

Sea-to-Sky Land and Resource Management Plan Administrative Revisions

Administrative Revisions are described under Section 6.3 of the S2S LRMP as: minor technical changes to a plan that do not affect the intent of the plan's existing strategic direction. These changes are administrative and/or maintenance-oriented and require minimal resources. Administrative revisions can be done entirely at the regional level.

The following administrative revisions have been approved:

Administrative Revision #1	<i>(Approved December 8th, 2009)</i>
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S2S LRMP Section

4.2.2.4 Skelulátkwa / Owl Creek Cultural Education Area (p.29)

Original Content

Implementation Direction (a) – New road construction is not permitted for forestry or early exploration. If no feasible alternative is available, road access for subsurface development will be considered, subject to consultation with First Nations, and if appropriate, accommodation.

Proposed Revision

Remove this implementation direction in its entirety.

Rationale

This implementation direction was included by mistake and was not intended to be part of the final S2S LRMP.

S2S LRMP Section

Section 4.4.2 General Management Direction for Recreation, footnote #11 (p.43)

Original Content

The Province and First Nations will develop a joint Recreation Management Plan for the Callaghan Valley, outside of protected areas. No new commercial recreation tenures will be issued until a study is completed to support the Recreation Management Plan¹¹.

Footnote 11: "As outlined in the *Land Use Planning Agreement for the Callaghan Valley and Cheakamus Areas* (2008)."

Proposed Revision

Revise Footnote 11 to read:

"This management direction is contained within a draft *Land Use Planning Agreement for the Callaghan Valley and Cheakamus Area* between the Province and Squamish and Lil'wat First Nations. Implementation is dependent on completion of an agreement."

Rationale

Completion of this land use planning agreement is still under discussion with First Nations. The current reference suggests that it has been completed. The management direction could not be implemented unless an agreement is in place.

S2S LRMP Section

Section 5.2.2 Resource Management Direction within all Wildland Zones (p.104–105)

Original Content

Table 2. Management of recreation facilities and infrastructure³³ within Wildland Zones.

Wildland Emphasis	Type of facility / infrastructure				
	New commercial lodge to accommodate more than 12 persons	New public cabin or commercial lodge to accommodate up to 12 persons	Cabin or other building for First Nations cultural purposes	Other recreational infrastructure	Trails
Tourism	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Recreation	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Cultural	See Table 3.				
Wildlife	N	N	Y	Y	Y

Proposed Revision

Table 1. Management of recreation facilities and infrastructure³³ within Wildland Zones.

Wildland Emphasis	Type of facility / infrastructure				
	New commercial lodge to accommodate more than 12 persons	New public or commercial cabin to accommodate up to 12 persons	Cabin or other building for First Nations cultural purposes	Other recreational infrastructure	Trails
Tourism	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Recreation	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Cultural	See Table 3.				
Wildlife	N	N	Y	Y	Y

Add the following definitions to the glossary (p.127):

- Lodge: a commercially operated building with accommodation for more than 12 people.
- Small Cabin (Hut)*: a backcountry building with accommodation for up to 12 people for either commercial or public use.

Rationale

Management direction in the April 2006 LRMP consultation draft makes a clear distinction between lodges and cabins and includes a definition for each. These

two definitions are not specifically included in the final LRMP as the intended differences were meant to be incorporated into table headings in Table 2. The table headings are incorrect in that a commercial lodge is referenced as being able to have accommodations for both more than, or less than, 12 persons. This is inconsistent with the intent and definitions in the consultation draft, where commercial lodges are defined as only accommodating more than 12 persons.

Some Wildlands do not allow commercial lodges (more than 12 persons), but would allow commercial cabins (less than 12 persons). This amendment will ensure that the differences in definition between a lodge and a cabin are clear.

*The term "Cabin" for this definition was changed to "Small Cabin (Hut)" on November 23rd, 2010 in order to be fully consistent with the definition in the Sea-to-Sky Land and Resource Management Plan Consultation Draft of April 14th, 2006.