

ON-FARM DISPOSAL OF MORTALITIES

PRACTICAL HINT: POLLUTION CAN BE CONSIDERED A SITUATION WHERE THE WATER IS LIKELY OR HAS BECOME: DIRTY IN APPEARANCE, HAS A FILM, HAS AN ODOUR, OR IS NOT DRINKABLE. FOR THE AIR IT IS LIKELY OR HAS BECOME: DIRTY IN APPEARANCE, HAS AN ODOUR, OR POTENTIALLY CAUSED A PERSON OR ANIMAL TO CHOKE, SNEEZE OR OTHERWISE DISPLAY SYMPTOMS

Mortalities may be disposed of by burial or incineration if:

- The mortalities are disposed of on the farm where the animal dies,
- The disposal does not cause pollution,
- Any burial pits are covered and located at least 30 metres from any source of water used for domestic purposes and constructed to prevent the escape of any agricultural waste that causes pollution, and
- The emissions from an incinerator are less than 180 mg/m³ and 20% opacity, meet more stringent requirements in a waste management permit for the incinerator, or for incinerators installed before April 1, 1992 and not operating under a waste management permit, are less than 230 mg/m³ and 20% opacity.

Failure to meet any of these individual requirements (other than for quality of emissions) could result in the imposition of an Administrative Penalty of up to \$40,000. The Administrative Penalty for not meeting the emissions requirement can be as high as \$75,000.

