coverage against liability or loss of any of its property and equipment except vehicles. AEST's University, College & Institute Protection Program provides the College with property insurance and claims for loss of College property must be submitted to the Province of British Columbia to be considered for compensation.

10. Tangible Capital Assets (continued)

			Buildings									
	Land	and land	and major	Furniture and	Information	Ŀ	easehold		Assets under-			
	impr	ovements	renovations	equipment	technology	imp	provements	Siteworks	constru	ction	2	022 Total
Cost												
Opening balance	\$	90,000	\$ 67,880,896	\$26,907,738	\$ 15,334,032	\$	14,113,914	\$2,873,344	\$ 1,04	1,740	\$ 1	128,241,664
Additions		-	2,297,343	332,410	2,292,021		-	21,680	15	8,165		5,101,619
Transfers		-	1,041,740	-	-		-	-	(1,041	,740)		-
Closing balance		90,000	71,219,979	27,240,148	17,626,053		14,113,914	2,895,024	15	8,165	1	133,343,283
Accumulated amortization												
Opening balance		-	27,883,419	26,189,360	3,059,582		7,788,298	1,930,182		-	\$	66,850,841
Amortization		-	1,349,580	299,147	1,092,710		235,420	152,565		-		3,129,422
Closing balance		-	29,232,999	26,488,507	4,152,292		8,023,718	2,082,747		-		69,980,263
Net book value	\$	90,000	\$ 41,986,980	\$ 751,641	\$ 13,473,761	\$	6,090,196	\$ 812,277	\$ 15	8,165	\$	63,363,020

10. Tangible Capital Assets (continued)

			Buildings						
	Land	and land	and major	Furniture and	Information	Leasehold		Assets under-	
	impr	ovements	renovations	equipment	technology	improvements	Siteworks	construction	2021 Total
Cost									
Opening balance	\$	90,000	\$ 66,654,715	\$26,757,738	\$ 4,981,330	\$ 14,113,914	\$2,873,344	\$ 7,257,694	\$122,728,735
Additions		-	1,226,181	150,000	3,095,008	-	-	1,041,740	5,512,929
Transfers		-	-	-	7,257,694	-	-	(7,257,694)	-
Closing balance		90,000	67,880,896	26,907,738	15,334,032	14,113,914	2,873,344	1,041,740	128,241,664
Accumulated amortization									
Opening balance		-	26,556,674	25,896,964	2,400,140	7,552,878	1,778,701	-	\$ 64,185,357
Amortization		-	1,326,745	292,396	659,442	235,420	151,481	-	2,665,484
Closing balance		-	27,883,419	26,189,360	3,059,582	7,788,298	1,930,182	-	66,850,841
Net book value	\$	90,000	\$ 39,997,477	\$ 718,378	\$ 12,274,450	\$ 6,325,616	\$ 943,162	\$ 1,041,740	\$ 61,390,823

11. Investments

The investment portfolio is invested through a professional portfolio manager and consists of Canadian equity, bond and income funds. Financial instruments recorded at market value are comprised of the following portfolio investments that are quoted in an active market:

		Со	st	Market Value			
		2022 2021		2022	2021		
Equities	Level 1	\$ 5,695,609	\$4,553,818	\$ 6,310,728	\$ 5,400,953		
Fixed income	Level 1	4,821,297	5,242,098	3 0,310,728 4,564,617	\$ 5,400,955 5,277,502		
		 		<u> </u>			
		\$10,516,906	\$9,795,916	\$10,875,345	\$10,678,455		

The College holds a beneficial interest in funds held by the Vancouver Foundation. The fund is held in perpetuity and controlled by the Vancouver Foundation. As these amounts are not controlled by the College and are not an asset owned by the College, these fund balances are not recorded in the financial statements. Investment income earned on the fund is paid to the College annually and recorded as interest income. Investment income received by the College from the fund was \$20,257 (2021 - \$27,010).

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, will affect the College's income. The objective of market risk management is to control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimizing the return on risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates.

It is management's opinion that the College is exposed to market risk arising from its financial instruments.

12. Accumulated Surplus

Accumulated surplus is comprised of the following:

		2022		2021
Investment in tangible capital accets	ć	10 400 040	ć	10.000.004
Investment in tangible capital assets	Ş	10,498,048	Ş	10,968,994
Endowment fund		9,234,748		8,866,968
Unrestricted		534,683		(176,855)
Unfunded employee future benefits		(5,696,394)		(5,853,402)
Balance, end of year	\$	14,571,085	\$	13,805,705

13. Contractual Rights

The College has annual contractual rights over the next three years as follows:

	D	octors of BC (a)	Ν	ISERC (b)	١	NSERC (c)	Ν	ISERC (d)	UVic (e)	Total
2022/2023 2023/2024	\$	357,857 364,553	\$	400,000 400,000	\$	400,000 -	\$	350,000 350,000	\$ 334,561 -	\$1,842,418 1,114,553
2024/2025		-		-		-		175,000	-	175,000
	\$	722,410	\$	800,000	\$	400,000	\$	875,000	\$ 334,561	\$3,131,971

- a. Doctors of BC Rural Pre-Med program project.
- b. Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council of Canada (NSERC) funds for building an advanced manufacturing cluster in rural BC.
- c. NSERC funds for building an innovative forestry technology cluster project.
- d. NSERC funds for building a Selkirk Technology Access Centre (STAC).
- e. University of Victoria (UVic) funds for delivery of the baccalaureate degree in nursing program.

14. Contractual Obligations

The College has annual contractual operating lease payments over the next five years and thereafter as follows:

	 Tenth Street Campus		Grand Forks Campus	Kootenay School of the Arts Campus	Total
2022/2023	\$ 349,295	\$	75,942	\$ 66,720	\$ 491,957
2023/2024	349,295		75,942	66,720	491,957
2024/2025	349,295		75,942	66,720	491,957
2025/2026	245,935		25,314	66,720	337,969
2026/2027	-		-	66,720	66,720
Thereafter	 -		-	1,200,960	1,200,960
	\$ 1,293,820	\$	253,140	\$ 1,534,560	\$ 3,081,520

15. Expenses by Object

The following is a summary of expenses by object:

	2022	2021
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$ 43,626,204	\$ 42,911,272
Supplies and services	10,292,822	10,392,377
Operating lease payments	888,847	835,964
Student awards	643,633	857,466
Management fees	58,936	54,532
Amortization of tangible capital assets	3,129,422	2,665,485
Bad debt expense, net of recovery	82,200	37,397
	\$ 58,772,064	\$ 57,754,493

16. Comparative Figures

Comparative figures from the prior year have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

17. Impact of Accounting for Capital Contributions on a Deferral Basis

As set out in Notes 2(a) and (k), the College is required to defer recognition of government transfers for capital and recognize them in revenue over the life of the funded asset. This policy is not in accordance with PSAS which requires that such transfers be deferred only if the funding agreements contain stipulations that create a liability and then to recognize revenue over the period that the liability is extinguished.

The impact of this difference from PSAS is as follows:

Year ended March 31, 2022	understate revenue and understate annual surplus by \$2,443,143.
Year ended March 31, 2022	overstate liabilities, overstate net debt and understate accumulated surplus by \$52,864,971.
Year ended March 31, 2021	understate revenue and understate annual surplus by \$1,966,530.
Year ended March 31, 2021	overstate liabilities, overstate net debt and understate accumulated surplus by \$50,421,828.

18. Global Uncertainty

The impact of COVID-19 in Canada and on the global economy continues to exist. There is uncertainty as to the full impact on the College, its students, employees, suppliers and other third-party business associates that could impact the timing and amounts realized on the College's assets and future ability to deliver services and projects.

Although the disruption from the virus is expected to be temporary, given the dynamic nature of these circumstances, the duration of disruption and the related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. The College's ability to continue delivering non-essential services and employ related staff may depend on the legislative mandates from various levels of government. The College will continue to focus on collecting receivables, managing expenditures, and focusing on student enrolments and recruitment to ensure it is able to continue providing essential services to its students.

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